

# STATE ROUTE 91

IMPLEMENTATION PLAN

2023

DRAFT

**Prepared By:** 

MARK
■ ■ THOMAS







# **State Route 91 Implementation Plan 2023**





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# **State Route 91 Implementation Plan 2023**

CONCEPTS





Every year since 2003, OCTA, RCTC, and stakeholders have worked collaboratively to review a program of projects along the SR-91 corridor.

#### BENEFITS

- Provides seamless connectivity between Orange and Riverside Counties
- Increases travel options
- Optimizes vehicle throughput
- Reinvests net 91 Express
   Lanes revenues on the SR-91
   corridor to improve regional
   mobility
- Investments to date: \$1.9 billion

|                   | REGION              | PROJECT  | COST<br>(MILLIONS) | COMPLETION |
|-------------------|---------------------|--|--------------------|------------|
| COMPLETED EFFORTS | Orange County       | Eastbound Lane Addition (SR-241 to SR-71)            | \$52.1             | 2010       |
|                   |                     | Fifth Lane Addition (SR-55 to SR-241)                | \$85.2             | 2013       |
|                   |                     | Westbound Lane at Tustin Avenue                      | \$43.3             | 2016       |
|                   |                     | Anaheim Canyon Metrolink Station Improvements        | \$34.2             | 2023       |
|                   | Riverside<br>County | Green River Road Overcrossing                        | \$24.3             | 2009       |
|                   |                     | North Main Street Corona Metrolink Parking Structure | \$25               | 2009       |
|                   |                     | 91 Corridor Improvement Project (Initial Phase)      | \$1,407            | 2017       |
| <u> </u>          |                     | La Sierra Metrolink Parking Improvements             | \$6.3              | 2019       |
|                   | Bi-County           | Metrolink Service Improvements                       | \$249              | 2016       |
|                   |                     | Express Bus Service                                  | \$6                | 2019       |
|                   |                     | SR-91 Corridor Operations Project                    | \$38               | 2022       |
|                   |                     |  |                    |            |

|                      | REGION              | PROJECT  | (MILLIONS) | PHASE                      |
|----------------------|---------------------|--|------------|----------------------------|
| ANTICIPATED PROJECTS | Orange County       | SR-91 Improvements (SR-57 to SR-55)                        | \$460      | Final Design               |
|                      |                     | Placentia Metrolink Rail Station                           | \$34.8     | Final Design               |
|                      |                     | Metrolink Improvements                                     | TBD        | Planning                   |
|                      | Riverside<br>County | 15/91 Express Lanes Connector                              | \$270      | Construction               |
|                      |                     | Eastbound 91 Express Lane Extension                        | \$10       | Environmental              |
|                      |                     | SR-71/SR-91 Interchange Improvements                       | \$137      | Construction               |
|                      |                     | Improvements East of I-15                                  | TBD        | Environmental              |
|                      | Bi-County           | SR-241/SR-91 Tolled Express Connector                      | \$380      | Final Design               |
|                      |                     | 91 Eastbound Corridor Operations Project (SR-241 to SR-71) | TBD        | Environmental              |
|                      |                     | 91 Westbound Improvements (SR-241 to SR-71)                | TBD        | Preliminary<br>Engineering |
|                      |                     |  |            |                            |

| \$2,720    |
|------------|
| \$75-\$150 |
| \$31       |
| \$76.8     |
|            |







#### Introduction

Previous law authorized the California Department of Transportation (Caltrans) to enter into franchise agreements with private companies to construct and operate four demonstration toll road projects in California. This resulted in the development of the 91 Express Lanes facility in Orange County. The four-lane, 10-mile toll road runs along the median of State Route 91 (SR-91) in northeast Orange County between the Orange/Riverside County line and State Route 55 (SR-55). Since the 91 Express Lanes carried its first vehicle on December 27, 1995, the facility has saved users tens of millions of hours of commuting time.

While the 91 Express Lanes facility has improved travel time along the SR-91 corridor, provisions in the franchise agreement between Caltrans and the private franchisee, the California Private Transportation Company (CPTC), prohibited Caltrans and county transportation agencies from adding transportation capacity or operational improvements to the SR-91 corridor through the year 2030 from Interstate 15 (I-15) in Riverside County to the Orange/Los Angeles Counties border. Consequently, the public agencies were barred from adding new lanes, improving interchanges, and adding other improvements to decrease congestion on the SR-91 freeway.

Recognizing the need to eliminate the non-compete provision of the franchise agreement, Governor Gray Davis signed Assembly Bill 1010 (Lou Correa) (AB 1010) into law in September 2002, paving the way for much-needed congestion relief for thousands of drivers who use SR-91 to travel between Riverside and Orange Counties each day. The bill allowed the Orange County Transportation Authority (OCTA) to purchase the 91 Express Lanes franchise and eliminate the non-compete clause that prohibited capacity-enhancing improvements from being made to SR-91. Although the 91 Express Lanes operate within a 10-mile stretch of Orange County, between SR-55 and Orange/Riverside county lines the franchise technically allowed operation of toll lanes into Riverside County. The purchase agreement for the 91 Express Lanes was completed on January 3, 2003, placing the road in public hands at a cost of \$207.5 million. With the elimination of the non-compete provision through AB 1010 and the subsequent 91 Express Lanes purchase by OCTA, Orange County and Riverside County public officials and Caltrans Districts 8 and 12 have been coordinating improvement plans for SR-91.







## Introduction (continued)

Senate Bill 1316 (Lou Correa) (SB 1316) was signed into law in September 2008 as an update to the provisions of AB 1010. SB 1316 authorizes OCTA to transfer its rights and interests in the Riverside County portion of SR-91 toll lanes by assigning them to the Riverside County Transportation Commission (RCTC) and authorizes RCTC to operate tolls for 50 years. In 2017, RCTC opened the extension of the 91 Express Lanes to traffic into Riverside County with completion of the initial phase of the SR-91 Corridor Improvement Project (see Appendix B). SB 1316 also requires OCTA and RCTC, in consultation with Caltrans, to issue an annual SR-91 Implementation Plan (Plan) for SR-91 improvements between State Route 57 (SR-57) and I-15. The Plans prior to adoption of SB 1316 included a westerly project limit of SR-55. The Plan establishes a program of potential improvements to relieve congestion and improve operations in the SR-91 corridor.

The 2023 Plan fulfills the requirement to provide the State Legislature with an annual Implementation Plan for SR-91 improvements and builds on the 2022 Plan. The projects included in the 2023 Plan have been infused with various sources of local, state, and federal funding. The 2023 Plan includes overviews, status summaries, and proposed costs and schedules for projects to improve mobility on SR-91. Also included are conceptual lane diagrams (as appropriate), and discussions of key considerations that need to be addressed in the planning and development of each project. This Plan will provide OCTA, RCTC, and Caltrans with a framework to implement SR-91 and other related improvements. Future annual Plan updates will continue to refine the scope, cost, and schedule of each project included in this version of the Plan.







#### 91 EXPRESS LANES TOLL POLICY GOALS

With the completion of the State Route 91 Corridor Improvement Project's initial phase in spring 2017, there are now approximately 18 miles of Express Lanes between Orange and Riverside counties. OCTA and RCTC have adopted goals for the 91 Express Lanes to continue to maintain a safe, reliable, and predictable travel time for express lane users traversing seamlessly between the two counties. The goals listed here take into consideration the 91 Express Lanes as well as the SR-91 corridor at large.

#### These guiding principles include:

- Optimizing vehicle throughput at free flow speeds;
- Increasing average vehicle occupancy;
- Balancing capacity and demand to serve customers who pay tolls as well as carpoolers (3+) who are offered discounted tolls;
- Paying debt service and maintaining debt service coverage;
- Generating sufficient revenue to sustain the financial viability of the 91 express lanes; and
- When appropriate, reinvesting net revenues on the SR-91 corridor to improve regional mobility.







# **Project Accomplishments**



Much progress has been made since the initial 2003 SR-91 Implementation Plan was approved. The 2023 Plan includes select completed project exhibits as a historical reference.

# **Completed Construction/Improvement Projects**

- Repaved and sealed pavement surfaces, restriped, and replaced raised channelizers on the 91 Express Lanes.
- On EB SR-91 the roadway was restriped, and the median barrier was reconstructed. This project removed the CHP enforcement area and extended the EB auxiliary lane from SR-71 to the Serfas Club Drive off-ramp.
- The WB auxiliary lane was extended between the County line and SR-241. This project eliminated the lane drop at the 91 Express Lanes and extended the existing auxiliary lane from the County line to SR-241 in the westbound direction. This improvement minimized the traffic delays at the lane drop area, resulting in improved vehicle progression.
- On WB SR-91 the roadway was restriped to extend the auxiliary lane between SR-71 and the County line. This resulted in a new continuous lane between SR-71 and SR-241.
- Safety Improvements were constructed at the Truck Scales. Existing shoulders were improved, lanes were re-striped, illumination improved, and signage was modified into and out of the EB facilities.
- Green River Road overcrossing replacement (see Appendix B).
- Metrolink parking structure at the North Main Street Corona Metrolink Station (see Appendix B).
- EB SR-91 lane addition from SR-241 to SR-71 (see Appendix B).
- Additional SR-91 WB and EB travel lane between SR-55 and SR-241 (see Appendix B).
- SR-91 WB bypass lane to Tustin Avenue at SR-55 (see Appendix B).
- Metrolink Service Improvements (see Appendix B).
- Initial SR-91 Corridor Improvement Project (CIP) (see Appendix B).
- La Sierra Metrolink Parking Improvements (see Appendix B)
- Express Bus Service (see Appendix B)
- 91 Corridor Operations Project (see Appendix B)
- Anaheim Canyon Metrolink Station Improvements (see Appendix B)







These projects provide enhanced freeway capacity and/or improved mobility for one of the most congested segments of SR-91.

The completed EB SR-91 lane addition project from SR-241 to SR-71 (see Appendix B) has improved highway operations. This project reduced travel time by approximately 20 minutes during its opening year.

The Initial CIP project has provided significant benefits to drivers on SR-91. This \$1.4 billion investment project included widening SR-91 by one GP lane in each direction east of SR-71, adding collector-distributor (CD) roads and direct south connectors at I-15/SR-91, extending the 91 Express Lanes to I-15, and providing system/local interchange improvements. The new lanes and other improvements provide time savings, offer choice and reliability, boost safety, enhance access and job creation, promote ridesharing, reduce pollution, and aid the movement of goods along the region's roadways.

The WB SR-91 Widening Project completed construction in 2016 from State College Blvd to Interstate 5 (I-5). This project added one WB general purpose lane and removed the dedicated exit lane to State College Blvd from the SB SR-57 to WB SR-91 Connector that contributed to operational issues due to the short

weaving distance. While this project falls just to the west of the limits for the Plan study area, it will have an influence on operations within the Plan area.

In addition, there are two projects that impact future SR-91 widening projects. The first is the \$2.8 billion U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (Corps) Santa Ana River Mainstem project that provides flood protection from the recently improved Prado Dam (near SR-71) to the Pacific Ocean. The project includes many features that have already been completed, including improvements to Seven Oaks Dam, 30 miles of levees and modifications to original project features including raising the Prado Dam embankment and installation of new, larger capacity outlet works. In 2021, the Corps and Orange County Flood Control District amended a cooperative agreement which would allow the Corps to use federal funds under the Bipartisan Budget Act to complete select features of the project.

SR-91 project teams have coordinated with the Corps, Orange County Flood Control District, Caltrans, and other federal, regional, and local agencies to accommodate planned SR-91 improvements adjacent to the Santa Ana River.







# Completed Designs and Reports



There are various project development phase documents (Feasibility Reports, Studies, PSR, PA/ED, or PS&E) that are completed, or are in draft form and anticipated to be approved that identify mobility improvements. These documents include:

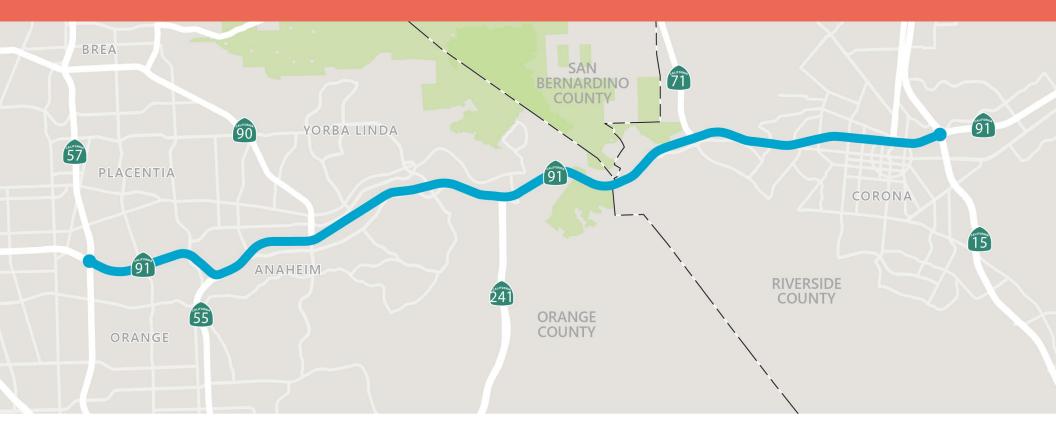
- MIS Final Project Report: Locally Preferred Strategy Report (January 2006).
- Renewed Measure M Transportation Investment Plan (November 2006).
- RCTC 10-Year Western County Highway Delivery Plan (December 2006).
- SR-91/Fairmont Boulevard Feasibility Study (December 2009).
- Corridor System Management Plan (CSMP) Orange County SR-91 Corridor Final Report (August 2010).
- Renewed Measure M Early Action Plan, approved August 2007 and subsequently renamed as the Capital Action Plan (April 2011).
- PSR-PDS for SR-241/SR-91 Tolled Express Connector (January 2012).
- Project Report & Environmental Document for 91 Corridor Improvement Project (October 2012)
- PSR-PDS on SR-91 between SR-57 and SR-55 (October 2014).
- SR-71/SR-91 Interchange Environmental Phase (2011) and Final Design (2015).
- Project Report & Environmental Document for 15/91 Express Lanes Connector (June 2019).
- Project Report & Environmental Document for 91 Corridor Operations Project (April 2020).
- Project Report & Environmental Document for SR-241/SR-91 Tolled Express Connector (April 2020).
- Project Report & Environmental Document for SR-91 Improvement Project between SR-57 and SR-55 (July 2020).
- 2022 Next 10 Delivery Plan (November 2022).







# **Project Limits**



The project study limits encompass the segment of SR-91 from west of the junction of SR-57 and SR-91 in the City of Anaheim in Orange County, to east of the junction of SR-91 and I-15 in the City of Corona in Riverside County. The freeway segment is approximately 20.3 miles long and includes 12.7 miles within Orange County and 7.6 miles within Riverside County.







# **Existing Traffic Conditions Summary**

Similar to other parts of the state, traffic demand on Orange County roadways, including the SR-91 corridor, has shown a steady increase following the lifting of the Stay-at-Home Order on June 15, 2021. Through the year of 2022, the peak period times as well as day-to-day variations of traffic patterns along the SR-91 corridor have been stabilized for the most part. In the Traffic Operations Policy Directive (23-01) issued by Caltrans on January 30 of 2023, the request of using historical traffic data to conduct analyses for State Highway System (SHS) projects was updated to apply for the time period starting on March 13th, 2020 and ending on January 31st, 2022.

As a result, existing traffic data was collected for the purpose of this analysis in support of the 2023 Plan. Existing morning (6-10 a.m.) and afternoon (3-7 p.m.) peak period traffic volumes were collected from multiple data sources. The SR-91 mainline and High Occupancy Vehicle (HOV) volumes were obtained from the Caltrans Performance Measurement System (PeMS). The SR-91 Express Lane volumes were provided by OCTA and RCTC. The SR-91 on- and off-ramp volumes were collected from the field. In addition, the travel time and speed data were collected from the field and supplemented with

INRIX speed data. All existing traffic data represent typical weekday traffic patterns along the SR-91 corridor in the month of October 2022.

The Caliper TransModeler software model that reflected the 2019 (pre-COVID) conditions was updated and validated to the new existing 2022 conditions. The model used for the 2023 Plan also incorporated dynamic traffic assignment to further enhance the model's performance in route choice and to better capture traffic operations due to congestion patterns and toll strategies. The model represents the morning (6-10 a.m.) and afternoon (3-7 p.m.) peak periods.

Under existing (2022) conditions, current capacity of the SR-91 corridor is inadequate to accommodate existing peak demand volumes. Level of Service (LOS) F prevails in the peak direction during the majority of morning peak period and the entire afternoon peak period. The definition of LOS F is a density of more than 45 passenger cars/lane/mile and the worst freeway operating condition. The results also indicate that there are several physical conditions that contribute to unacceptable traffic queues.







# **Existing Traffic Conditions Summary**

During the weekdays, westbound SR-91 experiences heavier traffic conditions during the morning commute for travelers leaving Riverside County to employment areas in Orange and Los Angeles Counties. The corridor is generally most congested between the peak period of 6 a.m. to 9 a.m. in the westbound direction and the peak period of 3 p.m. to 7 p.m. in the eastbound direction. Due to the high demand, congestion in the corridor occurs before and after the peak periods. The eastbound afternoon conditions tend to be exacerbated by the lack of receiving capacity in the Riverside County portion of the SR-91 corridor. Accordingly, RCTC is working closely with Caltrans District 8 to sponsor improvements that will provide congestion relief for the eastbound afternoon condition. Some of these improvements include the 15/91 Express Lane Connector, SR-71/SR-91 Interchange, and Improvements East of I-15.

The following is a summary of the deficiencies identified along the SR-91 corridor:

- Heavy traffic volumes to/from I-15 converge with the SR-91 and increase delay during the morning and evening peak hours.
- SR-71 traffic demand as well as physical and operational constraints for the EB SR-91 to NB SR-71 connector contribute to mainline and EB SR-91 corridor delays.
- Partial completion of the westbound 91 Corridor Operations Project improves the traffic operations in the westbound direction. However, traffic entering the WB SR-91 from the Green River Road and SR-71 on-ramps still contributes to mainline congestion during the morning peak period.
- High traffic volumes entering the freeway from Gypsum Canyon Road, Santa Ana Canyon Road, Green River Road, Weir Canyon Road, Imperial Highway and Lakeview Avenue contribute to congestion on the SR-91 mainline.
- One of the two lanes from the Eastern Transportation Corridor (State Route 241) connector is dropped at the merge to EB SR-91 causing additional congestion on the EB SR-91 general purpose lanes.
- At the NB SR-55 interchange with EB SR-91, a lane on SR-91 is dropped (as a dedicated exit) at Lakeview Avenue and a second lane is dropped (as a dedicated exit) at Imperial Highway creating a weave condition.
- WB SR-91 drops two GP lanes and a 91 Express Lane to SB SR-55, contributing to mainline congestion. This drop also occurs on the left-hand side of SR-91, creating a weaving condition.
- WB traffic entering SR-91 at Lakeview Avenue traveling to SB SR-55 contributes to mainline congestion by weaving across three lanes on SR-91.
- A lane drop on EB SR-91 at SB SR-241 creates a chokepoint.







# **Logical Project Sequencing**

As noted, the SR-91 Corridor in Riverside County, in the EB direction, lacks the receiving capacity during the afternoon peak period which creates a bottleneck condition. Due to the high levels of congestion experienced on this segment of the corridor, there is sensitivity to any changes that may affect traffic operations. Without first addressing the congestion in Riverside County, any performance or capacity enhancing projects upstream would further exacerbate congested conditions causing additional delays and queueing. Therefore, projects that have the potential to impact demand and/or provide additional capacity in the EB direction should be considered in a logical sequence to ensure that there is sufficient receiving capacity in Riverside County.

In October 2019, a consensus was reached between OCTA, RCTC, Caltrans, and the TCA that would set the stage for a series of projects to be implemented in sequential order to improve the SR-91 corridor. OCTA, RCTC, TCA, and Caltrans, Districts 8 and 12, as well as Caltrans Headquarters directors, worked through five major issues. This framework will enable the streamlining of the implementation of the SR-241/SR-91 Tolled Express Connector project while minimizing impacts to the 91 corridor. The subject matter of the multi-agency consensus is outlined to the right:

- 1. Setting priorities for SR-91 corridor projects to reduce construction-related impacts;
- 2. Allowing completion of the environmental approval process and updating related programming documents;
- 3. Clarifying lead agencies for final design, construction, and maintenance;
- 4. Identifying the principal funding agency for final design, construction, and maintenance; and
- 5. Designating lead agencies for retaining toll revenue and toll setting/operational control.

Based on the above framework, the agencies reached consensus on a 91 Corridor program of projects and sequencing as outlined below:

- 15/91 Express Lanes Connector
- SR-91 Corridor Operations Project
- SR-71/SR-91 Interchange Improvements\*
- SR-241/SR-91 Tolled Express Connector

\*Note: SR-241/SR-91 Tolled Express Connector is not dependent upon completion of SR-71/SR-91 Interchange Improvements







# **Project Summary**

The projects in this Plan are presented in the following groups: Orange County Projects, Riverside County Projects and Bi-County Projects. The stage of development for each project, such as planning, final design, construction, or procurement and implementation, varies as noted in the project summaries. Table 1 summarizes the various planned projects, concept projects, and completed projects. For details on each project refer to Section 2 for planned projects and Appendix B for selected complete projects.

- The Orange County projects have a total cost of approximately \$495 million. The projects include the SR-91 improvements between between SR-57 and SR-55, Placentia Metrolink rail station, and Metrolink Improvements.
- The Riverside County projects have a total cost of over \$417 million. The improvements include: a 15/91 Express Lanes Connector, Eastbound 91 Express Lane Extension, SR-71/SR-91 Interchange Improvements, and SR-91 improvements east of I-15.
- The Bi-County projects benefit both Orange and Riverside Counties. The total cost for the Bi-County projects exceeds \$380 million. The improvements include: the SR-241/SR-91 Tolled Express Connector, 91 Eastbound Corridor Operations Project (SR-241 to SR-71), and 91 Westbound Improvements (SR-241 to SR-71).

| Table 1 – SR-91 Implementation Plan Projects  |                 |
|---|-----------------|
| Project   | Cost (\$M)      |
| Orange County Projects  |                 |
| SR-91 Improvements between SR-57 and SR-55  | 460             |
| Placentia Metrolink Rail Station  | 34.8            |
| Metrolink Improvements  | TBD             |
| SUBTOTAL  | 495+            |
| Riverside County Projects   |                 |
| 15/91 Express Lanes Connector   | 270             |
| 91 Eastbound Express Lane Extension   | 10              |
| SR-71/SR-91 Interchange Improvements  | 137<br>TBD      |
| Improvements East of I-15 SUBTOTAL  | 417+            |
| Bi-County Projects  | 127             |
| SR-241/SR-91 Tolled Express Connector   | 380             |
| 91 Eastbound Corridor Operations Project (SR-241 to SR-71)  | TBD             |
| 91 Westbound Improvements (SR-241 to SR-71)   | TBD+            |
| SUBTOTAL  | 380+            |
| Concept Projects  |                 |
| Elevated 4-Lane Facility (MIS Corridor A) from SR-241 to I-15   | 2,720           |
| Westbound SR-91 to Southbound SR-55 Improvements  | 75 – 150        |
| Eastbound SR-91 Fifth Lane Addition at SR-241   | 31              |
| Fairmont Boulevard Improvements   | 76.8            |
| SUBTOTAL  | 2,902.8-2,977.8 |
| Completed Project Summary Since 2006 (Constructed Year)   | Cost (\$M)      |
| Green River Road Overcrossing Replacement (March 2009)  | 24.3            |
| North Main Street Corona Metrolink Station Parking Structure (June 2009)  | 25              |
| Eastbound Lane Addition from SR-241 to SR-71 (September 2010)   | 51.2            |
| Widen SR-91 between SR-55 and SR-241 by Adding a 5 <sup>th</sup> GP Lane in Each Direction (January 2013)   | 85.2            |
| SR-91 WB Lane at Tustin Avenue (April 2016)   | 43.2            |
| Metrolink Service Improvements (June 2016)  | 249             |
| Initial Phase CIP: Widen SR-91 by One GP Lane in Each Direction East of Green River Rd, CD Roads and I-15/SR-91 Direct South Connector, Extension of Express Lanes to I-15 and System/Local Interchange Improvements (2017) | 1,407           |
| Express Bus Service (2019)  | 6               |
| La Sierra Metrolink Parking Improvements (2019)   | 6.3             |
| SR-91 Corridor Operations Project (2022)  | 38              |
| Anaheim Canyon Metrolink Station Improvements (2023)  | 34.2            |
| SUBTOTAL  | 1,969.4         |







# **Traffic Analysis**

For the 2023 Plan, the traffic analysis for major SR-91 projects used the TransModeler model calibrated and validated to reflect existing traffic patterns of 2022 as described in the prior section. This traffic simulation model provides a better depiction of actual travel delays experienced by motorists compared to traditional travel demand models. The model can be used to analyze freeway bottlenecks sometimes neglected in traditional travel demand models.

This approach is especially important given high SR-91 traffic volumes and the potential for relatively few vehicles to significantly slow down traffic. For example, a minor freeway merging area can cause many vehicles to slow, cascading delay through the traffic stream, and rapidly decreasing both speed and volume for major segments of the freeway. The metrics reported in the Plan include travel time from the beginning to the end of the study corridor and vehicle hours of delay experienced on the study corridor, which both focus on operations for vehicles on SR-91.

A third metric includes vehicles served by the system in the study corridor and takes into consideration vehicles on ramps and freeways that feed into or are fed by SR-91 in the study area. In addition to the existing year 2022 analysis, two future years of 2030 and 2045 were analyzed and include the SR-91 projects that are scheduled to be completed by the respective year. The operations analysis quantified travel time savings for WB morning and EB afternoon conditions for the following major improvements projects:

#### Year 2030

- SR-91 Improvements between SR-57 and SR-55
- 15/91 Express Lanes Connector
- SR-71/SR-91 Interchange Improvements
- SR-241/SR-91 Tolled Express Connector

#### Year 2045

- Projects completed in 2030
- SR-91 Improvements East of I-15
- SR-91 Eastbound Corridor Operations Project
- SR-91 Westbound Corridor Operations Project (remaining)
- Fairmont Boulevard Improvements







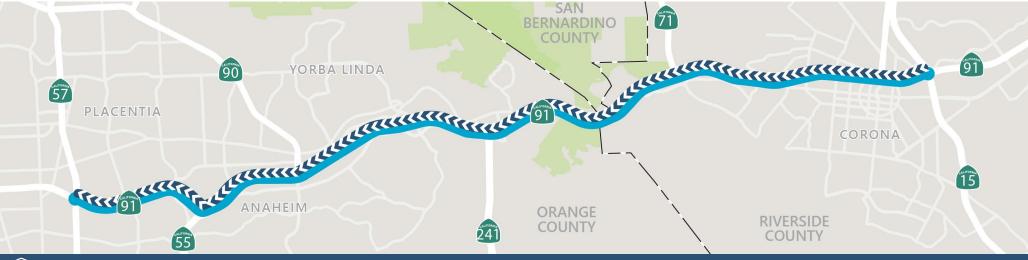
# **Westbound Analysis**

The WB morning traffic analysis results indicate that for the year 2030 forecasts, peak hour travel times are anticipated to exacerbate in Riverside County (by about 6 minutes) and maintain to the same in Orange County. In addition to increasing travel time, overall vehicle hours of delay in the corridor will increase (by about 29 percent), while the entire system is able to serve more vehicles (by about 4 percent). Bottlenecks are anticipated at the Orange-Riverside County line and at the SR-241 interchange/Gypsum Canyon interchange area, which will create a long queue on WB SR-91 extending to the I-15/SR-91 interchange. The bottleneck at the SR-55 interchange will be relieved.

For the year 2045 forecasts, travel times are anticipated to decrease (by about 21 minutes) in Riverside County, and increase (by about 16 minutes) in Orange County when compared to 2030. Overall vehicle hours of delay will decrease (by about 10 percent) in the corridor, and the number of vehicles the system is serving

will also increase (by about 12 percent). There is a bottleneck at SR-71 due to a large increase of vehicles going to and from SR-71. Also, with more vehicles able to travel downstream, another bottleneck occurs at the Tustin Avenue and SR-55 area. Travel time in Orange County shows an increase in 2045 due to the growth in traffic, projects relieving congestion upstream allowing more vehicles to travel downstream, and no additional capacity enhancing projects in Orange County. OCTA and RCTC are exploring multi-modal opportunities on, or adjacent to, the SR-91 corridor that could provide additional congestion relief.

Express Lanes in the westbound direction operate satisfactorily in 2030 and will experience a slowdown in 2045 in Riverside County where the 3-lane section merges back to two lanes. RCTC is planning to implement dynamic pricing for the SR-91 corridor in the near future, which will help to maintain satisfactory operation of the Express Lanes.







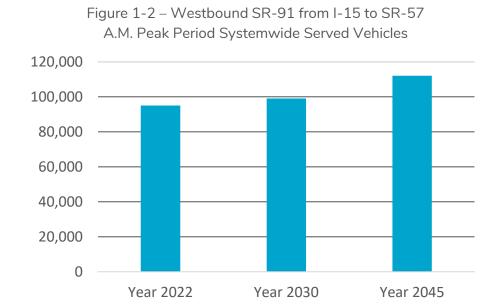


# **Westbound Analysis**

Figures 1-1 and 1-2 below summarize the westbound corridor vehicle hours of delay and systemwide served vehicles, respectively.

Figure 1-1 – Westbound SR-91 from I-15 to SR-57
A.M. Peak Period Corridor Vehicle Hours of Delay

9,000
8,000
7,000
6,000
5,000
4,000
3,000
2,000
1,000
Year 2022
Year 2030
Year 2045







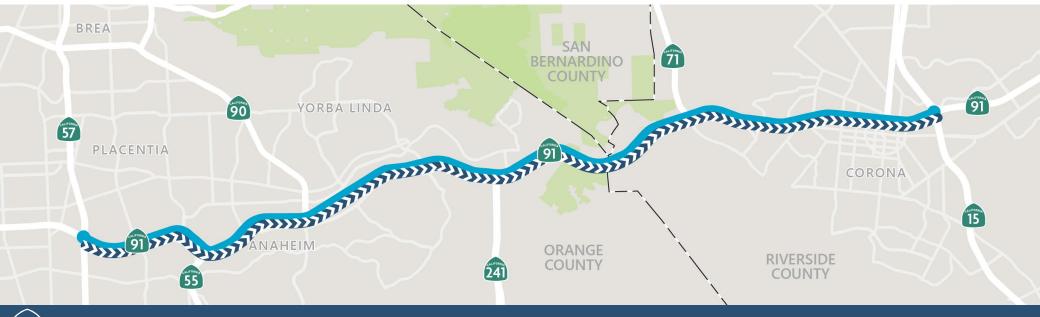
# **Eastbound Analysis**

The EB afternoon traffic analysis indicates that for the year 2030 forecasts, peak hour travel times are anticipated to decrease (by about 18 minutes) in Riverside County and increase (by about 24 minutes) in Orange County. With the increase of total travel time (by about 6 minutes) required to travel through the corridor, the vehicle hours of delay will also increase (by about 3 percent) and the number of vehicles served by the system will decrease (by about 3 percent). The major bottleneck still occurs at the county line. Improvement projects near SR-55 and I-15 should alleviate congestion in those areas.

For the year 2045 forecasts, travel times are anticipated to increase (by about 8 minutes) in Riverside County and decrease

in Orange County (by about 29 minutes) when compared to 2030. Overall vehicle hours of delay will decrease (by about 8 percent) and the number of vehicles the system is serving will be greater (by about 8 percent). The main bottleneck remains at the county line, however, with the inclusion of the EB Corridor Operations Project, the congestion at the county line will be reduced. More vehicles traveling downstream will increase congestion in Riverside County near the Main Street and I-15 area.

Express Lanes in the eastbound direction operate satisfactorily in all the analysis years.



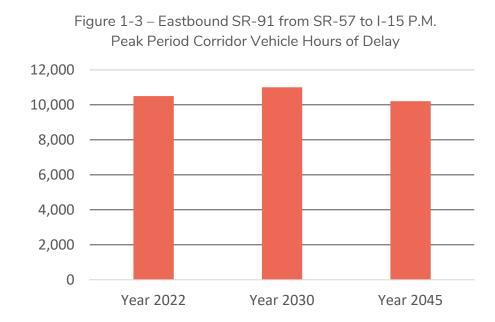


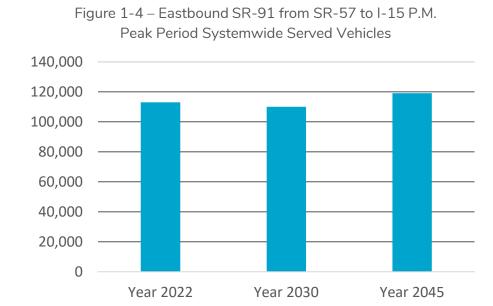




# **Eastbound Analysis**

Figures 1-3 and 1-4 below summarize the eastbound corridor vehicle hours of delay and systemwide served vehicles, respectively.









# **Concept Project Summary**

Many of the highway concept projects identified in this 2023 Plan are long lead time projects and/or projects without sufficient project development detail to be advanced into the Project Summary section. These potential concepts include significant environmental constraints and right of way requirements in addition to requiring a significant amount of planning, design, and future policy and public input. Many of these concept projects are multi-billion-dollar improvements that will remain a challenge to implement. Refer to Appendix A for details on each concept project.

Since 2010, staff has evaluated the Irvine Corona Expressway (ICE) concept annually as part of the preparation of this Plan to determine if tunneling technology has changed and become less cost prohibitive. Several tunnel projects were investigated over the years to gain insights into how boring technology is evolving including the Las Vegas Convention Center and the Ontario International Airport loops. Taking into consideration the ICE concept's proposed tunnel length and diameter, current economic conditions, coupled with high construction costs, the concept was consistently found to be challenging to

construct.

Under the direction of the SR-91 Advisory Committee in 2021, staff reviewed land uses adjacent to the ICE to determine compatibility with the concept. At the ICE eastern terminus near the Interstate 15/Cajalco Road junction, much has changed since the development of the concept. Significant residential and commercial development has occurred, occupying formerly open space which complicates the viability of the eastern end of conceptual alignment. In 2022, the SR-91 Advisory Committee requested the removal of the ICE concept from the Plan due to incompatibility with current land uses.

The Anaheim to Ontario International Airport Maglev High Speed Rail concept was also removed from the Plan this year. This concept has not seen progress since 2012 and no plans or updates are available. If this concept becomes active, it can be added back to the Plan through future annual updates.



# Section 2: Implementation Plan





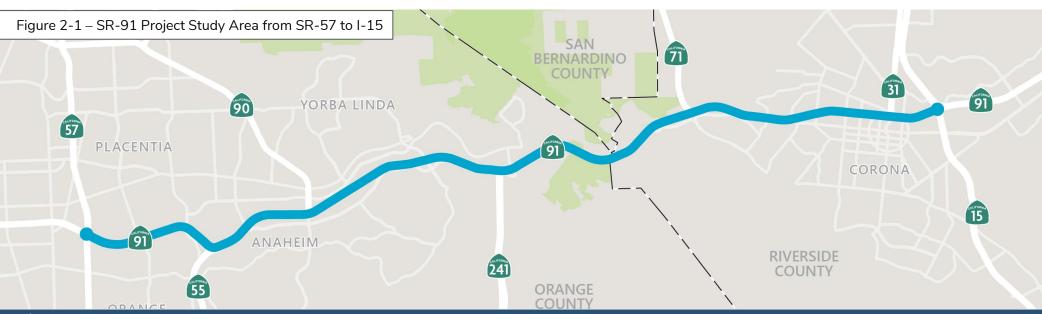
#### **OVERVIEW**

The 2023 Plan describes projects, key considerations, benefits, current status, schedule, and costs (in 2023 dollars, or as noted) for major projects and concepts. The projects are grouped as follows: Orange County Projects, Riverside County Projects and Bi-County Projects.

The intent of the Implementation Plan is to present a list of projects and studies along the SR-91 corridor and highlight coordination between OCTA, RCTC, and Caltrans to improve the corridor.

As part of the project development process, detailed operational analysis will need to be conducted to evaluate operational issues associated with each project. The project development phases are discussed in the status updates and are defined as follows:

- Conceptual Engineering = Pre-Project Study Report (Pre-PSR) Conceptual planning and engineering for project scoping and feasibility prior to initiating the PSR phase.
- Preliminary Engineering = Project Study Report (PSR) Conceptual planning and engineering phase that allows for programming of funds.
- Environmental = Project Approval/Environmental Document (PA/ED) The detailed concept design that provides environmental clearance for the project and programs for final design and right of way acquisition. The duration for this phase is typically 2 3 years.
- Design = Plans, Specifications, and Estimates (PS&E) Provide detailed design to contractors for construction bidding and implementation.
- Construction = The project has completed construction and will provide congestion relief to motorists.





# **State Route 91 Implementation Plan**







# Orange County Projects

The Orange County set of projects includes three improvements at a total cost of approximately \$495 million (in 2023 dollars, or as noted). The projects include: SR-91 improvements between SR-57 and SR-55, Placentia Metrolink rail station, and Metrolink Improvements.

| Orange County Project Summary              | Cost (\$M) |
|--|------------|
| SR-91 Improvements between SR-57 and SR-55 | \$460      |
| Placentia Metrolink Rail Station           | \$34.8     |
| Metrolink Improvements                     | TBD        |
| SUBTOTAL                                   | \$494.8    |



# SR-91 Improvements between SR-57 and SR-55





#### Project Description



The project proposes to add EB capacity between SR-55 and SR-57, improve the SR-91/SR-57 and SR-91/SR-55 interchanges and local interchanges. In the SR-91/SR-57 interchange area, improvements identified in Project Approval/Environmental Document (PA/ED) phase include extending an additional lane on WB SR-91 from the NB SR-57 to WB SR-91 connector through State College Boulevard and terminating at the auxiliary lane to Raymond Avenue-East Street. At the SR-91/SR-55 interchange area, a drop on-ramp from Lakeview Avenue would be constructed between realigned WB SR-91 lanes for direct access to SB SR-55, allowing for the exit to SB SR-55 to be moved further east, separating WB SR-91 and SB SR-55 traffic west of the Lakeview Avenue bridge. The 91 Express Lanes will not be impacted by the project. In order to accommodate the improvements, the Lakeview, Tustin, Kraemer/Glassell, and La Palma bridges are proposed to be replaced. The improvements have been developed in cooperation with local jurisdictions and affected communities.

#### Key Considerations

The proposed project improvements on WB and EB SR-91 may require partial right-of-way acquisition and Temporary Construction Easements (TCEs). In some areas, a nonstandard geometric cross-section is proposed to reduce the right-of-way impacts.

#### Benefits |



The proposed project improvements on WB and EB SR-91 between SR-57 and SR-55 include, among other features, adding one EB general purpose lane to achieve lane balancing and interchange improvements. Project improvements will reduce congestion and delay and reduce weaving.

#### Schedule and Cost

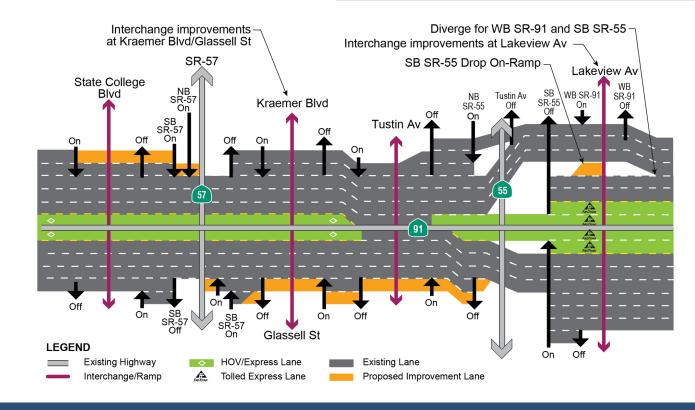


Construction is anticipated to be completed in 2029 and the total project cost is estimated to be approximately \$460,000,000.

#### **Current Status**



The project improvements were originally studied in the SR-91 Feasibility Study, which was completed in June 2009. The Project Study Report was completed in 2014 and the Project Approval/Environmental Document (PA/ED) was completed in 2020. This project was then split into three separate segments and the Plans Specifications and Estimate (PS&E) phase began in 2020 for all three segments. The proposed improvements are included in the Measure M program.





## Placentia Metrolink Rail Station





# Project Description



The new Placentia Metrolink Station will serve the Metrolink 91/Perris Valley Line, providing commuter rail service between Perris and Los Angeles, via Riverside and Orange counties. The project includes construction of a parking structure, OCTA bus access, an area for passenger pick-up and drop-off, and two station platforms.

#### Benefits |



The station will meet the current transit demand and foster train ridership growth in the region, contributing to congestion relief on SR-91.

## Schedule and Cost



Plans are 100 percent complete, however, the construction contract cannot be advertised until a Construction and Maintenance Agreement is in place with BNSF Railway, the right-of-way owner. The project will be advertised for bids once an agreement is in place. The total project cost is estimated to be \$34.8 million.

#### Current Status



The City of Placentia is the lead on right-of-way and environmental clearance, and OCTA is the lead agency for design and construction of the project. Funding for the project is programmed to use 91 Toll Revenues, M2 (OC Go) and the City of Placentia funds for the construction phase. State Transportation Improvement Program (STIP), Public Transportation Modernization, Improvement, and Service Enhancement Account (PTMISEA), OC Go and City funds are programmed for the design and right-of-way costs. Project is currently on hold.



Image source: www.placentia.org/Placentia-Metrolink-Site-Plan (Wildan Engineering)



# **Metrolink Service Improvements**





#### Project Description



There are 16 daily trains that run on the Inland Empire-Orange County (IEOC) Line and nine trains running on the 91/Perris Valley (91/PV) line for a total of 25 daily trains. The Perris Valley portion of the 91/PV Line extends Metrolink service southeast by 25 miles, from Riverside to Perris via Moreno Valley. Metrolink is conducting a service growth development plan that would look at optimizing service throughout the region.

#### Key Considerations



Construction of the new Placentia Metrolink station will improve passenger access along the 91/PV Line by creating a station between Fullerton and Corona.

#### Benefits I



Enables development of Metrolink service, improved efficiency, and fosters train ridership growth in the region, contributing to congestion relief on the SR-91.

#### **Current Status**



Metrolink's service growth development plan will address the way service is provided and will optimize service in a pre-pandemic environment.





# **State Route 91 Implementation Plan**







# **Riverside County Projects**

The Riverside County set of projects includes four improvements: a 15/91 Express Lanes Connector, Eastbound 91 Express Lane Extension, the SR-71/SR-91 Interchange Improvements, and SR-91 Improvements east of I-15. Projects for implementation in Riverside County are anticipated to cost in excess of \$417 million (in 2023 dollars, or as noted).

| Riverside County Project Summary     | Cost (\$M) |
|--------------------------------------|------------|
| 15/91 Express Lanes Connector        | \$270      |
| Eastbound 91 Express Lane Extension  | \$10       |
| SR-71/SR-91 Interchange Improvements | \$137      |
| SR-91 Improvements East of I-15      | TBD        |
| SUBTOTAL                             | \$417+     |



# 15/91 Express Lanes Connector





#### Project Description



The Project Approval and Environmental Document (PA/ED) for the SR-91 Corridor Improvement Project (CIP), from SR-241 to Pierce Street, included the addition of a 5th lane in each direction, the addition of auxiliary lanes at various locations, the addition of collector-distributor lanes at the I-15/SR-91 interchange, the extension of the 91 Express Lanes from the Orange County line to I-15, the construction of a SR-91 Express Lanes median direct connector to and from I-15 South, a SR-91 Express Lanes median direct connector to and from I-15 North (15/91 Express Lanes Connector, the subject project), and the construction of one Express Lane in each direction from the I-15/SR-91 interchange southerly to I-15/Cajalco Road (completed as part of RCTC I-15 Express Lanes Project), and easterly to east of McKinley Street. Due to funding constraints, a Project Phasing Plan was developed to allow an Initial Phase, with reduced improvements, to move forward as scheduled, with the remaining ultimate improvements to be completed later. Subsequently, the proposed 15/91 Express Lanes Connector improvements (the subject of this project) have been pulled out from the CIP as a standalone project.

#### Key Considerations



Coordination among many of the SR-91 freeway projects that overlap the project limits is critical to successfully delivering these projects on schedule and within budget. Designing to accommodate future projects is a recurring theme for each of these projects. Minimizing conflicts in scope between projects requires direct coordination between each project team. Additionally, future projects frequently have multiple alternatives under study, each with differing scope and construction footprints. Specifically, the project improvements need to continue to be coordinated with the SR-71/SR-91 interchange, the SR-241/SR-91 Tolled Express Connector, and the Eastbound 91 Express Lane Extension.

#### Benefits



The 15/91 Express Lanes Connector project will reduce congestion and operational delays by providing direct median-to-median access between the SR-91 Express Lanes and I-15 Express Lanes. Traffic operations will improve by eliminating weaving conflicts and out-of-direction travel along SR-91 and I-15 by the use of the direct connectors. The project will provide motorists a choice to use the 15/91 Express Lanes Connector for a fee in exchange for time savings.

## Schedule and Cost

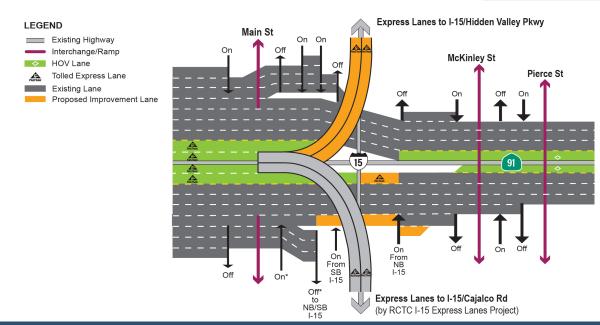


Construction is planned to be completed in late 2023. The total project cost is estimated to be \$270,000,000.

#### **Current Status**



15/91 The Express Lanes Connector is currently discussed in the environmental document for the SR-91 CIP that was completed in 2012. An environmental revalidation was completed in 2019. A Design-Build contract was awarded in Spring 2020 and the project is currently under construction.





# **Eastbound 91 Express Lane Extension**



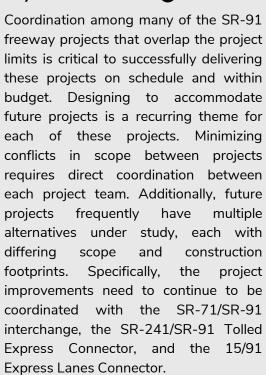


#### **Project Description**



The Eastbound 91 Express Lane Extension is a new project that was initiated in 2022. The scope of the project is to extend a second eastbound toll express lane from the exit to the express lane connectors (just east of the Main Street Undercrossing) to the beginning of the SR-91 HOV lane just of Promenade east Avenue Overcrossing.

#### **Key Considerations**



#### Benefits I



The Eastbound 91 Express Lane Extension will reduce congestion and improve operations in the express lanes and general-purpose lanes by providing a gap closure lane between the existing express lanes and HOV lane reducing merging and weaving on eastbound 91 within the existing bottleneck of the I-15 interchange area.

# Schedule and Cost



Construction is planned to be completed in late 2023 . The total project cost is estimated to be \$10,000,000.

#### **Current Status**



The Project Approval and Environmental Document (PA/ED) phase is currently underway.

#### LEGEND



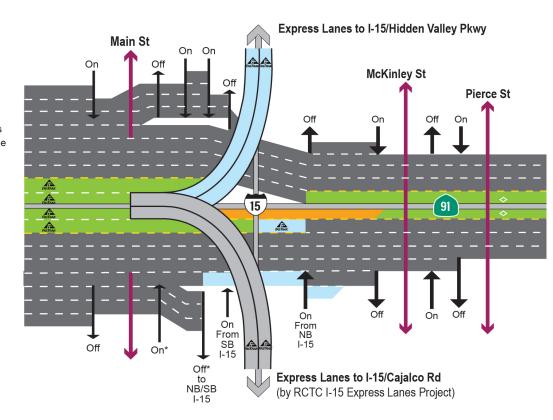
Existing Highway Interchange/Ramp

**HOV Lane** 

Tolled Express Lane **Existing Lane** 

Other Improvement Projects

Proposed Improvement Lane





# SR-71/SR-91 Interchange Improvements





#### **Project Description**



The current project includes a new two-lane direct connector from eastbound (EB) SR-91 to northbound (NB) SR-71 and realignment of the existing Green River Road SR-91 EB on-ramp to provide connection to NB SR-71 and EB SR-91.

#### **Key Considerations**



Project improvements must be coordinated with the following projects: the SR-91 Sixth GP Lane Addition SR-241/SR-91 and the Tolled Express Connector. Close coordination with the Corps U.S. Army Engineers, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service. and California Department of Fish and Wildlife will also be required as the connector crosses the Santa Ana River west of the Prado Dam.

## Benefits |

The project will provide a new direct connector improvement from EB SR-91 to NB SR-71, replacing the geometric choke point created by the existing loop connector. The project will also improve traffic operations and operational efficiency by eliminating or minimizing weaving conflicts through the use of auxiliary lanes.

#### Schedule and Cost

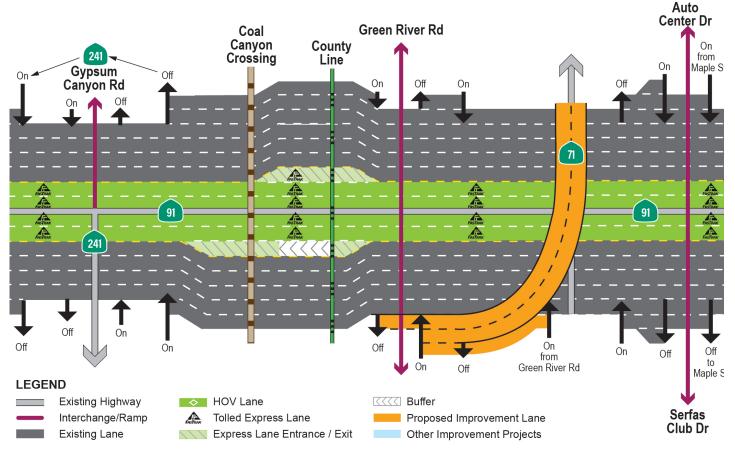


Construction is planned for completion in 2025. Construction cost is estimated to be \$137,000,000.

#### **Current Status**



The environmental phase was completed in 2011 and final design in 2015. An environmental revalidation and update to the final design was completed in 2022. The project started construction in January 2023.





# SR-91 Improvements East of I-15





#### **Project Description**



The Project Approval and Environmental Document (PA/ED) for the SR-91 Corridor Improvement Project (CIP), from SR-241 to Pierce Street, included the addition of a 5th lane in each direction, the addition of auxiliary lanes at various locations, the addition of collectordistributor lanes at the I-15/SR-91 interchange, the extension of the 91 Express Lanes from the Orange County line to I-15, the construction of a SR-91 Express Lanes median direct connector to and from I-15 South, a SR-91 Express Lanes median direct connector to and from I-15 North, and the construction of one Express Lane in each direction from the I-15/SR-91 interchange southerly to I-15/Cajalco Road (completed as part of RCTC I-15 Express Lanes Project), and easterly to east of McKinley Street. Due to funding constraints, a Project Phasing Plan was developed to allow an Initial Phase, with reduced improvements, to move forward as scheduled, with the remaining ultimate improvements to be completed later. The SR-91 improvements east of I-15, which includes extending an Express Lane east of McKinley Street and adding a generalpurpose lane to Pierce Street in each direction (the subject project), is a component of the SR-91 CIP that was not constructed with the Initial Phase.

#### **Key Considerations**



Coordination among many of the SR-91 freeway projects that overlap the project limits is critical to successfully delivering these projects on schedule and within budget. Designing to accommodate future projects is a recurring theme for each of these projects. Minimizing conflicts in scope between projects requires direct coordination between each project team. Additionally, future projects frequently have multiple alternatives under study, each with differing scope and construction footprints. Specifically, the project improvements need to continue to be coordinated with the SR-71/SR-91 interchange, the SR-241/SR-91 Tolled Express Connector, the 15/91 Express Lanes Connector, and the Eastbound 91 Express Lane Extension.

#### Benefits |

The SR-91 Improvements east of I-15 will reduce congestion and delays by providing additional SR-91 capacity from I-15 to Pierce Street.

# Schedule and Cost



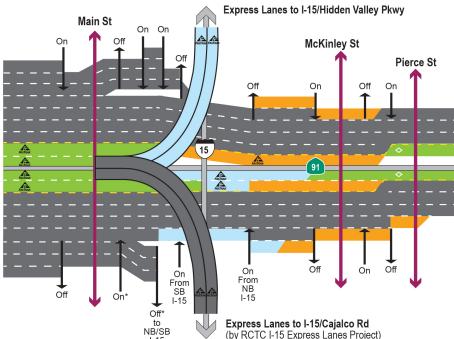
Anticipated project completion and cost are to be determined.

#### **Current Status**



Preliminary engineering is complete but may need to be revisited at a future date. The SR-91 Improvements east of I-15 is currently discussed in the SR-91 CIP environmental document for the SR-91 that was completed in 2012.







# **State Route 91 Implementation Plan**





# RCTC Bi-County Projects OCTA

There are three Bi-County improvement projects that will benefit both Orange and Riverside Counties. These projects include: the SR-241/SR-91 Tolled Express Connector, Eastbound Corridor Operations Project (SR-241 to SR-71), and 91 Westbound Improvements (SR-241 to SR-71). The total cost for the projects is expected to be more than \$380 million (in 2023 dollars, or as noted).

| Bi-County Project Summary                               | Cost (\$M) |
|---|------------|
| SR-241/SR-91 Tolled Express Connector                   | \$380      |
| Eastbound Corridor Operations Project (SR-241 to SR-71) | TBD        |
| 91 Westbound Improvements (SR-241 to SR-71)             | TBD        |
| SUBTOTAL  | \$380+     |



# **SR-241/SR-91 Tolled Express Connector**





#### **Project Description**



SR-241/SR-91 The Tolled **Express** Connector will consist of a direct connector between the 241 Toll Road and 91 Express Lanes, carrying northbound 241 Toll Road traffic to the eastbound 91 Express Lanes and westbound 91 Express Lanes traffic to the southbound 241 Toll Road.

#### **Key Considerations**



The purpose of the project is to implement the build out of the Eastern Transportation Corridor as approved in 1994 in order to improve traffic operations on the northbound 241 Toll Road and the SR-91 generalpurpose lanes while also maintaining reliable travel times and free flow speeds during peak periods on the 91 Express Lanes which were all key considerations in Caltrans' approval of the project. The project will require widening of SR-91 to accommodate the direct connector and associated Express Auxiliary Lanes in the median. The project's planned construction is aligned with the of other implementation planned improvements in the area including the 15/91 Express Lanes Connector and SR-71/SR-91 Interchange Improvements. Coordination will be conducted with local agencies to ensure the project avoids impacts to planned bicycle and trail connections on Gypsum Canyon Road per the City of Anaheim General Plan and OCTA Commuter Bikeways Strategic Plan.

#### Benefits |



The project will provide connectivity between the 91 Express Lanes and the 241 Toll Road, which will enhance operations along the SR-91 general purpose lanes while also improving traffic operations on the northbound 241 Toll Road.

#### Schedule and Cost



Agreements to document roles and responsibilities for F/ETCA funding, Caltrans construction, and F/RCTC tolling operation of the project are under development by the multi-agency team. Final Design is expected to be completed in 2023. Construction is anticipated to last approximately 36 months beginning in 2024 with project opening in 2027. The total cost of the project will be approximately \$380,000,000.

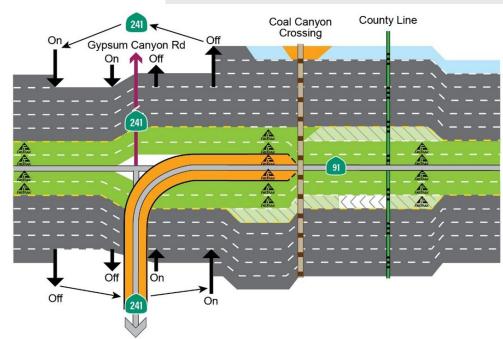
#### **Current Status**



Preliminary engineering concepts for a SR-241/SR-91 Tolled Express Connector have been developed by the Foothill/Eastern Transportation Corridor Agency (F/ETCA) and Caltrans, which were utilized for the environmental analysis. The 91 Express Lanes Extension and SR-241 Connector Feasibility Study was completed in March 2009 and was initiated to evaluate various alternatives. A Project Study Report was initiated in January 2011 and was completed in January 2012. The Draft Environmental Document was circulated for public review from November 7, 2016, through January 9, 2017. Caltrans's approval of the project with the Record of Decision was completed in March 2020. Final design is in progress.

#### LEGEND







# SR-91 Eastbound Corridor Operations Project (SR-241 to SR-71)





# Project Description



The Project Approval and Environmental Document (PA/ED) for the SR-91 Corridor Improvement Project (CIP), from SR-241 to Pierce Street, included the addition of a 5th lane in each direction, the addition of auxiliary lanes at various locations, the addition of collector-distributor lanes at the I-15/SR-91 interchange, the extension of the 91 Express Lanes from the Orange County line to I-15, the construction of a SR-91 Express Lanes median direct connector to and from I-15 South, a SR-91 Express Lanes median direct connector to and from I-15 North, and the construction of one Express Lane in each direction from the I-15/SR-91 interchange to I-15/Cajalco southerly (completed as part of RCTC I-15 Express Lanes Project), and easterly to east of McKinley Street. Due to funding constraints, a Project Phasing Plan was developed to allow an Initial Phase, with reduced improvements, to move forward as scheduled, with the remaining ultimate improvements to be completed later. The SR-91 Eastbound Corridor Operations Project between SR-241 and SR-71 (the subject of this project) is a component of the SR-91 CIP that was not constructed with the Initial Phase.

#### **Key Considerations**



Coordination among many of the SR-91 freeway projects that overlap the project limits is critical to successfully delivering

these projects on schedule and within budget. Designing to accommodate future projects is a recurring theme for each of these projects. Minimizing conflicts in scope between projects requires direct coordination between each project team. Additionally, future projects frequently have multiple alternatives under study, each with differing scope and construction footprints. Specifically, the project improvements need to continue to be coordinated with the SR-71/SR-91 interchange and the SR-241/SR-91 Tolled **Express** Connector.

#### Benefits I



The 91 Eastbound Corridor Operations Project will reduce congestion and delays by providing additional SR-91 capacity from SR-241 to SR-71.

#### Schedule and Cost

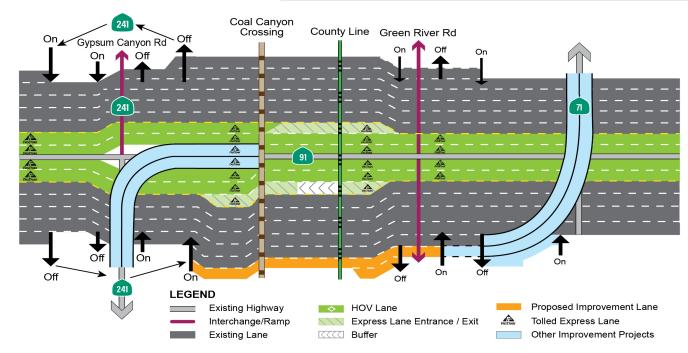


Anticipated project completion and cost are to be determined.

#### **Current Status**



The 91 Eastbound Corridor Operations Project is discussed in the SR-91 CIP environmental document that was completed in 2012. An alternatives analysis to evaluate potential improvement options in the eastbound direction was initiated in 2020 and completed in 2022. Efforts to determine final scope and prepare an environmental revalidation are scheduled to begin in 2023.





# SR-91 Westbound Improvements (SR-241 to SR-71)





# Project Description



The Project Approval and Environmental Document (PA/ED) for the SR-91 Corridor Improvement Project (CIP), from SR-241 to Pierce Street, included the addition of a 5th lane in each direction, the addition of auxiliary lanes at various locations, the addition of collector-distributor lanes at the I-15/SR-91 interchange, the extension of the 91 Express Lanes from the Orange County line to I-15, the construction of a SR-91 Express Lanes median direct connector to and from I-15 South, a SR-91 Express Lanes median direct connector to and from I-15 North, and the construction of one Express Lane in each direction from the I-15/SR-91 interchange southerly to I-15/Cajalco (completed as part of RCTC I-15 Express Lanes Project), and easterly to east of McKinley Street. Due to funding constraints, a Project Phasing Plan was developed to allow an Initial Phase, with reduced improvements, to move forward as scheduled, with the remaining ultimate improvements to be completed later. The 91 Westbound Improvements between SR-241 and SR-71 (the subject of this project) are a component of the SR-91 CIP that was not constructed with the Initial Phase.

#### Key Considerations



Coordination among many of the SR-91 freeway projects that overlap the project limits is critical to successfully delivering

these projects on schedule and within budget. Designing to accommodate future projects is a recurring theme for each of these projects. Minimizing conflicts in scope between projects requires direct coordination between each project Additionally, future projects frequently have multiple alternatives under study, each with differing scope and construction footprints. Specifically, the project improvements need to continue to be coordinated with the SR-71/SR-91 interchange and the SR-241/SR-91 Tolled Express Connector.

#### Benefits |



The 91 Westbound Improvements will reduce congestion and delays by providing additional SR-91 capacity from SR-241 to SR-71.

#### Schedule and Cost

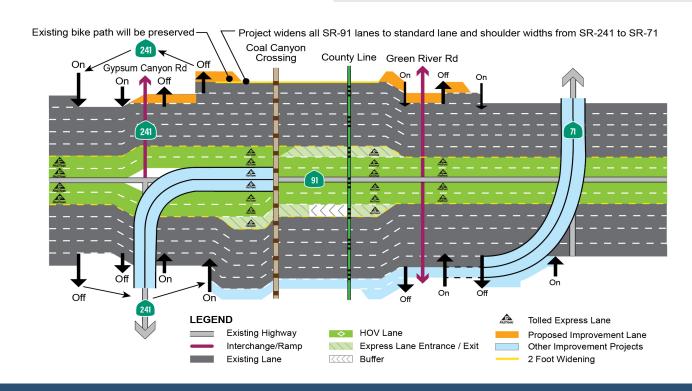


Anticipated project completion and cost are to be determined.

#### **Current Status**



Preliminary engineering is complete but may need to be revisited at a future date. The 91 Westbound Improvements are discussed in the SR-91 CIP environmental document that was completed in 2012.



# **Appendix A - Post-2035 and Conceptual Projects**





# Post-2035 and OCTA Conceptual Projects

for **Concepts** potential Post-2035 implementation (potentially earlier if funding becomes available) focus on longer-lead time projects. This multi-billion dollar program may include: an elevated 4-lane facility (MIS Corridor A) from SR-241 to I-15; Westbound SR-91 to Southbound SR-55 Connector Improvements, Eastbound SR-91 Fifth Lane Addition at SR-241 and Fairmont Boulevard Improvements. These significant potential concepts include environmental constraints and right of way requirements in addition to requiring a significant amount of planning, design, and future policy and public input.

| Concept Summary   | Cost (\$M)                 |  |
|---|----------------------------|--|
| Elevated 4-Lane Facility (MIS Corridor A) from SR-241 to I-15 | \$2,720                    |  |
| Westbound SR-91 to Southbound SR-55 Connector<br>Improvements | \$75-\$150                 |  |
| Eastbound SR-91 Fifth Lane Addition at SR-241                 | \$31                       |  |
| Fairmont Boulevard Improvements                               | \$76.8                     |  |
| SUBTOTAL  | \$14,527.8 -<br>\$15,032.8 |  |



# Elevated 4-Lane Facility from SR-241 to I-15 (MIS Corridor A)





#### Concept Description



The improvements primarily consist of constructing a new 4-lane elevated expressway near or within the Santa Ana Canyon with freeway-to-freeway connectors at SR-241 and I-15. The facility may include managed lanes and potential reversible operations.

#### **Key Considerations**



Choice of alignment will be key to determining net capacity increase. Extensive right-of-way (R/W) will be required to implement the improvements if the alignment is not in the SR-91 corridor. When median connector projects or HOV/HOT projects are constructed and this 4-lane elevated facility is proposed within the median of SR-91 through Corona, then extensive managed lane closures would be required during construction (thus temporarily reducing capacity during construction).

An alternative could be studied for the median Corridor A viaduct along with reduced SR-91 geometric standards to minimize R/W impacts.

Also, direct connectors (such as for High Occupancy Vehicle (HOV) / High Occupancy Toll (HOT) at I-15/SR-91) to/from the median could be precluded by Maglev columns located within the same median area. Caltrans and Maglev highway R/W, maintenance, safety, and operations considerations would need to be analyzed if shared use with a Maglev facility were pursued. Additional mitigation costs may be required for improvements to SR-241 and SR-133 as a result of additional Corridor traffic volumes. Corridor A as managed lanes, with the extension of 91 Express Lanes to I-15, this project concept may affect traffic distribution due to "parallel" tolled facilities.

#### Benefits |



The concept would provide significant congestion relief by allowing vehicles to bypass the at-grade freeway lanes and local arterial interchanges between SR-241 and I-15. Connections are proposed directly between SR-91, SR-241, and I-15.

#### Schedule and Cost

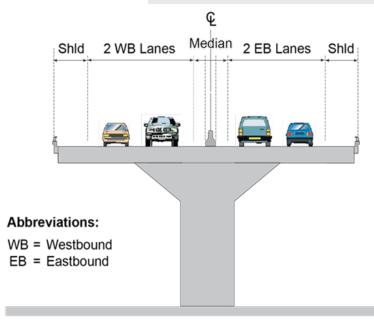


This concept is identified in the Riverside County - Orange County Major Investment Study (MIS) as part of the Locally Preferred Strategy to improve mobility between Riverside County and Orange County. No project development work is planned at this time.

#### **Current Status**



Anticipated project completion is post-2035 and construction cost is estimated to be \$2,720,000,000 (2005 dollars).



Elevated 4-Lane Facility (MIS Corridor A) Cross-Section



# Westbound SR-91 to Southbound SR-55 Connector Improvements



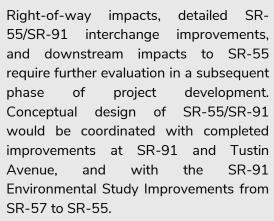


## Concept Description



The project consists of operational improvements bγ modifying connector to SB SR-55 from WB SR-91. The improvements would extend to Lakeview Avenue to the east and would include a new connector from WB SR-91 to SB SR-55 as a potential right-hand exit.

#### **Key Considerations**



Operational enhancements between SR-55 and Lakeview Avenue will provide some benefit for SR-55/SR-91 by addressing WB SR-91 weaving issues. In addition, the proposed WB drop-ramp from Lakeview Avenue has been designed to accommodate three WB through lanes on either side in order to reduce throwaway costs in the future should the SR-91 be shifted accommodate a right-hand exit for SB SR-55.

## Benefits |



Interchange improvements are anticipated to provide congestion relief for WB SR-91 traffic and potentially improve the connection from WB SR-91 to SB SR-55.

# Schedule and Cost

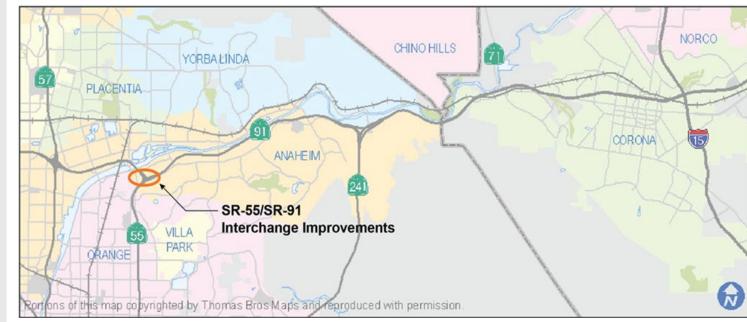


SR-55/SR-91 project information was derived from the Final Alternatives Evaluation and Refinement Report, December 2005, by the Riverside County - Orange County Major Investment Study (MIS). Focused SR-91/SR-55 conceptual engineering needs to be scheduled. However, initial conceptual engineering was also studied as part of the SR-91 Feasibility Study Between State Route 57 and State Route 55 Interchange Areas in June 2009, and as part of the SR-91 Environmental Study Improvements from SR-57 to SR-55.

## **Current Status**



Anticipated project completion is post-2035 and construction cost is estimated to be from \$75,000,000 to \$150,000,000 (2014 dollars).





## Eastbound Fifth Lane Addition at SR-241





## Concept Description



The location of the proposed EB SR-91 fifth general purpose (GP) lane addition (The Segment) is on EB SR-91 from Weir Canyon Road to the NB SR-241 Connector. The Segment consists of four GP lanes and two managed lanes (91 Express Lanes).

Upstream (westerly) from The Segment the EB SR-91 has 5 GP lanes and the 5th lane drops to the SB SR-241 Connector as some traffic volume exits to the SB SR-241. Downstream from The Segment the EB SR-91 gains the 5th lane back as the NB SR-241 Connector merges with SR-91 in a dedicated lane addition. This 5th lane continues beyond the Riverside County line providing enhanced mobility.

## **Key Considerations**

This segment with four GP lanes might be creating a traffic choke point due to the decrease of capacity, potentially contributing to significant traffic delays passing through this segment along with other traffic issues such as queue jumping, weaving, merging and operational speed differential. However, additional traffic from NB SR-241 to EB SR-91 and Gypsum Canyon Rd on-ramp suggest balancing the number of lanes should be carefully examined. As such, additional capacity will enhance EB freeway operations along this Segment.

## Benefits I



- Extends the existing 5th EB GP lane easterly and ties it to the existing 5th lane downstream. This could provide capacity enhancement and may result in removing an existing choke point. Significant delay savings is anticipated.
- Potentially eliminate queue jumping in this area from EB SR-91 as well as Weir Canyon Rd.
- Potentially reduce speed differential between through lanes, thus creating a more balanced flow.
- Potentially provide balanced lane utilization at high traffic demand area.

## Schedule and Cost

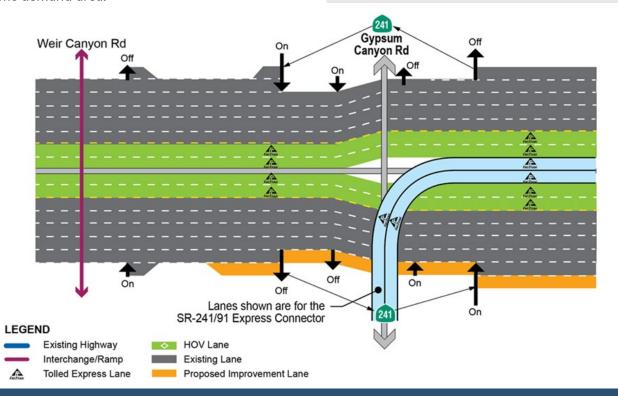


Additional traffic analysis and study is required to confirm the benefits to EB SR-91 by the proposed improvements. This location was identified by Caltrans as a high congestion location in the County. The concept is intended to improve the choke point that exists due to the presence of a 4-lane segment between 5lane freeway segments.

#### **Current Status**



Total project cost, based on Caltrans' estimate, is \$31.25 million Project schedule has not been determined.





# **Fairmont Boulevard Improvements**





## Concept Description



The project would provide a new interchange with SR-91 at Fairmont Boulevard. On and off ramps will connect Fairmont Boulevard from the north to eastbound (EB) and westbound (WB) SR-91. The proposed interchange does not include a vehicular Fairmont Boulevard connection to Santa Ana Canyon Road to the south. A pedestrian/bicycle connection is also proposed between La Palma Avenue and Santa Ana Canyon Road. This bridge and pathway will allow for direct Santa Ana River Trail access from both Anaheim south of SR-91 and from Yorba Linda.

#### Key Considerations



Interchange spacing and weaving issues (to SR-55) need to be evaluated. Widening of SR-91 may be needed to accommodate interchange ramps. Proximity of the Santa Ana River may require that the WB ramp junction be located north of the river. New connection requirements and interchange spacing needs to be considered. Ramp and bridge placement needs to take pedestrian/bicycle bridge into account or incorporate the pedestrian/bike path into the design beyond the vehicular access limits of the project.

#### Schedule and Cost



The City of Anaheim completed a conceptual engineering study in December 2009 for the interchange. Multiple alternatives have been developed as part of the conceptual engineering study. Bicycle/pedestrian bridge is currently in initial planning stages. Project development is pending funding identification. On July 24, 2017, OCTA staff along with a senior staff member of WSP presented the findings of a 91 Express Lanes intermediate access study. The study provided various alternatives, traffic modeling, and financial impacts of the additional access. At the conclusion of the discussion, the OCTA Board of Directors did not authorize additional analysis for the intermediate access.

#### Benefits I

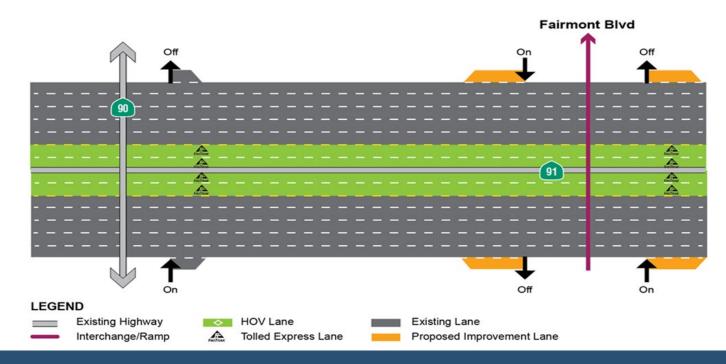


The interchange is expected to relieve congestion at Imperial Highway (SR-90), Lakeview Avenue, and Weir Canyon Road Interchanges. Preliminary traffic modeling shows a 10-15% decrease in volumes at Weir Canyon and SR-90 interchanges with the interchange alternative.

#### **Current Status**



Anticipated project completion is post 2035 and construction cost is estimated to be \$76,800,000 (costs from 2009) Feasibility Study). R/W cost is undetermined. Cost excludes any potential impact to Santa Ana River.





# **Appendix B - Completed Project Exhibits**









# **Completed Projects**

The following exhibits represent completed projects from previous Plans since 2006 and are intended to be used as a reference to illustrate the progress made since the inception of the Plan. Note: some projects listed in the Plan as completed (see Section 1, Project Accomplishments) are not included herein since there was no exhibit created or necessary for use with prior Plans (such as for restriping projects, various safety enhancements, minor operational improvements, etc.).

| Project Improvements  | Constructed    |
|---|----------------|
| Green River Road Overcrossing Replacement   | March 2009     |
| North Main Street Corona Metrolink Station Parking Structure  | June 2009      |
| Eastbound Lane Addition from SR-241 to SR-71  | September 2010 |
| Widen SR-91 between SR-55 and SR-241 by Adding a 5th GP Lane in Each Direction  | December 2012  |
| SR-91 WB Lane at Tustin Avenue  | April 2016     |
| Metrolink Service Improvements  | June 2016      |
| Initial Phase CIP: Widen SR-91 by One GP Lane in Each<br>Direction East of Green River Rd, CD Roads and I-15/SR-91<br>Direct South Connector, Extension of Express Lanes to I-15<br>and System/Local Interchange Improvements | July 2017      |
| Express Bus Service   | 2019           |
| La Sierra Metrolink Parking Improvements  | February 2019  |
| SR-91 Corridor Operations Project   | February 2022  |
| Anaheim Canyon Metrolink Station Improvements   | January 2023   |



# **Green River Road Overcrossing Replacement**





## Project Description



Improvements primarily consist of replacing the existing Green River Road overcrossing with a new six-lane wide, 4 span overcrossing to accommodate future widening of SR-91. The interior spans will accommodate up to eight mainline lanes in each direction including two HOV lanes. The exterior spans can accommodate two lanes, either for Auxiliary lanes or collector distributor roads. Entrance and exit ramps will be realigned and widened to accommodate the new bridge, yet the interchange will retain its current configuration. New Signals will be installed at the ramp intersections. Ramp and bridge improvements will be constructed within the existing right of way.

#### **Key Considerations**



Design interface is required with the Eastbound Lane Addition from SR-241 to SR-71. SR-71/SR-91 Interchange Improvements, SR-91 Corridor Improvement Project, and SR-241/SR-91 HOV/HOT Connector.

#### **Current Status**



The project began construction in March 2007 and was completed in March 2009.

## Benefits |



The project will improve the level of service at ramp and local street intersections at the interchange. Improvements will reduce ramp gueues that extend into the freeway's general-purpose lanes, thus contributing to congestion relief on SR-91.

| Project Costs      | \$           |
|--------------------|--------------|
| Capital Cost       | \$21,000,000 |
| Support Cost       | \$3,000,000  |
| Right of Way Cost  | \$301,000    |
| Total Project Cost | \$24,301,000 |

| Project Schedule        | Status    |
|-------------------------|-----------|
| Preliminary Engineering | Completed |
| Environmental           | Completed |
| Design                  | Completed |
| Construction            | Completed |



GREEN RIVER BRIDGE CROSS-SECTION



## Eastbound Lane Addition from SR-241 to SR-71





## Project Description



The project will provide an additional eastbound (EB) lane from the SR-91/SR-241 interchange to the SR-71/SR-91 interchange and will widen all EB lanes and shoulders to standard widths.

### **Key Considerations**



Coordination with the SR-91 Corridor Improvement Projects will be required. Staged construction would be required for all ramp reconstruction and freeway widening. Freeway operations would most likely be affected by this project, however, freeway lane closures are not anticipated. An EB concrete shoulder will be constructed with a 12-foot width to provide for future widening.

## Benefits |

The lane addition would help alleviate the weaving condition between SR-241 and SR-71, as well as remove vehicles from the SR-91 mainline that would be exiting at Green River Road and SR-71.

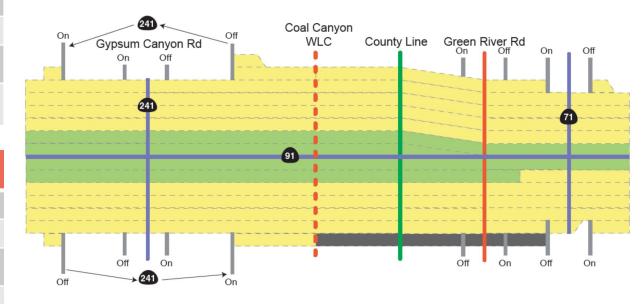
### **Current Status**



Funding is from the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) with \$71.44M approved, and the balance of project costs are from other sources. Construction began in late 2009 and was completed in September 2010.

| Project Costs      | \$           |
|--------------------|--------------|
| Capital Cost       | \$41,000,000 |
| Support Cost       | \$8,000,000  |
| Right of Way Cost  | \$2,200,000  |
| Total Project Cost | \$51,200,000 |

| Project Schedule        | Status    |
|-------------------------|-----------|
| Preliminary Engineering | Completed |
| Environmental           | Completed |
| Design                  | Completed |
| Construction            | Completed |





# North Main Street Corona Metrolink Station Parking Structure





## Project Description



The project provides a six level parking structure with 1,065 parking stalls. The construction is within the existing North Main Street Metrolink station property in Corona.

### Key Considerations



Proposed improvements were constructed within existing right of way. Currently there are 700 users of the facility, 200 more that were previously able to accommodate. Additionally RCTC has opened up the lot to park and ride carpools and vanpools and has issued over 120 permits for carpoolers to use the expanded station. This shows an added benefit of supporting carpooling as well as transit to offset congestion on SR-91.

## **Benefits**

Demand for parking currently exceeds the capacity at the North Main Street Corona station. New parking capacity will allow Metrolink ridership to increase thereby diverting vehicle trips from SR-91.

#### **Current Status**



Construction was initiated in January 2008 and was completed in June 2009. The Project was funded with Federal Congestion Management and Air Quality (CMAQ) funds.

| Project Costs      | \$           |
|--------------------|--------------|
| Capital Cost       | \$20,000,000 |
| Support Cost       | \$5,000,000  |
| Right of Way Cost  | \$0          |
| Total Project Cost | \$25,000,000 |

| Project Schedule        | Status    |
|-------------------------|-----------|
| Preliminary Engineering | Completed |
| Environmental           | Completed |
| Design                  | Completed |
| Construction            | Completed |





## SR-91 WB Lane at Tustin Avenue





## Project Description



The project will add a westbound (WB) auxiliary lane on SR-91 beginning at the northbound (NB) SR-55 to WB SR-91 connector through the Tustin Avenue interchange. This project includes approximately 1.1 lane miles.

## **Key Considerations**



Build alternative 3 was selected from the Project Study Report (PSR). On Westbound (WB) SR-91 Auxiliary Lane from the Northbound (NB) SR-55/WB SR-91 Connector to the Tustin Avenue Interchange and requires additional right-of-way. City of Anaheim utilities are within proximity of the proposed widening section. Widening of the Santa Ana River Bridge is required. Coordination with the City of Anaheim occurred for widening of Tustin Avenue and the WB SR-91 Off-Ramp that was completed early 2011.

## Benefits |

The project would reduce or eliminate operational problems and deficiencies on this section of WB SR-91 including weaving and merging maneuvers. This project would also address choke-point conditions, which are caused primarily by extensive weaving between the NB SR-55 to WB SR-91 connector and the WB SR-91 off-ramp to Tustin Avenue.

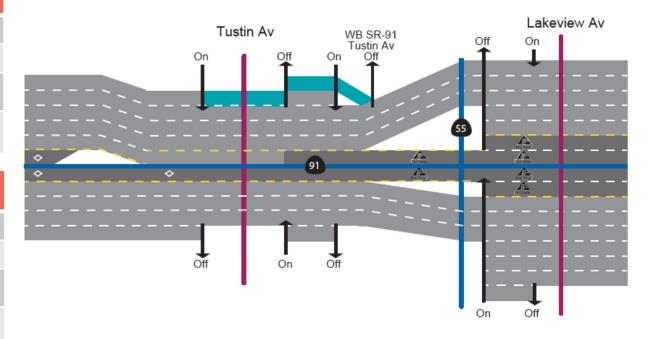
## **Current Status**



Preliminary engineering was completed and approved by Caltrans. The environmental phases was completed in November 2010, and design was completed mid-2013. Construction was initiated in February 2014. The project received \$14M from the proposition 1B State-Local Partnership Program (SLPP), \$14M from Measure M, with the balance from Regional Improvement Program (RIP) funds. Contract acceptance and open to traffic in May 2016.

| Project Costs      | \$           |
|--------------------|--------------|
| Capital Cost       | \$22,218,000 |
| Support Cost       | \$16,382,000 |
| Right of Way Cost  | \$4,682,000  |
| Total Project Cost | \$43,282,000 |

| Project Schedule        | Status    |
|-------------------------|-----------|
| Preliminary Engineering | Completed |
| Environmental           | Completed |
| Design                  | Completed |
| Construction            | Completed |





# **Metrolink Service Improvements**





## Project Description



There are sixteen daily trains that run on the IEOC Line and nine trains running on the Los Angeles to Riverside portion of 91/Perris Valley (91/PV) Line for a total of 25 daily trains. The Long-term service improvements will include 24 IEOC trains by 2030.

The Perris Valley portion of the 91 Line extends Metrolink service southeast by 25 miles, from Riverside to Perris. The project is located within the right of way of the existing San Jacinto Branch Line through Riverside, Moreno Valley and Perris. Construction began in October 2013. Cost approximately \$248 million, and the extension opened to the public in June 2016. The inaugural schedule (December 2015) includes nine trains through to Los Angeles and 12 between Perris and Riverside.

#### Key Considerations



Construction of the new Placentia Metrolink station will improve passenger access to the 91/PV Line, by creating a station between Fullerton and Corona. Improvements at the Anaheim Canyon station are designed to account for the future expansion of the IEOC rail service.

## Benefits |



Enables development of expanded Metrolink service, improved efficiency, and fosters train ridership growth in the region, which will contribute to congestion relief on SR-91.

### **Current Status**



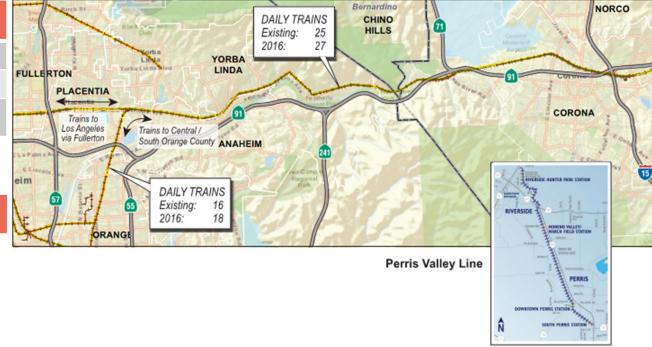
Two additional IEOC Line roundtrips were added in late 2015, and in Mid-2016, nine trains began service on the Perris Valley Extension to the 91/PV Line.

| Project Costs Estimates | \$            |
|-------------------------|---------------|
| IEOC Service Cost       | \$1,160,000   |
| Perris Valley Line Cost | \$248,000,000 |
| Right of Way Cost       | \$249,160,000 |

Costs from OCTA and RCTC (in 2015 dollars)

## **Project Schedule**

Completed 2016









# Project Description

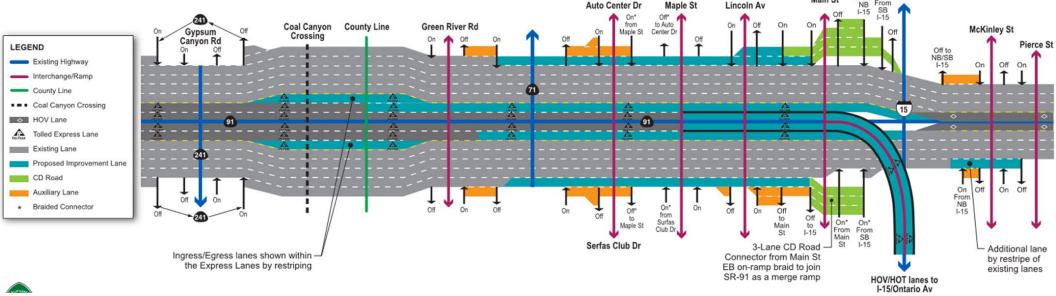


The approved Project Study Report (PSR) for the SR-91 Corridor Improvements Project (CIP), from SR-241 to Pierce Street, includes the addition of a 5th general purpose lane in each direction, the addition of auxiliary lanes at various locations, additional lanes at the SR-71/SR-91 interchange (Project #5), and collector-distributor (CD) lanes at the I-15/SR-91 interchange. Subsequently, the Riverside County Transportation Commission's (RCTC) 10 year Delivery Plan recommended the following addition to the PSR recommended improvements: the extension of the 91 Express Lanes from the Orange County line to I-15, the construction of SR-91 (EB/WB)/I-15 (SB/NB) Express Lanes median direct connectors, and the construction of one Express Lane in each direction from the I-15/SR-91 interchange southerly to I-15/Cajalco Road, and northerly to I-15/ Hidden Valley Parkway. An Express Lane ingress/egress lane is also planned near the county Line. Due to economic conditions, a Project Phasing Plan was developed to allow an Initial Phase with reduced improvements to move forward as scheduled, with the remaining ultimate improvements to be completed later. The following is a summary of the deferred ultimate improvements: I-15/SR-91 median North Direct Connector, and I-15 Express Lanes to Hidden Valley Parkway (Project #9): general purpose lanes to Express Lanes from I-15 to Pierce Street; and general purpose lanes from SR-241 to SR-71. The I-15 Express Lanes to be extended from Ontario Avenue to Cajalco Road are included in RCTC's I-15 Express Lane Project with an anticipated completion in 2020.

## **Key Considerations**



Coordination among many of the SR-91 freeway projects that overlap the project limits is critical to successfully delivering these projects on schedule and within budget. Designing to accommodate future projects is a recurring theme for each of these projects. Minimizing conflicts in scope between projects requires direct coordination between each project team. Additionally, future projects frequently have multiple alternatives under study, each with a differing scope and construction footprints. Specifically, the project improvements need to continue to be coordinated with the SR-71/SR-91 Interchange, the SR-241/91 Express Connector, and RCTC's I-15 Express Lane Project.









## (Continued)

## **Current Status**



The environmental phase was completed in Fall 2012. A Design-Build contractor was selected in May 2013 and construction activities began in early 2014 for the Initial Phase. The project is anticipated to open to traffic in Spring 2017 with final project acceptance anticipated at the end of 2017.

## Benefits |

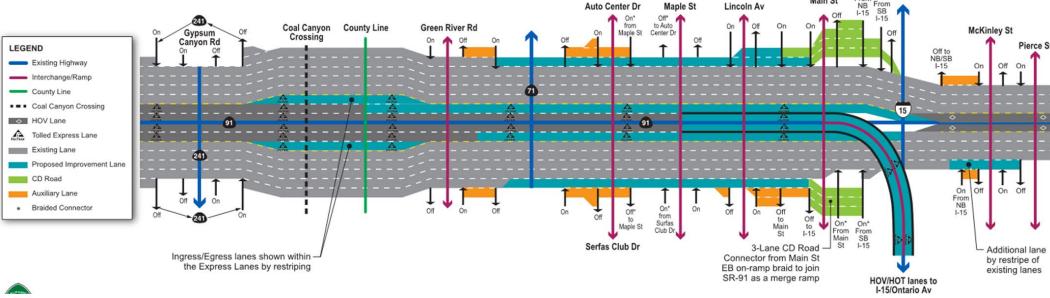


The Initial Phase and Ultimate CIP projects will reduce congestion and delays by providing additional SR-91 capacity from SR-241 to Pierce Street, along I-15 from SR-91 to Cajalco Road to the south, and to Hidden Valley Parkway to the North. Traffic operations will improve by eliminating or reducing weaving conflicts along SR-91 and I-15 by the use of CD roads and auxiliary lanes. The project will provide motorists a choice to use Express Lanes for a fee in exchange for time savings.

| Project Costs*     | \$              |
|--------------------|-----------------|
| Capital Cost       | \$1,161,000,000 |
| Support Cost       | \$246,000,000   |
| Total Project Cost | \$1,407,000,000 |

| Project Schedule**      | Status    |
|-------------------------|-----------|
| Preliminary Engineering | Completed |
| Environmental           | Completed |
| Design/Construction     | 2013-2017 |
|                         |           |

<sup>\*</sup> Cost obtained for Initial Phase is from RCTC (2014 dollars)





<sup>\*\*</sup> Schedule for Initial Phase; subsequent Phase for Ultimate Project anticipated in 2035

# **Express Bus Service**





## Project Description



Orange County Transportation Authority (OCTA), working with the Riverside County Transportation Commission (RCTC) and the Riverside Transit Agency (RTA), operate Express Bus service between Riverside and Orange counties. Commuters lack direct transit connections to some Orange County employment centers not served by Metrolink. The Express Bus service provides this connection.

## Existing Service



OCTA has operated Route 794 since 2006 from Riverside County to Hutton Centre and South Coast Metro (shown in orange above). On Route 794, OCTA removed trips to Corona in February 2018 based on low ridership. OCTA currently operates six morning westbound trips and five afternoon eastbound trips to/from the La Sierra Metrolink Station. Two new Express Bus routes were implemented by RTA in January 2018 between Riverside County and Orange County including RTA Route 200 (shown in blue above) from San Bernardino/Riverside to the Anaheim Resort. The route provides hourly service on weekdays and 90-120 minute service on weekends with a fleet of six buses. RTA Route 205 (shown in green above) from Lake Elsinore/Temecula/ Corona to the Village at Orange includes three AM and three PM roundtrips with 3 buses.

# New Service



The Express Bus Routes have been fully implemented as of FY19 and there are no planned service additions. Changes to routes may be made in the future based on available funding and ridership demand.

#### **Key Considerations**



Intercounty Express Bus service is effective between locations where transit travel times by Express Bus would be more competitive than Metrolink and connecting rail feeder buses.

#### Benefits



The Express Bus Routes have been fully implemented as of FY19 and there are no planned service additions. Changes to routes may be made in the future based on available funding and ridership demand.

## Schedule and Cost



The Express Bus Routes have been fully implemented as of FY19. Ongoing operating costs average \$4,892,000 per year and capital costs average \$1,174,000 per year (2019 dollars). The annual capital cost was increased in 2019 to reflect the future cost of complying with the new Innovative Clean Transit regulation.

#### **Current Status**



Since completion of the 91 Express Lanes, RTA more than doubled its Express Bus service on SR-91. Currently, OCTA operates 11 bus trips per day on SR-91. RTA now operates 47 trips on weekdays (up from 18 trips that Route 216 provided weekdays) and 18 trips on weekends (up from 8 trips provided by Route 216) on SR-91 Express Lanes. Service hours for this expansion is an extra 21,445 hours per year and is being served by five new coaches added to the RTA fleet.





# La Sierra Metrolink Parking Improvements





## Project Description



There are currently 1,000 spaces available. RCTC is implementing a parking lot expansion to include an additional 496 spaces and six bus bays to accommodate RTA Express Lane Service 200 that originates at Metrolink San Bernardino Transit Center with stops along Riverside Downtown Metrolink Station, Metrolink La Sierra, the Village at Orange, ARTIC, Disneyland, and Anaheim Convention Center, as well as other potential bus routes for the future.

# Schedule and Cost



Construction was completed in February 2019. The project cost is estimated to be \$6,260,000.

### **Current Status**



Construction and project implementation has begun.

## Benefits |



The 496 parking spaces will provide for existing and future demand. The parking lot expansion will provide for ADA parking. RTA express service, commuter rail, and vanpool.





# **SR-91 Corridor Operations Project**





## **Project Description**



The Riverside County portion of the 91 Express Lanes began operation in March 2017. Throughout the first year of operation, RCTC made minor operational improvements to improve the SR-91 corridor travel between State Route 241 (SR-241) and McKinley Street. In November 2018, RCTC implemented additional striping and signage improvements to westbound SR-91 at the McKinley entrance to the 91 Express Lanes as well as the County Line access location to further enhance efficiency along the westbound SR-91 corridor between McKinley Street and SR-241. In December 2018, **RCTC** Commission the authorized its staff to proceed with a project to construct an additional westbound lane along SR-91 between Green River Road and SR-241 (the subject of this project). This new project is now known as the SR-91 Corridor Operations Project (91 COP).

## **Key Considerations**



The goal of this project is to implement a substantial operational improvement that is cost effective and timely to address the peak period bottleneck conditions along westbound SR-91 near the County Line. Key considerations include reducing impacts to adjacent land and local streets using retaining walls and minimizing throw-away costs with future projects. Specifically, the project improvements need to be coordinated with the SR-241/SR-91 Tolled Express Connector and the SR-91 Sixth GP Lane Addition projects.

# Benefits I

The 91 COP will reduce congestion and delays along westbound SR-91 between McKinley Street and SR-241.

### Schedule and Cost

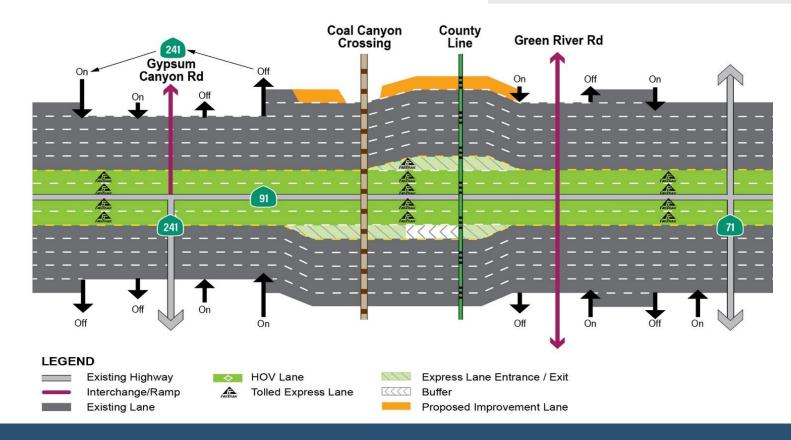


Construction is planned for completion in 2022. The total project cost is estimated to be \$38,000,000.

### **Current Status**



This project is within the footprint of the SR-91 Sixth GP Lane Addition project that was an element of the SR-91 CIP environmental document approved in 2012. environmental revalidation for the 91 COP completed in Spring 2020. Construction began in November 2020.



# **Anaheim Canyon Metrolink Station Improvements**





# Project Description



The Anaheim Canyon Metrolink Station Improvement Project will include the addition of approximately 3,400 linear feet of secondary track; a second platform; extending the existing platform; improvements at two at-grade railroad crossings located at Tustin and La Palma; as well as new shade structures, benches, and ticket vending machines. These project improvements will accommodate planned future train service and will enhance on time service and safety.

# Schedule and Cost

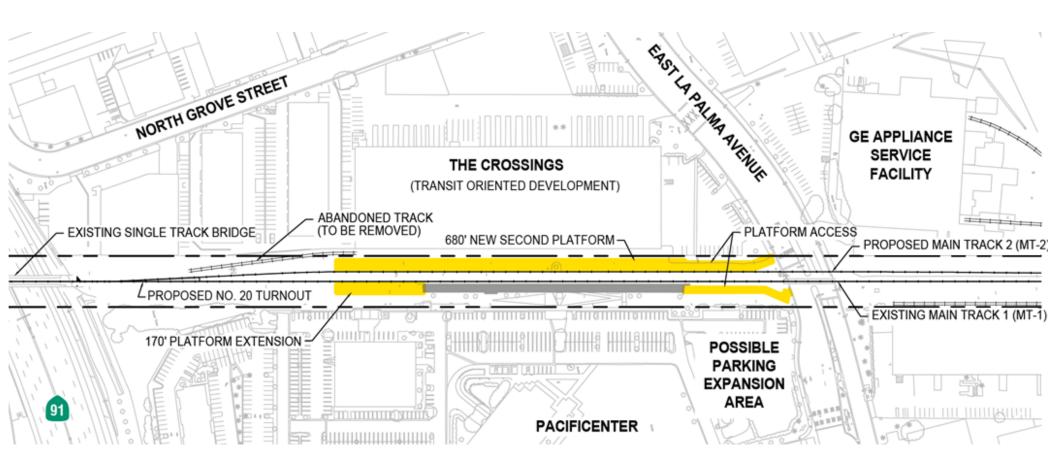


The plans were completed, and the project was advertised for bid in October 2020. Construction began in May 2021 and is anticipated to be completed in November 2022. The total project cost is estimated to be \$34.2 million.

## Benefits |



The project will enable future Metrolink service expansion, improve train service efficiency, and foster train ridership growth in the region, which will contribute to congestion relief on SR-91.





# **Appendix C - References**





The following documents and resources were used in the development of the Plan. Data was provided by OCTA, RCTC, Caltrans Districts 8 and 12, Transportation Corridor Agencies (TCA), other agencies, and online resources.

Measure M Next 10 Delivery Plan (Next 10 Plan), November 14, 2016

Riverside Transit Agency, Ten-Year Transit Network Plan, January 22, 2015

PSR-PDS on Route 91 Between SR-57 and SR-55, October 2014

PS&E for "Westbound State Route 91 Auxiliary Lane from the NB SR-55/WB SR-91 Connector to the Tustin Avenue Interchange", 2014

PS&E for Initial SR-91 CIP Project, 2014

California Transportation Commission, Corridor Mobility Improvement Account (CMIA), Amended December 2012

M2020 Plan (Measure M), September 2012

PSR-PDS for SR-241/SR-91 Tolled Express Connector, January 2012

Project Report and Environmental Document (EIR/EIS) for SR-91 CIP from SR-241 to Pierce Street Project, October 2012

PS&E "On State Route 91 Between the SR-91/SR-55 Interchange and the SR-91/SR-241 Interchange in Orange County", April 2011

Corridor System Management Plan (CSMP) Orange County SR-91 Corridor Final Report, August 2010

Project Study Report/Project Report "Right of Way Relinquishment on Westbound State Route 91 Between Weir Canyon Road and Coal Canyon", May 2010

SR-91/Fairmont Boulevard Feasibility Study, December 2009

Feasibility Evaluation Report for Irvine-Corona Expressway Tunnels, December 2009

Plans, Specifications and Estimates (PS&E) for Eastbound SR-91 lane addition from SR-241 to SR-71, May 2009

PSR "On State Route 91 Between the SR-91/SR-55 Interchange and the SR-91/SR-241 Interchange in Orange County", April 2009

91 Express Lanes Extension and State Route 241 Connector Feasibility Study, March 2009

PSR/PR "On Gypsum Canyon Road Between the Gypsum Canyon Road/SR-91 Westbound Off-Ramp (PM 16.4) and the Gypsum Canyon Road/SR-91 Eastbound Direct On-Ramp (PM 16.4)", June 2008

Orange County Transportation Authority Renewed Measure M Transportation Investment Plan, November 2006

Riverside County-Orange County Major Investment Study (MIS) - Final Project Report: Locally Preferred Strategy Report, January 2006

Route Concept Reports for SR-91, Caltrans Districts 8 and 12

Various Preliminary Drawings and Cross Sections, Caltrans Districts 8 and 12

