

MEETING AGENDA

Budget and Implementation Committee

Time: 9:30 a.m.

Date: November 25, 2019

Location: BOARD ROOM

County of Riverside Administration Center 4080 Lemon St, First Floor, Riverside CA 92501

COMMITTEE MEMBERS

Linda Krupa, **Chair** / Russ Brown, City of Hemet Lloyd White, **Vice Chair** / Julio Martinez, City of Beaumont Larry Smith / Linda Molina, City of Calimesa Randall Bonner / Jeremy Smith, City of Canyon Lake Raymond Gregory / Mark Carnevale, City of Cathedral City Steven Hernandez / Megan Beaman Jacinto, City of Coachella Scott Matas / Russell Betts, City of Desert Hot Springs

Bob Magee / Natasha Johnson, City of Lake Elsinore Lisa Middleton / Jon R. Roberts, City of Palm Springs Rusty Bailey, / Andy Melendrez, City of Riverside Michael Naggar / Maryann Edwards, City of Temecula Karen Spiegel, County of Riverside, District II Chuck Washington, County of Riverside, District III

STAFF

Anne Mayer, Executive Director Theresia Trevino, Chief Financial Officer

AREAS OF RESPONSIBILITY

Annual Budget Development and Oversight
Competitive Federal and State Grant Programs
Countywide Communications and Outreach Programs
Countywide Strategic Plan
Legislation
Public Communications and Outreach Programs
Short Range Transit Plans

RIVERSIDE COUNTY TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION BUDGET AND IMPLEMENTATION COMMITTEE

www.rctc.org

AGENDA*

*Actions may be taken on any item listed on the agenda 9:30 a.m. Monday, November 25, 2019

BOARD ROOM County of Riverside Administrative Center 4080 Lemon Street, First Floor Riverside, California

In compliance with the Brown Act and Government Code Section 54957.5, agenda materials distributed 72 hours prior to the meeting, which are public records relating to open session agenda items, will be available for inspection by members of the public prior to the meeting at the Commission office, 4080 Lemon Street, Third Floor, Riverside, CA, and on the Commission's website, www.rctc.org.

In compliance with the Americans with Disabilities Act, Government Code Section 54954.2, and the Federal Transit Administration Title VI, please contact the Clerk of the Board at (951) 787-7141 if special assistance is needed to participate in a Commission meeting, including accessibility and translation services. Assistance is provided free of charge. Notification of at least 48 hours prior to the meeting time will assist staff in assuring reasonable arrangements can be made to provide assistance at the meeting.

- 1. CALL TO ORDER
- 2. ROLL CALL
- 3. PLEDGE OF ALLEGIANCE
- 4. PUBLIC COMMENTS Each individual speaker is limited to speak three (3) continuous minutes or less. The Committee may, either at the direction of the Chair or by majority vote of the Committee, waive this three minute time limitation. Depending on the number of items on the Agenda and the number of speakers, the Chair may, at his/her discretion, reduce the time of each speaker to two (2) continuous minutes. Also, the Committee may terminate public comments if such comments become repetitious. In addition, the maximum time for public comment for any individual item or topic is thirty (30) minutes. Speakers may not yield their time to others without the consent of the Chair. Any written documents to be distributed or presented to the Committee shall be submitted to the Clerk of the Board. This policy applies to Public Comments and comments on Agenda Items.

Under the Brown Act, the Board should not take action on or discuss matters raised during public comment portion of the agenda which are not listed on the agenda. Board members may refer such matters to staff for factual information or to be placed on the subsequent agenda for consideration.

- 5. ADDITIONS/REVISIONS (The Committee may add an item to the Agenda after making a finding that there is a need to take immediate action on the item and that the item came to the attention of the Committee subsequent to the posting of the agenda. An action adding an item to the agenda requires 2/3 vote of the Committee. If there are less than 2/3 of the Committee members present, adding an item to the agenda requires a unanimous vote. Added items will be placed for discussion at the end of the agenda.)
- 6. APPROVAL OF MINUTES SEPTEMBER 23, 2019
- 7. CONSENT CALENDAR All matters on the Consent Calendar will be approved in a single motion unless a Commissioner(s) requests separate action on specific item(s). Items pulled from the Consent Calendar will be placed for discussion at the end of the agenda.

7A. QUARTERLY INVESTMENT REPORT

Page 1

Overview

This item is for the Committee to:

- 1) Receive and file the Quarterly Investment Report for the quarter ended September 30, 2019; and
- 2) Forward to the Commission for final action.

8. APPOINTMENT OF UNDERWRITERS FOR COMMISSION FINANCINGS

Page 87

Overview

This item is for the Committee to:

- 1) Approve the selection of the following firms to provide underwriting services to the Commission in connection with long-term debt financings for a three-year period, with an option to extend for an additional two one-year periods:
 - a) BofA Securities, Inc. (BofA);
 - b) Goldman Sachs & Co. LLC (Goldman Sachs);
 - c) J.P. Morgan Chase (J.P. Morgan);
 - d) Siebert Williams Shank & Co., LLC (Siebert); and
 - e) Wells Fargo Securities (Wells Fargo); and
- Forward to the Commission for final action.

9. COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE REQUEST FOR ADDITIONAL FUNDS FOR THE SALT CREEK TRAIL

Page 90

Overview

This item is for the Committee to:

- 1) Approve federal Congestion Mitigation and Air Quality (CMAQ) funds in the additional amount of \$594,203 for a total amount of \$5,684,203 to fully fund construction of the Salt Creek Trail project; and
- 2) Forward to the Commission for final action.

10. LONG RANGE TRANSPORTATION STUDY

Page 93

Overview

This item is for the Committee to:

- 1) Receive and file the Riverside County Long Range Transportation Study (LRTS); and
- 2) Forward to the Commission for final action.

11. TRANSIT AND INTERCITY RAIL CAPITAL PROGRAM MASTER AGREEMENT

Page 452

Overview

This item is for the Committee to:

- 1) Approve Agreement No. 20-25-017-00 with the California Department of Transportation (Caltrans) for implementing projects when the Commission is the lead agency for transit projects funded by the Transit and Intercity Rail Capital Program (TIRCP);
- 2) Adopt Resolution No. 19-018, "Resolution of The Riverside County Transportation Commission Regarding Authorization for The Execution of A Master Agreement and Program Supplements For The State-Funded Projects";
- 3) Authorize the Executive Director, pursuant to legal counsel review, to execute the agreement on behalf of the Commission; and
- 4) Forward to the Commission for final action.

12. BYLAWS OF THE CITIZENS AND SPECIALIZED TRANSIT ADVISORY COUNCIL

Page 512

Overview

This item is for the Committee to:

1) Approve the revised bylaws of the Citizens Advisory Committee/Social Service Transportation Council (CAC/SSTAC);

Budget and Implementation Committee November 25, 2019 Page 4

- 2) Rename the CAC/SSTAC to the Citizens and Specialized Transit Advisory Council (CSTAC); and
- 3) Forward to Commission for final action.

13. ITEM(S) PULLED FROM CONSENT CALENDAR AGENDA

14. COMMISSIONERS / STAFF REPORT

Overview

This item provides the opportunity for the Commissioners and staff to report on attended and upcoming meeting/conferences and issues related to Commission activities.

15. ADJOURNMENT

The next Budget and Implementation Committee meeting is scheduled to be held at **9:30 a.m., Monday, December 23, 2019,** Board Chambers, First Floor, County Administrative Center, 4080 Lemon Street, Riverside.

AGENDA ITEM 6 MINUTES

RIVERSIDE COUNTY TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION

BUDGET AND IMPLEMENTATION COMMITTEE

Monday, September 23, 2019

MINUTES

1. CALL TO ORDER

The meeting of the Budget and Implementation Committee was called to order by Chair Linda Krupa at 9:32 a.m., in the Board Room at the County of Riverside Administrative Center, 4080 Lemon Street, First Floor, Riverside, California, 92501.

2. ROLL CALL

Members/Alternates Present	Members Absent
Rusty Bailey	Steven Hernandez
Randall Bonner	Lisa Middleton
Raymond Gregory	Michael Naggar
Linda Krupa	Lloyd White
Bob Magee	
Scott Matas	
Larry Smith	
Karen Spiegel*	
Chuck Washington	
*Arrived after the meeting was called to orde	er

3. PLEDGE OF ALLEGIANCE

Commissioner Chuck Washington led the Budget and Implementation Committee in a flag salute.

4. PUBLIC COMMENTS

There were no requests to speak from the public.

5. APPROVAL OF MINUTES – AUGUST 26, 2019

M/S/C (Bailey/Smith) to approve the minutes of August 26, 2019 meeting as submitted.

6. ADDITIONS / REVISIONS

There were no additions or revisions to the agenda.

7. CONSENT CALENDAR - All matters on the Consent Calendar will be approved in a single motion unless a Commissioner(s) requests separate action on specific item(s). Items pulled from the Consent Calendar will be placed for discussion at the end of the agenda.

M/S/C (Gregory/Washington) to approve the following Consent Calendar item(s):

Abstain: Bonner

7A. QUARTERLY SALES TAX ANALYSIS

- 1) Receive and file the sales tax analysis for Quarter 1, 2019; and
- 2) Forward to the Commission for final action.

7B. QUARTERLY FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

- 1) Receive and file the Quarterly Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2019; and
- 2) Forward to the Commission for final action.

7C. QUARTERLY INVESTMENT REPORT

- 1) Receive and file the Quarterly Investment Report for the quarter ended June 30, 2019; and
- 2) Forward to the Commission for final action.

8. STATE AND FEDERAL LEGISLATIVE UPDATE

Jillian Guizado, Planning and Programming Manager, presented an update for the state and federal legislative activities.

Anne Mayer referred to SB 277 and stated that Senator Roth is a co-author of this bill and that the Riverside County Delegation was unanimous in its support for the bill. She explained in the Legislature it was 70-0 votes in favor of SB 277, full Riverside County Delegation voted in support of this bill, and the on the Senate side the vote was 37-1. The Commission hopes that the Governor will approve that bill and expressed appreciation to the Riverside County Delegation.

At this time, Commissioner Karen Spiegel joined the meeting.

- 1) Receive and file an update on state and federal legislation; and
- 2) Forward to the Commission for final action.

9. 2020 STATE TRANSPORTATION IMPROVEMENT PROGRAM ADOPTED FUND ESTIMATE AND PROJECT RECOMMENDATIONS

Shirley Medina, presented the 2020 State Transportation Improvement Program (STIP) adopted Fund Estimate and project recommendations, highlighting the following:

- 2020 STIP Adoption March 25, 2020 CTC meeting; Statewide new programming capacity - \$407 million; and Riverside County new programming capacity - \$21.274 million
- Lower STIP Fund Estimate:
 - SB 1 increased the incremental excise tax to 17.8 cents per gallon with annual adjustments for inflation beginning in FY 2020/21, which will stabilize revenues in future STIP cycles
 - Fuel efficiencies
 - Over programming and project advancements in 2018 STIP
- Table that demonstrates each STIP cycle and how much has been received since 2008
- 2020 STIP Fund Estimate for Riverside County
- 2020 STIP Programming Western Riverside County Project recommendation: 71/91 interchange, \$66,376,513
- Coachella Valley Recommendation \$4,472,007 upon approval of CVAG Executive Committee end of September
 - o 2 percent PPM \$425,480 proposed programming in FY 2022/23
 - 2018 STIP carryover project: I-15 French Valley interchange, \$47,600 programming in FY 2020/21
- Next steps: CTC 2020 STIP Adoption March 25, 2019; STIP submittal due date –
 December 15, 2019; and County's submit proposed STIP projects to SCAG –
 September 28, 2019

M/S/C (Washington/Smith) to:

- 1) Approve programming \$16,376,513 of 2020 State Transportation Improvement Program (STIP) Western Riverside County and Palo Verde Valley funding capacity and \$50 million made available from the STIP AB 3090 replacement placeholder for a total of \$66,376,513 to the State Route 71/State Route 91 (71/91) Direct Connector project, and forward to the California Transportation Commission (CTC);
- 2) Include programming \$4,472,007 of 2020 STIP Coachella Valley funding capacity based on the project recommendation by the Coachella Valley Association of Governments (CVAG) and forward to the CTC;

- 3) Include programming Planning, Programming, and Monitoring (PPM) funds (2 percent of STIP programming capacity) in the amount of \$425,480 in Fiscal Year 2022/23;
- 4) Submit the 2020 STIP submittal to CTC by the statutory deadline of December 15, 2019;
- 5) Forward the Riverside County 2020 STIP project recommendations to the Southern California Association of Governments (SCAG) to conduct regional performance measures analysis as required by the CTC STIP guidelines;
- Approve Agreement No. 07-71-028-03, Amendment No. 3 to Agreement No. 07-71-028-00, with the city of Blythe (Blythe) to trade \$89,649 of Palo Verde Valley STIP funds with Measure A Western Riverside County Highway funds to facilitate delivery of local arterial projects;
- 7) Authorize the Executive Director, pursuant to legal counsel review, to execute Agreement No. 07-71-028-03 on behalf of the Commission upon CTC adoption of the 2020 STIP in March 2020;
- 8) Authorize the Executive Director to seek and pursue competitive funding opportunities for the 71/91 Interchange project; and
- 9) Forward to the Commission for final action.

10. ITEM(S) PULLED FROM CONSENT CALENDAR AGENDA

There were no items pulled from the consent calendar.

11. COMMISSIONERS / EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR REPORT

11A. Anne Mayer announced on September 27 is the 2019 Mobility 21 Southern California Transportation Summit and several Commissioners will be attending. Chair Washington will be on a Chairman's Roundtable Panel on Friday morning.

12. ADJOURNMENT

There being no further business for consideration by the Budget and Implementation Committee, the meeting was adjourned at 9:48 a.m.

Respectfully submitted,

Lisa Mobley Clerk of the Board

AGENDA ITEM 7A

RIVI	ERSIDE COUNTY TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION
DATE:	November 25, 2019
TO:	Budget and Implementation Committee
FROM:	Megan Kavand, Senior Financial Analyst Michele Cisneros, Deputy Finance Director
THROUGH:	Theresia Trevino, Chief Financial Officer
SUBJECT:	Quarterly Investment Report

STAFF RECOMMENDATION:

This item is for the Committee to:

- 1) Receive and file the Quarterly Investment Report for the quarter ended September 30, 2019; and
- 2) Forward to the Commission for final action.

BACKGROUND INFORMATION:

Prior to Fiscal Year 2013/14, the Commission's quarterly investment reports reflected investments primarily concentrated in the Riverside County Pooled Investment Fund. Other investments included the state Local Agency Investment Fund and mutual funds. As a result of significant project financings such as the State Route 91 Corridor Improvement Project (91 Project or 91 CIP) and the Interstate 15 Express Lanes Project (I-15 ELP), the Commission determined it would be prudent to engage an investment manager for the bond proceeds and other required funds. Additionally, the Commission desired to engage an investment manager to provide investment advisory and management services related to the Commission's operating funds.

In May 2013, following a competitive procurement, the Commission awarded two investment management services agreements to Logan Circle Partners, L.P. (Logan) for the 91 Project's proceeds generated from the issuance of sales tax revenue bonds and toll revenue bonds and to Payden & Rygel Investment Management (Payden & Rygel) for Commission operating funds. At its April 2017 meeting and based on a competitive procurement, the Commission awarded an investment management services agreement to Logan related to the issuance of the sales tax revenue bonds for the I-15 ELP.

Commencing in July 2013, Logan invested the 91 Project debt proceeds and subsequent 91 Project equity contributions in separate accounts of the Short-Term Actively Managed Program (STAMP). Consistent with financing expectations, the Commission expended substantially all of the 91 Project debt proceeds and equity contributions, except for the toll

revenue bonds debt service reserve, and subsequent to commencement of operations, established other required accounts. The Commission authorized Payden & Rygel to make specific investments for the Commission's operating funds beginning with the third quarter of FY 2014/15. In July 2017, the I-15 ELP project and 91 Project completion financing (2017 Financing) was completed and sales tax bond proceeds were in accounts of a separate STAMP portfolio during the first quarter of FY 2017/18.

The quarterly investment report for the first quarter of FY 2019/20, as required by state law and Commission policy, reflects the investment activities resulting from the 91 Project, 2017 Financing, and available operating cash. The quarterly investment report includes the following information:

- Investment Portfolio Report;
- 91 CIP STAMP Portfolio by Investment Category;
- 91 CIP STAMP Portfolio by Account;
- 91 CIP STAMP Portfolio Transaction Report by Account;
- 91 CIP STAMP Portfolio Summary of investments by credit rating, industry group, asset class, security type, and market sector;
- 91 CIP STAMP Portfolio Toll Revenue Series A & Series B Reserve Fund Summary of investments by credit rating, industry group, asset class, security type, and market sector;
- 91 CIP STAMP Portfolio Residual Fund Required Retained Balance Summary of investments by credit rating, industry group, asset class, security type, and market sector;
- 91 CIP STAMP Portfolio TIFIA Reserve Fund Summary of investments by credit rating, industry group, asset class, security type, and market sector;
- 2017 Financing STAMP Portfolio by Investment Category;
- 2017 Financing STAMP Portfolio by Account;
- 2017 Financing STAMP Portfolio Transaction Report by Account;
- 2017 Financing STAMP Portfolio Summary of investments by credit rating, industry group, asset class, security type, and market sector;
- 2017 Financing STAMP Portfolio I-15 ELP Sales Tax Senior Lien TIFIA Project Fund Summary of investments by credit rating, industry group, asset class, security type, and market sector;
- 2017 Financing STAMP Portfolio Ramp Up Fund Summary of investments by credit rating, industry group, asset class, security type, and market sector;
- Logan Circle Partners, L.P. Short Duration Third Quarter 2019 Review;
- Payden & Rygel Operating Portfolio by Investment Category;
- Payden & Rygel Operating Portfolio Transaction Report;
- Payden & Rygel Operating Portfolio Third Quarter 2019 Review; and
- County of Riverside Investment Report for the Quarter Ended September 30, 2019.

The Commission's investments were in full compliance with the Commission's investment policy adopted on March 13, 2019, and investments securities permitted under the indenture for the

Commission's sales tax revenue bonds and the master indentures for the Commission's toll revenue bonds. Additionally, the Commission has adequate cash flows for the next six months.

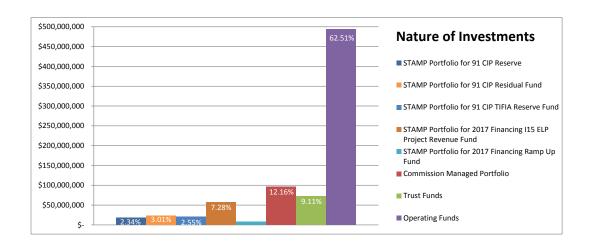
Attachments:

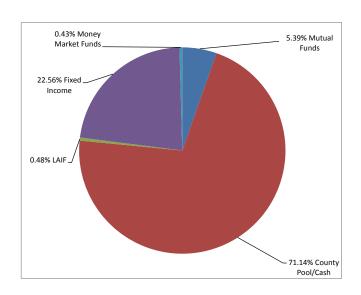
- 1) Investment Portfolio Report
- 2) 91 CIP STAMP Portfolio by Investment Category
- 3) 91 CIP STAMP Portfolio by Account
- 4) 91 CIP STAMP Portfolio Transaction Report by Account
- 5) 91 CIP STAMP Portfolio Summary of Investments
- 6) 91 CIP STAMP Portfolio Toll Revenue Series A & Series B Reserve Fund Summary of Investments
- 7) 91 CIP STAMP Portfolio Residual Fund Required Retained Balance Summary of Investments
- 8) 91 CIP STAMP Portfolio TIFIA Reserve Fund Summary of Investments
- 9) 2017 Financing STAMP Portfolio by Investment Category
- 10) 2017 Financing STAMP Portfolio by Account
- 11) 2017 Financing STAMP Portfolio Transaction Report by Account
- 12) 2017 Financing STAMP Portfolio Summary of Investments
- 13) 2017 Financing STAMP Portfolio I-15 ELP Sales Tax Senior Lien TIFIA Project Fund Summary of Investments
- 14) 2017 Financing STAMP Portfolio Ramp Up Fund Summary of Investments
- 15) Payden & Rygel Operating Portfolio by Investment Category
- 16) Payden & Rygel Operating Portfolio Transaction Report
- 17) Logan Circle Partners, L.P. Short Duration Quarterly Review
- 18) Payden & Rygel Operating Portfolio Quarterly Review
- 19) County of Riverside Investment Report

Riverside County Transportation Commission Investment Portfolio Report

Period Ended: September 30, 2019

	FAIR VALUE	RATING MOODYS / S&P	COUPON RATE	PAR VALUE	PURCHASE DATE	MATURITY DATE	YIELD TO MATURITY	PURCHASE COST	MARKET VALUE	UNREALIZED GAIN (LOSS)
OPERATING FUNDS City National Bank Deposits County Treasurer's Pooled Investment Fund Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) Subtotal Operating Funds	28,692,137 461,380,398 3,824,959 493,897,493	A3/BBB+ Aaa-bf/AAA-V1 N/A	N/A N/A N/A				N/A 2.22% N/A			
FUNDS HELD IN TRUST County Treasurer's Pooled Investment Fund: Local Transportation Fund Subtotal Funds Held in Trust	71,989,976 71,989,976	Aaa-bf/AAA-V1	N/A				2.22%			
COMMISSION MANAGED PORTFOLIO	50 404 000				0 " 1		7			
US Bank Payden & Rygel Operating First American Government Obligation Fund	53,461,309 42,621,783	N/A	N/A		See attacr	ned report for det	alis N/A			
Subtotal Commission Managed Portfolio	96,083,093	N/A	N/A				IN/A			
STAMP PORTFOLIO for 91 CIP										
Series A & Series B Reserve Fund	18,452,103					ned report for det				
Residual Fund Required Retained Balance	23,745,846					ned report for det				
TIFIA Reserve Fund	20,130,897				See attach	ned report for det	ails			
Subtotal STAMP Portfolio - 91 CIP	62,328,846									
STAMP PORTFOLIO for 2017 Financing										
Sales Tax I15 ELP Project Revenue Fund	57,519,699				See attach	ned report for det	ails			
Sales Tax Revenue Fund	-					ned report for det				
Ramp Up Fund	8,254,209				See attach	ned report for det	ails			
Subtotal STAMP Portfolio - 2017 Financing TOTAL All Cash and Investments	65,773,909 \$ 790,073,317									







											Base Net Total			
Source			Security Type		Final				Next Call		Unrealized			Summarized
Account	Account	Identifier		Issuer		Trade Date	Current Face Value		Date	Base Market Value				Credit Rating
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1 MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	3137EADB2 3137EADR7	Agency	Freddie Mac	01/13/2022 05/01/2020	05/15/2015	950,000.00	942,921.50 148 903 50		964,630.00 149,559.00	14,887.84 (307.41)	2.375	1.685	AAA AAA
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	3135G0D75	Agency Agency	Federal National Mortgage Association	06/22/2020	05/06/2015	600,000.00	593,490.00		598,326.00	(719.47)	1.500	1.887	AAA
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	3130AFFX0	Agency	Federal Home Loan Banks	11/16/2028	09/11/2019	185,000.00	205,766.25		206,164.00	504.61	3.250	1.880	AAA
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	3137EADB2	Agency	Freddie Mac	01/13/2022	06/06/2019	500,000.00	505,766.50		507,700.00	2,619.48	2.375	1.685	AAA
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	3137EADR7	Agency	Freddie Mac	05/01/2020	06/07/2019	175,000.00	173,909.75		174,485.50	201.43	1.375	1.881	AAA
256350018 256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	3135G0D75 3136G4TH6	Agency	Federal National Mortgage Association Federal National Mortgage Association	06/22/2020 01/30/2020	06/07/2019 06/13/2019	650,000.00 300,000.00	646,269.00 300,289.38		648,186.50 300,159,00	805.68 6.76	1.500	1.887	AAA AAA
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	3130AFFX0	Agency	Federal Home Loan Banks	11/16/2028	09/11/2019	200,000.00	222,450.00		222.880.00	545.53	3.250	1.880	AAA
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	38377REV3	Agency CMO	Government National Mortgage Association	10/20/2039	07/01/2019	80,246.45	81,838.84		81,905.94	112.26	3.500	2.351	AAA
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	38377RVK8	Agency CMO	Government National Mortgage Association	04/20/2039		96,801.84	98,733.12		98,052.52	21.63	3.000	2.461	AAA
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	3137ABFH9	Agency CMO	Freddie Mac	06/25/2021	07/22/2019	100,000.00	102,574.22		102,637.00	321.34	3.989	2.054	AAA
256350023 256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	3137AJMF8	Agency CMO	Freddie Mac	10/25/2021		52,024.86	53,425.42		52,768.81	68.72	2.968	2.084	AAA
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1 MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	38375XCM4 38376GB33	Agency CMO Agency CMO	Government National Mortgage Association Government National Mortgage Association	11/16/2037 10/16/2044	05/14/2019 01/23/2015	64,050.08 18,597.48	65,864.00 19,089,67		66,114.42 18.585.02	377.59 (21.21)	5.000 3.474	2.767	AAA AAA
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	3137ASNH3	Agency CMO	Freddie Mac	09/25/2021	07/03/2013	17,060.27	16,671.75		17.023.93	(0.36)	1.459	2.223	AAA
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	3137ATRW4	Agency CMO	Freddie Mac	05/25/2022		282,110.00	278,085.13		284,567.18	5,282.71	2.373	1.961	AAA
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	3137AUPE3	Agency CMO	Freddie Mac	06/25/2022		150,000.00	151,611.80		151,440.00	709.88	2.396	1.963	AAA
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	38377RSZ9	Agency CMO	Government National Mortgage Association	06/16/2039		32,788.02	33,817.20		33,148.36	(30.03)	4.500	2.173	AAA
256350023 256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	3136A72D3	Agency CMO	Federal National Mortgage Association	04/25/2022	07/03/2013	259,368.58	246,400.15		262,237.19	6,202.80	2.482	1.824	AAA
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1 MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	3136A5KR6 3137AXHP1	Agency CMO Agency CMO	Federal National Mortgage Association Freddie Mac	10/25/2022 09/25/2022	01/25/2019 09/29/2017	64,508.37 140,000.00	63,621.38 142,089.06		64,210.99 142,273.60	439.10 1,105.63	1.750 2.573	2.115	AAA AAA
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	38378B7F0	Agency CMO	Government National Mortgage Association	12/16/2042	09/29/2017	450,000.00	427,324.22		447,277.50	10,026.56	2.273	2.399	AAA
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	38378CRT6	Agency CMO	Government National Mortgage Association	10/20/2040	05/22/2014	44,082.12	42,566.80		44,069.34	1,237.27	2.000	1.984	AAA
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	38378HXH4	Agency CMO	Government National Mortgage Association	09/16/2027	03/08/2019	15,734.42	15,259.75		15,445.22	157.73	1.250	2.067	AAA
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	38377JZ89	Agency CMO	Government National Mortgage Association	10/20/2039	07/05/2013	42,075.87	43,362.80		43,452.59	452.91	3.500	1.984	AAA
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	38378TAF7	Agency CMO	Government National Mortgage Association	07/20/2041	07/05/2013	110,626.18	110,642.85		111,682.66	1,108.05	2.500 4.500	2.128	AAA
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1 MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	3137B4HD1 38376GY53	Agency CMO Agency CMO	Freddie Mac Government National Mortgage Association	12/15/2042 01/16/2040	03/20/2019 08/06/2019	40,195.99 63,186.07	41,514.93 63,385.99		42,109.32 63,514.00	588.18 163.26	3.526	2.202	AAA AAA
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	38377LQT8	Agency CMO	Government National Mortgage Association	12/20/2037	08/00/2019	1,127.66	1,128.06		1,126.55	(1.11)	3.000	1.919	AAA
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	31398QTP2	Agency CMO	Freddie Mac	05/15/2038	06/26/2018	45,832.37	46,729.33		46,238.91	194.93	4.500	2.577	AAA
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	3137A5FP4	Agency CMO	Freddie Mac	01/15/2021		78,280.96	78,289.81		78,529.89	281.27	2.500	2.070	AAA
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	38376T5Z1	Agency CMO	Government National Mortgage Association	01/16/2039	01/26/2015	66,309.90	69,277.27		67,778.00	(465.09)	3.000	2.041	AAA
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	38376WA62	Agency CMO	Government National Mortgage Association	10/20/2039		183,972.19	188,600.19		190,195.97	841.79	4.000	2.922	AAA
256350023 256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1 MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	38375CBH2 38377QKH9	Agency CMO Agency CMO	Government National Mortgage Association Government National Mortgage Association	03/16/2035 08/20/2040	03/19/2019 08/20/2019	14,449.57 51,014.26	14,361.51 51,940.88		14,426.16 52,085.55	16.88 135.31	1.250	2.364	AAA AAA
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	38380AZ34	Agency CMO	Government National Mortgage Association	04/20/2046	11/28/2016	129,838.26	133,474.75		133,994.39	991.54	3.000	2.388	AAA
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	38378CDK0	Agency CMO	Government National Mortgage Association	03/20/2035	03/16/2018	12,469.96	12,528.41		12,504.25	16.68	3.000	2.171	AAA
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	38378AWX5	Agency CMO	Government National Mortgage Association	01/20/2036	03/28/2018	60,440.82	60,766.63		60,805.28	202.02	3.000	2.140	AAA
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	38378DDC6	Agency CMO	Government National Mortgage Association	04/20/2038	06/20/2018	71,461.31	71,944.23		71,692.85	33.80	3.500	2.540	AAA
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	38379HLE3	Agency CMO	Government National Mortgage Association	05/20/2043	10/18/2018	98,296.94	98,158.71		101,040.40	2,884.73	3.500 2.250	2.167	AAA
256350023 256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1 MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	38378VC45 38377JM59	Agency CMO Agency CMO	Government National Mortgage Association Government National Mortgage Association	12/16/2041 10/20/2039	11/23/2018 11/21/2018	139,338.98 74,681.96	134,309.72 72,814.90		139,136.93 74,563.21	4,607.26 1,603.82	2.500	2.525	AAA AAA
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	3137B5A60	Agency CMO	Freddie Mac	10/15/2028	03/20/2019	23,515.84	23,251.29		23,652.70	389.08	2.500	2.177	AAA
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	3136ADFF1	Agency CMO	Federal National Mortgage Association	04/25/2023	06/10/2019	128,213.03	126,369.97		126,946.28	500.41	1.500	2.194	AAA
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	38379JM99	Agency CMO	Government National Mortgage Association	02/16/2041	08/28/2019	54,183.13	54,532.36		54,907.01	379.64	2.500	1.812	AAA
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	3137A1N90	Agency CMO	Freddie Mac	06/25/2020	06/26/2018	63,881.49	64,465.41		64,262.86	284.80	3.531	2.174	AAA
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	38377REV3	Agency CMO	Government National Mortgage Association	10/20/2039 06/25/2021	07/01/2019	171,956.67	175,368.93		175,512.73	240.57	3.500	2.351	AAA
256350021 256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	3137ABFH9 31394GUX9	Agency CMO Agency CMO	Freddie Mac Freddie Mac	08/15/2023	03/15/2019 07/02/2019	206,000.00 31,824.29	209,846.41 33,176.82		211,432.22 33,412.64	2,518.71 298.83	3.989 5.500	2.054	AAA AAA
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	3137APP53	Agency CMO	Freddie Mac	10/25/2020	05/18/2018	1,683.65	1,662.94		1,680.57	2.81	1.781	2.223	AAA
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	38378BXQ7	Agency CMO	Government National Mortgage Association	01/16/2036	06/17/2019	180,301.49	178,498.47		178,868.09	(66.88)	1.537	3.096	AAA
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund		Agency CMO	Federal National Mortgage Association	06/25/2023	10/10/2018	138,053.44	140,836.08		141,166.55	1,265.76	4.500	2.107	AAA
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	3137ATRW4	Agency CMO	Freddie Mac	05/25/2022	08/19/2019	100,000.00	101,109.38		100,871.00	(187.33)	2.373	1.961	AAA
256350021 256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund		Agency CMO	Federal National Mortgage Association Federal National Mortgage Association	04/25/2022 10/25/2022	07/26/2019 01/25/2019	36,114.60 99,094.19	36,325.97 97,731.64		36,514.03 98,637.36	180.02 674.52	2.482 1.750	1.824 2.115	AAA AAA
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund		Agency CMO Agency CMO	Freddie Mac	10/25/2022	08/13/2019	360,000.00	367,790.63		367,196.40	(263.29)	2.682	1.934	AAA
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund		Agency CMO	Freddie Mac	09/15/2022	06/03/2019	30,358.89	29,827.60		30,458.46	590.16	1.500	1.273	AAA
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund		Agency CMO	Freddie Mac	10/15/2022	08/15/2019	162,560.24	160,883.83		161,965.26	1,049.97	1.500	1.703	AAA
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund		Agency CMO	Freddie Mac	08/15/2020	01/17/2018	3,380.35	3,369.26		3,372.78	(2.32)	2.000	2.639	AAA
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	3137A5FP4	Agency CMO	Freddie Mac	01/15/2021	01/30/2018	27,983.91	28,053.87		28,072.90	63.96	2.500	2.070	AAA
256350021 256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	38375CBH2	Agency CMO	Government National Mortgage Association	03/16/2035	03/19/2019	25,348.79	25,194.33		25,307.73	29.60	1.250 3.000	2.364	AAA
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	38378CDK0 38378AWX5	Agency CMO Agency CMO	Government National Mortgage Association Government National Mortgage Association	03/20/2035	01/30/2018	22,445.93 20,146.94	22,652.85 20,342.11		22,507.65 20,268.43	(10.45)	3.000	2.171	AAA AAA
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	31358TPC7	Agency CMO	Federal National Mortgage Association	02/25/2023	02/11/2019	98,513.03	98,815.69		98,813.49	218.17	2.868	2.647	AAA
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	38374C4J7	Agency CMO	Government National Mortgage Association	07/20/2020	06/14/2019	71,389.49	72,237.25		72,211.90	172.13	5.500	1.826	AAA
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	38376PRM4	Agency CMO	Government National Mortgage Association	05/20/2038	06/18/2019	36,548.90	36,731.64		36,787.93	84.80	4.000	2.282	AAA
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	38377REV3	Agency CMO	Government National Mortgage Association	10/20/2039	07/01/2019	85,978.34	87,684.47		87,756.37	120.28	3.500	2.351	AAA
256350018 256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	3137A6B27	Agency CMO	Freddie Mac Freddie Mac	10/25/2020 08/25/2020	06/27/2019	248,008.62 219.325.01	253,472.55		252,460.37 221,577.48	75.83 461.31	4.333 3.808	2.084	AAA
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	3137A2B26 3137ABFH9	Agency CMO Agency CMO	Freddie Mac Freddie Mac	08/25/2020 06/25/202 1	00/13/2019	149,000.00	221,929.49 152,765.01		152,929.13	726.47	3.808	2.243	AAA AAA
230330018	MINI-KCIC 31 HFIA RESERVE	JIJIADENS	Agency CIVIO	I reduce IVIAC	6		149,000.00	132,703.01		132,929.13	/20.4/	3.707	2.034	AAA



Source			Soowity Type		Final				Next Call		Base Net Total			Summarizad
Source Account	Account	Identifier	Security Type Category	Issuer	Final Maturity	Trade Date	Current Face Value	Original Cost	Date	Base Market Value	Unrealized Gain/Loss	Coupon	Yield	Summarized Credit Rating
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	3137AH6C7	Agency CMO	Freddie Mac	07/25/2021	06/07/2019	337,679.59	343,654.94		342,407.10	(363.48)	3.230	2.260	AAA
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	38376V2E6	Agency CMO	Government National Mortgage Association	07/16/2039			129,529.74		130,665.56	1,196.18	4.000	1.665	AAA
256350018 256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	3137AJMF8 38378BSZ3	Agency CMO Agency CMO	Freddie Mac Government National Mortgage Association	10/25/2021 04/16/2040	06/07/2019 06/25/2019	331,067.26 251,778.86	336,291.92 250,362.61		335,801.52 250,779.30	282.64 291.97	2.968 2.141	2.084	AAA AAA
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	38378BXQ7	Agency CMO	Government National Mortgage Association	01/16/2036		243,407.01	240,972.94		241,471.92	(90.30)	1.537	3.096	AAA
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	3137ATRW4	Agency CMO	Freddie Mac	05/25/2022		300,000.00	302,496.09		302,613.00	373.98	2.373	1.961	AAA
256350018 256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	3137AUPE3 3136A5KR6	Agency CMO	Freddie Mac	06/25/2022 10/25/2022	06/28/2019 06/10/2019	200,000.00 194,302.33	201,773.44 192,845.06		201,920.00	321.33 437.01	2.396 1.750	1.963 2.115	AAA
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	3136A5KR6 3137AXHP1	Agency CMO Agency CMO	Federal National Mortgage Association Freddie Mac	09/25/2022	06/10/2019	194,302.33	192,845.06		193,406.59	437.01 392.44	2,573	1.941	AAA AAA
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	3137B1UG5	Agency CMO	Freddie Mac	01/25/2023	0.01-01-01-7		204,101.56		203,880.00	103.72	2.637	1.955	AAA
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	38378TAF7	Agency CMO	Government National Mortgage Association	07/20/2041	07/05/2019		120,069.74		120,989.54	930.29	2.500	2.128	AAA
256350018 256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	3136AGFQ0 3137B6DF5	Agency CMO Agency CMO	Federal National Mortgage Association Freddie Mac	12/25/2038 11/15/2026			186,887.00 186,260.90		187,040.71 188,728.54	242.05 2,413.45	3.500 2.000	2.466 1.847	AAA AAA
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	38376GY53	Agency CMO	Government National Mortgage Association	01/16/2040		70,016.99	70,238.53		70.380.38	180.90	3,526	2.465	AAA
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	3137BDKF2	Agency CMO	Freddie Mac	09/15/2040		76,152.70	77,748.55		78,269.74	559.62	3.500	2.017	AAA
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	38377YTL4	Agency CMO	Government National Mortgage Association	05/20/2040			216,291.72		216,400.65	104.04	2.000	2.419	AAA
256350018 256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	38377QKH9 38378BCG2	Agency CMO Agency CMO	Government National Mortgage Association Government National Mortgage Association	08/20/2040 03/16/2037	08/20/2019 06/25/2019	55,041.69 65,874.90	56,041.47 65,463.18		56,197.56 65,602.84	145.98 311.16	3.000 2.105	2.258	AAA
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	38378WUY7	Agency CMO	Government National Mortgage Association Government National Mortgage Association	06/20/2041	06/23/2019		181,558.51		182,299,47	754.01	2.500	2.096	AAA AAA
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	38378CNY9	Agency CMO	Government National Mortgage Association	11/20/2038	06/25/2019	200,000.00	202,593.75		202,130.00	20.29	3.500	2.534	AAA
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	31397ALN1	Agency CMO	Freddie Mac	04/15/2032		190,544.63	190,425.55		190,603.70	264.48	2.378	2.355	AAA
256350018 256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	3136ADFF1 3137AS7D0	Agency CMO	Federal National Mortgage Association Freddie Mac	04/25/2023		135,754.97 197,536.20	133,803.49 196,054.68		134,413.71 197,449.28	529.84 1,362.78	1.500 2.000	2.194 1.987	AAA AAA
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	3137B3HX9	Agency CMO Agency CMO	Freddie Mac	07/15/2039	06/20/2019	101,165.62	190,054.08		197,449.28	823.91	2.478	2.230	AAA
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	3136AGZA3	Agency CMO	Federal National Mortgage Association	09/25/2030	06/25/2019	31,534.57	31,745.21		31,883.97	148.95	3.000	2.257	AAA
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	38379JM99	Agency CMO	Government National Mortgage Association	02/16/2041	08/28/2019	58,351.06	58,727.15		59,130.63	408.85	2.500	1.812	AAA
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	31381PEB0	Agency MBS	Federal National Mortgage Association	11/01/2020	09/26/2014	247,264.94	260,362.26		249,168.88	76.43	3.370	2.310	AAA
256350023 256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1 MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	3138NJAE8 31381N7G2	Agency MBS Agency MBS	Federal National Mortgage Association Federal National Mortgage Association	12/01/2020 10/01/2020	09/13/2018 09/25/2018	17,773.76 17,910.95	17,979.27 17,976.72		17,757.23 18,013.04	(163.20)	3.630 3.270	3.779 2.369	AAA AAA
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	31381SVJ8	Agency MBS	Federal National Mortgage Association	11/01/2021	02/22/2019		106,801.70		108,661.42	2,039.20	3,330	2.128	AAA
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	31417YKF3	Agency MBS	Federal National Mortgage Association	01/01/2030		126,087.58	132,133.91		135,184.80	3,742.55	4.500	2.165	AAA
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	36202F2H8	Agency MBS	Government National Mortgage Association	01/20/2027		143,521.14	147,929.02		147,370.38	354.94	3.000	1.884	AAA
256350023 256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1 MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	31381R5T7 3136AC7J4	Agency MBS Agency MBS	Federal National Mortgage Association Federal National Mortgage Association	09/01/2021 03/25/2023	08/29/2018 02/21/2018		132,747.27 47.995.70		133,868.80 49,772.70	2,220.75 1,521.64	3.770 2.605	2.119 1.880	AAA AAA
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	3138L33G8	Agency MBS	Federal National Mortgage Association	06/01/2020			99,875.00		99,707.00	(141.93)	2.010	2.238	AAA
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	3137B1U75	Agency MBS	Freddie Mac	01/25/2023			394,917.97		384,643.60	(2,142.18)	2.522	1.997	AAA
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	38378KWU9	Agency MBS	Government National Mortgage Association	11/16/2041		158,063.15	150,196.20		154,805.47	2,305.22	1.400	2.388	AAA
256350023 256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	38378KXW4	Agency MBS	Government National Mortgage Association Freddie Mac	02/16/2037	12/11/2014 07/31/2019	100,381.64 360,000.00	99,895.42		99,430.02 365,432.40	(764.57) 2,257.96	1.705 2.510	2.464 1.950	AAA AAA
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1 MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	3137B1BS0 3138L1W62	Agency MBS Agency MBS	Federal National Mortgage Association	11/25/2022 12/01/2022			363,360.94 163,684.02		164,171.01	409.86	2.500	2.567	AAA
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	3138EKXL4	Agency MBS	Federal National Mortgage Association	03/01/2023		255,888.06	252,250.74		258,853.80	5,030.06	2.353	1.915	AAA
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	3136AHAE0	Agency MBS	Federal National Mortgage Association	04/25/2023	10/28/2016		113,699.82		113,799.71	951.26	2.707	1.331	AAA
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	38378B6A2	Agency MBS	Government National Mortgage Association	11/16/2052	01/22/2015	112,395.85	108,852.74		110,645.85	113.09	1.826	2.335	AAA
256350023 256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1 MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	3136A7MN9 38378KSL4	Agency MBS Agency MBS	Federal National Mortgage Association Government National Mortgage Association	05/25/2022 12/16/2046	08/29/2016	287,465.86 425,000.00	295,685.59 415,829.11		289,935.19 430,979.75	(738.12) 12,167.44	2.349	1.876 2.606	AAA AAA
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	31381Q6B7	Agency MBS	Federal National Mortgage Association	06/01/2021	07/15/2016		200,883.67		187,477.84	(519.76)	4.295	2.032	AAA
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	38378KRS0	Agency MBS	Government National Mortgage Association	07/16/2043		450,000.00	434,460.94		450,373.50	8,138.92	2.389	2.345	AAA
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	38378XP62	Agency MBS	Government National Mortgage Association	05/16/2055			259,306.86		257,218.31	(1,498.64)	2.500	2.391	AAA
256350023 256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1 MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	38379KDN5 31381T4E7	Agency MBS Agency MBS	Government National Mortgage Association Federal National Mortgage Association	09/16/2055 03/01/2022	08/05/2015 10/25/2016	138,439.67 256,449.34	134,902.96 267,939.49		138,313.69 261,126.98	1,241.91 (210.05)	2.138 2.670	2.468	AAA AAA
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	3138EJPZ5	Agency MBS	Federal National Mortgage Association	07/01/2022	08/29/2016	198,405.16	210,735.73		203,045.86	(2,169.26)	3.022	1.910	AAA
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	3620ARB67	Agency MBS	Government National Mortgage Association	05/15/2025		109,858.38	113,857.91		114,273.59	564.86	4.000	1.944	AAA
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	3137FBAJ5	Agency MBS	Freddie Mac	08/25/2027	06/26/2019	200,000.00	211,593.75		216,298.00	5,039.19	3.281	2.137	AAA
256350023 256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1 MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	3138LFGP7 3137F4D41	Agency MBS Agency MBS	Federal National Mortgage Association Freddie Mac	10/01/2028 01/25/2028	08/07/2019 04/01/2019	275,000.00 35,000.00	284,356.45 36,714.84		283,096.00 38,665.55	(1,118.38) 2,039.79	2.550 3.600	2.207	AAA AAA
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	31381QB54	Agency MBS	Federal National Mortgage Association	03/01/2021	11/07/2018	129,481.44	132,162.12		132,510.02	1,485.28	4.410	2.194	AAA
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	3137FNAD2	Agency MBS	Freddie Mac	11/25/2028	08/01/2019	134,874.69	137,566.52		140,137.50	2,624.41	2.631	1.970	AAA
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	31416BVR6	Agency MBS	Federal National Mortgage Association	12/01/2020			13,827.49		13,948.66	331.50	5.000 3.840	-4.692	AAA
256350021 256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	31381RLL6 31381SVJ8	Agency MBS Agency MBS	Federal National Mortgage Association Federal National Mortgage Association	07/01/2021 11/01/2021	11/02/2018 02/22/2019		53,254.78 85,441.35		53,795.60 86,929.13	811.43 1,631.36	3.840	2.027	AAA AAA
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	3128MMPP2	Agency MBS	Freddie Mac	03/01/2027	05/10/2019		229,431.78		232,843.44	3,405.45	2.500	2.098	AAA
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	3128MMPY3	Agency MBS	Freddie Mac	06/01/2027	05/10/2019	211,517.30	210,591.91		213,736.12	3,125.06	2.500	2.103	AAA
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	3137B2GW4	Agency MBS	Freddie Mac	03/25/2020	06/29/2018		91,317.94		91,822.03	139.50	2.313	2.136	AAA
256350021 256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	3137APP61 38378KW47	Agency MBS Agency MBS	Freddie Mac Government National Mortgage Association	01/25/2022 08/16/2035	09/06/2019	15,000.00 118,848.71	15,244.92 118,180.18		15,192.60 118,425.61	(45.30) 127.67	2.789 2.150	2.067	AAA AAA
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	3138L1W62	Agency MBS	Federal National Mortgage Association	12/01/2022	02/21/2019	125,917.77	125,170.13		125,542.53	313.42	2.500	2.567	AAA
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	3138EKXL4	Agency MBS	Federal National Mortgage Association	03/01/2023	08/21/2019	55,327.15	55,949.58		55,968.39	42.03	2.353	1.915	AAA
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	31381RZ23	Agency MBS	Federal National Mortgage Association	08/01/2021	11/02/2018	60,517.77	61,416.08		62,043.43	920.93	3.840	2.129	AAA
256350021 256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	3137AXHN6 3136AMM48	Agency MBS	Freddie Mac Federal National Mortgage Association	02/25/2022 07/25/2022	01/25/2018 08/01/2019	24,409.92 353,246,70	24,074.29 355,233,71		24,345.24 356,669.66	152.77	1.749 2.509	1.877	AAA
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	3136AMM48 3137AWQG3	Agency MBS Agency MBS	Frederal National Mortgage Association Freddie Mac	04/25/2022		353,246.70 48.375.91	355,233.71 47,476,42		48.109.84	386.90	1.583	1.976	AAA AAA
250550021	Ito ro 2013 Residual Fullu	2.27.1.1. Q03	gene, 1120		0 112012022		10,575.71	,		10,107.04	555.76	1.505	1.720	



									N C. II		Base Net Total			a
Source Account	Account	Identifier	Security Type Category	Issuer	Final Maturity	Trade Date	Current Face Value	Original Cost	Next Call Date	Base Market Value	Unrealized Gain/Loss	Coupon	Vield	Summarized Credit Rating
256350021		31397UPF0	Agency MBS	Federal National Mortgage Association	06/25/2021	03/15/2019	150,092.08	152,249.65		152,736.70	1,033.45	3.763	1.969	AAA
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	3137B1UF7	Agency MBS	Freddie Mac	09/25/2022	01/25/2018	14,283.35	14,073.57		14,259.36	117.44	1.785	1.827	AAA
256350021 256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	3620ARB67 31418CQM9	Agency MBS Agency MBS	Government National Mortgage Association Federal National Mortgage Association	05/15/2025 10/01/2027	06/10/2019 09/11/2019	71,957.23 60,052.01	74,576.93 61,581.47		74,849.20 61,484.25	369.98 (101.42)	4.000 3.000	1.944 2.122	AAA AAA
256350021			Agency MBS	Federal National Mortgage Association	08/01/2031	07/26/2019	212,125.44	213,550.65		214,231.84	675.83	2.500	2.133	AAA
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	3138L2GH4	Agency MBS	Federal National Mortgage Association	07/01/2021		125,307.97	122,654.63		125,212.73	1,770.10	1.870	1.854	AAA
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	31381QB54 3138L8H23	Agency MBS	Federal National Mortgage Association	03/01/2021	11/07/2018 05/02/2019	99,269.11 68.303.62	101,324.30 68.090.24		101,591.02 68.195.70	1,138.72 102.15	4.410 2.730	2.251	AAA
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	3620AFYR2	Agency MBS Agency MBS	Federal National Mortgage Association Government National Mortgage Association	12/01/2021	05/02/2019	104,521.85	107,922.90		108,691.23	832.37	4.000	1.877	AAA AAA
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	36297GCD0	Agency MBS	Government National Mortgage Association	02/15/2025	06/12/2019	105,129.59	109,552.44		108,351.82	(932.55)	4.500	2.877	AAA
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	31381SVJ8	Agency MBS	Federal National Mortgage Association	11/01/2021	07/22/2019	85,016.28	86,464.21		86,929.14	593.34	3.330	2.128	AAA
256350018 256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	3138EJRP5 31381R5T7	Agency MBS	Federal National Mortgage Association	06/01/2021	06/18/2019	150,846.32 101.000.00	155,396.82 103,840.63		155,435.07 104.005.76	808.66 538.37	4.356 3.770	1.961	AAA
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	3137B1U75	Agency MBS Agency MBS	Federal National Mortgage Association Freddie Mac	09/01/2021 01/25/2023	06/20/2019 06/27/2019	375,000.00	378,618.16		379,582.50	1,313.61	2.522	2.119	AAA AAA
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	38378KWU9	Agency MBS	Government National Mortgage Association	11/16/2041		96,993.30	92,739.18		94,994.27	2,083.66	1.400	2.388	AAA
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	38378KW47	Agency MBS	Government National Mortgage Association	08/16/2035	06/13/2019	307,521.03	305,791.23		306,426.26	330.35	2.150	2.512	AAA
256350018 256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	3137B1BS0 3138EKXL4	Agency MBS	Freddie Mac	03/01/2023	08/21/2019	645,000.00 51.869.20	652,086.14 52,452.73		654,733.05 52.470.37	3,129.85	2.510	1.950	AAA
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	3136AHAE0	Agency MBS Agency MBS	Federal National Mortgage Association Federal National Mortgage Association	03/01/2023	06/28/2019	133,123.43	134,352.16		136,113.38	1,937.18	2.353	1.915	AAA AAA
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	3136A7MN9	Agency MBS	Federal National Mortgage Association	05/25/2022	08/22/2019	158,106.21	159,384.66		159,464.35	135.23	2.349	1.876	AAA
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	3137AWQG3	Agency MBS	Freddie Mac	04/25/2022	06/07/2019	309,605.82	306,171.12		307,902.98	1,447.24	1.583	1.928	AAA
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	31397UPF0	Agency MBS	Federal National Mortgage Association	06/25/2021	06/10/2019	300,184.15	305,109.05		305,473.39	1,213.55	3.763	1.969	AAA
256350018 256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	31381Q6B7 3137BM6P6	Agency MBS Agency MBS	Federal National Mortgage Association Freddie Mac	06/01/2021	07/01/2019	181,129.26 200.000.00	186,711.72 205,437,50		187,477.84 204.542.00	1,506.95 (424.00)	4.295 3.090	2.032	AAA AAA
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	3138EJPZ5	Agency MBS	Federal National Mortgage Association	07/01/2022	07/22/2019	223,205.81	227,277.57		228.426.59	62.54	3.022	1.910	
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	3137BSRZ8	Agency MBS	Freddie Mac	09/25/2022	06/28/2019	183,972.07	187,601.21		187,829.97	225.71	2.838	1.945	AAA
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	3138L2QG5	Agency MBS	Federal National Mortgage Association	01/01/2028	09/09/2019	264,602.19	280,778.08		280,213.72	(496.36)	3.010	2.223	AAA
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	3620ARB67	Agency MBS	Government National Mortgage Association Government National Mortgage Association	05/15/2025	06/10/2019	219,716.76	227,715.83		228,547.18	1,129.71	4.000	1.944	AAA
256350018 256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	38378NWU3 3137FBAJ5	Agency MBS Agency MBS	Freddie Mac	06/16/2048 08/25/2027	06/27/2019 06/26/2019	165,513.73 200,000.00	167,841.27 211,593.75		169,985.91 216,298.00	2,000.74 5,039.19	2.542 3.281	2.358	AAA AAA
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	3138LFGP7	Agency MBS	Federal National Mortgage Association	10/01/2028	08/07/2019	300,000.00	310,207.03		308,832.00	(1,220.04)	2.550	2.207	AAA
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	3620C4SU5	Agency MBS	Government National Mortgage Association	09/15/2025	06/12/2019	99,977.95	103,676.35		103,996.06	412.38	4.000	2.107	AAA
256350018 256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	3137F4D41	Agency MBS	Freddie Mac Freddie Mac	01/25/2028	06/27/2019 06/28/2019	150,000.00 190,000.00	163,248.05		165,709.50 198.285.90	2,817.88	3.600 2.920	2.194 1.946	AAA
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	3137F4CY6 3137FGZN8	Agency MBS Agency MBS	Freddie Mac	09/25/2024 02/25/2023	06/28/2019	269,041.88	195,907.81 268,915.77		268,985.38	2,662.38 292.84	2.424	2.312	AAA AAA
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	3137BP4K2	Agency MBS	Freddie Mac	03/25/2026	09/09/2019	200,000.00	210,125.00		209,302.00	(743.80)	2.849	2.060	AAA
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	3620A9T35	Agency MBS	Government National Mortgage Association	11/15/2024	06/13/2019	176,185.08	181,924.86		183,207.82	1,288.38	4.000	1.850	AAA
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	3137FL6P4	Agency MBS	Freddie Mac	01/25/2029	09/09/2019	275,000.00	307,108.40		305,637.75	(1,303.64)	3.563	2.215	AAA
256350018 256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	31419AM53 3137FNAD2	Agency MBS Agency MBS	Federal National Mortgage Association Freddie Mac	08/01/2024 11/25/2028	06/28/2019 08/01/2019	119,294.27 149,860.76	123,693.24 152,851.68		123,449.29 155,708.33	97.18 2,916.01	5.500 2.631	2.327 1.970	AAA AAA
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	3138LFP51	Agency MBS	Federal National Mortgage Association	10/01/2028	09/09/2019	200,000.00	207,601.56		205,838.00	(1,715.56)	2.570	2.224	AAA
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	87165LBB6	Asset Backed	Synchrony Credit Card Master Note Trust 2016-2	05/17/2021	08/02/2019	160,000.00	160,387.50		160,531.20	176.35	2.210	2.011	AAA
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	02587AAJ3	Asset Backed	American Express Credit Account Master Trust	02/18/2020		221,000.00	218,887.00		220,825.41	479.86	1.930	2.147	AAA
256350021 256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	43814TAD4 05584PAD9	Asset Backed Asset Backed	Honda Auto Receivables 2007-1 Owner Trust BMW Vehicle Lease Trust 2017-2	06/21/2023 02/20/2020	10/11/2018	200,000.00 99,958,92	196,375.00 99.060.85		199,990.00 99,950.92	2,201.72 183.44	2.050	2.062	AAA AAA
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	65478HAD0	Asset Backed	NAROT 17-C	04/18/2022	09/25/2018	70.000.00	68.908.98		70.016.80	504.06	2.120	2.099	AAA
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	17305EGK5	Asset Backed	Citibank Credit Card Issuance Trust	01/20/2023	07/19/2019	100,000.00	100,625.00		100,736.00	189.81	2.490	1.915	AAA
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	65478DAD9	Asset Backed	Nissan Auto Receivables 2018-A Owner Trust	05/16/2022	06/29/2018	85,000.00	84,561.72		85,402.05	594.80	2.650	2.156	AAA
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	38013FAD3	Asset Backed	GM Financial Consumer Automobile Receivables Trust 2018-4	10/16/2023	07/24/2019	75,000.00	76,374.02		76,327.50	80.94	3.210	2.174	AAA
256350021 256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	47789JAB2 31680YAB3	Asset Backed Asset Backed	John Deere Owner Trust 2019 Fifth Third Auto Trust 2019-1	10/15/2021 05/16/2022	03/05/2019 04/30/2019	105,000.00 155,000.00	104,995.21 154,991.46		105,484.05 155,601.40	486.59 606.84	2.850 2.660	2.108	AAA AAA
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	65478LAB5	Asset Backed	Nissan Auto Lease Trust 2019-B	10/15/2021	07/16/2019	80,000.00	79,993.00		80,126.40	131.94	2.270	2.016	AAA
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	477870AB5	Asset Backed	John Deere Owner Trust 2019-B	05/16/2022	07/16/2019	90,000.00	89,999.66		90,207.00	207.12	2.280	2.046	AAA
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	14315PAB1	Asset Backed	Carmax Auto Owner Trust 2019-3	12/15/2022	07/24/2019	120,000.00	119,994.61		120,254.40	259.14	2.210	2.028	AAA
256350021 256350023	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	26209AAE1 62888VAA6	Asset Backed CMO	Drive Auto Receivables Trust 2019-4 NCUA Guaranteed Notes Trust 2010-R1	01/16/2024 10/07/2020	09/09/2019	80,000.00 88,599.16	79,989.10 88,630.32		79,900.00 88,637.26	(89.26) 19.52	2.230 2.679	2.299	AA AAA
256350023	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	62888VAA6	CMO	NCUA Guaranteed Notes Trust 2010-R1 NCUA Guaranteed Notes Trust 2010-R1	10/07/2020	05/10/2019	0.01	0.01		0.01	0.00	2.679	2.551	AAA
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	62888UAB6	CMO	NCUA Guaranteed Notes Trust 2010-R2	11/05/2020	03/15/2019	162,007.24	162,247.73		162,263.21	94.44	2.699	2.112	AAA
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	62888VAA6	CMO	NCUA Guaranteed Notes Trust 2010-R1	10/07/2020	06/24/2019	21,846.37	21,836.13		21,855.76	17.52	2.679	2.551	AAA
256350021 256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	38141EA58	Corporate Corporate	The Goldman Sachs Group, Inc.	03/15/2020 07/01/2020		200,000.00	208,651.00		202,876.00 205,330.00	670.34 1,863.13	5.375 5.625	2.201	A
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	06051GEC9 61747WAF6	Corporate	Bank of America Corporation Morgan Stanley	01/25/2021		200,000.00	207,806.00 213,237.00		205,330.00	1,863.13	5.750	2.035	A A
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	637432MU6	Corporate	National Rural Utilities Cooperative Finance Corporation	06/15/2020	06/21/2019	200,000.00	199,972.00	05/15/2020	200,314.00	334.13	2.350	2.095	A
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	254010AC5	Corporate	Dignity Health	11/01/2019	03/15/2018	24,000.00	23,897.52		24,000.48	5.88	2.637	2.586	BBB
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	40428HPN6	Corporate	HSBC USA Inc.	11/13/2019	06/29/2018	100,000.00	99,140.00	01/01/2020	100,022.00	96.64	2.375	2.171	A
256350021 256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	084659AB7 06051GFN4	Corporate	Berkshire Hathaway Energy Company Bank of America Corporation	02/01/2020	04/22/2019 01/25/2018	250,000.00 100,000.00	249,475.00 99,537.00	01/01/2020	250,185.00 100,107.00	411.71 224.15	2.400	2.097	Α Δ
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	05531FAU7	Corporate Corporate	Bank of America Corporation BB&T Corporation	04/21/2020	04/15/2019	250,000.00	249,642.50	05/29/2020	250,882.50	1,101.68	2.625	2.035	A A
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	94974BGM6	Corporate	Wells Fargo & Company	07/22/2020	04/15/2019	200,000.00	199,590.00		200,944.00	1,204.33	2.600	2.009	A
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	375558BB8	Corporate	Gilead Sciences, Inc.	09/01/2020		135,000.00	133,439.10		135,650.70	1,395.17	2.550	2.017	A
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	780082AC7	Corporate	Royal Bank of Canada	10/14/2026		200,000.00	196,622.00		200,130.00	1,747.96	2.100	2.036	AAA
					J								_	



											Base Net Total			
Source			Security Type		Final				Next Call		Unrealized			Summarized
Account	Account	Identifier	Category	Issuer		Trade Date	Current Face Value	Original Cost	Date	Base Market Value		Coupon	Yield	Credit Rating
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	06416CAC2	Corporate	The Bank of Nova Scotia	04/26/2021		200,000.00	194,126.00		199,970.00	3,324.82	1.875	1.884	AAA
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	06406FAB9	Corporate	The Bank of New York Mellon Corporation	05/03/2021	10/11/2018	200,000.00	193,708.00	04/03/2021	200,150.00	4,132.28	2.050	1.999	A
256350021 256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	172967LC3 06367TPX2	Corporate Corporate	Citigroup Inc. Bank of Montreal	12/08/2021 12/12/2019		450,000.00 200,000.00	449,617.50 197,898.00	11/08/2021	456,637.50 200,016.00	6,949.52 336.66	2.900	2.179	A AA
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	86787EAS6	Corporate	SunTrust Bank	01/31/2020	01/25/2018	100,000.00	100,644.00	12/31/2019	100,116.00	32.40	2.786	2.251	AA
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	69353RFC7	Corporate	PNC Bank, National Association	05/19/2020	10/10/2018	250,000.00	245,222.50	04/19/2020	249,910.00	1,823.01	2.000	2.056	A
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	55279HAN0	Corporate	Manufacturers & Traders Trust Company	08/17/2020	10/11/2018	250,000.00	244,707.50	07/17/2020	250,152.50	2,713.41	2.050	1.972	A
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	31677QBK4	Corporate	Fifth Third Bank	10/30/2020	06/21/2019	200,000.00	199,810.00	09/30/2020	200,374.00	525.12	2.200	2.010	A
256350021 256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	17401QAN1 69353RFH6	Corporate Corporate	Citizens Bank, National Association PNC Bank, National Association	10/30/2020 01/22/2021	04/15/2019 04/22/2019	250,000.00 250,000.00	247,950.00 249,005.00	12/22/2020	250,535.00 251,562.50	1,982.86 2,307.99	2.250	2.033 1.982	A A
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	90331HNP4	Corporate	U.S. Bank National Association	04/26/2021	10/11/2018	250,000.00	249,395.00	03/26/2021	254,082.50	4,461.98	3.150	2.031	AA
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	69371RP34	Corporate	PACCAR Financial Corp.	05/10/2021	04/30/2019	200,000.00	200,250.00		200,116.00	(82.58)	2.441	2.337	A
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	14913Q2X6	Corporate	Caterpillar Financial Services Corporation	05/17/2021	05/14/2019	120,000.00	120,000.00		120,274.80	274.80	2.514	2.357	A
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	86787EBD8	Corporate	SunTrust Bank	05/17/2022	05/14/2019	50,000.00	50,000.00	04/17/2022	50,125.50	125.50	2.714	2.596	A
256350021 256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	025816CE7 05531FBJ1	Corporate	American Express Company	05/20/2022 03/16/2023	05/15/2019 09/09/2019	100,000.00 165,000.00	100,000.00 164,877.90	04/19/2022	100,320.00 164,902.65	320.00 23.36	2.756	2.599	A A
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	23337UX79	Corporate CP	BB&T Corporation DTE Gas Company	10/07/2019	09/09/2019	425,000.00	424,202.18	02/13/2023	424.859.75	23.30	0.000	1.697	AA
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	50000EX33	CP	Koch Industries, Inc.	10/03/2019	09/09/2019	375,000.00	374,490.00		374,958.75	1.25	0.000	1.320	AAA
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	69372BXU9	CP	PACCAR Financial Corp.	10/28/2019	09/25/2019	425,000.00	424,220.83		424,371.00	8.50	0.000	1.903	AAA
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	21687BXM8	CP	Coöperatieve Rabobank U.A., New York Branch	10/21/2019	09/25/2019	425,000.00	424,389.18		424,536.75	6.61	0.000	1.869	AAA
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	93884FX98	CP	Washington Gas Light Company	10/09/2019	09/25/2019	425,000.00	424,652.92		424,813.00	11.33	0.000	1.760	AAA
256350021 256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	53154MXH2 21201CX43	CP CP	Liberty Utilities Co. Continental Rubber of America, Corp.	10/17/2019	09/26/2019 09/27/2019	475,000.00 475,000.00	474,368.25 474,796.80		474,582.00 474,924.00	63.33 11.09	0.000	1.864	AA AA
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	23336KXQ0	CP	DTE Electric Company	10/24/2019	09/27/2019	400,000.00	399,400.00		399,496.00	7.11	0.000	1.890	AAA
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	CCYUSD	Currency	UNITED STATES OF AMERICA	09/30/2019		0.00	(199,798.78)		(199,798.78)	0.00	0.000	0.000	AAA
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	CCYUSD	Currency	UNITED STATES OF AMERICA	09/30/2019		0.00	(0.00)		(0.00)	0.00	0.000	0.000	AAA
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	CCYUSD	Currency	UNITED STATES OF AMERICA	09/30/2019		0.00	(651,917.62)		(651,917.62)	0.00	0.000	0.000	AAA
256350018 256350023	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	CCYUSD 31846V401	Currency MM Fund	UNITED STATES OF AMERICA	09/30/2019 09/30/2019		0.00	248,509,29		(224,772.81) 248,509.29	0.00	0.000 1.520	0.000	AAA AAA
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1 MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	31846V401 31846V401	MM Fund MM Fund	First American Funds, Inc Government Obligations Fund First American Funds, Inc Government Obligations Fund	09/30/2019		0.00	712,819.77		712,819.77	0.00	1.520	1.520	AAA
256350021	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	31846V401	MM Fund	First American Funds, Inc Government Obligations Fund	09/30/2019		0.00	281,048.25		281,048.25	0.00	1.520	1.520	AAA
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	072024WW8	Muni	Bay Area Toll Authority	04/01/2022	09/20/2019	95,000.00	95,000.00		95,186.20	186.20	2.128	2.047	AA
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	4581X0CZ9	Non-US Gov	Inter-American Development Bank	09/14/2022	09/30/2019	650,000.00	652,067.00		651,917.50	(149.50)	1.750	1.647	AAA
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	459058GK3	Non-US Gov	International Bank for Reconstruction and Development	08/21/2020		315,000.00	315,116.40		315,163.80	103.72	2.040	2.013	AAA
256350023 256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1 MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	912828SA9 912828UH1	TIPS TIPS	United States Department of The Treasury United States Department of The Treasury	01/15/2022 01/15/2023	02/05/2018	470,414.95 194,510.75	472,717.60 192,012.67		465,720.21 192,814.62	(5,879.32)	0.125	0.563	AAA AAA
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	912828V49	TIPS	United States Department of The Treasury United States Department of The Treasury	01/15/2023	02/03/2018	297,385.20	296,042.35		300,457.19	4,089.70	0.123	0.391	AAA
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	9128285W6	TIPS	United States Department of The Treasury	01/15/2029		254,015.00	269,274.49		269,393.07	351.80	0.875	0.216	AAA
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	9128286N5	TIPS	United States Department of The Treasury	04/15/2024		269,568.60	273,933.38		272,795.34	(1,016.49)	0.500	0.235	AAA
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	912828SA9	TIPS	United States Department of The Treasury	01/15/2022	06/29/2018	204,035.40	200,689.42		201,999.13	131.81	0.125	0.563	AAA
256350021 256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	912828UH1 9128286N5	TIPS TIPS	United States Department of The Treasury United States Department of The Treasury	01/15/2023 04/15/2024		100,034.10 417,068.40	98,163.78 424,444.11		99,161.80 422,060.71	461.30 (2,194.78)	0.125	0.391	AAA AAA
256350021	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	912828UH1	TIPS	United States Department of The Treasury United States Department of The Treasury	01/15/2023	06/06/2019	666,894.00	662.811.45		661,078.68	(2,194.78)	0.300	0.233	AAA
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	912828V49	TIPS	United States Department of The Treasury	01/15/2027	06/25/2019	308,006.10	310,401.25		311,187.80	868.75	0.375	0.232	AAA
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	9128285W6	TIPS	United States Department of The Treasury	01/15/2029		264,175.60	279,038.60		280,168.79	1,441.53	0.875	0.216	AAA
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	9128286N5	TIPS	United States Department of The Treasury	04/15/2024	08/01/2019	294,999.60	299,221.13		298,530.75	(550.99)	0.500	0.235	AAA
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	912828B58	US Gov	United States Department of The Treasury	01/31/2021	04/19/2017	1,375,000.00	1,405,890.24		1,381,283.75	(1,951.86)	2.125	1.776	AAA
256350023 256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1 MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	912828G38 912828XB1	US Gov US Gov	United States Department of The Treasury United States Department of The Treasury	05/15/2024 05/15/2025	04/18/2017	1,350,000.00 1,125,000.00	1,369,037.11 1,143,342.78		1,394,145.00 1,156,815.00	30,942.76 21,154.09	2.250	1.583	AAA AAA
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	912828L57	US Gov	United States Department of The Treasury United States Department of The Treasury	09/30/2022		1,400,000.00	1,386,564.45		1,406,944.00	14,660.03	1.750	1.580	AAA
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	912828L99	US Gov	United States Department of The Treasury	10/31/2020		210,000.00	208,983.98		209,031.90	(631.86)	1.375	1.806	AAA
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	912828Y53	US Gov	United States Department of The Treasury	07/31/2020	09/30/2019	200,000.00	199,805.08		199,798.00	(7.08)	1.957	2.110	AAA
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	912828UF5	US Gov	United States Department of The Treasury	12/31/2019		970,000.00	955,677.54		968,030.90	1,374.73	1.125	1.935	AAA
256350021 256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	912828VA5 912828VV9	US Gov US Gov	United States Department of The Treasury United States Department of The Treasury	04/30/2020		925,000.00	901,532.23 1.047,463.28		921,059.50 1.062,607.60	4,523.43 8,481.78	1.125 2.125	1.861	AAA AAA
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	912828B58	US Gov	United States Department of The Treasury United States Department of The Treasury	01/31/2021		550,000.00	541,754.30		552,513.50	7,135.98	2.125	1.776	AAA
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	912828L57	US Gov	United States Department of The Treasury	09/30/2022		1,320,000.00	1,326,527.35		1,326,547.20	(829.83)	1.750	1.580	AAA
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	912828Y53	US Gov	United States Department of The Treasury	07/31/2020		1,400,000.00	1,399,880.28		1,398,586.00	(1,310.76)	1.957	2.110	AAA
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	9128285H9	US Gov	United States Department of The Treasury	10/31/2020	06/06/2015	800,000.00	799,675.60		798,736.00	(1,058.85)	1.959	2.140	AAA
256350018 256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	912828B58 912828XB1	US Gov US Gov	United States Department of The Treasury	01/31/2021	06/26/2019 09/11/2019	1,500,000.00 450,000.00	1,506,269.53 462,076.17		1,506,855.00 462,726.00	1,597.53 748.20	2.125 2.125	1.776	AAA AAA
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	912828AB1 912828L57	US Gov	United States Department of The Treasury United States Department of The Treasury	05/15/2025 09/30/2022	09/11/2019	1,000,000.00	1,006,210.94		1,004,960.00	(1,150.52)	1.750	1.580	AAA
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	912828L99	US Gov	United States Department of The Treasury	10/31/2020	06/25/2019	1,300,000.00	1,292,179.69		1,294,007.00	316.39	1.375	1.806	AAA
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	912828Y53	US Gov	United States Department of The Treasury	07/31/2020	09/30/2019	225,000.00	224,780.71		224,772.75	(7.96)	1.957	2.110	AAA
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	658886DZ6	VRDN	North Dakota Housing Finance Agency	07/01/2038	06/29/2018	100,000.00	100,000.00		100,000.00	0.00	2.050	2.050	AA
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	56052FHZ1	VRDN	Maine State Housing Authority	11/15/2052	06/29/2018	100,000.00	100,000.00	10/30/2019	100,000.00	0.00	2.100	2.100	AA
							61,494,742,63	62,263,223,77		62,328,846,39	297,195.03			
							01,777,772.03	04,403,443.77		02,320,040.39	491,193.03			



Source			Security Type				Current Face		Next Call		Base Net Total			Summarized
Account	Account	Identifier	Category	Issuer	Final Maturity	Trade Date	Value	Original Cost	Date Ba		Unrealized Gain/Loss	Coupon	Yield	Credit Rating
256350018 256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	3137EADB2 3137EADR7	Agency Agency	Freddie Mac Freddie Mac	01/13/2022 05/01/2020	06/06/2019 06/07/2019	500,000.00 175,000.00	505,766.50 173,909.75		507,700.00 174,485.50	2,619.48 201.43	2.375 1.375	1.685	AAA
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	3135G0D75	Agency	Federal National Mortgage Association	06/22/2020	06/07/2019	650,000.00	646,269.00		648,186.50	805.68	1.500	1.887	AAA
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	3136G4TH6	Agency	Federal National Mortgage Association	01/30/2020	06/13/2019	300,000.00	300,289.38		300,159.00	6.76	1.980	1.862	AAA
256350018 256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	3130AFFX0 38374C4J7	Agency	Federal Home Loan Banks	11/16/2028 07/20/2020	09/11/2019 06/14/2019	200,000.00 71,389.49	222,450.00 72,237.25		222,880.00 72,211.90	545.53 172.13	3.250 5.500	1.880	AAA
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	38376PRM4	Agency CMO Agency CMO	Government National Mortgage Association Government National Mortgage Association	05/20/2038	06/18/2019	36,548.90	36,731.64		36,787.93	84.80	4,000	2.282	AAA
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	38377REV3	Agency CMO	Government National Mortgage Association	10/20/2039	07/01/2019	85,978.34	87,684.47		87,756.37	120.28	3.500	2.351	AAA
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	3137A6B27	Agency CMO	Freddie Mac	10/25/2020	06/27/2019	248,008.62	253,472.55		252,460.37	75.83	4.333	2.084	AAA
256350018 256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	3137A2B26	Agency CMO	Freddie Mac	08/25/2020	06/13/2019	219,325.01	221,929.49		221,577.48	461.31	3.808	2.243	AAA
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	3137ABFH9 3137AH6C7	Agency CMO Agency CMO	Freddie Mac Freddie Mac	06/25/2021 07/25/2021	06/07/2019	149,000.00 337,679.59	152,765.01 343,654.94		152,929.13 342,407.10	726.47 (363.48)	3.989 3.230	2.054	AAA
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	38376V2E6	Agency CMO	Government National Mortgage Association	07/16/2039	08/06/2019	124,473.02	129,529.74		130,665.56	1,196.18	4.000	1.665	AAA
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	3137AJMF8	Agency CMO	Freddie Mac	10/25/2021	06/07/2019	331,067.26	336,291.92		335,801.52	282.64	2.968	2.084	AAA
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	38378BSZ3	Agency CMO	Government National Mortgage Association	04/16/2040	06/25/2019	251,778.86	250,362.61		250,779.30	291.97	2.141	2.361	AAA
256350018 256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	38378BXQ7 3137ATRW4	Agency CMO Agency CMO	Government National Mortgage Association Freddie Mac	01/16/2036 05/25/2022	06/17/2019 06/28/2019	243,407.01 300,000.00	240,972.94 302,496.09		241,471.92 302,613.00	(90.30) 373.98	1.537 2.373	3.096 1.961	AAA AAA
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	3137ATRW4	Agency CMO	Freddie Mac	06/25/2022	06/28/2019	200,000.00	201,773.44		201,920.00	321.33	2.396	1.963	AAA
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	3136A5KR6	Agency CMO	Federal National Mortgage Association	10/25/2022	06/10/2019	194,302.33	192,845.06		193,406.59	437.01	1.750	2.115	AAA
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	3137AXHP1	Agency CMO	Freddie Mac	09/25/2022	06/28/2019	150,000.00	152,232.42		152,436.00	392.44	2.573	1.941	AAA
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	3137B1UG5 38378TAF7	Agency CMO Agency CMO	Freddie Mac Government National Mortgage Association	01/25/2023 07/20/2041	06/25/2019 07/05/2019	200,000.00 119,845.02	204,101.56		203,880.00 120,989.54	103.72 930.29	2.637 2.500	1.955 2.128	AAA AAA
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	3136AGFQ0	Agency CMO	Federal National Mortgage Association	12/25/2038	06/18/2019	184,558.40	186,887.00		187,040.71	242.05	3.500	2.466	AAA
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	3137B6DF5	Agency CMO	Freddie Mac	11/15/2026	06/18/2019	188,216.59	186,260.90		188,728.54	2,413.45	2.000	1.847	AAA
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	38376GY53	Agency CMO	Government National Mortgage Association	01/16/2040	08/06/2019	70,016.99	70,238.53		70,380.38	180.90	3.526	2.465	AAA
256350018 256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	3137BDKF2 38377YTL4	Agency CMO Agency CMO	Freddie Mac Government National Mortgage Association	09/15/2040 05/20/2040	06/17/2019	76,152.70 218,960.30	77,748.55		78,269.74 216,400.65	559.62 104.04	3.500 2.000	2.017	AAA
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	38377QKH9	Agency CMO	Government National Mortgage Association	08/20/2040	08/20/2019	55,041.69	56,041.47		56,197.56	145.98	3,000	2.258	AAA
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	38378BCG2	Agency CMO	Government National Mortgage Association	03/16/2037	06/25/2019	65,874.90	65,463.18		65,602.84	311.16	2.105	2.675	AAA
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	38378WUY7	Agency CMO	Government National Mortgage Association	06/20/2041	06/12/2019	181,275.26	181,558.51		182,299.47	754.01	2.500	2.096	AAA
256350018 256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	38378CNY9 31397ALN1	Agency CMO Agency CMO	Government National Mortgage Association Freddie Mac	11/20/2038 04/15/2032	06/25/2019	200,000.00 190,544.63	202,593.75 190,425,55		202,130.00	20.29 264.48	3.500 2.378	2.534	AAA
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	3136ADFF1	Agency CMO	Federal National Mortgage Association	04/25/2023	06/10/2019	135,754.97	133,803.49		134,413.71	529.84	1.500	2.333	AAA
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	3137AS7D0	Agency CMO	Freddie Mac	04/15/2039	06/14/2019	197,536.20	196,054.68		197,449.28	1,362.78	2.000	1.987	AAA
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	3137B3HX9	Agency CMO	Freddie Mac	07/15/2038	06/20/2019	101,165.62	100,849.48		101,596.59	823.91	2.478	2.230	AAA
256350018 256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	3136AGZA3 38379JM99	Agency CMO Agency CMO	Federal National Mortgage Association Government National Mortgage Association	09/25/2030 02/16/2041	06/25/2019 08/28/2019	31,534.57 58,351.06	31,745.21 58,727.15		31,883.97 59,130.63	148.95 408.85	3.000 2.500	2.257 1.812	AAA
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	3620AFYR2	Agency MBS	Government National Mortgage Association	12/15/2024	06/12/2019	104,521.85	107.922.90		108,691.23	832.37	4.000	1.877	AAA
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	36297GCD0	Agency MBS	Government National Mortgage Association	02/15/2025	06/12/2019	105,129.59	109,552.44		108,351.82	(932.55)	4.500	2.877	AAA
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	31381SVJ8	Agency MBS	Federal National Mortgage Association	11/01/2021	07/22/2019	85,016.28	86,464.21		86,929.14	593.34	3.330	2.128	AAA
256350018 256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	3138EJRP5 31381R5T7	Agency MBS Agency MBS	Federal National Mortgage Association Federal National Mortgage Association	06/01/2021 09/01/2021	06/18/2019 06/20/2019	150,846.32 101,000.00	155,396.82 103,840.63		155,435.07 104,005.76	808.66 538.37	4.356 3.770	1.961 2.119	AAA
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	3137B1U75	Agency MBS	Freddie Mac	01/25/2023	06/27/2019	375,000.00	378,618.16		379,582.50	1,313.61	2.522	1.997	AAA
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	38378KWU9	Agency MBS	Government National Mortgage Association	11/16/2041		96,993.30	92,739.18		94,994.27	2,083.66	1.400	2.388	AAA
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	38378KW47	Agency MBS	Government National Mortgage Association	08/16/2035	06/13/2019	307,521.03	305,791.23		306,426.26	330.35	2.150	2.512	AAA
256350018 256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	3137B1BS0	Agency MBS	Freddie Mac	11/25/2022	00010010	645,000.00	652,086.14		654,733.05	3,129.85	2.510	1.950	AAA
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	3138EKXL4 3136AHAE0	Agency MBS Agency MBS	Federal National Mortgage Association Federal National Mortgage Association	03/01/2023 04/25/2023	08/21/2019 06/28/2019	51,869.20 133,123.43	52,452.73 134,352.16		52,470.37 136,113.38	39.40 1,937.18	2.353 2.707	1.915	AAA
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	3136A7MN9	Agency MBS	Federal National Mortgage Association	05/25/2022	08/22/2019	158,106.21	159,384.66		159,464.35	135.23	2.349	1.876	AAA
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	3137AWQG3	Agency MBS	Freddie Mac	04/25/2022	06/07/2019	309,605.82	306,171.12		307,902.98	1,447.24	1.583	1.928	AAA
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	31397UPF0	Agency MBS	Federal National Mortgage Association	06/25/2021	06/10/2019	300,184.15	305,109.05		305,473.39	1,213.55	3.763	1.969	AAA
256350018 256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	31381Q6B7 3137BM6P6	Agency MBS Agency MBS	Federal National Mortgage Association Freddie Mac	06/01/2021 08/25/2022	07/01/2019 06/28/2019	181,129.26 200,000.00	186,711.72 205,437.50		187,477.84 204,542.00	1,506.95 (424.00)	4.295 3.090	2.032	AAA AAA
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	3138EJPZ5	Agency MBS	Federal National Mortgage Association	07/01/2022	07/22/2019	223,205.81	227,277.57		228,426.59	62.54	3.022	1.910	AAA
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	3137BSRZ8	Agency MBS	Freddie Mac	09/25/2022	06/28/2019	183,972.07	187,601.21		187,829.97	225.71	2.838	1.945	AAA
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	3138L2QG5	Agency MBS	Federal National Mortgage Association	01/01/2028	09/09/2019	264,602.19	280,778.08		280,213.72	(496.36)	3.010	2.223	AAA
256350018 256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	3620ARB67 38378NWU3	Agency MBS Agency MBS	Government National Mortgage Association Government National Mortgage Association	05/15/2025 06/16/2048	06/10/2019 06/27/2019	219,716.76 165,513.73	227,715.83 167,841.27		228,547.18 169,985.91	1,129.71 2,000.74	4.000 2.542	1.944 2.358	AAA
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	3137FBAJ5	Agency MBS	Freddie Mac	08/25/2027	06/26/2019	200,000.00	211,593.75		216,298.00	5,039.19	3.281	2.137	AAA
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	3138LFGP7	Agency MBS	Federal National Mortgage Association	10/01/2028	08/07/2019	300,000.00	310,207.03		308,832.00	(1,220.04)	2.550	2.207	AAA
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	3620C4SU5	Agency MBS	Government National Mortgage Association	09/15/2025	06/12/2019	99,977.95	103,676.35		103,996.06	412.38	4.000	2.107	AAA
256350018 256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	3137F4D41 3137F4CY6	Agency MBS	Freddie Mac Freddie Mac	01/25/2028	06/27/2019 06/28/2019	150,000.00 190,000.00	163,248.05 195,907.81		165,709.50 198,285,90	2,817.88 2,662.38	3.600 2.920	2.194 1.946	AAA
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	3137FGZN8	Agency MBS Agency MBS	Freddie Mac	09/25/2024 02/25/2023	06/18/2019	269,041.88	268,915.77		268,985.38	2,062.38	2.920	2.312	AAA
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	3137BP4K2	Agency MBS	Freddie Mac	03/25/2026	09/09/2019	200,000.00	210,125.00		209,302.00	(743.80)	2.849	2.060	AAA
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	3620A9T35	Agency MBS	Government National Mortgage Association	11/15/2024	06/13/2019	176,185.08	181,924.86		183,207.82	1,288.38	4.000	1.850	AAA
256350018 256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	3137FL6P4 31419AM53	Agency MBS	Freddie Mac	01/25/2029 08/01/2024	09/09/2019 06/28/2019	275,000.00 119,294.27	307,108.40 123,693.24		305,637.75 123,449.29	(1,303.64)	3.563 5.500	2.215	AAA
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	31419AM53 3137FNAD2	Agency MBS Agency MBS	Federal National Mortgage Association Freddie Mac	11/25/2028	08/01/2019	149,860.76	123,693.24		123,449.29	2,916.01	2.631	1.970	AAA
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	3138LFP51	Agency MBS	Federal National Mortgage Association	10/01/2028	09/09/2019	200,000.00	207,601.56		205,838.00	(1,715.56)	2.570	2.224	AAA
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	62888VAA6	CMO	NCUA Guaranteed Notes Trust 2010-R1	10/07/2020	06/24/2019	21,846.37	21,836.13		21,855.76	17.52	2.679	2.551	AAA
256350018 256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	CCYUSD 31846V401	Currency	UNITED STATES OF AMERICA	09/30/2019		0.00	201.040.25		(224,772.81)	0.00	0.000	0.000	AAA
256350018 256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	31846V401 912828UH1	MM Fund TIPS	First American Funds, Inc Government Obligations Fund United States Department of The Treasury	09/30/2019 01/15/2023	06/06/2019	666,894.00	281,048.25 662,811.45		281,048.25 661,078.68	(2,090.08)	1.520 0.125	1.520 0.391	AAA
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	912828V49	TIPS	United States Department of The Treasury	01/15/2027	06/25/2019	308,006.10	310,401.25		311,187.80	868.75	0.375	0.232	AAA



Source Account	Account	Identifier	Security Type Category	Issuer	Final Maturity	Tuada Data	Current Face	Original Cost	Next Call Date B	oce Moultet Volue - I	Base Net Total Jnrealized Gain/Loss	Coupon	Yield	Summarized Credit Rating
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	9128285W6	TIPS	United States Department of The Treasury	01/15/2029	Trade Date	264,175,60	279.038.60	Date B	280.168.79	1.441.53	0.875	0.216	AAA
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	9128286N5	TIPS	United States Department of The Treasury	04/15/2024	08/01/2019	294,999.60	299,221.13		298,530.75	(550.99)	0.500	0.235	AAA
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	912828B58	US Gov	United States Department of The Treasury	01/31/2021	06/26/2019	1,500,000.00	1,506,269.53		1,506,855.00	1,597.53	2.125	1.776	AAA
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	912828XB1	US Gov	United States Department of The Treasury	05/15/2025	09/11/2019	450,000.00	462,076.17		462,726.00	748.20	2.125	1.597	AAA
256350018 256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	912828L57 912828L99	US Gov	United States Department of The Treasury	09/30/2022	09/10/2019	1,000,000.00	1,006,210.94		1,004,960.00	(1,150.52)	1.750	1.580	AAA
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	912828L99 912828Y53	US Gov US Gov	United States Department of The Treasury United States Department of The Treasury	10/31/2020 07/31/2020	06/25/2019 09/30/2019	1,300,000.00	1,292,179.69 224,780.71		1,294,007.00 224,772.75	(7.96)	1.375	2.110	AAA AAA
230330018	WIIW-RCTC 91 TIFTA RESERVE	912020133	03 000	Office States Department of The Treasury	07/31/2020	09/30/2019	19,765,125.93	20,318,496.62		20,130,897.26	47,174.91	1.937	2.110	AAA
							,,			,,,	,			
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	3137A1N90	Agency CMO	Freddie Mac	06/25/2020	06/26/2018	63,881.49	64,465.41		64,262.86	284.80	3.531	2.174	AAA
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	38377REV3	Agency CMO	Government National Mortgage Association	10/20/2039	07/01/2019	171,956.67	175,368.93		175,512.73	240.57	3.500	2.351	AAA
256350021 256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	3137ABFH9 31394GUX9	Agency CMO	Freddie Mac	06/25/2021 08/15/2023	03/15/2019 07/02/2019	206,000.00 31,824.29	209,846.41 33,176.82		211,432.22 33,412.64	2,518.71 298.83	3.989 5.500	2.054 2.125	AAA AAA
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	3137APP53	Agency CMO Agency CMO	Freddie Mac Freddie Mac	10/25/2020	05/18/2018	1,683.65	1.662.94		1,680.57	298.83	1.781	2.123	AAA
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	38378BXQ7	Agency CMO	Government National Mortgage Association	01/16/2036	06/17/2019	180,301.49	178.498.47		178,868.09	(66.88)	1.537	3.096	AAA
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	31397LUK3	Agency CMO	Federal National Mortgage Association	06/25/2023	10/10/2018	138,053.44	140,836.08		141,166.55	1,265.76	4.500	2.107	AAA
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	3137ATRW4	Agency CMO	Freddie Mac	05/25/2022	08/19/2019	100,000.00	101,109.38		100,871.00	(187.33)	2.373	1.961	AAA
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	3136A72D3	Agency CMO	Federal National Mortgage Association	04/25/2022	07/26/2019	36,114.60	36,325.97		36,514.03	180.02	2.482	1.824	AAA
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	3136A5KR6	Agency CMO	Federal National Mortgage Association	10/25/2022	01/25/2019	99,094.19	97,731.64		98,637.36	674.52	1.750	2.115	AAA
256350021 256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	3137AYCE9 3137A2PV7	Agency CMO Agency CMO	Freddie Mac Freddie Mac	10/25/2022 09/15/2022	08/13/2019 06/03/2019	360,000.00 30,358.89	367,790.63 29,827.60		367,196.40 30,458.46	(263.29) 590.16	2.682 1.500	1.934	AAA
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	3137GAUY1	Agency CMO	Freddie Mac	10/15/2022	08/15/2019	162,560.24	160,883.83		161,965.26	1,049.97	1.500	1.703	AAA
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	3137A1LC5	Agency CMO	Freddie Mac	08/15/2020	01/17/2018	3,380.35	3,369.26		3,372.78	(2.32)	2.000	2.639	AAA
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	3137A5FP4	Agency CMO	Freddie Mac	01/15/2021	01/30/2018	27,983.91	28,053.87		28,072.90	63.96	2.500	2.070	AAA
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	38375CBH2	Agency CMO	Government National Mortgage Association	03/16/2035	03/19/2019	25,348.79	25,194.33		25,307.73	29.60	1.250	2.364	AAA
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	38378CDK0	Agency CMO	Government National Mortgage Association	03/20/2035	01/30/2018	22,445.93	22,652.85		22,507.65	(10.45)	3.000	2.171	AAA
256350021 256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	38378AWX5	Agency CMO	Government National Mortgage Association	01/20/2036	01/30/2018	20,146.94	20,342.11 98,815,69		20,268.43	20.40	3.000 2.868	2.140	AAA
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	31358TPC7 31416BVR6	Agency CMO Agency MBS	Federal National Mortgage Association Federal National Mortgage Association	02/25/2023	02/11/2019	98,513.03 13.523.22	13.827.49		98,813.49 13.948.66	218.17 331.50	5.000	-4.692	AAA AAA
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	31381RLL6	Agency MBS	Federal National Mortgage Association	07/01/2021	11/02/2018	52,475.83	53,254.78		53,795.60	811.43	3.840	2.027	AAA
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	31381SVJ8	Agency MBS	Federal National Mortgage Association	11/01/2021	02/22/2019	85,016.27	85,441.35		86,929.13	1,631.36	3.330	2.128	AAA
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	3128MMPP2	Agency MBS	Freddie Mac	03/01/2027	05/10/2019	230,439.95	229,431.78		232,843.44	3,405.45	2.500	2.098	AAA
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	3128MMPY3	Agency MBS	Freddie Mac	06/01/2027	05/10/2019	211,517.30	210,591.91		213,736.12	3,125.06	2.500	2.103	AAA
256350021 256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	3137B2GW4 3137APP61	Agency MBS	Freddie Mac Freddie Mac	03/25/2020 01/25/2022	06/29/2018	91,913.95 15,000.00	91,317.94		91,822.03 15,192.60	139.50 (45.30)	2.313	2.136	AAA AAA
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	38378KW47	Agency MBS Agency MBS	Government National Mortgage Association	08/16/2035	06/13/2019	118,848.71	118,180.18		118,425.61	127.67	2.789	2.512	AAA
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	3138L1W62	Agency MBS	Federal National Mortgage Association	12/01/2022	02/21/2019	125,917.77	125,170.13		125,542.53	313.42	2.500	2.567	AAA
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	3138EKXL4	Agency MBS	Federal National Mortgage Association	03/01/2023	08/21/2019	55,327.15	55,949.58		55,968.39	42.03	2.353	1.915	AAA
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	31381RZ23	Agency MBS	Federal National Mortgage Association	08/01/2021	11/02/2018	60,517.77	61,416.08		62,043.43	920.93	3.840	2.129	AAA
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	3137AXHN6	Agency MBS	Freddie Mac	02/25/2022	01/25/2018	24,409.92	24,074.29		24,345.24	152.77	1.749	1.877	AAA
256350021 256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	3136AMM48 3137AWQG3	Agency MBS Agency MBS	Federal National Mortgage Association Freddie Mac	07/25/2022 04/25/2022	08/01/2019	353,246.70 48.375.91	355,233.71 47,476,42		356,669.66 48,109.84	1,506.75 386.90	2.509 1.583	1.976 1.928	AAA
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	31397UPF0	Agency MBS	Federal National Mortgage Association	06/25/2021	03/15/2019	150.092.08	152,249,65		152,736,70	1.033.45	3.763	1.969	AAA
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	3137B1UF7	Agency MBS	Freddie Mac	09/25/2022	01/25/2018	14,283.35	14,073.57		14,259.36	117.44	1.785	1.827	AAA
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	3620ARB67	Agency MBS	Government National Mortgage Association	05/15/2025	06/10/2019	71,957.23	74,576.93		74,849.20	369.98	4.000	1.944	AAA
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	31418CQM9	Agency MBS	Federal National Mortgage Association	10/01/2027	09/11/2019	60,052.01	61,581.47		61,484.25	(101.42)	3.000	2.122	AAA
256350021 256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	3140J6DU8 3138L2GH4	Agency MBS Agency MBS	Federal National Mortgage Association	08/01/2031 07/01/2021	07/26/2019	212,125.44 125,307.97	213,550.65 122,654.63		214,231.84 125,212.73	675.83 1,770.10	2.500 1.870	2.133 1.854	AAA
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	3138L2GH4 31381QB54	Agency MBS	Federal National Mortgage Association Federal National Mortgage Association	03/01/2021	11/07/2018	99,269.11	101,324.30		125,212.73	1,770.10	4.410	2.251	AAA
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	3138L8H23	Agency MBS	Federal National Mortgage Association	12/01/2021	05/02/2019	68,303.62	68.090.24		68,195,70	102.15	2.730	2.734	AAA
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	87165LBB6	Asset Backed	Synchrony Credit Card Master Note Trust 2016-2	05/17/2021	08/02/2019	160,000.00	160,387.50		160,531.20	176.35	2.210	2.011	AAA
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	02587AAJ3	Asset Backed	American Express Credit Account Master Trust	02/18/2020		221,000.00	218,887.00		220,825.41	479.86	1.930	2.147	AAA
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	43814TAD4	Asset Backed	Honda Auto Receivables 2007-1 Owner Trust	06/21/2023	10/11/2018	200,000.00	196,375.00		199,990.00	2,201.72	2.050	2.062	AAA
256350021 256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	05584PAD9 65478HAD0	Asset Backed Asset Backed	BMW Vehicle Lease Trust 2017-2 NAROT 17-C	02/20/2020 04/18/2022	10/11/2018 09/25/2018	99,958.92 70,000.00	99,060.85 68,908.98		99,950.92 70,016.80	183.44 504.06	2.070	2.117	AAA AAA
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	17305EGK5	Asset Backed	Citibank Credit Card Issuance Trust	01/20/2023	07/19/2019	100.000.00	100.625.00		100,736.00	189.81	2.120	1.915	AAA
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	65478DAD9	Asset Backed	Nissan Auto Receivables 2018-A Owner Trust	05/16/2022	06/29/2018	85,000.00	84.561.72		85,402.05	594.80	2.650	2.156	AAA
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	38013FAD3	Asset Backed	GM Financial Consumer Automobile Receivables Trust 2018-	10/16/2023	07/24/2019	75,000.00	76,374.02		76,327.50	80.94	3.210	2.174	AAA
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	47789JAB2	Asset Backed	John Deere Owner Trust 2019	10/15/2021	03/05/2019	105,000.00	104,995.21		105,484.05	486.59	2.850	2.108	AAA
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	31680YAB3	Asset Backed	Fifth Third Auto Trust 2019-1	05/16/2022	04/30/2019	155,000.00	154,991.46		155,601.40	606.84	2.660	2.123	AAA
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	65478LAB5	Asset Backed	Nissan Auto Lease Trust 2019-B	10/15/2021	07/16/2019	80,000.00	79,993.00		80,126.40	131.94	2.270	2.016	AAA
256350021 256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	477870AB5 14315PAB1	Asset Backed Asset Backed	John Deere Owner Trust 2019-B Carmax Auto Owner Trust 2019-3	05/16/2022	07/16/2019	90,000.00	89,999.66 119,994.61		90,207.00	207.12 259.14	2.280	2.046	AAA AAA
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	26209AAE1	Asset Backed	Drive Auto Receivables Trust 2019-4	01/16/2024	09/09/2019	80,000.00	79,989.10		79,900.00	(89.26)	2.230	2.299	AA
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	62888VAA6	CMO	NCUA Guaranteed Notes Trust 2010-R1	10/07/2020	05/10/2019	0.01	0.01		0.01	0.00	2.679	2.551	AAA
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	62888UAB6	CMO	NCUA Guaranteed Notes Trust 2010-R2	11/05/2020	03/15/2019	162,007.24	162,247.73		162,263.21	94.44	2.699	2.112	AAA
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	38141EA58	Corporate	The Goldman Sachs Group, Inc.	03/15/2020		200,000.00	208,651.00		202,876.00	670.34	5.375	2.201	A
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	06051GEC9	Corporate	Bank of America Corporation	07/01/2020		200,000.00	207,806.00		205,330.00	1,863.13	5.625	2.035	A
256350021 256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	61747WAF6 637432MU6	Corporate	Morgan Stanley National Rural Utilities Cooperative Finance Corporation	01/25/2021 06/15/2020	06/21/2019	200,000.00	213,237.00 199,972.00	05/15/2020	209,276.00 200,314.00	1,864.63 334.13	5.750 2.350	2.163	A
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	254010AC5	Corporate Corporate	Dignity Health	11/01/2019	03/15/2018	24.000.00	23,897.52	03/13/2020	24,000.48	5.88	2.637	2.586	BBB
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	40428HPN6	Corporate	HSBC USA Inc.	11/13/2019	06/29/2018	100,000.00	99,140.00		100,022.00	96.64	2.375	2.171	A
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	084659AB7	Corporate	Berkshire Hathaway Energy Company	02/01/2020	04/22/2019	250,000.00	249,475.00	01/01/2020	250,185.00	411.71	2.400	2.097	A
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	06051GFN4	Corporate	Bank of America Corporation	04/21/2020	01/25/2018	100,000.00	99,537.00		100,107.00	224.15	2.250	2.055	A
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	05531FAU7	Corporate	BB&T Corporation	06/29/2020	04/15/2019	250,000.00	249,642.50	05/29/2020	250,882.50	1,101.68	2.625	2.086	A



Source			Security Type				Current Face		Next Call		Base Net Total			Summarized
Account	Account	Identifier	Category	Issuer		Trade Date	Value	Original Cost	Date	Base Market Value		Coupon	Yield	Credit Rating
256350021 256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	94974BGM6 375558BB8	Corporate	Wells Fargo & Company Gilead Sciences, Inc.	07/22/2020 09/01/2020	04/15/2019	200,000.00	199,590.00 133,439,10		200,944.00 135,650.70	1,204.33 1,395.17	2.600	2.009	A
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	780082AC7	Corporate Corporate	Royal Bank of Canada	10/14/2020		200,000.00	196,622,00		200,130.00	1,747.96	2.100	2.017	AAA
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	06416CAC2	Corporate	The Bank of Nova Scotia	04/26/2021		200,000.00	194,126.00		199,970.00	3,324.82	1.875	1.884	AAA
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	06406FAB9	Corporate	The Bank of New York Mellon Corporation	05/03/2021	10/11/2018	200,000.00	193,708.00	04/03/2021	200,150.00	4,132.28	2.050	1.999	A
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	172967LC3	Corporate	Citigroup Inc.	12/08/2021		450,000.00	449,617.50	11/08/2021	456,637.50	6,949.52	2.900	2.179	A
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	06367TPX2 86787EAS6	Corporate Corporate	Bank of Montreal SunTrust Bank	12/12/2019 01/31/2020	01/25/2018	200,000.00	197,898.00	12/31/2019	200,016.00 100,116.00	336.66 32.40	2.100 2.786	2.047	AA A
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	69353RFC7	Corporate	PNC Bank, National Association	05/19/2020	10/10/2018	250,000.00	245,222.50	04/19/2020	249,910.00	1,823.01	2.000	2.056	A
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	55279HAN0	Corporate	Manufacturers & Traders Trust Company	08/17/2020	10/11/2018	250,000.00	244,707.50	07/17/2020	250,152.50	2,713.41	2.050	1.972	A
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	31677QBK4	Corporate	Fifth Third Bank	10/30/2020	06/21/2019	200,000.00	199,810.00	09/30/2020	200,374.00	525.12	2.200	2.010	A
256350021 256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	17401QAN1 69353RFH6	Corporate Corporate	Citizens Bank, National Association PNC Bank, National Association	10/30/2020 01/22/2021	04/15/2019 04/22/2019	250,000.00 250,000.00	247,950.00 249.005.00	12/22/2020	250,535.00 251,562.50	1,982.86	2.250 2.500	2.033 1.982	A
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	90331HNP4	Corporate	U.S. Bank National Association	04/26/2021	10/11/2018	250,000.00	249,395.00	03/26/2021	254,082.50	4,461.98	3.150	2.031	AA
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	69371RP34	Corporate	PACCAR Financial Corp.	05/10/2021	04/30/2019	200,000.00	200,250.00		200,116.00	(82.58)	2.441	2.337	A
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	14913Q2X6	Corporate	Caterpillar Financial Services Corporation	05/17/2021	05/14/2019	120,000.00	120,000.00		120,274.80	274.80	2.514	2.357	A
256350021 256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	86787EBD8 025816CE7	Corporate Corporate	SunTrust Bank American Express Company	05/17/2022 05/20/2022	05/14/2019 05/15/2019	50,000.00	50,000.00	04/17/2022 04/19/2022	50,125.50 100,320.00	125.50 320.00	2.714 2.756	2.596	A A
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	05531FBJ1	Corporate	BB&T Corporation	03/16/2023	09/09/2019	165,000.00	164,877.90	02/13/2023	164,902.65	23.36	2.200	2.218	A
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	23337UX79	CP	DTE Gas Company	10/07/2019	09/06/2019	425,000.00	424,202.18		424,859.75	14.17	0.000	1.697	AA
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	50000EX33	CP	Koch Industries, Inc.	10/03/2019	09/09/2019	375,000.00	374,490.00		374,958.75	1.25	0.000	1.320	AAA
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	69372BXU9	CP	PACCAR Financial Corp.	10/28/2019	09/25/2019	425,000.00	424,220.83		424,371.00	8.50	0.000	1.903	AAA
256350021 256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	21687BXM8 93884FX98	CP CP	Coöperatieve Rabobank U.A., New York Branch Washington Gas Light Company	10/21/2019 10/09/2019	09/25/2019 09/25/2019	425,000.00 425,000.00	424,389.18 424,652.92		424,536.75 424,813.00	6.61	0.000	1.869	AAA
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	53154MXH2	CP	Liberty Utilities Co.	10/17/2019	09/26/2019	475,000.00	474,368.25		474,582.00	63.33	0.000	1.864	AAA
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	21201CX43	CP	Continental Rubber of America, Corp.	10/04/2019	09/27/2019	475,000.00	474,796.80		474,924.00	11.09	0.000	1.440	AA
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	23336KXQ0	CP	DTE Electric Company	10/24/2019	09/27/2019	400,000.00	399,400.00		399,496.00	7.11	0.000	1.890	AAA
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	CCYUSD	Currency	UNITED STATES OF AMERICA	09/30/2019		0.00	(0.00)		(0.00)	0.00	0.000	0.000	AAA
256350021 256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	CCYUSD 31846V401	Currency MM Fund	UNITED STATES OF AMERICA First American Funds, Inc Government Obligations Fund	09/30/2019 09/30/2019		0.00	(651,917.62) 712.819.77		(651,917.62) 712,819.77	0.00	0.000 1.520	0.000 1.520	AAA
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	072024WW8	Muni	Bay Area Toll Authority	04/01/2022	09/20/2019	95,000.00	95,000.00		95,186,20	186.20	2.128	2.047	AA
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	4581X0CZ9	Non-US Gov	Inter-American Development Bank	09/14/2022	09/30/2019	650,000.00	652,067.00		651,917.50	(149.50)	1.750	1.647	AAA
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	459058GK3	Non-US Gov	International Bank for Reconstruction and Development	08/21/2020		315,000.00	315,116.40		315,163.80	103.72	2.040	2.013	AAA
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	912828SA9	TIPS	United States Department of The Treasury	01/15/2022	06/29/2018	204,035.40	200,689.42		201,999.13	131.81	0.125	0.563	AAA
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	912828UH1 9128286N5	TIPS	United States Department of The Treasury United States Department of The Treasury	01/15/2023 04/15/2024		100,034.10 417.068.40	98,163.78 424.444.11		99,161.80 422.060.71	461.30 (2.194.78)	0.125	0.391	AAA
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	912828UF5	US Gov	United States Department of The Treasury	12/31/2019		970,000.00	955,677,54		968,030,90	1,374,73	1.125	1.935	AAA
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	912828VA5	US Gov	United States Department of The Treasury	04/30/2020		925,000.00	901,532.23		921,059.50	4,523.43	1.125	1.861	AAA
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	912828VV9	US Gov	United States Department of The Treasury	08/31/2020		1,060,000.00	1,047,463.28		1,062,607.60	8,481.78	2.125	1.853	AAA
256350021 256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	912828B58 912828L57	US Gov US Gov	United States Department of The Treasury	01/31/2021 09/30/2022		550,000.00 1,320,000.00	541,754.30 1,326,527.35		552,513.50 1,326,547.20	7,135.98 (829.83)	2.125 1.750	1.776	AAA
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	912828Y53	US Gov	United States Department of The Treasury United States Department of The Treasury	07/31/2020		1,400,000.00	1,399,880.28		1,398,586.00	(1,310.76)	1.750	2.110	AAA
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	9128285H9	US Gov	United States Department of The Treasury	10/31/2020		800,000.00	799,675.60		798,736.00	(1,058.85)	1.959	2.140	AAA
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	658886DZ6	VRDN	North Dakota Housing Finance Agency	07/01/2038	06/29/2018	100,000.00	100,000.00		100,000.00	0.00	2.050	2.050	AA
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	56052FHZ1	VRDN	Maine State Housing Authority	11/15/2052	06/29/2018	100,000.00	100,000.00	10/30/2019	100,000.00	0.00	2.100	2.100	AA
							23,595,673.23	23,615,689.19		23,745,846.47	88,121.03			
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	3137EADB2	Agency	Freddie Mac	01/13/2022		950,000.00	942,921.50		964,630.00	14,887.84	2.375	1.685	AAA
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	3137EADR7	Agency	Freddie Mac	05/01/2020	05/15/2015	150,000.00	148,903.50		149,559.00	(307.41)	1.375	1.881	AAA
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	3135G0D75	Agency	Federal National Mortgage Association	06/22/2020	05/06/2015	600,000.00	593,490.00		598,326.00	(719.47)	1.500	1.887	AAA
256350023 256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1 MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	3130AFFX0 38377REV3	Agency Agency CMO	Federal Home Loan Banks Government National Mortgage Association	11/16/2028 10/20/2039	09/11/2019 07/01/2019	185,000.00 80,246.45	205,766.25 81,838.84		206,164.00 81,905.94	504.61 112.26	3.250	1.880 2.351	AAA
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	38377REV3	Agency CMO	Government National Mortgage Association	04/20/2039	07/01/2019	96,801.84	98,733.12		98,052.52	21.63	3.000	2.461	AAA
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	3137ABFH9	Agency CMO	Freddie Mac	06/25/2021	07/22/2019	100,000.00	102,574.22		102,637.00	321.34	3.989	2.054	AAA
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	3137AJMF8	Agency CMO	Freddie Mac	10/25/2021		52,024.86	53,425.42		52,768.81	68.72	2.968	2.084	AAA
256350023 256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1 MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	38375XCM4 38376GB33	Agency CMO	Government National Mortgage Association	11/16/2037 10/16/2044	05/14/2019 01/23/2015	64,050.08 18,597.48	65,864.00 19,089.67		66,114.42 18,585.02	377.59 (21.21)	5.000 3.474	2.767 2.476	AAA
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	3137ASNH3	Agency CMO Agency CMO	Government National Mortgage Association Freddie Mac	09/25/2021	07/03/2013	17,060.27	16,671.75		17.023.93	(0.36)	1.459	2.223	AAA
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	3137ATRW4	Agency CMO	Freddie Mac	05/25/2022		282,110.00	278,085.13		284,567.18	5,282.71	2.373	1.961	AAA
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	3137AUPE3	Agency CMO	Freddie Mac	06/25/2022		150,000.00	151,611.80		151,440.00	709.88	2.396	1.963	AAA
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	38377RSZ9	Agency CMO	Government National Mortgage Association	06/16/2039		32,788.02	33,817.20		33,148.36	(30.03)	4.500	2.173	AAA
256350023 256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1 MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	3136A72D3 3136A5KR6	Agency CMO Agency CMO	Federal National Mortgage Association Federal National Mortgage Association	04/25/2022 10/25/2022	07/03/2013 01/25/2019	259,368.58 64,508.37	246,400.15 63.621.38		262,237.19 64,210.99	6,202.80 439.10	2.482 1.750	1.824 2.115	AAA
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	3137AXHP1	Agency CMO	Freddie Mac	09/25/2022	09/29/2017	140,000.00	142.089.06		142.273.60	1.105.63	2.573	1.941	AAA
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	38378B7F0	Agency CMO	Government National Mortgage Association	12/16/2042		450,000.00	427,324.22		447,277.50	10,026.56	2.273	2.399	AAA
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	38378CRT6	Agency CMO	Government National Mortgage Association	10/20/2040	05/22/2014	44,082.12	42,566.80		44,069.34	1,237.27	2.000	1.984	AAA
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	38378HXH4	Agency CMO	Government National Mortgage Association	09/16/2027	03/08/2019	15,734.42	15,259.75		15,445.22	157.73	1.250	2.067	AAA
256350023 256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1 MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	38377JZ89 38378TAF7	Agency CMO Agency CMO	Government National Mortgage Association Government National Mortgage Association	10/20/2039 07/20/2041	07/05/2013	42,075.87 110.626.18	43,362.80 110.642.85		43,452.59 111.682.66	452.91 1.108.05	3.500 2.500	1.984 2.128	AAA
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	3137B4HD1	Agency CMO	Freddie Mac	12/15/2042	03/20/2019	40,195.99	41,514.93		42,109.32	588.18	4.500	2.202	AAA
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	38376GY53	Agency CMO	Government National Mortgage Association	01/16/2040	08/06/2019	63,186.07	63,385.99		63,514.00	163.26	3.526	2.465	AAA
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	38377LQT8	Agency CMO	Government National Mortgage Association	12/20/2037		1,127.66	1,128.06		1,126.55	(1.11)	3.000	1.919	AAA
256350023 256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1 MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	31398QTP2 3137A5FP4	Agency CMO Agency CMO	Freddie Mac Freddie Mac	05/15/2038 01/15/2021	06/26/2018	45,832.37 78,280.96	46,729.33 78,289.81		46,238.91 78,529.89	194.93 281.27	4.500 2.500	2.577	AAA
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1 MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	38376T5Z1	Agency CMO Agency CMO	Government National Mortgage Association	01/15/2021	01/26/2015	66,309.90	69,277.27		67,778.00	(465.09)	3.000	2.070	AAA



Source			Security Type				Current Face		Next Call		Base Net Total			Summarized
Account	Account	Identifier	Category	Issuer	Final Maturity		Value	Original Cost	Date	Base Market Value U			Yield	Credit Rating
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	38376WA62	Agency CMO	Government National Mortgage Association	10/20/2039	02/10/2010	183,972.19	188,600.19		190,195.97	841.79	4.000	2.922	AAA
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1 MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	38375CBH2	Agency CMO	Government National Mortgage Association	03/16/2035 08/20/2040	03/19/2019	14,449.57	14,361.51 51,940.88		14,426.16 52,085,55	16.88 135.31	1.250 3.000	2.364	AAA
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	38377QKH9 38380AZ34	Agency CMO Agency CMO	Government National Mortgage Association Government National Mortgage Association	04/20/2046	11/28/2016	51,014.26 129,838.26	133,474.75		133,994.39	991.54	3.000	2.258	AA/
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	38378CDK0	Agency CMO	Government National Mortgage Association	03/20/2035	03/16/2018	12,469.96	12,528,41		12,504.25	16.68	3.000	2.171	AAA
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	38378AWX5	Agency CMO	Government National Mortgage Association	01/20/2036	03/28/2018	60,440.82	60,766.63		60,805.28	202.02	3.000	2.140	AA
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	38378DDC6	Agency CMO	Government National Mortgage Association	04/20/2038	06/20/2018	71,461.31	71,944.23		71,692.85	33.80	3.500	2.540	AA
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	38379HLE3	Agency CMO	Government National Mortgage Association	05/20/2043	10/18/2018	98,296.94	98,158.71		101,040.40	2,884.73	3.500	2.167	AA
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	38378VC45	Agency CMO	Government National Mortgage Association	12/16/2041	11/23/2018	139,338.98	134,309.72		139,136.93	4,607.26	2.250	2.275	AA
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	38377JM59	Agency CMO	Government National Mortgage Association	10/20/2039	11/21/2018	74,681.96	72,814.90		74,563.21	1,603.82	2.500	2.525	AA
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	3137B5A60	Agency CMO	Freddie Mac	10/15/2028	03/20/2019	23,515.84	23,251.29		23,652.70	389.08	2.500	2.177	AA
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	3136ADFF1	Agency CMO	Federal National Mortgage Association	04/25/2023	06/10/2019	128,213.03	126,369.97		126,946.28	500.41	1.500	2.194	AA
256350023 256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	38379JM99	Agency CMO	Government National Mortgage Association	02/16/2041	08/28/2019	54,183.13	54,532.36		54,907.01	379.64	2.500	1.812	AA
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	31381PEB0	Agency MBS	Federal National Mortgage Association	11/01/2020	09/26/2014	247,264.94	260,362.26		249,168.88	76.43 (163.20)	3.370 3.630	2.310 3.779	AA
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1 MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	3138NJAE8 31381N7G2	Agency MBS Agency MBS	Federal National Mortgage Association Federal National Mortgage Association	12/01/2020 10/01/2020	09/25/2018	17,773.76 17,910.95	17,979.27 17,976.72		17,757.23 18,013.04	33.42	3.030	2.369	AA.
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	31381SVJ8	Agency MBS	Federal National Mortgage Association	11/01/2021	02/22/2019	106,270.34	106,801.70		108,661.42	2.039.20	3,330	2.128	AA
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	31417YKF3	Agency MBS	Federal National Mortgage Association	01/01/2030	02/22/2017	126,087.58	132,133.91		135,184.80	3,742.55	4.500	2.165	AA
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	36202F2H8	Agency MBS	Government National Mortgage Association	01/20/2027		143,521.14	147,929.02		147,370.38	354.94	3.000	1.884	AA
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	31381R5T7	Agency MBS	Federal National Mortgage Association	09/01/2021	08/29/2018	130,000.00	132,747.27		133,868.80	2,220.75	3.770	2.119	AA
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	3136AC7J4	Agency MBS	Federal National Mortgage Association	03/25/2023	02/21/2018	48,798.20	47,995.70		49,772.70	1,521.64	2.605	1.880	AA.
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	3138L33G8	Agency MBS	Federal National Mortgage Association	06/01/2020	11/12/2015	100,000.00	99,875.00		99,707.00	(141.93)	2.010	2.238	AA.
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	3137B1U75	Agency MBS	Freddie Mac	01/25/2023	08/29/2016	380,000.00	394,917.97		384,643.60	(2,142.18)	2.522	1.997	AA.
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	38378KWU9	Agency MBS	Government National Mortgage Association	11/16/2041		158,063.15	150,196.20		154,805.47	2,305.22	1.400	2.388	AA.
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	38378KXW4	Agency MBS	Government National Mortgage Association	02/16/2037	12/11/2014	100,381.64	99,895.42		99,430.02	(764.57)	1.705	2.464	AA
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	3137B1BS0	Agency MBS	Freddie Mac	11/25/2022	07/31/2019	360,000.00	363,360.94		365,432.40	2,257.96	2.510	1.950	AA
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	3138L1W62	Agency MBS	Federal National Mortgage Association	12/01/2022	02/21/2019	164,661.70	163,684.02		164,171.01	409.86	2.500	2.567	AA
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	3138EKXL4	Agency MBS	Federal National Mortgage Association	03/01/2023	400000046	255,888.06	252,250.74		258,853.80	5,030.06	2.353	1.915	AA
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	3136AHAE0	Agency MBS	Federal National Mortgage Association	04/25/2023	10/28/2016	111,299.92	113,699.82		113,799.71	951.26	2.707	1.331	AA
256350023 256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1 MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	38378B6A2 3136A7MN9	Agency MBS	Government National Mortgage Association Federal National Mortgage Association	11/16/2052 05/25/2022	01/22/2015 08/29/2016	112,395.85 287.465.86	108,852.74 295,685,59		110,645.85 289,935.19	113.09 (738.12)	1.826 2.349	2.335 1.876	AA.
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	38378KSL4	Agency MBS Agency MBS	Government National Mortgage Association	12/16/2046	08/29/2016	425,000.00	415,829.11		430,979.75	12,167.44	2.349	2.606	AA.
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	31381Q6B7	Agency MBS	Federal National Mortgage Association	06/01/2021	07/15/2016	181,129.26	200,883.67		187,477.84	(519.76)	4.295	2.032	AA
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	38378KRS0	Agency MBS	Government National Mortgage Association	07/16/2043	05/08/2015	450,000,00	434,460.94		450,373.50	8.138.92	2.389	2.345	AA.
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	38378XP62	Agency MBS	Government National Mortgage Association	05/16/2055	05/14/2015	256,145.07	259,306,86		257,218.31	(1,498.64)	2.500	2.391	AA
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	38379KDN5	Agency MBS	Government National Mortgage Association	09/16/2055	08/05/2015	138,439.67	134,902.96		138,313.69	1,241.91	2.138	2.468	AA
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	31381T4E7	Agency MBS	Federal National Mortgage Association	03/01/2022	10/25/2016	256,449.34	267,939.49		261,126.98	(210.05)	2.670	1.717	AA
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	3138EJPZ5	Agency MBS	Federal National Mortgage Association	07/01/2022	08/29/2016	198,405.16	210,735.73		203,045.86	(2,169.26)	3.022	1.910	AA.
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	3620ARB67	Agency MBS	Government National Mortgage Association	05/15/2025	06/10/2019	109,858.38	113,857.91		114,273.59	564.86	4.000	1.944	AA.
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	3137FBAJ5	Agency MBS	Freddie Mac	08/25/2027	06/26/2019	200,000.00	211,593.75		216,298.00	5,039.19	3.281	2.137	AA.
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	3138LFGP7	Agency MBS	Federal National Mortgage Association	10/01/2028	08/07/2019	275,000.00	284,356.45		283,096.00	(1,118.38)	2.550	2.207	AA
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	3137F4D41	Agency MBS	Freddie Mac	01/25/2028	04/01/2019	35,000.00	36,714.84		38,665.55	2,039.79	3.600	2.194	AA
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	31381QB54	Agency MBS	Federal National Mortgage Association	03/01/2021	11/07/2018	129,481.44	132,162.12		132,510.02	1,485.28	4.410	2.251	AA
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	3137FNAD2	Agency MBS	Freddie Mac	11/25/2028	08/01/2019	134,874.69	137,566.52		140,137.50	2,624.41	2.631	1.970	AA
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	62888VAA6	CMO	NCUA Guaranteed Notes Trust 2010-R1	10/07/2020	01/22/2019	88,599.16	88,630.32		88,637.26	19.52	2.679	2.551	AA
256350023 256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	CCYUSD 31846V401	Currency MM Fund	UNITED STATES OF AMERICA First American Funds, Inc Government Obligations Fund	09/30/2019 09/30/2019		0.00	(199,798.78)		(199,798.78)	0.00	0.000 1.520	0.000 1.370	AA
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1 MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	912828SA9	MM Fund TIPS	United States Department of The Treasury	09/30/2019		470,414.95	248,509.29 472,717.60		248,509.29 465,720.21	(5,879.32)	0.125	0.563	AA AA
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	912828SA9 912828UH1	TIPS	United States Department of The Treasury United States Department of The Treasury	01/15/2022	02/05/2018	194,510.75	192,012.67		192,814.62	(26.85)	0.125	0.391	AA
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	912828V49	TIPS	United States Department of The Treasury United States Department of The Treasury	01/15/2027	02/03/2018	297,385.20	296,042.35		300,457.19	4,089.70	0.123	0.232	AA.
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	9128285W6	TIPS	United States Department of The Treasury United States Department of The Treasury	01/15/2029		254,015.00	269,274.49		269,393.07	351.80	0.875	0.232	AA
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	9128286N5	TIPS	United States Department of The Treasury	04/15/2024		269,568.60	273,933.38		272,795.34	(1,016.49)	0.500	0.235	AA
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	912828B58	US Gov	United States Department of The Treasury	01/31/2021		1,375,000.00	1,405,890.24		1,381,283.75	(1,951.86)	2.125	1.776	AA
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	912828G38	US Gov	United States Department of The Treasury	11/15/2024	04/18/2017	1,350,000.00	1,369,037.11		1,394,145.00	30,942.76	2.250	1.583	AA
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	912828XB1	US Gov	United States Department of The Treasury	05/15/2025		1,125,000.00	1,143,342.78		1,156,815.00	21,154.09	2.125	1.597	AA
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	912828L57	US Gov	United States Department of The Treasury	09/30/2022		1,400,000.00	1,386,564.45		1,406,944.00	14,660.03	1.750	1.580	AA
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	912828L99	US Gov	United States Department of The Treasury	10/31/2020		210,000.00	208,983.98		209,031.90	(631.86)	1.375	1.806	AA
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	912828Y53	US Gov	United States Department of The Treasury	07/31/2020	09/30/2019	200,000.00	199,805.08		199,798.00	(7.08)	1.957	2.110	AA
							18,133,943.46	18,329,037.96		18,452,102.66	161,899.09			
							C1 10 1 1 10	(2.2/2.22.5			202.40			
							61,494,742.63	62,263,223.77		62,328,846.39	297,195.03			



Source				Beginning Base			Base Maturities and		Net Total Realized A	Base .mortization/A	Base Change In Net Unrealized	Ending Base	Ending Accrued
Account	Account	Identifier	Description	Market Value	Base Purchases	Base Sales	Redemptions	Base Paydowns	Gain/Loss	ccretion	Gain/Loss	Market Value	Income Balance
256350018 256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	3137A6B27 912828B58	FHMS K010 A2 UNITED STATES TREASURY	254,432.65 1,506,855.00	-	-	-	(1,159.11)	(22.99)	(1,090.55) (970.45)	300.38 970.45	252,460.37 1,506,855.00	895.52 5,370.24
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	3138EJRP5	FN AL2293	1,306,833.00		-		(728.09)	(20.83)	(757.14)	328.38	1,506,835.00	547.57
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	31397UPF0	FNA 11M1 A3	321,934.67	-	-	-	(15,940.16)	(248.36)	(748.43)	475.67	305,473.39	941.33
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	3137AH6C7	FHMS K015 A2	356,979.00	-	-	-	(12,320.41)	(203.00)	(742.47)	(1,306.02)	342,407.10	908.92
256350018 256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	31381Q6B7 3137A2B26	FN 468066 FHMS K009 A2	224.443.60	187,289.55	-		(560.55)	(16.27)	(741.84)	1,506.95 552.09	187,477.84 221,577.48	648.29 695.99
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	3137A2B26 3137AIMF8	FHMS K016 A2	224,443.60 338,656.28	-	-	-	(1,806.99)	(26.67)	(718.36)	(377.40)	335.801.52	818.73
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	3137EADB2	FREDDIE MAC	507,385.00	-	-		- (1,000.55)	(20:07)	(544.53)	859.53	507,700.00	2,572.92
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	3137BM6P6	FHMS K721 A2	205,234.00	-	-	-	-	-	(471.50)	(220.50)	204,542.00	515.00
256350018 256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	38378CNY9 3137F4D41	GNR 127E MD FHMS K074 A2	202,582.00 162,687.00	•	-	•	-	•	(469.63)	17.63 3.378.93	202,130.00	583.33
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	31419AM53	FN AE0379	133,932.53		-	-	(9,925.90)	(352.88)	(356.43)	3,378.93	165,709.50 123,449.29	450.00 546.77
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	31381R5T7	FN 468958	104,491.57	-	-		(7,723.70)	(332.00)	(350.71)	(135.10)	104,005.76	317.31
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	3137B1U75	FHMS KS01 A2	378,063.75		-		-	-	(349.27)	1,868.02	379,582.50	788.13
256350018 256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	3620ARB67 3137FBAJ5	GN 737261 FHMS KIR3 A2	247,093.93	-	-	-	(18,374.92)	(663.24)	(340.45)	831.87 5,768.94	228,547.18 216,298.00	732.39 546.83
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	3137FBAJ5 3137B1UG5	FHMS KIR3 A2 FHMS K027 A2	210,864.00 203,668.00		-		-		(334.94)	5,768.94	216,298.00	546.83 439.50
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	36297GCD0	GN 711168	113,861.41	-	-	-	(5,391.86)	(226.17)	(312.94)	421.38	108,351.82	394.24
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	3137F4CY6	FHMS KBX1 A1	195,933.70	-	-		-		(284.29)	2,636.49	198,285.90	462.33
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	3137B1BS0	FHMS K026 A2	253,647.50	-	-		-		(278.30)	403.30	253,772.50	522.92
256350018 256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	3137ABFH9 3137ATRW4	FHMS KAIV A2 FHMS K020 A2	83,131.11 302,151.00	-	-	<u> </u>	-		(265.22) (257.07)	270.08 719.07	83,135.97 302,613.00	269.26 593.25
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	38374C4J7	GNR 0385G TW	99,323,32		-		(26,538,36)	(298.39)	(251.55)	(23.12)	72.211.90	327.20
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	3137FGZN8	FHMS KI02 A	334,226.86		-		(65,864.84)	23.88	(220.02)	819.50	268,985.38	108.70
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	3137ABFH9	FHMS KAIV A2	69,789.08		-	-	-	-	(218.60)	222.68	69,793.16	226.04
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	3137B1BS0 3137AXHP1	FHMS K026 A2 FHMS K024 A2	152 214 00	398,687.70	-	-	-	-	(204.63)	2,477.48	400,960.55 152,436.00	826.21 321.63
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	313/AXHP1 3130AG5X9	FEDERAL HOME LOAN BANKS	152,214.00 500.365.00	-	(500,045.00)	-	-	(26.79)	(188.86)	(108.59)	132,430.00	321.03
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	3136AHAE0	FNA 13M14 APT	138,449.50	-	-	-	(2,978.32)	(25.11)	(178.33)	845.65	136,113.38	300.30
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	3137AUPE3	FHMS K021 A2	201,652.00		-		-	-	(174.77)	442.77	201,920.00	399.33
256350018 256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	3137FL6P4 3138LFGP7	FHMS K089 A2 FN AN2905	-	307,108.40 310,207.03	-		-	-	(167.01)	(1,303.64) (1,220.04)	305,637.75 308,832.00	816.52 637.50
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	38378BCG2	GNR 122 AB	151,295,57	310,207.03	-	-	(86.524.04)	546.92	(134.99)	(1,220.04)	65,602,84	115.56
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	3136AGFQ0	FNR 1392B A	209,875.78		-	-	(22,630.15)	(284.04)	(133.59)	212.71	187,040.71	538.30
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	3620C4SU5	GN 748531	112,011.85	-	-	-	(7,954.07)	(295.38)	(129.44)	363.10	103,996.06	333.26
256350018 256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	31381SVJ8 3136G4TH6	FN 469617 FEDERAL NATIONAL MORTGAGE ASSOCIATION	200 276 00	86,832.40	-	-	(362.03)	(6.01)	(128.55)	593.34 (1.25)	86,929.14 300,159.00	235.92 1.224.33
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	3130AFFX0	FEDERAL HOME LOAN BANKS	300,276.00	222,450.00	-	<u> </u>	-	-	(115.73)	545.53	222.880.00	2,437,50
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	3620AFYR2	GN 728920	119,731.77	-	-	-	(10,887.82)	(353.20)	(101.65)	302.13	108,691.23	348.41
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	912828L57	UNITED STATES TREASURY		1,006,210.94	-	-	-		(100.42)	(1,150.52)	1,004,960.00	47.81
256350018 256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	912828XB1 31397ALN1	UNITED STATES TREASURY FHR 3196C FA	224,725,74	462,076.17	-		- (24.002.50)	19.85	(98.37)	748.20 38.07	462,726.00 190.603.70	3,611.92 201.34
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	3139/ALN1 3137BP4K2	FHR 3196C FA FHMS KIR1 A2	224,725.74	210.125.00		-	(34,093.50)	19.85	(86.45)	(743.80)	209.302.00	201.34 474.83
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	3137B3HX9	FHR 4231C FB	120,684.25	-	-		(18,954.07)	58.02	(75.86)	(115.76)	101,596.59	111.39
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	3620A9T35	GN 723370	206,108.12	-	-	-	(22,477.18)	(729.14)	(71.58)	377.60	183,207.82	587.28
256350018 256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	3138L2QG5 38376V2F6	FN AM2254 GNR 1019B UA	•	280,778.08 132.881.64	-	•	(3.221.05)	(130.72)	(68.00)	(496.36) 1.196.18	280,213.72 130,665.56	663.71 414.91
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	38376V2E6 3137FNAD2	FHMS K095 A1	<u> </u>	152,881.64	-	-	(3,221.05)	(2.75)	(59.39)	2,916.01	155,708.33	328.57
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	3136A7MN9	FNA 12M8 A2	-	159,703.96	-		(316.74)	(2.58)	(55.51)	135.23	159,464.35	309.54
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	38377REV3	GNR 10158C HA	-	93,571.36	-		(5,772.35)	(111.97)	(50.95)	120.28	87,756.37	250.77
256350018 256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	3138LFP51	FN AN3143	50,523.85	207,601.56	-	-	(13,587.40)	(64.19)	(48.00)	(1,715.56)	205,838.00	428.33
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	38376PRM4 38376GY53	GNR 09118C YE GNR 1195 C	50,523.85	70.929.52	-	-	(13,587.40)	(64.19)	(46.60)	(37.74) 180.90	36,787.93 70,380,38	121.83 205.73
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	3137BDKF2	FHR 4384A LA	-	55,137.82	-	-	(1,330.15)	(29.32)	(26.85)	321.92	54,073.43	153.45
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	3135G0Q22	FEDERAL NATIONAL MORTGAGE ASSOCIATION	-	227,610.00	(227,245.50)	-	-	(338.41)	(26.09)	-	-	-
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	3137BDKF2	FHR 4384A LA	26,035.38		-		(1,821.40)	(33.33)	(21.84)	37.50	24,196.31	68.66
256350018 256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	3138EKXL4 38378WUY7	FN AL3382 GNR 13124F CP	203,637.52	52,557.75	-	-	(103.85)	(1.17)	(21.77)	39.40 (246.90)	52,470.37 182,299,47	101.71 377.66
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	3136AGZA3	FNR 13101E A	34,541.61	-	-	-	(2,593.41)	(17.51)	(17.07)	(246.90)	31,883.97	78.84
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	38378TAF7	GNR 1371A GA	-	123,557.15	-	-	(3,480.88)	(6.41)	(10.61)	930.29	120,989.54	249.68
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	3137BSRZ8	FHMS KJ09 A2	207,494.15	-	-		(20,015.53)	(382.35)	(9.44)	743.14	187,829.97	435.09
256350018 256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	38379JM99 31846V401	GNR 1545E AG FIRST AMER:GVT OBLG D	5,093,730,60	58,727.15 4,878,844.09	(9.691.526.44)	-	-	-	(5.37)	408.85	59,130.63 281,048.25	121.56
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	CCYUSD	Cash	3,093,730.00	7,070,044.07	(2,071,320.44)	-	-		-	-	201,040.23	-
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	CCYUSD	Payable	(5,029,416.31)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(224,772.81)	
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	CCYUSD	Receivable	14,925.35	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
256350018 256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	3134GTBJ1 912828Y53	FEDERAL HOME LOAN MORTGAGE CORP UNITED STATES TREASURY	600,000.00	224,780.71	-	(600,000.00)	-	-	-	(7.96)	224,772.75	776.10
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	912828Y53 62888VAA6	NGN 10R1 1A	24,478,11	224, /80. /1	-	-	(2,594.34)	1.12	2.09	(7.96)	224,772.75	40.64
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	38377QKH9	GNR 1118A PG	21,170.11	57,418.44	-	-	(1,352.40)	(24.86)	10.40	145.98	56,197.56	137.60
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	912828Y53	UNITED STATES TREASURY	-	349,618.21	(349,617.84)	-	-	(16.18)	15.81		-	-
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	912828Y53 3130AFFN3	UNITED STATES TREASURY FEDERAL HOME LOAN BANKS	799,152.00	-	(799,175.58) (599,646.00)	-	-	(598.59)	23.32	598.85 35.93	-	-
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	3130AFEN3 38378KWU9	FEDERAL HOME LOAN BANKS GNR 1396 A	599,712.00	35,430.09	(599,646.00)	-	(1,170.06)	(133.44)	31.51	35.93 832.96	35,183.06	41.91
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	38377YTL4	GNR 11136D GA	233,591.33	-		-	(18,077.56)	220.37	39.97	626.54	216,400.65	364.93
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	3137AS7D0	FHR 4084A TC	221,223.40	-	-	-	(22,755.37)	169.58	46.76	(1,235.09)	197,449.28	329.23
256350018 256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	3137B6DF5	FHR 4272E YG	201,218.78	-	-	-	(13,040.43)	135.69	79.99	334.50	188,728.54	313.69
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	3136ADFF1 9128285W6	FNR 1336D KC UNITED STATES TREASURY	153,491.76	150.352.36	-	-	(19,637.25)	280.34	97.17 119.20	181.69 388.55	134,413.71	169.69 263.82
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	3136A5KR6	FNR 1231G AD	221,478.92	1,30,332,30	-	-	(28,654.81)	207.13	130.59	244.77	193,406.59	283.36
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	38378KWU9	GNR 1396 A	60,513.90	-	-	-	(1,989.10)	84.24	135.67	1,066.50	59,811.21	71.25
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	38378NWU3	GNR 1417A AM	170,070.80	-	-	-	(1,112.90)	(15.76)	144.01	899.76	169,985.91	350.56
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	38378BSZ3	GNR 1253A A	253,558.95	16	-	-	(3,392.77)	19.19	157.51	436.43	250,779.30	449.26
													D 40 40

Page 10 of 37



Source				Paginning Paga			Base Maturities and		Net Total Realized	Base	Base Change In	Ending Page	Ending Agemed
Source Account	Account	Identifier	Description	Beginning Base Market Value	Base Purchases	Base Sales	Redemptions	Base Paydowns	Gain/Loss	ccretion	Net Unrealized Gain/Loss	Ending Base Market Value	Ending Accrued Income Balance
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	3137AWQG3	FHMS K023 A1	334,613.06	-	-	-	(27,947.34)	300.09	269.67	667.50	307,902.98	408.42
256350018 256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	38378KW47 9128285W6	GNR 13138 A UNITED STATES TREASURY	313,379.37 127,807.73	-	-		(7,455.28)	40.78	323.78 333.27	137.61 1.167.68	306,426.26 129,308.67	550.98 226.13
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	9128286N5	UNITED STATES TREASURY	-	298,693.33	-	-	-	-	388.41	(550.99)	298,530.75	681.08
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	38378BXQ7	GNR 1289 A	262,155.22	-	- (222 000 20)	-	(21,238.52)	211.64	653.13	(309.54)	241,471.92	311.76
256350018 256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	3137EADR7 3135G0D75	FREDDIE MAC FEDERAL NATIONAL MORTGAGE ASSOCIATION	497,145.00 646,685.00		(323,880.38)		-	326.85	753.85 902.87	140.18 598.64	174,485.50 648.186.50	1,002.60 2.681.25
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	3138EJPZ5	FN AL2239	-	308,302.03	-	-	(79,572.88)	(1,453.06)	1,087.96	62.54	228,426.59	562.11
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	912828V49	UNITED STATES TREASURY	308,833.83	-	-	-	-	-	1,188.57	1,165.41	311,187.80	244.81
256350018 256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	912828L99 313384JQ3	UNITED STATES TREASURY FEDERAL HOME LOAN BANKS	1,291,576.00 998,470.00	-	-	(1,000,000,00)	-	-	1,447.97 1,524.31	983.03 5.69	1,294,007.00	7,480.30
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	9128282T6	UNITED STATES TREASURY	998,280.00	-	-	(1,000,000.00)	-	-	1,601.56	118.44	-	-
256350018	MIM-RCTC 91 TIFIA Reserve	912828UH1	UNITED STATES TREASURY	660,398.87	-	- (12.401.124.74)	- (2 <00 000 00)	- (502.245.40)	- (4.524.20)	3,018.59	(2,338.77)	661,078.68	176.69
				19,985,164.61	11,110,476.14	(12,491,136.74)	(2,600,000.00)	(692,245.49)	(4,524.39)	(1,049.10)	34,983.23	20,130,897.26	57,020.29
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	61747WAF6	MORGAN STANLEY	105,033.00	-	-	-	-	-	(706.37)	311.37	104,638.00	1,054.17
256350021 256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	38141EA58 61747WAF6	GOLDMAN SACHS GROUP INC MORGAN STANLEY	102,058.00 105,033.00	-	-	-	-	-	(680.43) (679.05)	60.43 284.05	101,438.00 104,638.00	238.89 1,054.17
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	06051GEC9	BANK OF AMERICA CORP	103,033.00	<u> </u>	-	· ·	-	-	(572.21)	(0.79)	104,638.00	1,034.17
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	06051GEC9	BANK OF AMERICA CORP	103,238.00	-	-	-	-	-	(570.98)	(2.02)	102,665.00	1,406.25
256350021 256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	38141EA58 3137ABFH9	GOLDMAN SACHS GROUP INC	102,058.00	-	-	-	-	-	(516.84)	(103.16) 452.50	101,438.00 211,432.22	238.89 684.78
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	3137AYCE9	FHMS KAIV A2 FHMS K025 A2	211,419.86	367,790.63	-	-	-	-	(330.94)	(263.29)	367,196.40	804.60
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	31381QB54	FN 467260	102,627.69	-	-		(564.25)	(7.72)	(279.99)	(184.71)	101,591.02	364.81
256350021 256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	31397UPF0 46625HHS2	FNA 11M1 A3	160,967.34 102,220.00	-	(102.220.00)	-	(7,970.09)	(96.36) 1,192.87	(265.17)	100.98 (1.018.07)	152,736.70	470.66
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	31358TPC7	JPMORGAN CHASE & CO FNR G935 F	102,220.00	-	(102,220.00)	-	(13,525.82)	(31.17)	(174.80)	(1,018.07)	98,813.49	47.10
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	38013FAD3	GMCAR 184 A3	-	76,374.02	-	-	-	-	(127.46)	80.94	76,327.50	100.31
256350021 256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	912828L57 3620ARB67	UNITED STATES TREASURY GN 737261	80,923.26	529,778.32	-	-	(6,017.79)	(217.21)	(114.36) (111.50)	(2,059.96) 272.44	527,604.00 74.849.20	25.10 239.86
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	3620ARB67 38377REV3	GN 737261 GNR 10158C HA	80,923.26	187,142.71	-		(11,544.69)	(223.95)	(111.50)	240.57	74,849.20 175,512.73	501.54
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	3134GTAE3	FEDERAL HOME LOAN MORTGAGE CORP	550,671.00	-	-	(550,000.00)	-	-	(97.45)	(573.55)	-	-
256350021 256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	3137A1N90	FHMS K008 A2	65,514.15		-		(1,118.51)	(2.21)	(96.05)	(34.52)	64,262.86	187.97
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	86787EAS6 17305EGK5	SUNTRUST BANK CCCIT 18A1 A1	100,179.00	100.625.00		· ·		-	(84.52) (78.81)	21.52 189.81	100,116.00 100,736.00	479.73 491.08
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	31381RZ23	FN 468861	62,553.87	-	-	-	(335.85)	(3.58)	(78.38)	(92.63)	62,043.43	193.66
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	46625HHS2	JPMORGAN CHASE & CO	40,888.00	-	(40,888.00)	-	-	452.32	(74.17)	(378.14)	-	-
256350021 256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	3136AMM48 31381RLL6	FNA 15M4B AV2 FN 468431	54,233.97	370,036.54	-	-	(14,720.03) (271.20)	(79.78) (2.84)	(73.82) (73.05)	1,506.75 (91.29)	356,669.66 53,795.60	738.58 167.92
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	912828L57	UNITED STATES TREASURY	54,255.71	277,545.90	-		(271.20)	(2.04)	(69.44)	(1,112.46)	276,364.00	13.15
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	31394GUX9	FHR 2666B OD	-	35,450.43	-		(2,180.92)	(91.49)	(64.21)	298.83	33,412.64	145.86
256350021 256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	31381SVJ8 912828L57	FN 469617 UNITED STATES TREASURY	87,595.32	423,035.16	-	-	(551.95)	(2.11)	(57.52) (54.43)	(54.61) (897.53)	86,929.13 422,083.20	235.92 20.08
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	3137ATRW4	FHMS K020 A2	-	101,109.38	-	-	-	-	(51.05)	(187.33)	100,871.00	197.75
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	31416BVR6	FN 995324	20,953.19	-	-	-	(6,955.27)	(58.41)	(39.02)	48.18	13,948.66	56.35
256350021 256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	62888UAB6 87165LBB6	NGN 10R2 2A SYNCT 162 A	169,840.10	160,387.50	-	-	(7,708.98)	(8.74)	(37.76)	178.59 176.35	162,263.21 160.531.20	303.59 157.16
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	69371RP34	PACCAR FINANCIAL CORP	200,264.00	100,367.30	-	-	-	-	(31.12)	(116.88)	200,116.00	678.06
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	86564FXA6	Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank Ltd. (New York Branch)	-	600,028.33	-	(600,000.00)	-	-	(28.33)	-	-	-
256350021 256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	3138EKXL4	FN AL3382	344,634,30	56,061.60	-	-	(110.77)	(1.25)	(23.22)	42.03	55,968.39	108.49
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	912828Y53 51500VCC1	UNITED STATES TREASURY Landesbank Hessen-Thüringen Girozentrale	500.020.00	- -	-	(500,000.00)	-	-	(18.53)	35.78 (8.13)	344,651.55	1,190.02
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	459058GK3	INTERNATIONAL BANK FOR RECONSTRUCTION AND DEVELOPM	220,072.60		-	-	-	-	(10.73)	52.53	220,114.40	598.34
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	3137APP61	FHMS K018 A2	200 (02 00	15,244.92	-	-	-	-	(7.02)	(45.30)	15,192.60	34.86
256350021 256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	912828Y53 459058GK3	UNITED STATES TREASURY INTERNATIONAL BANK FOR RECONSTRUCTION AND DEVELOPM	299,682.00 65,021.45		-	-	-	-	(5.77)	20.77 17.87	299,697.00 65,033.80	1,034.80 176.78
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	3137A5FP4	FHR 3791E DA	31,117.22	<u>-</u>	-	-	(3,063.45)	(2.85)	(3.34)	25.32	28,072.90	58.30
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	62888VAA6	NGN 10R1 1A	76,154.10		(68,001.00)	-	(8,071.29)	17.54	(2.93)	(96.43)	-	
256350021 256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	62888VAA6 62888VAA6	NGN 10R1 1A NGN 10R1 1A	31,277.57 40,796.84	-	(27,928.98)	-	(3,314.99)	3.02 8.66	(1.93)	(34.69)	0.01	
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	38378CDK0	GNR 11169G AK	30,038.14	-	(30,423.10)	-	(7,517.32)	(21.36)	(1.26)	9.46	22,507.65	56.11
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	459058GK3	INTERNATIONAL BANK FOR RECONSTRUCTION AND DEVELOPM	15,004.95	-	-	-	-	-	(0.76)	3.61	15,007.80	40.80
256350021 256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	3138L8H23 31846V401	FN AM7448 FIRST AMER:GVT OBLG D	68,563.52 48,056.65	12.312.905.75	(11,648,142.63)	<u> </u>	(379.40)	1.15	(0.70)	11.14	68,195.70 712,819.77	155.39
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	CCYUSD	Cash	-		(11,010,112,03)	-	-	-	-	-	(0.00)	-
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	CCYUSD	Payable					-	-	-	-	(651,917.62)	
256350021 256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	CCYUSD 56052FHZ1	Receivable MAINE ST HSG AUTH MTG PUR	8,737.50 100,000.00	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	100,000.00	869.04
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	658886DZ6	NORTH DAKOTA ST HSG FIN AGY MTG REV	100,000.00		-			-			100,000.00	558.70
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	459058GK3	INTERNATIONAL BANK FOR RECONSTRUCTION AND DEVELOPM	15,004.95	-	-	-	-		-	2.85	15,007.80	40.80
256350021 256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	3134GTBJ1 86787EBD8	FEDERAL HOME LOAN MORTGAGE CORP SUNTRUST BANK	500,000.00	-	-	(500,000.00)	-	43.88	-	(43.88) 47.50	50.125.50	162.07
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	14913Q2X6	CATERPILLAR FINANCIAL SERVICES CORP	120,289.20	-	-	-	-	-		(14.40)	120,274.80	360.30
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	025816CE7	AMERICAN EXPRESS CO	100,395.00	-	-	-	-	-	-	(75.00)	100,320.00	321.53
256350021 256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	072024WW8 4581X0CZ9	BAY AREA TOLL AUTH CALIF TOLL BRDG REV INTER-AMERICAN DEVELOPMENT BANK	-	95,000.00 652,067.00	-	-	-	-	-	186.20 (149.50)	95,186.20 651,917.50	28.08 568.75
	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	4581X0CZ9 26209AAE1	DRIVE 194 B	-	652,067.00 79,989.10	-	-	-	-	0.16	(149.50)	651,917.50 79,900.00	
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	477870AB5	JDOT 19B A2	-	89,999.66	-	-	-	-	0.22	207.12	90,207.00	91.20
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	14315PAB1	CARMX 193 A2A	105 619 45	119,994.61	-		-	-	0.65	259.14	120,254.40	117.87
256350021 256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	47789JAB2 05531FBJ1	JDOT 2019 A2 BB&T CORP	105,618.45	164,877.90	-	-	-	-	0.98 1.39	(135.38) 23.36	105,484.05 164,902.65	133.00 151.25
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	3136A72D3	FNA 12M9 A2	-	7,354.83		-	(745.97)	(4.30)	1.41	32.94	6,638.91	13.58
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	65478LAB5	NALT 19B A2A	400.045.60	79,993.00	(00.040.55	-	-	(1.40.00)	1.46	131.94	80,126.40	80.71
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	9128285H9	UNITED STATES TREASURY	499,265.00	17	(99,849.16)	-	-	(148.99)	1.59	99.56	399,368.00	1,381.11
													Page 11 of 2



Source Account	Account	Identifier	Description	Beginning Base Market Value	Base Purchases	Base Sales		Base Paydowns	Net Total Realized Gain/Loss	ccretion	Base Change In Net Unrealized Gain/Loss	Ending Base Market Value	Ending Accrued Income Balance
	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	89114QAS7	TORONTO-DOMINION BANK	100,000.00	-	-	(100,000.00)	-	-	1.59	(1.59)	-	-
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	89114QAS7 31680YAB3	TORONTO-DOMINION BANK FITAT 191 A2A	100,000.00 155,674.25	-	-	(100,000.00)	-	-	1.63	(1.63)	155,601.40	183.24
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	3137A1LC5	FHR 3710F AB	5,946.93	-	-	-	(2,587.53)	5.48	2.60	5.30	3,372.78	
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	65479AAD4	NALT 17A A3	17,994.27		-		(18,003.45)	4.85	2.65	1.68	-	-
256350021 256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	055657AC4 31418COM9	BMWLT 171 A3 FN MA3159	24,510.99	61,581.47	-	-	(24,522.76)	2.45	3.88 4.21	5.44 (101.42)	61,484.25	150.13
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	369550BA5	GENERAL DYNAMICS CORP	25,124.00	61,581.47	(25,124.50)		-	158.88	4.21	(162.74)	61,484.25	150.13
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	3140J6DU8	FN BM1914	25,121.00	218,109.17	(25,121.56)	-	(4,528.09)	(30.71)	5.64	675.83	214,231.84	441.93
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	3136A72D3	FNA 12M9 A2	-	33,098.00	-	-	(3,356.89)	(19.47)	6.39	147.08	29,875.12	
256350021 256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	637432MU6 04056BVF4	NATIONAL RURAL UTILITIES COOP FINANCE CORP Arizona Public Service Company	200,118.00	124,992.43	-	(125,000,00)	-	-	7.39 7.57	188.61	200,314.00	1,383.89
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	3137APP53	FHMS K018 A1	6,988.16	124,992.43		(125,000.00)	(5.334.62)	39.45	7.60	(20.02)	1,680,57	2.50
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	3130AGE68	FEDERAL HOME LOAN BANKS	750,217.50	-	-	(750,000.00)	(5,551.02)	169.24	7.74	(394.48)	-	-
	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	31418AU48	FN MA1502	70,877.71	-	(63,483.94)	-	(7,292.07)	887.39	7.85	(996.94)	-	-
256350021 256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	65479AAD4 38378AWX5	NALT 17A A3	10,796.56 24,281.81	-	-	-	(10,802.07) (4,005.18)	15.16 (17.11)	8.27 8.47	(17.92)	20,268,43	50.37
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	38378AWX5 3138L2GH4	GNR 11157E QA FN AM1999	24,281.81	34,529.13	-	<u> </u>	(148.55)	0.79	10.16	149.92	20,268.43 34,541.45	
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	172967LC3	CITIGROUP INC	252,592.50	-	-		-	-	14.55	1,080.45	253,687.50	
	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	3137B1UF7	FHMS K027 A1	15,408.00	-	-	-	(1,196.95)	12.86	16.00	19.45	14,259.36	
256350021 256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	254010AC5	DIGNITY HEALTH	23,974.08	-	(19,980,40)		-	76.39	16.04	10.36	24,000.48	263.70
256350021 256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	0258M0EE5 0258M0EE5	AMERICAN EXPRESS CREDIT CORP AMERICAN EXPRESS CREDIT CORP	19,979.00 19,979.00	-	(19,980.40)		-	76.39	16.09 16.20	(91.07) (91.83)	-	-
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	0258M0EE5	AMERICAN EXPRESS CREDIT CORP	19,979.00		(19,980.40)	-	-	77.47	16.27	(92.34)	-	-
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	3128MMPP2	FH G18429	249,547.47	-	- 1	-	(16,781.17)	73.70	18.37	(14.94)	232,843.44	
	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	172967LC3 3128MMPY3	CITIGROUP INC	202,074.00		-	-	(12.202.70)	-	20.15	855.85	202,950.00	
256350021 256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	3128MMPY3 3137AWOG3	FH G18438 FHMS K023 A1	226,032.75 20,913.32	-	-	-	(12,392.78) (1,746.71)	54.00 24.75	22.10 22.77	20.05 29.81	213,736.12 19,243.94	
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	04056BVC1	Arizona Public Service Company	-	139,974.33	-	(140,000.00)	-	-	25.67	-		-
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	3137AXHN6	FHMS K024 A1	26,639.32	-	-		(2,375.11)	23.12	27.40	30.50	24,345.24	
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	3138L1W62	FN AM1568	126,096.02	-	-		(590.66)	3.32	30.10	3.75	125,542.53	
256350021 256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	3137GAUY1 369550BA5	FHR 3737J MA GENERAL DYNAMICS CORP	200,992.00	164,307.59	(200,996.00)		(3,459.44)	36.13 1,241.16	31.01 31.10	1,049.97 (1,268.26)	161,965.26	203.20
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	05916SVE7	Baltimore Gas and Electric Company	-	499,968.75	(200,770.00)	(500,000.00)	-	- 1,211.10	31.25	- (1,200.20)	-	-
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	46625HKA7	JPMORGAN CHASE & CO	99,969.00	-	(100,055.00)	-	-	142.89	33.68	(90.56)	-	-
256350021 256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	3136A5KR6	FNR 1231G AD	112,954.25 199,788.00	-	-	-	(14,613.94)	164.54	34.31 36.50	98.20 549.50	98,637.36 200.374.00	
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	31677QBK4 3137A2PV7	FIFTH THIRD BANK (OHIO) FHR 3760D BA	32.676.99	-	-	-	(2,265.26)	38.65	36.50	(29.37)	30,458,46	
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	0258M0EE5	AMERICAN EXPRESS CREDIT CORP	99,895.00	-	(99,902.00)	-	(2,203.20)	139.13	40.17	(172.31)		-
	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	3137AWQG3	FHMS K023 A1	31,369.97	-	-	-	(2,620.06)	38.45	45.01	32.53	28,865.90	
256350021 256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	9128285H9 375558BB8	UNITED STATES TREASURY	399,412.00	-		-	-	-	46.18	(90.18)	399,368.00	
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	375558BB8 65478DAD9	GILEAD SCIENCES INC NAROT 18A A3	35,102.90 85,443.70	-	-	-	-	-	48.60 50.42	17.20 (92.07)	35,168.70 85,402.05	
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	06051GFN4	BANK OF AMERICA CORP	99,983.00		-		-	-	52.51	71.49	100,107.00	
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	912828Y53	UNITED STATES TREASURY	754,199.70	-	-	-	-	-	55.53	(17.78)	754,237.45	2,604.25
	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	90331HNP4	US BANK NA	254,535.00	-	-	-	-	-	58.97	(511.47)	254,082.50	
256350021 256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	31397LUK3 912828UF5	FNR 0845C DB UNITED STATES TREASURY	166,093.41 29,854.80	•	-	•	(24,302.54)	(302.71)	66.65 67.82	(388.26)	141,166.55 29,939.10	
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	05531FAU7	BB&T CORP	250.515.00	-	-	-	-	-	73.46	294.04	250,882,50	
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	3137B2GW4	FHMS K713 A2	96,255.99	-	-	-	(4,508.86)	13.21	77.96	(16.27)	91,822.03	177.16
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	94974BGM6	WELLS FARGO & CO	200,658.00	-	-	-	-	-	80.95	205.05	200,944.00	
256350021 256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	912828VV9 0258M0EE5	UNITED STATES TREASURY AMERICAN EXPRESS CREDIT CORP	50,117.00 99,895.00		(99.902.00)		-	426.31	85.82 87.84	(79.82)	50,123.00	90.49
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	23336KXQ0	DTE Electric Company	99,893.00	399,400.00	(99,902.00)		-	420.31	88.89	7.11	399,496.00	
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	38375CBH2	GNR 1257F LD	65,426.00	-	-	-	(40,324.14)	93.72	90.03	22.12	25,307.73	
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	161571FK5	CHAIT 124 A	114,881.55	-	-	-	(115,000.00)	-	94.26	24.19	-	-
256350021 256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	780082AC7 21201CX43	ROYAL BANK OF CANADA Continental Rubber of America, Corp.	100,048.00	474,796.80	-	-	-	-	105.73 116.11	(88.73) 11.09	100,065.00 474.924.00	
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	38378KW47	GNR 13138 A	121,112.80	4/4,/50.80	-	-	(2,881.26)	15.75	125.13	53.18	118,425.61	
	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	13607RAB6	CANADIAN IMPERIAL BANK OF COMMERCE	99,849.00	-	-	(100,000.00)	-	-	126.53	24.47	-	-
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	05584PAD9	BMWLT 172 A3	144,071.39	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	-	-	(44,317.35)	98.87	136.76	(38.75)	99,950.92	
256350021 256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	21687BXM8 69353RFH6	Coöperatieve Rabobank U.A., New York Branch PNC BANK NA	250,837,50	424,389.18	-	-	-	-	140.96 141.65	6.61 583.35	424,536.75 251,562,50	
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	69372BXU9	PACCAR Financial Corp.	230,837.30	424,220,83		-	-	-	141.65	8.50	424.371.00	
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	912828VA5	UNITED STATES TREASURY	39,706.40	-	-	-	-	-	141.82	(18.62)	39,829.60	188.32
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	93884FX98	Washington Gas Light Company	-	424,652.92		-	-	-	148.75	11.33	424,813.00	-
256350021 256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	53154MXH2 375558BB8	Liberty Utilities Co. GILEAD SCIENCES INC	100,294,00	474,368.25	-	-	-	-	150.42 151.11	63.33 36.89	474,582.00 100.482.00	
256350021 256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	3/5558BB8 65478HAD0	NAROT 17C A3	100,294.00	-	-		-	-	151.11	36.89 (117.19)	70,016.80	
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	912828UH1	UNITED STATES TREASURY	33,019.94	-	-		-	-	158.47	(124.48)	33,053.93	8.83
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	40428HPN6	HSBC USA INC (NEW)	99,973.00	-	-	-	-	-	159.68	(110.68)	100,022.00	
256350021 256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	084659AB7 46640OU82	BERKSHIRE HATHAWAY ENERGY CO	249,897.50 374,827.50	-	-	(375,000.00)	-	-	170.63 172.08	116.87 0.42	250,185.00	1,000.00
	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	46640QU82 97684HU82	J.P. Morgan Securities LLC Wisconsin Public Service Corporation	374,827.50 374,827.50	-	-	(375,000.00)	-	-	172.08	(4.69)	-	-
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	06416CAC2	BANK OF NOVA SCOTIA	99,655.00	-	-	(575,000.00)	-	-	192.48	137.52	99,985.00	807.29
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	02587AAJ3	AMXCA 171 A	120,753.16	-	-	-	-	-	195.89	(44.64)	120,904.41	103.79
	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	06367TPX2	BANK OF MONTREAL	99,888.00	-	-	-	-	-	203.65	(83.65)	100,008.00	
256350021 256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	06367TPX2 04056BVK3	BANK OF MONTREAL Arizona Public Service Company	99,888.00	499,786.11	-	(500,000,00)	-	-	206.08 213.89	(86.08)	100,008.00	635.83
	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	912828L57	UNITED STATES TREASURY	100,070.00	777,700.11 -	-	(500,000.00)	-	-	219.52	206.48	100,496.00	4.78
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	13607RAB6	CANADIAN IMPERIAL BANK OF COMMERCE	99,849.00	-	-	(100,000.00)	-	-	222.98	(71.98)	-	-
	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	02587AAJ3	AMXCA 171 A	99,796.00	-	-	-	-	-	230.36	(105.36)	99,921.00	85.78
256350021		(0250DT 100	DDC Industrian Inc										
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	69350BUB0 3138L2GH4	PPG Industries, Inc. FN AM1999	324,785.50 91,168.11	18		(325,000.00)	(593.17)	12.17	234.72 247.53	(20.22)	90.671.29	141.40



Source Account	Account	Identifier	Description	Beginning Base Market Value	Base Purchases	Base Sales	Base Maturities and Redemptions	Base Paydowns	Net Total Realized Gain/Loss	Base Amortization/A ccretion	Base Change In Net Unrealized Gain/Loss	Ending Base Market Value	Ending Accrued Income Balance
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	92780KVD7	Virginia Electric and Power Company		499,746.67	-	(500,000.00)	-	-	253.33	-	-	-
256350021 256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	9128286N5 9128286N5	UNITED STATES TREASURY UNITED STATES TREASURY		212,282.49 211.448.22	-	-	-	-	260.45 264.34	(1,512.58)	211,030.35	481.45 481.45
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	780082AC7	ROYAL BANK OF CANADA	100,048.00	211,440.22	-		-		278.46	(261.46)	100,065.00	974.17
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	912828VA5	UNITED STATES TREASURY	69,486.20	-	-	-	-	-	278.48	(62.88)	69,701.80	329.55
256350021 256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	71112KUH2 912828B58	The Peoples Gas Light and Coke Company UNITED STATES TREASURY	266,211.05	474,709.06	-	(475,000.00)	-	-	290.94 304.33	(304.33)	266,211.05	948.74
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	06416CAC2	BANK OF NOVA SCOTIA	99,655.00	-	-	-	-	-	329.80	0.20	99,985.00	
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	17401QAN1	Citizens Bk PA	249,512.50	-	-	•	-	•	330.76	691.74	250,535.00	2,359.38
256350021 256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	50000EV84 912828UH1	Koch Industries, Inc. UNITED STATES TREASURY	66.039.89	299,668.50	-	(300,000.00)	-	-	331.50 352.62	(284.63)	66,107.87	17.67
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	17275RBG6	CISCO SYSTEMS INC	149,677.50	-	-	(150,000.00)	-	-	387.00	(64.50)	- 00,107.87	17.07
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	04056BUH1	Arizona Public Service Company	-	399,612.67	-	(400,000.00)	-	-	387.33	-	-	-
256350021 256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	43814TAD4	HAROT 171 A4	199,756.00	-	-	(250,000,00)	-	-	418.95 445.15	(184.95)	199,990.00	113.89
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	49327M2P8 50000EX33	KEYBANK NA Koch Industries, Inc.	249,695.00	374,490.00	-	(250,000.00)	-	-	445.15 467.50	(140.15)	374,958,75	-
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	38378BXQ7	GNR 1289 A	194,189.05	-	-	-	(15,732.24)	156.77	483.80	(229.29)	178,868.09	
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	912828VV9	UNITED STATES TREASURY	461,076.40	-	-		-		485.14	(429.94)	461,131.60	
256350021 256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	912828VA5 912828B58	UNITED STATES TREASURY UNITED STATES TREASURY	134,009.10 286,302.45	-	-	<u> </u>	-	-	496.33 550.65	(80.53)	134,424.90 286.302.45	635.56 1,020.35
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	06406FAB9	BANK OF NEW YORK MELLON CORP	199,596.00	<u> </u>	-	<u> </u>	-	-	606.89	(52.89)	200,150.00	
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	23337UX79	DTE Gas Company	-	424,202.18	-	-	-	-	643.40	14.17	424,859.75	-
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	912828VA5	UNITED STATES TREASURY	198,532.00	-	-	-	-	-	676.67	(60.67)	199,148.00	
256350021 256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	55279HAN0 69353RFC7	MANUFACTURERS AND TRADERS TRUST CO PNC BANK NA	249,537.50 249,335.00	<u> </u>	-		-	-	722.87 745.83	(107.87) (170.83)	250,152.50 249,910.00	626.39 1,833.33
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	97684HV57	Wisconsin Public Service Corporation	247,333.00	399,244.00	-	(400,000.00)	-		756.00	(170.03)	-	
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	912828UF5	UNITED STATES TREASURY	233,862.60	-	-	-	-	-	790.59	(130.24)	234,522.95	668.12
256350021 256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	02360SW61	Ameren Corporation	-	499,050.00	-	(500,000.00)	-	-	950.00	-	-	-
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	26055BW91 02360SV70	The Dow Chemical Company Ameren Corporation		499,009.72 474,006,46	-	(500,000.00) (475,000.00)	-	-	990.28 993.54	-	-	-
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	912828VV9	UNITED STATES TREASURY	551,287.00		-	(175,000.00)	-	-	1,013.57	(947.57)	551,353.00	995.36
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	912828SA9	UNITED STATES TREASURY	201,918.49	-	-	-	-	-	1,074.62	(993.98)	201,999.13	54.06
256350021 256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	912828UF5 912828UF5	UNITED STATES TREASURY UNITED STATES TREASURY	278,644.80 422,943.00	-	-	-	-	-	1,130.86	(344.06)	279,431.60 424,137.25	796.06 1.208.31
256350021	MIM-RCTC 2013 Residual Fund	912828VA5	UNITED STATES TREASURY	476,476,80	<u> </u>	-	<u> </u>	-	-	2,003.12	(524.72)	477.955.20	2,259.78
				21,071,577.68	26,068,437.22	(12,672,863.51	(9,590,000.00)	(487,275.29)	4,669.20	21,442.76	(9,486.46)	23,745,846.47	70,999.81
256350023	Marketi B. E. I.	212010 (PZ	FN 468066	189,089,28				(865.85)	(26.15)	(1.001.01)	211.57	187.477.84	648.29
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1 MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	31381Q6B7 912828B58	FN 468066 UNITED STATES TREASURY	189,089.28 733,336.10	<u> </u>	-	<u> </u>	(865.85)	(36.15)	(1,021.01)	311.57 684.89	733,336.10	
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	3137B1U75	FHMS KS01 A2	383,104.60	-	-		-		(668.29)	2,207.29	384,643.60	
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	912828XB1	UNITED STATES TREASURY	991,458.00	-	-		-		(630.85)	11,745.85	1,002,573.00	7,825.83
256350023 256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1 MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	38377UN20 912828G38	GNR 1162A PA UNITED STATES TREASURY	1,381,428.00	0.56	-		-	614.85	(615.41) (609.78)	13,326.78	1.394.145.00	11,473.17
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	31381PEB0	FN 466430	251.033.79	-	-		(1.226.78)	(10.50)	(468.13)	(159.49)	249,168,88	694.40
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	31381QB54	FN 467260	133,862.20	-	-	-	(735.97)	(10.08)	(365.20)	(240.93)	132,510.02	
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	3137EADB2	FREDDIE MAC	202,954.00	-	-	-	-	-	(352.92)	478.92	203,080.00	1,029.17
256350023 256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1 MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	31381T4E7 3137FBAJ5	FN 470721 FHMS KIR3 A2	262,314.94 210,864.00		-		(1,671.14)	(32.96)	(351.48)	867.63 5,768.94	261,126.98 216.298.00	570.60 546.83
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	3136A7MN9	FNA 12M8 A2	290,548.39		-		(1,755.01)	(20.85)	(328.41)	1,491.07	289,935.19	
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	3137EADB2	FREDDIE MAC	202,954.00	-	-	-	-	-	(270.18)	396.18	203,080.00	1,029.17
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	31398QTP2 912828B58	FHR 3747C HW UNITED STATES TREASURY	63,405.87 236,073.95	-	-	-	(16,917.75)	(165.68)	(270.02)	186.49 266.77	46,238.91 236.073.95	171.87 841.34
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1 MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	3137ABFH9	FHMS KAIV A2	230,073.93	102,574.22	-		-	-	(258.56)	321.34	102,637.00	332.42
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	912828B58	UNITED STATES TREASURY	100,457.00	-	-	-	-	-	(249.92)	249.92	100,457.00	
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	31381R5T7	FN 468958	134,494.10		-	-	-	-	(248.30)	(377.00)	133,868.80	
256350023 256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1 MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	38378VC45 3137B1BS0	GNR 13116D MA FHMS K026 A2	144,824.60	363,360.94	-		(6,191.45)	201.62	(235.95)	538.11 2.257.96	139,136.93 365,432.40	261.26 753.00
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	912828B58	UNITED STATES TREASURY	145,662.65	505,500.94	-	-	-	-	(180.22)	180.22	145,662.65	519.12
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	3620ARB67	GN 737261	123,546.96	-	-	-	(9,187.46)	(331.62)	(170.23)	415.93	114,273.59	366.19
256350023 256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	38378CRT6	GNR 1213E EG	47,258.97 128,320.89	-	-	-	(3,023.28)	74.70	(150.62)	(90.43)	44,069.34	73.47
256350023 256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1 MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	36202F2H8 3138LFGP7	G2 005276 FN AN2905	128,320.89	284.356.45	-	-	(9,625.29)	(297.53)	(143.13)	739.78	118,994.72 283.096.00	289.72 584.38
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	3137AXHP1	FHMS K024 A2	142,066.40		-	-	-	-	(112.09)	319.29	142,273.60	
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	38375XCM4	GNR 0847B PC	72,474.28	-	-	-	(6,068.23)	(166.73)	(110.78)	(14.13)	66,114.42	
256350023 256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1 MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	912828B58 3130AFFX0	UNITED STATES TREASURY FEDERAL HOME LOAN BANKS	115,525.55	205,766.25	-	-	-	-	(110.32)	110.32 504.61	115,525.55 206,164.00	411.72 2.254.69
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1 MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	38376GB33	GNR 116 BA	116,494.03	203,700.23			(97,661.70)	(332.85)	(104.91)	190.45	206,164.00 18,585.02	
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	3137AUPE3	FHMS K021 A2	145,189.44	-	-	-	-		(94.87)	287.83	145,382.40	287.52
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	3136AHAE0	FNA 13M14 APT	115,896.44	-	-	-	(2,631.21)	(36.19)	(82.48)	653.14	113,799.71	
256350023 256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1 MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	31381SVJ8 38377JM59	FN 469617 GNR 10111F PE	109,494.16 80,819.67	-	-	-	(689.93) (6,442.74)	(2.64) 140.27	(71.90)	(68.27) 114.69	108,661.42 74,563.21	294.90 155.59
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	31417YKF3	FN MA0293	72,654.97	-	-	-	(3,630.57)	(144.61)	(55.43)	454.73	69,279.09	242.31
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	3137FNAD2	FHMS K095 A1	-	137,694.33	-	-	(125.31)	(2.48)	(53.45)	2,624.41	140,137.50	295.71
256350023 256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	38377RSZ9 38377REV3	GNR 10162D PQ GNR 10158C HA	34,975.78	87,333.27	-	-	(8,388.41)	(93.82)	(49.82) (47.56)	(2.42) 112.26	26,441.30	98.08
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1 MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	38377REV3 912828VV9	GNR 10158C HA UNITED STATES TREASURY	100.234.00	87,333.27	(100,246,09	-	(5,387.53)	(104.50)	(47.56)	112.26 398.40	81,905.94	234.05
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	912828B58	UNITED STATES TREASURY	50,228.50	-	(100,240.09	- -	-	-	(44.45)	44.45	50,228.50	179.01
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	3137AJMF8	FHMS K016 A2	29,027.68	-	-	-	(154.89)	(1.71)	(40.62)	(47.47)	28,782.99	70.18
256350023 256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	3137F4D41 38376GY53	FHMS K074 A2 GNR 1195 C	32,537.40	64.009.56	-	-		(1.89)	(39.47)	643.97	33,141.90 63.514.00	
256350023 256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1 MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	38376GY53 3137AJMF8	GNR 1195 C FHMS K016 A2	-	64,009.56 24,109.00	-	-	(621.61) (42.14)	(1.89)	(35.32)	163.26 (48.87)	63,514.00 23,985.82	185.66 58.48
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	3138NJAE8	FN FN0004	17,868.29	21,107.00	-	-	(112.24)	(1.02)	(29.05)	31.25	17,757.23	
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	38376T5Z1	GNR 104A PD	72,547.98	-	-	-	(4,816.97)	(141.02)	(28.38)	216.38	67,778.00	165.77
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	38377RSZ9	GNR 10162D PQ	8,871.91	19	-	-	(2,127.79)	(41.61)	(23.33)	27.89	6,707.06	24.88

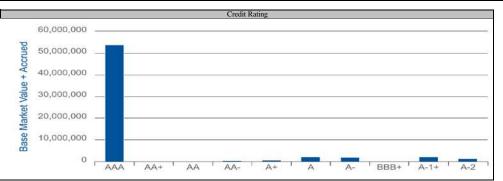


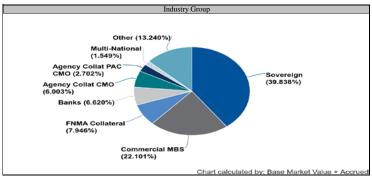
Source Account	Account	Identifier	Description	Beginning Base Market Value	Base Purchases	Base Sales	Base Maturities and Redemptions	Base Paydowns	Net Total Realized A	Base Amortization/A ccretion	Base Change In Net Unrealized Gain/Loss	Ending Base Market Value	Ending Accrued Income Balance
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	3135G0Q22	FEDERAL NATIONAL MORTGAGE ASSOCIATION	-	202,320.00	(201,996.00)	-	-	(300.81)	(23.19)	-	-	-
256350023 256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1 MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	38377RVK8 31417YKF3	GNR 10166F GP FN MA0293	19,665.62 69,117.21	-	-	-	(957.18) (3,453.79)	12.31 (158.27)	(11.22)	19.60 408.69	18,729.13 65,905.71	46.23 230.51
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	3137F4D41	FHMS K074 A2	5,422.90	-	-	-	-	- (130.27)	(5.60)	106.35	5,523.65	15.00
256350023 256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	3137A5FP4	FHR 3791E DA	52,052.60	54,532.36	-		(5,124.52)	(4.76)	(5.58)	42.35 379.64	46,960.09 54,907.01	97.52
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1 MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	38379JM99 62888VAA6	GNR 1545E AG NGN 10R1 1A	99,272.31	54,532.36	-	-	(10,521.49)	(2.57)	(4.99)	(106.17)	88,637.26	112.88 164.80
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	31381N7G2	FN 466295	18,157.47	-	-	-	(101.88)	(0.36)	(2.84)	(39.35)	18,013.04	48.81
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	3137AUPE3	FHMS K021 A2	236,941.10	1.046.250.20	(230,806.95)	-	-	7,135.07	(1.15)	(7,210.47)	6,057.60	11.98
256350023 256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1 MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	31846V401 CCYUSD	FIRST AMER:GVT OBLG D Cash	322,791.18 (231,218.46)	1,946,250.30	(2,020,532.19)	-	-	-	-	-	248,509.29	-
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	CCYUSD	Payable	(199,798.78)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(199,798.78)	
256350023 256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1 MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	38377UN20 38375KCX8	GNR 1162A PA GNR 0726C MA	881.41	-	-	-	(882.42)	-	-	1.01	-	-
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	38377F2N0	GNR 1073E LN	77.97	-	-		(78.05)	(0.02)	-	0.09	-	-
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	912828Y53	UNITED STATES TREASURY	-	199,805.08	-	-	-	-	-	(7.08)	199,798.00	689.87
256350023 256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1 MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	38377LQT8 38378CDK0	GNR 10128D KE GNR 11169G AK	2,560.03 16,687.86	-	-	-	(2,293.17)	2.40 (4.24)	1.48	(3.42)	267.32 12.504.25	0.67 31.17
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	38377JZ89	GNR 11109G AK GNR 10117A GK	46,892.51	-	-	-	(3,639.02)	(78.56)	3.02	274.65	43,452.59	122.72
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	38377LQT8	GNR 10128D KE	8,228.67	-	-	-	(7,370.89)	7.05	4.20	(9.80)	859.23	2.15
256350023 256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1 MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	3137ATRW4 36202F2H8	FHMS K020 A2 G2 005276	125,896.25 30,599.59	-	-	-	(2.295.26)	(1.09)	6.02	186.48 66.38	126,088.75 28,375,66	247.19 69.09
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	38378KWU9	GNR 1396 A	14,280.87		-	-	(512.11)	4.61	6.43	293.42	14,073.23	16.76
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	31418AU48	FN MA1502	63,209.66	-	(56,615.80)	-	(6,503.16)	791.38	7.00	(889.09)	-	-
256350023 256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1 MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	38378DDC6 3137B5A60	GNR 1216E GB FHR 4257G EK	98,435.05 25,185,78	-	-	-	(26,663.66)	(60.57) 17.33	7.37 8.80	(25.35) 15.65	71,692.85 23.652.70	208.43 48.99
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	3138L33G8	FN AM3498	99,656.00	-	-	-	(1,374.63)	- 17.33	9.15	41.85	99,707.00	167.50
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	38378HXH4	GNR 12119 KB	16,472.49	-	-	-	(1,100.35)	31.62	9.31	32.16	15,445.22	16.39
256350023 256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1 MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	38377QKH9 38378KXW4	GNR 1118A PG GNR 13105 A	101.024.94	53,217.09	-	-	(1,253.45)	(23.03)	9.64 15.50	135.31 46.96	52,085.55 99,430.02	127.54 142.63
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	3137A5FP4	FHR 3791E DA	34,993.34	-	-	-	(3,445.06)	9.69	16.81	(4.98)	31,569.81	65.56
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	3137ASNH3	FHMS K019 A1	33,371.51	-	-	-	(16,445.26)	44.33	18.70	34.65	17,023.93	20.74
256350023 256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1 MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	3137B4HD1 3136A5KR6	FHR 4247A AK FNR 1231G AD	47,347.26 73,531.00	-			(4,842.17) (9,513.39)	(156.09) 107.12	19.26 22.33	(258.94) 63.93	42,109.32 64,210.99	150.74 94.07
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	38378AWX5	GNR 11157E QA	72,845.44	-	-	-	(12,015.53)	(25.13)	23.75	(23.25)	60,805.28	151.10
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	38378KWU9	GNR 1396 A	53,553.25	-	-	-	(1,920.40)	21.40	25.66	1,094.68	52,774.59	62.87
256350023 256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1 MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	38379HLE3 912828I.99	GNR 14184H WK UNITED STATES TREASURY	111,831.93 149,028,00	-	-	-	(10,857.45)	18.88	29.43 38.52	17.61 241.98	101,040.40 149 308 50	286.70 863.11
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	3138L1W62	FN AM1568	164,894.80	-	-	-	(772.41)	4.35	39.36	4.91	164,171.01	343.05
256350023 256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	3136AC7J4	FNA 13M6 2A	50,982.66	-	-	-	(1,418.16)	16.68	40.76	150.76	49,772.70	105.93
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1 MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	3138EKXL4 38378XP62	FN AL3382 GNR 14166 PL	14,011.09 258,570,58	-		-	(84.26)	2.59 (64.37)	45.34 46.15	17.34 5,197.09	13,992.10 257,218.31	27.12 533.64
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	38378KSL4	GNR 1374 AL	218,434.50	-	-	-	-	-	47.61	9,683.64	228,165.75	527.70
256350023 256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1 MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	38375CBH2 3138EKXL4	GNR 1257F LD FN AL3382	37,294.76 17,513.87	-	-	-	(22,985.96) (105.33)	53.43 2.66	51.32 52.40	12.61 26.52	14,426.16 17,490.12	15.05 33.90
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	38378TAF7	GNR 1371A GA	17,313.87	-	-	-	(5.875.32)	5.82	57.60	66.87	111.682.66	230.47
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	38376WA62	GNR 1015C PD	34,015.17	-			(2,563.78)	(84.17)	67.39	(410.98)	31,023.62	100.03
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1 MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	38378B6A2 38376WA62	GNR 1312A AB GNR 1015C PD	108,041.09 139,732.78	-	-	-	(679.34)	11.56	69.18 83.82	3,203.36	110,645.85	171.03 410.91
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	3136ADFF1	FNR 1336D KC	144,964.44	-	-	-	(18,546.29)	264.76	91.77	171.60	126,946.28	160.27
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	3137EADR7	FREDDIE MAC	472,287.75	-	(323,258.00)	-	-	(1,370.97)	98.25	1,801.97	149,559.00	859.38
256350023 256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1 MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	38378KSL4 38378B7F0	GNR 1374 AL GNR 1333 B	194,164.00 190,884.00	-		-	-		100.22 108.28	8,549.78 7,797.72	202,814.00 198,790.00	469.06 378.83
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	9128286N5	UNITED STATES TREASURY	170,004.00	93,218.61	-		-	-	112.86	(684.00)	92,647.47	211.37
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	9128285W6	UNITED STATES TREASURY		164,366.84	-	-		-	126.86	(2,857.86)	161,635.84	282.66
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1 MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	38379KDN5 38377RVK8	GNR 1529 AD GNR 10166F GP	145,921.74 31,233.63	-	-	-	(11,535.92) (1,520.23)	122.93 (29.87)	154.61 174.71	3,650.32 (111.97)	138,313.69 29,746.27	246.65 73.42
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	3134G9V38	FEDERAL HOME LOAN MORTGAGE CORP	249,242.50		(249,865.00)	-	(1,020.23)	3,090.26	175.19	(2,642.95)	-	-
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	912828XB1 38380AZ34	UNITED STATES TREASURY GNR 16147C DA	152,532.00 137,434,36	-	-	-	/E 0/2 000	(116.12)	177.27 178.32	1,532.73	154,242.00	1,203.97 324.60
256350023 256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1 MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	38380AZ34 912828L99	UNITED STATES TREASURY	137,434.36	-	(587,121.10)	-	(5,063.99)	(116.12)	178.32	1,561.82 1,869.10	133,994.39 59,723.40	324.60 345.24
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	3138EJPZ5	FN AL2239	274,412.79	-	-	-	(71,314.50)	(2,278.15)	187.23	2,038.48	203,045.86	499.65
256350023 256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1 MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	38378KWU9 912828L57	GNR 1396 A UNITED STATES TREASURY	35,702.17 550,385,00	-	-	-	(1,280.27)	76.53	196.44 209.77	488.19 2.133.23	35,183.06 552,728.00	41.91 26.30
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1 MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	38378KWU9	GNR 1396 A	530,385.00	-	-		(1,920.40)	106.84	209.77	2,133.23 823.82	52,774.59	62.87
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	38377RVK8	GNR 10166F GP	52,056.05	-	-	-	(2,533.71)	(26.23)	212.27	(131.27)	49,577.12	122.36
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1 MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	912828V49 38376WA62	UNITED STATES TREASURY GNR 1015C PD	58,571.93 34,788.24	-		-	(2,622.05)	(165.35)	226.43	220.02 (502.44)	59,018.38 31,728.71	46.43 102.30
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	3137ATRW4	FHMS K020 A2	158,236.48		-	-	(2,022.03)	(103.33)	233.58	8.37	158,478.43	310.69
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	9128286N5	UNITED STATES TREASURY	-	180,245.97	-	-	-	-	234.39	(332.49)	180,147.86	411.00
256350023 256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1 MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	38378B7F0 3135G0D75	GNR 1333 B FEDERAL NATIONAL MORTGAGE ASSOCIATION	238,605.00 596,940.00		-	-	-	-	304.56 329.43	9,577.94 1,056.57	248,487.50 598,326.00	473.54 2,475.00
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	9128285W6	UNITED STATES TREASURY	106,506.44	-	-	-	-	-	340.67	910.11	107,757.23	188.44
256350023 256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	3136A72D3	FNA 12M9 A2	291,769.93 227,680.27	-	-	-	(30,039.78)	409.67	381.72	(284.35)	262,237.19	536.46
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1 MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	3138EKXL4 912828L57	FN AL3382 UNITED STATES TREASURY	227,680.27 850,595.00	-	-	-	(1,369.23)	9.99	399.53 415.78	651.02 3.205.22	227,371.58 854.216.00	440.73 40.64
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	38378KRS0	GNR 1378 AG	437,323.50	-	-	-	-	-	454.99	12,595.01	450,373.50	895.72
256350023 256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	3137EADB2 912828SA9	FREDDIE MAC UNITED STATES TREASURY	558,123.50 185.091.95	-	-	-	-	-	642.14 708.03	(295.64)	558,470.00	2,830.21
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1 MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	912828SA9 912828UH1	UNITED STATES TREASURY UNITED STATES TREASURY	185,091.95 192,616.34	-	-	-	-	-	708.03 924.40	(634.12) (726.11)	185,165.87 192,814.62	49.55 51.53
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	912828V49	UNITED STATES TREASURY	239,612.45	-	-	-	-	-	1,031.48	794.88	241,438.81	189.94
256350023	MIM-Sr Lien Reserve Fund-1	912828SA9	UNITED STATES TREASURY	280,442.35 18,241,276.78	4,163,160,83	(3,770,441,13)	-	(528,596,67)	4.970.40	1,095.92 885.65	(983.93) 109.628.34	280,554.34 18.452,102.66	75.08 60,440.10
				10,241,2/0./0	4,163,160.63	(3,770,441.13)	-	(340,370.07)	4,770.40	003.03	107,040.34	10,432,102.00	00,440.10

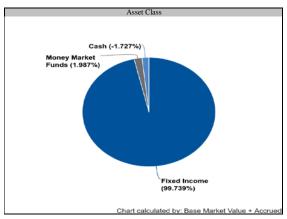


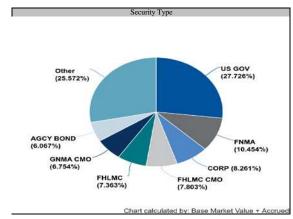
Source Account	Account	Identifier	Description	Beginning Base Market Value	Base Purchases		Base Maturities and Redemptions		Net Total Realized Gain/Loss	Amortization/A			
				59.298.019.07	41.342.074.19	(28.934.441.38)	(12.190.000.00)	(1,708,117,45)	5,115.21	21,279,30	135,125.12	62,328,846,39	188,460,20

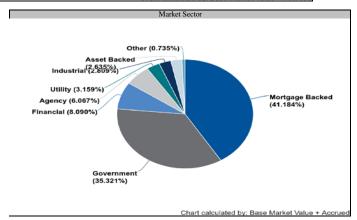
91 CIP STAMP Portfolio Summary of Investments for quarter ended September 30, 2019







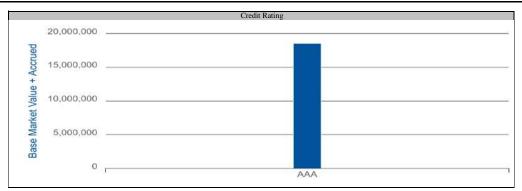


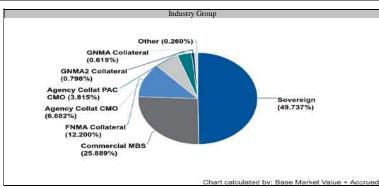


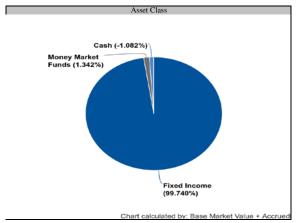
^{*}Negative cash reflects securities in transit at month end

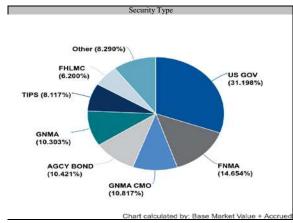


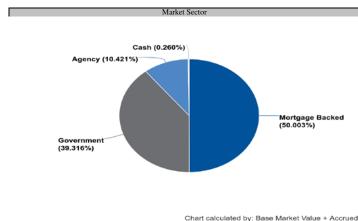
91 CIP STAMP Portfolio Series A & Series B Reserve Fund Summary of Investments for quarter ended September 30, 2019







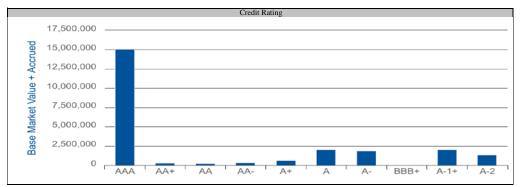


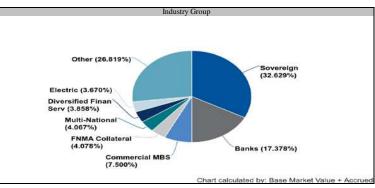


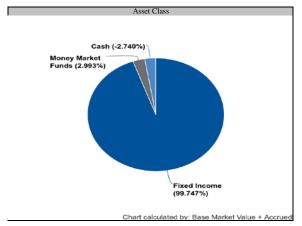
^{*}Negative cash reflects securities in transit at month end

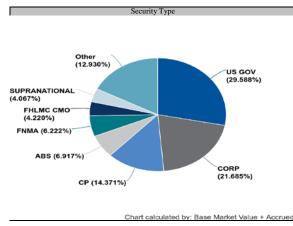


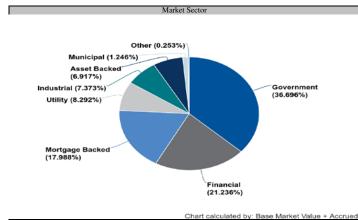
91 CIP STAMP Portfolio Residual Fund Required Retained Balance Summary of Investments for quarter ended September 30, 2019







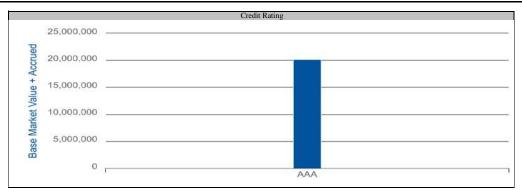


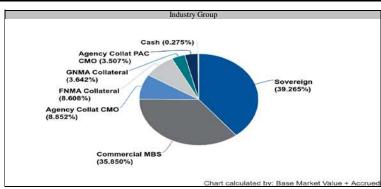


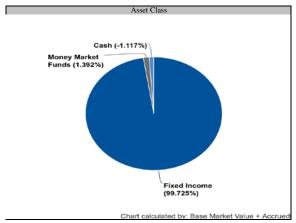
^{*}Negative cash reflects securities in transit at month end

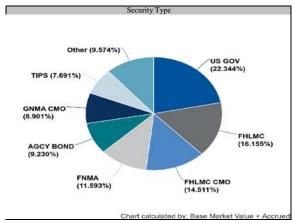


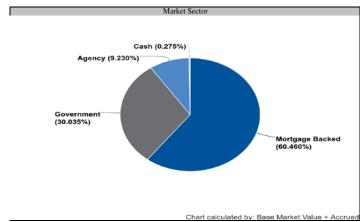
91 CIP STAMP Portfolio TIFIA Reserve Fund Summary of Investments for quarter ended September 30, 2019











^{*}Negative cash reflects securities in transit at month end



2017 Financing STAMP Portfolio by Investment Category for quarter ended September 30, 2019

Source	Account	Identifier	Security Type Category	Issuer	Final Maturity	Trade Date	Current Face Value	Original Cost	Next Call Date	Base Market Value	Base Net Total Unrealized Gain/Loss	Coupon	Yield	Summarized Credit Rating
Account 240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	3135G0U68	Agency	Federal National Mortgage Association	10/30/2019	10/25/2018	375,000.00	375,000.00	Date	375,026.25	26.25	1.890	1.839	
240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	3130AG5X9	Agency	Federal Home Loan Banks	10/09/2020	06/13/2019	1,700,000.00	1,701,020.00	10/09/2019	1,700,255.00	185.26	2.520	1.897	AAA
240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	3130AH2K8	Agency	Federal Home Loan Banks	09/10/2020	09/09/2019	2,075,000.00	2,075,000.00	12/10/2019	2,075,041.50	41.50	2.050	2.043	
240907020 240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	3137EADB2 3130AECJ7	Agency	Freddie Mac Federal Home Loan Banks	01/13/2022 05/28/2020	09/30/2019 07/03/2018	400,000.00 350,000.00	406,425.20 350,150.50		406,160.00 351,704.50	(265.20) 1,649.21	2.375 2.625	1.685	AAA AAA
240907020	RCTC I-15 FIJ RAMP UP RESERVE	38377REV3	Agency Agency CMO	Government National Mortgage Association	10/20/2039	07/03/2018	37,257.28	37,996.60		38,027.76	52.12	3.500	2.351	AAA
240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	3137AH6C7	Agency CMO	Freddie Mac	07/25/2021	11/29/2018	96,479.88	96,653.25		97,830.60	1,232.87	3.230	2.260	
240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	38376V2E6	Agency CMO	Government National Mortgage Association	07/16/2039	08/06/2019	24,203.09	25,186.34		25,407.19	232.59	4.000	1.665	AAA
240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	3137AJMF8	Agency CMO	Freddie Mac	10/25/2021	11/29/2018	94,590.65	94,276.58		95,943.29	1,632.01	2.968	2.084	
240907020 240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	38375XCM4 383742C76	Agency CMO Agency CMO	Government National Mortgage Association Government National Mortgage Association	11/16/2037 08/16/2037	05/14/2019 01/31/2018	28,205.54 65,565.61	29,004.33 67,204.75		29,114.60 66,638.92	166.28 (221.18)	5.000 4.000	2.767 3.107	AAA AAA
240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	38375JCJ2	Agency CMO	Government National Mortgage Association	12/16/2037	01/31/2018	6,099,76	6.118.82		6.096.71	(3.98)	5.305	3.013	AAA
240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	38378BXQ7	Agency CMO	Government National Mortgage Association	01/16/2036	06/17/2019	18,030.15	17,849.85		17,886.81	(6.69)	1.537	3.096	AAA
240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	38376YPU9	Agency CMO	Government National Mortgage Association	12/20/2038	05/10/2019	25,709.48	25,532.73		25,735.19	189.08	2.500	2.267	AAA
240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	3137ATRW4 3137ASR97	Agency CMO	Freddie Mac Freddie Mac	05/25/2022	09/26/2018	100,000.00	97,238.28 25,035.99		100,871.00 25,494.96	2,919.67	2.373	1.961	AAA AAA
240907020	RCTC I-15 Ptj RAMP UP RESERVE	3136A72D3	Agency CMO Agency CMO	Federal National Mortgage Association	04/25/2022	07/26/2019	16,415.73	16,511.79		16,597.29	81.85	2.482	1.803	
240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	3137AYCE9	Agency CMO	Freddie Mac	10/25/2022	08/13/2019	100,000.00	102,164.06		101,999.00	(73.13)	2.682	1.934	AAA
240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	31397QWZ7	Agency CMO	Federal National Mortgage Association	09/25/2029	09/28/2018	41,243.71	41,604.59		41,517.98	213.69	4.000	2.439	
240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	38378HXH4	Agency CMO	Government National Mortgage Association	09/16/2027	03/08/2019	7,152.01	6,780.38		7,020.56	218.72	1.250	2.067	AAA
240907020 240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	31392J6N4 3137B84S3	Agency CMO	Federal National Mortgage Association Freddie Mac	04/25/2023	12/05/2017 01/31/2018	371,294.88 96,790,56	403,924.59 95,580.68		385,467.21 96,860.25	(8,750.97) 1,089,19	5.500 2.000	2.536 1.921	
240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	3137B84S3 3137A5FP4	Agency CMO Agency CMO	Freddie Mac	02/15/2029	01/31/2018	47,991.34	48,111.32		48,143.95	1,089.19	2.500	2.070	AAA AAA
240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	38375CBH2	Agency CMO	Government National Mortgage Association	03/16/2035	03/19/2019	6,416.23	6,377.13		6,405.84	7.49	1.250	2.364	AAA
240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	31398N2K9	Agency CMO	Federal National Mortgage Association	11/25/2025	01/31/2018	60.71	60.94		60.66	(0.10)		2.613	AAA
240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	38377QKH9	Agency CMO	Government National Mortgage Association	08/20/2040	08/20/2019	22,822.16	23,236.71		23,301.42	60.52	3.000	2.258	
240907020 240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	38378CDK0 38378AWX5	Agency CMO	Government National Mortgage Association	03/20/2035	01/30/2018	52,373.83 100.734.70	52,856.65 101,710.57		52,517.86 101.342.13	(24.40)	3.000	2.171	AAA AAA
240907020	RCTC I-15 FIJ RAMP UP RESERVE	38378DDC6	Agency CMO Agency CMO	Government National Mortgage Association Government National Mortgage Association	04/20/2038	06/20/2018	42,876.79	43,166.54		43,015.71	20.28	3.500	2.540	
240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	38376PJ35	Agency CMO	Government National Mortgage Association	05/16/2037	10/30/2018	840.28	843.17		839.46	(0.82)	4.000	2.440	
240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	38379HLE3	Agency CMO	Government National Mortgage Association	05/20/2043	10/18/2018	70,212.10	70,113.37		72,171.72	2,060.52	3.500	2.167	AAA
240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	38378VC45	Agency CMO	Government National Mortgage Association	12/16/2041	11/23/2018	62,462.30	60,207.80		62,371.73	2,065.33	2.250	2.275	AAA
240907020 240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	38377JM59 3137ARBX3	Agency CMO Agency CMO	Government National Mortgage Association Freddie Mac	10/20/2039 03/15/2039	11/21/2018 03/14/2019	33,552.75 40,571.29	32,713.94 39,994.42		33,499.40 40,490.96	720.55 535.85	2.500 2.378	2.525	
240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	38376YFF3	Agency CMO	Government National Mortgage Association	03/20/2039	06/03/2019	8,841.27	8,907.58		8,951.70	52.42	4.000	2.432	
240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	38379JM99	Agency CMO	Government National Mortgage Association	02/16/2041	08/28/2019	23,618.29	23,770.51		23,933.83	165.49	2.500	1.812	
240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	31416BTW8	Agency MBS	Federal National Mortgage Association	01/01/2024	09/03/2019	435,104.39	453,868.28		454,644.93	577.34	5.500	2.050	
240907004 240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	3137B2GW4	Agency MBS	Freddie Mac	03/25/2020	06/29/2018	551,483.68	547,907.66		550,932.20 562,088.67	837.01	2.313	2.136	
240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15 MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	3137B7YX1 3137FJXN4	Agency MBS Agency MBS	Freddie Mac Freddie Mac	02/25/2023	08/27/2019	556,699.82 362,890.25	563,745.55 362,550.05		362,596.31	(1,514.67)	2.392	2.401	AAA AAA
240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	31283K5N4	Agency MBS	Freddie Mac	08/01/2020	12/05/2017	209,955.42	214,684.46		216,650.90	2,580.99	5.000	-4.139	
240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	3620A9WV9	Agency MBS	Government National Mortgage Association	12/15/2024	05/23/2018	11,394.45	11,643.71		11,881.68	287.06	4.000	1.734	AAA
240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	3138NJAE8	Agency MBS	Federal National Mortgage Association	12/01/2020	09/13/2018	31,597.79	31,963.15		31,568.41	(290.13)	3.630	3.779	
240907020 240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	31381N7G2 31381RLL6	Agency MBS Agency MBS	Federal National Mortgage Association Federal National Mortgage Association	10/01/2020 07/01/2021	09/25/2018 11/02/2018	35,821.90 45,237.78	35,953.43 45,909.30		36,026.08 46,375.51	66.85	3.270 3.840	2.369	AAA AAA
240907020	RCTC I-15 FIJ RAMP UP RESERVE	31381SVJ8	Agency MBS	Federal National Mortgage Association	11/01/2021	02/22/2019	43,237.78	42,720.68		43,464,57	815.68	3.330	2.128	AAA
240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	3136AC7J4	Agency MBS	Federal National Mortgage Association	03/25/2023	02/21/2018	40,665.16	39,996.42		41,477.25	1,268.03	2.605	1.880	
240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	31418AU48	Agency MBS	Federal National Mortgage Association	07/01/2023	05/21/2019	0.00	0.00		0.00	(0.00)	2.500	1.356	
240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	3137B1U75	Agency MBS	Freddie Mac	01/25/2023	02/27/2018	120,000.00	117,965.63		121,466.40	2,845.96	2.522	1.997	AAA
240907020 240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	38378KWU9 3137B3NW4	Agency MBS Agency MBS	Government National Mortgage Association Freddie Mac	11/16/2041 09/25/2022	05/03/2019 09/26/2018	35,923.45 82.463.44	33,700.68 81,754.77		35,183.06 83,356.52	1,257.16 1,474.04	1.400 2.778	2.388 1.938	AAA AAA
240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	38378KW47	Agency MBS	Government National Mortgage Association	08/16/2035	06/13/2019	59,424.35	59,090.09		59,212.80	63.83	2.170	2.512	
240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	3137AXHN6	Agency MBS	Freddie Mac	02/25/2022	01/25/2018	58,208.29	57,407.92		58,054.03	364.30	1.749	1.877	AAA
240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	31418ASD1	Agency MBS	Federal National Mortgage Association	04/01/2023	01/31/2018	54,858.48	54,325.70		54,795.39	358.92	2.000	1.996	AAA
240907020 240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	3136AMM48 3137B1UF7	Agency MBS	Federal National Mortgage Association Freddie Mac	07/25/2022 09/25/2022	09/26/2018 01/25/2018	84,106.36 30,607.20	82,849.42 30,157.65		84,921.35 30,555.78	1,750.43 251.67	2.509 1.785	1.976	AAA AAA
240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	3137BQBY2	Agency MBS Agency MBS	Freddie Mac Freddie Mac	09/25/2022	08/16/2019	63,759.08	30,157.65 64.170.02		63,966,93	(186.35)	2.183	1.827	AAA
240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	3138EJPZ5	Agency MBS	Federal National Mortgage Association	07/01/2022	07/22/2019	24,800.64	25,253.06		25,380.73	6.94	3.022	1.910	
240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	3620ARB67	Agency MBS	Government National Mortgage Association	05/15/2025	05/23/2018	24,168.84	24,742.86		25,140.18	511.25	4.000	1.944	AAA
240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	31418CQM9	Agency MBS	Federal National Mortgage Association	10/01/2027	09/11/2019	23,353.56	23,948.35		23,910.54	(39.44)	3.000	2.122	
240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	3140J6DU8 3138L2GH4	Agency MBS Agency MBS	Federal National Mortgage Association Federal National Mortgage Association	08/01/2031	07/26/2019	82,113.07 21,604.82	82,664.77 21,488.36		82,928.46 21,588.40	261.61 93.70	2.500 1.870	2.133	AAA AAA
240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	3136A96F0	Agency MBS	Federal National Mortgage Association	11/25/2022	02/27/2019	56,377.13	54,643.97		56,820.25	1,643.19	2.184	1.834	AAA
240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	3137FGZN8	Agency MBS	Freddie Mac	02/25/2023	06/18/2019	40,356.28	40,337.36		40,347.81	43.93	2.424	2.312	AAA
240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	31381QB54	Agency MBS	Federal National Mortgage Association	03/01/2021	11/07/2018	56,108.63	57,270.26		57,421.01	643.62	4.410	2.251	
240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	87165LBB6	Asset Backed	Synchrony Credit Card Master Note Trust 2016-2	05/17/2021	08/02/2019	525,000.00	526,271.48		526,743.00	578.64	2.210	2.011	AAA
240907004 240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15 MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	161571HJ6 02587AAJ3	Asset Backed Asset Backed	Chase Issuance Trust American Express Credit Account Master Trust	01/15/2020 02/18/2020	03/23/2018 06/29/2018	500,000.00 650,000.00	501,347.66 640,351.56		500,275.00 649,486.50	331.47 1,786.39	2.328	2.165 2.147	
240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	05522RCW6	Asset Backed Asset Backed	Ba Credit Card Trust - Series 2017-1	02/18/2020	09/04/2019	750,000.00	749,677.73		749,550.00	(171.60)	1.950	2.147	
240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	65478DAD9	Asset Backed	Nissan Auto Receivables 2018-A Owner Trust	05/16/2022	06/29/2018	600,000.00	596,906.25		602,838.00	4,198.62	2.650	2.156	AAA
240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	38013FAD3	Asset Backed	GM Financial Consumer Automobile Receivables Trust 2018-4	10/16/2023	07/24/2019	350,000.00	356,412.11		356,195.00	377.68	3.210	2.174	
240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	47789JAB2	Asset Backed	John Deere Owner Trust 2019 Niscon Auto Lease Trust 2010 A	10/15/2021	03/05/2019	530,000.00	529,975.83		532,443.30	2,456.11 48.67	2.850 2.599	2.108	AAA
240907004 240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15 MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	65479PAA7 31680YAA5	Asset Backed Asset Backed	Nissan Auto Lease Trust, 2019-A Fifth Third Auto Trust 2019-1	04/15/2020	04/09/2019 04/30/2019	162,233.65 84,920.25	162,233.65 84,920.25		162,282.32 84,934.68	14.44	2.599	2.096	
210707004	ROLO TON ROYONGO 1-15	5100017110	- ESSEC ESTRUCT		⁰⁵¹⁵²⁰²⁰	0.00012017	04,720.23	34,720.23	-3-	04,754.00	17.77	2.570	2.545	- AAA
												_	10ao 20 o	



2017 Financing STAMP Portfolio by Investment Category for quarter ended September 30, 2019

											Base Net Total			
Source			Security Type		Final				Next Call		Unrealized			Summarized
Account	Account	Identifier	Category	Issuer			Current Face Value	Original Cost	Date	Base Market Value				Credit Rating
240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	65478LAB5	Asset Backed	Nissan Auto Lease Trust 2019-B	10/15/2021	07/16/2019	260,000.00	259,977.25		260,410.80	428.80	2.270	2.016	
240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	477870AB5	Asset Backed	John Deere Owner Trust 2019-B	05/16/2022	07/16/2019	290,000.00	289,998.90		290,667.00	667.40	2.280	2.046	AAA
240907004 240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15 MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	14315PAB1 26209AAE1	Asset Backed Asset Backed	Carmax Auto Owner Trust 2019-3 Drive Auto Receivables Trust 2019-4	12/15/2022 01/16/2024	07/24/2019 09/09/2019	380,000.00 260,000.00	379,982.94 259,964.59		380,805.60 259,675.00	820.62 (290.12)	2.210	2.028	AAA AA
240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	63873NV99	CD Asset Backed	Natixis, New York Branch	11/15/2019	08/16/2019	1,500,000.00	1,501,342.06		1,500,735.00	71.34	2.530	2.125	AAA
240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	65602VMU7	CD	Norinchukin Bank NY Branch	12/11/2019	09/04/2019	1,475,000.00	1,475,824.30		1,475,575.25	(28.10)	2.300	2.089	AAA
240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	83050PBF5	CD	Skandinaviska Enskilda Banken AB (publ.)	10/07/2019	09/23/2019	850,000,00	850,093,95			27.74	2.410	1.983	AAA
240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	62888VAA6	CMO	NCUA Guaranteed Notes Trust 2010-R1	10/07/2020	01/22/2019	341.046.10	341,166,00		341,192,75	75.17	2.679	2.551	AAA
240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	62888UAB6	CMO	NCUA Guaranteed Notes Trust 2010-R2	11/05/2020	03/15/2019	243,010.87	243,371.59		243,394.83	141.66	2.699	2.112	AAA
240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	62888VAA6	CMO	NCUA Guaranteed Notes Trust 2010-R1	10/07/2020	05/10/2019	0.01	0.01		0.01	0.00	2.679	2.551	AAA
240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	38141EA58	Corporate	The Goldman Sachs Group, Inc.	03/15/2020	07/26/2017	500,000.00	540,800.00		507,190.00	(128.62)	5.375	2.201	A
240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	40428HPN6	Corporate	HSBC USA Inc.	11/13/2019	07/26/2017	1,000,000.00	1,010,720.00		1,000,220.00	(343.91)	2.375	2.171	A
240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	17401QAB7	Corporate	Citizens Bank, National Association	12/04/2019	07/26/2017	1,000,000.00	1,008,450.00	11/04/2019	1,000,130.00	(227.02)	2.450	2.294	A
240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	61747YDW2	Corporate	Morgan Stanley	01/27/2020	07/25/2017	500,000.00	506,130.00		500,750.00	(63.90)	2.650	2.175	A
240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	780082AA1	Corporate	Royal Bank of Canada	02/05/2020	07/26/2017	1,500,000.00	1,497,390.00		1,498,440.00	(1,191.30)	1.875	2.171	AAA
240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	172967JJ1	Corporate	Citigroup Inc.	02/18/2020	07/25/2017	500,000.00	503,600.00		500,435.00	(119.20)	2.400	2.165	A
240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	06051GFN4	Corporate	Bank of America Corporation	04/21/2020	12/04/2017	1,000,000.00	997,850.00	05/14/2021	1,001,070.00	1,579.61	2.250	2.055	A
240907004 240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15 MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	31677QBG3 24422ETJ8	Corporate Corporate	Fifth Third Bank John Deere Capital Corporation	06/14/2021 10/09/2019	07/23/2019 07/26/2017	500,000.00 1,125,000.00	500,110.00 1.114.650.00	05/14/2021	501,600.00 1,124,786,25	1,498.59	2.250 1.250	2.048 1.999	A
240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15 MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	06367TPX2	Corporate	John Deere Capital Corporation Bank of Montreal	12/12/2019	07/26/2017	1,125,000.00	1,114,650.00		1,124,786.25	(361.87)	2.100	2.047	AA
240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	14912L6Y2	Corporate	Caterpillar Financial Services Corporation	01/10/2020	07/26/2017	1,000,000.00	1,005,160.00			(775.85)	2.100	2.047	AA
240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	5148X1XA6	CP	Landesbank Baden-Württemberg, New York Branch	10/10/2020	08/19/2019	1,500,000.00	1,495,320.00		1,499,265.00	75.00	0.000	1.764	AAA
240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	23337UX79	CP	DTE Gas Company	10/07/2019	09/06/2019	1,500,000.00	1,497,184.17		1,499,505.00	50.00	0.000	1.697	AA
240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	50000EX33	CP	Koch Industries, Inc.	10/03/2019	09/09/2019	1,500,000.00	1,497,960,00		1,499,835.00	5.00	0.000	1.320	AAA
240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	02361LXG2	CP	Ameren Illinois Company	10/16/2019	09/16/2019	1,200,000.00	1,197,740.00		1,199,016.00	146.00	0.000	1.845	AA
240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	21201CX43	CP	Continental Rubber of America, Corp.	10/04/2019	09/27/2019	1,000,000.00	999,572.22		999,840.00	23.33	0.000	1.440	AA
240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	23336KXQ0	CP	DTE Electric Company	10/24/2019	09/27/2019	600,000.00	599,100.00		599,244.00	10.67	0.000	1.890	AAA
240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	CCYUSD	Currency	UNITED STATES OF AMERICA	09/30/2019		0.00	(406,160.27)		(406,160.27)	0.00	0.000	0.000	AAA
240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	31846V203	MM Fund	First American Funds, Inc Government Obligations Fund	09/30/2019	09/27/2019	0.00	208,396.50		208,396.50	0.00	1.670	1.520	AAA
240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	31846V203	MM Fund	First American Funds, Inc Government Obligations Fund	09/30/2019		0.00	427,856.57		427,856.57	0.00	1.670	1.670	AAA
240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	392274A89	Muni	Greater Orlando Aviation Authority	10/01/2019	07/26/2017	700,000.00	724,094.00		700,000.00	0.00	3.483	3.424	AA
240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	048506DN6	Muni	Atlantic County Improvement Authority	06/17/2020	07/05/2019	265,000.00	267,210.10		267,011.35	340.93	3.250	2.170	NA
240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15 MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	072024WU2 459058GK3	Muni Nam US Com	Bay Area Toll Authority	04/01/2020 08/21/2020	09/20/2019	425,000.00 1,510,000.00	425,000.00 1,510,367.00		425,148.75 1,510,785.20	148.75 614.84	2.025	1.955 2.013	AA
240907004 240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	459058GK3 45818WCP9	Non-US Gov Non-US Gov	International Bank for Reconstruction and Development Inter-American Development Bank	09/16/2022	09/10/2019	1,510,000.00	1,510,367.00		1,510,785.20	435.00	2.040	2.013	AAA AAA
240907004	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	912828SA9	TIPS	United States Department of The Treasury	01/15/2022	09/10/2019	328.723.70	326,362,68		325,443.04	(1,918.36)	0.125	0.563	AAA
240907020	RCTC I-15 Frj RAMP UP RESERVE	912828UH1	TIPS	United States Department of The Treasury United States Department of The Treasury	01/15/2022	02/05/2018	83,361.75	82,291.14			(11.50)	0.125	0.303	AAA
240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	9128286N5	TIPS	United States Department of The Treasury	04/15/2024		162,758.40	165,636.73		164,706.62	(856.51)	0.500	0.235	AAA
240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	912828UF5	US Gov	United States Department of The Treasury	12/31/2019	06/29/2018	3,700,000.00	3,627,156.25		3,692,489.00	4,623.16	1.125	1.935	AAA
240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	912828Y53	US Gov	United States Department of The Treasury	07/31/2020		5,550,000.00	5,551,119.32		5,544,394.50	(6,103.89)	1.957	2.110	
240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	9128285H9	US Gov	United States Department of The Treasury	10/31/2020	12/06/2018	5,300,000.00	5,299,852.27		5,291,626.00	(8,289.70)	1.959	2.140	AAA
240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	912828UF5	US Gov	United States Department of The Treasury	12/31/2019		335,000.00	328,527.73		334,319.95	339.53	1.125	1.935	AAA
240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	912828VA5	US Gov	United States Department of The Treasury	04/30/2020		665,000.00	648,627.54		662,167.10	2,571.62	1.125	1.861	AAA
240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	912828VV9	US Gov	United States Department of The Treasury	08/31/2020		775,000.00	766,685.54		776,906.50	5,670.59	2.125	1.853	AAA
240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	912828B58	US Gov	United States Department of The Treasury	01/31/2021	07/05/2018	320,000.00	316,212.50		321,462.40	3,454.39	2.125	1.776	
240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	912828F62	US Gov	United States Department of The Treasury	10/31/2019	02/20/2019	700,000.00	695,132.81		699,657.00	234.29	1.500	2.070	AAA
240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	912828L57	US Gov	United States Department of The Treasury	09/30/2022		110,000.00	110,892.58		110,545.60	(327.45)	1.750	1.580	AAA
240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	912828Y53	US Gov	United States Department of The Treasury	07/31/2020	12/0//2010	450,000.00	449,998.47		449,545.50	(439.10)	1.957	2.110	AAA
240907020 240907004	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	9128285H9 97689P2K3	US Gov VRDN	United States Department of The Treasury Wisconsin Housing and Economic Development Authority	10/31/2020 09/01/2037	12/06/2018 07/18/2019	500,000.00	499,986.06 1,300,000,00	10/30/2019	499,210.00 1,300,000,00	(782.05) 0.00	1.959 2.080	2.140	AAA
240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15 MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	64986U4H7	VRDN	New York State Housing Finance Agency	11/01/2048	07/18/2019	1,300,000.00	1,300,000.00	10/30/2019	1,300,000.00	0.00	2.080	2.080	AA AA
240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	56052FHZ1	VRDN	Maine State Housing Authority	11/15/2052	07/02/2018	1,400,000.00	1,400,000.00	10/30/2019	1,400,000.00	0.00	2.100	2.100	AA
240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	196479G29	VRDN	Colorado Housing and Finance Authority, Inc.		07/18/2019	1,500,000.00	1,500,000.00	10/30/2019	1,500,000.00	0.00	2.100	2.100	AAA
							65,465,671.78	65,725,863.59		65,773,908.55	34,838.82			



2017 Financing STAMP Portfolio by Account for quarter ended September 30, 2019

Source			Security Type						Next Call		Base Net Total			Summarized
Account 240907004	Account MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	Identifier 3135G0U68	Category Agency	Issuer Federal National Mortgage Association	Final Maturity 10/30/2019	Trade Date 10/25/2018	Current Face Value 375,000.00	Original Cost 375,000.00	Date	Base Market Value 375,026.25	Unrealized Gain/Loss 26.25	Coupon 1.890	Yield 1.839	Credit Rating AAA
240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	3130AG5X9	Agency	Federal Home Loan Banks	10/09/2020	06/13/2019	1,700,000.00	1,701,020.00	10/09/2019	1,700,255.00	185.26	2.520	1.897	AAA
240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	3130AH2K8	Agency	Federal Home Loan Banks	09/10/2020	09/09/2019	2,075,000.00	2,075,000.00	12/10/2019	2,075,041.50	41.50	2.050	2.043	AAA
240907004 240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15 MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	31416BTW8 3137B2GW4	Agency MBS Agency MBS	Federal National Mortgage Association Freddie Mac	01/01/2024 03/25/2020	09/03/2019 06/29/2018	435,104.39 551,483.68	453,868.28 547,907.66		454,644.93 550,932.20	577.34 837.01	5.500 2.313	2.050 2.136	AAA AAA
240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	3137B2GW4	Agency MBS	Freddie Mac	04/25/2023	08/19/2019	556,699.82	563,745.55		562,088.67	(1,514.67)	2.592	1.929	AAA
240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	3137FJXN4	Agency MBS	Freddie Mac	02/25/2023	08/27/2019	362,890.25	362,550.05		362,596.31	125.11	2.474	2.401	AAA
240907004 240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	87165LBB6 161571HJ6	Asset Backed	Synchrony Credit Card Master Note Trust 2016-2	05/17/2021	08/02/2019	525,000.00	526,271.48		526,743.00	578.64	2.210	2.011	AAA
240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15 MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	02587AAJ3	Asset Backed Asset Backed	Chase Issuance Trust American Express Credit Account Master Trust	01/15/2020 02/18/2020	03/23/2018	500,000.00 650,000.00	501,347.66 640,351.56		500,275.00 649,486.50	331.47 1.786.39	1.930	2.165 2.147	AAA AAA
240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	05522RCW6	Asset Backed	Ba Credit Card Trust - Series 2017-1	03/16/2020	09/04/2019	750,000.00	749,677.73		749,550.00	(171.60)	1.950	2.090	AAA
240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	65478DAD9	Asset Backed	Nissan Auto Receivables 2018-A Owner Trust	05/16/2022	06/29/2018	600,000.00	596,906.25		602,838.00	4,198.62	2.650	2.156	AAA
240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15 MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	38013FAD3 47789JAB2	Asset Backed Asset Backed	GM Financial Consumer Automobile Receivables Trust 2018-4	10/16/2023 10/15/2021	07/24/2019	350,000.00 530,000.00	356,412.11 529.975.83		356,195.00 532,443.30	377.68 2.456.11	3.210 2.850	2.174	AAA
240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	65479PAA7	Asset Backed Asset Backed	John Deere Owner Trust 2019 Nissan Auto Lease Trust, 2019-A	04/15/2020	03/03/2019	162,233.65	162,233.65		162.282.32	2,456.11	2.830	2.108	AAA AAA
240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	31680YAA5	Asset Backed	Fifth Third Auto Trust 2019-1	05/15/2020	04/30/2019	84,920.25	84,920.25		84,934.68	14.44	2.576	2.343	AAA
240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	65478LAB5	Asset Backed	Nissan Auto Lease Trust 2019-B	10/15/2021	07/16/2019	260,000.00	259,977.25		260,410.80	428.80	2.270	2.016	AAA
240907004 240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15 MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	477870AB5 14315PAB1	Asset Backed Asset Backed	John Deere Owner Trust 2019-B Carmax Auto Owner Trust 2019-3	05/16/2022 12/15/2022	07/16/2019 07/24/2019	290,000.00 380,000.00	289,998.90 379,982.94		290,667.00 380,805.60	667.40 820.62	2.280 2.210	2.046	AAA
240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	26209AAE1	Asset Backed	Drive Auto Receivables Trust 2019-3	01/16/2024	09/09/2019	260,000.00	259,964.59		259,675.00	(290.12)	2.210	2.299	AAA AA
240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	63873NV99	CD	Natixis, New York Branch	11/15/2019	08/16/2019	1,500,000.00	1,501,342.06		1,500,735.00	71.34	2.530	2.125	AAA
240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	65602VMU7	CD	Norinchukin Bank NY Branch	12/11/2019	09/04/2019	1,475,000.00	1,475,824.30		1,475,575.25	(28.10)	2.300	2.089	AAA
240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15 MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	83050PBF5 62888VAA6	CD CMO	Skandinaviska Enskilda Banken AB (publ.) NCUA Guaranteed Notes Trust 2010-R1	10/07/2019 10/07/2020	09/23/2019	850,000.00 341,046.10	850,093.95 341,166.00		850,068.00 341,192.75	27.74 75.17	2.410	1.983	AAA AAA
240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	62888UAB6	CMO	NCUA Guaranteed Notes Trust 2010-R1	11/05/2020	03/15/2019	243,010.87	243,371.59		243,394.83	141.66	2.699	2.112	AAA
240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	38141EA58	Corporate	The Goldman Sachs Group, Inc.	03/15/2020	07/26/2017	500,000.00	540,800.00		507,190.00	(128.62)	5.375	2.201	A
240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	40428HPN6	Corporate	HSBC USA Inc.	11/13/2019	07/26/2017	1,000,000.00	1,010,720.00		1,000,220.00	(343.91)	2.375	2.171	A
240907004 240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15 MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	17401QAB7 61747YDW2	Corporate Corporate	Citizens Bank, National Association Morgan Stanley	12/04/2019 01/27/2020	07/26/2017 07/25/2017	1,000,000.00 500,000.00	1,008,450.00 506,130.00	11/04/2019	1,000,130.00 500,750.00	(227.02) (63.90)	2.450 2.650	2.294 2.175	A A
240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	780082AA1	Corporate	Royal Bank of Canada	02/05/2020	07/26/2017	1,500,000.00	1,497,390.00		1,498,440.00	(1,191.30)	1.875	2.173	AAA
240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	172967JJ1	Corporate	Citigroup Inc.	02/18/2020	07/25/2017	500,000.00	503,600.00		500,435.00	(119.20)	2.400	2.165	A
240907004 240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	06051GFN4	Corporate	Bank of America Corporation	04/21/2020	12/04/2017	1,000,000.00	997,850.00 500.110.00	05/14/2021	1,001,070.00	1,579.61	2.250 2.250	2.055	A
240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15 MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	31677QBG3 24422ETJ8	Corporate Corporate	Fifth Third Bank John Deere Capital Corporation	06/14/2021 10/09/2019	07/23/2019 07/26/2017	1,125,000.00	1.114.650.00	05/14/2021	501,600.00 1.124,786,25	(107.94)	1.250	1.999	A A
240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	06367TPX2	Corporate	Bank of Montreal	12/12/2019	07/26/2017	1,000,000.00	1,005,160.00		1,000,080.00	(361.87)	2.100	2.047	AA
240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	14912L6Y2	Corporate	Caterpillar Financial Services Corporation	01/10/2020	07/26/2017	1,000,000.00	1,008,020.00		1,000,150.00	(775.85)	2.100	2.036	A
240907004 240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15 MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	5148X1XA6 23337UX79	CP CP	Landesbank Baden-Württemberg, New York Branch DTE Gas Company	10/10/2019 10/07/2019	08/19/2019 09/06/2019	1,500,000.00	1,495,320.00 1,497,184.17		1,499,265.00 1,499,505.00	75.00 50.00	0.000	1.764	AAA
240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	50000EX33	CP	Koch Industries, Inc.	10/03/2019	09/09/2019	1,500,000.00	1,497,184.17		1,499,835.00	5.00	0.000	1.320	AA AAA
240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	02361LXG2	CP	Ameren Illinois Company	10/16/2019	09/16/2019	1,200,000.00	1,197,740.00		1,199,016.00	146.00	0.000	1.845	AA
240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	21201CX43	CP	Continental Rubber of America, Corp.	10/04/2019	09/27/2019	1,000,000.00	999,572.22		999,840.00	23.33	0.000	1.440	AA
240907004 240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15 MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	23336KXQ0 31846V203	CP MM Fund	DTE Electric Company First American Funds, Inc Government Obligations Fund	10/24/2019 09/30/2019	09/27/2019 09/27/2019	600,000.00	599,100.00 208,396.50		599,244.00 208,396.50	10.67	0.000 1.670	1.890 1.520	AAA AAA
240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	392274A89	Muni	Greater Orlando Aviation Authority	10/01/2019	07/26/2017	700.000.00	724,094.00		700,000.00	-	3.483	3.424	AAA
240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	048506DN6	Muni	Atlantic County Improvement Authority	06/17/2020	07/05/2019	265,000.00	267,210.10		267,011.35	340.93	3.250	2.170	NA
240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	072024WU2	Muni	Bay Area Toll Authority	04/01/2020	09/20/2019	425,000.00	425,000.00		425,148.75	148.75	2.025	1.955	AA
240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15 MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	459058GK3 45818WCP9	Non-US Gov Non-US Gov	International Bank for Reconstruction and Development Inter-American Development Bank	08/21/2020 09/16/2022	09/10/2019	1,510,000.00	1,510,367.00 1,500,000.00		1,510,785.20 1,500,435.00	614.84 435.00	2.040	2.013	AAA AAA
240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	912828UF5	US Gov	United States Department of The Treasury	12/31/2019	06/29/2018	3,700,000.00	3,627,156.25		3,692,489.00	4,623.16	1.125	1.935	AAA
240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	912828Y53	US Gov	United States Department of The Treasury	07/31/2020		5,550,000.00	5,551,119.32		5,544,394.50	(6,103.89)	1.957	2.110	AAA
240907004 240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15 MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	9128285H9 97689P2K3	US Gov VRDN	United States Department of The Treasury Wisconsin Housing and Economic Development Authority	10/31/2020	12/06/2018 07/18/2019	5,300,000.00	5,299,852.27 1,300,000,00	10/30/2019	5,291,626.00	(8,289.70)	1.959 2.080	2.140	AAA AA
240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	64986U4H7	VRDN	New York State Housing Finance Agency	11/01/2048	07/02/2018	1,400,000.00	1,400,000.00	10/30/2019	1,400,000.00	-	2.100	2.100	AA
240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	56052FHZ1	VRDN	Maine State Housing Authority	11/15/2052	07/18/2019	1,400,000.00	1,400,000.00	10/30/2019	1,400,000.00	-	2.100	2.100	AA
240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	196479G29	VRDN	Colorado Housing and Finance Authority, Inc.	04/01/2040	07/18/2019	1,500,000.00	1,500,000.00	10/15/2019	1,500,000.00	2.050.40	2.100	2.100	AAA
							57,282,389.01	57,521,861.48		57,519,699.44	3,650.40			
240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	3137EADB2	Agency	Freddie Mac	01/13/2022	09/30/2019	400,000.00	406,425.20		406,160.00	(265.20)	2.375	1.685	AAA
240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	3130AECJ7	Agency	Federal Home Loan Banks	05/28/2020	07/03/2018	350,000.00	350,150.50		351,704.50	1,649.21	2.625	1.878	AAA
240907020 240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE RCTC I-15 Pri RAMP UP RESERVE	38377REV3 3137AH6C7	Agency CMO Agency CMO	Government National Mortgage Association Freddie Mac	10/20/2039 07/25/2021	07/01/2019 11/29/2018	37,257.28 96,479.88	37,996.60 96,653,25		38,027.76 97,830,60	52.12 1,232.87	3.500 3.230	2.351	AAA AAA
240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	38376V2E6	Agency CMO	Government National Mortgage Association	07/16/2039	08/06/2019	24,203.09	25,186.34		25,407.19	232.59	4.000	1.665	AAA
240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	3137AJMF8	Agency CMO	Freddie Mac	10/25/2021	11/29/2018	94,590.65	94,276.58		95,943.29	1,632.01	2.968	2.084	AAA
240907020 240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE RCTC I-15 Pri RAMP UP RESERVE	38375XCM4 383742C76	Agency CMO	Government National Mortgage Association	11/16/2037 08/16/2037	05/14/2019	28,205.54	29,004.33 67,204.75		29,114.60	166.28	5.000 4.000	2.767 3.107	AAA
240907020	RCTC I-15 Pri RAMP UP RESERVE	383742C76 38375JCJ2	Agency CMO Agency CMO	Government National Mortgage Association Government National Mortgage Association	12/16/2037	01/31/2018	65,565.61	67,204.75		66,638.92	(221.18)	5 305	3.107	AAA AAA
240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	38378BXQ7	Agency CMO	Government National Mortgage Association	01/16/2036	06/17/2019	18,030.15	17,849.85		17,886.81	(6.69)	1.537	3.096	AAA
240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	38376YPU9	Agency CMO	Government National Mortgage Association	12/20/2038	05/10/2019	25,709.48	25,532.73		25,735.19	189.08	2.500	2.267	AAA
240907020 240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE RCTC I-15 Pri RAMP UP RESERVE	3137ATRW4 3137ASR97	Agency CMO	Freddie Mac Freddie Mac	05/25/2022 01/25/2022	09/26/2018 02/27/2018	100,000.00 25,612.27	97,238.28 25,035.99		100,871.00 25,494.96	2,919.67 249.29	2.373 1.573	1.961 1.865	AAA
240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE RCTC I-15 Pri RAMP UP RESERVE	313/ASR9/ 3136A72D3	Agency CMO Agency CMO	Federal National Mortgage Association	01/25/2022	02/2//2018	25,612.27 16,415.73	25,035.99		25,494.96	249.29 81.85	2.482	1.865	AAA AAA
240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	3137AYCE9	Agency CMO	Freddie Mac	10/25/2022	08/13/2019	100,000.00	102,164.06		101,999.00	(73.13)	2.682	1.934	AAA
240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	31397QWZ7	Agency CMO	Federal National Mortgage Association	09/25/2029	09/28/2018	41,243.71	41,604.59		41,517.98	213.69	4.000	2.439	AAA
240907020 240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	38378HXH4 31392J6N4	Agency CMO Agency CMO	Government National Mortgage Association Federal National Mortgage Association	09/16/2027 04/25/2023	03/08/2019 12/05/2017	7,152.01 371,294.88	6,780.38 403,924.59		7,020.56 385,467.21	218.72 (8,750.97)	1.250 5.500	2.067 2.536	AAA AAA
240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	3137B84S3	Agency CMO Agency CMO	Freddie Mac	02/15/2029	01/31/2018	96,790.56	95,580.68		96,860.25	1,089.19	2.000	1.921	AAA
240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	3137A5FP4	Agency CMO	Freddie Mac	01/15/2021	01/30/2018	47,991.34	48,111.32		48,143.95	109.68	2.500	2.070	AAA
240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	38375CBH2	Agency CMO	Government National Mortgage Association	03/16/2035	03/19/2019	6,416.23	6,377.13		6,405.84	7.49	1.250	2.364	AAA
240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	31398N2K9	Agency CMO	Federal National Mortgage Association	11/25/2025	01/31/2018	60.71	60.94		60.66	(0.10)	3.500	2.613	AAA



2017 Financing STAMP Portfolio by Account for quarter ended September 30, 2019

Source			Security Type						Next Call		Base Net Total			Summarized
Account	Account	Identifier	Category	Issuer	Final Maturity		Current Face Value	Original Cost	Date		Unrealized Gain/Loss	Coupon	Yield	Credit Rating
240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	38377QKH9	Agency CMO	Government National Mortgage Association	08/20/2040	08/20/2019	22,822.16	23,236.71		23,301.42	60.52	3.000	2.258	AAA
240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	38378CDK0	Agency CMO	Government National Mortgage Association	03/20/2035	01/30/2018	52,373.83	52,856.65			(24.40)	3.000	2.171	AAA
240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	38378AWX5	Agency CMO	Government National Mortgage Association	01/20/2036	01/30/2018	100,734.70	101,710.57		101,342.13	101.98	3.000	2.140	AAA
240907020 240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	38378DDC6 38376PJ35	Agency CMO Agency CMO	Government National Mortgage Association Government National Mortgage Association	04/20/2038 05/16/2037	06/20/2018 10/30/2018	42,876.79 840.28	43,166.54 843.17		43,015.71 839.46	20.28 (0.82)	3.500 4.000	2.540 2.440	AAA AAA
240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	38379HLE3	Agency CMO	Government National Mortgage Association Government National Mortgage Association	05/20/2043	10/18/2018	70,212.10	70,113.37			2,060.52	3.500	2.440	AAA
240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	38378VC45	Agency CMO	Government National Mortgage Association	12/16/2041	11/23/2018	62.462.30	60,207.80		62,371.73	2,065.33	2.250	2.275	AAA
240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	38377JM59	Agency CMO	Government National Mortgage Association	10/20/2039	11/21/2018	33,552.75	32,713.94		33,499.40	720.55	2.500	2.525	AAA
240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	3137ARBX3	Agency CMO	Freddie Mac	03/15/2039	03/14/2019	40,571,29	39,994,42		40,490,96	535.85	2.378	2.476	AAA
240907020	RCTC I-15 Pri RAMP UP RESERVE	38376YFF3	Agency CMO	Government National Mortgage Association	03/20/2039	06/03/2019	8,841.27	8,907.58		8,951.70	52.42	4.000	2.432	AAA
240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	38379JM99	Agency CMO	Government National Mortgage Association	02/16/2041	08/28/2019	23,618.29	23,770.51		23,933.83	165.49	2.500	1.812	AAA
240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	31283K5N4	Agency MBS	Freddie Mac	08/01/2020	12/05/2017	209,955.42	214,684.46		216,650.90	2,580.99	5.000	-4.139	AAA
240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	3620A9WV9	Agency MBS	Government National Mortgage Association	12/15/2024	05/23/2018	11,394.45	11,643.71		11,881.68	287.06	4.000	1.734	AAA
240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	3138NJAE8	Agency MBS	Federal National Mortgage Association	12/01/2020	09/13/2018	31,597.79	31,963.15			(290.13)	3.630	3.779	AAA
240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	31381N7G2	Agency MBS	Federal National Mortgage Association	10/01/2020	09/25/2018	35,821.90	35,953.43		36,026.08	66.85	3.270	2.369	AAA
240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	31381RLL6	Agency MBS	Federal National Mortgage Association	07/01/2021	11/02/2018	45,237.78	45,909.30		46,375.51	699.51	3.840	2.027	AAA
240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	31381SVJ8	Agency MBS	Federal National Mortgage Association	11/01/2021	02/22/2019	42,508.14	42,720.68		43,464.57	815.68	3.330	2.128	AAA
240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	3136AC7J4	Agency MBS	Federal National Mortgage Association	03/25/2023	02/21/2018	40,665.16	39,996.42 0.00		41,477.25	1,268.03	2.605 2.500	1.880 1.356	AAA
240907020 240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	31418AU48 3137B1U75	Agency MBS Agency MBS	Federal National Mortgage Association Freddie Mac	07/01/2023 01/25/2023	05/21/2019 02/27/2018	120,000.00	117,965.63		121,466.40	(0.00)	2.522	1.336	AAA AAA
240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	38378KWU9	Agency MBS	Government National Mortgage Association	11/16/2041	05/03/2019	35,923,45	33,700.68		35,183.06	1,257,16	1.400	2.388	AAA
240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	3137B3NW4	Agency MBS	Freddie Mac	09/25/2022	09/26/2018	82,463.44	81,754.77			1,474.04	2.778	1.938	AAA
240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	38378KW47	Agency MBS	Government National Mortgage Association	08/16/2035	06/13/2019	59,424.35	59,090.09		59,212.80	63.83	2.150	2.512	AAA
240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	3137AXHN6	Agency MBS	Freddie Mac	02/25/2022	01/25/2018	58,208.29	57,407.92			364.30	1.749	1.877	AAA
240907020	RCTC I-15 Pri RAMP UP RESERVE	31418ASD1	Agency MBS	Federal National Mortgage Association	04/01/2023	01/31/2018	54,858,48	54,325,70		54,795.39	358.92	2.000	1.996	AAA
240907020	RCTC I-15 Pri RAMP UP RESERVE	3136AMM48	Agency MBS	Federal National Mortgage Association	07/25/2022	09/26/2018	84,106.36	82,849.42		84,921.35	1,750.43	2.509	1.976	AAA
240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	3137B1UF7	Agency MBS	Freddie Mac	09/25/2022	01/25/2018	30,607.20	30,157.65		30,555.78	251.67	1.785	1.827	AAA
240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	3137BQBY2	Agency MBS	Freddie Mac	03/25/2022	08/16/2019	63,759.08	64,170.02		63,966.93	(186.35)	2.183	1.968	AAA
240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	3138EJPZ5	Agency MBS	Federal National Mortgage Association	07/01/2022	07/22/2019	24,800.64	25,253.06		25,380.73	6.94	3.022	1.910	AAA
240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	3620ARB67	Agency MBS	Government National Mortgage Association	05/15/2025	05/23/2018	24,168.84	24,742.86		25,140.18	511.25	4.000	1.944	AAA
240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	31418CQM9	Agency MBS	Federal National Mortgage Association	10/01/2027	09/11/2019	23,353.56	23,948.35		23,910.54	(39.44)	3.000	2.122	AAA
240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	3140J6DU8	Agency MBS	Federal National Mortgage Association	08/01/2031	07/26/2019	82,113.07	82,664.77			261.61	2.500	2.133	AAA
240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	3138L2GH4	Agency MBS	Federal National Mortgage Association	07/01/2021	07/26/2019	21,604.82	21,488.36		21,588.40	93.70	1.870	1.854	AAA
240907020 240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	3136A96F0	Agency MBS	Federal National Mortgage Association Freddie Mac	11/25/2022	02/27/2018	56,377.13 40,356.28	54,643.97 40,337.36		56,820.25	1,643.19 43.93	2.184	1.817 2.312	AAA
240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	3137FGZN8 31381QB54	Agency MBS Agency MBS	Federal National Mortgage Association	02/25/2023	11/07/2018	40,356.28 56.108.63	40,337.36 57,270,26		40,347.81 57.421.01	643.62	4.410	2.312	AAA AAA
240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	62888VAA6	CMO	NCUA Guaranteed Notes Trust 2010-R1	10/07/2020	05/10/2019	0.01	0.01		0.01	0.00	2.679	2.551	AAA
240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	CCYUSD	Currency	UNITED STATES OF AMERICA	09/30/2019	03/10/2017		(406,160.27)			-	0.000	0.000	AAA
240907020	RCTC I-15 Pri RAMP UP RESERVE	31846V203	MM Fund	First American Funds, Inc Government Obligations Fund	09/30/2019			427.856.57		427.856.57		1.670	1.670	AAA
240907020	RCTC I-15 Pri RAMP UP RESERVE	912828SA9	TIPS	United States Department of The Treasury	01/15/2022		328,723.70	326,362.68		325,443.04	(1,918.36)	0.125	0.563	AAA
240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	912828UH1	TIPS	United States Department of The Treasury	01/15/2023	02/05/2018		82,291.14		82,634.84	(11.50)	0.125	0.391	AAA
240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	9128286N5	TIPS	United States Department of The Treasury	04/15/2024		162,758.40	165,636.73		164,706.62	(856.51)	0.500	0.235	AAA
240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	912828UF5	US Gov	United States Department of The Treasury	12/31/2019		335,000.00	328,527.73		334,319.95	339.53	1.125	1.935	AAA
240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	912828VA5	US Gov	United States Department of The Treasury	04/30/2020			648,627.54		662,167.10	2,571.62	1.125	1.861	AAA
240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	912828VV9	US Gov	United States Department of The Treasury	08/31/2020		775,000.00	766,685.54		776,906.50	5,670.59	2.125	1.853	AAA
240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	912828B58	US Gov	United States Department of The Treasury	01/31/2021	07/05/2018	320,000.00	316,212.50			3,454.39	2.125	1.776	AAA
240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	912828F62	US Gov	United States Department of The Treasury	10/31/2019	02/20/2019	700,000.00	695,132.81		699,657.00	234.29	1.500	2.070	AAA
240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	912828L57	US Gov	United States Department of The Treasury	09/30/2022		,	110,892.58		110,545.60	(327.45)	1.750	1.580	AAA
240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	912828Y53	US Gov	United States Department of The Treasury	07/31/2020	12/06/2010	450,000.00	449,998.47		449,545.50	(439.10)	1.957	2.110	AAA
240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	9128285H9	US Gov	United States Department of The Treasury	10/31/2020	12/06/2018	500,000.00	499,986.06		499,210.00 8.254,209,11	(782.05) 31,188.43	1.959	2.140	AAA
							8,183,282.77	8,204,002.11		8,254,209.11	31,188.43			
Total							65,465,671.78	65,725,863.59		65,773,908.55	34,838.82			127



2017 Financing STAMP Portfolio Transaction Report by Account Quarter ended September 30, 2019

Source				Beginning Base			Base Maturities and		Net Total Realized	Base Amortization/A	Base Change In Net Unrealized	Ending Base	Ending Accrued
Account	Account	Identifier	Description	Market Value	Base Purchases	Base Sales	Redemptions	Base Paydowns	Gain/Loss	ccretion	Gain/Loss	Market Value	Income Balance
240907004 240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15 MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	38141EA58 392274A89	GOLDMAN SACHS GROUP INC GREATER ORLANDO AVIATION AUTH ORLANDO FLA ARPT FAC	510,290.00 701,911.00	-	-	-	-	-	(3,984.74)	884.74 957.23	507,190.00 700,000.00	1,194.44 12,190.50
240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	40428HPN6	HSBC USA INC (NEW)	999,730.00	-	-	-	-	-	(1,206.51)	1,696.51	1,000,220.00	9,104.17
240907004 240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15 MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	17401QAB7 14912L6Y2	CITIZENS BANK NA CATERPILLAR FINANCIAL SERVICES CORP	999,950.00 998,880.00	-	-	-	-	-	(966.04) (843.98)	1,146.04 2,113.98	1,000,130.00 1,000,150.00	7,962.50 4,725.00
240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	161571HJ6	CHAIT 171 A	500,575.00	-	-	-	-	-	(814.42)	2,113.98 514.42	500,275.00	4,725.00
240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	3130AG5X9	FEDERAL HOME LOAN BANKS	1,701,241.00		-	-	-	-	(802.05)	(183.95)	1,700,255.00	20,468.00
240907004 240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15 MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	63873NV99 61747YDW2	Natixis, New York Branch MORGAN STANLEY	500,570.00	1,501,342.06	-	-	-	-	(678.40)	71.34 815.61	1,500,735.00 500,750.00	14,652.92 2,355.56
240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	38013FAD3	GMCAR 184 A3	300,370.00	356,412.11	-	-	-	-	(594.79)	377.68	356,195.00	468.13
240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	06367TPX2	BANK OF MONTREAL	998,880.00	-	-	-	-	-	(564.61)	1,764.61	1,000,080.00	6,358.33
240907004 240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15 MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	048506DN6 90261XHE5	ATLANTIC CNTY N J IMPT AUTH REV UBS AG (STAMFORD BRANCH)	849,881.00	267,210.10		(850,000.00)	-	-	(539.68) (459.66)	340.93 578.66	267,011.35	2,464.13
240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	172967JJ1	CITIGROUP INC	500,000.00	-	-	(850,000.00)	-	-	(365.32)	800.32	500,435.00	1,433.33
240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	912828Y53	UNITED STATES TREASURY	4,195,548.00	-	(499,433.10)	-	-	(671.15)	(256.70)	1,075.95	3,696,263.00	12,762.55
240907004 240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15 MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	65602VMU7 46625HKA7	Norinchukin Bank NY Branch JPMORGAN CHASE & CO	499,845.00	1,475,824.30	(500,275.00)	-	-	(140.13)	(220.95)	(28.10) 771.41	1,475,575.25	10,554.44
240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	3134GTAE3	FEDERAL HOME LOAN MORTGAGE CORP	1,001,220.00	-	(300,273.00)	(1,000,000.00)	-	(140.13)	(177.18)	(1,042.82)	-	-
240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	0258M0EE5	AMERICAN EXPRESS CREDIT CORP	499,475.00	-	(499,510.00)	-	-	(1,289.55)	(159.81)	1,484.36	-	-
240907004 240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15 MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	70914PPD8 3137B7YX1	PENNSYLVANIA (COMMONWEALTH OF) FHMS K037 A1	305,222.65	575.469.34		(305,000.00)	(11,577.26)	(147.62)	(146.50)	(76.15) (1,514.67)	562.088.67	1,202.47
240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	87165LBB6	SYNCT 162 A	-	526,271.48	-	-	(11,577.20)	(147.02)	(107.12)	578.64	526,743.00	515.67
240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	3137FJXN4	FHMS KI03 A	-	418,012.21	-	-	(55,514.21)	50.24	(77.04)	125.11	362,596.31	149.65
240907004 240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15 MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	86564FXA6 62888UAB6	Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank Ltd. (New York Branch) NGN 10R2 2A	254,760.16	1,500,070.83	-	(1,500,000.00)	(11,563.45)	(13.13)	(70.83) (56.64)	267.88	243,394.83	455.39
240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	83050PBF5	Skandinaviska Enskilda Banken AB (publ.)	234,700.10	850,093.95	-	-	(11,303.43)	(13.13)	(53.69)	27.74	850,068.00	6,714.53
240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	89114MC70	Toronto-Dominion Bank, New York Branch	1,500,075.00	-		(1,500,000.00)	-		(45.90)	(29.10)		
240907004 240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	51500VCC1 51500VCC1	Landesbank Hessen-Thüringen Girozentrale	1,400,056.00 1,250,050,00	-	-	(1,400,000.00)	-	-	(30.95)	(25.06)	-	-
240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15 MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	912828Y53	Landesbank Hessen-Thüringen Girozentrale UNITED STATES TREASURY	1,250,050.00	-	-	(1,250,000.00)			(29.68)	(20.32) 47.79	449,545.50	1,552.20
240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	459058GK3	INTERNATIONAL BANK FOR RECONSTRUCTION AND DEVELOPM	500,165.00	-	-	-	-	-	(24.28)	119.28	500,260.00	1,359.86
240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	62888VAA6	NGN 10R1 1A	382,130.42	-	-	-	(40,500.57)		(18.58)	(408.69)	341,192.75	634.37
240907004 240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15 MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	459058GK3 65602VIW7	INTERNATIONAL BANK FOR RECONSTRUCTION AND DEVELOPM Norinchukin Bank NY Branch	300,099.00 1.500.030.00		•	(1.500.000.00)	-	-	(14.63)	71.63	300,156.00	815.92
240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	89114QAS7	TORONTO-DOMINION BANK	1,000,000.00	-		(1,000,000.00)	-	-	(11.31)	11.31		-
240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	459058GK3	INTERNATIONAL BANK FOR RECONSTRUCTION AND DEVELOPM	185,061.05	-	-	-	-	-	(9.31)	44.46	185,096.20	503.15
240907004 240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15 MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	31677QBG3 3130ABQH2	FIFTH THIRD BANK (OHIO) FEDERAL HOME LOAN BANKS	1,500,030,00	500,110.00	-	(1,500,000.00)	-	-	(8.59) (4.41)	1,498.59 (25.59)	501,600.00	3,343.75
240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	58769DAD2	MBALT 17A A3	85,599.53	-	-	(1,500,000.00)	(85,637.20)	(0.01)	(1.94)	39.62	-	-
240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	65478GAC4	NAROT 17B A2B	2,827.71	-	-		(2,827.63)	(0.02)	(0.02)	(0.04)	-	-
240907004 240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15 MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	31846V203 459058GK3	FIRST AMER:GVT OBLG Y INTERNATIONAL BANK FOR RECONSTRUCTION AND DEVELOPM	314,888.54 525,173.25	68,389,772.62	(68,496,264.66)	•	-	-	-	99.75	208,396.50 525,273.00	1,427.85
240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	56052FHZ1	MAINE ST HSG AUTH MTG PUR	323,173.23	1.400.000.00	-	-	-	-	-	99.75	1,400,000.00	12,166.58
240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	64986U4H7	NEW YORK ST HSG FIN AGY REV	1,400,000.00	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,400,000.00	2,169.42
240907004 240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	65479PAA7	NALT 19A A1 FEDERAL HOME LOAN BANKS	463,113.46	2.075.000.00		-	(300,745.54)	(0.00)	-	(85.59) 41.50	162,282.32 2,075,041,50	175.67 2.481.35
240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15 MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	3130AH2K8 072024WU2	BAY AREA TOLL AUTH CALIF TOLL BRDG REV	-	425,000.00	-	-	-	-	-	148.75	425,148.75	2,481.35
240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	97689P2K3	WISCONSIN HSG & ECONOMIC DEV AUTH HOME OWNERSHIP R	-	1,400,000.00	-	(100,000.00)	-	-	-	-	1,300,000.00	2,123.33
240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	3135G0U68	FEDERAL NATIONAL MORTGAGE ASSOCIATION	375,082.50	-	-		-	-	-	(56.25)	375,026.25	1,471.35
240907004 240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15 MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	3134GTBJ1 31680YAA5	FEDERAL HOME LOAN MORTGAGE CORP FITAT 191 A1	2,500,000.00 323,726,15	-	-	(2,500,000.00)	(238,744.41)	(0.00)	-	(47.06)	84,934.68	91.13
240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	3130AGHC2	FEDERAL HOME LOAN BANKS	2,001,560.00	-	-	(2,000,000.00)	-	-	-	(1,560.00)	-	-
240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	196479G29	COLORADO HSG & FIN AUTH	-	1,500,000.00	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,500,000.00	17,428.36
240907004 240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15 MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	45818WCP9 26209AAE1	INTER-AMERICAN DEVELOPMENT BANK DRIVE 194 B	<u> </u>	1,500,000.00 259,964.59	-			-	0.53	435.00 (290.12)	1,500,435.00 259.675.00	1,189.67 209.37
240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	477870AB5	JDOT 19B A2	-	289,998.90	-	-	-	-	0.70	667.40	290,667.00	293.87
240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	14315PAB1	CARMX 193 A2A		379,982.94		-	-	-	2.04	820.62	380,805.60	373.24
240907004 240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15 MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	65478LAB5 47789JAB2	NALT 19B A2A JDOT 2019 A2	533,121.70	259,977.25		-	-	-	4.75 4.96	428.80 (683.36)	260,410.80 532,443.30	262.31 671.33
240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	58769DAD2	MBALT 17A A3	5,322.25	-	-	-	(5,324.59)	0.00	7.58	(5.24)	332,443.30	0/1.55
240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	31416BTW8	FN 995265	-	19,355.73			-	-	8.50	24.62	19,388.85	85.05
240907004 240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15 MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	9128285H9 3130AGE68	UNITED STATES TREASURY FEDERAL HOME LOAN BANKS	5,292,209.00 2,000,580.00	-	-	(2,000,000.00)	-	451.30	19.58 20.64	(602.58) (1,051.94)	5,291,626.00	18,299.75
240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - 1-15 MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - 1-15	64972HV66	NEW YORK N Y CITY TRANSITIONAL FIN AUTH BLDG AID R	2,000,580.00	-	-	(2,000,000.00)	-	451.30	20.64	(1,051.94)	-	-
240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	05522RCW6	BACCT 171 A	-	749,677.73	-	-	-	-	43.87	(171.60)	749,550.00	650.00
240907004 240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15 MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	65479AAD4 912828Y53	NALT 17A A3 UNITED STATES TREASURY	305,902.58 1,398,516.00	-	-	-	(306,058.67)	82.48	45.02 102.67	28.59 (32.67)	1,398,586.00	4,829.07
240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15 MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	23336KXQ0	DTE Electric Company	1,398,310.00	599,100.00	-	-	-	-	133.33	(32.67)	1,398,586.00 599,244.00	4,829.07
240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	31416BTW8	FN 995265	=	434,512.55	-	-	-	-	190.81	552.72	435,256.08	1,909.18
240907004 240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15 MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	06051GFN4 21201CX43	BANK OF AMERICA CORP Continental Rubber of America, Corp.	999,830.00	999,572.22	-	-	-	-	228.54 244.45	1,011.46 23.33	1,001,070.00 999,840.00	10,000.00
240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15 MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	780082AA1	Continental Rubber of America, Corp. ROYAL BANK OF CANADA	1,496,190.00	999,312.22	-	-			244.45	1,982.22	1,498,440.00	4,375.00
240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	04056BVK3	Arizona Public Service Company	=	1,499,728.76	-	(1,500,000.00)	-	-	271.24	-	-	-
240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	49327M2P8	KEYBANK NA	998,780.00		-	(1,000,000.00)	-	-	318.16	901.84	-	-
240907004 240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15 MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	05916SUA6 65478DAD9	Baltimore Gas and Electric Company NAROT 18A A3	603,132.00	674,670.56	-	(675,000.00)	-	-	329.44 355.93	(649,93)	602.838.00	706.67
240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	46640QU82	J.P. Morgan Securities LLC	849,609.00		-	(850,000.00)	-	-	390.05	0.95	-	-
240907004		97684HVE8	Wisconsin Public Service Corporation		1,199,566.00	-	(1,200,000.00)	,		434.00		-	-
	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15 MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	3137B2GW4 97684HU82	FHMS K713 A2 Wisconsin Public Service Corporation	577,535.95 1,499,310.00	-	•	(1.500,000,00)	(27,053.14)	79.23	467.74 708.75	(97.59)	550,932.20	1,062.98
240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	02360SU89	Ameren Corporation	1,499,310.00	-	-	(1,500,000.00)		-	758.33	(68.33)	-	-
240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	92780KVD7	Virginia Electric and Power Company	-	1,499,240.00	-	(1,500,000.00)	-	-	760.00	-	-	-
	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15 MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	313384KM0 92780KUA4	FEDERAL HOME LOAN BANKS Virginia Electric and Power Company	1,349,203.50	1,834,180.37	-	(1,835,000.00)	-	-	819.63 850.50	(54.00)	-	-
	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15 MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	92780KUA4 71112KUH2	Virginia Electric and Power Company The Peoples Gas Light and Coke Company	1,349,203.50	1,499,081.25	-	(1,350,000.00)	-	-	850.50 918.75	(54.00)	-	-
240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	69350BUB0	PPG Industries, Inc.	1,499,010.00	-	-	(1,500,000.00)	-	-	1,083.33	(93.33)	-	-
	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	43357MWT3	Hitachi Capital America Corp.	-	598,878.67	-	(600,000.00)	-	-	1,121.33	-	1 100 016 00	-
	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15 MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	02361LXG2 24422ETJ8	Ameren Illinois Company JOHN DEERE CAPITAL CORP	1,122,108.75	1,197,740.00		-	-	-	1,130.00 1,216.82	146.00 1,460.68	1,199,016.00 1,124,786.25	6,718.75
	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	04056BUH1	Arizona Public Service Company	1,122,100.73	1,498,547.51		(1,500,000.00)	-		1,452.49	1,400.08	1,124,700.23	0,710.73
					34								-



2017 Financing STAMP Portfolio Transaction Report by Account Quarter ended September 30, 2019

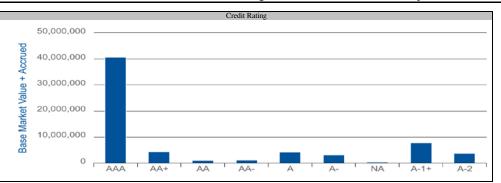
March Marc	Source Account	Account	Identifier	Description	Beginning Base Market Value	Base Purchases	Base Sales	Base Maturities and Redemptions	Base Paydowns	Net Total Realized Gain/Loss	ccretion	Gain/Loss	Ending Base Market Value	Ending Accrued Income Balance
March Marc	240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	02587AAJ3	AMXCA 171 A	648,674.00	-	-	-	-	-	1,497.33	(684.83)	649,486.50	557.56
March Marc	240907004 240907004				-		-	(1.500.000.00)	-	-		5.00	1,499,835.00	
March Marc	240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	06416CAA6		1,524,329.00	-	-		-	-	2,206.79		-	-
Marche M	240907004					1,497,184.17	-	-	-	-			1,499,505.00	-
Column C					1,497,825.00	1 006 025 00	(600 457 10)		-	55.11		(162.50)	-	-
Column C	240907004				1,047,742.50	1,990,923.00	(099,437.19)		-	- 35.11		(451.48)	-	-
Column C	240907004		63873KWD5	Natixis, New York Branch	-		-	(1,500,000.00)	-	-		-		-
Column C			97684HV65	Wisconsin Public Service Corporation	-	1,497,266.25	-		-	-			-	-
Column C					-		-		-	-			-	-
Column C	240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15	26055BW91	The Dow Chemical Company	-	1,497,029.16	-		-	-	2,970.84	-	-	-
March Marc					-		-		-	-		-	-	-
Column C	240907004				-		-			-		-	-	-
Column C	240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15			-		-	(1,550,000.00)	-	-		-	-	-
March Marc					-		-	-	-	-			1,499,265.00	-
Column C				The Dow Chemical Company	-		(4 006 278 33)	(1,500,000.00)	-	167.23		-	-	-
March Marc	240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15			-		(3,498,706.94)	-	-					-
Market M	240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15			1,996,560.00	-	-		-	-		(592.45)	-	-
Market M					-		-		-	-		-		-
Margin M	240907004						-		-	-		-	-	-
Second Control Contr	240907004	MIM-RCTC Toll Revenue: - I-15			5,002,072.00	-	-	-	-	-	12,267.50		3,072,107.00	10,519.36
Second Company Perform					67,069,235.55	140,930,877.51	(79,189,925.22)	(70,305,000.00)	(1,085,546.67)	(1,293.99)	88,648.71	12,703.56	57,519,699.44	226,793.61
Second Company Perform	240907020		31283K5N4	FH G11753		-			(85,724.63)	(2,105.77)	(1,758.95)			874.81
Secondary Cent Cont Co	240907020		31392J6N4	FNR 0323B EQ		-	-	-	(42,376.18)	(2,671.01)		1,941.82	385,467.21	1,701.77
Section Sect						-	-	-						206.20
Section Peter 1-17 Section 1-20	240907020				04,921.37	102,164.06	-	-	(2,775.48)	90.38				223.50
Common C	240907020					-	-	-				(78.70)		144.76
Section Company Comp		RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE			31,765.84	-	-	-		(1.82)				95.58
Common C						-	-	-						117.52 161.32
STATE STAT	240907020					-	-	-						42.87
Section Sect	240907020					-	-	-						137.48
Section Sect						-	-	(175,000,00)	(9,879.73)	3.59			40,347.81	16.31
Ref 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 1	240907020					-	-	(175,000.00)	(2.894.57)	63.03			33,499,40	69.90
Section Sect	240907020				43,797.67	-	-	-						117.96
Section Sect	240907020					40,547.59	-	-	(2,501.35)	(48.52)				108.67
Section Column						-	(74 906 73)	-	-	(107.67)				3,139.06 1,121.04
Section Sect	240907020					-	(74,500.75)	-	(3,520.12)					259.69
Section Sect	240907020			FHMS K722 A1	-	64,674.93	-							115.99
Section Sect					27,180.32	25 020 10	-	-						80.56 80.68
Semon Center Semon Section	240907020				12.618.50	23,838.10		-						37.98
CTC 15 PLANUT PERSENCE 19 CAN PERSON	240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	912828L57		-	60,433.59	-	-	-	-	(7.78)		60,297.60	2.87
Center Spright Present Present Spright Present Spright Present Spright Spright Present Spright Sprig							(30,357.59)	-					- 0.051.50	29.47
Second S	240907020				10,639.20	25 231 45	-	-	(1,660.04)	(11.34)				1.20
	240907020				53,364.85	-	-	-	(5,253.71)	(4.88)				99.98
Section Sect	240907020				36,314.95	-	-	-	(203.76)	(0.72)				97.61
Separation Cell 15 Pragraph Presserve S879 May Cell 15 Pragraph Presserve S879 May Cell 15 Pragraph Presserve S879 Cell Cel					70.090.00	25,227.54	-	-	(17.540.29)	(40.99)				1.20
20000000 RCTC 15 Pig AMPU PERSERVE 2875 CL 16 Pig AMPU PERSERVE 2875 C	240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	38379JM99	GNR 1545E AG	-	23,770.51	-	-	-	-	(2.17)	165.49	23,933.83	49.20
248907000 RCT 15 Pg AMP UP RESIRVE 2588VA36 NO 1081 149884 . (1,357.3) . (1,585.4) 3.18 (0,52) (18.6) 0.51 (0,66) C (2,500.00) (1,15) Pg AMP UP RESIRVE 3184V236 PRST AMEROUT OBLIGUY 15.00	240907020			GNR 0668 D		-	-	-					6,096.71	26.97
Author Car Li Fa RAMP UP RESERVE 3190NLS NE 10128 D.						-		-					0.01	-
200907000 RCTC Lifs Pig AAMP UP RESERVE 31846V200 RCTC Lifs Pig AAMP UP RESERVE 31846TB FEBERAL HOME LOAN MORTGAGE CORP 125,000.00 - 10.00	240907020		31398N2K9	FNR 10123B DL	484.22	-	-	-					60.66	0.18
REDERAL HOME LOAN MORTGAGE CORP 125,000.00	240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	31846V203	FIRST AMER:GVT OBLG Y	61,060.21	1,012,046.73	(645,250.37)	-	-	-	-	-		-
Admonts						-	-	(125,000,00)	(390.31)		-		-	-
	240907020					-	-		-	10.97	-		-	
Company Comp	240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	CCYUSD	Payable	-	-	÷.	-	-	-		-	(406,160.27)	-
24990700 RCTC 15 pj RAMP UP RESERVE 3337SCX8 CNR 0726 CMA 2,986.7 - (2,899.8) - - 3.1					2,446.88	406 425 20	-	-	-	-	-	(265.20)	406 160 00	2,058.33
249907020 RCTC 15 pig AAMP UPR RESERVE 3148AS15 NA 124907020 RCTC 15 pig AAMP UPR RESERVE 31418AS15 NA 145 RAMP UPR RESERVE 31418AS15 NA 145 RAMP UPR RESERVE 31418AS16 RAMP UPR RESERVE 31418AS18 RAMP UPR RESE	240907020	RCTC I-15 FIJ RAMP UP RESERVE			2.896 07	400,423.20	-	-	(2.899.38)	-	-		400,100.00	2,038.33
249907020 RCTC 1.5 pi; RAMP UP RESERVE 333769135 SNR 991 6CNH 27,621.93	240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	3136A72D3	FNA 12M9 A2	-	3,677.41	-	e e	(372.98)			16.48		6.79
24,990700 CTC 1.5 p; AAM UP RESERVE 3148CQM 91282819 UNITED TATES TREASURY 49,6500 -	240907020					-	-	=						1.43
240907020 RCTC 115 Pj. RAMP UP RESERVE 9128285H9 UNITED STATES TREASURY 499,265.00 1.85 (56.85) 499,210.00 1,726 (24090702) RCTC 115 Pj. RAMP UP RESERVE 3140610U8 FN INM1914 84,429.36	240907020 240907020				27,621.93	23.948.35	-	-	(26,776.96)	7.28				2.80 58.38
24,0907020 RCTC 15 pi RAMP UP RESERVE 31,0460U8 N BM1914 . 84,429.6 - 	240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	9128285H9	UNITED STATES TREASURY	499,265.00		-	-	-	-	1.85	(56.85)	499,210.00	1,726.39
249907020 RCTC L15 P; AAMP LIP RESERVE 3148AU8 FN MAIS02 27,978.04 - (25,059.45) - (2,578.45) 390.29 3.10 (393.53) - (2,578.45) 390.29 3.10 (393.53) - (2,578.45) 390.29 3.10 (393.53) - (2,578.45) 390.29 3.10 (393.53) - (2,578.45) 390.29 3.10 (393.53) - (2,578.45) 390.29 3.10 (393.53) - (2,578.45) 390.29 3.10 (393.53) - (2,578.45) 390.29 390.20	240907020			FN BM1914				-						171.07
24,9907020 RCTC 1.15 p; RAMP UP RESERVE 383770CH9 GNR 1118 A PG 23,301 A 2 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5					27 078 04	14,710.22	(25.050.45)	-					13,277.83	27.16
249907020 RCTC 1.5 p; AAMP UP RESERVE 3378DC6 SNR 1216E GB 59,061.03 - - (1,598.20) (36.44) 4.42 (15.21) 43,015.71 129,0007020 RCTC 1.5 p; AAMP UP RESERVE 3378DC6 SNR 1216E GB - 21,580.71 - (92.85) 0.5 0 6.35 93.70 21,588.40 33,024097020 RCTC 1.5 p; AAMP UP RESERVE 3878HXH4 SNR 1219 KB 7,487.50 - - (500.15) 24.74 6.96 1.51 7,020.56 7,0007020 RCTC 1.5 p; AAMP UP RESERVE 3878PUP SNR 1050 DEA 30,675.22 - - (4,991.22) 32.54 10.63 80.2 25,735.19 53,0007020 RCTC 1.5 p; AAMP UP RESERVE 3373HMF8 HMS K016 A2 96,758.94 - - (7,653.3) 13.49 21.02 (21.58 72,117.12 20.48 20.4907020 RCTC 1.5 p; AAMP UP RESERVE 9128VSYS UNITED STATES TREASURY 124,867.50 - - - - - - - - -	240907020		38377QKH9		27,978.04	23,807.65	(23,039.43)	-	(560.75)	(10.31)		60.52	23,301.42	57.06
	240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	38378DDC6	GNR 1216E GB	59,061.03	-	-	-	(15,998.20)	(36.34)	4.42	(15.21)	43,015.71	125.06
Adoption ACTC 15 Pr. AAMP UP RESERVE 38376YPL9 GNR 1050D EA 30,675.22					-	21,580.71	-	-						33.67
240907020 RCTC 1-15 P; RAMP UP RESERVE 3137AIMF8 HMS R016 A2 96,758.94 (516.29) 1.62 19.72 (320.69) 95,943.29 233 240907020 RCTC 1-15 P; RAMP UP RESERVE 38379HLE3 GNR 14184H WK 79,879.96 (7.755.33) 13.49 21.02 12.58 72,117.12 20.49097020 RCTC 1-15 P; RAMP UP RESERVE 912828YS UNITED STATES TREASURY 124,867.50	240907020					-	-	-						7.45
240907020 RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE 912828Y53 UNITED STATES TREASURY 124,867.50 - 22.11 (15.86) 124,873.75 431 (15.96) 240907020 RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE 33375CBH2 GNR 1257F LD 15,978 APP UP RESERVE 3375CBH2 APP	240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	3137AJMF8	FHMS K016 A2	96,758.94	-	-	-	(516.29)	1.62	19.72	(320.69)	95,943.29	233.92
249907020 RCTC 115 P; RAMP UP RESERVE 38375CB12 GNR 1257F LD 16.560.49 - (10.206.76) 23.72 22.79 5.60 6.405.84 6 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.	240907020					-	-	-	(7,755.33)	13.49				204.79
240907020 RCTC LIS Pri RAMP IIP RESERVE 31364C714 FNA 13M6 2A 4248555 - (1.18.180) 13.90 33.97 12563 41.477.25 88						-	-	-	(10.206.76)	23.72				431.17 6.68
	240907020						-	-						88.28

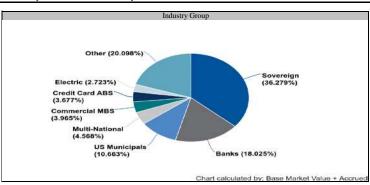


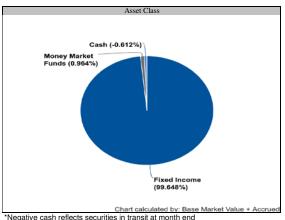
2017 Financing STAMP Portfolio Transaction Report by Account Quarter ended September 30, 2019

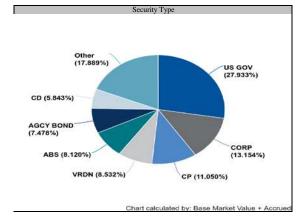
										Base	Base Change In		
Source				Beginning Base			Base Maturities and		Net Total Realized	Amortization/A	Net Unrealized	Ending Base	Ending Accrued
Account	Account	Identifier	Description	Market Value	Base Purchases	Base Sales	Redemptions	Base Pavdowns	Gain/Loss	ccretion	Gain/Loss	Market Value	Income Balance
240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	3137B1UF7	FHMS K027 A1	33,017.16	-	-		(2,564.88)	27.54	34.28	41.68	30,555.78	45.53
240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	38378AWX5	GNR 11157E QA	121,409.06	-	-	-	(20,025.88)	(85.58)	42.35	2.18	101,342.13	251.84
240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	3137ASR97	FHMS K020 A1	27,827.30	-	-	-	(2,428.15)	37.76	44.25	13.81	25,494.96	33.57
240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	383742C76	GNR 0832B PA	72,747.88	-	-	-	(5,120.37)	(95.07)	47.07	(940.59)	66,638.92	218.55
240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	38378BXQ7	GNR 1289 A	19,418.91	-	-	-	(1,573.23)		48.38	(22.93)	17,886.81	23.09
240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	31418ASD1	FN MA1415	59,970.72	-	-	-	(6,166.14)	52.17	51.52	30.94	53,939.21	90.00
240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	38378KW47	GNR 13138 A	60,556.39	-	-	-	(1,440.64)	7.89	62.57	26.59	59,212.80	106.47
240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	3137B3NW4	FHMS K031 A1	89,767.14	-	-	-	(6,447.49)	49.38	63.94	(76.45)	83,356.52	190.90
240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	3137AXHN6	FHMS K024 A1	63,524.55	-	-	-	(5,663.73)	55.14	65.34	72.74	58,054.03	84.84
240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	3136A96F0	FNA 12M17 A2	63,695.30	-	-	-	(7,135.89)	152.83	66.17	41.85	56,820.25	102.60
240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	9128286N5	UNITED STATES TREASURY	-	82,841.95	-	-	-	-	101.64	(590.28)	82,353.31	187.88
240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	3136AMM48	FNA 15M4B AV2	88,594.58	-	-	-	(3,776.38)	43.98	101.87	(42.71)	84,921.35	175.85
240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	9128286N5	UNITED STATES TREASURY	-	82,516.38	-	-	-	-	103.16	(266.23)	82,353.31	187.88
240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	3137B1U75	FHMS KS01 A2	120,980.40	-	-	-	-	-	111.42	374.58	121,466.40	252.20
240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	3138EJPZ5	FN AL2239	-	34,255.78			(8,841.43)	(161.45)	120.89	6.94	25,380.73	62.46
240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	3137ATRW4	FHMS K020 A2	100,717.00	-	-	-	-	-	183.06	(29.06)	100,871.00	197.75
240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	38378KWU9	GNR 1396 A	35,702.17				(1,280.27)	76.54	196.44	488.19	35,183.06	41.91
240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	912828UF5	UNITED STATES TREASURY	189,080.40	-	(99,664.06)	-	-	30.82	334.57	35.57	89,817.30	255.88
240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	912828B58	UNITED STATES TREASURY	321,462.40	-	-	-	-	-	369.00	(369.00)	321,462.40	1,145.65
240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	912828SA9	UNITED STATES TREASURY	78,523.86	-	-	-	-	-	372.02	(340.66)	78,555.22	21.02
240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	912828SA9	UNITED STATES TREASURY	78,523.86	-	-	-	-	-	378.09	(346.73)	78,555.22	21.02
240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	912828UH1	UNITED STATES TREASURY	82,549.86	-		-	-		396.17	(311.19)	82,634.84	22.09
240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	912828VV9	UNITED STATES TREASURY	476,111.50				-		500.96	(443.96)	476,168.50	859.63
240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	912828VV9	UNITED STATES TREASURY	300,702.00	-	-	-	-	-	514.89	(478.89)	300,738.00	542.93
240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	912828VA5	UNITED STATES TREASURY	163,788.90	-		-	-		606.62	(98.42)	164,297.10	776.80
240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	912828SA9	UNITED STATES TREASURY	168,265.41	-	-	-	-	-	749.93	(682.74)	168,332.61	45.05
240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	912828UF5	UNITED STATES TREASURY	243,814.20	-	-		-	-	812.31	(123.86)	244,502.65	696.55
240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	912828VA5	UNITED STATES TREASURY	496,330.00	-	-	-	-	-	1,691.67	(151.67)	497,870.00	2,353.94
240907020	RCTC I-15 Prj RAMP UP RESERVE	912828F62	UNITED STATES TREASURY	698,551.00		-				1,770.35	(664.35)	699,657.00	4,394.02
				8,204,094.72	2,158,127.51	(927,453.25)	(400,000.00)	(373,642.09)	(4,281.44)	6,381.52	(410.72)	8,254,209.11	28,092.28
				ME ART 220 AM	142 000 007 02	(90.117.276.47)	(70 705 00° °°°	(1.450.100.50	(F PRE 12)	95.030.23	12 202 24	CF 7772 000 77	254.885.89
				75,273,330.27	143,089,005.02	(80,117,378.47)	(70,705,000.00)	(1,459,188.76)	(5,575.43)	95,030.23	12,292.84	65,773,908.55	254,885.89

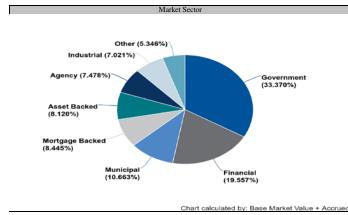
2017 Financing STAMP Portfolio Summary of Investments for quarter ended September 30, 2019







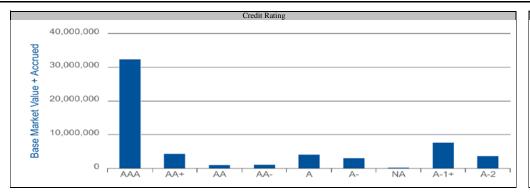


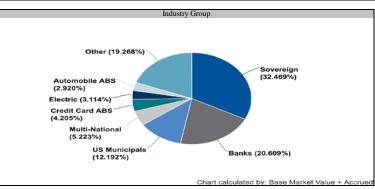


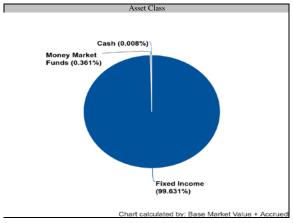
^{*}Negative cash reflects securities in transit at month end

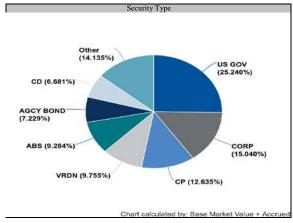


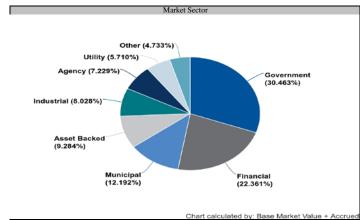
2017 Financing STAMP Portfolio Sales Tax I15 ELP Project Revenue Fund Summary of Investments for quarter ended September 30, 2019







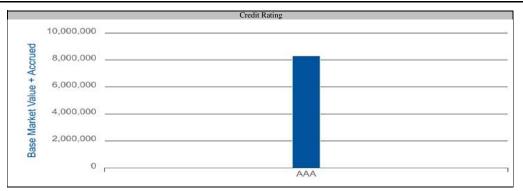


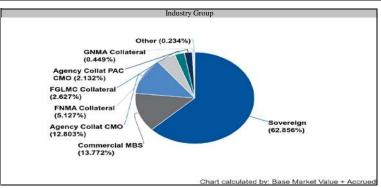


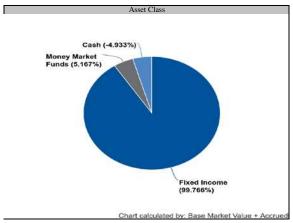
^{*}Negative cash reflects securities in transit at month end

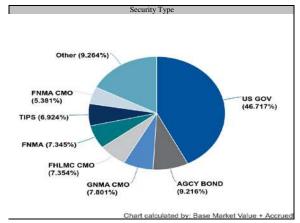


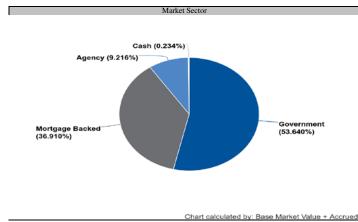
2017 Financing STAMP Portfolio Ramp Up Fund Summary of Investments for quarter ended September 30, 2019











^{*}Negative cash reflects securities in transit at month end



Payden & Rygel Operating Portfolio by Investment Category for Quarter ended September 30, 2019

		rayden & nyger Ope		y investine	iii Galegoi	y ioi Quarter	chaca ocpic	Jiliber 30, 20	15			
Account Num	ber: 001050990415	Name: RIVERSIDE COUNT	Y TRANS COMM									
					Next Call		Base Market	Unrealized	Accrued			Credit
CUSIP	Security Type Category	Issuer		ity Trade Date	Date	Original Cost	Value	Gain/Loss	Income	Coupon	Yield	Rating
010831DN2	Taxable Muni	ALAMEDA CNTY CA JT 2.866% 6/	01/21 06/01/2021	04/24/2018		255,000.00	258,842.85	3,842.85	2,436.10	2.870	2.823172474	AA+
037833DL1	Credit	APPLE INC 1.700% 9/11/22	09/11/2022	09/11/2019		524,910.75	524,181.00	(729.75)	495.83	1.700	1.703867780	AA+
053015AD5	Credit	AUTOMATIC DATA 2.250% 9/1		09/15/2015	08/15/2020	451,930.72	451,242.00	(688.72)	450.00	2.250	2.242688834	AA
05582QAD9	Asset-Backed	BMW VEHICLE OWNER 1.160% 1		07/20/2016		9,898.14	9,889.78	(8.36)	1.91	1.160	1.160034801	N/A
05584PAD9	Asset-Backed	BMW VEHICLE LEASE 2.070% 10		10/25/2017		66,639.23	66,633.95	(5.28)	42.15		2.070000000	N/A
05588CAC6	Asset-Backed	BMW VEHICLE OWNER 1.920%		09/18/2019		329,955.65	330,138.60	182.95	228.80	1.920	1.922653262	AAA
06050TMJ8	Credit	BANK OF AMERICA MTN 3.335%		01/25/2019	01/25/2022	520,000.00	533,842.40	13,842.40	3,179.37	3.340	3.254198257	A+
06406FAA1	Credit	BANK OF NY MTN 2.500% 4/15		02/19/2016	03/15/2021	755,648.77	755,745.00	96.23	8,645.83	2.500	2.479101177	A
06406RAK3	Credit	BANK OF NY MTN 1.950% 8/23		08/23/2019		99,968.00	100,054.00	86.00	205.83	1.950	1.954319045	A
072024WN8	Taxable Muni	BAY AREA CA TOLL 2.184% 4/0		09/26/2019	00/15/0001	680,000.00	682,910.40	2,910.40	206.27	2.180	2.177163706	AA
084670BQ0	Credit	BERKSHIRE HATHAWAY 2.200%		03/15/2016	02/15/2021	466,436.01	473,444.49	7,008.48	460.53	2.200	2.189141856	AA
13063BFS6	Taxable Muni	CALIFORNIA ST BUILD 6.650% 3/0 CALIFORNIA ST 2.800% 4/01/2		04/01/2010		466,154.70	463,492.25	(2,662.45)	2,355.21	6.650	6.147844094	AA- AA-
13063DGA0 13066YTY5	Taxable Muni Taxable Muni	CALIFORNIA ST 2.800% 4/01/2 CALIFORNIA ST DEPT 1.713% 5/0		04/25/2018 09/28/2016		500,008.42 102,868.78	507,275.00 103,862.21	7,266.58 993.43	7,000.00 741.69	2.800 1.710	2.767865086 1.712571857	AA- AA
13077CT38	Taxable Muni	CALIFORNIA ST		08/05/2015		130,110.80	130,014.30	(96.50)	1,073.58		1.981980180	AA-
144141DC9	Credit	PROG ENERGY CAROLINA 2.800%		05/18/2012	02/15/2022	253,792.50	254,737.50	945.00	2,644.44	2.800	2.745447949	AA-
156549AA5	Taxable Muni	CENTURY HOUSING CORP 3.824%		02/07/2019	02/13/2022	110,000.00	111,338.70	1,338.70	1,752.67	3.820	3.779888699	AA-
166764AU4	Credit	CHEVRON CORP 3.05025% 3/0		03/03/2015		503,177.62	502,770.00	(407.62)	1,186.21	2.660	3.031846591	AA
17325FAQ1	Credit	CITIBANK NA 3.400% 7/23/21		07/23/2018	06/23/2021	254,855.00	255,872.50	1,017.50	1,605.56	3.400	3.325313460	A+
17325FAY4	Credit	CITIBANK NA 2.844% 5/20/22		05/22/2019	05/20/2021	511,772.50	515,202.00	3,429.50	5,197.41	2.840	2.812778162	A+
20772JKP6	Taxable Muni	CONNECTICUT ST 2.401% 10/1		11/16/2012	03/20/2021	120,216.00	120,663.60	447.60	1,328.55		2.389316244	A
20772KGM5	Taxable Muni	CONNECTICUT ST SER A 2.921%		04/11/2019		301,695.00	307,464.00	5,769.00	4,138.08	2.920	2.861116825	A
210518CT1	Credit	CONSUMERS ENERGY CO 2.850%		05/08/2012	02/15/2022	380,906.25	382,616.25	1,710.00	4,037.50		2.797243979	A
212204JC6	Taxable Muni	CONTRA COSTA CA 1.652% 8/0		09/12/2019	02/10/2022	300,000.00	298,866.00	(1,134.00)	261.57	1.650	1.662072157	AA+
30231GAV4	Credit	EXXON MOBIL 2.222% 3/01/2		03/03/2016	02/01/2021	495,685.00	502,620.00	6,935.00	925.83	2.220	2.211649480	AA+
30231GBB7	Credit	EXXON MOBIL 1.902% 8/16/2		08/16/2019	02/01/2021	300,000.00	301,305.00	1,305.00	713.25	1.900	1.897559710	AA+
3130AF5B9	Agencies	F H L B DEB 3.000% 10/12/21	10/12/2021	10/12/2018		619,597.00	636,436.20	16,839.20	8,731.67	3.000	2.926258291	AA+
3130AGWK7	Agencies	F H L B DEB 1.500% 8/15/24	08/15/2024	08/16/2019		149,647.50	149,190.00	(457.50)	281.25	1.500	1.513485153	AA+
3134GBTL6	Agencies	FHLMC MTN 2.100% 6/29/22		06/29/2017	12/29/2019	484,720.00	500,440.00	15,720.00	2,683.33	2.100	2.099769025	AA+
3135G0W33	Agencies	F N M A 1.375% 9/06/22	09/06/2022	09/06/2019		597,912.00	595,746.00	(2,166.00)	572.92	1.380	1.386563943	AA+
3136B1XP4	Mortgage-Backed	F N M A GTD REMIC 3.560% 9/25		04/01/2018		157,075.96	158,136.64	1,060.68	460.61	3.560	3.497843324	N/A
3137ATRW4	Mortgage-Backed	FHLMCMULTICLASS 2.373% 5/3	25/22 05/25/2022	09/01/2012		190,988.56	191,654.90	666.34	375.73	2.370	2.356715099	N/A
3137B1U75	Mortgage-Backed	FHLMCMLTCLMTG 2.522% 1/2	25/23 01/25/2023	05/07/2013		160,739.29	161,955.20	1,215.91	336.27	2.520	2.493154601	N/A
3137B36J2	Mortgage-Backed	FHLMCMLTCLMTG 3.320% 2/2	25/23 02/25/2023	07/01/2013		386,757.48	385,380.90	(1,376.58)	1,023.67	3.320	3.203149506	N/A
3137BQR90	Mortgage-Backed	FHLMCMLTCLMTG 2.272% 1/2		07/01/2016		250,784.87	252,027.50	1,242.63	473.33	2.270	2.256228960	N/A
3137FJYA1	Mortgage-Backed	F H L M C MLTCL MT 9.43859% 5/2	25/23 05/25/2023	11/01/2018		247,284.87	254,660.85	7,375.98	711.79	3.450	9.178914120	N/A
31846V203		FIRST AM GOVT OB FD CL Y				863,961.88	863,961.88	-	1,447.12		1.431238000	
41284WAC4	Asset-Backed	HARLEY DAVIDSON 2.340% 2/1		06/26/2019		589,954.33	592,271.50	2,317.17	613.60	2.340	2.332838187	N/A
419792YL4	Taxable Muni	HAWAII ST SER FX 2.770% 1/01		02/21/2019		190,000.00	193,598.60	3,598.60	1,315.75	2.770	2.715766150	AA+
43814PAC4	Asset-Backed	HONDA AUTO 1.790% 9/20/2		09/29/2017		102,669.74	102,594.61	(75.13)	66.37	1.790	1.791469405	AAA
43815NAC8	Asset-Backed	HONDA AUTO 1.780% 8/15/2		08/27/2019		249,997.93	249,470.00	(527.93)	197.78	1.780	1.787884571	AAA
45750TAG8	Taxable Muni	INLAND VLY CA DEV 3.627% 3/0		05/15/2014		230,767.35	231,426.00	658.65	695.18	3.630	3.606658446	AA
46647PBB1	Credit	JPMORGAN CHASE CO 3.207% 4		03/22/2019	04/01/2022	1,050,000.00	1,075,588.50	25,588.50	17,678.59		3.135970273	A-
47787XAC1	Asset-Backed	JOHN DEERE OWNER 1.780% 4		03/02/2017		95,820.71	95,744.27	(76.44)	75.82	1.780	1.780908263	N/A
47789JAD8	Asset-Backed	JOHN DEERE OWNER 2.910% 7		03/13/2019		259,968.05	264,648.80	4,680.75	336.27		2.864004094	N/A
478160CH5	Credit	JOHNSON JOHNSON 1.950% 11		11/10/2017		249,732.50	250,112.50	380.00	1,909.38	1.950	1.951697977	AAA
544445AZ2	Taxable Muni	LOS ANGELES CA DEPT 2.092% !		12/06/2016		98,788.00	100,035.00	1,247.00	790.31	2.090	2.089450870	AA
58769TAD7	Asset-Backed	MERCEDES BENZ 1.940% 3/1		09/25/2019		269,962.82	270,307.80	344.98	87.30	1.940	1.942389139	AAA
65478BAD3	Asset-Backed	NISSAN AUTO LEASE 3.250% 9/		10/24/2018		199,982.52	202,246.00	2,263.48	288.89		3.217216563	AAA
65478NAD7	Asset-Backed	NISSAN AUTO 3.220% 6/15/2		12/12/2018		449,913.78	460,138.50	10,224.72	644.00	3.220	3.159526660	AAA
65479KAD2	Asset-Backed	NISSAN AUTO 2.900% 10/16/2		02/13/2019		319,951.52	325,203.20	5,251.68	412.44		2.851496052	N/A
697379UD5	Taxable Muni	PALO ALTO CA 2.291% 8/01/2		08/14/2012		321,873.50	326,105.00	4,231.50	1,240.96	2.290	2.281190879	AAA
717081EM1	Credit	PFIZER INC 3.000% 9/15/21	09/15/2021	09/07/2018		249,662.50	255,062.50	5,400.00	333.33	3.000	2.940657531	AA-
78607QAT2 797299LR3	Taxable Muni Taxable Muni	SACRAMENTO CA 2.712% 11/0 SAN DIEGO CA PUBLIC 2.698% 10		05/30/2018 06/21/2018		130,000.00 500,000.00	130,061.10 500,130.00	61.10 130.00	1,469.00 6,220.39	2.710	2.711945761 2.698000000	AA+ N/R
797299LR3 797299LT9	Taxable Muni	SAN DIEGO CA PUBLIC 2.698% 10 SAN DIEGO CA PUBLIC 2.994% 10		06/21/2018		200,000.00	204,544.00	4,544.00	2,761.13	2.700 2.990	2.698000000	AA-
797669XT0	Taxable Muni	SAN FRANCISCO CA 2.169% 7/0		12/28/2017		100,000.00	100,125.00	125.00	542.25		2.163353647	AA- AA+
79770GGM2	Taxable Muni	SAN FRANCISCO CA 2.169% //C		11/30/2017	11	299,607.00	300,183.00	576.00	1,000.00		1.996486184	AA+
19110GGIVI2	I ANADIE IVIUI II	SAINT HAINGISCO CITT 2.000% 8/	01/20 00/01/2020	11/30/2017	44	299,007.00	300,103.00	370.00	1,000.00	2.000	1.330400184	AA-



Payden & Rygel Operating Portfolio by Investment Category for Quarter ended September 30, 2019

Account Num	ber: 001050990415	Name: RIVERSIDE COUNTY TRANS	COMM									
					Next Call		Base Market	Unrealized	Accrued			Cred
CUSIP	Security Type Category	Issuer	Final Maturity	/	Date	Original Cost	Value	Gain/Loss	Income	Coupon	Yield	Ratir
798170AC0	Taxable Muni	SAN JOSE CA REDEV 2.259% 8/01/20	08/01/2020	12/21/2017		190,000.00	190,533.90	533.90	715.35	2.260		Α
79876CBQ0	Taxable Muni	SAN MARCOS CA REDEV 2.000% 10/01/20	10/01/2020	12/14/2017		109,256.40	109,849.30	592.90	1,100.00	2.000	1.999720039	A
801096AP3	Taxable Muni	SANTA ANA CA CMNTY 3.346% 9/01/21	09/01/2021	11/08/2018		240,000.00	246,338.40	6,338.40	669.20	3.350	3.263339608	Α
80136PCY7	Taxable Muni	SANTA BARBARA CA 3.300% 12/01/21	12/01/2021	11/28/2018		125,000.00	128,393.75	3,393.75	1,375.00	3.300	3.218476003	Α
80168FMA1	Taxable Muni	SANTA CLARA VLY CA 2.387% 6/01/21	06/01/2021	03/30/2016		397,756.00	403,432.00	5,676.00	3,182.67	2.390	2.365778963	N/
857477AS2	Credit	STATE STREET CORP 2.550% 8/18/20	08/18/2020	08/18/2015		790,887.90	791,719.36	831.46	2,400.12	2.550	2.537161960	
882723UC1	Taxable Muni	TEXAS ST REF WTR 2.036% 8/01/20	08/01/2020	02/05/2015		250,582.38	250,390.00	(192.38)	848.33	2.040	2.030679619	AA
88579YBF7	Credit	3M COMPANY MTN 2.750% 3/01/22	03/01/2022	02/22/2019	02/01/2022	249,882.50	256,130.00	6,247.50	572.92	2.750	2.694044692	A/
89238MAD0	Asset-Backed	TOYOTA AUTO 1.730% 2/16/21	02/16/2021	03/15/2017		122,384.63	122,277.86	(106.77)	94.11		1.731281148	AA
89238UAD2	Asset-Backed	TOYOTA AUTO 1.910% 9/15/23	09/15/2023	08/14/2019		249,997.95	249,950.00	(47.95)	212.22	1.910	1.912352193	AA
89239AAD5	Asset-Backed	TOYOTA AUTO 2.910% 7/17/23	07/17/2023	02/13/2019		339,938.05	345,565.80	5,627.75	439.73		2.863722248	AA
90290AAC1	Asset-Backed	USAA AUTO OWNER 1.700% 5/17/21	05/17/2021	09/20/2017		48,577.43	48,527.17	(50.26)	36.71	1.700	1.701275957	AA
90331HNG4	Credit	US BANK NA MTN 2.050% 10/23/20	10/23/2020	10/24/2017	09/23/2020	249,950.00	250,340.00	390.00	2,249.31		2.045255008	AA
90331HPA5	Credit	US BANK NA MTN 3.000% 2/04/21	02/04/2021		01/04/2021	519,578.80	526,396.00	6,817.20	2,470.00		2.960594487	A/
91159HHQ6	Credit	US BANCORP MTN 2.92275% 1/24/22	01/24/2022	01/24/2017	12/23/2021	251,487.21	251,350.00	(137.21)	1,400.48		2.906791713	Α
911759MU9	Agencies	U S DEPT HSG & URB 2.570% 8/01/21	08/01/2021	03/28/2019		100,000.00	100,984.00	984.00	428.33		2.547556031	N/
9128284T4	Treasuries	U S TREASURY NT 2.625% 6/15/21	06/15/2021	06/15/2018		5,697,513.82	5,706,042.20	(462.42)	43,531.97	2.630	2.586997014	N/.
9128284W7	Treasuries	U S TREASURY NT 2.750% 8/15/21	08/15/2021	08/15/2018		1,936,875.39	1,972,867.95	35,992.56	6,796.16		2.699810522	N/
9128285A4	Treasuries	U S TREASURY NT 2.750% 9/15/21	09/15/2021	09/15/2018		507,948.05	520,898.70	12,950.65	616.48		2.696395654	N/
9128285F3	Treasuries	U S TREASURY NT 2.875% 10/15/21	10/15/2021	10/15/2018		1,026,577.07	1,055,142.30	28,565.23	13,673.53			N/
9128285L0	Treasuries	U S TREASURY NT 2.875% 11/15/21	11/15/2021	11/15/2018		1,036,078.03	1,061,278.65	25,200.62	11,239.45	2.880	2.807452688	N/
9128287C8	Treasuries	U S TREASURY NT 1.750% 7/15/22	07/15/2022	07/15/2019		2,704,796.44	2,700,625.50	(4,170.94)	9,977.85		1.745844889	N/
9128287F1	Treasuries	U S TREASURY NT 1.750% 7/31/21	07/31/2021	07/31/2019		4,382,609.02	4,376,161.70	(7,259.78)	12,884.38		1.748024732	N/
912828Y20	Treasuries	U S TREASURY NT 2.625% 7/15/21	07/15/2021	07/16/2018		249,619.14	254,062.50	4,443.36	1,390.96	2.630	2.584602660	N/
912828YA2	Treasuries	U S TREASURY NT 1.500% 8/15/22	08/15/2022	08/15/2019		5,692,861.67	5,671,924.50	(20,937.17)	10,891.10	1.500	1.505933378	N/
912828YC8	Treasuries	U S TREASURY NT 1.500% 8/31/21	08/31/2021	09/03/2019		4,390,359.12	4,382,122.65	(8,879.49)	5,016.03	1.500	1.504755026	N/
91412G2S3	Taxable Muni	UNIV OF CALIFORNIA 2.112% 5/15/21	05/15/2021	09/28/2017		140,000.00	140,569.80	569.80	1,117.01	2.110	2.103543754	A/
91412HDJ9	Taxable Muni	UNIV OF CA 3.283% 5/15/22	05/15/2022	06/05/2018		285,890.41	295,097.55	9,207.14	3,534.70	3.280	3.180092216	A/
931142EA7	Credit	WALMART STORES INC 1.900% 12/15/20	12/15/2020	10/20/2017		489,760.00	501,110.00	11,350.00	2,797.22	1.900	1.898538126	Α
931142EJ8	Credit	WALMART INC 3.125% 6/23/21	06/23/2021	06/27/2018		129,993.50	132,934.10	2,940.60	1,105.90	3.130	3.056683132	A
94988J5T0	Credit	WELLS FARGO MTN 3.625% 10/22/21	10/22/2021	10/23/2018	09/21/2021	529,941.70	545,348.80	15,407.10	8,485.52	3.630	3.516617838	Α
94988J6A0	Credit	WELLS FARGO MTN 2.082% 9/09/22	09/09/2022	09/11/2019	09/09/2021	550,000.00	548,735.00	(1,265.00)	636.17	2.080	2.085963330	A
						53,145,854.11	53,461,309.17	305,008.78	258,979.51			



				ended Septem	ber 30, 2019)						
Account Nun	nber: 001050990415		Name: RIVERSIDE COUNTY TRANS COMM								01	
Transaction	Settlement							Miscellaneous		Federal Tax Cost	Short Term Gain/Loss	Long Term Gain/Loss
Date	Trade Date Date	CUSIP	Description	Units	Price	Commissions	SEC Fees	Fees	Net Cash Amount	Amount	Amount	Amount
07/01/2019	Trade Date Date		INTEREST EARNED ON F H L M C M T N 2.100% 6/29/22 \$1 PV ON 50	0.0000	0.000000	Commissions	SEC Fees	rees	5.250.00	Amount	Amount	Amount
07/01/2019	07/01/2019 07/01/2019		PURCHASED UNITS OF FIRST AM GOVT OB FD CL Y	8,235.0300	1.000000	-		-	(8,235.03)	8,235.03	-	
07/01/2019	07/01/2010 07/01/2010		INTEREST EARNED ON FIRST AM GOVT OB FD CL Y UNIT ON 0.0000 SH	0.0000	0.000000				467.37	0,200.00		-
07/01/2019			INTEREST EARNED ON HAWAII ST SER FX 2.770% 1/01/22 \$1 PV ON	0.0000	0.000000				1.900.53			
07/01/2019			INTEREST EARNED ON SAN FRANCISCO CA 2.169% 7/01/20 \$1 PV OI	0.0000	0.000000	-	-	-	1,084.50	-	-	_
07/02/2019	07/02/2019 07/02/2019		PURCHASED UNITS OF FIRST AM GOVT OB FD CL Y	467.3700	1.000000				(467.37)	467.37		
07/09/2019	07/09/2019 07/09/2019	31846V203	PURCHASED UNITS OF FIRST AM GOVT OB FD CL Y	35,727.6500	1.000000	-	-		(35,727.65)	35,727.65	-	-
07/09/2019	07/08/2019 07/09/2019		SOLD PAR VALUE OF U S TREASURY NT 2.625% 5/15/21 /CITIGROUF	-890,000.0000	1.013044				901,608.74	(889,376.96)	-	12,231.78
07/09/2019	07/09/2019		RECEIVED ACCRUED INTEREST ON SALE OF U S TREASURY NT 2.6:	0.0000	0.000000	-	-	-	3,491.68	-	-	-
07/09/2019			AMORTIZED PREMIUM ON U S TREASURY NT 2.125% 5/31/21 CURRI	0.0000	0.000000	-	-	-	-	(1,166.61)	-	-
07/09/2019	07/08/2019 07/09/2019		SOLD PAR VALUE OF U.S. TREASURY NT 2.125% 5/31/21 /BOFA SEC	-2,665,000.0000	1.004297	-	-	-	2.676.451.17	(2.676,499,90)	(48.73)	_
07/09/2019	07/09/2019	9128286V7	RECEIVED ACCRUED INTEREST ON SALE OF U S TREASURY NT 2.1:	0.0000	0.000000	-	-	-	6,034.48	-	- (10.70)	-
07/09/2019	07/08/2019 07/09/2019	9128286Y1	PURCHASED PAR VALUE OF U S TREASURY NT 1.750% 6/15/22 /BM	3,555,000.0000	0.997969	-	-		(3,547,778.91)	3,547,778.91	-	-
07/09/2019	07/09/2019		PAID ACCRUED INTEREST ON PURCHASE OF U S TREASURY NT 1.7	0.0000	0.000000	-	-	-	(4,079.51)	-	-	-
07/15/2019	07/15/2019 07/15/2019		PURCHASED UNITS OF FIRST AM GOVT OB FD CL Y	115,689.8300	1.000000	-	-	-	(115,689.83)	115,689.83	-	-
07/15/2019	07/15/2019 07/15/2019	31846V203	PURCHASED UNITS OF FIRST AM GOVT OB FD CL Y	33,563.6400	1.000000	-	-	-	(33,563.64)	33,563.64	-	-
07/15/2019		41284WAC4	INTEREST EARNED ON HARLEY DAVIDSON 2.340% 2/15/24 \$1 PV O	0.0000	0.000000	-	-	-	728.65	-	-	-
07/15/2019		47787XAC1	INTEREST EARNED ON JOHN DEERE OWNER 1.780% 4/15/21 \$1 PV (0.0000	0.000000	-	-	-	215.78	-	-	-
07/15/2019	07/15/2019 07/15/2019	47787XAC1	PAID DOWN PAR VALUE OF JOHN DEERE OWNER 1.780% 4/15/21	-14,745.3500	26.463218	-	-	-	14,745.35	(14,743.25)	-	2.10
07/15/2019		47789JAD8	INTEREST EARNED ON JOHN DEERE OWNER 2.910% 7/17/23 \$1 PV (0.0000	0.000000	-	-	-	630.50	-	-	-
07/15/2019		58769DAD2	INTEREST EARNED ON MERCEDES BENZ AUTO 1.790% 4/15/20 \$1 PV	0.0000	0.000000	-	-	-	48.98	-	-	-
07/15/2019	07/15/2019 07/15/2019	58769DAD2	PAID DOWN PAR VALUE OF MERCEDES BENZ AUTO 1.790% 4/15/20 C	-32,834.9900	0.000000	-	-	-	32,834.99	(32,834.24)	-	0.75
07/15/2019		65478BAD3	INTEREST EARNED ON NISSAN AUTO LEASE 3.250% 9/15/21 \$1 PV O	0.0000	0.000000	-	-	-	541.67	-	-	-
07/15/2019		65478NAD7	INTEREST EARNED ON NISSAN AUTO 3.220% 6/15/23 \$1 PV ON 12	0.0000	0.000000	-	-	-	1,207.50	-	-	-
07/15/2019			INTEREST EARNED ON NISSAN AUTO LEASE 2.050% 9/15/20 \$1 PV O	0.0000	0.000000	-	-	-	375.83	-	-	-
07/15/2019	07/15/2019 07/15/2019	65479BAD2	PAID DOWN PAR VALUE OF NISSAN AUTO LEASE 2.050% 9/15/20	-31,343.8000	12.449333	-	-	-	31,343.80	(31,338.32)	-	5.48
07/15/2019		65479KAD2	INTEREST EARNED ON NISSAN AUTO 2.900% 10/16/23 \$1 PV ON 7	0.0000	0.000000	-	-	-	773.33	-	-	-
07/15/2019		89190BAD0	INTEREST EARNED ON TOYOTA AUTO 1.760% 7/15/21 \$1 PV ON 5	0.0000	0.000000	-	-	-	556.16	-	-	-
07/15/2019	07/15/2019 07/15/2019		PAID DOWN PAR VALUE OF TOYOTA AUTO 1.760% 7/15/21	-30,085.2100	12.970141	-	-	-	30,085.21	(30,082.90)	-	2.31
07/15/2019			INTEREST EARNED ON TOYOTA AUTO 1.730% 2/16/21 \$1 PV ON 2	0.0000	0.000000	-	-	-	271.06	-	-	-
07/15/2019	07/15/2019 07/15/2019		PAID DOWN PAR VALUE OF TOYOTA AUTO 1.730% 2/16/21	-21,176.8500	18.426225	-	-	-	21,176.85	(21,174.36)	-	2.49
07/15/2019			INTEREST EARNED ON TOYOTA AUTO 2.910% 7/17/23 \$1 PV ON 8	0.0000	0.000000	-	-	-	824.50	-	-	-
07/15/2019			INTEREST EARNED ON USAA AUTO OWNER 1.700% 5/17/21 \$1 PV C	0.0000	0.000000	-	-	-	111.09		-	-
07/15/2019	07/15/2019 07/15/2019		PAID DOWN PAR VALUE OF USAA AUTO OWNER 1.700% 5/17/21	-9,500.9700	41.070481	-	-	-	9,500.97	(9,499.97)	-	1.00
07/15/2019			INTEREST EARNED ON U S TREASURY NT 2.625% 7/15/21 \$1 PV ON	0.0000	0.000000	-	-	-	3,281.25		-	-
07/17/2019	07/15/2019 07/17/2019		SOLD PAR VALUE OF APPLE INC 1.800% 5/11/20 /MORGAN STAN	-485,000.0000	0.997500	-	-	-	483,787.50	(484,505.30)	-	(717.80)
07/17/2019	07/17/2019		RECEIVED ACCRUED INTEREST ON SALE OF APPLE INC 1.800%	0.0000	0.000000	-	-	-	1,600.50	(450.044.00)	-	-
07/17/2019	07/15/2019 07/17/2019		SOLD PAR VALUE OF BERKSHIRE HATHAWAY 1.300% 8/15/19 /TD SEC	-160,000.0000	0.999060	-	-	-	159,849.60	(159,844.80)	-	4.80
07/17/2019	07/17/2019		RECEIVED ACCRUED INTEREST ON SALE OF BERKSHIRE HATHAWAY	0.0000	0.000000	-	-	-	878.22	(0.40.00)	-	-
07/17/2019	07/15/0010 07/17/0010		AMORTIZED PREMIUM ON CHEVRON CORP 2.193% 11/15/19 CURF	0.0000	0.000000	-	-	-	400.010.00	(342.98)	-	(010.74)
07/17/2019	07/15/2019 07/17/2019		SOLD PAR VALUE OF CHEVRON CORP 2.193% 11/15/19 /TD SECUF	-500,000.0000	0.999620	-	-	•	499,810.00	(500,626.74)	-	(816.74)
07/17/2019	07/17/2019		RECEIVED ACCRUED INTEREST ON SALE OF CHEVRON CORP 2.1	0.0000	0.000000	-			1,888.42	(E00.0E2.00)		1 404 00
07/17/2019 07/17/2019	07/15/2019 07/17/2019 07/17/2019		SOLD PAR VALUE OF CISCO SYSTEMS INC 2.450% 6/15/20 /PERSHIN	-600,000.0000 0.0000	1.002410	-	-	-	601,446.00	(599,952.00)	-	1,494.00
07/17/2019	07/17/2019		RECEIVED ACCRUED INTEREST ON SALE OF CISCO SYSTEMS INC 2. SOLD PAR VALUE OF CISCO SYSTEMS INC 1.400% 9/20/19 /J.P. MORI	-40,000.0000	0.000000				1,306.67 39,923.20	(39,955.60)	-	(32.40)
07/17/2019	07/15/2019 07/17/2019		RECEIVED ACCRUED INTEREST ON SALE OF CISCO SYSTEMS INC 1.	0.0000	0.000000	-	-	-	182.00	(39,933.00)	-	(32.40)
07/17/2019	07/17/2019 07/17/2019		PURCHASED UNITS OF FIRST AM GOVT OB FD CL Y	2,740,289.5400	1.000000				(2,740,289.54)	2,740,289.54		-
07/17/2019	07/17/2019 07/17/2019		SOLD PAR VALUE OF MICROSOFT CORP 1.850% 2/06/20 /MORGAN	-500,000.0000	0.998160				499,080.00	(499,665.00)		(585.00)
07/17/2019	07/17/2019		RECEIVED ACCRUED INTEREST ON SALE OF MICROSOFT CORP 1.1	0.0000	0.000000				4,136.81	(433,003.00)		(303.00)
07/17/2019	07/15/2019 07/17/2019		SOLD PAR VALUE OF PROCTER GAMBLE CO 1.750% 10/25/19 /PERSH	-150,000.0000	0.998480				149,772.00	(149,947.50)		(175.50)
07/17/2019	07/17/2019		RECEIVED ACCRUED INTEREST ON SALE OF PROCTER GAMBLE CO	0.0000	0.000000				597.92	(140,047.00)		(170.00)
07/17/2019	07/15/2019 07/17/2019		SOLD PAR VALUE OF WALMART STORES INC 1.750% 10/09/19 /TD SEC	-295,000.0000	0.998730		-		294,625.35	(294,994.10)	-	(368.75)
07/17/2019	07/17/2019		RECEIVED ACCRUED INTEREST ON SALE OF WALMART STORES INC	0.0000	0.000000	-	-	-	1,405.35	(201,001110)	-	-
07/18/2019	07/18/2019 07/18/2019		SOLD UNITS OF FIRST AM GOVT OB FD CL Y	-3,049,659.6400	1.000000		-		3,049,659.64	(3,049,659.64)		-
07/18/2019	0771072010 0771072010		INTEREST EARNED ON HONDA AUTO 1.790% 9/20/21 \$1 PV ON 1!	0.0000	0.000000	-	-	-	194.94	-	-	-
07/18/2019	07/18/2019 07/18/2019		PAID DOWN PAR VALUE OF HONDA AUTO 1.790% 9/20/21	-9,157.2100	0.000000		-		9,157.21	(9,156.22)		0.99
07/18/2019	.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		AMORTIZED PREMIUM ON U S TREASURY NT 2.250% 4/15/22 CURRI	0.0000	0.000000	-	-		-	(61.64)	-	-
07/18/2019	07/16/2019 07/18/2019	9128286M7	SOLD PAR VALUE OF U.S. TREASURY NT 2.250% 4/15/22 /J.P. MORG	-1.830.000.0000	1.010352	-	-	-	1.848.943.36	(1,828,735.38)	20,207.98	-
07/18/2019	07/18/2019		RECEIVED ACCRUED INTEREST ON SALE OF U.S. TREASURY NT 2.2	0.0000	0.000000	-	-	-	10,575.00	-	-	-
07/18/2019		9128286U9	AMORTIZED PREMIUM ON U S TREASURY NT 2.125% 5/15/22 CURRI	0.0000	0.000000	-	-	-	-	(798.93)	-	-
07/18/2019	07/16/2019 07/18/2019		SOLD PAR VALUE OF U S TREASURY NT 2.125% 5/15/22 /HSBC SEC	-2,490,000.0000	1.007383	-	-		2,508,383.20	(2,512,070.97)	(3,687.77)	-
07/18/2019	07/18/2019		RECEIVED ACCRUED INTEREST ON SALE OF U.S. TREASURY NT 2.1:	0.0000	0.000000	-	-	-	9,202.17	-	-	-
07/18/2019	07/16/2019 07/18/2019		PURCHASED PAR VALUE OF U S TREASURY NT 1.625% 6/30/21 /CIT	3,730,000.0000	0.995391	-	-	-	(3,712,807.03)	3,712,807.03	-	-
07/18/2019	07/18/2019		PAID ACCRUED INTEREST ON PURCHASE OF U S TREASURY NT 1.6	0.0000	0.000000	-	-	-	(2,964.74)	-	-	-
07/18/2019	07/16/2019 07/18/2019	912828WG1	PURCHASED PAR VALUE OF U S TREASURY NT 2.250% 4/30/21 /BOI	3,680,000.0000	1.006133	-	-	-	(3,702,568.75)	3,702,568.75	-	-
07/18/2019	07/18/2019		PAID ACCRUED INTEREST ON PURCHASE OF U S TREASURY NT 2.2	0.0000	0.000000	-	-	-	(17,775.00)	-	-	-
07/22/2019			INTEREST EARNED ON BMW VEHICLE LEASE 2.070% 10/20/20 \$1 PV (0.0000	0.000000	-	-	-	165.92	-	-	-
07/22/2019	07/20/2019 07/22/2019	05584PAD9	PAID DOWN PAR VALUE OF BMW VEHICLE LEASE 2.070% 10/20/20	-6,262.4700	0.000000	-	-	-	6,262.47	(6,262.46)	-	0.01
07/22/2019	07/22/2019 07/22/2019	31846V203	PURCHASED UNITS OF FIRST AM GOVT OB FD CL Y	6,428.3900	1.000000	-	-	-	(6,428.39)	6,428.39	-	-
07/23/2019	07/23/2019 07/23/2019		PURCHASED UNITS OF FIRST AM GOVT OB FD CL Y	3,907.3100	1.000000	-	-	-	(3,907.31)	3,907.31	-	-
07/23/2019			INTEREST EARNED ON WELLS FARGO MTN 3.0915% 7/23/21 \$1 PV C	0,000	0.000000	-	-	-	3,907.31	-	-	-
07/24/2019	07/24/2019 07/24/2019	31846V203	PURCHASED UNITS OF FIRST AM GOVT OB FD CL Y	2,035.500	1.000000	-	-	-	(2,035.58)	2,035.58	-	-



A seesund Nam			ilided Septem	DC1 00, 2010	•						
Transaction Date	mber: 001050990415 Settlement Trade Date Date	Name: RIVERSIDE COUNTY TRANS COMM CUSIP Description	Units	Price	Commissions	SEC Fees	Miscellaneous Fees	Net Cash Amount	Federal Tax Cost Amount	Short Term Gain/Loss Amount	Long Term Gain/Loss Amount
07/24/2019	Trado Dato Dato	91159HHQ6 INTEREST EARNED ON US BANCORP MTN 3.22113% 1/24/22 \$1 PV C	0.0000	0.000000	-	-	-	2,035.58	-	-	- Internet
07/24/2019		91159HHQ6 AMORTIZED PREMIUM ON US BANCORP MTN 3.22113% 1/24/22 CUR	0.0000	0.000000	-	-		-,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	(147.24)	-	-
07/25/2019		TRUST FEES COLLECTED CHARGED FOR PERIOD 06/01/2019 THRU 00	0.0000	0.000000	-	-	-	(553.27)	-	-	-
07/25/2019		05582QAD9 INTEREST EARNED ON BMW VEHICLE OWNER 1.160% 11/25/20 \$1 PV	0.0000	0.000000	-	-	-	65.11	-	-	-
07/25/2019	07/25/2019 07/25/2019	05582QAD9 PAID DOWN PAR VALUE OF BMW VEHICLE OWNER 1.160% 11/25/20	-19,294.1000	0.000000	-	-	-	19,294.10	(19,294.01)	-	0.09
07/25/2019		06050TMJ8 INTEREST EARNED ON BANK OF AMERICA MTN 3.335% 1/25/23 \$1 PV	0.0000	0.000000	-	-	-	8,671.00	-	-	-
07/25/2019 07/25/2019		3136B1XP4 INTEREST EARNED ON F N M A GTD REMIC 3.560% 9/25/21 \$1 PV ON 3136B1XP4 AMORTIZED PREMIUM ON F N M A GTD REMIC 3.560% 9/25/21 CURR	0.0000	0.000000	-	-	-	482.56	(78.03)	-	-
07/25/2019	07/25/2019 07/25/2019	3136B1XP4 PAID DOWN PAR VALUE OF F N M A GTD REMIC 3.560% 9/25/21	-319.1200	0.000000	-	-	-	319.12	(323.17)	-	(4.05)
07/25/2019		3136B1XP4 INTEREST EARNED ON F N M A GTD REMIC 3.560% 9/25/21 \$1 PV ON	0.0000	0.000000	-	-	-	0.03	-	-	-
07/25/2019		3137B1U75 INTEREST EARNED ON F H L M C MLTCL MTG 2.522% 1/25/23 \$1 PV Of	0.0000	0.000000	-	-	-	336.27	-	-	-
07/25/2019		3137B1U75 AMORTIZED PREMIUM ON F H L M C MLTCL MTG 2.522% 1/25/23 CURF	0.0000	0.000000	-	-	-	-	(23.07)	-	-
07/25/2019		3137BNN26 INTEREST EARNED ON F H L M C MLTCL MT 1.77998% 7/25/19 \$1 PV OI 3137BNN26 AMORTIZED PREMIUM ON F H L M C MLTCL MT 1.77998% 7/25/19 CURF	0.0000	0.000000	-	-	-	1.60	- (0.00)	-	-
07/25/2019 07/25/2019	07/25/2019 07/25/2019	3137BNN26 AMORTIZED PREMIOW ON F.H.L.W.C.WLTCL.WIT 1.77998% 7/25/19 CURF 3137BNN26 MATURED PAR VALUE OF F.H.L.M.C.MLTCL.MT 1.77998% 7/25/19 1,076.	0.0000 -1,076.1200	0.000000 1.000000	-	-	-	1,076.12	(0.28)	-	-
07/25/2019	07/25/2019 07/25/2019	3137FGZN8 INTEREST EARNED ON F H L M C MLTCL 2.6305% 2/25/23 \$1 PV ON 3	0.0000	0.000000	-		-	352.39	(1,070.12)	- :	-
07/25/2019		3137FJXN4 INTEREST EARNED ON F H L M C MLTCL 2.6805% 2/25/23 \$1 PV ON 4	0.0000	0.000000	-	-	-	401.35	-	-	-
07/25/2019	07/25/2019 07/25/2019	3137FJXN4 PAID DOWN PAR VALUE OF F H L M C MLTCL 2.6805% 2/25/23	-11,274.7600	0.000000	-	-	-	11,274.76	(11,274.76)	-	-
07/25/2019		3137FJYA1 INTEREST EARNED ON F H L M C MLTCL MTG 3.454% 5/25/23 \$1 PV OI	0.0000	0.000000	-	-	-	1,252.92	-	-	-
07/25/2019	07/25/2019 07/25/2019	3137FJYA1 PAID DOWN PAR VALUE OF FHLM C MLTCL MTG 3.454% 5/25/23	-17,321.4600	0.000000	-	-	-	17,321.46	(17,320.99)	0.47	-
07/25/2019 07/25/2019	07/25/2019 07/25/2019 07/25/2019 07/25/2019	31846V203 PURCHASED UNITS OF FIRST AM GOVT OR FD CL Y	30,940.7800	1.000000	-	-	-	(30,940.78)	30,940.78	-	-
07/25/2019	07/23/2019 07/25/2019 07/25/2019	31846V203 PURCHASED UNITS OF FIRST AM GOVT OB FD CL Y 9128285Z9 SOLD PAR VALUE OF U S TREASURY NT 2.500% 1/31/24 /NATWEST	33,012.7000 -261,000.0000	1.000000 1.029453	-	-	-	(33,012.70) 268,687.27	33,012.70 (260,898.05)	7,789.22	-
07/25/2019	07/25/2019	9128285Z9 RECEIVED ACCRUED INTEREST ON SALE OF U S TREASURY NT 2.50	0.0000	0.000000	-	-	-	3.154.35	(200,030.03)	7,705.22	-
07/25/2019	07/23/2019 07/25/2019	9128287A2 PURCHASED PAR VALUE OF U S TREASURY NT 1.625% 6/30/21 /BM	535,000.0000	0.996016	-	-	-	(532,868.36)	532,868.36	-	-
07/25/2019	07/25/2019	9128287A2 PAID ACCRUED INTEREST ON PURCHASE OF U S TREASURY NT 1.6	0.0000	0.000000	-	-	-	(590.61)	-	-	-
07/25/2019	07/23/2019 07/25/2019	912828W71 SOLD PAR VALUE OF U S TREASURY NT 2.125% 3/31/24 /CITIGROUF	-260,000.0000	1.013555	-	-	-	263,524.22	(257,623.44)	5,900.78	-
07/25/2019	07/25/2019	912828W71 RECEIVED ACCRUED INTEREST ON SALE OF U.S. TREASURY NT 2.1:	0.0000	0.000000	-	-	-	1,751.09	-	-	-
07/30/2019	07/26/2019 07/30/2019	144141DC9 PURCHASED PAR VALUE OF PROG ENERGY CAROLINA 2.800% 5/15/2/	250,000.0000	1.015170	-	-	•	(253,792.50)	253,792.50	-	-
07/30/2019 07/30/2019	07/30/2019 07/26/2019 07/30/2019	144141DC9 PAID ACCRUED INTEREST ON PURCHASE OF PROG ENERGY CAROLIN 17325FAQ1 PURCHASED PAR VALUE OF CITIBANK NA 3.400% 7/23/21 /BMO C	0.0000	0.000000 1.019420	-	-	-	(1,458.33) (254,855.00)	254,855.00	-	-
07/30/2019	07/30/2019	17325FAQ1 PAID ACCRUED INTEREST ON PURCHASE OF CITIBANK NA 3.4009	0.0000	0.000000	-	-	-	(165.28)	234,033.00	-	-
07/30/2019	07/26/2019 07/30/2019	17325FAY4 PURCHASED PAR VALUE OF CITIBANK NA 2.844% 5/20/22 /BOFA \$	250,000.0000	1.007090	-		-	(251,772.50)	251,772.50	-	-
07/30/2019	07/30/2019	17325FAY4 PAID ACCRUED INTEREST ON PURCHASE OF CITIBANK NA 2.8449	0.0000	0.000000	-	-	-	(1,343.00)	-	-	-
07/30/2019	07/26/2019 07/30/2019	210518CT1 PURCHASED PAR VALUE OF CONSUMERS ENERGY CO 2.850% 5/15/2	375,000.0000	1.015750	-	-	-	(380,906.25)	380,906.25	-	-
07/30/2019	07/30/2019	210518CT1 PAID ACCRUED INTEREST ON PURCHASE OF CONSUMERS ENERGY C	0.0000	0.000000	-	-	-	(2,226.56)	-	-	-
07/30/2019 07/30/2019	07/25/2019 07/30/2019 07/30/2019	3137ATRW4 PURCHASED PAR VALUE OF F H L M C MULTICLASS 2.373% 5/25/22 /W 3137ATRW4 PAID ACCRUED INTEREST ON PURCHASE OF F H L M C MULTICLASS 2	190,000.0000	1.005508 0.000000	-	-	-	(191,046.48)	191,046.48	-	-
07/30/2019	07/30/2019 07/30/2019	31846V203 PURCHASED UNITS OF FIRST AM GOVT OB FD CL Y	12,931.0100	1.000000	-	-	-	(12,931.01)	12,931.01		-
07/30/2019		9128284T4 AMORTIZED PREMIUM ON U S TREASURY NT 2.625% 6/15/21 CURRI	0.0000	0.000000	-	-	-	-	(4,269.98)	-	-
07/30/2019	07/26/2019 07/30/2019	9128284T4 SOLD PAR VALUE OF U S TREASURY NT 2.625% 6/15/21 /CITIGROUF	-615,000.0000	1.013786	-	-	-	623,478.21	(614,687.70)	-	8,790.51
07/30/2019	07/30/2019	9128284T4 RECEIVED ACCRUED INTEREST ON SALE OF U S TREASURY NT 2.6.	0.0000	0.000000	-	-	-	1,984.89	-	-	-
07/30/2019		9128286Y1 FED BASIS OF U S TREASURY NT 1.750% 6/15/22 ADJUSTED BY -418	0.0000	0.000000	-	-	•	-	(418.74)	-	-
07/30/2019 07/30/2019		9128286Y1 FED BASIS OF U S TREASURY NT 1.750% 6/15/22 ADJUSTED BY 418 9128286Y1 FED BASIS OF U S TREASURY NT 1.750% 6/15/22 ADJUSTED BY -118	0.0000	0.000000	-		•		418.74 (1,180.88)	-	-
07/30/2019		9128286Y1 FED BASIS OF U.S. TREASURY NT 1.750% 6/15/22 ADJUSTED BY 118	0.0000	0.000000					1,180.88		
07/30/2019		9128286Y1 AMORTIZED PREMIUM ON U S TREASURY NT 1.750% 6/15/22 CURRI	0.0000	0.000000	-	-	-	-	(84.66)	-	-
07/30/2019	07/25/2019 07/30/2019	9128286Y1 SOLD PAR VALUE OF U S TREASURY NT 1.750% 6/15/22 /HSBC SEC	-190,000.0000	0.998398	-	-	-	189,695.70	(189,695.70)	-	-
07/30/2019	07/30/2019	9128286Y1 RECEIVED ACCRUED INTEREST ON SALE OF U.S. TREASURY NT 1.79	0.0000	0.000000	-	-	-	408.81	-	-	-
07/30/2019	07/26/2019 07/30/2019	9128286Y1 SOLD PAR VALUE OF U S TREASURY NT 1.750% 6/15/22 /NOMURA §	-535,000.0000	0.998395	-	-	-	534,141.37	(534,141.37)	-	-
07/30/2019	07/30/2019 07/31/2019 07/31/2019	9128286Y1 RECEIVED ACCRUED INTEREST ON SALE OF U.S. TREASURY NT 1.7!	0.0000 187.102.9300	0.000000	-	-	-	1,151.13 (187.102.93)	107 100 00	-	-
07/31/2019 07/31/2019	07/31/2019 07/31/2019	31846V203 PURCHASED UNITS OF FIRST AM GOVT OB FD CL Y 912828WG1 AMORTIZED PREMIUM ON U S TREASURY NT 2.250% 4/30/21 CURRI	0.0000	1.000000 0.000000	-		-	(187,102.93)	187,102.93 (441.14)		-
07/31/2019	07/26/2019 07/31/2019	912828WG1 SOLD PAR VALUE OF U S TREASURY NT 2.250% 4/30/21 /BMO CAPI	-185,000.0000	1.005742		-	-	186,062.30	(186,112.39)	(50.09)	
07/31/2019	07/31/2019	912828WG1 RECEIVED ACCRUED INTEREST ON SALE OF U S TREASURY NT 2.2	0.0000	0.000000	-	-	-	1,040.63	-	-	-
08/01/2019	07/29/2019 08/01/2019	3137BQR90 PURCHASED PAR VALUE OF F H L M C MLTCL MTG 2.272% 1/25/23 /PE	250,000.0000	1.003281	-	-	-	(250,820.31)	250,820.31	-	-
08/01/2019	08/01/2019 08/01/2019	31846V203 PURCHASED UNITS OF FIRST AM GOVT OB FD CL Y	11,740.5500	1.000000	-	-	-	(11,740.55)	11,740.55	-	-
08/01/2019		31846V203 INTEREST EARNED ON FIRST AM GOVT OB FD CL Y UNIT ON 0.0000 SH	0.0000	0.000000	-	-	-	501.93	-	-	-
08/01/2019		697379UD5 INTEREST EARNED ON PALO ALTO CA 2.291% 8/01/20 \$1 PV ON 3/	0.0000	0.000000	-	-	-	3,722.88	-	-	-
08/01/2019 08/01/2019		79770GGM2 INTEREST EARNED ON SAN FRANCISCO CITY 2.000% 8/01/20 \$1 PV C 798170AC0 INTEREST EARNED ON SAN JOSE CA REDEV 2.259% 8/01/20 \$1 PV O	0.0000	0.000000	-	-	-	3,000.00 2,146.05	-	-	-
08/01/2019		882723UC1 INTEREST EARNED ON TEXAS ST REF WTR 2.036% 8/01/20 \$1 PV ON	0.0000	0.000000	-		-	2,146.05	-	-	
08/01/2019		882723UC1 AMORTIZED PREMIUM ON TEXAS ST REF WTR 2.036% 8/01/20 CURF	0.0000	0.000000	-	-	-	-	(287.29)	-	-
08/01/2019		911759MU9 INTEREST EARNED ON U S DEPT HSG & URB 2.570% 8/01/21 \$1 PV OI	0.0000	0.000000	-	-	-	878.08	-	-	-
08/01/2019		9128286Y1 AMORTIZED PREMIUM ON U S TREASURY NT 1.750% 6/15/22 CURRI	0.0000	0.000000	-	-	-	-	(4.04)	-	-
08/01/2019	07/29/2019 08/01/2019	9128286Y1 SOLD PAR VALUE OF U S TREASURY NT 1.750% 6/15/22 /BMO CAPIT	-250,000.0000	0.998828	-	-	-	249,707.03	(250,044.00)	(336.97)	
08/01/2019	08/01/2019	9128286Y1 RECEIVED ACCRUED INTEREST ON SALE OF U.S. TREASURY NT 1.7!	0.0000	0.000000 1.000000	-		-	561.82	- E01.02	- :	-
08/02/2019 08/05/2019	08/02/2019 08/02/2019 08/05/2019 08/05/2019	31846V203 PURCHASED UNITS OF FIRST AM GOVT OB FD CL Y 31846V203 PURCHASED UNITS OF FIRST AM GOVT OB FD CL Y	501.9300 7,800.0000	1.000000	-		-	(501.93) (7,800.00)	501.93 7,800.00		-
08/05/2019	33/00/2013 00/03/2013	90331HPA5 INTEREST EARNED ON US BANK NA MTN 3.000% 2/04/21 \$1 PV ON	0.0000	0.000000	-		-	7,800.00)	7,800.00	-	-
08/07/2019	08/07/2019 08/07/2019	31846V203 PURCHASED UNITS OF FIRST AM GOVT OB FD CL Y	91,606,3300 0.000	1.000000	-	-	-	(91,606.33)	91,606.33	-	-
08/07/2019		9128286V7 AMORTIZED PREMIUM ON U S TREASURY NT 2.125% 5/31/21 CURRI	o .b o60	0.000000	-	-	-	- 1	(711.01)	-	-



Section Sect	Account Num	nber: 001050990415		Name: RIVERSIDE COUNTY TRANS COMM	naea Septem	ibei 30, 2013	•						
Company Comp	Transaction	Settlement	CHEID		Unito	Drice	Commissions	SEC Food		Not Cook Amount		Gain/Loss	Gain/Loss
							Commissions -	SEC Fees					Amount
March Marc	08/07/2019						-	-	-		-	-	-
0.0000000 0.0000000 0.0000000 0.000000 0.000000 0.000000 0.000000 0.000000 0.0000000 0.0000000 0.0000000 0.0000000 0.0000000 0.00000000	08/07/2019	08/05/2019 08/07/2019	9128287C8	PURCHASED PAR VALUE OF U S TREASURY NT 1.750% 7/15/22 /BOI	3,210,000.0000	1.005547	-	-	-	(3,227,805.47)	3,227,805.47	-	-
	08/07/2019						-	-	-		-	-	-
STATE STAT					,,		-	-	-		4,292,706.25	-	
1,500,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,00		08/07/2019						-	-	(1,424.73)	(224 94)	-	
Secretary Secr	08/07/2019	08/05/2019 08/07/2019					-	-		3.530.769.14		14.978.86	
Section Sect	08/07/2019						-	-	-				-
1986/07 1986	08/07/2019						-	-	-		(90,000.00)	-	(95.40)
	08/07/2019						-	-	-		-	-	
		08/08/2019 08/08/2019					-	-	-	(135,457.42)		-	
1988-0019 1988-071 1989-071		08/06/2019 08/08/2019					-	-	-	135,406.06		5.84	
MARKED M	08/08/2019				,		-	-	-		-		-
981-2019 981-2019 912	08/14/2019				-516,012.8600	1.000000	-	-	-	516,012.86	(516,012.86)	-	-
September Sept	08/14/2019						-	-	-			-	
1985/2019 1985							-	-	-		265,838.48	-	
1985-2019 4198-WACE, INTEREST EARNEE ON LAIRNEE, PORTER ON 2, 3009, 21520-5 F19 OF 0, 0000 0, 0000000 1, 150 0 0, 000000 1,							-		-		- /31 037 55	-	-
1975/2019 47777A/Z INTEREST EARNEO ON JOHN DEETE COWNER 170%, 41952 19 V C 0,0000 0,000000 1,0000000 1,0000000 1,0000000 1,000000 1,0000000 1,0000000 1,0000000 1,0000000 1,0000000 1,0000000 1,0000000 1,0000000 1,0000000 1,0	08/15/2019	00/13/2013 00/13/2013					-	-	-		-	-	-
Mile	08/15/2019						-	-	-		-	-	-
Self-Spinish Self	08/15/2019	08/15/2019 08/15/2019			-20,152.2800	20.571973	-	-	-	20,152.28	(20,149.41)	-	2.87
1845-0019 647-98-007 NITEREST EARNED ON NISSAN AUTO 320% 5175-03 FV ON 11 0.0000 0.000000 322.03 0.0000000 322.03 0.0000000 322.03 0.0000000 322.03 0.0000000 322.03 0.0000000 322.03 0.0000000 322.03 0.000	08/15/2019						-	-	-		-	-	
1895-52919 SESTREADED SES							-	-	-		-	-	
1891-52019 0815-02019 081							-	-				-	
18915/2019 684796A02 NTEREST EARRED ON NISSAN AUTO 2,90% 1016/23 PV ON	08/15/2019	08/15/2019 08/15/2019					-	-	-		(40.109.29)	-	
18915/2019 081	08/15/2019						-	-	-		-	-	
1981-50199	08/15/2019					0.000000	-	-	-	512.03	-	-	-
1898/5019 0815/2019 0815	08/15/2019	08/15/2019 08/15/2019					-	-	-		(33,071.37)	-	2.54
18975/019 88239AAOS INTEREST EARNED ON TOYOTA AUTO 2 910°, 717223 S IP V ON 0.0000 0.0000000 97.83		00/45/0010 00/45/0010					-	-	-		(00.001.00)	-	- 0.71
98755019 98152019 98152019 90290ACCI NTEREST EARNED ON USBA AUTO OWNER 1 1700% \$1721 \$1 PV C		08/15/2019 08/15/2019											
11 12 13 13 13 14 15 15 15 15 15 15 15	08/15/2019							-			-	-	
189752019 08142019 08152019 9128284T4 SOLD PAR VALUE OF US TREASURY NT 2.62% 61521 (3POTA SEC 265,000.0000 1.18395 289,000000 1.18938	08/15/2019	08/15/2019 08/15/2019					-	-	-		(10,534.53)	-	1.11
1815/2019 0815/2019 0815/2019 1912/2014 1912	08/15/2019				0.0000	0.000000	-	-	-	-	(2,129.69)	-	
1815/2019 918/2019	08/15/2019				,		-	-	-		(268,681.45)	720.67	472.58
198152019 912828477 AMORTIZED PREMIUM ON U S TREASURY NT 2.750% 81522 LURRIN 0.0000 0.0000000 0.000000 0.000000 0.000000 0.000000 0.000000 0.000000 0.000000 0.0000000 0.0000000 0.0000000 0.0000000 0.0000000 0.0000000 0.0000000 0.0000000 0.0000000 0.0000000 0.000000 0.0000000 0.		08/15/2019					-	-	-		-	-	-
188162019 08132019 08152019 08152019 08162019 303216887 PURCHASED PAR VALUE OF EXXON MOBIL 1.90% 816224 1.90000000 1.0000000 1.000000 1.000000 1.000000 1.0000000 1.0000000 1.0000000 1.0000000 1.0000000 1.0000000 1.0000000 1.0000000 1.0000000 1.0000000 1.0000000000							-	-		20,000.23			
18/16/2019 08/	08/16/2019	08/13/2019 08/16/2019					-	-	-	(300,000.00)		-	
18/16/2019 08/	08/16/2019	08/15/2019 08/16/2019	3130AGWK	7 PURCHASED PAR VALUE OF F H L B DEB 1.500% 8/15/24 /PERSHI	150,000.0000	0.997650	-	-	-		149,647.50	-	-
1816/2019 9128287C8 AMORTIZED PREMIUM ON U S TREASURY NT 1.750% 7/15/22 CURR 0.0000 0.000000	08/16/2019						-	-	-			-	-
18/16/2019 08/14/2019 08/		08/16/2019 08/16/2019					-	-	-			-	
18/16/2019 9128287C8 SOLD PAR VALUE OF US TREASURY NT 1.7: 0.0000 0.0000000 0.000000 0.000000 0.000000 0.000000 0.000000 0.000000 0.000000 0.000000 0.0000000 0.0000000 0.0000000 0.0000000 0.0000000 0.0000000 0.0000000 0.0000000 0.0		00/14/2010 00/16/2010					-	-				222 04	
18/16/2019 08/								-	-		(372,033.20)	200.94	-
18/16/2019 08/14/2019 08/16/2019 9128287F1 PURCHASED PAR VALUE OF U S TREASURY NT 1.750% 7/31/21 NO 330,000,0000	08/16/2019						-	-	-		(150,825.08)	234.96	-
18/18/2019 08/16/2019 91/28/287F1 PAID ACCRUED INTEREST ON PURCHASE OF U S TREASURY NT 1.7 0.0000 0.00000000	08/16/2019						-	-	-		-	-	-
18619/2019 08/14/2019 08/19/2019 3137836.2 PURCHASED PAR VALUE OF F H L M C MLTCL MTG 3.320% 2/25/23 MM 145,000,0000 1.046680 - (151,788.55) 151,768.55 1.08/19/2019 08/19/2019 08/19/2019 3137836.2 PURCHASED PAR VALUE OF F H L M C MLTCL MTG 3.320% 2/25/23 MM 225,000.0000 1.046602 - (235,485.35) 235,485.35 1.08/19/2019 08/19/2019 3137836.2 PURCHASED PAR VALUE OF F H L M C MLTCL MTG 3.320% 2/25/23 MM 225,000.0000 1.046602 - (235,485.35) 235,485.35 - (235,485.35) 235,485.35 - (235,485.35) 235,485.35 - (235,485.35) 235,485.35 - (235,485.35) 235,485.35 - (235,485.35) 235,485.35 - (235,485.35) 235,485.35 - (235,485.35) 235,485.35 - (235,485.35) 235,485.35 - (235,485.35) 235,485.35 - (235,485.35) 235,485.35 - (235,485.35) 235,485.35 - (235,485.35) 235,485.35 - (235,485.35) 235,485.35 - (235,485.35) 235,485.35 - (235,485.35) 235,485.35 - (235,485.35) 235,485.35 - (235,485.35) 235,485.35 - (235,485.35) - (23							-	-	-		331,082.81	-	
18/19/2019 08/19/2019 3137836J2 PAID ACCRUED INTEREST ON PURCHASE OF F H L M C MLTCL MTG 3. 0.0000 0.0000000 0.000000 0.000000 0.0000000 0.0000000 0.0000000 0.0000000 0.0000000 0.0000000 0.0000000 0.0000000 0								-	-		151 760 FF	-	
108/19/2019 08/14/2019 08/19/2019 3137836J2 213,485.35 235							-		-		101,700.00	-	
18/19/2019 08/19/2019 3137B36J2 PAID ACCRUED INTEREST ON PURCHASE OF F H L M C MLTCL L 76 3 0.0000 0.0000000 0.000000 0.0000000 0.0000000 0.0000000 0.00000000	08/19/2019						-	-	-		235,485.35	-	-
18/19/2019 08/19/2019 3137FZAN8 RECEIVED ACCRUED INTEREST ON SALE OF F H L M C MLTCL 2.630 0.0000 0.000000 0.000000 0.998750 0.999750 0.998750 0.999750	08/19/2019	08/19/2019	3137B36J2	PAID ACCRUED INTEREST ON PURCHASE OF F H L M C MLTCL MTG 3.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		-	-	-	(373.50)	-	-	-
08/19/2019 08/19/2019 08/19/2019 3137FJXN4 RECEIVED ACCRUED INTEREST ON SALE OF F H L M C MLTCL 2.6805% 2/25/23 /J.P. MORGA -168,401.4300 0.998750 168,190.94 (168,401.43) (210.49) - 08/19/2019 08/19/2019 08/19/2019 08/19/2019 08/19/2019 08/19/2019 08/19/2019 31846V203 SOLD UNITS OF FIRST AM GOVT OB FD CL Y -274,166.910 1.000000 274,166.910 (274,166.91) 287,190.000000 287,190.0000000 287,190.0000000 287,190.00000000000 287,190.00000000000000000000000000000000000	08/19/2019				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		-	-	-		(160,755.22)	-	(226.06)
08/19/2019 08/19/2019 08/19/2019 3137FJXN4 RECEIVED ACCRUED INTEREST ON SALE OF F H L M C MLTCL 2.680: 0.0000 0.0000000 309.67 309.67							-	-	-		(100,401,40)	(010.40)	-
08/19/2019 08/19/2019 08/19/2019 31846V203 PURCHASED UNITS OF FIRST AM GOVT OB FD CL Y 235,399.350 1.000000 274,166.91 (274,166.91)					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		-		-		(108,401.43)	(210.49)	
08/19/2019 08/19/2019 08/19/2019 31846V203 PURCHASED UNITS OF FIRST AM GOVT OB FD CL Y 235,399.350 1.000000 (235,399.35) 235,399.35							-	-	-		(274.166.91)	-	-
08/19/2019	08/19/2019						-		-			-	-
08/19/2019 857477AS2 INTEREST EARNED ON STATE STREET CORP 2.550% 8/18/20 \$1 PV C 0.0000 0.0000000 10,047.000 10,047.000 10,047.000 10,047.000 10,047.000 10,047.000	08/19/2019		43814PAC4	INTEREST EARNED ON HONDA AUTO 1.790% 9/20/21 \$1 PV ON 1	0.0000	0.000000	-	-	-	181.28	-	-	
08/19/2019 857477AS2 AMORTIZED PREMIUM ON STATE STREET CORP 2.550% 8/18/20 CUF 0.0000 0.0000000 (1,533.25)	08/19/2019	08/18/2019 08/19/2019					-	-	-			-	
08/20/2019 08/20/2019													
08/20/2019 08/20/2019													
08/20/2019 08/20/2019 08/20/2019 08/20/2019 31846V203 PURCHASED UNITS OF FIRST AM GOVT OB FD CL Y 11,386.2500 1.000000 (11,386.25) 11,386.25 (11,386.25) 12/2019 08/21/2019 08/21/2019 08/21/2019 08/21/2019 3137FJXN4 DISTRIBUTED PAR VALUE OF F H L M C MLTCL 2.6805% 2/25/23 VALU -0.0100 0.000000 (10.01) (0.01)	08/20/2019	08/20/2019 08/20/2019					-						
	08/20/2019						-	-	-			-	
08/22/2019 08/22/2019 08/22/2019 31846V203 PURCHASED UNITS OF FIRST AM GOVT OB FD CL Y 251,423,6600 1.000000 (251,423.66) 251,423.66 (260.64) (260.64) (260.64)	08/21/2019						-					-	
38/22/2019 91/28/28/F1 AMORTIZED PREMIUM ON U.S. TREASURY N.T. 1./50% //31/21 CURRI U. 1./50% 0.0000000 (260.64)	08/22/2019	08/22/2019 08/22/2019			251,423,6600								
	08/22/2019		912828/F1	AMORTIZED PREMIUM ON U.S. TREASURY N.T. 1./50% //31/21 CURRI	0.666.0	0.000000	-	-	-	-	(260.64)	-	-



Account Nun	phor: 001050990415			ilided Septell	1501 00, 201	,						
Transaction Date	nber: 001050990415 Settlement Trade Date Date	CUSIP	Name: RIVERSIDE COUNTY TRANS COMM Description	Units	Price	Commissions	SEC Fees	Miscellaneous Fees	Net Cash Amount	Federal Tax Cost Amount	Short Term Gain/Loss Amount	Long Term Gain/Loss Amount
08/22/2019	08/20/2019 08/22/2019	9128287F1		-250,000.0000	1.004648		JEC I ees	-	251,162.11	(250,726.55)	435.56	- Amount
08/22/2019	08/22/2019	9128287F1	RECEIVED ACCRUED INTEREST ON SALE OF U S TREASURY NT 1.7	0.0000	0.000000				261.55	(230,720.33)	+00.00	
08/23/2019	00/22/2010	037833BS8		0.0000	0.000000				5,625.00			-
08/23/2019	08/20/2019 08/23/2019		PURCHASED PAR VALUE OF BANK OF NY MTN 1.950% 8/23/22 /CITI	100,000.0000	0.999680				(99,968.00)	99,968.00		-
08/23/2019	08/21/2019 08/23/2019		SOLD PAR VALUE OF CITIBANK CREDIT 1.920% 4/07/22 /BARCLAYS	-50,000.0000	0.999180			-	49,958.98	(49,985.60)	-	(26.62)
08/23/2019	08/23/2019		RECEIVED ACCRUED INTEREST ON SALE OF CITIBANK CREDIT 1.92	0.0000	0.000000				362.67	(43,303.00)		(20.02)
08/23/2019	08/23/2019 08/23/2019		SOLD UNITS OF FIRST AM GOVT OB FD CL Y	-44,021.3500	1.000000				44,021.35	(44,021.35)		-
08/26/2019	00/23/2013 00/23/2013	31040 \$203	TRUST FEES COLLECTED CHARGED FOR PERIOD 07/01/2019 THRU 0:	0.0000	0.000000				(552.38)	(44,021.00)		
08/26/2019		055820AD0	INTEREST EARNED ON BMW VEHICLE OWNER 1.160% 11/25/20 \$1 PV	0.0000	0.000000				46.46			-
08/26/2019	08/25/2019 08/26/2019		PAID DOWN PAR VALUE OF BMW VEHICLE OWNER 1.160% 11/25/20	-19,566.5800	0.000000				19,566.58	(19,566.49)		0.09
08/26/2019	00/25/2015 00/20/2015		INTEREST EARNED ON F N M A GTD REMIC 3.560% 9/25/21 \$1 PV ON	0.0000	0.000000			-	481.62	(13,300.43)		-
08/26/2019			AMORTIZED PREMIUM ON F N M A GTD REMIC 3.560% 9/25/21 CURR	0.0000	0.000000		-		401.02	(80.47)		
08/26/2019	08/25/2019 08/26/2019		PAID DOWN PAR VALUE OF F N M A GTD REMIC 3.560% 9/25/21	-1,140.6700	0.000000				1,140.67	(1,154.57)	-	(13.90)
08/26/2019	08/23/2019 08/20/2019		INTEREST EARNED ON F N M A GTD REMIC 3.560% 9/25/21 \$1 PV ON	0.0000	0.000000				4.08	(1,104.07)		(13.90)
08/26/2019			4 INTEREST EARNED ON F H L M C MULTICLASS 2.373% 5/25/22 \$1 PV O	0.0000	0.000000				375.73			-
08/26/2019			4 AMORTIZED PREMIUM ON F H L M C MULTICLASS 2.373% 3/25/22 CURI	0.0000	0.000000				3/3./3	(26.42)		-
08/26/2019			INTEREST EARNED ON F H L M C MLTCL MTG 2.522% 1/25/23 \$1 PV Of	0.0000	0.000000	-		-	336.27	(20.42)	-	-
08/26/2019				0.0000	0.000000	-	-	-	330.27		-	
			AMORTIZED PREMIUM ON F H L M C MLTCL MTG 2.522% 1/25/23 CURF					-	1 202 06	(18.82)		
08/26/2019	00/05/0010 00/00/0010		INTEREST EARNED ON F H L M C MLTCL MTG 3.454% 5/25/23 \$1 PV OF	0.0000	0.000000	-	-	-	1,203.06		- 0.00	
08/26/2019	08/25/2019 08/26/2019		PAID DOWN PAR VALUE OF FHLM C MLTCL MTG 3.454% 5/25/23	-737.1400	0.000000	-	-	-	737.14	(737.12)	0.02	-
08/26/2019	08/26/2019 08/26/2019		PURCHASED UNITS OF FIRST AM GOVT OB FD CL Y	379.8100	1.000000	-	-	-	(379.81)	379.81	-	-
08/26/2019	08/26/2019 08/26/2019		PURCHASED UNITS OF FIRST AM GOVT OB FD CL Y	22,959.4200	1.000000		-	-	(22,959.42)	22,959.42	-	-
08/27/2019	08/27/2019 08/27/2019		SOLD UNITS OF FIRST AM GOVT OB FD CL Y	-249,997.9300	1.000000	-	-	-	249,997.93	(249,997.93)	-	-
08/27/2019	08/20/2019 08/27/2019		PURCHASED PAR VALUE OF HONDA AUTO 1.780% 8/15/23 /SG A	250,000.0000	0.999992	-	-	-	(249,997.93)	249,997.93	-	-
09/03/2019			INTEREST EARNED ON CALIFORNIA ST BUILD 6.650% 3/01/22 \$1 PV OI	0.0000	0.000000	-	-	•	14,131.25	- (7.040.70)	-	-
09/03/2019			AMORTIZED PREMIUM ON CALIFORNIA ST BUILD 6.650% 3/01/22 CURI	0.0000	0.000000	-	-	-	-	(7,912.78)	-	-
09/03/2019			INTEREST EARNED ON CHEVRON CORP 3.05025% 3/03/22 \$1 PV OI	0.0000	0.000000	-	-	•	3,897.54	-	-	-
09/03/2019			AMORTIZED PREMIUM ON CHEVRON CORP 3.05025% 3/03/22 CURI	0.0000	0.000000	-	-	-	-	(305.26)	-	-
09/03/2019			INTEREST EARNED ON EXXON MOBIL 2.222% 3/01/21 \$1 PV ON 50	0.0000	0.000000	-	-	-	5,555.00	-	-	-
09/03/2019	09/03/2019 09/03/2019		PURCHASED UNITS OF FIRST AM GOVT OB FD CL Y	844,779.4100	1.000000	-	-	-	(844,779.41)	844,779.41	-	-
09/03/2019			INTEREST EARNED ON FIRST AM GOVT OB FD CL Y UNIT ON 0.0000 SH	0.0000	0.000000	-	-	-	581.46		-	-
09/03/2019			INTEREST EARNED ON INLAND VLY CA DEV 3.627% 3/01/20 \$1 PV ON	0.0000	0.000000	-	-	-	4,171.05	-	-	-
09/03/2019			AMORTIZED PREMIUM ON INLAND VLY CA DEV 3.627% 3/01/20 CURR	0.0000	0.000000	-	-	-		(756.19)	-	-
09/03/2019			INTEREST EARNED ON LOS ANGELES CA 1.125% 9/01/19 \$1 PV ON	0.0000	0.000000	-	-	-	1,518.75	-	-	-
09/03/2019			ACCREDITED DISCOUNT ON LOS ANGELES CA 1.125% 9/01/19 MAF	0.0000	0.000000	-	-	-	-	3,132.00	-	-
09/03/2019	09/01/2019 09/01/2019		MATURED PAR VALUE OF LOS ANGELES CA 1.125% 9/01/19 270,000	-270,000.0000	1.000000	-	-	-	270,000.00	(270,000.00)	-	-
09/03/2019			INTEREST EARNED ON NEW YORK ST REF SER 3.600% 9/01/19 \$1 PV	0.0000	0.000000	-	-	-	9,000.00		-	-
09/03/2019			AMORTIZED PREMIUM ON NEW YORK ST REF SER 3.600% 9/01/19 CU	0.0000	0.000000	-	-	-	-	(4,884.94)	-	-
09/03/2019	09/01/2019 09/01/2019		MATURED PAR VALUE OF NEW YORK ST REF SER 3.600% 9/01/19 500	-500,000.0000	1.000000	-	-	-	500,000.00	(500,000.00)	-	-
09/03/2019		801096AP3		0.0000	0.000000	-	-	-	4,015.20	-	-	-
09/03/2019		88579YBF7	INTEREST EARNED ON 3M COMPANY MTN 2.750% 3/01/22 \$1 PV ON	0.0000	0.000000	-	-	-	3,609.38	-	-	-
09/03/2019		9128286Y1	AMORTIZED PREMIUM ON U S TREASURY NT 1.750% 6/15/22 CURRI	0.0000	0.000000	-	-	-	-	(62.76)	-	-
09/03/2019	08/29/2019 09/03/2019	9128286Y1	SOLD PAR VALUE OF U S TREASURY NT 1.750% 6/15/22 /NOMURA §	-6,315,000.0000	1.008059	-	-	-	6,365,893.72	(6,311,080.76)	54,812.96	-
09/03/2019	09/03/2019	9128286Y1	RECEIVED ACCRUED INTEREST ON SALE OF U.S. TREASURY NT 1.79	0.0000	0.000000	-	-	-	24,155.74	-	-	-
09/03/2019		9128287A2	ACCREDITED DISCOUNT ON U S TREASURY NT 1.625% 6/30/21 MAF	0.0000	0.000000	-	-	-	-	1,254.11	-	-
09/03/2019	08/29/2019 09/03/2019	9128287A2	SOLD PAR VALUE OF U S TREASURY NT 1.625% 6/30/21 /CITIGROUF	-4,265,000.0000	1.000742	-	-	-	4,268,165.43	(4,246,929.50)	21,235.93	-
09/03/2019	09/03/2019	9128287A2	RECEIVED ACCRUED INTEREST ON SALE OF U.S. TREASURY NT 1.6:	0.0000	0.000000	-	-	-	12,241.59	-	-	-
09/03/2019	08/29/2019 09/03/2019	912828YA2	PURCHASED PAR VALUE OF U S TREASURY NT 1.500% 8/15/22 /NO	6,365,000.0000	1.001406	-	-	-	(6,373,950.78)	6,373,950.78	-	-
09/03/2019	09/03/2019	912828YA2	PAID ACCRUED INTEREST ON PURCHASE OF U.S. TREASURY NT 1.5	0.0000	0.000000	-	-	-	(4,929.42)	-	-	-
09/03/2019	08/29/2019 09/03/2019	912828YC8	PURCHASED PAR VALUE OF U S TREASURY NT 1.500% 8/31/21 /CIT	4,265,000.0000	0.999336	-	-	-	(4,262,167.77)	4,262,167.77	-	-
09/03/2019	09/03/2019	912828YC8	PAID ACCRUED INTEREST ON PURCHASE OF U S TREASURY NT 1.5	0.0000	0.000000	-	-	-	(527.27)	-	-	-
09/04/2019	09/04/2019 09/04/2019	31846V203	PURCHASED UNITS OF FIRST AM GOVT OB FD CL Y	581.4600	1.000000	-	-	-	(581.46)	581.46	-	-
09/06/2019		037833BS8	ACCREDITED DISCOUNT ON APPLE INC 2.250% 2/23/21 MARKET	0.0000	0.000000	-	-	-	-	2,255.18	-	-
09/06/2019	09/04/2019 09/06/2019		SOLD PAR VALUE OF APPLE INC 2.250% 2/23/21 /WELLS FARGO	-500,000.0000	1.006680	-	-	-	503,340.00	(497,930.18)		5,409.82
09/06/2019	09/06/2019		RECEIVED ACCRUED INTEREST ON SALE OF APPLE INC 2.250%	0.0000	0.000000	-	-	-	406.25	-	-	-
09/06/2019	09/06/2019 09/06/2019		FULL CALL PAR VALUE OF F H L M C M T N 2.625% 6/06/22 /CALLS/	-260,000.0000	1.000000	-	-	-	260,000.00	(260,000.00)	-	-
09/06/2019			INTEREST EARNED ON F H L M C M T N 2.625% 6/06/22 \$1 PV ON 26	0.0000	0.000000	-	-	-	1,706.25	-	-	-
09/06/2019	09/05/2019 09/06/2019		B PURCHASED PAR VALUE OF F N M A 1.375% 9/06/22 /BARCLAY	600,000.0000	0.996520	-	-	-	(597,912.00)	597,912.00	-	-
09/06/2019	09/06/2019 09/06/2019		PURCHASED UNITS OF FIRST AM GOVT OB FD CL Y	1,326,887.5600	1.000000	-	-	-	(1,326,887.56)	1,326,887.56	-	-
09/06/2019	09/06/2019 09/06/2019		SOLD UNITS OF FIRST AM GOVT OB FD CL Y	-596,205.7500	1.000000	-	-	-	596,205.75	(596,205.75)	-	-
09/06/2019	09/05/2019 09/06/2019		PURCHASED PAR VALUE OF U S TREASURY NT 1.750% 7/31/21 /BOI	540,000.0000	1.003438	-	-		(541,856.25)	541,856.25	-	_
09/06/2019	09/06/2019		PAID ACCRUED INTEREST ON PURCHASE OF U S TREASURY NT 1.7	0.0000	0.000000	-	-	-	(950.14)		-	-
09/06/2019	23, 23, 2010		AMORTIZED PREMIUM ON U S TREASURY NT 1.750% 7/31/21 CURRI	0.0000	0.000000	-	-	-	(550.14)	(282.58)	-	-
09/06/2019	09/05/2019 09/06/2019		SOLD PAR VALUE OF U.S. TREASURY NT 1.750% 7/31/21 /CITIGROUF	-600,000.0000	1.004141	-		-	602.484.38	(601,706.43)	777.95	-
09/06/2019	09/06/2019		RECEIVED ACCRUED INTEREST ON SALE OF U S TREASURY NT 1.75	0.0000	0.000000	-	-	-	1,055.71	(001,700.40)	777.33	-
09/06/2019	09/04/2019 09/06/2019		SOLD PAR VALUE OF WELLS FARGO MTN 3.0915% 7/23/21 /J.P. MOF	-500,000.0000	1.001366			-	500,683.00	(500,000,00)	-	683.00
09/06/2019	09/06/2019		RECEIVED ACCRUED INTEREST ON SALE OF WELLS FARGO MTN 3.0	0.0000	0.000000			-	1,724.61	(500,000.00)	-	-
09/10/2019	09/10/2019 09/10/2019		SOLD UNITS OF FIRST AM GOVT OB FD CL Y	-271,180.3400	1.000000				271,180.34	(271,180.34)		
			PURCHASED PAR VALUE OF U S TREASURY NT 1.750% 7/31/21 /HSI	270,000.0000	1.002422		-	-	(270,653.91)	270.653.91	-	
09/10/2019	09/09/2019 09/10/2019 09/10/2019		PAID ACCRUED INTEREST ON PURCHASE OF U S TREASURY NT 1.7	0.0000	0.000000				(526.43)	2/0,653.91	-	-
09/10/2019	09/04/2019 09/11/2019		PURCHASED PAR VALUE OF APPLE INC 1.700% 9/11/22 /GOLDM		0.999830		-	-		524,910.75	-	-
	08/25/2019 09/11/2019			525,000,0000 737.4400			-	-	(524,910.75)			
09/11/2019	00/20/2019 00/20/2019	313/FJTAI	PAID DOWN-RV PAR VALUE OF F H L M C MLTCL MTG 3.454% 5/25/23	131.1400	0.000000	-		-	(737.14)	737.12	(0.02)	-



	Quarter ended September 30, 2019												
The color of the	Account Num	nber: 001050990415		Name: RIVERSIDE COUNTY TRANS COMM									
The follows Column Colum	Tunnandian	Cattlement							Missellansaus		Fadaval Tay Cook		
			CHCID	Description	Halta	Delas	Commissions	CEC 5		Net Cook Amount			
1975 1975		Trade Date Date					Commissions	SEC Fees	rees		Amount	Amount	Amount
		08/25/2019 09/11/2019									(737 12)	0.02	
1979-1970 1979								-				- 0.02	
							-	-				-	-
							-	-	-			-	-
Separate	09/12/2019	08/29/2019 09/12/2019					-	-	-			-	-
Secretary Secr	09/12/2019	09/12/2019 09/12/2019	31846V203	PURCHASED UNITS OF FIRST AM GOVT OB FD CL Y		1.000000	-	-	-		30,881.05	-	-
	09/12/2019		9128287F1	FED BASIS OF U S TREASURY NT 1.750% 7/31/21 ADJUSTED BY -581	0.0000	0.000000	-	-	-	-	(581.49)	-	-
	09/12/2019		9128287F1	FED BASIS OF U S TREASURY NT 1.750% 7/31/21 ADJUSTED BY 581	0.0000	0.000000	-	-	-	-	581.49	-	-
	09/12/2019		9128287F1	FED BASIS OF U S TREASURY NT 1.750% 7/31/21 ADJUSTED BY -142	0.0000	0.000000	-	-	-	-	(142.63)	-	-
	09/12/2019		9128287F1	FED BASIS OF U S TREASURY NT 1.750% 7/31/21 ADJUSTED BY 142	0.0000	0.000000	-	-	-	-	142.63	-	-
1992-2019 1998	09/12/2019		9128287F1	AMORTIZED PREMIUM ON U S TREASURY NT 1.750% 7/31/21 CURRI	0.0000	0.000000	-	-	-		(115.64)	-	-
OSE-1001 OSE-1005 OSE-1005	09/12/2019	09/10/2019 09/12/2019	9128287F1	SOLD PAR VALUE OF U.S. TREASURY NT 1.750% 7/31/21 /HSBC SEC	-330,000.0000	1.000625	-	-	-	330,206.25	(330,206.25)	-	-
1985-2019 SSS11-665 AUCHTEED FERMIND AUTOMATE DATA _ 250% \$1950 CURR 0.0000 0.000000 1.000000 1.00000 1.00000 1.00000 1.00000 1.00000 1.00000 1.00000 1.0000000 1.0000000 1.0000000 1.0000000 1.0000000 1.0000000 1.0000000 1.0000000 1.0000000 1.0000000 1.00000000 1.00000000 1.00000000 1.000000000 1.000000000 1.0000000000		09/12/2019	9128287F1	RECEIVED ACCRUED INTEREST ON SALE OF U.S. TREASURY NT 1.79		0.000000	-	-	-		-	-	-
OH-FORDING GRAFFINDO NIFFEST EARNED ON INDERSONAL NATIONAL 2007. \$10.21 \$1.07					0.0000		-	-	-	5,062.50	-	-	-
1995-2019 1995							-	-	-	-	(1,038.32)	-	-
GREEDING GREEDING GREEDING PACKERS TO SALE OF TIRBANK CREDT 190 GREEDING GREEDING PACKERS GR			084670BQ0	INTEREST EARNED ON BERKSHIRE HATHAWAY 2.200% 3/15/21 \$1 PV			-	-	-	5,181.00	-	-	-
698-10079 698-		09/12/2019 09/16/2019			-180,000.0000	0.999063	-	-	-	179,831.25	(179,948.14)	-	(116.89)
							-	-	-		-	-	-
							-	-	-			-	-
G9152019		09/16/2019 09/16/2019					-	-	-		149,102.46	-	
9915/2019 9915				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			-	-	-		-	-	-
General Gene							-	-	-		-	-	-
69769079 47786AD THEREST EARNED ON INSINA AUTO LEASE 250% 915021 FV O 0.000							-	-	-			-	
69/16/2019 68/78/ADQ NTEREST EARNED ON INSSAN AUTO 2.00% 15.00% 1.20% 1.00% 1.20% 1.00% 1.20% 1.00% 1.20% 1.00% 1.20% 1.00% 1.20% 1.00% 1.20% 1.00% 1.20% 1.20% 1.00% 1.20% 1.		09/15/2019 09/16/2019			,		-	-	-		(14,734.97)	-	
69478009 68478002 MEREST EARNED ON INSSAN AUTO LESSE 2 2009; 915203 91 PV O NO 00 0,000000 253.76							-	-	-		-	-	
99152019 99152019							-	-	-		-	-	
199152019 1991							-	-	-		-	-	-
General Gene							-	-	-		(05 500 00)	-	-
99152019 9170016 9170010 9192010 919		09/15/2019 09/16/2019					-	-			(35,582.30)	-	
6915/2019 6915							-				-	-	
							-	-	-		•	-	-
0915/2019 0915/2019 0915/2019 0916		00/15/0010 00/15/0010									(00.050.50)		- 0.00
0915/2019 0915		09/15/2019 09/16/2019					-	-	-		(30,056.52)	-	2.30
99152019 98239ADZ NTEREST EARNED ON TOYOTA AUTO 1910%, 91523 \$1 PV ON		00/15/2010 00/16/2010					-	-	-		(01.416.90)	-	2.52
9918/2019 98239ADS NTEREST EARNED ON IOYOTA AUTO 2919%, 71/723 SI PV ON 8 0,0000 0,000000 82.75		09/15/2019 09/16/2019			,		-	-			(21,410.02)	-	
0918/2019 0918											·		
09/15/2019 09/													
0917/2019 0917		09/15/2019 09/16/2019							-		(9.793.45)		1.03
09417/2019 094		09/13/2019 09/10/2019									(3,733.43)		1.03
09417/2019 094		09/17/2019 09/17/2019							-		112 887 22		
094172019 094122019 0941													
094172019 094162019 094162019 094162019 094162019 094172019 912828708 PURCHASED PAR VALUE OF US TREASURY NT 1.50% 8/3121 NO 0.0000													
09/17/2019 09/17/2019 9/12/2019 09/17/2019 9/12/2019 09/17/2019 9/12/2019 09/17/											(112,331.03)		(30.00)
09417/2019 09417/2019 918/2											397 906 25		_
09/18/2019 09/											-		
19/18/2019 09/18/2019 09/18/2019 31846/203 SOLD NINTS OF FIRST AM GOVT OB FD CLY 329,955,650 1,0000000 1,000000 1,000000 1,000000 1,000000 1,000000 1,000000 1,000000 1,000000 1,000000 1,000000 1,000000 1,000000 1,0000000 1,0000000 1,0000000 1,0000000 1,00000000 1,0000000 1,0000000 1,0000000 1,0000000 1,0000000000							-	-			329 955 65		_
19/18/2019 09/								-	-			-	
19/18/2019 43814PAC4 INTEREST EARNED ON HONDA AUTO 1.790% 9/20/21 \$ 1 9.294.4300 0.000000 -							-	-	-			-	-
09/18/2019 09/18/2019 09/18/2019 09/18/2019 09/16/2019 65479BAD2 RECEIVED ACCRUED INTEREST ON SALE OF NISSAN AUTO LEASE 2. 0.0000 0.000000 0.000000 0.000000 0.000000 0.000000 0.000000 0.000000 0.000000 0.000000 0.000000 0.000000 0.000000 0.000000 0.000000 0.000000 0.00000000		00,70,2070					-	-	-		-	-	-
109/18/2019 09/16/2019 09/16/2019 65479BAD2 CECIVED ACCRUED INTEREST ON SALE OF NISSAN AUTO LEASE 2. 0.0000 0.0000000 0.0000000 0.0000000 0.000000 0.000000 0.000000 0.000000 0.000000 0.00000		09/18/2019 09/18/2019					-	-	-		(9.293.42)	-	1.01
09/18/2019 09/12/2019 09/16/2019 65479BAD2 SOLD -REV PAR VALUE OF NISSAN AUTO LEASE 2.050% 9/15/20 /B 112,951.390 0.999375							-	-	-		-	-	-
09/18/2019 09/16/2019 09/							-	-			112.931.65	-	50.86
09/18/2019 09/16/2019 09/16/2019 09/19/2019 09/19/2019 09/19/2019 09/19/2019 09/19/2019 09/19/2019 09/19/2019 09/19/2019 09/19/2019 09/19/2019 09/19/2019 09/19/2019 09/19/2019 09/19/2019 09/19/2019 09/18/2019 09/18/2019 09/19/2019 09/18/2019 09/18/2019 09/19/2019 09/18/2019 09/19/2019 09/19/2019 09/19/2019 09/19/2019 09/19/2019 09/19/2019 09/19/2019 09/19/2019 09/19/2019 09/19/2019 09/19/2019 09/19/2019 09/19/2019 09/19/2019 09/19/2019 09/19/2019 09/19/2019 09/19/2019 09/19/2019 09/20/2019 09/							-	-	-			-	
	09/18/2019						-	-	-	8.46	-	-	
	09/19/2019	09/19/2019 09/19/2019	31846V203	PURCHASED UNITS OF FIRST AM GOVT OB FD CL Y	269,283.2800	1.000000	-	-	-	(269,283.28)	269,283.28	-	-
09/19/2019 09/18/2019 09/19/2019 912828YC8 RECEIVED ACCRUED INTEREST ON SALE OF U S TREASURY NT 1.50 0.0000 0.00000000						0.000000	-	-	-	-		-	-
09/19/2019 09/19/2019 09/19/2019 09/20/2019 09/	09/19/2019		912828YC8	FED BASIS OF U S TREASURY NT 1.500% 8/31/21 ADJUSTED BY 748	0.0000	0.000000	-	-	-	-	748.82	-	-
09/20/2019 09/20/2019	09/19/2019	09/18/2019 09/19/2019	912828YC8	SOLD PAR VALUE OF U S TREASURY NT 1.500% 8/31/21 /WELLS FAI	-270,000.0000	0.996563	-	-	-	269,071.88	(269,071.88)	-	-
09/20/2019 09/							-	-	-		-	-	-
09/20/2019 09/	09/20/2019		05584PAD9	INTEREST EARNED ON BMW VEHICLE LEASE 2.070% 10/20/20 \$1 PV (0.0000	0.000000	-	-	-	135.74	-	-	-
09/20/2019 09/20/2019 09/20/2019 09/20/2019 3134GTVK6 FULL CALL PAR VALUE OF F H L M C 2.550% 6/20/22 CALLS/ -265,000.0000 1.000000 - - 265,000.00 (265,000.00) - - 09/20/2019	09/20/2019	09/20/2019 09/20/2019	05584PAD9	PAID DOWN PAR VALUE OF BMW VEHICLE LEASE 2.070% 10/20/20	-12,051.3000		-	-	-	12,051.30	(12,051.29)	-	0.01
09/20/2019 09/20/2019 09/20/2019 09/20/2019 09/20/2019 09/20/2019 1,689.380 1,000000 - - 1,689.38 1,239,572.070 - - 1,689.38 1,239,572.070 - - - 1,239,572.070 1,239,572.070 - - - 1,239,572.070 - - - - 1,239,572.070 - - - - 1,239,572.070 - - - - 1,239,572.070 - - - - - 1,239,572.070 - - - - 1,239,572.070 - - - - 1,239,572.070 - - - - 1,239,572.070 - - - - 1,239,572.070 - <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>1.000000</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td></td><td>(265,000.00)</td><td>-</td><td></td></t<>						1.000000	-	-	-		(265,000.00)	-	
09/20/2019 09/20/2019 09/20/2019 31846V203 PURCHASED UNITS OF FIRST AM GOVT OB FD CL Y 1,239,572.0700 1.000000 - - - (1,239,572.07) 1,239,572.07 - - 09/20/2019 09/18/2019 09/20/2019 89190BAD0 SOLD PAR VALUE OF TOYOTA AUTO 1.760% 7/15/21 /BOFA SECU -285,981.8700 0.998086 - - 285,434.48 (285,959.94) - (525.46) 09/20/2019 09/20/2019 89190BAD0 RECEIVED ACCRUED INTEREST ON SALE OF TOYOTA AUTO 1.760 0.0000 0.00000 - - 69.91 - -	09/20/2019		3134GTVK6	INTEREST EARNED ON F H L M C 2.550% 6/20/22 \$1 PV ON 26500	0.0000	0.000000	-	-	-	1,689.38	-	-	-
09/20/2019 09/20/2019 09/20/2019 09/20/2019 09/20/2019 1.239,572.0700 1.000000 - - - (1,239,572.07) 1,239,572.07 - - 09/20/2019 09/18/2019 09/20/2019 89190BAD0 SOLD PAR VALUE OF TOYOTA AUTO 1.760% 7/15/21 /BOFA SECU -285,981.8700 0.998086 - - - 285,434.48 (285,959.94) - (525.46) 09/20/2019 09/20/2019 89190BAD0 RECEIVED ACCRUED INTEREST ON SALE OF TOYOTA AUTO 1.760 0.0000 0.00000 - - - 69.91 - -	09/20/2019	09/20/2019 09/20/2019	31846V203	PURCHASED UNITS OF FIRST AM GOVT OB FD CL Y	1,689.3800	1.000000	-	-	-	(1,689.38)	1,689.38	-	-
09/20/2019 09/20/2019 89190BAD0 RECEIVED ACCRUED INTEREST ON SALE OF TOYOTA AUTO 1.76(0.0000 0.0000000 69.91			31846V203	PURCHASED UNITS OF FIRST AM GOVT OB FD CL Y		1.000000	-	-	-			-	-
	09/20/2019	09/18/2019 09/20/2019			-285,981.8700	0.998086	-	-	-	285,434.48	(285,959.94)	-	(525.46)
09/20/2019 912828YA2 MORTIZED PREMIUM ON U S TREASURY NT 1.500% 8/15/22 CURRI 0.000000 0.00000000		09/20/2019	89190BAD0	RECEIVED ACCRUED INTEREST ON SALE OF TOYOTA AUTO 1.760		0.000000	-	-	-	69.91	-	-	-
09/20/2019 09/19/2019 09/20/2019 912828YA2 SOLD PAR VALUE OF U S TREASURY NT 1.500% 8/15/22 /WELLS FAI -680,000 0.993945 675,882.81 (680,940.36) (5,057.55) -					ο Γ ο λλ ο		-	-	-				-
	09/20/2019	09/19/2019 09/20/2019	912828YA2	SOLD PAR VALUE OF U S TREASURY NT 1.500% 8/15/22 /WELLS FAI	-680,000 -060 0	0.993945	-	-	-	675,882.81	(680,940.36)	(5,057.55)	-



Account Nun	nber: 001050990415	Name: RIVERSIDE COUNTY TRANS COMM									
Tuenessien	Settlement						Miscellaneous		Federal Tax Cost	Short Term Gain/Loss	Long Term Gain/Loss
Transaction Date	Trade Date Date	CUSIP Description	Units	Price	Commissions	SEC Fees	Fees	Net Cash Amount	Amount	Amount	Amount
09/20/2019	09/20/2019	111	1.5 0.0000	0.000000		SECTES:	1 665	997.83	Amount -	Amount	Amount
09/24/2019	09/24/2019 09/24/2019	89190BAD0 DISTRIBUTED PAR VALUE OF TOYOTA AUTO 1.760% 7/15/21		0.000000		-		-	(0.01)	-	-
09/25/2019	00/2 1/2010 00/2 1/2010	TRUST FEES COLLECTED CHARGED FOR PERIOD 08/01/2019 THE		0.000000		-	-	(556.82)	-		_
09/25/2019		05582QAD9 INTEREST EARNED ON BMW VEHICLE OWNER 1.160% 11/25/20 \$		0.000000		-	-	27.55			_
09/25/2019	09/25/2019 09/25/2019	05582QAD9 PAID DOWN PAR VALUE OF BMW VEHICLE OWNER 1,160% 11/25		0.000000		-	-	18.598.53	(18,598.45)	-	0.08
09/25/2019	33,23,23,23	3136B1XP4 INTEREST EARNED ON F N M A GTD REMIC 3.560% 9/25/21 \$1 PV		0.000000		-	-	478.23	-	-	-
09/25/2019		3136B1XP4 AMORTIZED PREMIUM ON F N M A GTD REMIC 3.560% 9/25/21 CI		0.000000		-		-	(79.90)	-	-
09/25/2019	09/25/2019 09/25/2019	3136B1XP4 PAID DOWN PAR VALUE OF F N M A GTD REMIC 3.560% 9/25/21	-5,940.4400	0.000000	-	-	-	5,940.44	(6,009.87)	-	(69.43)
09/25/2019		3136B1XP4 INTEREST EARNED ON F N M A GTD REMIC 3.560% 9/25/21 \$1 P\	ON 0.0000	0.000000	-	-	-	17.46	-	-	-
09/25/2019		3137ATRW4 INTEREST EARNED ON F H L M C MULTICLASS 2.373% 5/25/22 \$1 F	V O 0.0000	0.000000	-	-	-	375.73	-	-	-
09/25/2019		3137ATRW4 AMORTIZED PREMIUM ON F H L M C MULTICLASS 2.373% 5/25/22	URI 0.0000	0.000000	-	-	-	-	(31.50)	-	-
09/25/2019		3137B1U75 INTEREST EARNED ON F H L M C MLTCL MTG 2.522% 1/25/23 \$1 F	0.0000	0.000000	-	-	-	336.27	-	-	-
09/25/2019		3137B1U75 AMORTIZED PREMIUM ON F H L M C MLTCL MTG 2.522% 1/25/23 C	URF 0.0000	0.000000	-	-	-	-	(18.82)	-	-
09/25/2019		3137B36J2 INTEREST EARNED ON F H L M C MLTCL MTG 3.320% 2/25/23 \$1 F	0.000.0	0.000000	-	-	-	1,023.67	-	-	-
09/25/2019		3137B36J2 AMORTIZED PREMIUM ON F H L M C MLTCL MTG 3.320% 2/25/23 C		0.000000		-	-	-	(496.42)	-	-
09/25/2019		3137BQR90 INTEREST EARNED ON F H L M C MLTCL MTG 2.272% 1/25/23 \$1 P		0.000000		-	-	473.33	-	-	-
09/25/2019		3137BQR90 AMORTIZED PREMIUM ON F H L M C MLTCL MTG 2.272% 1/25/23 C		0.000000		-	-	-	(35.44)	-	-
09/25/2019		3137FJYA1 INTEREST EARNED ON F H L M C MLTCL MTG 3.454% 5/25/23 \$1 P		0.000000		-	-	2,073.15	-	-	-
09/25/2019	09/25/2019 09/25/2019	3137FJYA1 PAID DOWN PAR VALUE OF F H L M C MLTCL MTG 3.454% 5/25/23	-35,933.2900	1.516478		-	-	35,933.29	(35,932.32)	0.97	-
09/25/2019	09/25/2019 09/25/2019	31846V203 PURCHASED UNITS OF FIRST AM GOVT OB FD CL Y	44,818.3000	1.000000		-	-	(44,818.30)	44,818.30	-	-
09/25/2019	09/25/2019 09/25/2019	31846V203 SOLD UNITS OF FIRST AM GOVT OB FD CL Y	-250,060.2900	1.000000		-	-	250,060.29	(250,060.29)	-	-
09/25/2019	09/18/2019 09/25/2019	58769TAD7 PURCHASED PAR VALUE OF MERCEDES BENZ 1.940% 3/15/24		0.999862		-	-	(269,962.82)	269,962.82	-	-
09/26/2019	09/20/2019 09/26/2019	072024WN8 PURCHASED PAR VALUE OF BAY AREA CA TOLL 2.184% 4/01/23		1.000000		-	-	(680,000.00)	680,000.00	-	-
09/26/2019	09/26/2019 09/26/2019	31846V203 SOLD UNITS OF FIRST AM GOVT OB FD CL Y	-680,000.0000	1.000000	-	-	-	680,000.00	(680,000.00)	-	-
T									450 000 45	100 000 07	CO 075 74
Total					-	-	-	-	453,686.15	136,062.27	60,875.74



Short & Intermediate Duration Fixed Income

3Q 2019 Themes, Outlook & Strategy

MetLife Investment Management One MetLife Way Whippany, NJ 07981 metlife.com/investmentmanagement

- GDP Full-year U.S. real GDP growth will be above the 2% long-term trend, driven by the enduring strength of the U.S. consumer and firmness in the labor market. Trade frictions between the U.S./China/EU/Japan have negatively impacted business sentiment and have represented a drag on global growth, especially in Europe. Accordingly, in the U.S., business fixed investment has slowed but could rebound with substantive progress on the trade front. We expect government spending to increase as the 2020 election approaches, partially offsetting the waning impact of the 2017 stimulus package
- **Business** While indicators for global manufacturing and business fixed investment have shown weakness, the continued strength of the U.S. consumer has helped sustain revenue growth, especially for U.S.-centric companies. In our view, the Federal Reserve's efforts to sustain the U.S. economy's expansion by cutting its policy rate should serve to further extend the business cycle. The ongoing trade negotiation and tit-for-tat tariff escalations by the U.S. and China continue to raise manufacturing input costs and cause supply chains to be altered. Broad-based domestic labor market tightness is also serving to push up wage costs and pressure margins for service companies. We believe the lower interest rate environment is likely to reduce banks' net interest margins but their diversified business models, robust capital positions, steady fee-driven revenue, prudent asset growth, and sound asset quality continue to support strong credit fundamentals.
- Consumer We believe the U.S. consumer remains well-positioned to continue to underpin growth in the U.S. economy, driven by improved household balance sheets and sustained growth in wages. The decline in interest rates triggered by Federal Reserve policy shifts has reignited the housing market and is expected to feed into other measures of consumer spending. To date, the trade-related fits and starts between the U.S. and China have not translated into a meaningful decline in consumer confidence, especially the 'present situation' component of the confidence indicator which has undoubtedly benefited from the stock market's return to near-record highs as well as a healthy labor market.
- Employment Despite a downshift in the pace of job creation in 2019 compared to 2018, the U.S. labor market remains tight at a nearly 50-year low in the unemployment rate. Average hourly earnings and the Employment Cost Index continue to offer evidence of growth in real wages. Employers remain somewhat challenged in finding qualified candidates to fill open positions while the quits rate remains at a post-recession high, exerting continued upward pressure on real wages. We are closely watching the General Motors strike negotiations as a barometer of future employment cost trends. We believe the unemployment rate will remain historically low as the replacement number of jobs needed to sustain the current unemployment rate is well below the YTD monthly average in net non-farm payroll jobs created.

1



- Central Banks / International Global central banks have resumed a more dovish posture in reacting to subpar economic growth, weak inflation readings, trade-related concerns and macro uncertainties. Central bankers, including incoming ECB President Christine Lagarde, have acknowledged the limits of accommodative monetary policy and have begun to push more forcefully for increased take-up by fiscal policymakers, most clearly evident in the anemic eurozone. China, Brexit and Iran are key risks with Iran's apparent attack on Saudi Arabia's oil production facilities raising the prospect of an oil shock, although the recent spike in energy prices was quickly reversed. If global growth divergences do not close or trade disruptions persist with more lasting impact, dollar strength and the bid for safe haven assets should increase.
- Residential / Commercial Real Estate Sharply lower mortgage rates and a strong jobs market will support home sales going forward with the West and South seeing the greatest strength. House price appreciation may stabilize as improved affordability from lower rates supports prices, particularly for lower-end homes. Multi-family property rental vacancy rates remain near historic lows as rates and NOI growth in multi-family and industrial properties support commercial real estate valuations. Retail properties remain challenged by e-commerce and shifting consumer preferences. The administration's GSE reform plan sets the stage for the debate about the role of the government in the housing market but the lack of a timeframe for action and the approach of an election year make dramatic changes unlikely over the near term.
- U.S. Monetary & Fiscal Policy The Federal Reserve's policy shift toward easing as evidenced by two recent rate cuts against a reasonably solid growth backdrop and market expectations of more to come has created an uncharacteristic split within the FOMC. Recent communications from the Federal Reserve point to less dependency on domestic data in moving to a reaction function centered more on global developments. The recent spike in overnight funding markets driven by a shortage in excess bank reserves will lead to an "organic" balance sheet expansion by the Fed. Fiscal policy remains stimulative with the annual federal deficit climbing toward \$1 trillion and will likely remain a source of support. We expect further talk of additional tax cut measures prior to the 2020 election which, if enacted, would represent another fiscal tailwind to growth.
- Inflation Inflation measures are close to the Federal Reserve's 2% symmetrical target, with Core PCE running at a 1.8% annual rate, above its two-year low of 1.5% posted this past spring. Its counterpart, Core CPI, is at a 10-year high of 2.4%, driven by increases in select sub- components within the goods and services sectors. We believe the tight labor market's bearing on wages as well as pass-through of tariffs will continue to exert upward pressure on inflation. Any additional monetary easing by the Fed, continued solid U.S. economic growth and/or increase in energy prices will support a move higher in our inflation expectations.

Treasury/Rates/Curve

Treasury yields moved lower and the yield curve flattened during a volatile third quarter, primarily due to a Federal Reserve rate cut in July followed by an escalation of the trade war with China and rising fears over global economic growth. Regarding the Fed, the FOMC's initial, cautious 25 basis point "insurance" cut on July 31 represented somewhat of a disappointment to markets, which expected more of a commitment to additional cuts in the future versus what was described as a "mid-cycle adjustment in policy" by Chair Powell. Early August's sudden ramp up in the U.S.-China trade war, triggered by President Trump's announcement of further tariffs on Chinese imports was behind the increased global growth concerns. In August alone Treasury yields were lower by 37 to 56 basis points across the curve, with 30-year yields hitting all-time lows. In early September, 10-year Treasury yields increased almost 50 basis points amid easing trade tensions and a rebound in risk assets. The European Central Bank's September 12 rate cut and announcement of a new round of bond purchases preceded another 25-basis point cut in the Fed-Funds rate at the September 18 meeting. Dovish foreign central bank actions along with low global yields against a backdrop of heightened macro concerns may serve to limit any meaningful rise in yields domestically over the near term, overall. Treasury yields closed the third guarter 13 to 42 basis points lower with the two-year Treasury yield finishing at 1.62% (-14 basis points), the five-year Treasury yield 1.54% (-23 basis points) and the 10-year Treasury yield at 1.67% (-34 basis points). The five-year less two-year Treasury interest rate differential ended the quarter at -8 basis points. 9 basis points flatter from the end of the second quarter. The longer dated ten-year less



two-year differential moved 21 basis points flatter to +4 basis points. In the very front end, the three-month Treasury bill rate declined 28 basis points to 1.81% while 3-month Libor contracted 23 basis points to 2.09%.

In the wake of the Fed's most recent rate cut delivered at the September FOMC meeting, it has clearly demonstrated a determination to not fall behind the curve in seeking to conduct monetary policy in an effort to sustain the current economic expansion. However, there is a growing split among the Fed members with a majority on one side supporting Chair Powell's consensus position to lower rates in July and September, but on the other side sit a number of members more willing to await clear evidence of a deterioration in economic conditions before continuing further down the easing path. This was highlighted by two Fed voters dissenting at September's FOMC meeting in favor of keeping rates on hold (plus one who supported a 50 basis point cut) while the full-member median dot plot forecast is for no further rate cuts this year and none in 2020, even as many more members collectively are lined up on the sides of either looking for a rate cut or even hiking the policy rate above the current target range. This has raised market uncertainty and been a source of increased interest rate volatility seen in the third quarter, in addition to greater uncertainty and noise around trade and other macro issues. As well, the market remains engaged in a bit of a tug-of-war as interest rate futures are pricing in at least three quarter-point rate cuts by the Fed through the end of 2020, which we continue to see as overly aggressive as we anticipate perhaps another cut at the upcoming October FOMC meeting and the Fed going on hold until clear evidence emerges of a drop in the pace of economic growth (which we do not envision at this juncture).

On the economic data front, we continue to call for above-trend U.S. growth in the low-2% range driven by the enduring strength of the consumer, which accounts for more than two-thirds of economic activity. Readings on the manufacturing sector have turned down in recent months as uncertainties have grown, tariffs escalated, and supply chains disrupted, however, the U.S. remains much more insulated than many other developed economies. We also acknowledge that the labor market has been slowly decelerating this year, but it remains healthy by virtue of touching an all-time low in the unemployment in the September non-farm payrolls report. This has translated into steady strength in key measures like retail sales and housing market indicators, which have accelerated higher this year, bolstered by the decline in interest rates. While third-quarter real GDP growth may slip below 2% on weakness centered on the declines observed across manufacturing and business investment, weighed down by the trade war and weakness in non-U.S. economies, our outlook does not incorporate a U.S. recession over the near to intermediate-term horizon absent a shock to the economy. In the event the U.S. and China are able to craft a limited trade agreement or even call a truce, we could see that outcome spur a bit of a rebound in growth. In the meantime, while global economic headwinds remain, they are being actively countered by accommodative monetary policy with a potential turn toward more of the burden being shouldered by fiscal policy support.

After the third quarter's drop in interest rates, reset in the market's view on the Federal Reserve's future policy rate path and U.S. economic growth remaining on a firm footing outside of the manufacturing sector, which we believe may be nearing an end in its weakening, we see Treasury yields as biased to move higher. Although we will continue to maintain our short duration bias, we took the opportunity to snug our durations closer to home over the third quarter on rate backups. Turning to our TIPS long positioning, we increased our weighting in August as break-evens reached new lows only to see break-evens climb a bit before turning lower again in September. We continue to view TIPS as 'cheap' and maintain our holdings given their low break-evens paint a more depressed inflation picture than is warranted in our evaluation in looking at current inflation measures and the likelihood that steadily rising wages will eventually translate into an uptick in consumer prices.

Performance Attribution: Negative

Our overall duration underweight positioning and allocation to Treasury Inflation-Protected Securities (TIPS) detracted from performance in the third quarter as interest rates fell and break-evens declined.



Investment Grade Credit

While market headlines continued to be focused on the back-and-forth developments in the U.S.-China trade dispute over the quarter, the investment grade credit market proved relatively resilient in the third quarter, especially as a riskon July gave way to escalating tensions and tariffs in August with trade noise spilling over into September. This produced a sawtooth pattern as spreads alternately tightened and widened each month, ending the quarter tighter on September's improved sentiment for risk helped by news of U.S. and Chinese senior trade negotiators scheduled to meet in early October. The backdrop for risk assets, including investment grade credit, continues to be supported by dovish central bank policy attributed to heightened uncertainty, geopolitical concerns and flagging global economic growth even as the U.S. remains less affected. Corporate earnings growth has largely slowed as U.S.-based multinationals, most notably those generating a significant share of their revenues abroad, are seeing pressure on top-line revenues, margins and operating earnings, while domestically-oriented issuers continue to post solid results. This divergence has weakened credit metrics in the aggregate, especially corporate leverage measures. As interest rates once again declined, third-quarter excess and total returns for the BAML 1-5 Year U.S. Corporate Index were 0.43% and 1.23%, respectively, as the index's option-adjusted spread (OAS) tightened 8 basis points to 73 basis points. The summer lull and trade-related volatility kept the new issue market relatively quiet through Labor Day, but the drop in interest rates and global hunger for positive-yielding fixed-income assets (negative-yielding assets in the Bloomberg Barclays Global Aggregate Index totaled \$14.8 trillion at quarter-end) brought issuers off the sidelines in sufficient numbers to produce a record-setting month for corporate new issuance with \$148.0 billion in investment grade corporates coming to market. These new issues were readily absorbed by investors often at little or no spread concessions to existing secondary issues and were skewed to the longer end of the maturity spectrum as issuers sought to capitalize on the opportunity to lock in financing at near record low all-in yields. At a subsector level within front-end Credit, all subsectors generated positive excess returns in both July and September sandwiched around an August with negative excess returns. The best-performing subsectors over the guarter were Finance Companies (small index weight), Insurance and Technology. Lagging subsectors included Energy, Banking and Basic Industry.

The second-quarter earnings season concluded with marginally positive EPS growth for the S&P 500 companies (+2.1%), mainly driven by strength in Real Estate, Financials and Healthcare, offset in part by weakness across the Communications Services, Materials, Energy, Industrials and Utilities subsectors, chiefly due to commodity price declines, a slowdown in global growth as well as trade-related supply chain cost and margin pressures. Further growth in balance sheet debt coupled with weaker operating income in certain of these subsectors helped push aggregate leverage higher across the investment grade industrial issuer universe we track, warranting increased attention at this advanced stage of the credit cycle, although we do not see signs of an imminent end to the cycle or recession as the growth in leverage is somewhat mitigated by the decline in interest rates. We maintain our overweight in Banking, supported by historically high capital levels and the potential to generate decent operating profits in a low rate environment. We also favor selected, more U.S.-centric issuers in the Communications, Consumer Noncyclical, Midstream Energy/Pipelines, and Utilities subsectors, that are less exposed to tariff-related disruptions. We believe the resilience of the U.S. consumer can continue to support corporate fundamentals for many of these issuers. In terms of sector valuation, the tightening in credit spreads seen over the guarter has pushed spreads into the 'rich' range in our view, especially given the deterioration observed in manufacturing indicators. We remain comfortable with our current defensive positioning in Credit historically, awaiting an opportunity to add exposure in our favored subsectors and issuers at wider spreads. We recognize that moderate economic growth environments like we foresee unfolding in the U.S. over the next few quarters are generally good for corporate fundamentals and returns in Credit, but the present 'richness' of spreads and low all-in yields leave us content to maintain some dry powder.



Over the third quarter we reduced our Credit weightings and in turn sector duration contributions across strategies. Most of our trading activity was directed toward reducing our exposure in Credit, primarily by selling floating-rate and short-dated maturity fixed-rate bonds to fund purchases in other sectors. Despite the heavy new issue calendar, we were fairly selective given the preponderance of longer-dated issuance. Noteworthy new issue purchases included Occidental Petroleum fixed-rate 2021 and 2022's, whose proceeds were be used to help finance its purchase of Anadarko Petroleum. Additionally, we bought new issue Simon Property Group and Ameren Corp. 2024's as well as CVS Health 2024 and 2026's in some of our longer-dated portfolios.

In the High Yield space, the ebbs and flows around trade headlines also generally drove risk appetite, spread movement and returns over the quarter, mirroring the investment grade credit market; however, the ICE BAML 1-5 Year U.S. Cash Pay High Yield Index saw its OAS increase 14 basis points to 426 from 412 over the period. High Yield has benefited from strong investor inflows this year but CCC's have meaningfully lagged of late, lifting the overall index OAS. In our accounts that allow High Yield, we remain very selective in evaluating opportunities, limiting our focus to shorter tenor issues in the BB space.

Performance Attribution: Positive

Our positioning in investment grade credit contributed positively to third-quarter portfolio performance across most strategies as credit spreads moved in a bit of a sawtooth pattern over the quarter, ending tighter. Our positioning in the Independent Energy and Technology subsectors and overweights to Banking and Health Care (including our Cigna and CVS Health positions plus hospital issues traded in the Municipals market but categorized as investment grade corporates) were positive contributors to portfolio excess return. Most other subsectors generated relatively modest, uneven excess returns with the notable exceptions of Insurance and Midstream, which weighed on performance, mainly in some of our longer-dated strategies.

Agencies

Government-sponsored enterprise (GSE) debt spreads were tighter by 1-2 basis points during the third quarter while U.S. dollar-denominated Supranational, Sovereign and Agency (SSA) fixed-maturity securities' spreads tightened by 4-5 basis points relative to comparable Treasuries. In addition, credit spreads on debt of Canadian provinces such as Ontario and Quebec were mostly unchanged to one basis point tighter over the quarter. We believe the tone across the various agency subsectors continues to be well supported.

During the quarter, Fannie Mae (FNMA) and Freddie Mac (FHLMC) released second-quarter 2019 earnings, as both GSEs reported stronger results quarter-over-quarter. Net income for FNMA rose to \$3.4 billion from \$2.4 billion in the first-quarter while net income reported by FHLMC rose modestly to \$1.5 billion from \$1.4 billion. FNMA reported a net worth of \$6.4 billion as of June 30 while FHLMC recorded \$4.8 billion. As a result, FNMA will remit \$3.4 billion in dividends to the U.S. Treasury, while FHLMC will distribute \$1.8 billion. On the regulatory front, the Treasury released their long-awaited Housing Finance Reform Plan recommending a guarantor model with an explicit, paid for government guarantee which requires congressional legislation. The plan urged Congress to take legislative action but also encouraged the Federal Housing Finance Agency (FHFA) to continue pursuing administrative reforms. Given the 2020 presidential election is a little more than a year away, we believe any substantive legislative action will be muted as Congress will be less likely to take a vote on housing-related issues that could cause them to lose support from their constituents; however, we do expect some headway to be made on the administrative front, the path of least resistance. Senate Banking Committee chairman Mike Crapo (R-ID) stated that while his preference is to address



housing finance reform through legislation, the Trump administration should "begin moving forward on key administrative reforms". On the last day of the quarter the Treasury and FHFA announced they have altered the Preferred Stock Purchase Agreements (PSPAs) for FNMA and FHLMC to allow the companies to retain additional capital (\$25 billion and \$20 billion, respectively). This is the first significant change to the PSPAs since December 2017 when both GSEs were each allowed to retain \$3 billion in capital. The new PSPAs effectively suspend the net worth sweep which has been in place since 2012 and mandated FNMA and FHLMC to remit all earnings above a small buffer to the Treasury. We view this as a positive starting point for GSE reform.

At current valuations, we remain underweight the Agency sector overall. During the quarter we reduced our floating-rate exposure and sold bonds with low durations, in addition to reinvesting the proceeds from our called agency bond positions in fixed-maturity securities in other spread sectors. In terms of our outlook, against the backdrop of slowing global growth we feel any flight to quality will bode well for the Agency sector although spreads continue to offer only a small incremental yield pickup over Treasuries. We think supply/demand dynamics will continue into the fourth quarter as the pace of supply in the Agency space will lag demand, especially with the amount of debt trading at negative yields around the globe. We expect SSA supply to slow down in the fourth quarter with negative net issuance for the rest of the year. Low net supply in SSAs and GSEs could continue to keep spreads at tight levels. We will continue to look for opportunities to add to the Agency sector and expect to use major SSA issuers to target specific duration buckets across the yield curve.

Performance Attribution: Neutral

Our allocations to the various Agency subsectors and security selection generated mixed performance over the quarter across our strategies. Spreads in the Agency subsectors tightened over the quarter but conversely, our underweight in higher beta names, e.g. Petroleos Mexicanos (PEMEX), and Mexico government bonds that are in the benchmark indices that we did not own detracted from our performance.

ABS

Spreads on short-tenor asset-backed securities generally moved tighter over the course of the third quarter despite broader spread and rate volatility arising from trade tensions, concerns about global economic growth and Federal Reserve policy. Spreads on AAA-rated three-year credit card, prime auto and subprime auto tranches moved 8 basis points, 10 basis points, and 9 basis point tighter, respectively. Floating-rate Federal Family Education Loan Program (FFELP) student loan tranches underperformed with three-year FFELP tranches moving wider by 7 basis points quarter-over-quarter. The underperformance of FFELP tranches was asset-specific and likely driven by the tail risk given the longer average lives in this sector which is solely floating-rate as the market comes to grips with transition risks related to LIBOR. Short-tenor, high quality asset-backed bonds continued to see strong sponsorship amid solid U.S. consumer fundamentals and the inverted yield curve, resulting in a more attractive yield profile for short bonds relative to longer-tenor alternatives.

The securitization industry gathered in September for the annual ABS East conference held in Miami. Market participants generally expressed confidence in U.S. consumer fundamentals and ABS collateral performance but were somewhat cautious given trade tensions and political uncertainty. The tone amongst CLO participants was mixed, with a focus on topics including loan fundamentals, CLO supply and idiosyncratic risks associated with underlying loan portfolios.

New issue volume for third quarter was \$51 billion, a 20.1% decrease compared to the prior quarter, but an 11.0% increase compared to last year's pace of \$46 billion. Issuance volume was led by the auto sector with \$25 billion of new deals pricing during the quarter. Compared to the prior year, issuance in the auto and equipment sectors increased 9% and 13%, respectively. Issuance in credit card and student loan sectors was down 34% and 27% year-



over-year, respectively. Although credit card issuance has trended downward during the year, volume has picked up as of late, with \$8.3 billion of new issue deals pricing this quarter compared to \$3.1 billion in the second quarter. On a year-to-date basis, new issue volume reached \$173 billion, a slight decline compared to the \$179 billion issued last year through the end of the third quarter.

Credit card ABS continued to exhibit strong performance, supported by healthy U.S. consumer fundamentals. The quarter-over-quarter charge-off rate on the Wells Fargo index decreased 5 basis points to 2.30% and 60+ day delinquencies decreased 4 basis points to 1.00%. Wells Fargo noted that portfolio yields, excess spread and monthly payment rates are near all-time highs, while delinquency and charge-off rates are near all-time lows. Prime auto performance remained stable during the quarter, while the subprime auto sector saw an uptick in delinquencies and losses. The 60+-day delinquency rate on the Fitch Auto ABS indices for subprime delinquencies was 5.93% in August, an increase of 43 basis points since year-end and 104 basis points higher, year-over-year. In our view, the deterioration in subprime auto performance was driven by weaker lending standards and changes in the composition of issuers funding in the ABS market. While we focus on more established issuers that continue to perform within our expectations, we are also mindful of signs of weakness in the broader auto markets. New vehicle sales in August were up 11% year-over-year, for a 17.0 million Seasonally-Adjusted Annual Rate (SAAR), supported by the Labor Day weekend, strong fleet sales and dealer incentives. According to Cox Automotive, the annual pace of new vehicle sales remains steady and is forecasted to reach 16.9 million units in September, down slightly from August's 17.0 million level, but still reflecting a stable market. The Manheim Used Vehicle Index rose 0.62% month-over-month in August. The index value at 141.3 represents a 1.2% increase from a year ago and a record high for the index.

During the quarter we modestly increased our ABS exposure given our favorable view on U.S. consumer fundamentals. We focused on high-quality, liquid benchmark subsectors like credit cards and prime autos given current trade tensions and global macro volatility. We were active in both the primary and secondary market, participating in new issue transactions from CarMax, Santander, Nissan, and Prestige. We also purchased the inaugural small and mid-sized equipment securitization issued by Hewlett Packard and new issue credit card transactions from Capital One and TD Bank. Going into the fourth quarter, we anticipate maintaining an overweight to the ABS sector while continuing to position our portfolios in high-quality, shorter duration bonds.

Performance Attribution: Positive

Benefiting from tighter spreads, our ABS portfolio positions contributed positive excess returns after adjusting for duration and yield curve exposure. Our fixed-rate holdings were the top performers with both prime and subprime auto bonds exhibiting the strongest performance. Our floating-rate exposure also performed positively, but more modestly than our fixed-rate holdings.

CMBS

Short tenor commercial mortgage-backed securities showed mixed performance over the course of the quarter. Compared to like-duration Treasuries, three-year AAA-rated conduit tranches ended the quarter at a spread of 39 basis points over Treasuries, 7 basis points tighter. In contrast, five-year AAA-rated conduit tranches ended the quarter at a spread of 60 basis points over Treasuries, 4 basis points wider. We attribute the relative outperformance of three-year conduit tranches to investor preference for the higher yields offered by shorter tenor tranches due to the current inversion of the yield curve. Agency CMBS generally performed well over the quarter. Three-year and five-year Freddie Mac "K-bond" tranches were essentially flat on spread over the quarter with three-year tranches at 34 basis points over Treasuries, unchanged on the quarter, and five-year tranches at 49 basis points over Treasuries, just 1 basis point tighter.

In the third quarter, \$23.6 billion of new private-label CMBS and \$41.4 billion of new agency CMBS came to market. This compares to \$20.9 billion and \$38.8 billion, respectively, in the third quarter of last year. The month of September alone saw heavy non-agency issuance with almost \$10 billion coming to market. This was the second



heaviest month so far this year, behind only \$14.3 billion seen in May. Notably, this year's third-quarter issuance of new single-asset, single-borrower ("SASB") securitizations lagged last year's third quarter issuance with only \$4.2 billion of new SASB deals coming to market, approximately half of last year's total for the period. Similar to the trend seen in the second quarter, agency CMBS issuance was fairly balanced between Freddie Mac and Fannie Mae, with Freddie K-bonds totaling \$16.6 billion of new issuance, compared to Fannie Mae's issuance of \$14.2 billion of "DUS" (single loan pools) and \$4.2 billion of "GEMs" (multi-loan pool securitizations similar to K-bonds).

CMBS delinquencies continued to trend lower after ticking upward slightly at the end of the second quarter. The Trepp 30+-day delinquency rate fell 3bps in September to 2.51%, a record low. The rate has fallen 90 basis points year-over-year and has trended down since June 2017 when it was 5.75%. Over the course of the quarter, lodging properties surpassed both industrial and multifamily properties to become the best performing subsector with a 1.47% 30+-day delinquency rate, down 94 basis points over the quarter. Industrial properties finished second with a 2.0% delinquency rate, up 6 basis points over the quarter and multifamily came in third with a 2.43% delinquency rate, up 39 basis points over the quarter. Retail properties continued to remain the worst performing property type with a 4.15% 30+-day delinquency although the rate improved 29 basis points over the quarter. For post-crisis vintages ("CMBS 2.0+"), the 30+-day delinquency rate fell 2 basis points in September but rose 38 basis points over the course of the quarter to 0.87%.

Supported by strength in the industrial and apartment sub-sectors, commercial property prices continued to climb during the quarter. The September release of the RCA CPPI National All-Property Index showed prices rising 0.8% in August, to end the quarter at 139.0, a record high and a year-over-year increase of 6.7%. Bolstered by the healthy domestic economy, industrial property prices increased 1.9% over the quarter and are up 12.5% year-over-year. Apartment properties have shown the second strongest annual gain of +7.1% and were the best performing subsector in the third quarter, with prices rising 2.5%. Office properties are currently showing the slowest year-over-year growth, up only 2.0%, worse than even the challenged retail sector, which has seen prices rise 2.2%. RCA noted that weakness in suburban office properties, +0.7% year over year, dragged down the overall sector as central business district properties have shown 7.0% year-over-year price growth. At its current level, the index is now 31% above the prior August 2007 peak of 105.7 and is 103% higher than the post-crisis low of 68.4 in June 2010.

We increased our exposure to the CMBS sector across the portfolios during the third quarter. We took advantage of wider spreads to add to our Freddie Mac K-bond holdings via secondary market purchases. For example, we purchased a 2.05-year WAL Freddie-K bond in the secondary market at a spread of 42 basis points over Treasuries. We also took advantage of attractive spreads in short conduit tranches and added to our holdings in that subsector. In the new issue space, we participated in a AAA-rated 1.90-year tranche of a floating-rate SASB deal collateralized by medical office and healthcare-related properties, at a spread of 112 basis points over one-month Libor.

Over the course of the quarter agency CMBS outperformed agency RMBS as investors favored more stable prepayment profiles amid elevated interest rate volatility. In addition, agency CMBS generally outperformed non-agency CMBS over the quarter. In our view, September's volume of new issue supply weighed on non-agency spreads. Going forward, we anticipate being opportunistic in the non-agency CMBS space while sourcing agency CMBS as a core holding until volatility abates somewhat. We will also look to swap existing floating-rate assets into floating-rate SASB bonds. In our view SASB deals provide attractive opportunities to gain exposure to high-quality assets, provided that deal structures remain conservative and limit the number of extension options available to borrowers.

Performance Attribution: Positive

Our CMBS positions added to performance over the third quarter after accounting for duration and yield curve exposure. Our non-agency positions were the best performers although our agency holdings were also generally



positive. Within non-agencies, the positive performance was led by our fixed-rate conduit tranches although our floating-rate SASB holdings also performed well.

RMBS

The generic agency residential mortgage-backed sector underperformed relative to comparable Treasuries in the third quarter as the rally in interest rates triggered prepayment risks. On spread, shorter duration 15-year collateral outperformed on a relative basis 30-year collateral as the Treasury curve flattened into the rally. At the end of the quarter, bonds backed by 15-year collateral were 16 basis points wider to five-year Treasuries at a spread of 66 basis points and bonds backed by 30-year collateral were 27 basis points wider to ten-year Treasuries at a spread of 88 basis points. Non-agency spreads followed agency benchmarks wider over the quarter as faster prepayment speeds impacted the sector. Despite the overall weakness in the sector, our portfolio holdings provided positive excess returns due to our focus on owning well-structured bonds with lower prepayment risk profiles.

The housing market showed some mixed signals as home price growth continued to decelerate while other metrics, fueled by low mortgage rates, showed signs of strength later in the quarter. The S&P Corelogic Case-Shiller 20-City Home Price Index increased only 2.0% year-over-year through July, the sixteenth straight month of slowing growth and the weakest since August 2012. For the twenty cities monitored in the index, Phoenix (+5.8%), Las Vegas (+4.7%) and Charlotte (+4.6%) showed the greatest year-over-year gains, while New York (+0.9%), San Francisco (+0.2%) and Seattle (-0.6%) showed the weakest performance. Notably, Seattle showed year-over-year declines for each month during the quarter. Despite a strong labor market and lower mortgage rates, higher home prices are creating affordability challenges for many borrowers with more expensive cities and pricier homes seeing the greatest slowdown in growth. Notably however, mortgage rates continued to fall over the quarter, with the Freddie Mac 30year commitment rate dropping 8bps to 3.65%, a level were the majority of mortgage collateral is re-financeable. In comparison, one year ago Freddie's 30-year commitment rate stood at 4.72%. The primary-secondary mortgage spread widened 4bps over the quarter, as originators grappling with capacity constraints declined to pass the entire benefit of lower interest rates on to borrowers. With housing activity typically exhibiting a 1-3 month lagged reaction to changes in mortgage rates. September data releases saw home sales and homebuilder sentiment numbers coming in better than economist estimates as the impact of lower mortgage rates took hold. Existing home sales rose 1.3% in August to a 5.49 million annualized pace, ahead of estimates of a 5.38 million pace and the highest level in more than a year. Likewise, new home sales rose 7.1% in August to a 713,000 annualized pace, also beating estimates. Homebuilder sentiment also rose to an 11-month high with the National Association of Home Builders ("NAHB") sentiment index rising to 68 in September from an upwardly revised 67 reading in August. In a statement, NAHB Chief Economist Robert Dietz stated that "Solid household formations and attractive mortgage rates are contributing to a positive builder outlook. However, builders are expressing growing concerns regarding uncertainty stemming from the trade dispute with China".

Over the course of the quarter, as the sector weakened, we increased our allocation to RMBS across portfolios. We believe that the consumer is fundamentally in good shape and that the healthy jobs market and low interest rates can help support home prices and mortgage performance. However, we are mindful of heightened prepayment risk in the current rate environment and remain defensive regarding mortgage convexity. Accordingly, we continued to increase our exposure to short-tenor CMOs collateralized with very seasoned collateral which, at current spreads, we find more attractive than CMOs backed by more recent vintages. In non-agencies, our activity was more limited and consisted of several opportunistic secondary market purchases to add to our existing portfolio holdings. We did not participate in any new issue deals.

Going forward, we believe the impact of prepayments on portfolios should be manageable given the defensive nature of our holdings. Nonetheless, we do anticipate an increase in prepayment speeds in the near term and would look to maintain or modestly increased RMBS exposure across portfolios. At current spreads, we are likely to continue to prefer seasoned short-tenor agency CMOs similar to those that we have recently purchased. We remain opportunistic



in non-agencies and would add to our holdings should we find securities that offer value relative to agencies. Absent that, we are content to reinvest the prepayments from our non-agency holdings into more liquid agency alternatives.

Performance Attribution: Positive

After accounting for duration and yield curve exposure, our RMBS positions added to portfolio performance over the third quarter. Our agency CMO positions were our top performers, although our non-agency holdings also performed well. Our specified pool positions were mostly negative, in line with wider spreads for benchmark collateral, and our agency ARM holdings were generally flat.

Municipals

Overall new issuance in the municipal market was up again in the third quarter, coming in at \$103 billion, up from \$75 billion and \$92 billion in the first and second quarters, respectively. Taxable issuance of \$17 billion, however, was up significantly in the third quarter, compared to the \$15.2 billion issued during the first six months of 2019. Recall the glut of advance refunding issuance back in December 2017 just before tax reform, which would prohibit the use of tax-exempt bonds for advance refundings, went into effect. After January 1, 2018, outstanding tax-exempt bonds could only be advance refunded using taxable debt. While we eventually expected to see issuers use the taxable market to advance refund, the year-and-a-half following the tax reform implementation was light as many issuers planning to advance refund got their deals done by the end of 2017. However, given the decrease in interest rates during the second and third quarters, it made sense for certain issuers to utilize the taxable market to advance refund some outstanding debt. Despite the strong demand for tax-exempt bonds as evidenced by the \$23 billion of inflows to municipal bond mutual funds over the third quarter, they underperformed Treasuries across the maturity spectrum for the quarter, according to the ICE BAML indices. On the taxable side, however, municipals outperformed similar-duration Treasuries in both the front end of the yield curve as well as across the broad market.

News over the quarter included Jacksonville Electric Authority's (JEA) continued attempt to void their power purchase agreement (Project J PPA) with the Municipal Electric Authority of Georgia (MEAG). The Project J PPA is for offtake from the Vogtle nuclear reactors under construction in Georgia. Despite the legal challenge, MEAG issued \$616 million Project J bonds via a private placement on July 19. We believe the issuance is a credit positive for the project, as it shows the market's continued support. The issuance also eliminated near-term lending risk, as Project J will only need immaterial additional financing for their share of the project, absent additional cost overruns. Interestingly, four days later, JEA's Board of Directors approved a resolution to grant authority for its CEO to explore privatization of the utility. We continue to follow these developments and expect a sale to take a considerable amount of time as it must be approved by voters. In September one of our analysts attended a site visit at the Vogtle nuclear reactors where it was clear that management views Vogtle as a high priority and is aggressively trying to meet the accelerated inservice schedule. Management anticipates the two reactors will be in service November of 2021 and 2022. We view this as a credit positive for the obligors of these projects, as the final costs and in-service dates are easier to project at this point in the construction process.

Fitch upgraded the State of California to AA from AA- on August 16, reflecting improved fiscal management, tax increases and revenue growth that will allow the Golden State to better withstand economic and revenue cycles. Building up its rainy-day fund has made California less vulnerable to future economic downturns and more prepared for a potential recession. While this is a credit positive for the State, California G.O. bonds were already trading at tight levels; we saw little spread movement in our holdings following this upgrade. Debt from issuers within California is widely held across our strategies.

Our municipal trading activity picked up during the third quarter as the increase in taxable issuance resulted in opportunities in both the primary and secondary markets. While the primary market continued to be oversubscribed, spreads looked reasonably attractive for high-quality rated issuers. We purchased several airport, toll road, and higher



education bonds. Additionally, the combination of lower interest rates and the timing of various issuers' ability to refinance their debt, numerous California Community College Districts came to market, refinancing their tax-exempt debt with taxable debt, and we participated in several of these issues.

Given the trajectory of interest rates and the timing of issuers needs to advance refund, we expect new issue municipal supply to remain healthy in the fourth quarter. While certain Transportation, Infrastructure and Utility issuers will need to raise money for maintenance and capital projects, we expect the lion's share of the taxable issuance in the fourth quarter to be advance refundings of outstanding debt. From a credit perspective, we still favor the Transportation and Utility subsectors and are comfortable with many Healthcare credits as well. Many of the states that have struggled with their finances recently such as Connecticut, New Jersey and Illinois have seen their revenue collections rebound in 2019, although underfunded pension liabilities still pose a long-term threat. Any potential economic recession would likely be felt to a larger degree in these states, as they would have less flexibility to address their financial struggles if revenues were to decline. We continue to view the Municipal market as a defensive sector and will look for opportunities in this sector to upgrade the average credit quality of our portfolios.

Performance Attribution: Neutral

Performance of our municipal holdings over the third quarter ranged from neutral to slightly positive across our strategies. On an excess return basis, some of our better-performing municipal subsectors included Transportation, Power and Local Government. The majority of our holdings, however, exhibited neutral performance.



Disclaimers

This document is being provided to you at your specific request. This document has been prepared by Logan Circle Partners, L.P., a U.S. Securities Exchange Commission-registered investment adviser. Logan Circle Partners, L.P. is a subsidiary of MetLife, Inc. and part of MetLife Investment Management.1

For investors in the EEA, this document is being distributed by MetLife Investment Management Limited ("MIML"), authorised and regulated by the UK Financial Conduct Authority (FCA reference number 623761), registered address Level 34 1 Canada Square London E14 5AA United Kingdom. This document is approved by MIML as a financial promotion for distribution in the UK. This document is only intended for, and may only be distributed to, investors in the EEA who qualify as a Professional Client as defined under the EEA's Markets in Financial Instruments Directive, as implemented in the relevant EEA jurisdiction. The investment strategy described herein is intended to be structured as an investment management agreement between MIML (or its affiliates, as the case may be) and a client, although alternative structures more suitable for a particular client can be discussed.

For investors in Japan, this document is being distributed by MetLife Asset Management Corp. (Japan) ("MAM"), a registered Financial Instruments Business Operator ("FIBO") conducting Investment Advisory Business, Investment Management Business and Type II Financial Instruments Business under the registration entry "Director General of the Kanto Local Finance Bureau (Financial Instruments Business Operator) No. 2414" pursuant to the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act of Japan ("FIEA"), and a regular member of the Japan Investment Advisers Association and the Type II Financial Instruments Firms Association of Japan. In its capacity as a discretionary investment manager registered under the FIEA, MAM provides investment management services and also sub-delegates a part of its investment management authority to other foreign investment management entities within MIM in accordance with the FIEA. This document is only being provided to investors in Japan who are Qualified Institutional Investors (tekikaku kikan toshika) as defined in Article 10 of Cabinet Office Ordinance on Definitions Provided in Article 2 of the FIEA. It is the responsibility of each prospective investor to satisfy themselves as to full compliance with the applicable laws and regulations of any relevant territory, including obtaining any requisite governmental or other consent and observing any other formality presented in such territory.

MetLife, Inc. provides investment management services to affiliates and unaffiliated/third party clients through various subsidiaries. 1 MetLife Investment Management ("MIM"), MetLife, Inc.'s institutional investment management business, has more than 900 investment professionals located around the globe. MIM is responsible for investments in a range of asset sectors, public and privately sourced, including corporate and infrastructure private placement debt, real estate equity, commercial mortgage loans, customized index strategies, structured finance, emerging market debt, and high yield debt. The information contained herein is intended to provide you with an understanding of the depth and breadth of MIM's investment management services and investment management experience. This document has been provided to you solely for informational purposes and does not constitute a recommendation regarding any investments or the provision of any investment advice, or constitute or form part of any advertisement of, offer for sale or subscription of, solicitation or invitation of any offer or recommendation to purchase or subscribe for any securities or investment advisory services. Unless otherwise specified, the information and opinions presented or contained in this document are provided as of the quarter end noted herein. It should be understood that subsequent developments may affect the information contained in this document materially, and MIM shall not have any obligation to update, revise or affirm. It is not MIM's intention to provide, and you may not rely on this document as providing, a complete or comprehensive analysis of MIM's investment portfolio, investment strategies or investment recommendations.

No money, securities or other consideration is being solicited. No invitation is made by this document or the information contained herein to enter into, or offer to enter into, any agreement to purchase, acquire, dispose of, subscribe for or underwrite any securities or structured products, and no offer is made of any shares in or debentures of a company for purchase or subscription. Prospective clients are encouraged to seek advice from their legal, tax and financial advisors prior to making any investment.

Confidentiality. By accepting receipt or reading any portion of this Presentation, you agree that you will treat the Presentation confidentially. This reminder should not be read to limit, in any way, the terms of any confidentiality agreement you or your organization may have in place with Logan Circle. This document and the information contained herein is strictly confidential (and by receiving such information you agree to keep such information confidential) and are being furnished to you solely for your information and may not be used or relied upon by any other party, or for any other purpose, and may not, directly or indirectly, be forwarded, published, reproduced, disseminated or quoted to any other person for any purpose without the prior written consent of MIM. Any forwarding, publication, distribution or reproduction of this document in whole or in part is unauthorized. Any failure to comply with this restriction may constitute a violation of applicable securities laws.

Past performance is not indicative of future results. No representation is being made that any investment will or is likely to achieve profits or losses or that significant losses will be avoided. There can be no assurance that investments similar to those described in this document will be available in the future and no representation is made that future investments managed by MIM will have similar returns to those presented herein.

No offer to purchase or sell securities. This Presentation does not constitute an offer to sell or a solicitation of an offer to buy any security and may not be relied upon in connection with the purchase or sale of any security.

No reliance, no update and use of information. You may not rely on this Presentation as the basis upon which to make an investment decision. To the extent that you rely on this Presentation in connection with any investment decision, you do so at your own risk. This Presentation is being provided in summary fashion and does not purport to be complete. The information in the Presentation is provided to you as of the dates indicated and MIM does not intend to update the information after its distribution, even in the event that the information becomes materially inaccurate. Certain information contained in this Presentation, includes performance and characteristics of MIM's by independent third parties, or have been prepared internally and have not been audited or verified. Use of different methods for preparing, calculating or presenting information may lead to different results for the information presented, compared to publicly quoted information, and such differences may be material.

Risk of loss. An investment in the strategy described herein is speculative and there can be no assurance that the strategy's investment objectives will be achieved. Investors must be prepared to bear the risk of a total loss of their investment.

No tax, legal or accounting advice. This Presentation is not intended to provide, and should not be relied upon for, accounting, legal or tax advice or investment recommendations. Any statements of U.S. federal tax consequences contained in this Presentation were not intended to be used and cannot be used to avoid penalties under the U.S. Internal Revenue Code or to promote, market or recommend to another party any tax-related matters addressed beginn

Forward-Looking Statements. This document may contain or incorporate by reference information that includes or is based upon forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Forward-looking statements give expectations or forecasts of future events. These statements can be identified by the fact that they do not relate strictly to historical or current facts. They use words and terms such as

Views expressed were current as of June 30, 2019, are subject to change, and may not reflect the manager's current views. Securities mentioned are for informational purposes only and do not represent a recommendation or an offer to buy, hold or sell any securities, or all of the securities held in client portfolios. The performance and portfolio holdings cited here were current as of June 30, 2019 and are subject to change. This document is only for distribution to, and the use of, current clients and consultants of MetLife Investment Management.



"anticipate," "estimate," "expect," "project," "intend," "plan," "believe," "will," and other words and terms of similar meaning, or are tied to future periods in connection with a discussion of future performance. Forward-looking statements are based on MIM's assumptions and current expectations, which may be inaccurate, and on the current economic environment which may change. These statements are not guarantees of future performance. They involve a number of risks and uncertainties that are difficult to predict. Results could differ materially from those expressed or implied in the forward-looking statements. Risks, uncertainties and other factors that might cause such differences include, but are not limited to: (1) difficult conditions in the global capital markets; (2) changes in general economic conditions, including changes in interest rates or fiscal policies; (3) changes in the investment environment; (4) changed conditions in the securities or real estate markets; and (5) regulatory, tax and political changes. MIM does not undertake any obligation to publicly correct or update any forward-looking statement if it later becomes aware that such statement is not likely to be achieved.

1. Subsidiaries of MetLife, Inc. that provide investment management services include Metropolitan Life Insurance Company, MetLife Investment Advisors, LLC, MetLife Investment Management Limited, MetLife Investments Limited, MetLife Investments Asia Limited, MetLife Latin America Asesorias e Inversiones Limitada, MetLife Asset Management Corp. (Japan), Logan Circle Partners, L.P. and Logan Circle Partners, I LLC.

L1019519061[exp0320][All States]

Payden & Rygel Quarterly Portfolio Review

Riverside County Transportation Commission

3rd Quarter 2019



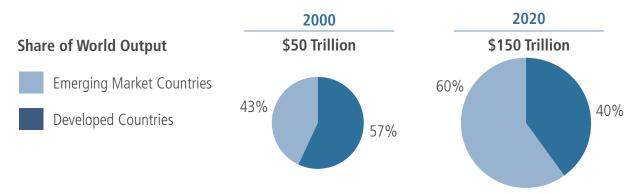


LETTER FROM THE CEO

October 2019

As we begin the fourth quarter of 2019, two trends continue to dominate the global economy.

First, as we have mentioned many times, emerging market countries' share of global GDP has overtaken that of developed countries (as shown in the pie charts below). The continued growth of emerging markets has helped offset some of the recent weakness in developed markets, and expectations for global GDP growth in 2019 remain around 3%. With many central banks now shifting to easing mode, we wouldn't be surprised to see an improvement in economic activity in the near future.



Source: International Monetary Fund, World Economic Outlook

The second major trend is a continuation of low and negative interest rates worldwide. This is a phenomenon the magnitude of which we have never seen before. In fact, there is currently more than \$15 trillion worth of negatively yielding debt.

Developed world central banks' accommodative monetary policy explains much of the trend, as they've become big buyers of "safe" assets in the last decade. Against this background, there has been a huge demand for income-producing investments, and we believe this low interest rate environment may continue for some time to come.

We are managing your portfolio while remaining conscious of the need for liquidity when the environment changes. We will certainly keep you apprised immediately of any changes we see in the future.

In the meantime, my very best wishes.

Joan A. Payden

President & CEO

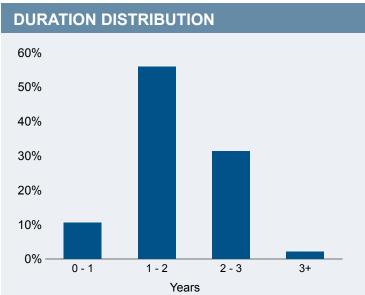
Riverside County Transportation Commission

Portfolio Review and Market Update - 3rd Quarter 2019

PORTFOLIO CHARACTERISTICS (As of 9/30/2019)

Portfolio Market Value \$53.7 million
Weighted Average Credit Quality AA+
Weighted Average Duration 1.89 years
Weighted Average Yield to Maturity 1.82%





PORTFOLIO RETURNS - Periods Ending 9/30/2019										
	3rd Quarter	2019 YTD	Trailing 1 Yr	Since Inception (3/1/15)						
RCTC Operating Portfolio	0.64%	3.24%	4.36%	1.57%						
ICE BofAML 1-3 Year US Treasury Index	0.58%	3.03%	4.36%	1.34%						
Periods over one year are annualized										

MARKET THEMES

It was a bumpy third quarter with geopolitical headlines driving markets. The escalating U.S.-China trade war, conflicts in the Middle East, economic slowdown in Europe, and uncertainty around an impending Brexit outcome resulted in U.S. Treasury yields continuing to fall as the curve remained partly inverted. With negative interest rates in many foreign government bonds, questions continue about whether U.S. yields will follow. The Federal Open Market Committee cut rates twice, lowering the Fed Funds target range to 1.75% to 2.00%, and is divided on the future path of rates, indicating that future rate cuts would be data dependent. The Fed also intervened in money markets, injecting cash into the system to stabilize the overnight repo market. This easier monetary policy led to tighter credit spreads and positive performance for stocks and bonds over the quarter despite increased volatility.

STRATEGY

- The portfolio continues to hold a diversified mix of non-government sectors for income generation.
- We remain overweight and constructive on short-dated credit given attractive yields, lack of supply and solid fundamentals.
- We continue to diversify our credit exposure through corporates, ABS and MBS sectors, in order to maintain diversified sources of high-quality income.

INTEREST RATES

As the FOMC reduced its targeted range for the Fed Funds rate, yields continued to fall with two-year notes trading in a 50 basis point range (1.4% - 1.9%) during the quarter before closing at 1.6%. The U.S. yield curve remains mostly inverted, and the market continues to price in a modest amount of additional easing from the Fed.

- The one-year note fell from 1.93% to 1.76%, while the slope between two- and five-year maturities remained inverted over the quarter finishing at -0.08%.
- One-month LIBOR fell 38 basis points to 2.02% and three-month LIBOR decreased 23 basis points to 2.09%.

SECTORS

Corporate securities outperformed Treasuries, driven by both their income advantage and price performance. High-quality ABS also outperformed Treasuries but slightly underperformed corporates. We continued to reduce exposure to floating rate securities over the quarter.



MARKET PERSPECTIVE

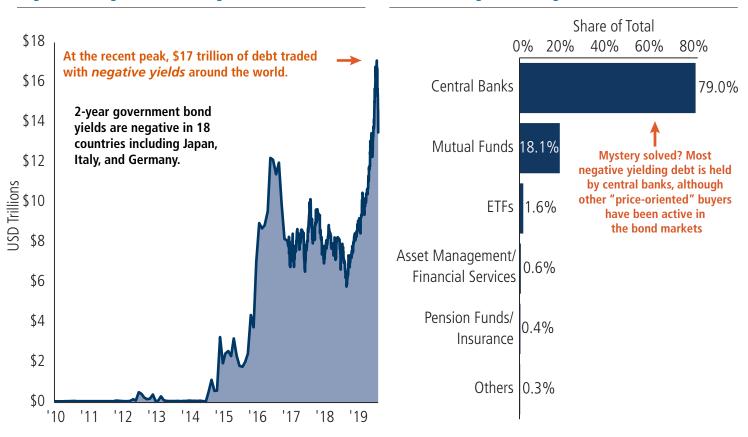
The Upside Down World of Negative Rates

During the third quarter of 2019, the market value of negative-yielding bonds surged to \$17 *trillion*. What's behind the negative yield trend? Global central banks have moved to stimulate their respective economies by slashing short-term rates and purchasing longer-term bonds. The former move suggests rates will be low for longer and the latter move constrains the supply of available "safe" bonds for real investors. Both of these forces combined in Q3 to push interest rates lower.

Ever wonder who buys negative-yielding bonds? Wonder no longer. Global central banks hold almost 80% of the world's negative-yielding debt. Rather than buying purely for investment reasons, central banks seek to boost their domestic economies. Has it worked? In terms of macroeconomic outcomes, we conclude that it hasn't. Global growth remains lackluster, and inflation is below most central bank targets. Negative yields have forced investors into new investment areas like private debt, a murky, illiquid sector which has grown from \$42 billion in 2000 to \$767 billion in 2018. Negative yields have also driven investors to the U.S. bond market, where positive yields still exist across the curve. In conclusion, the global low yield backdrop looks set to persist well into 2020.

Negative Yielding Debt Outstanding

Who Owns Negative Yielding Debt?



Source: The Conference Board, Federal Reserve, NBER, Payden Calculations



LOS ANGELES | BOSTON | LONDON | MILAN
PAYDEN.COM

OUR STRATEGIES

Multi-Sector

Short Maturity Bonds

U.S. Core Bond

Absolute Return Fixed Income

Strategic Income

Global Fixed Income

Liability Driven Investing

Sector-Specific

Emerging Markets Debt

Government/Sovereign

High Yield Bonds & Loans

Inflation-Linked/TIPS

Investment Grade Corporate Bonds

Municipal Bonds (U.S.)

Securitized Bonds

Income-Focused Equities

Equity Income

Available in:

Separate Accounts – Mutual Funds (U.S. and UCITS)
Collective Trusts ("CITs") – Customized Solutions

For more information about Payden & Rygel's strategies, contact us at a location listed below.

Payden & Rygel

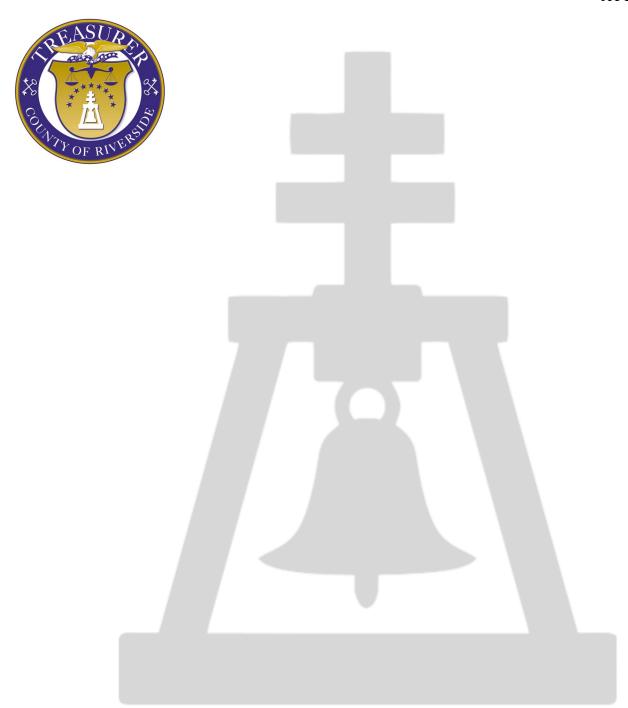
LOS ANGELES

333 South Grand Avenue Los Angeles, California 90071 213 625-1900 **BOSTON**

265 Franklin Street Boston, Massachusetts 02110 617 807-1990 LONDON

1 Bartholmew Lane London EC2N 2AX UK +44 (0) 20-7621-3000 MILAN

Corso Matteotti, 1 20121 Milan, Italy +39 02 76067111



County of Riverside

Treasurer's Pooled Investment Fund

September 2019

Contents

- 2 | Treasurer's Pooled Investment Fund
- 3 | Economy
- 4 | Market Data
- 6 | Portfolio Data
- 8 | Compliance Report
- 9 | Month End Holdings



Treasurer's Pooled Investment Fund

Monthly Commentary

News of the Federal Reserve (FED) rate cut in September was pushed to the back pages as geopolitical events and domestic politics dominated headlines. The 2-year Treasury was 1.63% at month end, the lowest since October 2017. Back then, three straight quarters of above 3% real GDP growth and tax reform fostered expectations for higher rates. Growth of real GDP fell to 2% in 2Q19. Now, investors expect slower economic growth to lead to more rate cuts.

The FED cut rates in September, while in the Middle East a drone attack on Saudi Arabia caused one of the world's largest oil processing facilities to shut down. According to Saudi Aramco, the closure impacted about 5% of the world's daily oil production, but is estimated to be fully restored by the end of September.

Europe continues to lead to a messy divorce as the U.K's Brexit deadline approaches on October 31, and riots in Hong Kong continue to disrupt the trading hub, crimping long-term investment decisions.

On the U.S.-China trade front, additional tariffs took effect in September, and more are expected on December 15. Talks, however, are scheduled to resume on October 10. September was capped off with a political firestorm over the Ukrainian 'presidential phone call' scandal.

An Abundance of Uncertainty

Empowered by a tight labor market and low inflation, consumers were able to shake off tariff-related concerns to keep consumer spending in expansionary territory in August. The rate of nonfarm payrolls continued to slow down in August from 2018 levels, adding 130k jobs. However, initial jobless claims and the unemployment rate suggest that the labor market remains at its tightest in half a century.

Industrial data for August was mixed. On one hand, the FED's industrial production index beat consensus expectations for production, manufacturing, and capacity utilization. On the other, the PMI manufacturing index showed flat growth, highlighted by a 10-year low in export orders, while the ISM manufacturing index showed the sector contracted in August.

Data published in September suggest that the national housing market remains firm. The number of new home sales in August brought the three-month average up to 703k, the highest since October 2007. Existing home sales grew at an annual pace of 5.490 million, the best showing of 2019. Nationwide, home price growth continued to trend down towards 2.0% Y/Y in July. In Riverside County, data from CoreLogic shows house prices grew 3.9% Y/Y in August, up from 3.4% Y/Y in July.

In the Eurozone, manufacturing activity could be a canary in the coalmine for an impending recession. Eurozone manufacturing PMI data fell from 47.0 in July to 45.6 in August, the steepest contraction since October 2012.

Confronted with low inflation and softness in job growth, exports, fixed income investment, manufacturing activity, and global economic growth, Federal Reserve (FED) officials elected to cut rates to 1.75-2.00% on September 18. FED officials are likely to cut rates by another 25bps before the end of the year to help stave off a recession

The Treasury bond market saw yields rise slightly in September, as investors eased off a bit on further rate cut expectations. The 2-year treasury began the month with a yield of 1.47% and ended at 1.63%. The 5-year treasury began the month with a yield of 1.35% and ended at 1.55%. The FED cut short-term interest rates by 25 bps. The inversion of the Treasury yield curve continued, with the 3-month Treasury bill (1.88%) out-yielding the 10-year Treasury note (1.68%) by 20 basis points.

Jon Christensen
Treasurer-Tax Collector

Treasurer's Statement

The Treasurer's Pooled Investment Fund is comprised of contributions from the county, schools, special districts, and other discretionary depositors throughout the County of Riverside. The primary objective of the treasurer shall be to **safeguard the principal** of the funds under the Treasurer's control, meet the **liquidity needs** of the depositor, and to maximize a **return on the funds** within the given parameters.

The Treasurer-Tax Collector and the Capital Markets team are committed to maintaining the highest credit ratings. The Treasurer's Pooled Investment Fund is currently rated **Aaa-bf** by **Moody's Investor Service** and **AAAf/S1** by **Fitch Ratings**, two of the nation's most trusted bond credit rating services.

Since its inception, the Treasurer's Pooled Investment Fund has been in **full compliance** with the Treasurer's Statement of Investment Policy, which is more restrictive than California Government Code 53646.

Capital Markets Team

Jon Christensen Treasurer-Tax Collector

Giovane Pizano Chief Investment Manager

Steve Faeth Senior Investment Manager

Isela Licea Assistant Investment Manager

Jake Nieto
Administrative Services Analyst

6-Month Pool Performance

	Month End Market Value (\$)*	Month End Book Value (\$)	Paper Gain or Loss (\$)	Paper Gain or Loss (%)	Book Yield (%)	WAM (Yrs)
Sep-19	6,351,986,977.01	6,333,085,946.48	18,901,030.53	0.30%	2.13	1.10
Aug-19	6,417,639,034.28	6,389,269,000.29	28,370,033.99	0.44%	2.23	1.13
Jul-19	6,570,927,735.30	6,550,099,863.71	20,827,871.59	0.32%	2.29	1.13
Jun-19	6,838,812,308.82	6,811,213,591.28	27,598,717.54	0.41%	2.32	1.06
May-19	7,583,793,753.68	7,563,023,912.99	20,769,840.69	0.27%	2.35	1.09
Apr-19	8,177,376,431.91	8,168,198,799.92	9,177,631.99	0.11%	2.36	1.09

*Market values do not include accrued interest.

Economy

National Economy

The U.S. labor market remains tight as real average hourly earnings climb higher and unemployment insurance claims stay at the lowest in half a century. [FRED; 10/08/2019]

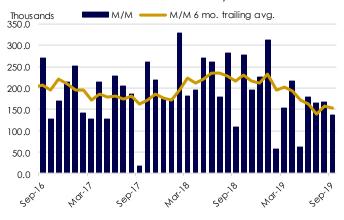
- Job growth has slowed down this year. Through the first eight months, nonfarm payroll growth fell from 234k per month in 2018 to 164k per month in 2019. [FRED; 10/08/2019]
- Despite vehicle sales trending above 17mn in August, growth in durable goods orders was flat Y/Y, indicating an overall slowdown in manufacturing. [FRED; 10/08/2019]

State Economy

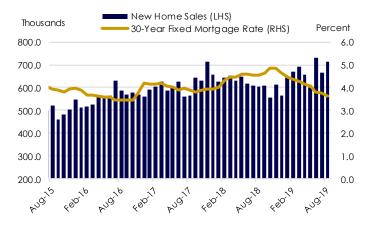
California's unemployment rate fell to 4.1% in August, the lowest since data was made available in 1976. [FRED; 10/08/2019]

- Job growth in CA and the Inland Empire grew around 2.0%
 Y/Y in August, mirroring national trends. [FRED; 10/08/2019]
- Despite lower mortgage rates, home sales in Southern California were the lowest since 2015 and home prices were unmoved Y/Y in August. [LA Times; 10/08/2019].
- CA has "fallen behind in home production relative to population growth and future needs." [UCLA Anderson; 10/09/2019]

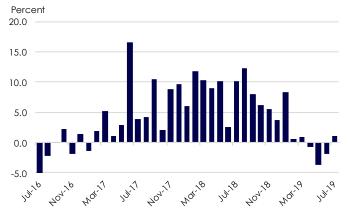
U.S. Nonfarm Payrolls



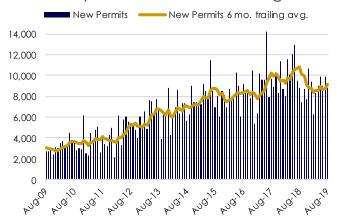
U.S. New Home Sales SAAR



U.S. Durable Goods Orders Y/Y



CA Monthly New Residential Building Permits



Key Economic Indicators

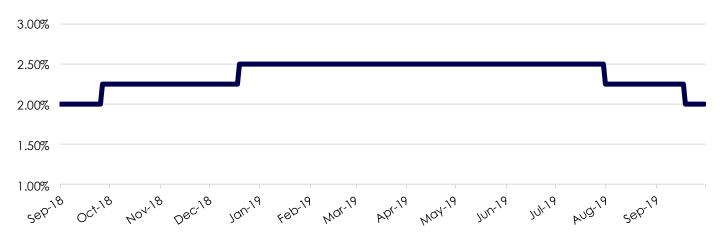
Release Date	Indicator	Actual	Consensus	Prior Year
09/26/2019	Real GDP - Q/Q Change - SAAR - 2Q19 (3rd estimate)	2.0%	2.0%	3.5%
09/06/2019	Unemployment Rate - Seasonally Adjusted	3.7%	3.7%	3.8%
09/06/2019	Non-Farm Payrolls - M/M Change - Thousands	130	163	282
09/12/2019	CPI - Y/Y Change	1.7%	1.7%	2.7%
09/12/2019	CPI Ex Food and Energy - Y/Y Change	2.4%	2.3%	2.2%
09/05/2019	ISM Non-Manufacturing Index (> 50 indicates growth)	56.4	54.0	58.8
09/25/2019	New Home Sales - SAAR - Thousands	713	662	604
09/05/2019	Factory Orders - M/M Change	1.4%	1.0%	-0.3%
09/27/2019	Durable Goods Orders - New Orders - M/M Change	0.2%	-1.2%	4.2%
*Note: 'Prior Year' disr	plays final estimates of indicator values from the equivalent period of the prior v	rear		

Market Data

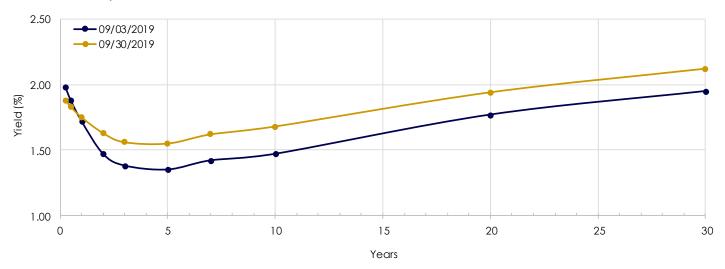
FOMC Meeting 09/18/2019

- The FOMC stated that data received since their last meeting in July "indicates that the labor market remains strong and that economic activity has been rising at a moderate rate."
- The Federal Open Market Committee lowered the Fed Funds Target Rate to 1.75—2.00% from 2.00—2.25%.
- The FOMC stated in their September 18 press release that "sustained expansion of economic activity, strong labor market conditions, and inflation near the Committee's symmetric 2 percent objective as the most likely outcomes, but uncertainties about this outlook remain."

Fed Funds Target Rate (Upper Limit)



U.S. Treasury Curve

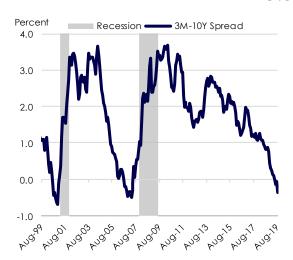


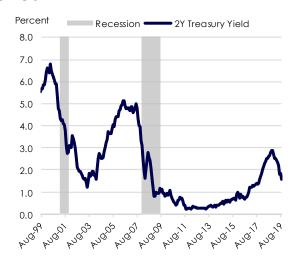
Treasury Curve Differentials	3 Mo	6 Mo	1 Yr	2 Yr	3 Yr	5 Yr	10 Yr	30 Yr
09/30/2019 - 09/03/2019	-0.10	-0.05	0.03	0.16	0.18	0.20	0.21	0.17
09/30/2019	1.88	1.83	1.75	1.63	1.56	1.55	1.68	2.12
09/03/2019	1.98	1.88	1.72	1.47	1.38	1.35	1.47	1.95

The US Treasury Curve and its values are subject to frequent change and will be updated monthly with each issued TPIF report.

Market Data cont'd

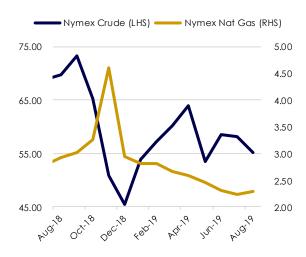
U.S. Treasuries

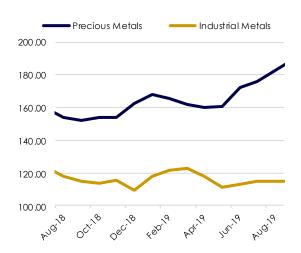




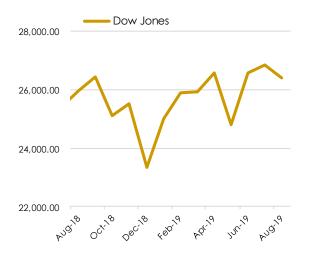
*Note: Shaded areas indicate U.S. recessions.

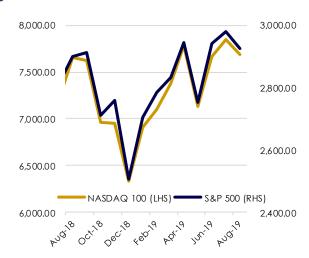
Commodities





Stocks





^{*} Values listed for commodities and stocks are in US dollars and are as of the final business day of each month.

Portfolio Data

The County of Riverside's Treasurer's Pooled Investment Fund is currently rated **AAA-bf** by **Moody's Investor Service** and **AAAf/S1** by **Fitch Ratings**.

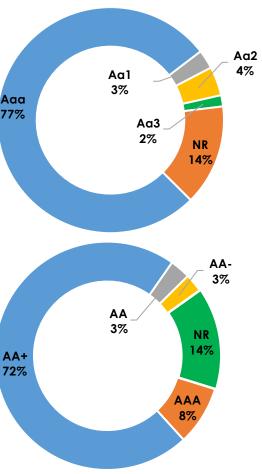
Moody's Asset Rating (000's)

	•	• (,	
	Book	MKT/Book	% Book	Yield
Aaa	4,882,583.56	100.31%	77.06%	2.09%
Aa1	171,944.05	100.53%	2.72%	2.27%
Aa2	262,517.51	100.73%	4.15%	2.36%
Aa3	101,056.12	100.00%	1.60%	2.80%
NR	915,084.70	100.08%	14.47%	2.20%
Totals:	6,333,185.95	100.30%	100.00%	2.13%

S&P Asset Rating (000's)

	Book	MKT/Book	% Book	Yield
AAA	533,641.31	100.42%	8.43%	2.08%
AA+	4,535,693.68	100.31%	71.62%	2.10%
AA	184,788.40	100.99%	2.92%	2.53%
AA-	163,877.86	100.04%	2.59%	2.49%
NR	915,084.70	100.08%	14.45%	2.20%
Totals:	6,333,085.95	100.30%	100.00%	2.13%

12-Month Projected Cash Flow



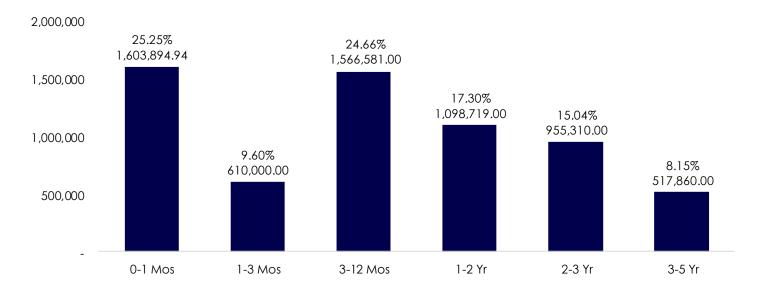
	_						
Month	Monthly Receipts	Monthly Disbursements	Difference	Required Matured Investments	Balance	Actual Investments Maturing	Available to Invest > 1 Year
10/2019					70.99		
10/2019	1,100.00	1,300.00	(200.00)	129.01	-	1,703.89	
11/2019	1,300.00	1,200.00	100.00		100.00	490.00	
12/2019	2,375.13	1,200.00	1,175.13		1,275.13	20.00	
01/2020	1,100.00	2,200.00	(1,100.00)		175.13	640.75	
02/2020	1,100.00	1,500.00	(400.00)	224.87	-	140.33	
03/2020	1,350.00	1,200.00	150.00		150.00	108.29	
04/2020	1,350.00	1,200.00	150.00		300.00	170.65	
05/2020	1,700.00	1,700.00	-		300.00	87.66	
06/2020	1,000.00	1,736.13	(736.13)	436.13	-	80.43	
07/2020	1,177.22	1,435.00	(257.78)	257.78	-	106.83	
08/2020	1,000.00	1,300.00	(300.00)	300.00	-	106.65	
09/2020	1,030.00	1,300.00	(270.00)	270.00	-	140.00	
TOTALS	15,582.35	17,271.13	(1,688.78)	1,617.79	2,371.25	3,795.48	4,715.30
				25.55%		59.93%	74.45%

^{*} Values listed in Cash Flow Table are in millions of USD.

Based on historic and current financial conditions within the County, the Pool is expected to maintain sufficient liquidity of funds to cover County expenses for the next twelve months.

Portfolio Data cont'd

Asset Maturity Distribution (Par Value, 000's)

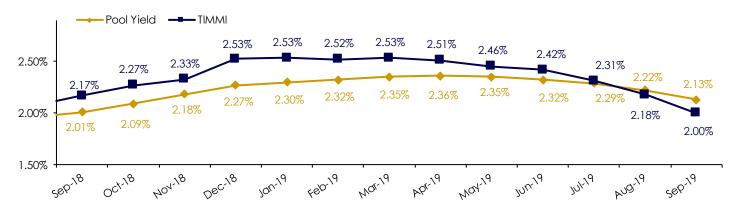


Asset Allocation (000's)

Assets	Scheduled Book	Scheduled Market	Mkt/Book	Yield	WAL (Yr.)	Mat (Yr.)
Assets	Scheduled book	Scheduled Marker	MIKI/ DOOK	Tielu	WAL (II.)	Mai (11.)
TREAS	450,553.39	454,185.05	100.81%	2.41%	0.34	0.34
AGENCIES	3,713,946.71	3,723,203.97	100.25%	2.06%	1.08	1.71
MMKT	383,000.00	383,000.00	100.00%	1.92%	0.00	0.00
CASH	760,000.00	760,000.00	100.00%	2.17%	0.00	0.00
CALTRUST FND	4,023.98	4,023.98	100.00%	2.27%	0.00	0.00
COMM PAPER	670,020.85	673,322.34	100.49%	2.14%	0.18	0.18
NCDS	-	-	0.00%	0.00%	-	-
MEDIUM TERM NOTES	184,951.53	187,662.14	101.47%	2.65%	0.58	0.61
MUNI	166,509.50	166,509.50	100.00%	2.58%	1.47	1.47
LOCAL AGCY OBLIG	80.00	80.00	100.00%	2.73%	0.71	0.71
Totals:	6,333,085.95	6,351,986.98	100.30%	2.13%	0.73	1.10

^{*} For details on the Pool's composition see Month End Portfolio Holdings, pages 9 to 13.

TIMMI



The Treasurer's Institutional Money Market Index (TIMMI) is a composite index of four AAA rated prime institutional money market funds. Their average yield is compared to the yield of the Treasurer's Pooled Investment Fund in the above graph.

Compliance Report

Compliance Status: Full Compliance

The Treasurer's Pooled Investment Fund was in full compliance with the County of Riverside's Treasurer's Statement of Investment Policy. The County's Statement of Investment Policy is more restrictive than California Government Code 53646. The County's Investment Policy is reviewed annually by the County of Riverside's Oversight Committee and approved by the Board of Supervisors.

	COV	VERNMENT C	ODE	-60#	NTY INVESTMENT	POLICY
Investment Category	Maximum Remaining Maturity	Authorized % Limit	S&P/ Moody's	Maximum Remaining Maturity	Authorized % Limit	S&P/ Moody's
MUNICIPAL BONDS (MUNI)	5 YEARS	NO LIMIT	NA	4 YEARS	15%	AA-/Aa3/AA-
J.S. TREASURIES	5 YEARS	NO LIMIT	NA	5 YEARS	100%	NA
OCAL AGENCY OBLIGATIONS (LAO)	5 YEARS	NO LIMIT	NA	3 YEARS	2.50%	investment Grade
EDERAL AGENCIES	5 YEARS	NO LIMIT	AAA	5 YEARS	100%	NA
COMMERCIAL PAPER	270 DAYS	40%	A1/P1	270 DAYS	40%	A1/P1/F1
CERTIFICATE & TIME DEPOSITS (NCD & TCD)	5 YEARS	30%	NA	1 YEAR	25% Combined	A1/P1/F1
NT'L BANK FOR RECON- STRUCTION AND DEVEL- DPMENT AND INT'L FI- NANCE CORPORATION	NA	NA	NA	4 YEARS	20%	AA/Aa/AA
REPURCHASE AGREEMENTS (REPO)	1 YEARS	NO LIMIT	NA	45 DAYS	40% max, 25% in term repo over 7 days	A1/P1/F1
REVERSE REPOS	92 DAYS	20%	NA	60 DAYS	10%	NA
MEDIUM TERM NOTES MTNO)	5 YEARS	30%	Α	3 YEARS	20%	AA/Aa2/AA
CALTRUST SHORT TERM FUND	NA	NA	NA	DAILY LIQUIDITY	1.00%	NA
MONEY MARKET MUTUAL FUNDS (MMF)	60 DAYS(1)	20%	AAA/Aaa	DAILY LIQUIDITY	20%	AAA by 2 Of 3 RATINGS AGC.
OCAL AGENCY NVESTMENT FUND (LAIF)	NA	NA	NA	DAILY LIQUIDITY	Max \$50 million	NA
CASH/DEPOSIT ACCOUNT	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

¹ Money Market Mutual Funds maturity may be interpreted as a weighted average maturity not exceeding 60 days.

 $^{^2}$ Or must have an investment advisor with no fewer than 5 years experience and with assets under management of \$500,000,000 USD.

CUSIP	Description	Maturity Date	Coupon	Yield To Mat	Par Value	Book Value	Market Price	Market Value	Unrealized Gain/Loss	Modified Duration	Years To Maturity
Fund: 1 POO									·		
1060: MMKT A	ACCTS-A/365-6 FIDELITY GOV	10/01/2019	1.955	1.955	169,000,000.00	169,000,000.00	100.000000	169,000,000.00	0.00	.003	.003
GOFXX	FEDERATED GOV	10/01/2019	1.885	1.885	131,000,000.00	131,000,000.00	100.000000	131,000,000.00	0.00	.003	.003
WFFXX	WELLS FARGO GOV	10/01/2019	1.901	1.901	77,000,000.00	77,000,000.00	100.000000	77,000,000.00	0.00	.003	.003
FGTXX	GOLDMAN SACHS GOV	10/01/2019	1.830 1.918	1.830 1.918	6,000,000.00 383,000,000.00	6,000,000.00 383,000,000.00	100.000000 100.000000	6,000,000.00 383,000,000.00	0.00	.003	.003
1065: CLTR-A	/365-6		1.710	1.710	363,000,000.00	363,000,000.00	100.00000	383,000,000.00	0.00	.003	.003
CLTR	CALTRUST SHT TERM FUND	10/01/2019	2.280	2.268	4,015,944.14	4,023,976.03	100.200000	4,023,976.03	0.00	.003	.003
1080: MGD R	ATF-A/365-6		2.280	2.268	4,015,944.14	4,023,976.03	100.200000	4,023,976.03	0.00	.003	.003
CASH	BANK OF THE WEST	10/01/2019	2.190	2.190	300,000,000.00	300,000,000.00	100.000000	300,000,000.00	0.00	.003	.003
1170: MGD R	ATE A /2/0		2.190	2.190	300,000,000.00	300,000,000.00	100.000000	300,000,000.00	0.00	.003	.003
CASH	PACIFIC PREMIER BANK	10/01/2019	2.090	2.090	40,000,000.00	40,000,000.00	100.000000	40,000,000.00	0.00	.003	.003
CASH	FIRST REPUBLIC BANK	10/01/2019	2.200	2.200	300,000,000.00	300,000,000.00	100.000000	300,000,000.00	0.00	.003	.003
CASH	UB MANAGED RATE	10/01/2019	2.090 2.162	2.090 2.162	120,000,000.00 460,000,000.00	120,000,000.00 460,000,000.00	100.000000 100.000000	120,000,000.00 460,000,000.00	0.00	.003	.003
1175: LAO-SII	NKING FND-A/360		2.102	2.102	400,000,000.00	400,000,000.00	100.00000	400,000,000.00	0.00	.003	.003
LAO	US DIST COURTHOUSE	06/15/2020	2.727 2.727	2.727 2.727	80,000.00	80,000.00 80,000.00	100.000000 100.000000	80,000.00 80,000.00	0.00	.198	.710
1300: U.S. TRE	EASURY BILL		2./2/	2.727	80,000.00	80,000.00	100.000000	80,000.00	0.00	.178	.710
912796TC3	U.S. TREASURY BILL	01/23/2020	2.022	2.042	25,000,000.00	24,744,504.86	99.432000	24,858,000.00	113,495.14	.309	.315
912796TE9	U.S. TREASURY BILL	02/06/2020	1.951 1.986	1.970 2.006	25,000,000.00 50,000,000.00	24,753,415.28 49,497,920.14	99.363000 99.397500	24,840,750.00 49,698,750.00	87,334.72 200,829.86	.346 . 327	.353
1310: U.S. TRE	EASURY BOND		1.700	2.000	30,000,000.00	47,477,720.14	77.377300	47,676,730.00	200,827.88	.327	.334
912828U32	U.S. TREASURY BOND	11/15/2019	1.000	2.628	75,000,000.00	73,939,453.13	99.871000	74,903,250.00	963,796.87	.124	.126
912828TV2 912828F62	U.S. TREASURY BOND U.S. TREASURY BOND	10/31/2019 10/31/2019	1.250 1.500	2.606 2.557	50,000,000.00 50,000,000.00	49,449,218.75 49,611,328.13	99.931000 99.951000	49,965,500.00 49,975,500.00	516,281.25 364,171.87	.084 .084	.085 .085
912828T59	U.S. TREASURY BOND	10/15/2019	1.000	2.529	45,000,000.00	44,569,335.94	99.958000	44,981,100.00	411,764.06	.041	.041
912828U32	U.S. TREASURY BOND	11/15/2019	1.000	2.534	40,000,000.00	39,565,625.00	99.871000	39,948,400.00	382,775.00	.124	.126
912828U32 912828UL2	U.S. TREASURY BOND U.S. TREASURY BOND	11/15/2019 01/31/2020	1.000 1.375	2.524 2.462	35,000,000.00 50,000,000.00	34,652,734.38 49,539,062.50	99.871000 99.813000	34,954,850.00 49,906,500.00	302,115.62 367,437.50	.124 .333	.126 .337
912828W63	U.S. TREASURY BOND	03/15/2020	1.625	2.449	15,000,000.00	14,889,257.81	99.887000	14,983,050.00	93,792.19	.452	.458
912828YC8	U.S. TREASURY BOND	08/31/2021	1.500	1.601	15,000,000.00	14,970,703.13	99.707000	14,956,050.00	-14,653.13	1.879	1.921
912828YC8 912828YC8	U.S. TREASURY BOND U.S. TREASURY BOND	08/31/2021 08/31/2021	1.500 1.500	1.727 1.731	15,000,000.00 15,000,000.00	14,934,960.94 14,933,789.06	99.707000 99.707000	14,956,050.00 14,956,050.00	21,089.06 22,260.94	1.878 1.878	1.921 1.921
712020100	0.5. IKEASOKI BOND	00/31/2021	1.218	2.456	405,000,000.00	401,055,468.77	99.873160	404,486,300.00	3,430,831.23	.337	.344
1400: FHLMC											
313396RP0	FHLMC DISC NTE	01/09/2020	1.860 1.860	1.875 1.875	40,000,000.00	39,749,530.00 39,749,530.00	99.486000 99.486000	39,794,400.00 39,794,400.00	44,870.00 44,870.00	.271	.277
1420: FHLMC	-Fxd-Q 30/360				10,000,000.00	.,, .,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		01,111,100000	1,,2, 0,00	12.7	
3134GTFF5	FHLMC 1YrNc9MoE	04/08/2020	2.460 2.460	2.475 2.475	25,000,000.00 25,000,000.00	24,996,250.00 24,996,250.00	100.140000 100.140000	25,035,000.00 25,035,000.00	38,750.00 38,750.00	.514 . 514	.523
1425: FHLMC	-Fxd-\$ 30/360		2.400	2.4/5	25,000,000.00	24,776,230.00	100.140000	23,033,000.00	36,730.00	.514	.323
3134G8TG4	FHLMC 3.5YrNc6MoE	10/11/2019	1.500	1.500	15,000,000.00	15,000,000.00	99.981000	14,997,150.00	-2,850.00	.030	.030
3134GABZ6 3134GAVF8	FHLMC 3.5YrNc1YrE FHLMC 3.5YrNc1YrE	02/25/2020 05/08/2020	1.250 1.200	1.250 1.200	10,000,000.00 15,000,000.00	10,000,000.00 15,000,000.00	99.738000 99.593000	9,973,800.00 14,938,950.00	-26,200.00 -61,050.00	.403 .599	.405 .605
3134GAXZ2	FHLMC 4YrNc6MoE	11/25/2020	1.370	1.370	25,000,000.00	25,000,000.00	99.501000	24,875,250.00	-124,750.00	1.135	1.156
3134GAYK4	FHLMC 4YrNc1YrE	11/30/2020	1.440	1.440	10,000,000.00	10,000,000.00	99.578000	9,957,800.00	-42,200.00	1.148	1.170
3134GBK35 3137EAEE5	FHLMC 3YrNc3MoB FHLMC 2.75Yr	09/29/2020 01/17/2020	1.800 1.500	1.800 1.602	15,000,000.00 25,000,000.00	15,000,000.00 24,942,750.00	99.874000 99.878000	14,981,100.00 24,969,500.00	-18,900.00 26,750.00	.984 .296	1.000 .299
3134GBTX0	FHLMC 2.75YrNc2MoB	06/29/2020	1.750	1.780	20,000,000.00	19,983,860.00	99.827000	19,965,400.00	-18,460.00	.736	.748
3134G9W37	FHLMC 2.5YrNc3MoB	08/10/2020	1.450	2.421	10,000,000.00	9,769,000.00	99.665000	9,966,500.00	197,500.00	.847	.863
3134GSMF9 3134GSQL2	FHLMC 5YrNc3YrE FHLMC 5YrNc2YrE	05/26/2023 06/29/2023	3.000 3.100	3.000 3.100	15,000,000.00 5,000,000.00	15,000,000.00 5,000,000.00	101.805000 100.971000	15,270,750.00 5,048,550.00	270,750.00 48,550.00	3.404 3.486	3.655 3.748
3134GSB53	FHLMC 3YrNc1YrE	10/29/2021	3.100	3.100	5,000,000.00	5,000,000.00	100.971000	5,004,850.00	4,850.00	1.975	2.082
3134GSA96	FHLMC 3YrNc1YrE	11/15/2021	3.150	3.150	10,000,000.00	10,000,000.00	100.153000	10,015,300.00	15,300.00	2.017	2.129
3134GSA96 3134GSA96	FHLMC 3YrNc1YrE FHLMC 3YrNc1YrE	11/15/2021 11/15/2021	3.150 3.150	3.150 3.150	5,000,000.00 5,000,000.00	5,000,000.00 5,000,000.00	100.153000 100.153000	5,007,650.00 5,007,650.00	7,650.00 7,650.00	2.017 2.017	2.129 2.129
3134GSD44	FHLMC 3YrNc1YrE	11/26/2021	3.150	3.150	25,000,000.00	25,000,000.00	100.196000	25,049,000.00	49,000.00	2.047	2.159
3134GSC45	FHLMC 3YrNc1YrE	11/26/2021	3.160	3.160	10,000,000.00	10,000,000.00	100.201000	10,020,100.00	20,100.00	2.047	2.159
3134GBXV9 3134GTCP6	FHLMC 1.6YrNc1Yr FHLMC 3.5YrNc6MoQ	07/13/2020 10/17/2022	1.850 2.625	2.870 2.625	15,000,000.00 25,000,000.00	14,758,950.00 25,000,000.00	99.953000 100.025000	14,992,950.00 25,006,250.00	234,000.00 6,250.00	.770 2.876	.786 3.049
3134GTHV8	FHLMC 5YrNc6MoE	04/22/2024	2.570	2.570	15,000,000.00	15,000,000.00	100.037000	15,005,550.00	5,550.00	4.231	4.564
3134GTHH9	FHLMC 2.75YrNc9MoE	01/24/2022	2.500	2.500	5,000,000.00	5,000,000.00	100.196000	5,009,800.00	9,800.00	2.240	2.321
3134GTEB5 3134GTGX5	FHLMC 5YrNc1YrE FHLMC 5YrNc1YrE	04/24/2024 04/24/2024	2.625 2.610	2.625 2.610	15,000,000.00 15,000,000.00	15,000,000.00 15,000,000.00	100.407000 100.383000	15,061,050.00 15,057,450.00	61,050.00 57,450.00	4.230 4.231	4.570 4.570
3134GTGX5	FHLMC 5YrNc1YrE	04/24/2024	2.610	2.610	15,000,000.00	15,000,000.00	100.383000	15,057,450.00	57,450.00	4.231	4.570
3134GTKG7	FHLMC 5YrNc2YrB	05/03/2024	2.600	2.600	10,000,000.00	10,000,000.00	101.221000	10,122,100.00	122,100.00	4.257	4.595
3134GTSF1 3134GTTX1	FHLMC 3YrNc1YrE FHLMC 5YrNc6MoE	06/10/2022 06/20/2024	2.400 2.250	2.400 2.250	5,000,000.00 15,000,000.00	5,000,000.00 15,000,000.00	100.273000 100.056000	5,013,650.00 15,008,400.00	13,650.00 8,400.00	2.576 4.429	2.696 4.726
3134GTYT4	FHLMC 1YrNc1YrE	07/01/2024	2.125	2.125	15,000,000.00	15,000,000.00	100.192000	15,028,800.00	28,800.00	4.475	4.756
3134GTYT4	FHLMC 1YrNc1YrE	07/01/2024	2.125	2.125	15,000,000.00	15,000,000.00	100.192000	15,028,800.00	28,800.00	4.475	4.756
3134GTYS6 3134GTYP2	FHLMC 3YrNc1YrE FHLMC 2.75YrNc9MoE	07/01/2022 04/01/2022	2.000 2.000	2.000 2.000	15,000,000.00 15,000,000.00	15,000,000.00 15,000,000.00	100.180000 100.045000	15,027,000.00 15,006,750.00	27,000.00 6,750.00	2.653 2.417	2.753 2.504
3134GTYT4	FHLMC 5YrNc1YrE	07/01/2024	2.125	2.125	15,000,000.00	15,000,000.00	100.192000	15,028,800.00	28,800.00	4.475	4.756
3134GTZD8	FHLMC 2YrNc3MoQ	07/08/2021	2.300	2.300	15,000,000.00	15,000,000.00	100.003000	15,000,450.00	450.00	1.719	1.773
3134GTXJ7 3134GTZP1	FHLMC 5YrNc1YrE FHLMC 1.25YrNc3MoO	07/08/2024 10/08/2020	2.190 2.150	2.190 2.200	50,000,000.00 20,000,000.00	50,000,000.00 19,988,080.00	100.140000 100.001000	50,070,000.00 20,000,200.00	70,000.00 12,120.00	4.486 1.003	4.775 1.025
3134GTA37	FHLMC 5YrNc1YrE	07/15/2024	2.150	2.150	15,000,000.00	15,000,000.00	100.182000	15,027,300.00	27,300.00	4.511	4.795
3134GTA52	FHLMC 5YrNc1YrQ	07/15/2024	2.300	2.300	5,000,000.00	5,000,000.00	100.205000	5,010,250.00	10,250.00	4.492	4.795
3134GTA37 3134GTF57	FHLMC 5YrNc1YrE FHLMC 1.25YrNc3MoQ	07/15/2024 10/16/2020	2.150 2.150	2.150 2.150	5,000,000.00 17,000,000.00	5,000,000.00 17,000,000.00	100.182000 100.018000	5,009,100.00 17,003,060.00	9,100.00 3,060.00	4.511 1.018	4.795 1.047
3134GTF24	FHLMC 1.5YrNc3MoQ	01/15/2021	2.200	2.130	15,000,000.00	14,997,000.00	100.018000	15,000,600.00	3,600.00	1.261	1.296
3134GTJ20	FHLMC 2YrNc3MoB	07/29/2021	2.300	2.300	15,000,000.00	15,000,000.00	100.008000	15,001,200.00	1,200.00	1.776	1.830
3134GTP23 3134GTW82	FHLMC 3.9YrNc5MoQ FHLMC 5YrNc1YrQ	07/24/2023 08/07/2024	2.300 2.150	2.300 2.150	1,000,000.00 5,000,000.00	1,000,000.00 5,000,000.00	100.058000 99.482000	1,000,580.00 4,974,100.00	580.00 -25,900.00	3.621 4.571	3.816 4.858
3134GTW82 3134GTW74	FHLMC 5YINC111Q FHLMC 5YINC6MoQ	08/07/2024	2.300	2.150	5,000,000.00	5,000,000.00	99.482000	4,974,100.00	-23,400.00	4.571	4.858
3134GTW90	FHLMC 3YrNc3MoQ	08/08/2022	2.250	2.250	25,000,000.00	25,000,000.00	99.724000	24,931,000.00	-69,000.00	2.742	2.858
3134GTX65 3134GT6P3	FHLMC 1.25YrNc3MoQ FHLMC 2YrNc6MoO	11/12/2020 09/09/2021	2.060 1.880	2.060 1.880	15,000,000.00 25,000,000.00	15,000,000.00 25,000,000.00	99.897000 99.704000	14,984,550.00 24,926,000.00	-15,450.00 -74,000.00	1.090 1.896	1.121 1.945
310-01013	EMO ZITINOUNIOO	07,0772021	1.000	1.000	20,000,000.00	20,000,000.00	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	27,720,000.00	, 4,000.00	1.070	1.740

80
COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE TREASURER-TAX COLLECTOR

CUSIP	Description	Maturity	Coupon	Yield	Par	Book	Market	Market	Unrealized	Modified	Years To
3134GT5H2	FHLMC 2YrNc6MoO	Date 09/09/2021	1.860	To Mat 1.860	Value 25,000,000.00	Value 25,000,000.00	Price 99.994000	Value 24,998,500.00	Gain/Loss -1,500.00	Duration 1.897	Maturity 1.945
3134GT6N8	FHLMC 5YrNc6MoQ	09/12/2024	2.125	2.125	25,000,000.00	25,000,000.00	99.902000	24,975,500.00	-24,500.00	4.670	4.956
3134GT5P4	FHLMC 3YrNC4MoO	09/13/2022	1.860 2.150	1.860 2.190	50,000,000.00 768,000,000.00	50,000,000.00 767,439,640.00	99.472000 100.016809	49,736,000.00 768,129,090.00	-264,000.00 689,450.00	2.858 2.569	2.956 2.710
1465: FHLMC-	-STEP%-S30/360		2.150	2.170	788,000,000.00	767,437,640.00	100.010007	766,127,070.00	007,450.00	2.567	2.710
3134G7S77	FHLMC 5YrNc6MoB	10/29/2020	2.000	2.000	15,000,000.00	15,000,000.00	99.993000	14,998,950.00	-1,050.00	1.062	1.082
3134G8KU2 3134G9JX6	FHLMC 5YrNc6MoB FHLMC 5YrNc3MoB	02/26/2021 06/09/2021	2.000 1.750	2.000 1.750	10,000,000.00 15,000,000.00	10,000,000.00 15,000,000.00	99.977000 99.769000	9,997,700.00 14,965,350.00	-2,300.00 -34,650.00	1.382 1.653	1.411 1.693
3134G9JW8	FHLMC 5YrNc3MoB	05/25/2021	1.625	1.625	20,000,000.00	20,000,000.00	99.798000	19,959,600.00	-40,400.00	1.617	1.652
3134G9NU7 3134G9UM7	FHLMC 5YrNc3MoB FHLMC 5YrNc3MoB	06/16/2021 06/30/2021	2.000 1.625	2.010 1.625	15,000,000.00 15,000,000.00	14,997,000.00 15,000,000.00	100.027000 99.815000	15,004,050.00 14,972,250.00	7,050.00 -27,750.00	1.672 1.714	1.712 1.751
3134G9VA2	FHLMC 5YrNc6MoB	06/30/2021	1.700	1.700	15,000,000.00	15,000,000.00	99.943000	14,991,450.00	-8,550.00	1.714	1.751
3134G9UX3	FHLMC 5YrNc3MoB	06/30/2021	2.000	2.000	10,000,000.00	10,000,000.00	99.940000	9,994,000.00	-6,000.00	1.711	1.751
3134G9XA0 3134G9S40	FHLMC 5YrNc6MoB FHLMC 4YrNc6MoB	07/13/2021 07/27/2020	2.000 1.750	2.000 1.750	15,000,000.00 15,000,000.00	15,000,000.00 15,000,000.00	100.009000 99.887000	15,001,350.00 14,983,050.00	1,350.00 -16,950.00	1.750 .815	1.786 .825
3134G9R66	FHLMC 5YrNc3MoB	08/10/2021	1.500	1.500	15,000,000.00	15,000,000.00	99.599000	14,939,850.00	-60,150.00	1.829	1.863
3134G9S57 3134G9T23	FHLMC 4YrNc6MoB FHLMC 5YrNc3MoB	08/10/2020 08/10/2021	1.750 1.750	1.750 1.750	15,000,000.00 10,000,000.00	15,000,000.00 10,000,000.00	99.817000 99.894000	14,972,550.00 9,989,400.00	-27,450.00 -10,600.00	.851 1.826	.863 1.863
3134G9U47	FHLMC 5YrNc3MoB	08/25/2021	1.625	1.625	15,000,000.00	15,000,000.00	99.795000	14,969,250.00	-30,750.00	1.865	1.904
3134G95W3	FHLMC 5YrNc3MoB	08/25/2021	1.500	1.500	10,000,000.00	10,000,000.00	99.757000	9,975,700.00	-24,300.00	1.867	1.904
3134G96A0 3134GAEB6	FHLMC 5YrNc3MoB FHLMC 4.25YrNc3MoB	08/25/2021 12/08/2020	1.625 1.750	1.625 1.750	15,000,000.00 20,000,000.00	15,000,000.00 20,000,000.00	99.699000 99.801000	14,954,850.00 19,960,200.00	-45,150.00 -39,800.00	1.867 1.169	1.904 1.192
3134GAEG5	FHLMC 5YrNc6MoB	08/24/2021	2.000	2.000	20,000,000.00	20,000,000.00	100.013000	20,002,600.00	2,600.00	1.863	1.901
3134GADP6 3134GAET7	FHLMC 5YrNc3MoB FHLMC 5YrNc3MoB	09/13/2021 09/30/2021	1.625 1.625	1.625 1.625	16,500,000.00 20,000,000.00	16,500,000.00 20,000,000.00	99.773000 99.716000	16,462,545.00 19,943,200.00	-37,455.00 -56,800.00	1.915 1.962	1.956 2.003
3134GAL17	FHLMC 5YrNc6MoB	09/30/2021	1.750	1.750	15,000,000.00	15,000,000.00	99.892000	14,983,800.00	-16,200.00	1.961	2.003
3134GANB6	FHLMC 5YrNc6MoB	09/30/2021	1.750	1.750	15,000,000.00	15,000,000.00	99.905000	14,985,750.00	-14,250.00	1.963	2.003
3134GAPM0 3134GAPM0	FHLMC 5YrNc3MoB FHLMC 5YrNc3MoB	10/25/2021 10/25/2021	1.500 1.500	1.500 1.500	10,000,000.00 6,705,000.00	10,000,000.00 6,705,000.00	99.778000 99.778000	9,977,800.00 6,690,114.90	-22,200.00 -14,885.10	2.020 2.020	2.071 2.071
3134GAPA6	FHLMC 5YrNc3MoB	10/27/2020	1.500	1.500	10,000,000.00	10,000,000.00	99.964000	9,996,400.00	-3,600.00	1.058	1.077
3134GAQV9	FHLMC 5YrNc6MoB	10/27/2021	1.400	1.400	15,000,000.00	15,000,000.00	99.635000	14,945,250.00	-54,750.00	2.026	2.077
3134GAQV9 3134GARL0	FHLMC 5YrNc6MoB FHLMC 5YrNc6MoB	10/27/2021 10/28/2021	1.400 1.500	1.400 1.500	15,000,000.00 10,000,000.00	15,000,000.00 10,000,000.00	99.635000 99.925000	14,945,250.00 9,992,500.00	-54,750.00 -7,500.00	2.026 2.032	2.077 2.079
3134GASF2	FHLMC 5YrNc3MoB	10/27/2021	1.500	1.500	15,000,000.00	15,000,000.00	99.669000	14,950,350.00	-49,650.00	2.023	2.077
3134GASF2	FHLMC 5YrNc3MoB	10/27/2021	1.500	1.500	15,000,000.00	15,000,000.00	99.669000	14,950,350.00	-49,650.00	2.023	2.077
3134GATA2 3134GATB0	FHLMC 5YrNc3MoB FHLMC 5YrNc3MoB	10/27/2021 11/10/2021	1.500 1.550	1.500 1.550	10,000,000.00 17,000,000.00	10,000,000.00 17,000,000.00	99.867000 99.608000	9,986,700.00 16,933,360.00	-13,300.00 -66,640.00	2.025 2.057	2.077 2.115
3134GATA2	FHLMC 5YrNc3MoB	10/27/2021	1.500	1.500	14,000,000.00	14,000,000.00	99.867000	13,981,380.00	-18,620.00	2.025	2.077
3134GAUA0	FHLMC 5YrNc3MoB	11/30/2021	1.500	1.500	4,500,000.00	4,500,000.00	99.409000	4,473,405.00	-26,595.00	2.114	2.170
3134GAYF5 3134GAYG3	FHLMC 5YrNc3MoB FHLMC 5YrNc3MoB	11/26/2021 12/09/2021	1.550 1.750	1.550 1.750	20,000,000.00 10,000,000.00	20,000,000.00	99.596000 99.966000	19,919,200.00 9,996,600.00	-80,800.00 -3,400.00	2.101 2.136	2.159 2.195
3134GAYR9	FHLMC 5YrNc3MoB	12/09/2021	1.650	1.650	20,000,000.00	20,000,000.00	100.010000	20,002,000.00	2,000.00	2.133	2.195
3134GAA87 3134GAA87	FHLMC 5YrNc3MoB FHLMC 5YrNc3MoB	12/30/2021 12/30/2021	1.900 1.900	1.900 1.900	10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00	10,000,000.00	99.987000 99.987000	9,998,700.00 9,998,700.00	-1,300.00 -1,300.00	2.183 2.183	2.252 2.252
3134G7S77	FHLMC 3.5Yr	10/29/2020	2.000	2.153	7,125,000.00	7,108,968.75	99.993000	7,124,501.25	15,532.50	1.061	1.082
3134GBHN5	FHLMC 3YrNc3MoB	04/27/2020	2.000	2.000	10,000,000.00	10,000,000.00	99.986000	9,998,600.00	-1,400.00	.566	.575
3134GBKC5 3134GBMP4	FHLMC 3YrNc3MoB FHLMC 3YrNc3MoB	04/27/2020 05/22/2020	2.000 2.000	2.000 2.000	20,000,000.00 10,000,000.00	20,000,000.00	99.931000 100.008000	19,986,200.00 10,000,800.00	-13,800.00 800.00	.566 .634	.575 .644
3134GBPJ5	FHLMC 3YrNc6MoB	05/22/2020	1.900	1.900	20,000,000.00	20,000,000.00	99.994000	19,998,800.00	-1,200.00	.634	.644
3134GBSE3	FHLMC 4YrNc6MoB	02/24/2021	1.875	1.875	15,000,000.00	15,000,000.00	100.027000	15,004,050.00	4,050.00	1.375	1.405
3134GBSD5 3134GBTD4	FHLMC 3YrNc6MoB FHLMC 5YrNc3MoB	11/24/2020 06/29/2022	1.875 2.050	1.875 2.050	15,000,000.00 20,000,000.00	15,000,000.00 20,000,000.00	100.000000 100.080000	15,000,000.00 20,016,000.00	0.00	1.128 2.645	1.153 2.748
3134GBTE2	FHLMC 5YrNc6MoB	06/22/2022	2.000	2.000	15,000,000.00	15,000,000.00	100.032000	15,004,800.00	4,800.00	2.628	2.729
3134GBYK2	FHLMC 5YrNc3MoB	07/05/2022	2.000	2.000	20,000,000.00	20,000,000.00	100.003000	20,000,600.00	600.00	2.664	2.764
3134GBWD0 3134GBWS7	FHLMC 3.5YrNc3MoB FHLMC 5YrNc3MoB	01/20/2021 07/27/2022	2.000 2.050	2.000 2.050	20,000,000.00	20,000,000.00	100.015000 100.016000	10,001,500.00 20,003,200.00	1,500.00 3,200.00	1.282 2.722	1.310 2.825
3134GBYN6	FHLMC 5YrNc3MoB	07/27/2022	2.100	2.100	20,000,000.00	20,000,000.00	100.027000	20,005,400.00	5,400.00	2.720	2.825
3134G92T3 3134GBZQ8	FHLMC 5YrNc3MoB FHLMC 5YrNc2MoB	08/08/2023 07/27/2022	1.500 2.250	2.399 2.732	5,000,000.00 3,000,000.00	4,790,170.00 2,946,600.00	99.193000 100.023000	4,959,650.00 3,000,690.00	169,480.00 54,090.00	3.706 2.705	3.858 2.825
3134OBZQ0	THEMIC STINCEMOD	0//2//2022	1.763	1.773	753,830,000.00	753,547,738.75	99.870037	752,850,296.15	-697,442.60	1.786	1.833
1525: FNMA-I		12/1//2010	1 500	1 500	F 000 000 00	E 000 000 00	00.037000	4007 000 00	3 200 00	200	211
3136G3RL1 3136G3WC5	FNMA 3.5YrNc6MoB FNMA 4YrNc6MoE	12/16/2019 07/13/2020	1.500 1.350	1.500 1.350	5,000,000.00 10,000,000.00	5,000,000.00 10,000,000.00	99.936000 99.564000	4,996,800.00 9,956,400.00	-3,200.00 -43,600.00	.209 .778	.211 .786
3135G0R39	FNMA 3Yr	10/24/2019	1.000	1.091	10,000,000.00	9,973,200.00	99.940000	9,994,000.00	20,800.00	.065	.066
3136G4GU1 3135G0T60	FNMA 3YrNc6MoB FNMA 3Yr	11/25/2019 07/30/2020	1.400 1.500	1.400 1.604	10,000,000.00	10,000,000.00 9,969,700.00	99.907000 99.728000	9,990,700.00 9,972,800.00	-9,300.00 3,100.00	.152 .823	.153 .833
3135G0846	FNMA 2.16Yr2MoB	01/27/2020	1.650	1.800	5,000,000.00	4,983,850.00	99.889000	4,994,450.00	10,600.00	.323	.326
3135G0A78	FNMA 2Yr	01/21/2020	1.625	1.911	15,000,000.00	14,910,900.00	99.913000	14,986,950.00	76,050.00	.306	.310
3135G0UU5 3135G0T78	FNMA 2.25Yr FNMA 4.83Yr	03/06/2020 10/05/2022	1.750 2.000	1.913 2.322	11,082,000.00 15,000,000.00	11,042,326.44 14,782,200.00	99.940000 101.016000	11,075,350.80 15,152,400.00	33,024.36 370,200.00	.428 2.878	.433 3.016
3135G0T94	FNMA 5Yr	01/19/2023	2.375	2.495	10,000,000.00	9,944,100.00	102.485000	10,248,500.00	304,400.00	3.142	3.307
3135G0V42	FNMA 3YrNc6MoB	04/29/2022	2.650	2.659	30,000,000.00	29,992,500.00 30,670,500.00	100.047000	30,014,100.00	21,600.00	2.452	2.581
3135G0U43	FNMA 4.41Yr	09/12/2023	2.875 2.058	2.333 2.055	30,000,000.00 161,082,000.00	161,269,276.44	104.799000 101.080289	31,439,700.00 162,822,150.80	769,200.00 1,552,874.36	3.716 1.820	3.953 1.915
	STEP%-Q 30/360	00,400,40000	1.750	1.750	15,000,000,00	15 000 000 00	00.005000	14070 750 00	00.050.00	020	0.45
3136G3SG1	FNMA 4.25YrNc6MoB	09/09/2020	1.750 1.750	1.750 1.750	15,000,000.00 15,000,000.00	15,000,000.00 15,000,000.00	99.805000 99.805000	14,970,750.00 14,970,750.00	-29,250.00 - 29,250.00	.932 . 932	.945
	STEP%-S 30/360	02/20/2001	0.000	0.000	15 000 000 00	15 000 000 00	00.7/2000	140/4 450 00	25 550 00	1 475	1 100
3136G3DV4 3136G3PB5	FNMA 5YrNc6MoB FNMA 5YrNc6MoB	03/30/2021 06/09/2021	2.000 1.625	2.000 1.625	15,000,000.00 15,000,000.00	15,000,000.00 15,000,000.00	99.763000 99.915000	14,964,450.00 14,987,250.00	-35,550.00 -12,750.00	1.475 1.655	1.499 1.693
3136G3TG0	FNMA 4YrNc6MoB	06/30/2020	1.750	1.750	20,000,000.00	20,000,000.00	99.961000	19,992,200.00	-7,800.00	.741	.751
3136G3XT7	FNMA 5YrNc6MoB	07/27/2021	1.500	1.500	15,000,000.00	15,000,000.00	99.572000	14,935,800.00	-64,200.00	1.793	1.825
3136G3ZW8 3136G3Y74	FNMA 5YrNc6MoB FNMA 4YrNc6MoB	07/27/2021 11/24/2020	1.750 1.750	1.750 1.750	20,000,000.00 15,000,000.00	20,000,000.00 15,000,000.00	99.723000 99.935000	19,944,600.00 14,990,250.00	-55,400.00 -9,750.00	1.791 1.132	1.825 1.153
		, ,	1.731	1.731	100,000,000.00	100,000,000.00	99.814550	99,814,550.00	-185,450.00	1.414	1.440
1700: FHLB-DI 313384SK6	ISC NOTE FHLB DISC NTE	01/29/2020	2.028	2.049	25,000,000.00	24,743,683.33	99.383000	24,845,750.00	102,066.67	.325	.332
3133845K6 313384NK1	FHLB DISC NTE	10/25/2019	2.028	2.049	50,000,000.00	49,856,916.67	99.875000	49,937,500.00	80,583.33	.067	.068
313384M\$5	FHLB DISC NTE	10/08/2019	2.030	2.034	50,000,000.00	49,906,958.33	99.963000	49,981,500.00	74,541.67	.021	.022
313384NW5 313384RH4	FHLB DISC NTE FHLB DISC NTE	11/05/2019 01/03/2020	1.980 1.905	1.987 1.915	50,000,000.00 60,000,000.00	49,832,250.00 59,679,325.20	99.817000 99.517000	49,908,500.00 59,710,200.00	76,250.00 30,874.80	.097 .255	.099 .260
313384RQ4	FHLB DISC NTE	01/10/2020	1.875	1.885	25,000,000.00	24,861,979.17	99.481000	24,870,250.00	8,270.83	.274	.279

81
COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE TREASURER-TAX COLLECTOR 10

CUSIP	Description	Maturity	Coupon	Yield	Par	Book	Market	Market	Unrealized	Modified	Years To
		Date	1.975	To Mat 1.983	Value 260,000,000.00	Value 258,881,112.70	Price 99.712962	Value 259,253,700.00	Gain/Loss 372,587.30	Duration .152	Maturity .155
1725: FHLB-F	xd-\$ 30/360				200,000,000.00	200,001,112.70	711712102	207,200,700.00	0,2,00,.00		
3130A7PV1	FHLB 5Yr	04/05/2021	1.375	1.390	5,000,000.00	4,996,350.00	99.462000	4,973,100.00	-23,250.00	1.483	1.515
3130A7PU3	FHLB 4Yr	04/06/2020	1.200	1.210	10,000,000.00	9,996,000.00	99.677000	9,967,700.00	-28,300.00	.511	.518
3130ABYZ3 3130AC2C7	FHLB 2.75YrNc9MoE FHLB 3YrNc1YrE	05/22/2020 08/28/2020	1.600 2.000	1.600 1.790	5,000,000.00	5,000,000.00 10,061,000.00	99.849000 100.162000	4,992,450.00 10,016,200.00	-7,550.00 -44,800.00	.635 .904	.644 .912
3130ABZE9	FHLB 3YrNc1YrE	08/28/2020	1.650	1.650	5,000,000.00	5,000,000.00	99.849000	4,992,450.00	-7,550.00	.905	.912
3130ABY34	FHLB 2.5Yr	05/29/2020	1.613	1.813	10,000,000.00	9,950,500.00	99.853000	9,985,300.00	34,800.00	.654	.663
3130ACBD5	FHLB 2.58YrNc1MoB	06/29/2020	1.650	1.861	5,350,000.00	5,321,270.50	99.942000	5,346,897.00	25,626.50	.736	.748
313379Q69 3130ADFW7	FHLB 4.5 Yr FHLB 3Yr	06/10/2022 01/25/2021	2.125 2.200	2.182 2.212	7,975,000.00 15,000,000.00	7,955,620.75 14,994,900.00	101.267000 100.551000	8,076,043.25 15,082,650.00	120,422.50 87,750.00	2.588 1.289	2.696 1.323
3130A0XD7	FHLB 3Yr	03/12/2021	2.375	2.484	10,000,000.00	9,968,000.00	100.852000	10,085,200.00	117,200.00	1.415	1.449
3130A0XD7	FHLB 3Yr	03/12/2021	2.375	2.489	10,000,000.00	9,966,500.00	100.852000	10,085,200.00	118,700.00	1.415	1.449
313378WG2	FHLB 4.08Yr	03/11/2022	2.500	2.619	10,000,000.00	9,954,700.00	102.060000	10,206,000.00	251,300.00	2.355	2.447
313382AX1 3130AE6U9	FHLB 4.9Yr FHLB 3Yr	03/10/2023 05/07/2021	2.125 2.700	2.716 2.725	11,750,000.00 7,650,000.00	11,432,397.50 7,644,492.00	101.745000 101.612000	11,955,037.50 7,773,318.00	522,640.00 128,826.00	3.290 1.542	3.444 1.603
3130AE6U9	FHLB 3Yr	05/07/2021	2.700	2.703	10,000,000.00	9,999,100.00	101.612000	10,161,200.00	162,100.00	1.542	1.603
3130A9M40	FHLB 4.17Yr	09/29/2022	1.650	2.929	15,730,000.00	14,940,354.00	99.184000	15,601,643.20	661,289.20	2.893	3.000
3130A8R54	FHLB 4.9YrNc1Mo	07/28/2023	1.800	2.965	3,700,000.00	3,504,196.00	99.532000	3,682,684.00	178,488.00	3.648	3.827
3130AFCU9 3130A8CK7	FHLB 3YrNc1YrE FHLB 4.5Yr	11/26/2021 06/09/2023	3.125 2.050	3.150 3.147	10,000,000.00	9,992,900.00 9,540,100.00	100.161000 100.001000	10,016,100.00 10,000,100.00	23,200.00 460,000.00	2.048 3.494	2.159 3.693
3130ADUJ9	FHLB 11Mo	03/30/2020	2.375	2.429	47,210,000.00	47,186,395.00	100.252000	47,328,969.20	142,574.20	.492	.499
313378WG2	FHLB 2.91Yr	03/11/2022	2.500	2.308	30,000,000.00	30,158,100.00	102.060000	30,618,000.00	459,900.00	2.359	2.447
3130AGT70	FHLB 1YrNc3MoB	07/29/2020	2.200	2.200	25,000,000.00	25,000,000.00	99.958000	24,989,500.00	-10,500.00	.816	.830
3130AGUE3 3130AGWF8	FHLB 1YrNc3MoQ FHLB 1YrNc3MoQ	08/05/2020 08/14/2020	2.200 2.060	2.200 2.060	25,000,000.00 25,000,000.00	25,000,000.00 25,000,000.00	100.006000 100.004000	25,001,500.00 25,001,000.00	1,500.00 1,000.00	.833 .858	.849 .874
3130AGW10	FHLB 1.08YrNc3MoQ	09/11/2020	2.100	2.100	25,000,000.00	25,000,000.00	100.003000	25,000,750.00	750.00	.932	.951
3130AGZE8	FHLB 1.4YrNc3MoQ	02/26/2021	2.050	2.050	25,000,000.00	25,000,000.00	99.773000	24,943,250.00	-56,750.00	1.377	1.411
3130AH2K8	FHLB 1YrNc3MoQ	09/10/2020	2.050	2.060	25,000,000.00	24,997,500.00	100.002000	25,000,500.00	3,000.00	.930	.948
3130AGZ57 3130AH5D1	FHLB 2.16YrNc2MoB FHLB 2YrNc6MoB	11/26/2021 09/23/2021	2.125 2.050	2.135 2.050	25,000,000.00 25,000,000.00	24,995,000.00 25,000,000.00	99.954000 100.020000	24,988,500.00 25,005,000.00	-6,500.00 5,000.00	2.108 1.931	2.159 1.984
3130AGYJ8	FHLB 2.9YrNc5MoB	08/26/2022	2.000	2.030	25,000,000.00	24,985,000.00	99.978000	24,994,500.00	9,500.00	2.805	2.907
			2.145	2.243	474,365,000.00	472,540,375.75	100.317423	475,870,742.15	3,330,366.40	1.521	1.569
	TEP%-S 30/360										
3130A9DH1 3130A9DA6	FHLB 5YrNc3MoB FHLB 5YrNc3MoB	09/30/2021 09/30/2021	2.000 2.000	2.000 2.000	15,000,000.00 15,000,000.00	15,000,000.00 15,000,000.00	100.004000 99.999000	15,000,600.00 14,999,850.00	600.00 -150.00	1.960 1.960	2.003 2.003
3130A7DA6	FHLB 5YrNc6MoB	12/09/2021	1.600	1.600	10,000,000.00	10,000,000.00	99.821000	9,982,100.00	-17,900.00	2.135	2.003
3130AA2T4	FHLB 5YrNc6MoB	12/09/2021	1.600	1.600	10,000,000.00	10,000,000.00	99.821000	9,982,100.00	-17,900.00	2.135	2.195
3130AA5A2	FHLB 5YrNc1YrB	12/08/2021	1.700	1.700	15,000,000.00	15,000,000.00	99.993000	14,998,950.00	-1,050.00	2.129	2.192
3130ABQV1	FHLB 5YrNc6MoB	07/26/2022	2.000	2.000 2.000	15,000,000.00	15,000,000.00	100.019000	15,002,850.00	2,850.00	2.722 2.292	2.822 2.364
3130ABVZ6 3130ABZW9	FHLB 5YrNc6MoB FHLB 5YrNc3MoB	02/09/2022 08/24/2022	2.000 2.000	2.000	20,000,000.00	20,000,000.00	100.043000 100.024000	20,008,600.00 10,002,400.00	8,600.00 2,400.00	2.799	2.364
3130AC6H2	FHLB 5YrNc3MoB	08/24/2022	2.000	2.000	15,000,000.00	15,000,000.00	100.025000	15,003,750.00	3,750.00	2.799	2.901
3130AC4T8	FHLB 5YrNc3MoB	05/24/2022	2.000	2.000	20,000,000.00	20,000,000.00	100.061000	20,012,200.00	12,200.00	2.558	2.649
3130A9TV3	FHLB 3.4YrNc2MoB	11/08/2021	1.500	2.579	10,000,000.00	9,690,500.00	99.852000	9,985,200.00	294,700.00	2.048	2.110
3130AA5Y0	FHLB 4.16YrNc2MoB	11/25/2022	1.750 1.883	2.436 1.972	5,100,000.00 160,100,000.00	4,967,400.00 159,657,900.00	99.832000 99.981282	5,091,432.00 160,070,032.00	124,032.00 412,132.00	3.043 2.356	3.156 2.431
1767: FHLB-V	ar-M A/360				,,	, ,		,,	,		
3130A9FU0	FHLB 4Yr	09/22/2020	2.196	2.196	10,000,000.00	10,000,000.00	100.124000	10,012,400.00	12,400.00	.973	.981
3130A9FM8 3130A9FR7	FHLB 4Yr						100.124000				
3130A9FR7		09/22/2020	2.196	2.196	15,000,000.00	15,000,000.00		15,018,600.00	18,600.00	.973	.981
	FHLB 4Yr FHLB 4Yr	09/28/2020	2.196 2.194 2.194	2.194	10,000,000.00	10,000,000.00	100.121000	10,012,100.00	12,100.00	.973 .995 .995	.981 .997 .997
	FHLB 4Yr		2.194							.995	.997
1770: FHLB-V	FHLB 4Yr 'ar-Q A/360	09/28/2020 09/28/2020	2.194 2.194 2.195	2.194 2.194 2.195	10,000,000.00 15,000,000.00 50,000,000.00	10,000,000.00 15,000,000.00 50,000,000.00	100.121000 100.121000 100.122500	10,012,100.00 15,018,150.00 50,061,250.00	12,100.00 18,150.00 61,250.00	.995 .995 .984	.997 .997 . 989
1770: FHLB-V 3130A8NF6	FHLB 4Yr	09/28/2020	2.194 2.194 2.195 2.444	2.194 2.194 2.195 2.444	10,000,000.00 15,000,000.00 50,000,000.00 25,000,000.00	10,000,000.00 15,000,000.00 50,000,000.00 25,000,000.00	100.121000 100.121000 100.122500	10,012,100.00 15,018,150.00 50,061,250.00 25,049,000.00	12,100.00 18,150.00 61,250.00 49,000.00	.995 .995 . 984 .745	.997 .997 .989
	FHLB 4Yr Yar-Q A/360 FHLB 3Yr	09/28/2020 09/28/2020	2.194 2.194 2.195	2.194 2.194 2.195	10,000,000.00 15,000,000.00 50,000,000.00	10,000,000.00 15,000,000.00 50,000,000.00	100.121000 100.121000 100.122500	10,012,100.00 15,018,150.00 50,061,250.00	12,100.00 18,150.00 61,250.00	.995 .995 .984	.997 .997 . 989
3130A8NF6	FHLB 4Yr Yar-Q A/360 FHLB 3Yr	09/28/2020 09/28/2020	2.194 2.194 2.195 2.444 2.444 1.850	2.194 2.194 2.195 2.444 2.444	10,000,000.00 15,000,000.00 50,000,000.00 25,000,000.00 25,000,000.00	10,000,000.00 15,000,000.00 50,000,000.00 25,000,000.00 25,000,000.00 49,676,250.00	100.121000 100.121000 100.122500 100.196000 100.196000 99.466000	10,012,100.00 15,018,150.00 50,061,250.00 25,049,000.00 25,049,000.00 49,733,000.00	12,100.00 18,150.00 61,250.00 49,000.00 49,000.00 56,750.00	.995 .995 .984 .745 .745	.997 .997 .989 .753 .753
3130A8NF6 1900: FFCB-D 313312RT9	FHLB 4Yr YOT-Q A/360 FHLB 3Yr DISC NOTE FFCB DISC NTE	09/28/2020 09/28/2020 07/01/2020	2.194 2.194 2.195 2.444 2.444	2.194 2.194 2.195 2.444 2.444	10,000,000.00 15,000,000.00 50,000,000.00 25,000,000.00 25,000,000.00	10,000,000.00 15,000,000.00 50,000,000.00 25,000,000.00 25,000,000.00	100.121000 100.121000 100.122500 100.196000 100.196000	10,012,100.00 15,018,150.00 50,061,250.00 25,049,000.00 25,049,000.00	12,100.00 18,150.00 61,250.00 49,000.00 49,000.00	.995 .995 .984 .745	.997 .997 .989 .753
3130A8NF6 1900: FFCB-D	FHLB 4Yr YOT-Q A/360 FHLB 3Yr DISC NOTE FFCB DISC NTE	09/28/2020 09/28/2020 07/01/2020 01/13/2020	2.194 2.194 2.195 2.444 2.444 1.850 1.850	2.194 2.194 2.195 2.444 2.444 1.862 1.862	10,000,000.00 15,000,000.00 50,000,000.00 25,000,000.00 25,000,000.00 50,000,000.00	10,000,000.00 15,000,000.00 50,000,000.00 25,000,000.00 25,000,000.00 49,676,250.00	100.121000 100.121000 100.122500 100.196000 100.196000 99.466000 99.466000	10,012,100.00 15,018,150.00 50,061,250.00 25,049,000.00 25,049,000.00 49,733,000.00	12,100.00 18,150.00 61,250.00 49,000.00 49,000.00 56,750.00	.995 .995 .984 .745 .745 .282	.997 .997 .989 .753 .753 .288
3130A8NF6 1900: FFCB-D 313312RT9 1925: FFCB-F 3133EF5D5 3133EGSA4	FHLB 4Yr Yar-Q A/360 FHLB 3Yr DISC NOTE FFCB DISC NTE EXCL S 30/360 FFCB 4YrNc1YrA FFCB 4YrNc1YrA	09/28/2020 09/28/2020 07/01/2020 01/13/2020 04/27/2020 08/24/2020	2.194 2.194 2.195 2.444 2.444 1.850 1.850	2.194 2.194 2.195 2.444 2.444 1.862 1.862 1.420 1.320	10,000,000.00 15,000,000.00 50,000,000.00 25,000,000.00 50,000,000.00 50,000,000.00 7,700,000,00 10,000,000.00	10,000,000.00 15,000,000.00 50,000,000.00 25,000,000.00 49,676,250.00 49,676,250.00 7,700,000.00 10,000,000.00	100.121000 100.121000 100.122500 100.196000 100.196000 99.466000 99.466000 99.770000 99.569000	10,012,100.00 15,018,150.00 50,061,250.00 25,049,000.00 25,049,000.00 49,733,000.00 49,733,000.00 7,682,290.00 9,956,900.00	12,100.00 18,150.00 61,250.00 49,000.00 49,000.00 56,750.00 56,750.00 -17,710.00 -43,100.00	.995 .995 .984 .745 .745 .282 .282 .567 .891	.997 .997 .989 .753 .753 .288 .288
3130A8NF6 1900: FFCB-D 313312RT9 1925: FFCB-F 3133EF5D5 3133EGSA4 3133EGVK8	FHLB 4Yr YOR-Q A/360 FHLB 3Yr DISC NOTE FFCB DISC NITE EXCL S 30/360 FFCB 4YrNc1YrA FFCB 4YrNc1YrA FFCB 4YrNc1YrA	09/28/2020 09/28/2020 07/01/2020 01/13/2020 04/27/2020 08/24/2020 09/21/2020	2.194 2.195 2.444 2.444 1.850 1.850 1.420 1.320 1.350	2.194 2.194 2.195 2.444 2.444 1.862 1.862 1.420 1.320 1.350	10,000,000.00 15,000,000.00 50,000,000.00 25,000,000.00 50,000,000.00 50,000,000.00 7,700,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00	10,000,000.00 15,000,000.00 50,000,000.00 25,000,000.00 49,676,250.00 49,676,250.00 7,700,000.00 10,000,000.00	100.121000 100.121000 100.122500 100.196000 100.196000 99.466000 99.770000 99.569000 99.566000	10,012,100.00 15,018,150.00 50,061,250.00 25,049,000.00 25,049,000.00 49,733,000.00 49,733,000.00 7,682,290.00 9,956,600.00	12,100.00 18,150.00 61,250.00 49,000.00 49,000.00 56,750.00 -17,710.00 -43,100.00 -43,400.00	.995 .995 .984 .745 .745 .282 .282 .567 .891 .965	.997 .997 .989 .753 .753 .288 .288 .575 .901
3130A8NF6 1900: FFCB-D 313312RT9 1925: FFCB-F 3133EF5D5 3133EGSA4 3133EGVK8 3133EGXX8	FHLB 4Yr YOT-Q A/360 FHLB 3Yr DISC NOTE FFCB DISC NTE EXC4-S 30/360 FFCB 4YrNc1YrA FFCB 4YrNc1YrA FFCB 4YrNc1YrA FFCB 4YrNc1YrA	09/28/2020 09/28/2020 07/01/2020 01/13/2020 04/27/2020 08/24/2020 09/21/2020 10/13/2020	2.194 2.194 2.195 2.444 2.444 1.850 1.850 1.320 1.320 1.350 1.340	2.194 2.194 2.195 2.444 2.444 1.862 1.862 1.420 1.320 1.350 1.340	10,000,000.00 15,000,000.00 50,000,000.00 25,000,000.00 50,000,000.00 50,000,000.00 7,700.000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 15,000,000.00	10,000,000.00 15,000,000.00 50,000,000.00 25,000,000.00 25,000,000.00 49,676,250.00 49,676,250.00 7,700,000.00 10,000,000.00 15,000,000.00	100.121000 100.121000 100.122500 100.196000 100.196000 99.466000 99.466000 99.569000 99.569000 99.569000 99.561000	10,012,100.00 15,018,150.00 50,061,250.00 25,049,000.00 25,049,000.00 49,733,000.00 7,682,290.00 9,956,600.00 14,932,650.00	12,100.00 18,150.00 61,250.00 49,000.00 49,000.00 56,750.00 56,750.00 -17,710.00 -43,100.00 -67,350.00	.995 .995 .984 .745 .745 .282 .282 .567 .891 .965	.997 .997 .989 .753 .753 .288 .288 .575 .901 .978 1.038
3130A8NF6 1900: FFCB-D 313312RT9 1925: FFCB-F 3133EF5D5 3133EGSA4 3133EGVK8	FHLB 4Yr YOR-Q A/360 FHLB 3Yr DISC NOTE FFCB DISC NITE EXCL S 30/360 FFCB 4YrNc1YrA FFCB 4YrNc1YrA FFCB 4YrNc1YrA	09/28/2020 09/28/2020 07/01/2020 01/13/2020 04/27/2020 08/24/2020 09/21/2020	2.194 2.195 2.444 2.444 1.850 1.850 1.420 1.320 1.350	2.194 2.194 2.195 2.444 2.444 1.862 1.862 1.420 1.320 1.350	10,000,000.00 15,000,000.00 50,000,000.00 25,000,000.00 50,000,000.00 50,000,000.00 7,700,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00	10,000,000.00 15,000,000.00 50,000,000.00 25,000,000.00 49,676,250.00 49,676,250.00 7,700,000.00 10,000,000.00	100.121000 100.121000 100.122500 100.196000 100.196000 99.466000 99.770000 99.569000 99.566000	10,012,100.00 15,018,150.00 50,061,250.00 25,049,000.00 25,049,000.00 49,733,000.00 49,733,000.00 7,682,290.00 9,956,600.00	12,100.00 18,150.00 61,250.00 49,000.00 49,000.00 56,750.00 -17,710.00 -43,100.00 -43,400.00	.995 .995 .984 .745 .745 .282 .282 .567 .891 .965	.997 .997 .989 .753 .753 .288 .288 .575 .901
3130A8NF6 1900: FFCB-E 313312RT9 1925: FFCB-F 3133EF5D5 3133EG5XA4 3133EGXX8 3133EGC94 3133EGC49 3133EA42	FHLB 4Yr Yar-Q A/360 FHLB 3Yr DISC NOTE FFCB DISC NTE Xxd-S 30/360 FFCB 4YrNc1 YrA FFCB 4YrNc1 YrA FFCB 4YrNc1 YrA FFCB 4YrNc1 YrA FFCB 4YrNc3MOA FFCB 4YrNc3MOA FFCB 4YrNc1 YrA FFCB 4YrNc1 YrA FFCB 4YrNc1 YrA FFCB 3YrNc1 YrA FFCB 3YrNc1 YrA	09/28/2020 09/28/2020 07/01/2020 01/13/2020 04/27/2020 08/24/2020 09/21/2020 10/13/2020 11/02/2020 12/07/2020 02/27/2020	2.194 2.195 2.444 2.444 1.850 1.850 1.320 1.320 1.340 1.380 1.770 1.710	2.194 2.194 2.195 2.444 2.444 1.862 1.320 1.350 1.340 1.380 1.770 1.710	10,000,000.00 15,000,000.00 25,000,000.00 25,000,000.00 50,000,000.00 50,000,000.00 7,700,000.00 10,000,000.00 15,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00	10,000,000.00 15,000,000.00 50,000,000.00 25,000,000.00 49,676,250.00 49,676,250.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00	100.121000 100.121000 100.122500 100.196000 100.196000 99.466000 99.569000 99.56000 99.56000 99.956000 99.956000	10,012,100.00 15,018,150.00 50,061,250.00 25,049,000.00 49,733,000.00 49,733,000.00 7,682,290.00 9,956,600.00 14,932,650.00 9,926,600.00 9,997,800.00 9,995,600.00	12,100.00 18,150.00 61,250.00 49,000.00 49,000.00 56,750.00 -17,710.00 -43,100.00 -67,350.00 -73,400.00 -2,200.00 -4,400.00	.995 .995 .984 .745 .745 .282 .282 .567 .891 .965 1.019 1.071 1.163 .407	.997 .997 .989 .753 .753 .288 .288 .575 .901 .978 1.038 1.093 1.189
3130A8NF6 1900: FFCB-E 313312RT9 1925: FFCB-F 3133EFSD5 3133EGSA4 3133EGX88 3133EGX88 3133EGX89 3133EGR49 3133EGR49 3133EHRK1	FHLB 4Yr YOT-Q A/360 FHLB 3Yr DISC NOTE FFCB DISC NTE EXCL S 30/360 FFCB 4YrNC1YrA FFCB 3YrNC1YrA FFCB 3YrNC1YrA FFCB 3YrNC1YrA FFCB 3YrNC1YrA FFCB 3YrNC1YrA FFCB 3YrNC1YrA FFCB 3YrNC1YrE FFCB 2.5Yr	09/28/2020 09/28/2020 07/01/2020 01/13/2020 04/27/2020 08/24/2020 09/21/2020 11/02/2020 12/07/2020 02/27/2020 01/17/2020	2.194 2.194 2.195 2.444 2.444 1.850 1.850 1.320 1.320 1.350 1.340 1.380 1.770 1.710	2.194 2.194 2.195 2.444 2.444 1.862 1.320 1.350 1.340 1.380 1.770 1.710 1.520	10,000,000.00 15,000,000.00 25,000,000.00 25,000,000.00 50,000,000.00 50,000,000.00 7,700,000.00 10,000,000.00 15,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00	10,000,000.00 15,000,000.00 50,000,000.00 25,000,000.00 25,000,000.00 49,676,250.00 7,700,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00	100.121000 100.121000 100.122500 100.196000 100.196000 99.466000 99.569000 99.566000 99.266000 99.978000 99.956000 99.956000 99.970000	10,012,100.00 15,018,150.00 50,061,250.00 25,049,000.00 25,049,000.00 49,733,000.00 49,733,000.00 7,682,290.00 9,956,600.00 14,932,650.00 9,997,800.00 9,997,800.00 9,995,600.00 9,995,600.00 9,995,600.00 9,995,600.00 9,995,600.00 9,995,600.00	12,100.00 18,150.00 61,250.00 49,000.00 49,000.00 56,750.00 -17,710.00 -43,100.00 -67,350.00 -73,400.00 -2,200.00 -4,400.00 -9,300.00	.995 .995 .984 .745 .745 .282 .282 .567 .891 .965 1.019 1.071 1.163 .407 .296	.997 .997 .989 .753 .753 .288 .288 .575 .901 .978 1.038 1.093 1.189 .411
3130A8NF6 1900: FFCB-D 313312RT9 1925: FFCB-F 3133EGSA4 3133EGSVK8 3133EGVK8 3133EGC94 3133EGC94 3133EHAJ2 3133EHAJ2 3133EHAJ2	FHLB 4Yr Yar-Q A/360 FHLB 3Yr DISC NOTE FFCB DISC NTE EXC4-S 30/360 FFCB 4YrNC1YrA FFCB 3YrNC1YrA FFCB 3YrNC1YrF FFCB 3YrNC1YrF FFCB 3YrNC1YrF FFCB 3YrNC1YrF	09/28/2020 09/28/2020 07/01/2020 01/13/2020 04/27/2020 08/24/2020 09/21/2020 10/13/2020 11/02/2020 12/07/2020 02/27/2020 01/17/2020 08/10/2020	2.194 2.194 2.195 2.444 2.444 1.850 1.850 1.420 1.320 1.350 1.340 1.380 1.770 1.710 1.520 1.550	2.194 2.194 2.195 2.444 2.444 1.862 1.320 1.320 1.330 1.340 1.380 1.770 1.710 1.520 1.550	10,000,000.00 15,000,000.00 25,000,000.00 25,000,000.00 50,000,000.00 50,000,000.00 7,700,000.00 10,000,000.00 15,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00	10,000,000.00 15,000,000.00 50,000,000.00 25,000,000.00 49,676,250.00 7,700,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 5,000,000.00	100.121000 100.121000 100.122500 100.196000 100.196000 99.466000 99.569000 99.569000 99.56000 99.956000 99.956000 99.956000 99.956000 99.956000 99.956000	10,012,100.00 15,018,150.00 50,061,250.00 25,049,000.00 25,049,000.00 49,733,000.00 7,682,290.00 9,956,900.00 9,956,600.00 14,932,650.00 9,997,800.00 9,997,800.00 9,999,700.00 4,989,000.00	12,100.00 18,150.00 49,000.00 49,000.00 56,750.00 56,750.00 -17,710.00 -43,100.00 -47,350.00 -73,400.00 -2,200.00 -4,400.00 -9,300.00 -11,000.00	.995 .995 .984 .745 .745 .282 .282 .567 .891 .965 .1.019 1.071 1.163 .407 .296	.997 .997 .989 .753 .753 .288 .288 .575 .901 .978 1.038 1.093 1.189 .411 .299
3130A8NF6 1900: FFCB-E 313312RT9 1925: FFCB-F 3133EFSD5 3133EGSA4 3133EGX88 3133EGX88 3133EGX89 3133EGR49 3133EGR49 3133EHRK1	FHLB 4Yr YOT-Q A/360 FHLB 3Yr DISC NOTE FFCB DISC NTE EXCL S 30/360 FFCB 4YrNC1YrA FFCB 3YrNC1YrA FFCB 3YrNC1YrA FFCB 3YrNC1YrA FFCB 3YrNC1YrA FFCB 3YrNC1YrA FFCB 3YrNC1YrA FFCB 3YrNC1YrE FFCB 2.5Yr	09/28/2020 09/28/2020 07/01/2020 01/13/2020 04/27/2020 08/24/2020 09/21/2020 11/02/2020 12/07/2020 02/27/2020 01/17/2020	2.194 2.194 2.195 2.444 2.444 1.850 1.850 1.320 1.320 1.350 1.340 1.380 1.770 1.710	2.194 2.194 2.195 2.444 2.444 1.862 1.320 1.350 1.340 1.380 1.770 1.710 1.520	10,000,000.00 15,000,000.00 25,000,000.00 25,000,000.00 50,000,000.00 50,000,000.00 7,700,000.00 10,000,000.00 15,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00	10,000,000.00 15,000,000.00 50,000,000.00 25,000,000.00 25,000,000.00 49,676,250.00 7,700,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00	100.121000 100.121000 100.122500 100.196000 100.196000 99.466000 99.569000 99.566000 99.266000 99.978000 99.956000 99.956000 99.970000	10,012,100.00 15,018,150.00 50,061,250.00 25,049,000.00 25,049,000.00 49,733,000.00 49,733,000.00 7,682,290.00 9,956,600.00 14,932,650.00 9,997,800.00 9,997,800.00 9,995,600.00 9,995,600.00 9,995,600.00 9,995,600.00 9,995,600.00 9,995,600.00	12,100.00 18,150.00 61,250.00 49,000.00 49,000.00 56,750.00 -17,710.00 -43,100.00 -67,350.00 -73,400.00 -2,200.00 -4,400.00 -9,300.00	.995 .995 .984 .745 .745 .282 .282 .567 .891 .965 1.019 1.071 1.163 .407 .296	.997 .997 .989 .753 .753 .288 .288 .575 .901 .978 1.038 1.093 1.189 .411
3130A8NF6 1900: FFCB-E 313312RT9 1925: FFCB-F 3133EFSDS 3133EGSA4 3133EGCY48 3133EGC94 3133EHZN6 3133EHZN6 3133EHZN6 3133EHZN6 3133EHZP8 3133EHZP8 3133EHZP8	FHLB 4Yr YOT-Q A/360 FHLB 3Yr DISC NOTE FFCB DISC NTE EXCLOSION STE FFCB 4YRNC1YRA FFCB 3YRNC1YRE FFCB 3YR	09/28/2020 09/28/2020 09/28/2020 07/01/2020 01/13/2020 08/24/2020 09/21/2020 11/02/2020 12/07/2020 02/27/2020 03/20/2020 03/20/2020 10/26/2020 11/06/2019	2.194 2.194 2.195 2.444 2.444 1.850 1.850 1.320 1.350 1.340 1.380 1.770 1.710 1.520 1.550 1.450 1.750 1.600	2.194 2.194 2.195 2.444 2.444 1.862 1.320 1.350 1.340 1.770 1.710 1.520 1.551 1.760 1.667	10,000,000.00 15,000,000.00 25,000,000.00 25,000,000.00 25,000,000.00 50,000,000.00 7,700,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 20,000,000.00 20,000,000.00 25,000,000.00	10,000,000.00 15,000,000.00 25,000,000.00 25,000,000.00 49,676,250.00 49,676,250.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,970,400.00 19,970,400.00 24,967,247.50	100.121000 100.121000 100.122500 100.196000 100.196000 99.466000 99.569000 99.566000 99.56000 99.956000 99.956000 99.956000 99.956000 99.978000 99.98000 99.826000 99.889000 99.979000	10,012,100.00 15,018,150.00 50,061,250.00 25,049,000.00 49,733,000.00 49,733,000.00 7,682,290.00 9,956,600.00 14,932,650.00 9,997,800.00 9,997,800.00 9,997,800.00 19,965,200.00 19,965,200.00 19,977,800.00 24,994,750.00	12,100.00 18,150.00 49,000.00 49,000.00 56,750.00 -17,710.00 -43,100.00 -43,400.00 -67,350.00 -73,400.00 -2,200.00 -4,400.00 -9,300.00 -11,000.00 -16,200.00 27,502.50	.995 .995 .984 .745 .745 .282 .282 .567 .891 .965 1.019 1.071 1.163 .407 .296 .851 .467 1.050	.997 .997 .989 .753 .753 .288 .288 .575 .901 .978 1.038 1.093 1.189 .411 .299 .863 .471 1.074
3130A8NF6 1900: FFCB-E 313312RT9 1925: FFCB-F 3133EFSD5 3133EGSA4 3133EGXX8 3133EGX94 3133EHA12 3133EHA12 3133EHA12 3133EHX16 3133EHZN6 3133EHZN6 3133EHZN6 3133EHZN6 3133EHZN6 3133EHZN6 3133EHZN6 3133EHZN6	FHLB 4Yr Yar-Q A/360 FHLB 3Yr DISC NOTE FFCB DISC NTE EXC4-S 30/360 FFCB 4YrNC1YrA FFCB 3YrNC1YrA FFCB 3YrNC1YrA FFCB 3YrNC1YrA FFCB 3YrNC1YrF FFCB 3Yr FFCB 2Yr FFCB 4Yr	09/28/2020 09/28/2020 09/28/2020 07/01/2020 01/13/2020 04/27/2020 08/24/2020 09/21/2020 10/13/2020 11/02/2020 02/27/2020 01/17/2020 08/10/2020 10/26/2020 11/06/2019 01/12/2022	2.194 2.194 2.195 2.444 1.850 1.850 1.420 1.320 1.350 1.770 1.710 1.520 1.550 1.450 1.750 1.600 2.200	2.194 2.194 2.195 2.444 2.444 1.862 1.862 1.320 1.350 1.340 1.770 1.710 1.520 1.550 1.511 1.760 1.667 2.365	10,000,000.00 15,000,000.00 25,000,000.00 25,000,000.00 50,000,000.00 50,000,000.00 7,700,000.00 10,000,000.00 15,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 20,000,000.00 20,000,000.00 20,000,000.00 10,000,000.00	10,000,000.00 15,000,000.00 25,000,000.00 25,000,000.00 49,676,250.00 7,700,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 12,994,000.00 12,994,000.00 24,967,247.50 9,938,000.00	100.121000 100.121000 100.122500 100.196000 99.466000 99.466000 99.569000 99.569000 99.551000 99.956000 99.956000 99.956000 99.956000 99.956000 99.956000 99.978000 99.978000 99.979000 99.979000	10,012,100.00 15,018,150.00 50,061,250.00 25,049,000.00 25,049,000.00 49,733,000.00 49,733,000.00 7,682,290.00 9,956,900.00 9,956,600.00 14,932,650.00 9,997,800.00 9,997,600.00 19,997,700.00 19,965,200.00 19,977,800.00 24,994,750.00 10,114,900.00	12,100.00 18,150.00 49,000.00 49,000.00 56,750.00 -17,710.00 -43,100.00 -47,350.00 -73,400.00 -2,200.00 -4,400.00 -5,200.00 -11,000.00 -5,200.00 -16,200.00 27,502.50 176,900.00	.995 .995 .984 .745 .282 .282 .567 .891 .965 1.019 1.071 1.163 .407 .296 .851 .467 1.050	.997 .997 .989 .753 .753 .288 .288 .288 .575 .901 .978 1.038 1.093 1.189 .411 .299 .863 .471 1.074 1.101 2.288
3130A8NF6 1900: FFCB-E 313312RT9 1925: FFCB-F 3133EF5D5 3133EG5VA8 3133EG5VA8 3133EGC94 3133EHA12 3133EHA12 3133EHUL5 3133EHU5 3133EHU5 3133EHU5 3133EHU5 3133EHV6 3133EHP8 3133EHP8 3133EHP8 3133EHP8	FHLB 4Yr FIGE A/360 FHLB 3Yr DISC NOTE FFCB DISC NITE EXCL S 30/360 FFCB 4YrNC1YrA FFCB 4YrNC1YrA FFCB 4YrNC1YrA FFCB 4YrNC1YrA FFCB 4YrNC1YrA FFCB 4YrNC1YrA FFCB 3YrNC1YrA FFCB 3YrNC1YrE FFCB 3Yr	09/28/2020 09/28/2020 09/28/2020 07/01/2020 01/13/2020 04/27/2020 08/24/2020 09/21/2020 10/13/2020 11/02/2020 02/27/2020 01/17/2020 08/10/2020 10/26/2020 11/06/2019 01/12/2022 03/01/2021	2.194 2.194 2.195 2.444 2.444 1.850 1.850 1.320 1.320 1.350 1.340 1.770 1.710 1.520 1.550 1.450 1.450 1.200 2.200 2.500	2.194 2.194 2.195 2.444 2.444 1.862 1.320 1.350 1.340 1.770 1.710 1.520 1.551 1.760 1.661 2.365 2.501	10,000,000.00 15,000,000.00 25,000,000.00 25,000,000.00 50,000,000.00 50,000,000.00 7,700,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 20,000,000.00 20,000,000.00 20,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 20,000,000.00 20,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 20,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 20,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00	10,000,000.00 15,000,000.00 25,000,000.00 25,000,000.00 49,676,250.00 49,676,250.00 7,700,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,970,400.00 19,970,400.00 19,974,000.00 24,967,247.50 9,938,000.00 9,999,700.00	100.121000 100.121000 100.122500 100.196000 100.196000 99.466000 99.569000 99.569000 99.566000 99.978000 99.978000 99.978000 99.978000 99.978000 99.978000 99.978000 99.979000 101.149000 100.951000	10,012,100.00 15,018,150.00 50,061,250.00 25,049,000.00 25,049,000.00 49,733,000.00 49,733,000.00 7,682,290.00 9,956,900.00 9,956,600.00 14,932,650.00 9,997,800.00 9,997,800.00 9,999,700.00 4,989,000.00 19,965,200.00 19,977,800.00 24,994,750.00 10,114,900.00 10,095,100.00	12,100.00 18,150.00 61,250.00 49,000.00 49,000.00 56,750.00 -17,710.00 -43,100.00 -43,400.00 -73,400.00 -2,200.00 -4,400.00 -5,200.00 -11,000.00 -16,200.00 27,502.50 176,900.00 95,400.00	.995 .995 .984 .745 .282 .282 .567 .891 .965 1.019 1.071 1.163 .407 .296 .851 .467 1.050 .100	.997 .997 .989 .753 .753 .288 .288 .288 .575 .901 .978 1.038 1.093 1.189 .411 .299 .863 .471 1.074 .101 2.288 1.419
3130A8NF6 1900: FFCB-E 313312RT9 1925: FFCB-F 3133EFSD5 3133EGSA4 3133EGXX8 3133EGX94 3133EHA12 3133EHA12 3133EHA12 3133EHX16 3133EHZN6 3133EHZN6 3133EHZN6 3133EHZN6 3133EHZN6 3133EHZN6 3133EHZN6 3133EHZN6	FHLB 4Yr Yar-Q A/360 FHLB 3Yr DISC NOTE FFCB DISC NTE EXC4-S 30/360 FFCB 4YrNC1YrA FFCB 3YrNC1YrA FFCB 3YrNC1YrA FFCB 3YrNC1YrA FFCB 3YrNC1YrF FFCB 3Yr FFCB 2Yr FFCB 4Yr	09/28/2020 09/28/2020 09/28/2020 07/01/2020 01/13/2020 04/27/2020 08/24/2020 09/21/2020 10/13/2020 11/02/2020 02/27/2020 01/17/2020 08/10/2020 10/26/2020 11/06/2019 01/12/2022	2.194 2.194 2.195 2.444 1.850 1.850 1.420 1.320 1.350 1.770 1.710 1.520 1.550 1.450 1.750 1.600 2.200	2.194 2.194 2.195 2.444 2.444 1.862 1.862 1.320 1.350 1.340 1.770 1.710 1.520 1.550 1.511 1.760 1.667 2.365	10,000,000.00 15,000,000.00 25,000,000.00 25,000,000.00 50,000,000.00 50,000,000.00 7,700,000.00 10,000,000.00 15,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 20,000,000.00 20,000,000.00 20,000,000.00 10,000,000.00	10,000,000.00 15,000,000.00 25,000,000.00 25,000,000.00 49,676,250.00 7,700,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 12,994,000.00 12,994,000.00 24,967,247.50 9,938,000.00	100.121000 100.121000 100.122500 100.196000 99.466000 99.466000 99.569000 99.569000 99.551000 99.956000 99.956000 99.956000 99.956000 99.956000 99.956000 99.978000 99.978000 99.979000 99.979000	10,012,100.00 15,018,150.00 50,061,250.00 25,049,000.00 25,049,000.00 49,733,000.00 49,733,000.00 7,682,290.00 9,956,900.00 9,956,600.00 14,932,650.00 9,997,800.00 9,997,600.00 19,997,700.00 19,965,200.00 19,977,800.00 24,994,750.00 10,114,900.00	12,100.00 18,150.00 49,000.00 49,000.00 56,750.00 -17,710.00 -43,100.00 -47,350.00 -73,400.00 -2,200.00 -4,400.00 -5,200.00 -11,000.00 -5,200.00 -16,200.00 27,502.50 176,900.00	.995 .995 .984 .745 .282 .282 .567 .891 .965 1.019 1.071 1.163 .407 .296 .851 .467 1.050	.997 .997 .989 .753 .753 .288 .288 .288 .575 .901 .978 1.038 1.093 1.189 .411 .299 .863 .471 1.074 1.101 2.288
3130A8NF6 1900: FFCB-E 313312RT9 1925: FFCB-F 3133EF5D5 3133EG5A4 3133EGXX8 3133EGX8 3133EGX9 3133EHA12 3133EHA12 3133EHX15 3133EHZN6 3133EHZN6 3133EHZN6 3133EJEM7 3133EJEM7 3133EJEM7 3133EJEN8 3133EJN84	FHLB 4Yr YOT-Q A/360 FHLB 3Yr PISC NOTE FFCB DISC NTE EXC4-S 30/360 FFCB 4YrNc1YrA FFCB 4YrNc1YrA FFCB 4YrNc1YrA FFCB 4YrNc1YrA FFCB 4YrNc1YrA FFCB 4YrNc1YrA FFCB 3YrNc1YrA FFCB 3YrNc1YrE FFCB 3Yr FFCB 5Yr	09/28/2020 09/28/2020 09/28/2020 07/01/2020 01/13/2020 04/27/2020 08/24/2020 09/21/2020 10/13/2020 11/02/2020 02/27/2020 01/17/2020 03/20/2020 11/06/2019 01/12/2022 03/01/2021 02/12/2021 04/11/2023 05/10/2021	2.194 2.194 2.195 2.444 2.444 1.850 1.850 1.420 1.320 1.350 1.340 1.770 1.710 1.520 1.550 1.450 1.750 2.200 2.350 2.350 2.700 2.700	2.194 2.194 2.195 2.444 2.444 1.862 1.862 1.320 1.350 1.340 1.770 1.710 1.550 1.511 1.760 2.365 2.501 2.474	10,000,000.00 15,000,000.00 25,000,000.00 25,000,000.00 50,000,000.00 50,000,000.00 7,700,000.00 10,000,000.00	10,000,000.00 15,000,000.00 25,000,000.00 25,000,000.00 49,676,250.00 49,676,250.00 7,700,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 19,970,400.00 19,970,400.00 24,967,247,50 9,938,000.00 9,999,700.00 14,948,670.00 9,990,300.00 9,986,600.00	100.121000 100.121000 100.122500 100.196000 99.466000 99.466000 99.569000 99.569000 99.551000 99.551000 99.778000 99.780000 99.780000 99.780000 99.780000 99.79000 101.149000 100.7951000 100.707000 100.707000 101.426000	10,012,100.00 15,018,150.00 50,061,250.00 25,049,000.00 25,049,000.00 49,733,000.00 7,682,290.00 9,956,900.00 14,932,650.00 9,997,800.00 9,997,800.00 19,965,200.00 19,965,200.00 19,977,800.00 19,977,800.00 24,994,750.00 10,114,900.00 10,095,100.00 10,372,300.00 10,142,600.00	12,100.00 18,150.00 49,000.00 49,000.00 49,000.00 56,750.00 -17,710.00 -43,100.00 -43,400.00 -73,400.00 -9,300.00 -11,000.00 -5,200.00 -16,200.00 -16,200.00 -27,502.50 176,900.00 95,400.00 182,000.00 186,000.00	.995 .995 .984 .745 .282 .282 .567 .891 .965 1.019 1.071 1.163 .407 .296 .851 .467 1.050 1.000 2.203 1.384 1.333 3.304 1.550	.997 .997 .989 .753 .753 .288 .288 .288 .575 .901 .978 1.038 1.093 1.189 .411 1.074 .101 2.288 1.419 1.373 3.532 1.611
3130A8NF6 1900: FFCB-E 313312RT9 1925: FFCB-F 3133EF5D5 3133EF5D5 3133EG5XA4 3133EGXXB 3133EGC94 3133EHRV1 3133EHUL5 3133EHVL5 3133EHVS 3133EHP98 3133EHP98 3133EJEM7 3133EJEM7 3133EJEM7 3133EJEM7 3133EJEM7 3133EJEM4 3133EJEM4 3133EJS4 3133EJNS4 3133EJNS4	FHLB 4Yr Var-Q A/360 FHLB 3Yr DISC NOTE FFCB DISC NTE EXCL S 30/360 FFCB 4YrNC1YrA FFCB 4YrNC1YrA FFCB 4YrNC1YrA FFCB 4YrNC1YrA FFCB 4YrNC1YrA FFCB 4YrNC1YrA FFCB 3YrNC1YrA FFCB 3YrNC1YrE FFCB 2.5Yr FFCB 3Yr FFCB 5Yr FFCB 5Yr	09/28/2020 09/28/2020 09/28/2020 07/01/2020 01/13/2020 04/27/2020 08/24/2020 09/21/2020 10/13/2020 11/02/2020 01/17/2020 03/20/2020 10/26/2020 11/06/2019 01/12/2021 02/12/2021 04/11/2021 04/11/2023 05/10/2021 10/02/2023	2.194 2.194 2.195 2.444 2.444 1.850 1.850 1.320 1.350 1.340 1.770 1.710 1.520 1.550 1.450 1.750 2.200 2.500 2.350 2.700 3.050	2.194 2.194 2.195 2.444 2.444 1.862 1.320 1.350 1.340 1.380 1.770 1.710 1.520 1.550 1.511 1.760 1.667 2.365 2.501 2.474 2.721 2.747 3.095	10,000,000.00 15,000,000.00 25,000,000.00 25,000,000.00 50,000,000.00 50,000,000.00 50,000,000.00 7,700,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 20,000,000.00 20,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 11,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 11,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 11,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00	10,000,000.00 15,000,000.00 25,000,000.00 25,000,000.00 49,676,250.00 49,676,250.00 7,700,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 19,970,400.00 19,974,000.00 19,974,000.00 19,974,000.00 19,974,000.00 19,974,000.00 19,974,000.00 19,974,000.00 19,974,000.00 19,974,000.00 19,974,000.00 19,974,000.00 19,974,000.00 19,974,000.00 19,974,000.00 19,974,000.00	100.121000 100.121000 100.122500 100.196000 99.466000 99.466000 99.569000 99.569000 99.56000 99.978000 99.978000 99.978000 99.978000 99.978000 99.978000 101.149000 100.707000 101.723000 101.723000 101.426000 105.591000	10,012,100.00 15,018,150.00 50,061,250.00 25,049,000.00 25,049,000.00 49,733,000.00 49,733,000.00 7,682,290.00 9,956,600.00 14,932,650.00 9,997,800.00 9,997,800.00 19,995,600.00 19,997,800.00 19,997,800.00 19,977,800.00 19,977,800.00 10,114,900.00 10,114,900.00 15,106,050.00 10,372,300.00 10,142,600.00 10,559,100.00	12,100.00 18,150.00 49,000.00 49,000.00 49,000.00 56,750.00 -17,710.00 -43,100.00 -43,400.00 -73,400.00 -2,200.00 -4,400.00 -5,200.00 -11,000.00 -5,200.00 -16,200.00 95,400.00 156,000.00 579,800.00 579,800.00	.995 .995 .984 .745 .282 .282 .567 .891 .965 1.019 1.071 1.163 .407 .296 .851 .467 1.050 .100 .2203 1.384 1.333 3.304 1.550 3.687	.997 .997 .989 .753 .753 .288 .288 .288 .575 .901 .978 1.038 1.093 .1.189 .411 .299 .863 .471 1.074 .101 2.288 1.419 1.373 3.532 1.611
3130A8NF6 1900: FFCB-E 313312RT9 1925: FFCB-F 3133FGSA4 3133FGSA8 3133FGC94 3133FHAJ2 3133FHAJ2 3133FHAJ2 3133FHAJ2 3133FHAJ2 3133FHAJ2 3133FHAJ8 3135FHAJ8 3133FHAJ8 313FHAJ8 31FHAJ8 31	FHLB 4Yr FACE AVISC NOTE FFCB DISC NOTE FFCB DISC NITE IXCL S 30/360 FFCB 4YINC1 YIA FFCB 3YINC1 YIE FFCB 3YI FFCB 5YI FFCB 5YI FFCB 5YI FFCB 5YI FFCB 5YI FFCB 5YI FFCB 3YI FFCB 5YI FFCB 4YINC1 YIA	09/28/2020 09/28/2020 09/28/2020 07/01/2020 01/13/2020 04/27/2020 08/24/2020 09/21/2020 10/13/2020 11/02/2020 02/27/2020 01/17/2020 08/10/2020 03/20/2020 10/26/2020 11/06/2019 01/12/2022 03/01/2021 02/12/2021 04/11/2023 05/10/2021 10/02/2023 11/01/2021	2.194 2.194 2.195 2.444 2.444 1.850 1.850 1.420 1.320 1.350 1.340 1.770 1.710 1.520 1.550 1.450 1.750 1.600 2.200 2.350 2.700 2.700 3.050 3.330	2.194 2.194 2.195 2.444 2.444 1.862 1.320 1.350 1.340 1.370 1.710 1.520 1.551 1.760 1.667 2.365 2.501 2.474 2.721 2.747 3.095 3.330	10,000,000.00 15,000,000.00 25,000,000.00 25,000,000.00 50,000,000.00 50,000,000.00 50,000,000.00 7,700,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 20,000,000.00 20,000,000.00 20,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 5,000,000.00	10,000,000.00 15,000,000.00 25,000,000.00 25,000,000.00 49,676,250.00 49,676,250.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,979,400.00 19,970,400.00 19,970,400.00 19,970,400.00 19,970,400.00 19,970,400.00 19,970,400.00 19,970,400.00 19,970,400.00 19,970,400.00 19,970,400.00 19,970,400.00 19,970,400.00 19,970,400.00 19,970,400.00 19,970,400.00 10	100.121000 100.121000 100.122500 100.196000 99.466000 99.466000 99.566000 99.566000 99.566000 99.778000 99.956000 99.978000 99.978000 99.979000 101.149000 100.707000 103.723000 101.426000 105.591000 100.511000 100.5591000 100.114000	10,012,100.00 15,018,150.00 50,061,250.00 25,049,000.00 25,049,000.00 49,733,000.00 49,733,000.00 7,682,290.00 9,956,600.00 14,932,650.00 9,996,600.00 9,996,600.00 9,997,800.00 9,997,800.00 19,997,800.00 19,997,800.00 19,997,800.00 19,997,800.00 19,997,800.00 19,997,800.00 19,997,800.00 19,977,800.00 19,977,800.00 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,559,100.00 10,559,100.00 5,005,700.00	12,100.00 18,150.00 61,250.00 49,000.00 49,000.00 56,750.00 -17,710.00 -43,100.00 -43,400.00 -73,400.00 -2,200.00 -1,000.00 -5,200.00 -16,200.00 27,502.50 176,900.00 157,380.00 382,000.00 579,800.00 5,700.00	.995 .995 .984 .745 .745 .282 .282 .567 .891 .965 1.019 1.071 1.163 .407 .296 .851 .407 1.050 .100 2.203 1.384 1.333 3.304 1.550 3.687 2.871	.997 .997 .989 .753 .753 .288 .288 .288 .575 .901 .978 1.038 1.093 1.189 .411 .299 .863 .471 1.074 .101 2.288 1.419 1.373 3.532 1.611 4.008 3.090
3130A8NF6 1900: FFCB-E 313312RT9 1925: FFCB-F 3133EF5D5 3133EF5D5 3133EG5XA4 3133EGXXB 3133EGC94 3133EHXL1 3133EHUL5 3133EHVL5 3133EHVS 3133EHVS 3133EHP98 3133EHP98 3133EJEM7 3133EJCE7 3133EJKNB 3133EJKNB 3133EJKNB 3133EJKNB 3133EJKNB 3133EJKNB	FHLB 4Yr Var-Q A/360 FHLB 3Yr DISC NOTE FFCB DISC NTE EXCL S 30/360 FFCB 4YrNC1YrA FFCB 4YrNC1YrA FFCB 4YrNC1YrA FFCB 4YrNC1YrA FFCB 4YrNC1YrA FFCB 4YrNC1YrA FFCB 3YrNC1YrA FFCB 3YrNC1YrE FFCB 2.5Yr FFCB 3Yr FFCB 5Yr FFCB 5Yr	09/28/2020 09/28/2020 09/28/2020 07/01/2020 01/13/2020 04/27/2020 08/24/2020 09/21/2020 10/13/2020 11/02/2020 01/17/2020 08/10/2020 03/20/2020 10/26/2020 11/06/2019 01/12/2021 02/12/2021 04/11/2023 05/10/2021 10/02/2023	2.194 2.194 2.195 2.444 2.444 1.850 1.850 1.320 1.350 1.340 1.770 1.710 1.520 1.550 1.450 1.750 2.200 2.500 2.350 2.700 3.050	2.194 2.194 2.195 2.444 2.444 1.862 1.320 1.350 1.340 1.380 1.770 1.710 1.520 1.550 1.511 1.760 1.667 2.365 2.501 2.474 2.721 2.747 3.095	10,000,000.00 15,000,000.00 25,000,000.00 25,000,000.00 50,000,000.00 50,000,000.00 50,000,000.00 7,700,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 20,000,000.00 20,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 11,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 11,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 11,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00	10,000,000.00 15,000,000.00 25,000,000.00 25,000,000.00 49,676,250.00 49,676,250.00 7,700,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 19,970,400.00 19,974,000.00 19,974,000.00 19,974,000.00 19,974,000.00 19,974,000.00 19,974,000.00 19,974,000.00 19,974,000.00 19,974,000.00 19,974,000.00 19,974,000.00 19,974,000.00 19,974,000.00 19,974,000.00 19,974,000.00	100.121000 100.121000 100.122500 100.196000 99.466000 99.466000 99.569000 99.569000 99.56000 99.978000 99.978000 99.978000 99.978000 99.978000 99.978000 101.149000 100.707000 101.723000 101.723000 101.426000 105.591000	10,012,100.00 15,018,150.00 50,061,250.00 25,049,000.00 25,049,000.00 49,733,000.00 49,733,000.00 7,682,290.00 9,956,600.00 14,932,650.00 9,995,600.00 9,997,600.00 9,997,600.00 19,965,200.00 19,965,200.00 19,977,800.00 19,977,800.00 10,977,800.00 10,975,100.00 10,114,900.00 10,095,100.00 10,372,300.00 10,372,300.00 10,372,300.00 10,559,100.00 5,005,700.00 20,981,730.00	12,100.00 18,150.00 49,000.00 49,000.00 49,000.00 56,750.00 -17,710.00 -43,100.00 -43,400.00 -73,400.00 -2,200.00 -4,400.00 -5,200.00 -11,000.00 -5,200.00 -16,200.00 95,400.00 156,000.00 579,800.00 579,800.00	.995 .995 .984 .745 .282 .282 .567 .891 .965 1.019 1.071 1.163 .407 .296 .851 .467 1.050 .100 .2203 1.384 1.333 3.304 1.550 3.687	.997 .997 .989 .753 .753 .288 .288 .288 .575 .901 .978 1.038 1.093 .1.189 .411 .299 .863 .471 1.074 .101 2.288 1.419 1.373 3.532 1.611
3130A8NF6 1900: FFCB-E 313312RT9 1925: FFCB-F 3133EF5D5 3133EG5SA4 3133EG5SA4 3133EG794 3133EHAJ2 3133EHRI 3133EHXI 3133EHXI 3133EHXI 3133EHXI 3133EHXI 3133EHXI 3133EJ5X	FHLB 4Yr YOR-Q A/360 FHLB 3Yr PISC NOTE FFCB DISC NTE EXCL S 30/360 FFCB 4YrNC1YrA FFCB 3YRNC1YrE FFCB 3YR FFCB 5Yr FFCB 4YR FFCB 5Yr FFCB 4YR FFCB 5Yr FFCB 4YR FFCB 4YR FFCB 4YRAC1YrA	09/28/2020 09/28/2020 09/28/2020 01/13/2020 01/13/2020 04/27/2020 08/24/2020 09/21/2020 11/02/2020 11/02/2020 02/27/2020 01/17/2020 03/20/2020 10/26/2020 11/06/2019 01/12/2021 02/12/2021 04/11/2023 05/10/2021 10/02/2021 11/02/2021 11/02/2021 10/02/2021 11/02/2021 04/11/2022 04/03/2023	2.194 2.194 2.195 2.444 1.850 1.850 1.420 1.320 1.350 1.770 1.710 1.520 1.550 1.450 1.750 1.600 2.200 2.500 2.700 2.700 3.050 3.330 2.280	2.194 2.194 2.195 2.444 2.444 1.862 1.862 1.320 1.320 1.330 1.340 1.380 1.770 1.710 1.520 1.550 1.511 1.760 2.365 2.501 2.474 2.721 2.747 3.095 3.330 3.166	10,000,000.00 15,000,000.00 25,000,000.00 25,000,000.00 50,000,000.00 50,000,000.00 7,700,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 20,000,000.00 20,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 20,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 21,000,000.00	10,000,000.00 15,000,000.00 25,000,000.00 25,000,000.00 49,676,250.00 7,700,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 19,974,000.00 24,967,247.50 9,938,000.00 9,979,300.00 9,999,300.00 9,999,300.00 9,979,300.00 9,979,300.00 9,979,300.00 9,979,300.00 9,979,300.00	100.121000 100.121000 100.122500 100.196000 99.466000 99.466000 99.566000 99.566000 99.566000 99.978000 99.978000 99.978000 99.978000 99.978000 101.149000 100.797000 101.149000 101.797000 101.426000 101.426000 105.591000 100.114000 99.913000	10,012,100.00 15,018,150.00 50,061,250.00 25,049,000.00 25,049,000.00 49,733,000.00 49,733,000.00 7,682,290.00 9,956,600.00 14,932,650.00 9,996,600.00 9,996,600.00 9,997,800.00 9,997,800.00 19,997,800.00 19,997,800.00 19,997,800.00 19,997,800.00 19,997,800.00 19,997,800.00 19,997,800.00 19,977,800.00 19,977,800.00 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,559,100.00 10,559,100.00 5,005,700.00	12,100.00 18,150.00 49,000.00 49,000.00 49,000.00 56,750.00 -17,710.00 -43,100.00 -43,400.00 -67,350.00 -73,400.00 -11,000.00 -5,200.00 -16,200.00 -17,502.50 176,900.00 157,380.00 382,000.00 156,000.00 57,800.00 74,4240.00	.995 .995 .984 .745 .745 .282 .282 .282 .567 .891 .965 1.019 1.071 1.163 .407 .296 .851 .467 1.050 .100 2.203 1.384 1.333 3.304 1.550 3.687 3.687 3.299	.997 .997 .989 .753 .753 .288 .288 .575 .901 .978 1.038 1.093 1.189 .411 .299 .863 .471 1.074 .101 2.288 1.419 1.373 3.532 1.611 4.008 3.090 3.510
3130A8NF6 1900: FFCB-E 313312RT9 1925: FFCB-F 3133FGSSA4 3133FGSSA4 3133FGSYA8 3133FGSYA8 3133FGSYA9 3133FHNL1 3133FHNL5 3133FHNL5 3133FHNS 3133FNSA	FHLB 4Yr FACT OF A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	09/28/2020 09/28/2020 09/28/2020 07/01/2020 01/13/2020 04/27/2020 08/24/2020 09/21/2020 10/13/2020 11/02/2020 02/27/2020 01/17/2020 08/10/2020 03/20/2020 10/26/2020 11/06/2019 01/12/2021 04/11/2023 05/10/2021 10/02/2023 11/01/2022 04/03/2023 11/15/2021 03/01/2023 03/01/2023 11/15/2021	2.194 2.194 2.195 2.444 2.444 1.850 1.850 1.420 1.320 1.350 1.340 1.770 1.710 1.520 1.550 1.450 1.750 1.600 2.200 2.350 2.700 3.050 3.330 2.280 3.050 3.050 2.200 2.050	2.194 2.194 2.195 2.444 2.444 1.862 1.320 1.350 1.340 1.370 1.710 1.520 1.551 1.760 1.667 2.365 2.501 2.474 2.721 2.747 2.721 2.747 3.095 3.330 3.166 2.922 3.060 3.050	10,000,000.00 15,000,000.00 25,000,000.00 25,000,000.00 50,000,000.00 50,000,000.00 50,000,000.00 7,700,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 20,000,000.00 20,000,000.00 20,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 21,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00	10,000,000.00 15,000,000.00 25,000,000.00 25,000,000.00 25,000,000.00 49,676,250.00 49,676,250.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,979,400.00 19,970,400.00 19,970,400.00 19,970,400.00 19,970,400.00 19,970,400.00 19,979,300.00 9,986,600.00 9,979,300.00 5,000,000.00 20,237,490.00 10,035,700.00 9,660,530.00 9,640,870.00	100.121000 100.121000 100.122500 100.196000 99.466000 99.466000 99.569000 99.566000 99.566000 99.778000 99.956000 99.978000 99.978000 99.978000 99.979000 101.149000 100.951000 100.707000 103.723000 101.426000 105.591000 105.591000 100.114000 99.913000 105.872000 100.033000 99.913000 100.033000 99.760000	10,012,100.00 15,018,150.00 50,061,250.00 25,049,000.00 25,049,000.00 49,733,000.00 49,733,000.00 7,682,290.00 9,956,600.00 14,932,650.00 9,996,600.00 9,996,600.00 9,997,800.00 9,999,700.00 4,989,000.00 19,965,200.00 19,977,800.00 19,977,800.00 10,975,100.00 10,095,100.00 10,372,300.00 10,142,600.00 10,559,100.00 10,559,100.00 10,559,100.00 20,981,730.00 10,287,200.00 10,287,200.00 10,287,200.00 10,000,300.00 9,976,000.00	12,100.00 18,150.00 61,250.00 49,000.00 49,000.00 56,750.00 -17,710.00 -43,100.00 -43,400.00 -67,350.00 -73,400.00 -2,200.00 -1,000.00 -5,200.00 -16,200.00 27,502.50 176,900.00 157,380.00 382,000.00 579,800.00 579,800.00 579,800.00 339,770.00 335,130.00	.995 .995 .984 .745 .745 .282 .282 .567 .891 .965 1.019 1.071 1.163 .407 .296 .851 1.050 .100 2.203 3.304 1.333 3.304 1.550 3.687 2.871 3.299 2.022 3.255 2.863	.997 .997 .989 .753 .753 .288 .288 .288 .575 .901 .978 1.038 1.093 1.189 .411 .299 .863 .471 1.074 .101 2.288 1.419 1.373 3.532 1.611 4.008 3.090 3.510 2.129 3.419 3.016
3130A8NF6 1900: FFCB-E 313312RT9 1925: FFCB-F 3133EFSD5 3133EGSA4 3133EGSA4 3133EGSA4 3133EGSA9 3133EHAIZ 3133EJEM7 3133EJEM7 3133EJEM7 3133EJEM8 3133EJPS2 3133EJBS5 3133EJPS2 3133EJPS2 3133EJPS2 3133EJPS2 3133EJPS2 3133EJPS2 3133EJPS2 3133EJPS2 3133EJPS3 313EJPS3 31EJPS3 31EJPS3 31EJPS3 31EJPS3 31EJPS3 31EJPS3 31EJP	FHLB 4Yr YOR-Q A/360 FHLB 3Yr PISC NOTE FFCB DISC NTE EXCL S 30/360 FFCB 4YrNC1YrA FFCB 3YrNC1YrE FFCB 3Yr FFCB 5Yr FFCB 4YrNC1YrA FFCB 5Yr FFCB 4Yr FFCB 5Yr FFCB 5Yr FFCB 5Yr FFCB 4Yr FFCB 4.4Yr FFCB 4.4Yr FFCB 4.4Yr FFCB 4.5Yr FFCB 4.5Yr FFCB 4.5Yr FFCB 4.5Yr FFCB 4.5Yr FFCB 5.5Yr FFCB 4.5Yr FFCB 4.5Yr FFCB 5.5Yr FFCB 4.5Yr FFCB 5.5Yr FFCB 4.5Yr FFCB 5.5Yr FFCB 5.5Yr FFCB 4.5Yr FFCB 5.5Yr FFCB 5.5Yr FFCB 4.5Yr FFCB 5.5Yr	09/28/2020 09/28/2020 09/28/2020 01/13/2020 04/27/2020 08/24/2020 09/21/2020 10/13/2020 11/02/2020 12/07/2020 03/20/2020 10/26/2020 11/06/2019 01/12/2022 03/01/2021 02/11/2021 04/11/2023 05/10/2021 10/02/2023 11/01/2022 04/03/2023 11/15/2021 03/01/2021 03/01/2021 03/01/2021 04/11/2022 04/03/2023 11/15/2021 03/01/2023 10/05/2022 06/24/2020	2.194 2.194 2.195 2.444 1.850 1.850 1.420 1.320 1.350 1.770 1.710 1.520 1.550 1.450 2.200 2.350 2.700 2.700 3.050 3.330 2.280 3.050 2.200 2.2500 2.200	2.194 2.194 2.195 2.444 2.444 1.862 1.420 1.320 1.330 1.340 1.770 1.710 1.520 1.550 1.511 1.760 2.365 2.501 2.474 2.721 2.747 3.095 3.330 3.3166 2.922 3.060 2.757	10,000,000.00 15,000,000.00 25,000,000.00 25,000,000.00 50,000,000.00 50,000,000.00 50,000,000.00 7,700,000.00 10,000,000.00 15,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 20,000,000.00 20,000,000.00 20,000,000.00 10,000,000.00	10,000,000.00 15,000,000.00 25,000,000.00 25,000,000.00 25,000,000.00 49,676,250.00 7,700,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 19,970,400.00 24,967,247.50 9,938,000.00 9,999,700.00 14,948,670.00 9,999,300.00 9,979,300.00 9,979,300.00 9,979,300.00 10,003,700.00 10,035,700.00 9,640,530.00 9,999,000.00 9,999,000.00	100.121000 100.121000 100.122500 100.196000 99.466000 99.466000 99.569000 99.569000 99.56000 99.56000 99.770000 99.780000 99.978000 99.978000 99.978000 99.978000 101.149000 100.797000 101.149000 100.797000 101.149000	10,012,100.00 15,018,150.00 50,061,250.00 25,049,000.00 25,049,000.00 49,733,000.00 49,733,000.00 7,682,290.00 9,956,600.00 14,932,650.00 9,995,600.00 9,997,600.00 9,997,600.00 19,965,200.00 19,965,200.00 19,977,800.00 19,977,800.00 10,977,800.00 10,977,800.00 10,114,900.00 10,095,100.00 10,372,300.00 10,372,300.00 10,372,300.00 10,505,700.00 20,981,730.00 10,000,7976,000.00 10,000,300.00 9,976,000.00 10,000,300.00 9,976,000.00 10,000,300.00 10,000,300.00 10,000,300.00	12,100.00 18,150.00 49,000.00 49,000.00 49,000.00 56,750.00 -17,710.00 -43,100.00 -43,400.00 -67,350.00 -73,400.00 -2,200.00 -4,400.00 -9,300.00 -11,000.00 -5,200.00 27,502.50 176,900.00 157,380.00 382,000.00 156,000.00 57,7800.00 57,7800.00 57,7800.00 335,130.00 68,300.00	.995 .995 .984 .745 .745 .282 .282 .567 .891 .965 .1019 1.071 1.163 .407 .296 .851 .467 1.050 .100 2.203 1.384 1.333 3.304 1.550 3.687 2.871 3.299 2.022 3.255 2.863 .717	.997 .997 .997 .989 .753 .288 .288 .288 .575 .901 .978 1.038 1.093 1.189 .411 .299 .863 .471 1.074 .101 2.288 1.419 1.373 3.532 1.611 4.008 3.090 3.510 2.129 3.419 3.016
3130A8NF6 1900: FFCB-E 313312RT9 1925: FFCB-F 3133EF5D5 3133EG5VA8 3133EG5VA8 3133EGC94 3133EHXL1 3133EHUL5 3133EHVL5 3133EHVL5 3133EHVL5 3133EHVL5 3133EJCF7 3133EJCF7 3133EJCF7 3133EJCF3 313EJCF3 3	FHLB 4Yr FIGE A/360 FHLB 3Yr DISC NOTE FFCB DISC NITE EXCL S 30/360 FFCB 4YrNC1YrA FFCB 4YrNC1YrA FFCB 4YrNC1YrA FFCB 4YrNC1YrA FFCB 4YrNC1YrA FFCB 3YrNC1YrA FFCB 3YrNC1YrE FFCB 3Yr FFCB 5Yr FFCB 3Yr FFCB 5Yr FFCB 3Yr FFCB 5Yr FFCB 1-5Yr FFCB 1-5Yr FFCB 1-5Yr FFCB 1-5Yr FFCB 1-5Yr	09/28/2020 09/28/2020 09/28/2020 07/01/2020 01/13/2020 04/27/2020 08/24/2020 09/21/2020 10/13/2020 11/02/2020 01/17/2020 03/20/2020 10/26/2020 11/06/2019 01/12/2021 04/11/2021 04/11/2023 11/01/2022 04/03/2023 11/15/2021 03/01/2021 03/01/2020 03/01/2020 04/11/2022 04/03/2023 11/15/2021 03/01/2023 10/05/2022 06/24/2020 06/24/2020	2.194 2.194 2.195 2.444 1.850 1.850 1.420 1.320 1.350 1.340 1.770 1.710 1.520 1.550 1.450 1.750 1.600 2.200 2.500 2.350 2.700 2.700 3.050 3.330 2.280 3.050 2.200 2.050 2.750 2.200	2.194 2.194 2.195 2.444 2.444 1.862 1.320 1.330 1.340 1.770 1.710 1.550 1.511 1.760 2.657 2.501 2.474 2.721 2.747 3.095 3.330 3.166 2.922 3.060 3.050 3.050 3.050 2.757 2.555	10,000,000.00 15,000,000.00 25,000,000.00 25,000,000.00 25,000,000.00 50,000,000.00 50,000,000.00 7,700,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 20,000,000.00 20,000,000.00 10,000,000.00	10,000,000.00 15,000,000.00 25,000,000.00 25,000,000.00 49,676,250.00 49,676,250.00 7,700,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 19,970,400.00 19,970,400.00 19,974,000.00 19,974,000.00 19,974,000.00 19,979,300.00 9,979,300.00 9,979,300.00 9,979,300.00 10,005,700.00 10,005,700.00 10,005,700.00 10,005,700.00 10,005,700.00 10,005,700.00 10,005,700.00 10,005,700.00 10,005,700.00 10,005,700.00 10,005,700.00 10,005,700.00 10,005,700.00 10,979,000.00 10,979,000.00 10,979,000.00 10,979,000.00 10,979,000.00	100.121000 100.121000 100.122500 100.196000 99.466000 99.466000 99.569000 99.569000 99.566000 99.551000 99.770000 99.780000 99.780000 99.780000 99.780000 101.149000 100.797000 101.149000 100.797000 101.149000 101.149000 102.872000 100.003000 99.760000 100.673000 100.673000 100.277000	10,012,100.00 15,018,150.00 50,061,250.00 25,049,000.00 25,049,000.00 49,733,000.00 49,733,000.00 7,682,290.00 9,956,900.00 14,932,650.00 9,996,600.00 9,997,800.00 9,997,800.00 19,965,200.00 19,977,800.00 24,994,750.00 10,114,900.00 10,095,100.00 10,359,100.00 10,359,100.00 20,981,730.00 20,981,730.00 10,287,200.00 10,000,300.00 9,976,000.00 10,000,300.00 10,007,300.00 10,007,300.00 10,007,300.00 10,007,300.00 10,007,300.00 10,007,300.00	12,100.00 18,150.00 49,000.00 49,000.00 49,000.00 56,750.00 -17,710.00 -43,100.00 -43,400.00 -73,400.00 -9,300.00 -11,000.00 -5,200.00 -16,200.00 27,502.50 176,900.00 95,400.00 157,380.00 579,800.00 579,800.00 579,800.00 579,800.00 5744,240.00 251,500.00 339,770.00 339,770.00 335,130.00 31,100.00	.995 .995 .984 .745 .282 .282 .282 .567 .891 .965 1.019 1.071 1.163 .407 .296 .851 .467 1.050 .100 .203 1.384 1.333 3.304 1.550 3.687 2.871 3.299 2.022 3.255 2.863 .717 .405	.997 .997 .989 .753 .753 .288 .288 .288 .575 .901 .978 1.038 1.093 1.189 .411 .299 .863 .471 1.074 .101 2.288 1.419 1.373 3.532 1.611 4.008 3.090 3.510 2.129 3.419 3.016 .734
3130A8NF6 1900: FFCB-E 313312RT9 1925: FFCB-F 3133EFSD5 3133EGSA4 3133EGSA4 3133EGSA4 3133EGSA9 3133EHAIZ 3133EJEM7 3133EJEM7 3133EJEM7 3133EJEM8 3133EJPS2 3133EJBS5 3133EJPS2 3133EJPS2 3133EJPS2 3133EJPS2 3133EJPS2 3133EJPS2 3133EJPS2 3133EJPS2 3133EJPS3 313EJPS3 31EJPS3 31EJPS3 31EJPS3 31EJPS3 31EJPS3 31EJPS3 31EJP	FHLB 4Yr YOR-Q A/360 FHLB 3Yr PISC NOTE FFCB DISC NTE EXCL S 30/360 FFCB 4YrNC1YrA FFCB 3YrNC1YrE FFCB 3Yr FFCB 5Yr FFCB 4YrNC1YrA FFCB 5Yr FFCB 4Yr FFCB 5Yr FFCB 5Yr FFCB 5Yr FFCB 4Yr FFCB 4.4Yr FFCB 4.4Yr FFCB 4.4Yr FFCB 4.5Yr FFCB 4.5Yr FFCB 4.5Yr FFCB 4.5Yr FFCB 4.5Yr FFCB 5.5Yr FFCB 4.5Yr FFCB 4.5Yr FFCB 5.5Yr FFCB 4.5Yr FFCB 5.5Yr FFCB 4.5Yr FFCB 5.5Yr FFCB 5.5Yr FFCB 4.5Yr FFCB 5.5Yr FFCB 5.5Yr FFCB 4.5Yr FFCB 5.5Yr	09/28/2020 09/28/2020 09/28/2020 01/13/2020 04/27/2020 08/24/2020 09/21/2020 10/13/2020 11/02/2020 12/07/2020 03/20/2020 10/26/2020 11/06/2019 01/12/2022 03/01/2021 02/11/2021 04/11/2023 05/10/2021 10/02/2023 11/01/2022 04/03/2023 11/15/2021 03/01/2021 03/01/2021 03/01/2021 04/11/2022 04/03/2023 11/15/2021 03/01/2023 10/05/2022 06/24/2020	2.194 2.194 2.195 2.444 1.850 1.850 1.420 1.320 1.350 1.770 1.710 1.520 1.550 1.450 2.200 2.350 2.700 2.700 3.050 3.330 2.280 3.050 2.200 2.2500 2.200	2.194 2.194 2.195 2.444 2.444 1.862 1.420 1.320 1.330 1.340 1.770 1.710 1.520 1.550 1.511 1.760 2.365 2.501 2.474 2.721 2.747 3.095 3.330 3.3166 2.922 3.060 2.757	10,000,000.00 15,000,000.00 25,000,000.00 25,000,000.00 50,000,000.00 50,000,000.00 50,000,000.00 7,700,000.00 10,000,000.00 15,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 20,000,000.00 20,000,000.00 20,000,000.00 10,000,000.00	10,000,000.00 15,000,000.00 25,000,000.00 25,000,000.00 25,000,000.00 49,676,250.00 7,700,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 19,970,400.00 24,967,247.50 9,938,000.00 9,999,700.00 14,948,670.00 9,999,300.00 9,979,300.00 9,979,300.00 9,979,300.00 10,003,700.00 10,035,700.00 9,640,530.00 9,999,000.00 9,999,000.00	100.121000 100.121000 100.122500 100.196000 99.466000 99.466000 99.569000 99.569000 99.56000 99.56000 99.770000 99.780000 99.978000 99.978000 99.978000 99.978000 101.149000 100.797000 101.149000 100.797000 101.149000	10,012,100.00 15,018,150.00 50,061,250.00 25,049,000.00 25,049,000.00 49,733,000.00 49,733,000.00 7,682,290.00 9,956,600.00 14,932,650.00 9,995,600.00 9,997,600.00 9,997,600.00 19,965,200.00 19,965,200.00 19,977,800.00 19,977,800.00 10,977,800.00 10,977,800.00 10,114,900.00 10,095,100.00 10,372,300.00 10,372,300.00 10,372,300.00 10,505,700.00 20,981,730.00 10,000,7976,000.00 10,000,300.00 9,976,000.00 10,000,300.00 9,976,000.00 10,000,300.00 10,000,300.00 10,000,300.00	12,100.00 18,150.00 49,000.00 49,000.00 49,000.00 56,750.00 -17,710.00 -43,100.00 -43,400.00 -67,350.00 -73,400.00 -2,200.00 -4,400.00 -9,300.00 -11,000.00 -5,200.00 27,502.50 176,900.00 157,380.00 382,000.00 156,000.00 57,7800.00 57,7800.00 57,7800.00 335,130.00 68,300.00	.995 .995 .984 .745 .745 .282 .282 .567 .891 .965 .1019 1.071 1.163 .407 .296 .851 .467 1.050 .100 2.203 1.384 1.333 3.304 1.550 3.687 2.871 3.299 2.022 3.255 2.863 .717	.997 .997 .997 .989 .753 .288 .288 .288 .575 .901 .978 1.038 1.093 1.189 .411 .299 .863 .471 1.074 .101 2.288 1.419 1.373 3.532 1.611 4.008 3.090 3.510 2.129 3.419 3.016
3130A8NF6 1900: FFCB-E 313312RT9 1925: FFCB-F 3133EFSD5 3133EGSA4 3133EGSA8 3133EGC94 3133EGC94 3133EHAL2 3133EHAL2 3133EHAL2 3133EHAL2 3133EHAL3 3133EHJS 3133EHJS 3133EHJS 3133EJCB7 3133EJB85 313BB85 313BB85 313BB85 313BB85 313BB85 313BB85 313BB85 313BB85 31BB85 313BB85 313BB85 313BB85 313BB85 313BB85 313BB85 313BB85 31BB	FHLB 4Yr FOR A/360 FHLB 3Yr FINE DISC NOTE FFCB DISC NTE EXCL S 30/360 FFCB 4YrNC1YrA FFCB 4YrNC1YrA FFCB 4YrNC1YrA FFCB 4YrNC1YrA FFCB 4YrNC1YrA FFCB 4YrNC1YrA FFCB 3Yr FFCB 5Yr FFCB 4YrNC1YrA FFCB 2.9YY FFCB 4.9YrNC1WKA FFCB 3.8YrNC1WKA FFCB 1.5Yr FFCB 5YRNC2YrA FFCB 5YRNC3MOA FFCB 5YRNC3MOA	09/28/2020 09/28/2020 09/28/2020 07/01/2020 01/13/2020 04/27/2020 08/24/2020 09/21/2020 10/13/2020 11/02/2020 12/07/2020 03/20/2020 10/26/2020 11/06/2019 01/12/2022 03/01/2021 02/12/2021 04/11/2023 05/10/2021 10/02/2023 11/01/2022 03/01/2021 04/11/2023 05/10/2021 10/02/2023 11/01/2022 04/03/2023 11/15/2021 03/01/2023 10/05/2022 06/24/2020 06/21/2024 01/03/2024 07/03/2024	2.194 2.194 2.195 2.444 1.850 1.850 1.420 1.320 1.350 1.770 1.710 1.520 1.550 1.450 2.200 2.350 2.700 2.700 3.050 3.330 2.280 3.050 2.200 2.200 2.550 2.200 2.200 2.220 2.250 2.350 2.2350 2.240	2.194 2.194 2.195 2.444 2.444 1.862 1.420 1.320 1.330 1.340 1.380 1.770 1.710 1.520 1.550 1.511 1.760 2.365 2.501 2.474 2.721 2.747 3.095 3.330 2.470 2.355 2.220 3.060 2.757 2.555 2.220 2.390 2.440	10,000,000.00 15,000,000.00 25,000,000.00 25,000,000.00 50,000,000.00 50,000,000.00 50,000,000.00 7,700,000.00 10,000,000.00	10,000,000,00 15,000,000,00 25,000,000,00 25,000,000,00 49,676,250,00 10,000,000,00 10,000,000,00 10,000,000,00 10,000,000,00 10,000,000,00 10,000,000,00 10,000,000,00 10,000,000,00 10,000,000,00 10,000,000,00 10,000,000,00 19,974,000,00 24,967,247,50 9,999,000,00 9,999,300,00 9,999,300,00 9,999,300,00 9,999,300,00 9,999,300,00 9,996,500,00 9,660,530,00 9,999,000,00 9,996,600,00 9,999,000,00 9,880,000,00	100.121000 100.121000 100.122500 100.196000 100.196000 99.466000 99.466000 99.569000 99.569000 99.56000 99.770000 99.56000 99.780000 99.780000 99.780000 101.149000 100.797000 101.426000 103.723000 101.426000 105.591000 101.14000 100.003000 100.2872000 100.673000 100.673000 100.277000 100.277000 100.277000 100.277000 100.440000 100.277000 100.003000 100.277000 100.003000 100.277000	10,012,100.00 15,018,150.00 50,061,250.00 25,049,000.00 25,049,000.00 49,733,000.00 49,733,000.00 7,682,290.00 9,956,600.00 14,932,650.00 9,995,600.00 9,997,600.00 9,997,600.00 19,965,200.00 19,965,200.00 19,977,800.00 19,977,800.00 10,977,800.00 10,977,800.00 10,372,300.00 10,372,300.00 10,372,300.00 10,372,300.00 10,372,300.00 10,372,300.00 10,287,200.00 10,000,300.00 9,976,000.00 10,000,300.00 10,007,700.00	12,100.00 18,150.00 49,000.00 49,000.00 49,000.00 56,750.00 -17,710.00 -43,100.00 -43,400.00 -67,350.00 -73,400.00 -2,200.00 -11,000.00 -5,200.00 -11,000.00 -5,200.00 -15,600.00 156,000.00 57,7602.50 176,900.00 579,800.00 156,000.00 579,800.00 335,130.00 68,300.00 31,100.00 44,000.00 248,40 126,00	.995 .995 .984 .745 .745 .282 .282 .567 .891 .965 1.019 1.071 1.163 .407 .296 .851 .467 1.050 .100 2.203 1.384 1.333 3.304 1.550 3.687 2.871 3.299 2.022 3.255 2.863 .717 .405 4.436 4.004 4.441	.997 .997 .997 .989 .753 .753 .288 .288 .288 .575 .901 .978 1.038 1.093 1.189 .411 .299 .863 .471 1.074 .101 2.288 1.419 1.373 3.532 1.611 4.008 3.090 3.510 2.129 3.419 3.411 4.729 3.411 4.729 4.263 4.762
3130A8NF6 1900: FFCB-E 313312RT9 1925: FFCB-F 3133EF5D5 3133EG5A4 3133EG5V8 3133EGC94 3133EHRN1 3133EHUL5 3133EHRV1 3133EHU5 3133EHV1 3133EHV1 3133EHV1 3133EJCP7 3133EJCR7 3133EJCR7 3133EJCR8 313EJCR8 3133EJCR8 313BCR8	FHLB 4Yr FIGE A/360 FHLB 3Yr DISC NOTE FFCB DISC NITE EXCL 3 30/360 FFCB 4YrNC1YrA FFCB 4YrNC1YrA FFCB 4YrNC1YrA FFCB 4YrNC1YrA FFCB 4YrNC1YrA FFCB 3YrNC1YrE FFCB 3Yr FFCB 5Yr FFCB 5Yr FFCB 5Yr FFCB 5Yr FFCB 4.4YrA FFCB 4.2YrNC1WRA FFCB 3.8YrNC1WRA FFCB 5.9Yr FFCB 4.2YRNC1WRA FFCB 5.9Yr FFCB 4.5YrNC2YrA FFCB 5YRNC2YrA FFCB 5YRNC2YrA FFCB 5YRNC3MOA FFCB 5.5YrNC3MOA FFCB 5.5YrNC3MOA FFCB 5.5YrNC3MOA	09/28/2020 09/28/2020 09/28/2020 07/01/2020 01/13/2020 04/27/2020 08/24/2020 09/21/2020 10/13/2020 11/02/2020 01/17/2020 02/27/2020 01/17/2020 03/20/2020 11/06/2019 01/12/2021 04/11/2021 04/11/2021 04/11/2021 04/11/2021 03/01/2022 06/24/2020 06/21/2024 01/03/2024 07/03/2024 07/03/2022	2.194 2.194 2.195 2.444 2.444 1.850 1.850 1.420 1.320 1.350 1.340 1.340 1.770 1.710 1.520 1.550 1.450 1.750 1.600 2.200 2.500 2.350 2.700 2.700 3.050 3.330 2.280 3.050 2.200 2.050 2.750 2.220 2.390 2.440 2.160	2.194 2.194 2.195 2.444 2.444 1.862 1.320 1.330 1.340 1.770 1.710 1.520 1.551 1.511 1.760 1.667 2.365 2.501 2.474 2.721 2.747 3.095 3.330 3.166 2.922 3.060 3.050 3.050 2.757 2.555 2.220 2.390 2.440 2.160	10,000,000.00 15,000,000.00 25,000,000.00 25,000,000.00 25,000,000.00 50,000,000.00 50,000,000.00 7,700,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 20,000,000.00 20,000,000.00 10,000,000.00	10,000,000.00 15,000,000.00 25,000,000.00 25,000,000.00 49,676,250.00 49,676,250.00 7,700,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 19,970,400.00 19,970,400.00 19,973,207.00 14,948,670.00 9,993,000.00 9,979,300.00 9,979,300.00 10,000,000.00 20,237,490.00 10,035,700.00 9,640,530.00 9,996,600.00 9,996,600.00 9,996,600.00 10,000.00 00 8,280,000.00 00 6,300,000.00 00 6,300,000.00 00 6,300,000.00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	100.121000 100.121000 100.122500 100.196000 99.466000 99.466000 99.569000 99.569000 99.569000 99.56000 99.770000 99.780000 99.780000 99.780000 99.780000 99.780000 100.707000 100.707000 100.707000 101.149000 100.707000 101.149000 100.707000 100.707000 100.707000 100.707000 100.707000 100.707000 100.707000 100.707000 100.707000 100.707000 100.707000 100.707000 100.707000 100.707000 100.003000 99.7760000 100.673000 100.673000 100.003000 100.002000 99.719000	10,012,100.00 15,018,150.00 50,061,250.00 25,049,000.00 25,049,000.00 49,733,000.00 49,733,000.00 7,682,290.00 9,956,600.00 14,932,650.00 9,9976,600.00 9,997,800.00 9,997,800.00 9,997,800.00 19,997,800.00 19,997,800.00 19,977,800.00 24,994,750.00 10,114,900.00 10,095,100.00 15,106,050.00 10,372,300.00 10,372,300.00 10,372,300.00 10,372,300.00 10,372,300.00 10,372,300.00 10,372,300.00 10,372,300.00 10,372,300.00 10,000,300.00	12,100.00 18,150.00 49,000.00 49,000.00 49,000.00 56,750.00 -17,710.00 -43,100.00 -43,400.00 -73,400.00 -9,300.00 -11,000.00 -5,200.00 -16,200.00 -16,200.00 -17,380.00 -73,400.00 -73,500.00 -75,400.00 -75,400.00 -75,500.00 -75,400.00 -75,500.00 -75,500.00 -75,500.00 -75,500.00 -744,240.00 -744,240.00 -744,240.00 -70,250.00 -70,250.00	.995 .995 .984 .745 .282 .282 .282 .567 .891 .965 1.019 1.071 1.163 .407 .296 .851 .467 1.050 .100 .2203 1.384 1.333 3.304 1.550 3.687 2.871 3.299 2.022 3.255 2.863 .717 .405 4.436 4.004 4.441 4.2278	.997 .997 .989 .753 .753 .288 .288 .288 .575 .901 .978 1.038 1.093 1.189 .411 .299 .863 .471 1.074 .101 2.288 1.419 1.373 3.532 1.611 4.008 3.090 3.510 2.129 3.419 3.016 .734 .411 4.729 4.263 4.762 2.362
3130A8NF6 1900: FFCB-E 313312RT9 1925: FFCB-F 3133EGSA4 3133EGSA4 3133EGSV8 3133EGC94 3133EHRN1 3133EHUL5 3133EHU5 3133EHU5 3133EHU5 3133EHU5 3133EJSA7 3133ESSA7 3133ESSA7 3133ESSA7 3133ESSA7 3133ESSA7 3133ESSA7 3133EKYB1 3133EKYB1 3133EKYB1	FHLB 4Yr (Gr-Q A/360 FHLB 3Yr DISC NOTE FFCB DISC NITE EXCL S 30/360 FFCB 4YrNc1YrA FFCB 4YrNc1YrA FFCB 4YrNc1YrA FFCB 4YrNc1YrA FFCB 4YrNc1YrA FFCB 4YrNc1YrA FFCB 3YrNc1YrA FFCB 3YrNc1YrA FFCB 3Yr FFCB 3Yr FFCB 3Yr FFCB 3Yr FFCB 3Yr FFCB 3Yr FFCB 5Yr FFCB 4-4YrNc1YrA FFCB 5-2-9Yr FFCB 4-2-9Yr FFCB 4-2-9Yr FFCB 4-2-9Yr FFCB 5-2-9Yr FFCB 4-2-9Yr FFCB 5-2-9Yr FFCB 5-2-9	09/28/2020 09/28/2020 09/28/2020 01/13/2020 01/13/2020 04/27/2020 08/24/2020 09/21/2020 10/13/2020 11/02/2020 01/17/2020 03/20/2020 10/26/2020 11/06/2019 01/12/2021 04/11/2021 04/11/2022 04/03/2023 11/01/2022 04/03/2023 11/15/2021 03/01/2021 03/01/2021 03/01/2021 03/01/2021 03/01/2021 03/01/2021 03/01/2023 03/01/2021 03/01/2023 03/01/2024 04/03/2024 04/03/2024 07/03/2024 07/03/2024 02/08/2022 02/08/2021	2.194 2.194 2.195 2.444 2.444 1.850 1.850 1.320 1.350 1.340 1.380 1.770 1.710 1.520 1.550 1.450 1.750 1.600 2.200 2.350 2.700 3.050 3.330 2.280 3.050 2.200 2.250 2.750 2.750 2.250 2.250 2.750 2.290 2.390 2.440 2.160 2.090	2.194 2.194 2.195 2.444 2.444 1.862 1.320 1.350 1.340 1.380 1.770 1.710 1.520 1.550 1.511 1.760 1.657 2.365 2.501 2.474 2.721 2.747 3.095 3.330 3.166 3.050 2.757 2.2555 2.220 2.390 2.440 2.160 2.090	10,000,000.00 15,000,000.00 25,000,000.00 25,000,000.00 25,000,000.00 50,000,000.00 50,000,000.00 7,700,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 20,000,000.00 20,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 25,000,000.00 25,000,000.00 25,000,000.00 25,000,000.00	10,000,000.00 15,000,000.00 25,000,000.00 25,000,000.00 49,676,250.00 49,676,250.00 7,700,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 110,000,000.00	100.121000 100.121000 100.121000 100.12500 100.196000 99.466000 99.466000 99.569000 99.569000 99.569000 99.770000 99.780000 99.780000 99.780000 99.780000 101.149000 100.707000 101.723000 101.149000 100.707000 101.426000 105.591000 100.707000 101.426000 105.591000 100.707000 100.707000 100.707000 100.707000 100.707000 100.707000 100.707000 100.707000 100.707000 100.707000 100.707000 100.707000 100.707000 100.707000 100.003000 99.760000 100.003000 100.003000 100.003000 100.003000 100.003000 99.719000 99.857000	10,012,100.00 15,018,150.00 50,061,250.00 25,049,000.00 49,733,000.00 49,733,000.00 7,682,290.00 9,956,900.00 9,956,900.00 9,956,600.00 14,932,650.00 9,997,800.00 9,997,800.00 9,997,800.00 19,965,200.00 19,977,800.00 19,977,800.00 10,977,800.00 10,114,900.00 10,000,100.00 10,000,100.00 10,000,100.00 10,000,100.00 10,000,100.00 10,000,100.00 10,000,100.00 10,000,100.00 24,929,750.00 24,929,750.00 24,924,250.00	12,100.00 18,150.00 49,000.00 49,000.00 49,000.00 56,750.00 -17,710.00 -43,100.00 -43,400.00 -73,400.00 -73,400.00 -11,000.00 -11,000.00 -5,200.00 -16,200.00 -16,200.00 -16,200.00 -17,380.00 -17,380.00 -17,380.00 -17,380.00 -17,380.00 -17,380.00 -17,380.00 -17,380.00 -17,380.00 -17,380.00 -17,380.00 -17,00.00 -17,00.00 -18,000.00 -18,000.00 -18,000.00 -18,000.00 -18,000.00 -18,000.00 -18,000.00 -18,000.00 -10,000.0	.995 .995 .984 .745 .282 .282 .282 .547 .891 .965 1.019 1.071 1.163 .407 .296 .851 .467 1.050 .100 2.203 1.384 1.333 3.304 1.550 3.687 2.871 3.299 2.022 3.255 2.863 .717 .405 4.404 4.404 4.404 4.278 1.326	.997 .997 .989 .753 .753 .288 .288 .288 .575 .901 .978 1.038 1.093 .1.189 .411 .299 .863 .471 1.074 .101 2.288 1.419 1.373 3.532 1.611 4.008 3.090 3.510 2.129 3.419 3.016 .734 .411 4.729 4.263 4.762 2.362 1.362
3130A8NF6 1900: FFCB-E 313312RT9 1925: FFCB-F 3133EF5D5 3133EG5A4 3133EG5V8 3133EGC94 3133EHRN1 3133EHUL5 3133EHRV1 3133EHU5 3133EHV1 3133EHV1 3133EHV1 3133EJCP7 3133EJCR7 3133EJCR7 3133EJCR8 313EJCR8 3133EJCR8 313BCR8	FHLB 4Yr FIGE A/360 FHLB 3Yr DISC NOTE FFCB DISC NITE EXCL 3 30/360 FFCB 4YrNC1YrA FFCB 4YrNC1YrA FFCB 4YrNC1YrA FFCB 4YrNC1YrA FFCB 4YrNC1YrA FFCB 3YrNC1YrE FFCB 3Yr FFCB 5Yr FFCB 5Yr FFCB 5Yr FFCB 5Yr FFCB 4.4YrA FFCB 4.2YrNC1WRA FFCB 3.8YrNC1WRA FFCB 5.9Yr FFCB 4.2YRNC1WRA FFCB 5.9Yr FFCB 4.5YrNC2YrA FFCB 5YRNC2YrA FFCB 5YRNC2YrA FFCB 5YRNC3MOA FFCB 5.5YrNC3MOA FFCB 5.5YrNC3MOA FFCB 5.5YrNC3MOA	09/28/2020 09/28/2020 09/28/2020 07/01/2020 01/13/2020 04/27/2020 08/24/2020 09/21/2020 10/13/2020 11/02/2020 01/17/2020 02/27/2020 01/17/2020 03/20/2020 11/06/2019 01/12/2021 04/11/2021 04/11/2021 04/11/2021 04/11/2021 03/01/2022 06/24/2020 06/21/2024 01/03/2024 07/03/2024 07/03/2022	2.194 2.194 2.195 2.444 2.444 1.850 1.850 1.420 1.320 1.350 1.340 1.340 1.770 1.710 1.520 1.550 1.450 1.750 1.600 2.200 2.500 2.350 2.700 2.700 3.050 3.330 2.280 3.050 2.200 2.050 2.750 2.220 2.390 2.440 2.160	2.194 2.194 2.195 2.444 2.444 1.862 1.320 1.330 1.340 1.770 1.710 1.520 1.551 1.511 1.760 1.667 2.365 2.501 2.474 2.721 2.747 3.095 3.330 3.166 2.922 3.060 3.050 3.050 2.757 2.555 2.220 2.390 2.440 2.160	10,000,000.00 15,000,000.00 25,000,000.00 25,000,000.00 25,000,000.00 50,000,000.00 50,000,000.00 7,700,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 20,000,000.00 20,000,000.00 10,000,000.00	10,000,000.00 15,000,000.00 25,000,000.00 25,000,000.00 49,676,250.00 49,676,250.00 7,700,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 10,000,000.00 19,970,400.00 19,970,400.00 19,973,207.00 14,948,670.00 9,993,000.00 9,979,300.00 9,979,300.00 10,000,000.00 20,237,490.00 10,035,700.00 9,640,530.00 9,996,600.00 9,996,600.00 9,996,600.00 10,000.00 00 8,280,000.00 00 6,300,000.00 00 6,300,000.00 00 6,300,000.00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	100.121000 100.121000 100.122500 100.196000 99.466000 99.466000 99.569000 99.569000 99.569000 99.56000 99.770000 99.780000 99.780000 99.780000 99.780000 99.780000 100.707000 100.707000 100.707000 101.149000 100.707000 101.149000 100.707000 100.707000 100.707000 100.707000 100.707000 100.707000 100.707000 100.707000 100.707000 100.707000 100.707000 100.707000 100.707000 100.707000 100.003000 99.7760000 100.673000 100.673000 100.003000 100.002000 99.719000	10,012,100.00 15,018,150.00 50,061,250.00 25,049,000.00 25,049,000.00 49,733,000.00 49,733,000.00 7,682,290.00 9,956,600.00 14,932,650.00 9,9976,600.00 9,997,800.00 9,997,800.00 9,997,800.00 19,997,800.00 19,997,800.00 19,977,800.00 24,994,750.00 10,114,900.00 10,095,100.00 15,106,050.00 10,372,300.00 10,372,300.00 10,372,300.00 10,372,300.00 10,372,300.00 10,372,300.00 10,372,300.00 10,372,300.00 10,372,300.00 10,000,300.00	12,100.00 18,150.00 49,000.00 49,000.00 49,000.00 56,750.00 -17,710.00 -43,100.00 -43,400.00 -73,400.00 -9,300.00 -11,000.00 -5,200.00 -16,200.00 -16,200.00 -17,380.00 -73,400.00 -73,500.00 -75,400.00 -75,400.00 -75,500.00 -75,400.00 -75,500.00 -75,400.00 -75,400.00 -75,400.00 -75,400.00 -75,400.00 -75,400.00 -75,400.00 -75,400.00 -75,400.00 -75,400.00 -75,400.00 -75,400.00 -75,800.00 -744,240.00 -75,500.00 -744,240.00 -70,250.00 -70,250.00 -70,250.00	.995 .995 .984 .745 .282 .282 .282 .567 .891 .965 1.019 1.071 1.163 .407 .296 .851 .467 1.050 .100 .2203 1.384 1.333 3.304 1.550 3.687 2.871 3.299 2.022 3.255 2.863 .717 .405 4.436 4.004 4.441 4.2278	.997 .997 .989 .753 .753 .288 .288 .288 .575 .901 .978 1.038 1.093 1.189 .411 .299 .863 .471 1.074 .101 2.288 1.419 1.373 3.532 1.611 4.008 3.090 3.510 2.129 3.419 3.016 .734 .411 4.729 4.263 4.762 2.362

82

CUSIP	Description	Maturity Date	Coupon	Yield To Mat	Par Value	Book Value	Market Price	Market Value	Unrealized Gain/Loss	Modified Duration	Years To Maturity
3133EKM94	FFCB 4YrNc1YrA	09/11/2023	1.900 2.027	1.900 2.137	10,000,000.00 417,715,000.00	10,000,000.00 416,047,282.10	99.867000 100.297982	9,986,700.00 418,959,713.70	-13,300.00 2,912,431.60	3.782 1.752	3.951 1.833
1930: FFCB-V									2,712,431.00		
3133EDXQ0 3133EDXQ0	FFCB 5Yr FFCB 5Yr	10/10/2019 10/10/2019	2.119 2.119	2.119 2.119	15,000,000.00 25,000,000.00	15,000,000.00 25,000,000.00	100.006000 100.006000	15,000,900.00 25,001,500.00	900.00 1,500.00	.027 .027	.027 .027
3133EDXQ0	FFCB 5Yr	10/10/2019	2.119	2.412	10,000,000.00	9,997,560.00	100.006000	10,000,600.00	3,040.00	.027	.027
3133EFT56 3133EF2Z9	FFCB 4Yr FFCB 4Yr	04/01/2020 04/13/2020	2.335 2.281	2.335 2.281	25,000,000.00 50,000,000.00	25,000,000.00 50,000,000.00	100.082000 100.092000	25,020,500.00 50,046,000.00	20,500.00 46,000.00	.501 .534	.504 .537
3133EGCE3	FFCB 5Yr	05/25/2021	2.288	2.288	10,000,000.00	10,000,000.00	100.348000	10,034,800.00	34,800.00	1.640	1.652
3133EGCE3	FFCB 5Yr	05/25/2021	2.288	2.288	10,000,000.00	10,000,000.00	100.348000	10,034,800.00	34,800.00	1.640	1.652
3133EGYA7 3133EGZS7	FFCB 3Yr FFCB 3Yr	10/11/2019 10/24/2019	2.230 2.217	2.230 2.217	15,000,000.00 15,000,000.00	15,000,000.00 15,000,000.00	100.008000 100.021000	15,001,200.00 15,003,150.00	1,200.00 3,150.00	.030 .066	.030 .066
3133EGF67	FFCB 3Yr	11/14/2019	2.198	2.198	15,000,000.00	15,000,000.00	100.035000	15,005,250.00	5,250.00	.122	.123
3133EGF67 3133EG4C6	FFCB 3Yr FFCB 3.9Yr	11/14/2019 01/18/2022	2.198 2.281	2.198 1.874	15,000,000.00 15,000,000.00	15,000,000.00 15,139,095.00	100.035000	15,005,250.00 15,024,300.00	5,250.00 -114,795.00	.122 2.248	.123 2.304
3133EJDG1	FFCB 5.911 FFCB 5Yr	02/21/2023	2.201	2.116	15,000,000.00	15,000,000.00	100.162000 99.473000	14,920,950.00	-79,050.00	3.290	3.397
3133EJJE0	FFCB 3.5Yr	10/04/2021	2.107	2.107	15,000,000.00	15,000,000.00	99.830000	14,974,500.00	-25,500.00	1.967	2.014
1936: FFCB-V	ar-SOFR-Q A/360		2.217	2.205	250,000,000.00	250,136,655.00	100.029480	250,073,700.00	-62,955.00	.764	.//6
3133EKT63	FFCB 2Yr	09/24/2021	1.960 1.960	1.960 1.960	15,000,000.00 15,000,000.00	15,000,000.00 15,000,000.00	100.020000 100.020000	15,003,000.00 15,003,000.00	3,000.00 3,000.00	1.939 1.939	1.986
1950: FMAC-F			1.700	1.700	13,000,000.00	13,000,000.00	100.020000	13,003,000.00	3,000.00	1.737	1.700
3132X0C74 3132X02Y6	FAMCA 2.08Yr FAMCA 1.58Yr	02/03/2020 01/02/2020	1.970 2.530	1.970 2.530	15,000,000.00 20,000,000.00	15,000,000.00 20,000,000.00	99.988000 100.126000	14,998,200.00 20,025,200.00	-1,800.00 25,200.00	.342 .254	.345 .258
3132X03B5	FAMCA 4.9Yr	06/30/2023	2.850	2.964	10,000,000.00	9,947,900.00	104.077000	10,407,700.00	459,800.00	3.506	3.751
3132X04F5	FAMCA 2.91Yr	07/23/2021	2.840	2.864	10,000,000.00	9,993,300.00	101.793000	10,179,300.00	186,000.00	1.747	1.814
31422BBR0 31422BEP1	FAMCA 1.16Yr FAMCA 1.08Yr	03/16/2020 05/29/2020	2.640 2.430	2.640 2.430	15,000,000.00 25,000,000.00	15,000,000.00 25,000,000.00	100.299000 100.300000	15,044,850.00 25,075,000.00	44,850.00 75,000.00	.454 .650	.460 .663
		,	2.499	2.516	95,000,000.00	94,941,200.00	100.768684	95,730,250.00	789,050.00	.915	.955
1965: FMAC-\ 3132X0AT8	/ar-M A/360 FAMCA 2.5 Yr	06/02/2020	2.240	1.899	25,000,000.00	25,063,500.00	100.003000	25,000,750.00	-62,750.00	.668	.674
3132X0S77	FAMCA 3Yr	04/23/2021	2.068	2.068	25,000,000.00	25,000,000.00	99.966000	24,991,500.00	-8,500.00	1.538	1.564
3132X0U90	FAMCA 3Yr	05/10/2021	2.069 2.140	2.069 1.998	10,000,000.00	10,000,000.00	99.911000 99.972250	9,991,100.00 59,983,350.00	-8,900.00 - 80,150.00	1.583 1.183	1.611 1.201
2350: MUNIS-	\$ 30/360										
882723A33 419792JH0	TEXAS STATE HAWAII STATE	10/01/2019 04/01/2020	1.497 1.660	1.497 1.660	5,000,000.00 5,055,000.00	5,000,000.00 5,055,000.00	100.000000	5,000,000.00 5,055,000.00	0.00	.003 .495	.003 .504
76222RUM2	RHODE ISLAND STATE	05/01/2020	1.625	1.520	2,660,000.00	2,670,719.80	100.403000	2,670,719.80	0.00	.578	.586
3733845L6	GEORGIA STATE	07/01/2020	3.000	1.370	6,825,000.00	7,254,770.25	106.297000	7,254,770.25	0.00	.740	.753
419792NE2 419792NF9	HAWAII STATE HAWAII STATE	10/01/2019 10/01/2020	1.151 1.370	1.101 1.319	2,250,000.00 2,250,000.00	2,253,262.50 2,254,320.00	100.145000 100.192000	2,253,262.50 2,254,320.00	0.00	.003 .986	.003 1.005
13063DAC2	STATE OF CALIFORNIA	04/01/2021	2.625	2.011	14,400,000.00	14,688,720.00	102.005000	14,688,720.00	0.00	1.450	1.504
76222RWT5	RHODE ISLAND ST & PROVIDITANT	04/01/2020	2.750	2.451	3,065,000.00	3,082,378.55	100.567000	3,082,378.55	0.00	.490	.504
76222RWU2 13063DGA0	RHODE ISLAND ST & PROV PLANT STATE OF CALIFORNIA	04/01/2021 04/01/2021	2.750 2.800	2.551 2.799	3,150,000.00 16,000,000.00	3,167,766.00 16,000,640.00	100.564000 100.004000	3,167,766.00 16,000,640.00	0.00	1.444 1.442	1.504 1.504
13063DAC2	STATE OF CALIFORNIA	04/01/2021	2.625	2.850	1,795,000.00	1,784,301.80	99.404000	1,784,301.80	0.00	1.444	1.504
13063DAD0 544351MM8	STATE OF CALIFORNIA CITY OF LOS ANGELES	04/01/2022 09/01/2021	2.367 4.000	2.960 2.919	1,500,000.00 8,915,000.00	1,468,800.00 9,200,993.20	97.920000 103.208000	1,468,800.00 9,200,993.20	0.00	2.380 1.835	2.504 1.923
13063DAD0	STATE OF CALIFORNIA	04/01/2022	2.367	3.120	17,695,000.00	17,256,340.95	97.521000	17,256,340.95	0.00	2.378	2.504
13063DAD0	STATE OF CALIFORNIA	04/01/2022	2.367	3.290	25,000,000.00	24,275,250.00	97.101000	24,275,250.00	0.00	2.376	2.504
13063DGA0 419792YK6	STATE OF CALIFORNIA STATE OF HAWAII	04/01/2021 01/01/2021	2.800 3.250	2.680 2.733	10,825,000.00 12,745,000.00	10,852,170.75 12,864,165.75	100.251000 100.935000	10,852,170.75 12,864,165.75	0.00	1.442 1.217	1.504 1.258
419792YL4	STATE OF HAWAII	01/01/2022	2.770	2.770	3,500,000.00	3,500,000.00	100.000000	3,500,000.00	0.00	2.163	2.258
419792YJ9 13063CSQ4	STATE OF HAWAII STATE OF CALIFORNIA	01/01/2020 04/01/2020	2.650 1.800	2.650 2.501	7,500,000.00 14,830,000.00	7,500,000.00 14,729,897.50	100.000000 99.325000	7,500,000.00 14,729,897.50	0.00	.251 .492	.255 .504
368079HQ5	GAVILAN CMNTY CLG GO	08/01/2020	2.470	2.470	1,650,000.00	1,650,000.00	100.000000	1,650,000.00	0.00	.820	.838
3020: COMM	ERCIAL PAPER		2.539	2.583	166,610,000.00	166,509,497.05	99.939678	166,509,497.05	0.00	1.400	1.462
16677KY80	CHEVRON	11/08/2019	2.440	2.478	100,000,000.00	98,468,222.22	99.778333	99,778,333.33	1,310,111.11	.104	.107
03785EY65 03785DAF3	APPLE APPLE	11/06/2019 01/15/2020	2.510 2.430	2.549 2.470	25,000,000.00 30,000,000.00	24,620,013.89 29,518,050.00	99.790000 99.387556	24,947,500.00 29,816,266.67	327,486.11 298,216.67	.099 .286	.101 .293
30229BXP7	EXXON MOBIL	10/23/2019	2.200	2.215	25,000,000.00	24,825,833.25	99.871667	24,967,916.67	142,083.42	.062	.063
63763PA90	NATL SEC CLEARING CORP	01/09/2020	2.100	2.124	25,000,000.00	24,721,458.33	99.422222	24,855,555.56	134,097.23	.271	.277
30229BXP7 03785EX90	EXXON MOBIL APPLE	10/23/2019 10/09/2019	2.190 2.140	2.204 2.151	25,000,000.00 35,000,000.00	24,838,791.67 34,827,313.89	99.871667 99.953333	24,967,916.67 34,983,666.67	129,125.00 156,352.78	.062 .024	.063 .025
93114FX74	WAL-MART STORES INC	10/07/2019	2.150	2.160	15,000,000.00	14,928,333.33	99.965000	14,994,750.00	66,416.67	.019	.019
30229BXH5 63763QXN2	EXXON MOBIL NATL SEC CLEARING CORP	10/17/2019 10/22/2019	2.130 2.100	2.139 2.110	12,600,000.00 15,000,000.00	12,545,578.50 14,931,750.00	99.906667 99.877500	12,588,240.00 14,981,625.00	42,661.50 49,875.00	.046 .059	.047 .060
63763QX93	NATL SEC CLEARING CORP	10/09/2019	2.100	2.108	25,000,000.00	24,909,583.33	99.953333	24,988,333.33	78,750.00	.024	.025
63763PAD1 63763PAF6	NATL SEC CLEARING CORP NATL SEC CLEARING CORP	01/13/2020 01/15/2020	1.950 1.950	1.966 1.967	50,000,000.00 25,000,000.00	49,585,625.00 24,790,104.17	99.399111 99.387556	49,699,555.56 24,846,888.89	113,930.56 56,784.72	.282 .287	.288 .293
03785DAQ9	APPLE	01/13/2020	1.980	1.998	55,000,000.00	54,506,925.00	99.335556	54,634,555.56	127,630.56	.311	.318
63763PAF6	NATL SEC CLEARING CORP	01/15/2020	1.950	1.966	35,000,000.00	34,709,937.50	99.387556	34,785,644.44	75,706.94	.287	.293
63763PAQ2 16677KZL0	NATL SEC CLEARING CORP CHEVRON	01/24/2020 12/20/2019	1.910 1.950	1.925 1.962	15,000,000.00 15,000,000.00	14,879,829.17 14,907,375.00	99.335556 99.531111	14,900,333.33 14,929,666.67	20,504.16 22,291.67	.312 .217	.318 .222
16677JAV8	CHEVRON	01/29/2020	1.950	1.966	33,247,000.00	32,982,270.76	99.310000	33,017,595.70	35,324.94	.325	.332
16677KYL1	CHEVRON	11/20/2019	1.990	1.999	15,000,000.00	14,936,154.17	99.708333	14,956,250.00	20,095.83	.137	.140
30229BY68 63763QYL5	EXXON MOBIL NATL SEC CLEARING CORP	11/06/2019 11/20/2019	1.970 2.010	1.977 2.018	35,000,000.00 25,000,000.00	34,883,168.06 24,902,291.67	99.790000 99.708333	34,926,500.00 24,927,083.33	43,331.94 24,791.66	.099 .137	.101 .140
16677JA89	CHEVRON	01/08/2020	1.950	1.963	15,000,000.00	14,903,312.50	99.428000	14,914,200.00	10,887.50	.269	.274
63763QYV3	NATL SEC CLEARING CORP	11/29/2019	2.050 2.124	2.058 2.143	25,000,000.00 675,847,000.00	24,898,923.61 670,020,845.02	99.655833 99.626444	24,913,958.33 673,322,335.71	15,034.72 3,301,490.69	.161	.164
3130: CORP-F											
594918BV5 594918BV5	MICROSOFT CORP MICROSOFT CORP	02/06/2020 02/06/2020	1.850 1.850	2.273 2.277	6,350,000.00 6,000,000.00	6,297,739.50 5,951,100.00	99.952000 99.952000	6,346,952.00 5,997,120.00	49,212.50 46,020.00	.349 .349	.353 .353
594918BG8	MICROSOFT CORP	11/03/2020	2.000	2.543	25,000,000.00	24,649,750.00	100.166000	25,041,500.00	391,750.00	1.063	1.096
594918BV5	MICROSOFT CORP	02/06/2020	1.850	2.354	3,000,000.00	2,971,440.00	99.952000	2,998,560.00	27,120.00	.349	.353
594918BV5 594918BV5	MICROSOFT CORP MICROSOFT CORP	02/06/2020 02/06/2020	1.850 1.850	2.373 2.388	4,097,000.00 8,000,000.00	4,057,013.28 7,920,160.00	99.952000 99.952000	4,095,033.44 7,996,160.00	38,020.16 76,000.00	.349 .349	.353 .353
594918BV5	MICROSOFT CORP	02/06/2020	1.850	2.414	16,000,000.00	15,832,480.00	99.952000	15,992,320.00	159,840.00	.349	.353
478160BS2 594918BV5	JOHNSON & JOHNSON MICROSOFT CORP	03/01/2021 02/06/2020	1.650 1.850	2.646 2.469	12,000,000.00 10,000,000.00	11,663,160.00 9,887,000.00	99.797000 99.952000	11,975,640.00 9,995,200.00	312,480.00 108,200.00	1.389 .349	1.419 .353
		,	500		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		. , ,	,_00.00		.500

83
COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE TREASURER-TAX COLLECTOR 12

CUSIP	Description	Maturity	Coupon	Yield	Par	Book	Market	Market	Unrealized	Modified	Years To
		Date		To Mat	Value	Value	Price	Value	Gain/Loss	Duration	Maturity
478160BS2	NOSNHOL & NOSNHOL	03/01/2021	1.650	2.625	12,969,000.00	12,617,410.41	99.797000	12,942,672.93	325,262.52	1.389	1.419
594918AY0	MICROSOFT CORP	02/12/2020	1.850	2.691	16,880,000.00	16,654,820.80	99.916000	16,865,820.80	211,000.00	.365	.370
931142DY6	WALMART	10/09/2019	1.750	2.824	25,000,000.00	24,752,750.00	99.990000	24,997,500.00	244,750.00	.024	.025
931142DY6	WALMART	10/09/2019	1.750	2.838	22,029,000.00	21,812,234.64	99.990000	22,026,797.10	214,562.46	.024	.025
478160BS2	NOSNHOL & NOSNHOL	03/01/2021	1.650	3.149	10,295,000.00	9,955,059.10	99.797000	10,274,101.15	319,042.05	1.385	1.419
594918BG8	MICROSOFT CORP	11/03/2020	2.000	2.912	10,100,000.00	9,929,411.00	100.166000	10,116,766.00	187,355.00	1.061	1.096
			1.815	2.648	187,720,000.00	184,951,528.73	99.969179	187,662,143.42	2,710,614.69	.597	.611
	To	otal Fund	2.003	2.132	6,352,364,944.14	6,333,085,946.48	99.994050	6,351,986,977.01	18,901,030.53	1.062	1.103





COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE TREASURER-TAX COLLECTOR CAPITAL MARKETS

COUNTY ADMINISTRATIVE CENTER
4080 LEMON STREET,
4TH FLOOR,
RIVERSIDE, CA 92502-2205

WWW.COUNTYTREASURER.ORG

AGENDA ITEM 8

RIVERSIDE COUNTY TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION						
DATE:	November 25, 2019					
то:	Budget and Implementation Committee					
FROM:	Theresia Trevino, Chief Financial Officer					
THROUGH:	John Standiford, Deputy Executive Director					
SUBJECT:	Appointment of Underwriters for Commission Financings					

STAFF RECOMMENDATION:

This item is for the Committee to:

- 1) Approve the selection of the following firms to provide underwriting services to the Commission in connection with long-term debt financings for a three-year period, with an option to extend for an additional two one-year periods:
 - a) BofA Securities, Inc. (BofA);
 - b) Goldman Sachs & Co. LLC (Goldman Sachs);
 - c) J.P. Morgan Chase (J.P. Morgan);
 - d) Siebert Williams Shank & Co., LLC (Siebert); and
 - e) Wells Fargo Securities (Wells Fargo); and
- 2) Forward to the Commission for final action.

BACKGROUND INFORMATION:

Since approval of the 2009 Measure A, the Commission has periodically conducted procurements for the appointment of investment banking firms primarily to serve as underwriters related to the sale of debt securities. In connection with financings, underwriters may provide advice in the structure and timing of a transaction, rating agency and marketing strategy, disclosure and other matters. However, the underwriter does not assume an advisory or fiduciary responsibility other than as provided for in the bond purchase agreement executed following the sale of the debt securities.

The Commission approved the most recent underwriter appointments in April 2015. These underwriters assisted the Commission in the financing of the Interstate 15 Express Lanes Project completed in July 2017, and two sales tax revenue bond refinancings in December 2017 and April 2018.

At its July meeting, the Commission authorized staff to continue to develop a plan of finance for the 2019-2029 Western County Highway Delivery Plan (Plan) eligible projects that includes, but is not limited to, the issuance of RCTC 91 Express Lanes surplus toll revenue bonds. Further, current low interest rates and market conditions may provide opportunities to refinance the

RCTC 91 Express Lanes toll revenue debt issued in July 2013, including \$177 million of tax-exempt toll revenue bonds and a \$421 million Transportation Infrastructure Finance and Innovation Act (TIFIA) loan. A refinancing of the toll debt related to the RCTC 91 Express Lanes could result in debt service savings, which could be used to fund projects in the State Route 91 corridor, and reduce the Commission's TIFIA loan administrative responsibilities.

Since it has been almost five years since the last procurement for underwriting services, staff decided to solicit competitive proposals from investment banking firms to assist the Commission with future financings.

Procurement Process

Staff determined the weighted factor method of source selection to be the most appropriate for this procurement, as it allows the Commission to identify the most advantageous proposal with price and other factors considered. Non-price factors include elements such as qualifications of firm, qualifications of personnel, understanding and approach, and the ability to respond to the Commission's needs for underwriting services for Commission financings as set forth under the terms of Request for Proposals (RFP) No. 20-19-015-00.

RFP No. 20-19-015-00 was released on September 30, 2019. A public notice was advertised in the *Press Enterprise*, and the RFP was posted on the Commission's PlanetBids website, which is accessible through the Commission's website. Utilizing PlanetBids, emails were sent to 26 firms, 1 of which is located in Riverside County. Through the PlanetBids site, 21 firms downloaded the RFP; 1 of these firms is located in Riverside County. Staff responded to all questions submitted by potential proposers prior to the October 7 clarification deadline date. Twelve firms – BofA (Los Angeles/New York); Barclays (San Francisco); Citigroup Global Markets (Los Angeles); Drexel Hamilton, LLC (Lincoln/New York); Goldman Sachs (San Francisco); J.P. Morgan (San Francisco); Morgan Stanley (Los Angeles/Austin/New York); RBC Capital Markets (San Francisco/New York); Siebert (Los Angeles); Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation (New York); TD Securities (USA) LLC (New York); and Wells Fargo (Los Angeles) – submitted proposals prior to the 2:00 p.m. submittal deadline on October 16. All firms submitted responsive proposals, except for one firm's proposal, which was deemed non-responsive.

Utilizing the evaluation criteria set forth in the RFP, the 11 firms were evaluated and scored by an evaluation committee comprised of Commission staff. The final rankings are summarized in the following table:

Firm	Ranking
BofA	1
Goldman Sachs	2
J.P. Morgan	3
Wells Fargo	4
Siebert	5
Citigroup Global Markets	6
Barclays	7
RBC Capital Markets	8
Morgan Stanley	9
Drexel Hamilton	10
TD Securities	11

Based on the evaluation committee's assessment of the written proposals and calculated price, the evaluation committee recommends selection of five of the firms (BofA, Goldman Sachs, J.P. Morgan, Wells Fargo, and Siebert) to serve as senior and/or co-managing underwriters for Commission financings over the next three years with an option to extend for an additional two one-year periods, as these firms earned the highest total evaluation scores under the evaluation criteria terms of the RFP. Three of these firms (BofA, Goldman Sachs, and J.P. Morgan) served as underwriters for prior Commission financings.

Purchase agreements with the senior managing underwriter(s) on behalf of the underwriting team will be part of the financing documents associated with each financing. Similar to prior financings, compensation will be negotiated prior to the issuance of any bonds based on the market conditions and consideration of RFP proposed costs and will be paid at the time of issuance of any bonds.

Next Steps

In connection with the proposals submitted, staff noted various financing features and opportunities recommended by the proposing firms as well as structuring ideas for Commission consideration. Staff will complete its review of these recommendations and ideas in consultation with the Commission's municipal advisor and begin the development of a plan(s) of finance for the refinancing of the RCTC 91 Express Lanes toll revenue debt and/or financing of Plan projects. For each plan of finance that is developed, staff will assign an underwriting team consisting of at least two of the appointed underwriters. In choosing the senior and co-managing underwriters for each plan of finance, staff will round out the underwriting syndicate with firms having complimentary attributes in order to obtain the broadest distribution of bonds to be sold. After the plan(s) of finance have been substantially developed, staff will present them to the Commission for consideration and approvals of the plan and the various financing documents.

There is no current fiscal impact as underwriting compensation will be determined and paid in connection with the specific financings. Plans of finance to be approved by the Commission will contain an estimated cost of issuance, which will include underwriting compensation.

AGENDA ITEM 9

RIVI	ERSIDE COUNTY TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION
DATE:	November 25, 2019
то:	Budget and Implementation Committee
FROM:	Shirley Medina, Planning and Programming Director
THROUGH:	John Standiford, Deputy Executive Director
SUBJECT:	County of Riverside Request for Additional Funds for the Salt Creek Trail

STAFF RECOMMENDATION:

This item is for the Committee to:

- 1) Approve federal Congestion Mitigation and Air Quality (CMAQ) funds in the additional amount of \$594,203 for a total amount of \$5,684,203 to fully fund construction of the Salt Creek Trail project; and
- 2) Forward to the Commission for final action.

BACKGROUND INFORMATION:

In 2014, the Commission approved the Multifunding Call for Projects consisting of federal CMAQ, Surface Transportation Block Grant (STBG), and 2009 Measure A Western County Regional Arterial funds. The Salt Creek Trail project was approved for \$5,090,000 of CMAQ funds to construct a 4-mile segment in the city of Menifee and a 1-mile segment in the city of Hemet. A Class I bike path and a soft pedestrian path will be constructed along the north side of the Salt Creek flood control channel and along Domenigoni Parkway (Attachment 1).

The County of Riverside (County) is the lead agency for the project, which has gone through a lengthy and complex environmental process through the National Environmental Protection Act. The project is located within a major creek requiring extensive biological and cultural studies. The project was originally an 8-mile segment; however, a decision to remove a 3-mile segment was necessary as it would have significantly increased costs for habitat restoration.

Coordination efforts with private and public property owners including Riverside County Flood Control & Water Conservation District, Caltrans, and the cities of Hemet and Menifee were also undertaken. Approval of design review, maintenance agreements, and permits were required by each of these agencies. In addition, reviews were required by Caltrans Headquarters and the Federal Highway Administration as the trail crosses under Interstate 215 necessitating an encroachment permit exception. The County also worked on securing a public trail easement as a gift with no cost to the County.

The County recently opened bids on the project, which came in higher than the engineer's estimate. The low bid for the project was \$3,849,275. Adding in 10 percent contingency and non-bid items, the total cost of construction is \$5,684,203, as summarized in the table below. The County anticipates awarding the contract in December 2019; however, the total project cost exceeds the CMAQ funding previously approved by \$594,203.

Construction Costs for Salt Creek Trail Project			
Construction Contract	\$ 3,849,275		
10% Contingency	384,928		
Agency Furnished Material	720,000		
Construction Management	730,000		
Total Construction	5,684,203		
CMAQ Funding Approved	(5,090,000)		
Funding Shortfall	\$ 594,203		

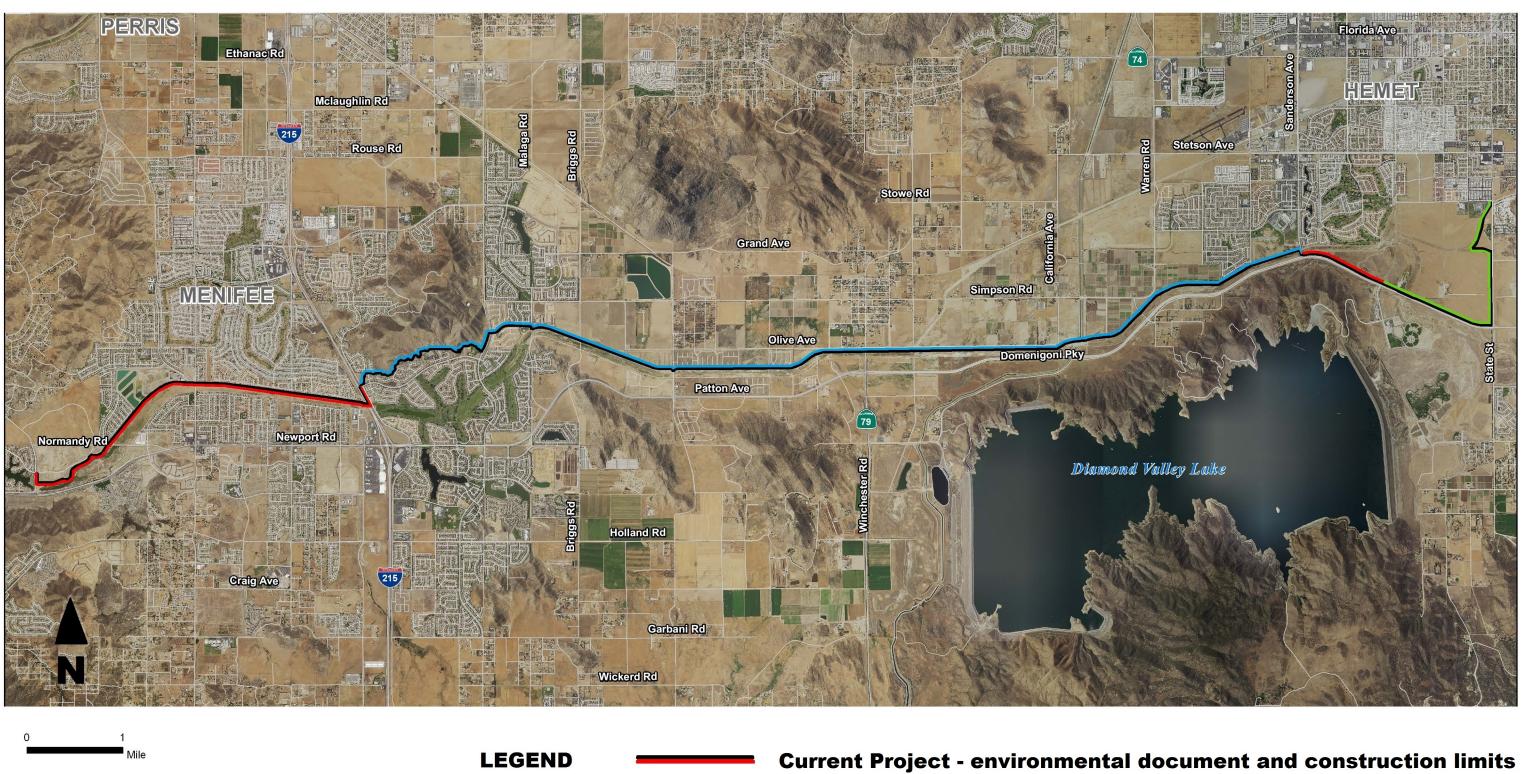
The Salt Creek Trail is an important regional active transportation project and will benefit the cities of Hemet and Menifee and nearby communities. This regional trail will provide greenhouse gas and public health benefits. The ultimate length of the trail is planned to be 16 miles, and this first segment will serve as a catalyst for future extensions.

Staff recommends increasing CMAQ funds for this project bringing the total of CMAQ funding for the Salt Creek Trail to \$5,684,203. Currently, there are sufficient CMAQ funds to cover the \$594,203 shortfall without impacting other approved CMAQ projects.

Federal CMAQ funds are administered through Caltrans. Therefore, there is no fiscal impact to the Commission's budget.

Attachment: Salt Creek Trail Map

16 MILE SALT CREEK TRAIL



Current Project - environmental document and comment a

AGENDA ITEM 10

RIVI	ERSIDE COUNTY TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION
DATE:	November 25, 2019
то:	Budget and Implementation Committee
FROM:	Shirley Medina, Planning and Programming Director
THROUGH:	John Standiford, Deputy Executive Director
SUBJECT:	Long Range Transportation Study

STAFF RECOMMENDATION:

This item is for the Committee to:

- 1) Receive and file the Riverside County Long Range Transportation Study (LRTS); and
- 2) Forward to the Commission for final action.

BACKGROUND INFORMATION:

At its January 2016 workshop, the Commission approved the Strategic Assessment and recommendations to pursue additional studies to develop a vision for the future of transportation in Riverside County — including the Next Generation Rail Study, Next Generation Toll Feasibility Study, and the development of a Countywide LRTS. In 2017, the Commission approved a contract with VRPA Technologies to prepare the LRTS, which would also serve as input to the Southern California Association of Government's (SCAG) 2020 Regional Transportation Plan/Sustainable Communities Strategy (RTP/SCS), also referred to as Connect SoCal, scheduled to be adopted by SCAG in April 2020 and federally approved in June 2020.

The Riverside County LRTS effort provides data and analysis for the Commission to consider as it develops future transportation policies and strategies in addressing growth and demand on the multimodal transportation system over the next 25 years. The LRTS is the Commission's first countywide transportation study and sets the stage for additional discussion and coordination with Riverside County jurisdictions, transit operators, Coachella Valley Association of Governments, Western Riverside Council of Governments, Caltrans, SCAG, and other transportation stakeholders. The study reviewed population and employment growth and its impact on the multimodal transportation system, planned projects included in the RTP/SCS, and anticipated available funding sources. The LRTS also incorporates the Commission's adopted 2019-2029 Western Riverside County Highway Delivery plan approved in July 2019. The LRTS is itself not a policy document, but rather a collection of information and analysis that reflects the current and future state of transportation in Riverside County. It is also a snapshot in time; conditions are continually changing and elements of the study may require updating in the future.

Key LRTS discussion topics/chapters include:

- Chapter I. Introduction
- Chapter II. Delivering the Promise
- Chapter III. Riverside County Profile
- Chapter IV. Riverside County Today Existing Conditions
- Chapter V. Riverside County in the Future Multimodal Transportation System
- Chapter VI. Major Projects and Evaluation Assumptions and Methods
- Chapter VII. Funding of Roadway and Transit Capital Investment
- Chapter VIII. Financial Sources Analysis
- Chapter IX. Riverside County Congestion Management Program/Process
- Chapter X. Study Update Process

The LRTS findings primarily highlight the need for additional funding to implement planned projects for the multimodal system including strategies to reduce congestion. In order to accommodate the growth in population and employment, improvements are needed for all transportation modes in addition to programs that enhance ridesharing, increase rail and transit ridership, and promote active transportation. Building new highway capacity will be challenging as capacity enhancement projects face limited funding opportunities at the state level as competitive programs are geared toward reducing greenhouse gases (AB 32, SB 375) and vehicle miles traveled (SB 743). At the federal level, transportation funding is not expected to increase at levels needed to support transportation demand in Riverside County, and national grant funding opportunities are extremely competitive and do not award grants large enough to build the billions of dollars in capacity needs in Riverside County.

Per the LRTS financial analysis, the amount of funding needed to support projects over the next 25 years totals approximately \$10 billion for highways and arterials, and just over \$3 billion for transit capital for a total unfunded need of \$13 billion. Transit operating needs were not specifically examined; however, shortfalls in transit operating funds are expected to continue.

It should be noted that SCAG as the Metropolitan Planning Organization for Southern California is mandated to prepare a RTP/SCS in accordance with state and federal statutes. SCAG's Connect SoCal is a six-county regional transportation plan that addresses several requisite elements, such as air quality conformity, land use, multimodal performance measurement, and financial forecasting to name a few. The intention of the LRTS was not to address or duplicate those specific elements conducted by SCAG, as the focus and role of the Commission is to address transportation issues. In comparing the financial assumptions between the LRTS and SCAG's Draft Connect SoCal, the LRTS is conservative and based on current known funding sources. SCAG's financial forecast assumed new funding programs, such as a mileage-based road charge fee and a federal gasoline tax increase.

The LRTS will be a living document and updated periodically; it has no current fiscal impact. Future updates to the LRTS may be initiated by several activities including, but not limited to,

new legislative requirements; policies; housing, employment growth forecasts.	planning	studies;	funding	changes;	and	population,





December 2019

Riverside County Long Range Transportation Study







Riverside County Long Range Transportation Study

December 2019

Prepared For:



4080 Lemon Street, 3rd Floor Riverside, CA 92501 Ph: (951) 787-7141 Fax: (951) 787-7920

Prepared By:



4630 W. Jennifer, Suite 105 Fresno, CA 93722 Ph: (559) 271-1200 Fax: (559) 271-1269

In Association With:









TABLE OF CONTENTS

Framing the Issues	Executive Summary	ES-2
The LRTS and its Relationship to Other Agencies and Plans	Framing the Issues	ES-2
Summary of Future Transportation Projects	LRTS Goals and Objectives	ES-4
Funding of Roadway and Transit Capital Investments	The LRTS and Its Relationship to Other Agencies and Plans	ES-4
Summary of the LRTS Transportation Strategies	Summary of Future Transportation Projects	ES-8
Chapter I. Introduction	Funding of Roadway and Transit Capital Investments	ES-12
Overview of Riverside County and RCTC	Summary of the LRTS Transportation Strategies	ES-13
Key RCTC Partners.6Study Purpose.9The Critical Need for Additional Funding.11What We Have Learned from Riverside County Residents.11Chapter Preview.14Chapter II. Delivering the Promise.16Measure A Western Riverside County 10-Year Delivery Plan.16Chapter III. Riverside County Profile.20Future Land Use and Population Characteristics.20Economic Development.23Chapter IV. Riverside County Today – Existing (2016) Conditions.67Existing Land Use and Population Characteristics.67Travel Market and Mobility Trends.69Freeways, Highways, and Major Arterials Roadways.76Transit System.84Active Transportation.92Freight and Goods Movement.96Aviation.104Mobility Innovations.108Chapter V. Riverside County in The Future – Multimodal Transportation System.112Highways and Major Roadways.112Transit-Oriented Development/High-Quality Transit Areas.143Next Generation Rail Study.154Active Transportation.158Goods Movement.158Goods Movement.164Transportation System Management/Transportation Demand Management.172Sustainability Issues.174	Chapter I. Introduction	2
Study Purpose	Overview of Riverside County and RCTC	2
The Critical Need for Additional Funding	Key RCTC Partners	6
What We Have Learned from Riverside County Residents	Study Purpose	9
Chapter Preview	The Critical Need for Additional Funding	11
Chapter II. Delivering the Promise16Measure A Western Riverside County 10-Year Delivery Plan16Chapter III. Riverside County Profile20Future Land Use and Population Characteristics20Economic Development23Chapter IV. Riverside County Today – Existing (2016) Conditions67Existing Land Use and Population Characteristics67Travel Market and Mobility Trends69Freeways, Highways, and Major Arterials Roadways76Transit System84Active Transportation92Freight and Goods Movement96Mobility Innovations104Mobility Innovations108Chapter V. Riverside County in The Future – Multimodal Transportation System112Highways and Major Roadways112Rail, Transit and Paratransit System and Service Providers' Connectivity, Maintenance, and Operations136Transit-Oriented Development/High-Quality Transit Areas143Next Generation Rail Study154Active Transportation158Goods Movement154Transportation System Management/Transportation Demand Management172Sustainability Issues174	What We Have Learned from Riverside County Residents	11
Measure A Western Riverside County 10-Year Delivery Plan	Chapter Preview	14
Chapter III. Riverside County Profile20Future Land Use and Population Characteristics20Economic Development23Chapter IV. Riverside County Today – Existing (2016) Conditions67Existing Land Use and Population Characteristics67Travel Market and Mobility Trends69Freeways, Highways, and Major Arterials Roadways76Transit System84Active Transportation92Freight and Goods Movement96Aviation104Mobility Innovations108Chapter V. Riverside County in The Future – Multimodal Transportation System112Highways and Major Roadways112Rail, Transit and Paratransit System and Service Providers' Connectivity, Maintenance, and Operations136Transit-Oriented Development/High-Quality Transit Areas143Next Generation Rail Study154Active Transportation158Goods Movement158Goods Movement164Transportation System Management/Transportation Demand Management172Sustainability Issues174	Chapter II. Delivering the Promise	16
Future Land Use and Population Characteristics	Measure A Western Riverside County 10-Year Delivery Plan	16
Economic Development	Chapter III. Riverside County Profile	20
Chapter IV. Riverside County Today – Existing (2016) Conditions67Existing Land Use and Population Characteristics67Travel Market and Mobility Trends69Freeways, Highways, and Major Arterials Roadways76Transit System84Active Transportation92Freight and Goods Movement96Aviation104Mobility Innovations108Chapter V. Riverside County in The Future – Multimodal Transportation System112Highways and Major Roadways112Rail, Transit and Paratransit System and Service Providers' Connectivity, Maintenance, and Operations136Transit-Oriented Development/High-Quality Transit Areas143Next Generation Rail Study154Active Transportation158Goods Movement158Goods Movement164Transportation System Management/Transportation Demand Management172Sustainability Issues174	Future Land Use and Population Characteristics	20
Existing Land Use and Population Characteristics 67 Travel Market and Mobility Trends 69 Freeways, Highways, and Major Arterials Roadways 76 Transit System 84 Active Transportation 92 Freight and Goods Movement 96 Aviation 104 Mobility Innovations 108 Chapter V. Riverside County in The Future – Multimodal Transportation System 112 Highways and Major Roadways 112 Rail, Transit and Paratransit System and Service Providers' Connectivity, Maintenance, and Operations 136 Transit-Oriented Development/High-Quality Transit Areas 143 Next Generation Rail Study 154 Active Transportation 158 Goods Movement 158 Goods Movement 164 Transportation System Management/Transportation Demand Management 172 Sustainability Issues 174	Economic Development	23
Travel Market and Mobility Trends 69 Freeways, Highways, and Major Arterials Roadways 76 Transit System 84 Active Transportation 92 Freight and Goods Movement 96 Aviation 104 Mobility Innovations 108 Chapter V. Riverside County in The Future – Multimodal Transportation System 112 Highways and Major Roadways 112 Rail, Transit and Paratransit System and Service Providers' Connectivity, Maintenance, and Operations 136 Transit-Oriented Development/High-Quality Transit Areas 143 Next Generation Rail Study 154 Active Transportation 158 Goods Movement 158 Goods Movement 164 Transportation System Management/Transportation Demand Management 172 Sustainability Issues 174	Chapter IV. Riverside County Today – Existing (2016) Conditions	67
Freeways, Highways, and Major Arterials Roadways	Existing Land Use and Population Characteristics	67
Transit System	Travel Market and Mobility Trends	69
Active Transportation	Freeways, Highways, and Major Arterials Roadways	76
Freight and Goods Movement 96 Aviation 104 Mobility Innovations 108 Chapter V. Riverside County in The Future – Multimodal Transportation System 112 Highways and Major Roadways 112 Rail, Transit and Paratransit System and Service Providers' Connectivity, Maintenance, and Operations 136 Transit-Oriented Development/High-Quality Transit Areas 143 Next Generation Rail Study 154 Active Transportation 158 Goods Movement 164 Transportation System Management/Transportation Demand Management 172 Sustainability Issues 174	Transit System	84
Aviation	Active Transportation	92
Mobility Innovations	Freight and Goods Movement	96
Chapter V. Riverside County in The Future – Multimodal Transportation System112Highways and Major Roadways112Rail, Transit and Paratransit System and Service Providers' Connectivity, Maintenance, and Operations136Transit-Oriented Development/High-Quality Transit Areas143Next Generation Rail Study154Active Transportation158Goods Movement164Transportation System Management/Transportation Demand Management172Sustainability Issues174	Aviation	104
Highways and Major Roadways	Mobility Innovations	108
Rail, Transit and Paratransit System and Service Providers' Connectivity, Maintenance, and Operations	Chapter V. Riverside County in The Future – Multimodal Transportation System	112
Transit-Oriented Development/High-Quality Transit Areas	Highways and Major Roadways	112
Next Generation Rail Study	Rail, Transit and Paratransit System and Service Providers' Connectivity, Maintenance, and Operations	136
Active Transportation	Transit-Oriented Development/High-Quality Transit Areas	143
Goods Movement	Next Generation Rail Study	154
Transportation System Management/Transportation Demand Management	Active Transportation	158
Sustainability Issues	Goods Movement	164
•	Transportation System Management/Transportation Demand Management	172
Disadvantaged Communities/Environmental Justice Issues	Sustainability Issues	174
	Disadvantaged Communities/Environmental Justice Issues	176

Chapter VI. Major Projects and Evaluation Assumptions and Methods	178
Identification of Projects	178
RTP/SCS Projects	184
Evaluation Assumptions and Methods	184
Chapter VII. Funding of Roadway and Transit Capital Investments	191
Introduction	191
General Assumptions Related to Funding Sources	191
Roadway Project List Analysis	191
Roadway Sources and Uses Summary and Potential Funding Strategies	194
Transit Project List Analysis	194
Transit Sources and Uses Summary and Potential Funding Strategies	195
Chapter VIII. Financial Sources Analysis	199
Existing Major Revenue Sources	199
Federal Programs	199
State Programs	206
Local Programs	210
Measure A	211
Other Potential Revenue and Funding Opportunities	212
Chapter IX. Riverside County Congestion Management Program	217
Introduction	217
State CMP	217
Federal CMP	218
CMP System	219
Transportation Modeling	219
Performance Standards	219
RCTC Conformance and Monitoring Process	223
RCTC Deficiency Plan Process	224
Management Strategies	225
RCTC CIP Program	225
RCTC Conformance and Monitoring	226
SCAG Consistency Review	226
CMP Development, Implementation, and Update Process	226
Chapter X. Study Update Process	228
Advancement of Projects	228
Funding	229
Ongoing Monitoring and Performance-based Planning	230

APPENDICES

Appendix A - Long Range Transportation Study: State Highway and Major Roadway Projects

Appendix B - Long Range Transportation Study: Major Transit Projects

Appendix C - SCAG 2020 RTP/SCS Submitted Projects

Appendix D - Key Funding Programs

LIST OF TABLES

Table 1 – RCTC Activities and Functions	4
Table 2 – Measure A Revenue for Local Streets and Roads	5
Table 3 – RCTC and Its Partners Key Responsibilities	7
Table 4 – Policy Goals and Objectives	10
Table 5 – How the LRTS Addresses Key Public Engagement Comments	13
Table 6 – SCAG Regional Population and Employment by County, 2040	21
Table 7 – Riverside County Population and Employment, 2040	22
Table 8 – Top Industry Sectors (2015) for Riverside County Compared to SCAG Region	32
Table 9 – Top Occupations (2012-2017) for Riverside County MSA	33
Table 10 – Riverside County Population Education Level, 2016	34
Table 11 – Real Estate Historical Market Conditions	42
Table 12 – County and Subarea Commute Inflow/Outflow, 2015	45
Table 13 – Major Job Categories and Monthly Earnings Categories by Subarea, 2016	46
Table 14 – Western Riverside County Commute Pattern Data, 2015	48
Table 15 – Coachella Valley Commute Patterns, 2015	49
Table 16 – Palo Verde Valley Commute Patterns, 2015	50
Table 17 – Population Projections by Subarea, 2012-2040	53
Table 18 – Job Projection by Subarea, 2012-2040	53
Table 19 – SCAG Region Employment Growth by City, 2015-2040	
Table 20 – Plan Area and Demographics	57
Table 21 – Plan Area Real Estate Conditions	58
Table 22 – SCAG Regional Population and Employment by County, 2000 - 2015	68
Table 23 – Riverside County Population and Employment, 2016	
Table 24 – Daily Person Trips	70
Table 25 – AM Peak Period (6-9 AM) Inter-County Auto and Truck Trips	75
Table 26 – AM Peak Period (6-9 AM) Inter-County Auto and Truck Trips	75
Table 27 – First and Last Mile Mobility Plan Pilot Station Locations	86
Table 28 – Transit Providers and Service Offerings in Riverside County	88
Table 29 – SCAG 2016 RTP/SCS 2040 Plan: Highest Cost Riverside County Roadway Projects	
Table 30 – Potential Express Lanes Projects	
Table 31 – Transit Ridership Changes	
Table 32 – Corridor Advantages and Disadvantages	157

Table 33 – 18 High Priority Grade Separation Projects in Riverside County	168
Table 34 – Project Level Performance Measures – State Highway and Major Roadway Projects	186
Table 35 – Project Level Performance Measures – Major Transit Projects	189
LIST OF FIGURES	
Figure 1 – Regional Location	3
Figure 2 – 2019 - 2009 Western Riverside County Highway Delivery Plan	17
Figure 3 – 2019 - 2029 Western Riverside County Highway Delivery Plan – Evaluation Process	18
Figure 4 – Population and Employment by SCAG Region, 2018	26
Figure 5 – Population and Employment by SCAG Region, 2018	27
Figure 6 – Riverside County Population Growth by District, 1970 - 2018	29
Figure 7 – Riverside County Population and Job Growth, 1970 - 2018	30
Figure 8 – Subarea Percent of Jobs by Sector	35
Figure 9 – Concentration of Transportation and Warehousing Jobs in Riverside County	37
Figure 10 – Concentration of Transportation and Warehousing Jobs in Riverside County	38
Figure 11 – Concentration of Professional, Scientific, Technical Services Job in Riverside County	39
Figure 12 – Concentration of Homes of All Employed Residents in Riverside County	40
Figure 13 – Riverside County Inflow/Outflow, 2015	44
Figure 14 – SCAG Region Employment Change, 2012-2040	52
Figure 15 – Existing and Future Daily Auto Trips in and to/from Riverside County	71
Figure 16 - Existing and Future Daily Auto Trips in and to/from Western Riverside County	72
Figure 17 – Existing and Future Truck Daily Trips in and to/from Riverside County	73
Figure 18 - Existing and Future Truck Daily Trips in and to/from Western Riverside County	74
Figure 19 – Existing, Holiday, Weekend, and Seasonal Traffic Patterns in Riverside County	76
Figure 20 – Existing Highways	80
Figure 21 – Corridor System Management Plan Projects	83
Figure 22 – Riverside County Fixed-Route Service Providers and Service Areas	89
Figure 23 – Riverside County Active Transportation Plans	93
Figure 24 – Class I Bikeway	94
Figure 25 - Class II Bikeway	94
Figure 26 - Class III Bikeway	95
Figure 27 - Class IV Bikeway	95
Figure 28 – Riverside County Freight Rail Corridors	97
Figure 29 – Riverside County Major Truck Routes	
Figure 30 – Riverside County Trucking Corridors and Major Bottlenecks	100
Figure 31 – Riverside County Goods Movement Network Showing Intermodal Facilities	
Figure 32 – Major Commodities Moved by Rail in Riverside County	103
Figure 33 – Major Commodities Moved by Truck in Riverside County	
Figure 34 – Palm Springs International Airport Location	105

Figure 35 – March Air Reserve Base Location	. 107
Figure 36 – 2040 Plan Future Highway and Potential Express Lanes Projects	. 115
Figure 37 – Roadway Facility Lane Miles	. 117
Figure 38 – Baseline 2040 Projects (Western Riverside County)	. 118
Figure 39 – Baseline 2040 Projects (Eastern Riverside County)	. 119
Figure 40 – Plan 2040 Projects (Western Riverside County)	. 120
Figure 41 – Plan 2040 Projects (Eastern Riverside County)	. 121
Figure 42 - Inland Empire East-West Multimodal Corridor	. 123
Figure 43 - Inland Empire North-South Multimodal Corridor	. 124
Figure 44 - Incidents	. 126
Figure 45 – Annual Vehicle Miles Traveled	. 126
Figure 46 – Plan 2040 Projects	. 128
Figure 47 – Baseline 2040 PM Peak Period Level of Service	. 129
Figure 48 – Plan 2040 PM Peak Period Level of Service	. 130
Figure 49 – Corridors with Level of Service E or F in 2040	. 131
Figure 50 –Transit-Oriented and Transit Supportive Land Use Policies (Western Riverside County)	. 144
Figure 51 - Transit-Oriented and Transit-Supportive Land Use Policies (Coachella Valley)	. 145
Figure 52 – Riverside County Northwest High Quality Transit Areas, 2040	. 146
Figure 53 – Riverside County Southwest High Quality Transit Areas, 2040	. 147
Figure 54 – Riverside County Coachella Valley High Quality Transit Areas, 2040	. 148
Figure 55 – Next Generation Rail Study Task 1 Study Process	. 154
Figure 56– Existing Regional Rail/Transit Services	. 155
Figure 57 – Bicycle Network and Areas of Pedestrian Activity (Western Riverside County)	. 160
Figure 58 – Bicycle Network and Areas of Pedestrian Activity (Coachella Valley)	. 161
Figure 59 – Riverside County Disadvantaged Communities	. 169
Figure 60 – Project Locations – Western Riverside County	. 179
Figure 61 – Project Locations – Coachella Valley	. 180
Figure 62 – Project Locations – Palo Verde Valley	. 181
Figure 63 – Number of State Highway and Major Roadway Projects by Completion Year	. 182
Figure 64 – State Highway and Major Roadway Projects Cost by Completion Year	. 183
Figure 65 – Number of Major Transit Projects by Completion Year	. 183
Figure 66 – Major Transit Projects Cost by Completion Year	. 184
Figure 67 – Annual Roadway Capital Project Funding by Source (Thousands)	. 192
Figure 68 – Annual Roadway Capital Project Funding Sources vs. Roadway Capital Project Uses (Thousands) .	. 193
Figure 69 – Total Cumulative Roadway Capital Project Funding Surplus/Shortfall (Thousands)	. 193
Figure 70 – Total Roadway Capital Project Funding vs. Total Roadway Capital Projects Uses (Thousands)	. 194
Figure 71 – Annual Transit Capital Project Funding by Source (Thousands)	. 196
Figure 72 – Annual Transit Capital Project Funding Sources vs. Transit Capital Project Uses (Thousands)	. 196
Figure 73 – Total Cumulative Transit Capital Project Funding Surplus/Shortfall (Thousands)	. 197

Riverside County Transportation Commission Riverside County Long Range Transportation Study

Figure 74 – Total Transit Capital Project Funding vs. Total Transit Capital Project Uses (Thousands)	197
Figure 75 – 2016 PM Period Level of Service	221
Figure 76 – Plan 2040 PM Period Level of Service	222

ABBREVIATIONS AND ACRONYMS

AADT Annual Average Daily Traffic

AB Assembly Bill

ACV Automated/Connected Vehicle
ADA Americans with Disabilities Act

ADT Average Daily Traffic
ARB Air Resources Board

ATM Advanced Traffic Management
ATP Active Transportation Plan

AZ Arizona

BCI Bicycle Compatibility Index
BLOS Bicycle Level of Service

BNSF Burlington Northern Santa Fe Railroad

BRT Bus Rapid Transit

BTA Bicycle Transportation Account

BUILD Better Utilizing Investment to Leverage Development

CA California

Caltrans California Department of Transportation
CAV Connected and Automated Vehicles

CBD Central Business District (City of Palm Springs)

CCP Comprehensive Corridor Plan
CDP Census Designated Place

CEQA California Environmental Quality Act

CETAP Community Environmental Transportation Acceptability Process

CMA Congestion Management Agency

CMAQ Congestion Mitigation and Air Quality Improvement Program

CMIA Corridor Mobility Improvement Account

CMP Congestion Management Plan
CMS Congestion Management System

CO Carbon Monoxide

CPA Community Planning Area (City of Los Angeles)

CPUC California Public Utilities Commission
CSMP Corridor System Management Plans
CTC California Transportation Commission

CV Link Coachella Valley Link

CVAG Coachella Valley Association of Governments

DBF Design-Build-Finance

DCCM Dynamic Corridor Congestion Management

DOF Department of Finance

DPR Department of Parks and Recreation

EDD Employment Development Department

EEM Environmental Enhancement and Mitigation

Riverside County Long Range Transportation Study

EGPR Environmental Goals and Policy Report

FAR Floor Area Ration

FAST Fixing America's Surface Transportation Act

FHWA Federal Highway Administration
FTA Federal Transit Administration

FTIP Federal Transportation Improvement Project

FY Fiscal Year

GGRF Greenhouse Gas Reduction Fund

GHG Greenhouse Gas

GIS Geographic Information System HCM Highway Capacity Manual

HDT Heavy Duty Trucks

HIOC Hoover Index of Concentration

HOT High Occupancy Toll
HOV High Occupancy Vehicle
HQTA High Quality Transit Areas

HSIP Highway Safety Improvement Program

I Interstate

ICM Integrated Corridor Management
IEN Information Exchange Network
IEOC Inland Empire – Orange County

IOD Index of Divergence

ITIP Interregional Transportation Improvement Program

ITS Intelligent Transportation System

LA Metro Los Angeles County Metropolitan Transportation Authority

LCTOP Low Carbon Transit Operations Program
LEHD Longitudinal Employer – Household Dynamics

LOS Level of Service

LPP Local Partnership Program

LRTS Long Range Transportation Study

LTF Local Transportation Fund
LTS Level of Traffic Stress
MaaS Mobility as a Service

Map 21 Moving Ahead for Progress in the 21st Century Act

March ARB March Air Reserve Base MD Metropolitan Division

MPO Metropolitan Planning Organization

MSA Metropolitan Statistical Area

MSHCP Multi-Species Habitat Conservation Plan

MUA Mixed-Use Area

NAFTA North American Free Trade Agreement

NAICS North American Industry Classification System

NEPA National Environmental Policy Act
NEV Neighborhood Electric Vehicles
NHFN National Highway Freight Network
NHPP National Highway Performance Program

NHS National Highway System

NHTSA National Highway Traffic Safety Administration

NMTP Non-Motorized Transportation Plan

NOx Nitrogen Oxide

NSFHP Nationally Significant Freight and Highway Projects
NSFLRP Nationally Significant Federal Lands and Tribal Projects

O&M Operation and Maintenance

OCTA Orange County Transportation Authority
OES Occupational Employment Statistics

P3 Public-Private Partnerships

PBPP Performance Based Planning and Programming

PeMS Performance Measurement System

PM Particulate Matter
Ppb Parts Per Billion
PVL Perris Valley Line

PVVTA Palo Verde Valley Transit Agency

QCEW Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages Database

RCIP Riverside County Integrated Plan

RCTC Riverside County Transportation Commission

RIITS Regional Integration of Intelligent Transportation Systems

RivCOM Riverside County Model

RivTAM Riverside County Traffic Analysis Model

ROW Right of Way

RTA Riverside Transit Agency
RTP Recreational Trails Program
RTP Regional Transportation Plans

RTPA Regional Transportation Planning Agency

SB Senate Bill

SBCTA San Bernardino County Transportation Authority
SCAG Southern California Association of Governments
SCCP Solutions for Congested Corridors Program

SCS Sustainable Communities Strategy

SGC Strategic Growth Council

SHOPP State Highway Operations and Protection Program

SHSP Strategic Highway Safety Plan SOV Single Occupancy Vehicle

Sq. Ft. Square Feet SR State Route

SR2S Safe Routes to School
SRTP Short Range Transit Plan
STA State Transit Assistance

STBG State Transportation Block Grant Program
STIP State Transportation Improvement Program

TA Transportation Alternatives

TAP Transportation Alternatives Program

TAZs Transportation Analysis Zones

TCEP Trade Corridor Enhancement Program
TDA Transportation Development Act
TDM Transportation Demand Management

TIFIA Transportation Infrastructure Finance and Innovation Act

Riverside County Long Range Transportation Study

TIGER Transportation Investment Generating Economic Recovery (grant program)

TMA **Transportation Management Agency TNCs Transportation Network Companies** TOD **Transit-Oriented Development** TSM **Transportation System Management TUMF** Transportation Uniform Mitigation Fee

TZD **Toward Zero Deaths**

UCR University of California, Riverside

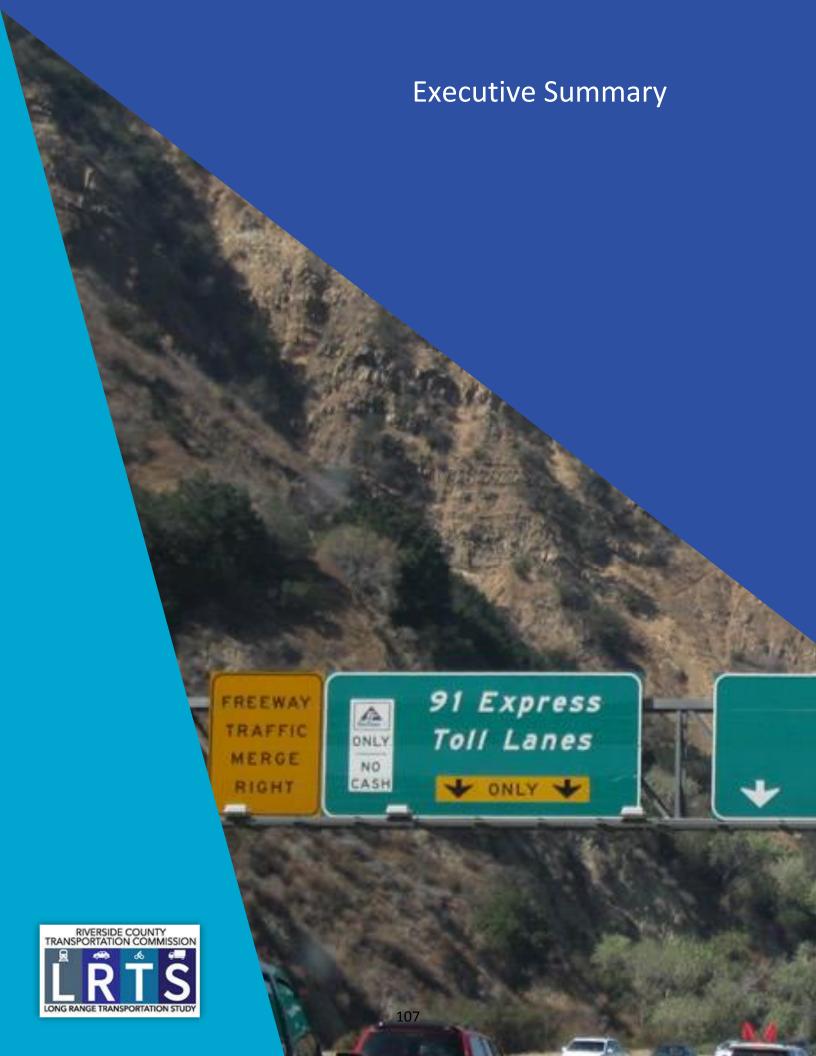
UP Union Pacific Railroad

U.S. **United States**

USDOT U.S. Department of Transportation

V/C Volume to Capacity VMT Vehicle Miles Traveled YOE Year of Expenditure WLC **World Logistics Center**

WRCOG Western Riverside Council of Governments





Executive Summary

Framing the Issues

Riverside County is the 10th most populous county in the United States (U.S.) at 2.45 million, higher than 15 of the 50 U.S. states. The location of Riverside County and its major subareas are shown in Figure ES-1. Western Riverside County is embedded within the greater Los Angeles metropolitan area and for decades has served as a bedroom community to Orange and Los Angeles counties. Logistics and warehousing distribution centers have been located in the Inland Empire given the proximity to the seaports and availability of land. Western Riverside County has a long-standing goal to become more balanced with respect to jobs and housing. The Coachella Valley in the center of the County and the Palo Verde Valley in the east are more self-contained in terms of daily travel but are subject to spikes in seasonal and weekend travel. Riverside County's population is estimated to grow to 3.2 million by 2040 and planning for this growth will present many challenges and opportunities. This Study will address these overarching challenges along with limited transportation funding resources.

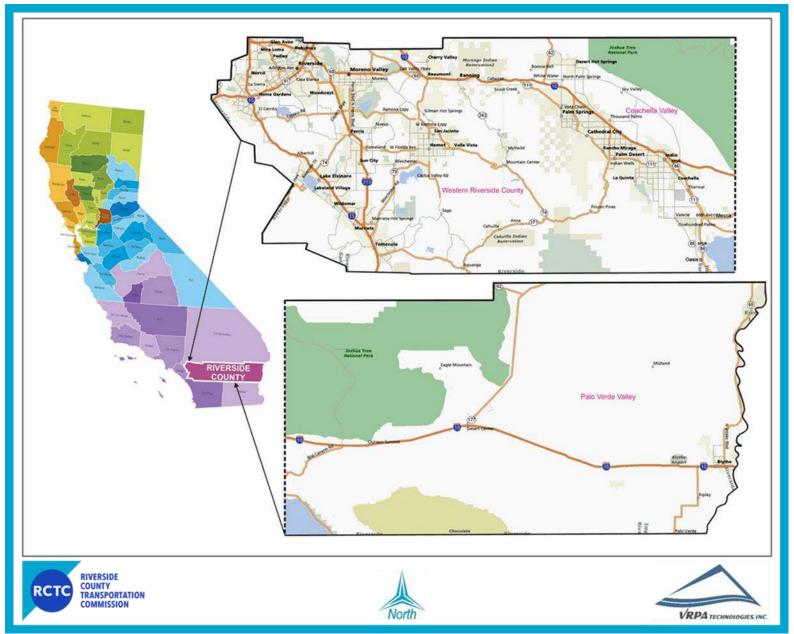
The Riverside County Transportation Commission (RCTC) is the Regional Transportation Planning Agency (RTPA) for Riverside County. RCTC was created by the state legislature in 1976 and charged with coordinating transportation planning, funding and facilitation of all modes of transportation in Riverside County. The agency is governed by a 34-member Commission that includes a mayor or council member from each of Riverside County's cities, all five members of the Board of Supervisors, and a non-voting appointee of the Governor.

Short and long-range transportation planning within Riverside County is a key responsibility of RCTC, including coordination and funding of public mass transit service, approval of capital development projects for public transit and highway projects, and the identification of staging and scheduling of project development and construction relative to programming documents such as the Federal Transportation Improvement Program (FTIP) and Regional Transportation Plan/Sustainable Communities Strategy (RTP/SCS). RCTC plans and implements transportation and transit improvements, particularly those that affect more than one jurisdiction. The agency also assists local governments with money for local streets and roads and develops plans and programs to improve commuting and goods movement. Policies adopted by RCTC also aim to ensure that all persons have equitable access to transportation.

In 1988 the Measure A half-cent sales tax was approved by Riverside County voters, along with a 20-year expenditure plan. RCTC became the agency charged with implementing the mobility improvements. In 2002, voters approved an extension of Measure A until 2039. Measure A funds go back to each of the three geographic areas within Riverside County: Western Riverside County, Coachella Valley, and Palo Verde Valley, in proportion to the sales taxes they contribute. Each of the three geographic areas has its own transportation program.



Figure ES-1 - Regional Location



Riverside County Transportation Commission

Riverside County Long Range Transportation Study



Beyond Measure A, RCTC also helps allocate state and federal transportation funds in Riverside County. The California Transportation Commission (CTC) administers the State Transportation Improvement Program (STIP). The STIP consists of Regional Improvement Program (RIP) and Interregional Improvement Program (IIP) funds for projects for improvements on the multimodal transportation system. As the regional transportation planning agency, RCTC selects projects proposed for RIP funds. Caltrans selects IIP-funded projects. RCTC and the California Department of Transportation (Caltrans) District 8 work closely in coordinating projects for these fund sources. The CTC approves the STIP during even-numbered years.

LRTS Goals and Objectives

Riverside County LRTS: Policy Goals and Objectives

The LRTS is driven by RCTC's four (4) core goals and underlying objectives for the people of Riverside County and the transportation system upon which they rely. These goals and objectives (Table ES-1) were also included in RCTC's Fiscal Year 2019/20 adopted budget.

The LRTS and Its Relationship to Other Agencies and Plans

Planning, programming and delivery of transportation projects is achieved in conjunction and in partnership with dozens of other agencies at the federal, state, regional, subregional and local levels. Table ES-2 provides a summary of its key partner agencies and their responsibilities with which RCTC collaborates.

Federal Agency Partners

Key federal partners include U.S. Department of Transportation and its two principal surface transportation agencies, the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and Federal Transit Administration (FTA). Other federal agencies include the Federal Railroad Administration (FRA), and Amtrak, which operates interstate passenger rail services with support from Caltrans.

State Agency Partners

The California State Transportation Agency (CalSTA) is a cabinet-level agency focused on addressing all of the state's transportation issues. Of its nine major divisions, two have substantial intersection with RCTC's operations. Caltrans, as the steward and operator of the state highway system, is involved in the implementation of RCTC-led projects on state highways. The CTC programs various state and federal funding on transportation projects, including state highways, rail, transit, and active transportation. The California Air Resources Board (CARB) sets air quality standards and in coordination with the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), determines conformity between transportation and air quality plans; CARB also funds projects and programs that result in emissions reductions.



Table ES-1 – Policy Goals and Objectives

QUALITY OF LIFE										
	roving life for the people of Riverside County and empowering them to live life									
at their pace.										
	RCTC empowers the residents of Riverside County to choose how to get safely to									
Choice	where they are going.									
Environmental										
Ste wardship	RCTC protects and preserves the County's environment for our residents.									
	RCTC provides access, equity, and choice in transportation; RCTC is a mobility									
Mobility	partner.									
	RCTC projects are the connection to employment, schools, community institutions,									
Access	parks, medical facilities and shopping in the community.									
	RCTC facilitates the funding and delivery of projects that mitigate the impact									
Goods Movement	of increased goods movement flow through Riverside County									
OPERATIONAL EXCELL										
	nd conservative steward of taxpayer dollars.									
nore is a responsible a	The conservative steward by taxpayer donars.									
State of Good Repair	RCTC invests in road safety and maintenance in its residents' neighborhoods.									
State of Good Repair										
D	Projects are completed on-time, on-budget; RCTC delivers on its promises as a									
Promises Fulfilled	steward of Riverside County residents' investment.									
¥1	Program and project delivery innovations drive results, savings, and greater									
Innovation	economic opportunities for Riverside County residents.									
Information	RCTC operations are transparent; customers get fast, timely, quality service.									
CONNECTING THE ECO	NOMY									
RCTC is a driver of eco	nomic growth in Riverside County.									
	RCTC improves the economy by creating a robust workforce to workplace system;									
Workforce Mobility	RCTC helps move the economy of Riverside County.									
	Since 1976, RCTC has been responsible for connecting our County's economy as the									
Population Growth	County's population has quadrupled from 550,000 to 2.3 million today.									
	RCTC has invested \$4 billion in the County's economy thanks to Measure A and									
	future toll revenues, which has a multiplier impact in terms of jobs and economic									
Economic Impact	opportunity throughout Riverside County.									
RESPONSIBLE PARTNE	프랑스 프로그 이 프로그 프랑스									
	al, regional, and state governments to deliver road and transit projects.									
nore partners with roc	RCTC invests in local priorities for maintaining streets and roads and fixing									
Streets and Roads	potholes.									
Streets and Roads										
T	RCTC is a partner with transit operators to provide residents mobility choices,									
Transit	flexibility, intercity and intercounty connectivity, and access.									
	RCTC is a partner with agencies within the County to promote active transportation									
Active Transportation	alternatives, including the building of regional trails and bicycle and pedestrian									
Facilities	facilities in accordance with local general master and active transportation plans.									
50 W										
Grants	RCTC is a steward of state and federal grants to improve our communities.									
	RCTC invests Measure A dollars into projects and programs that benefit local									
Local Measure A Value	communities throughout the County.									



Table ES-2 – RCTC and Its Partners Key Responsibilities

					G111G				- /											
PARTNERS	Rulemaking	Transportation Policy	Transportation Planning	Transportation Financing	Transportation Programming	Regional Transportation Plan (RTP)	Regional Transportation Improvement Program (RTIP)	State Transportation Improvement Program (STIP)	Federal Transportation Improvement Program (FTIP)	Transportation Sales Tax Measure Planning & Implementation	TUMF Planning & Implementation	State Highway Construction, Operations & Maintenance	Local Street Construction, Operations, & Maintenance	Congestion Management	Express Lane Management	Transit/Passenger Rail Services	Air Quality Planning	Air Quality Policy	Air Quality Conformity	Air Quality Maintenance
Riverside County Transportation Commission																				
Federal Agency Partners																				
U.S. Department of Transportation																				
Federal Highway Administration																				
Federal Transit Administration																				
AMTRAK																				
Federal Railroad Administration																				
State Agency Partners																				
California State Transportation Agency																				
California Department of Transportation																				
California Transportation Commission																				
California Air Resources Board																				
Regional Agency Partners																				
Southern California Association of Governments																				
South Coast Air Quality Management District																				
Southern California Regional Rail Authority/Metrolink																				
County-Level Partners																				
Imperial Valley Association of Governments																				
Los Angeles Metropolitan Transportation Authority																				
Orange County Transportation Authority																				
San Bernardino County Transportation Authority																				
San Diego Association of Governments																				
Ventura County Transportation Commission																				
Subregional Agency Partners																				
Western Riverside Council of Governments																				
Coachella Valley Association of Governments																				
Tribal Governments																				
Local Agency Partners																				
County of Riverside and the 28 Incorporated Cities																				
Riverside County's Fixed-Route Transit Operators																				

Legend: Primary Responsibility
Secondary or Support Responsibility



Regional Agency Partners

As a County Transportation Commission, RCTC represents the Riverside County subregion and assists the Southern California Association of Governments (SCAG) in carrying out its functions as the Metropolitan Planning Organization (MPO). SCAG, in coordination with RCTC, performs studies and develops consensus relative to regional growth forecasts, regional transportation plans, and mobile source components of the air quality plans maintained by the South Coast Air Quality Management District (SCAQMD). RCTC also is responsible for submitting projects to SCAG for inclusion in the RTP. Per federal and state regulations, all projects programmed with federal and state funds, including locally funded regionally significant projects, are required to be included in the RTP. SCAG as the MPO is responsible for conducting analysis to enable CARB and the EPA to determine air quality conformity with adopted air plans for the six counties in the SCAG region (Imperial, Los Angeles, Orange, Riverside, San Bernardino, and Ventura counties).

As mentioned previously, the SCRRA or Metrolink, is a joint powers authority consisting of five county transportation commissions [Los Angeles (LA Metro), Orange (Orange County Transportation Authority or OCTA), Riverside (RCTC), San Bernardino (San Bernardino County Transportation Authority or SBCTA), and Ventura (Ventura County Transportation Commission or VCTC)]. Metrolink is the premier commuter rail system in Southern California connecting communities on a 536 route-mile network.

County-Level Partners

RCTC works closely with peer county-level transportation agencies in Southern California, including:

- ✓ Imperial Valley Association of Governments (IVAG)
- Los Angeles Metropolitan Transportation Authority (LA Metro)
- Orange County Transportation Authority (OCTA)
- ✓ San Bernardino County Transportation Authority (SBCTA)
- ✓ San Diego Association of Governments (SANDAG)
- Ventura County Transportation Commission (VCTC)

These above intercounty partnerships are especially important because of shared borders and transportation linkages between Riverside County and these counties. Since SANDAG is also a Metropolitan Planning Organization, the relationship with SANDAG may involve SCAG for larger MPO planning purposes.

Subregional Agency Partners

RCTC works with two primary subregional agencies. The Western Riverside County Council of Governments (WRCOG) promotes transportation solutions in the most populous western portion of the county. In the Coachella Valley, the Coachella Valley Association of Governments (CVAG) is the planning agency coordinating government services in the Coachella Valley. Both subregional agencies promote solutions to the common issues of the local governments and tribes that are its members. Both agencies administer Transportation Uniform Mitigation Fee (TUMF) programs that complement and enhance Measure A projects and programs. CVAG, WRCOG, RCTC, and SCAG coordinate efforts to plan, fund, and implement transportation improvement projects.

Riverside County Transportation Commission

Riverside County Long Range Transportation Study



Tribal Governments

RCTC consults with tribal governments in the development of projects and planning that have the potential to impact tribal lands. There are 11 tribal governments within Riverside County primarily located in Southwest, Central, Coachella Valley and Eastern portions of the county.

Local Agency Partners

Local agencies include the County of Riverside and 28 incorporated Cities. Each of these local jurisdictions controls their own local streets, which collectively represent most roadway miles in the county. Other key local partner agencies include Riverside County's seven (7) transit operators:

- ✓ City of Banning Transit
- ✓ City of Beaumont Transit
- City of Riverside Special Transportation Services (Paratransit only)
- ✓ Corona Cruiser
- ✓ Palo Verde Valley Transit Agency
- ✓ Riverside Transit Agency (RTA)
- SunLine Transit Agency

Summary of Future Transportation Projects

A major component of the LRTS is the identification and evaluation of highway, major roadway and transit projects. A total of 130 State highway and major roadway projects and 57 major local and regional transit projects were identified for inclusion in the LRTS due to their size and/or level of regional significance and are also included in Riverside County's submittal to SCAG for the 2020 RTP/SCS update. Potential express lane facilities were analyzed separately in RCTC's Next Generation Toll Feasibility Study (2019). The express lane facilities analyzed in the Next Generation Toll Feasibility Study have been documented in the LRTS, but they are not currently included in the LRTS major projects list or in the list of projects submitted to SCAG for the 2020 RTP/SCS update. Potential major transit corridors were also documented in the LRTS from a separate process, the Next Generation Rail Study (2019).

Figure ES-2 through Figure ES-4 show the locations and types of projects included in the list.

Projects included in the LRTS were analyzed using a project evaluation process. The purpose was to provide information on the characteristics and benefits of each project. No attempt was made to provide a prioritization of projects since RCTC and local agencies have other processes in place for prioritization. The resulting project lists include a total of \$12.3 Billion in capital costs for state highway and major roadway projects and \$3.98 Billion in capital costs for major transit projects. The details are included in Appendix A and B. The details and results of the project evaluation process are also included in Appendix A and B.



Figure ES-2 - Project Locations — Western Riverside County

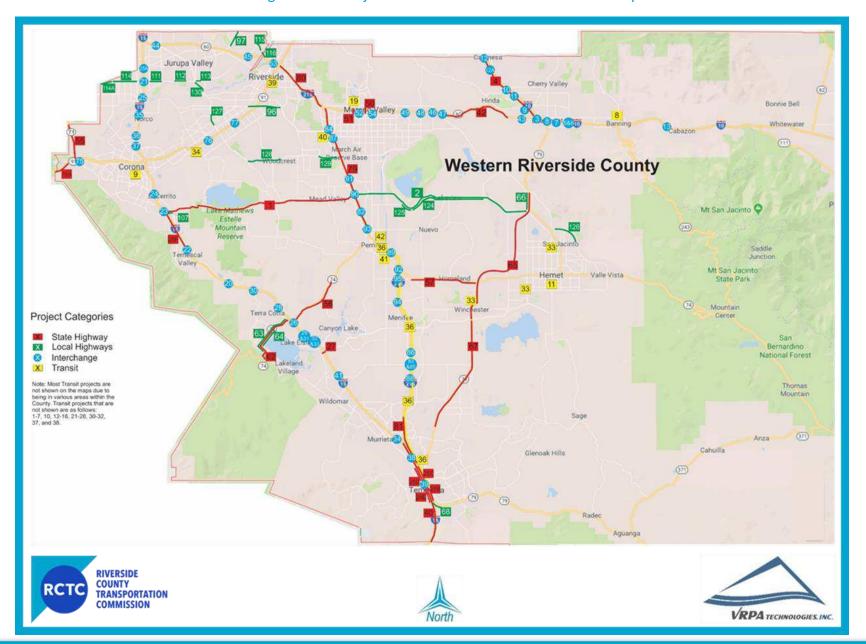




Figure ES-3 - Project Locations — Coachella Valley

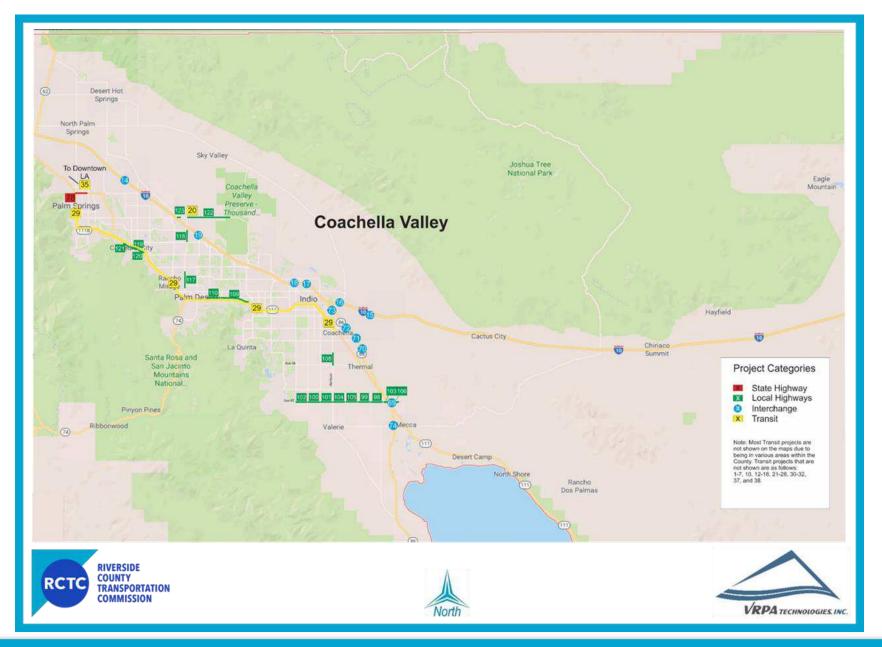




Figure ES-4 - Project Locations – Palo Verde Valley



Riverside County Transportation Commission

Riverside County Long Range Transportation Study



For comparison purposes, it should be noted that the Riverside County Strategic Assessment, completed in 2016, identified \$23.4 Billion in capital project costs for all projects, including many of the major LRTS projects and additional smaller projects. Any comparisons between cost estimates for the LRTS major projects and the Strategic Assessment should note that project lists and project cost estimates have changed somewhat between 2016 and 2019.

SCAG is the regional agency responsible for planning and programming projects at a regional level in the Southern California area including Riverside County and the Counties of Ventura, Los Angeles, San Bernardino, Orange, and Imperial. Every four years, SCAG prepares RTP/SCS, which incorporates transportation projects considering federal, state, and/or regional funding.

SCAG is currently in the process of preparing its 2020 RTP/SCS. Identification of Riverside County transportation projects for inclusion in the 2020 RTP/SCS was ongoing during the time of preparation of the LRTS. Appendix C provides a list of Riverside County transportation projects that were submitted to SCAG for inclusion in its 2020 RTP/SCS. This includes approximately 700 projects with an estimated capital cost of \$20.57 Billion. Review of the 2020 RTP/SCS project list resulted in identification of \$8.27 Billion in transportation improvements that were not included in the major projects described above. This \$8.27 Billion in transportation improvement projects was included in the financial analysis described in the following chapter.

Funding of Roadway and Transit Capital Investments

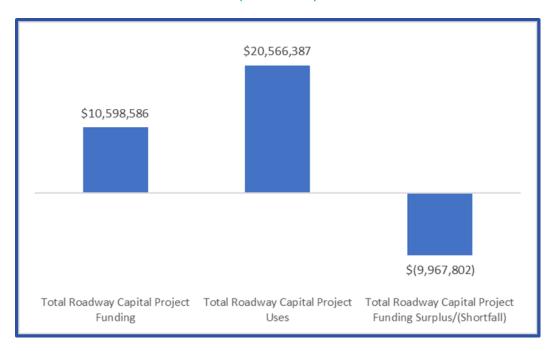
As RCTC funding is limited, the LRTS aims to identify the most financially viable strategy for delivery of projects identified in the LRTS State Highway and Major Roadway projects list (Appendix A) and the Major Transit projects list (Appendix B). The LRTS uses detailed estimates of the amount and timing of funding sources and compares them to the amount and timing of funding uses to develop a Sources and Uses model. A complete list of available federal, state, regional, local and other funding programs is provided in Appendix D.

Roadway Sources and Uses Summary and Potential Funding Strategies

The full cost of a project is assumed to be expended in the year of Project completion (per the LRTS project lists), for projects under \$100 million. Because the Roadway project list in this study only accounts for large projects, this analysis includes \$7.7 billion in small project costs spread evenly over the analysis period. Figure ES-5 shows the total Roadway capital project funding, total Roadway capital project uses and the estimated total shortfall for the entire analysis period.



Figure ES-5 – Total Roadway Capital Project Funding vs. Total Roadway Capital Projects Uses (Thousands)



For the analysis period 2019 through 2045, there is total funding of \$10.6 billion compared to total of uses \$20.57 billion resulting in a cumulative funding shortfall of \$9.97 billion. This shortfall is primarily driven by three (3) large projects from the Roadway Project list: the Community and Environmental Transportation Acceptability Process (CETAP) East-West Corridor, the Mid-County Parkway, and the SR-79 widening.

Transit Sources and Uses Summary and Potential Funding Strategies

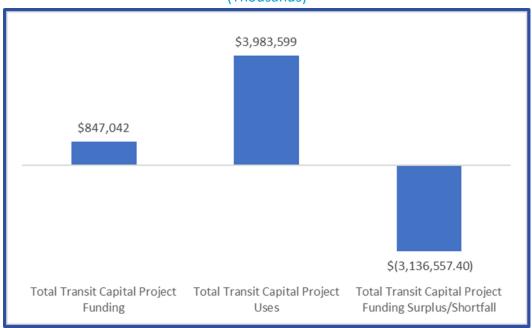
Figure ES-6 shows the total Transit capital project funding, total Transit capital project uses and the estimated total shortfall for the entire analysis period. For the analysis period 2019 through 2045, there is total funding of \$847.04 million compared to total uses of \$3.98 billion, resulting in a total cumulative funding shortfall of \$3.14 billion. Large expenditures relating to major capital project completions in 2040 are the primary drivers of the shortfall.

Summary of the LRTS Transportation Strategies

Riverside County faces many transportation challenges further discussed in the LRTS. Chapter V provides a complete listing of issues and potential strategies that need to be considered and evaluated to address the long-term transportation demand based on projected growth in population and employment. A synopsis of key strategies included in the LRTS is provided below. All modes of travel will require strategies to ensure mobility, economic growth, and efficient use of funds. The detailed analysis and considerations underlying these strategies are found in the chapters that follow.



Figure ES-6 – Total Transit Capital Project Funding vs. Total Transit Capital Project Uses (Thousands)



Regional Highway/Local Streets Network Connectivity, Maintenance, and Operations Strategies

Transportation System Preservation

Facing the level of maintenance and operation's needs, RCTC should place a high priority on investing in the maintenance and preservation of the multimodal transportation system by adopting "Fix-it-First" which prioritizes investments in the current infrastructure.

Operational Efficiency

The key strategies in operational efficiency of existing corridors are 1) Corridor System Management Plan (CSMP), 2) Integrated Corridor Management (ICM) and 3) Express Lanes. Partnering with Caltrans and local agencies will be critical in developing projects and programs to improve the operations of the state highway and roadway systems. RCTC will participate in Caltrans' Management Lanes Feasibility Study, which will provide a connectivity assessment of District 8 managed lanes in Western Riverside and San Bernardino counties and assess and prioritize future additions to the existing managed lanes system.

Transportation Safety

In 2015 Caltrans released an update to the Strategic Highway Safety Plan (SHSP), which includes the following goals:

- ✓ A 3% per year reduction for the number and rate of fatalities; and
- ✓ A 1.5% per year reduction for the number and rate of severe injuries.

These goals should be considered as a safety performance measure by RCTC.

Riverside County Long Range Transportation Study



Mobility Innovations

The key strategies in support of mobility innovations to ensure a safe and efficient transportation system for Riverside County are as follows:

- ✓ Incorporate technology for data gathering and managing traffic.
- ✓ Supportive of connected and automated vehicle (CAV)-related infrastructure projects.
- ✓ Engage CAV stakeholders to stay engaged with the industry best practices.
- Assess possible changes in agency roles and new skill requirements.

Rail, Transit and Paratransit System and Service Providers' Connectivity, Maintenance, and Operations

Continue to enhance programs that support rideshare and transfers to transit through incentive programs and the provision of Park and Ride facilities.

Continuing to expand these programs and introduce new incentive programs may help to reduce single occupancy vehicle travel. RCTC is currently undertaking a Park and Ride study, which may lead to a more comprehensive strategy for Park and Ride in Riverside County. This study should be reviewed, and the relevant strategies will be included in future updates of the LRTS.

Improve passenger convenience by investing in real-time data tools and mobile integration

Increased access to transit information through real-time information sharing can help increase predictability and convenience for transit riders. Easy access to accurate, real-time transit information has been shown to result in greater satisfaction with transit, increased perceptions of safety, and increased ridership frequency (Gooze, Watkins, and Borning, 2012). Exploring and integrating with existing tools, and the creation of new tools should be considered.

Support increased service coverage in rural disadvantaged areas

By increasing coverage, and targeting the most vulnerable areas, there is an opportunity to both increase ridership while supporting economic development among the most vulnerable populations. Implemented thoughtfully, providing public transportation alternatives in rural areas provides the opportunity for positive environmental impacts, improved economic opportunities for rural populations, and overall will provide a more equitable service offering that does not favor urban populations over rural.

Establish First and Last Mile partnerships with alternative transit providers

Transit agencies are increasingly partnering with Transit Network Companies (TNCs) to increase service offerings. Opportunities exist to partner with TNCs to provide discounted transportation for economically disadvantaged riders, or those within certain geographies, helping to address first-last mile challenges.

Facilitate communication among Riverside County's transit agencies to share learning and simplify service and fare structures

While each transit service provider in Riverside County faces a unique context, and set of challenges,

Riverside County Long Range Transportation Study



RCTC can play a key role in helping to facilitate communication and information sharing between the agencies, to allow for knowledge sharing. RCTC can also help to facilitate discussions around simplifying service and fare structures through coordination between agencies that may ultimately lead to improved service and increased cost efficiencies.

Transit-Oriented Development/High-Quality Transit Area Strategies

TOD Policy Framework

Working with the jurisdictions, SCAG and transit service providers, RCTC can help define place-types for different Transit Oriented Development (TOD) and transit supportive areas, in terms of development intensity, parking requirements, mobility and access design standards at or adjacent to Metrolink stations. In addition, the policy framework can help outline funding priority and conditions for projects that complement or support the building of TOD and transit-supportive projects.

Develop a TOD Standards Toolkit

In addition to developing a TOD policy, RCTC could update its TOD Policy to assist jurisdictions in getting access to relevant information on building TODs and transit-supportive communities. There are existing regional agencies and transit service providers (such as SCAG and LA Metro) that have TOD toolkits that can be utilized by local jurisdictions to facilitate transit-supportive development

Active Transportation Strategies

Identify local and countywide networks and prioritize network completion

With both ATPs identifying regional and local networks, RCTC can work with WRCOG and CVAG on developing a strategy of ranking each network in terms of countywide importance, level of completion, and other accessibility and equity metrics to prioritize projects, ensuring networks are completed within a desired timeframe, provided funding is available. RCTC can work with jurisdictions to help incentivize projects that not only complete networks but also improve access to transit or facilitate better mobility within desired TOD and transit-supportive districts.

Prioritize Safety & Security

Traditionally, bicycle facilities have been classified based on physical characteristics of the facility (Class I, II, III, etc.), which often do not take into consideration the immediate context that influences the use of these facilities. Recent studies and efforts have begun to classify bicycle facilities based on the level of comfort or stress of facilities for its users. The metric rates facilities, irrespective of the facility type, on how many types of bicyclists would feel comfortable while riding it. A Bicycle Level of Service (BLOS), a Bicycle Compatibility Index (BCI), or a Level of Traffic Stress (LTS) type of index could be reviewed by RCTC to ensure regional and local bicycle facilities improve the level of safety along countywide networks. RCTC currently takes into consideration bicycle collision data in the evaluation of SB 821 bicycle and pedestrian projects to ensure key unsafe segments or intersections are prioritized.

Pedestrian safety also is a key issue, particularly in order to increase transit ridership. RCTC can develop a strategy based on design and location-based criteria to ensure greater pedestrian safety. As done

Riverside County Long Range Transportation Study



with the safe routes to school program, RCTC can work with jurisdictions to identify safe routes to transit, or other community facilities. Similar to the recommendation to prioritize improvements at locations of bicycle collisions, pedestrian improvements can be prioritized at high collision locations across the county. In addition, Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) improvements can be prioritized along key corridors, particularly improving access to transit, and within TOD and transit-supportive districts.

Goods Movement Strategies

Continue Funding for Grade Separations and Quiet Zones

As both freight rail and vehicle traffic congestion increase overtime, grade separation projects and quiet zones are increasingly important in addressing environmental and social health concerns. Continuing to fund these improvements is a key strategy in mitigating negative impacts from goods movement.

Collaborate with local governments in disadvantaged communities to understand ways of reducing the impacts of goods movements

The disadvantaged communities identified by SCAG are experiencing a disproportionate share of the negative impacts from the goods movement system. Fully understanding the experiences of these communities will be paramount in avoiding further growth in inequity. By working directly with communities, it may be possible to mitigate existing negative experiences while avoiding future environmental justice concerns.

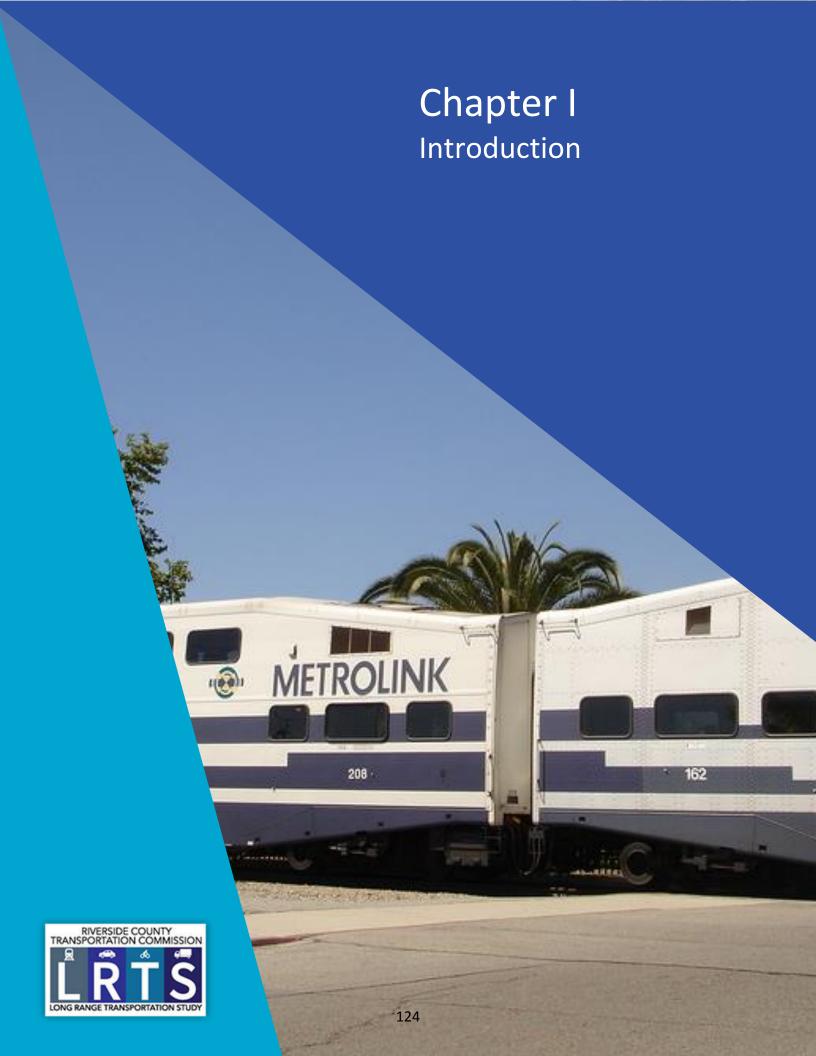
Continue to support priority grade separations and advocate for federal support

While there has been great progress in reducing at grade crossings in Riverside County, ongoing effort is required to undertake all high priority projects to ensure safety and improve air quality. Continued coordination with railroads and advocacy for federal and State funding will be necessary to complete grade separations priority projects.

Transportation System Management/Transportation Demand Management Strategies

RCTC, with the support of member agencies can maximize opportunities to implement Transportation Systems Management (TSM) and Transportation Demand Management (TDM) projects and strategies in the following ways:

- ✓ Work with Caltrans and SCAG in promoting planning tools, methodologies, and priorities so that RCTC and member agencies can program TSM and TDM strategies wherever they provide costefficient and effective solutions to improve the transportation system.
- Ensuring that RCTC and member agencies have access to the latest information regarding TSM and TDM strategies and programs.
- ✓ Maximizing opportunities to access funding at the federal, state, and regional levels for TSM and TDM projects.





Chapter I. Introduction

Overview of Riverside County and RCTC

Riverside County is the 10th most populous county in the United States (U.S.) at 2.45 million, higher than 15 of the 50 U.S. states. The location of Riverside County and its major subareas are shown in Figure 1. Western Riverside County is embedded within the greater Los Angeles metropolitan area and for decades has served as a bedroom community to Orange and Los Angeles counties. Logistics and warehousing distribution centers have been



located in the Inland Empire given the proximity to the seaports and availability of land. Western Riverside County has a long-standing goal to become more balanced with respect to jobs and housing. The Coachella Valley in the center of the County and the Palo Verde Valley in the east are more self-contained in terms of daily travel but are subject to spikes in seasonal and weekend travel. Riverside County's population is estimated to grow to 3.2 million by 2040 and planning for this growth will present many challenges and opportunities. This Study will address these overarching challenges along with limited transportation funding resources.

The Riverside County Transportation Commission (RCTC) is the Regional Transportation Planning Agency (RTPA) for Riverside County. RCTC was created by the state legislature in 1976 and charged with coordinating transportation planning, funding and facilitation of all modes of transportation in Riverside County. Major RCTC planning activities and functions are listed in Table 1. The agency is governed by a 34-member Commission that includes a mayor or council member from each of Riverside County's cities, all five members of the Board of Supervisors, and a non-voting appointee of the Governor.

Short and long-range transportation planning within Riverside County is a key responsibility of RCTC, including coordination and funding of public mass transit service, approval of capital development projects for public transit and highway projects, and the identification of staging and scheduling of project development and construction relative to programming documents such as the Federal Transportation Improvement Program (FTIP) and Regional Transportation Plan (RTP). RCTC plans and implements transportation and transit improvements, particularly those that affect more than one jurisdiction. The agency also assists local governments with money for local streets and roads and develops plans and programs to improve commuting and goods movement. Policies adopted by RCTC also aim to ensure that all persons have equitable access to transportation.

In 1988 the Measure A half-cent sales tax was approved by Riverside County voters, along with a 20-year expenditure plan. RCTC became the agency charged with implementing the mobility improvements. In 2002, voters approved an extension of Measure A until 2039.

Measure A funds go back to each of the three geographic areas within Riverside County: Western Riverside County, Coachella Valley, and Palo Verde Valley, in proportion to the sales taxes they contribute. Each of the three geographic areas has its own transportation program.



Figure 1 – Regional Location

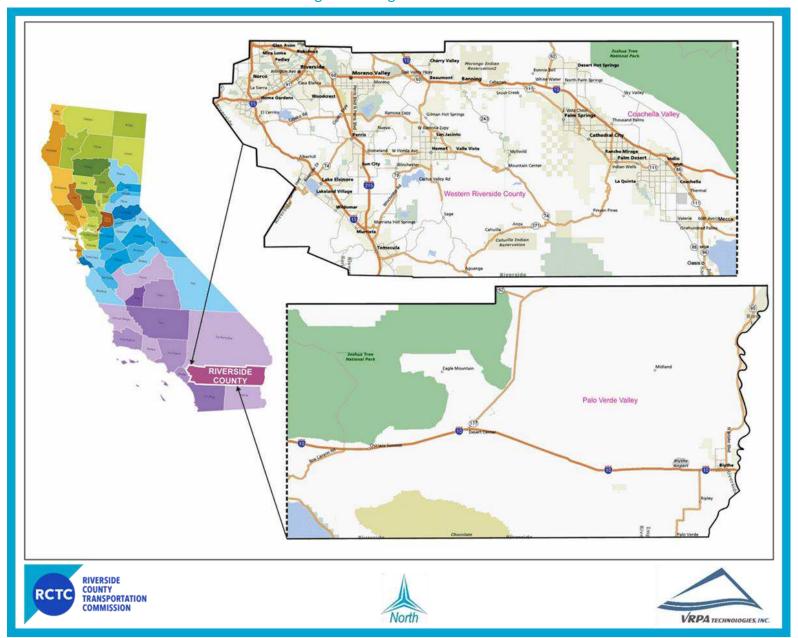




Table 1 – RCTC Activities and Functions

Major Roadway Corridors

Enhance freeway and expressway capacity

Maximize efficiency of freeway system, e.g., via Operation of Express Lanes

Provide roadside assistance: Freeway Service Patrol and Roadside Call Boxes

Roads

Provide funding for local jurisdictions to improve local arterials and roads, including signal coordination

Identify and support infrastructure safety programs, e.g., roadway/rail grade separation projects

Transit

Support Metrolink services and plan Metrolink expansion

Support fixed-route bus service

Support paratransit

Transportation Demand Management/Non-Motorized Transportation

Implement ridesharing and other demand management services

Provide funding for local jurisdictions to implement and expand bicycle and pedestrian facilities and infrastructure

Sustainability

Support economic development and improve jobs/housing balance

Support facilities for pedestrians, bicyclist and other low-impact modes

Support transit-oriented development

Support alternative fuel and other air quality improvement programs



In addition to major highway projects, over \$1 billion from Measure A funds has been used to improve local streets and roads throughout Riverside County. Table 2 shows that between 1990 and 2017 cities and unincorporated county areas received the following Measure A revenues for local streets and roads:

Table 2 – Measure A Revenue for Local Streets and Roads

Geographic Area	Measure A Revenue*
Western Riverside County	\$747.9
Coachella Valley	\$249.8
Palo Verde Valley	\$25.2
Total Local Streets and Roads Revenues	\$1,022.9

^{*}Revenue in millions

Source: RCTC, 2019

Beyond Measure A, RCTC also helps allocate state and federal transportation funds in Riverside County. The California Transportation Commission (CTC) administers the State Transportation Improvement Program (STIP). The STIP consists of Regional Improvement Program (RIP) and Interregional Improvement Program (IIP) funds for projects for improvements on the multimodal transportation system. As the regional transportation planning agency, RCTC selects projects proposed for RIP funds. Caltrans selects IIP-funded projects. RCTC and Caltrans District 8 work closely in coordinating projects for these fund sources. The CTC approves the STIP during even-numbered years.

RCTC receives regional arterial funds from the Western Riverside Council of Governments' (WRCOG) Transportation Uniform Mitigation Fee (TUMF) Program. TUMF regional arterial funds are used for roadway improvement projects and the Community Environmental Transportation Acceptability Process projects. In Western Riverside County, RCTC augments TUMF funding through the Measure A Regional Arterial (MARA) program for projects to widen existing roads and construct new roads on the regional arterial transportation system.

RCTC is a member of a five-county Southern California Regional Rail Authority (SCRRA) that operates Metrolink. Three Metrolink lines currently serve Riverside County providing connections to Los Angeles, Orange and San Bernardino Counties. RCTC also functions as the Riverside County Congestion Management Agency. In this capacity, RCTC analyzes the performance level of the regional transportation system in a manner which ensures consideration of the impacts from new development and promotes air quality through implementation of strategies in regional transportation and air quality plans.



Key RCTC Partners

Planning, programming and delivery of transportation projects is achieved in conjunction and in partnership with dozens of other agencies at the federal, state, regional, subregional and local levels. Table 3 provides a summary of its key partner agencies and their responsibilities with which RCTC collaborates.

Federal Agency Partners

Key federal partners include U.S. Department of Transportation and its two principal surface transportation agencies, the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and Federal Transit Administration (FTA). Other federal agencies include the Federal Railroad Administration (FRA), and Amtrak, which operates interstate passenger rail services with support from Caltrans.

State Agency Partners

The California State Transportation Agency (CalSTA) is a cabinet-level agency focused on addressing all of the state's transportation issues. Of its nine major divisions two have substantial intersection with RCTC's operations. The California Department of Transportation (Caltrans) as the steward and operator of the state highway system, is involved in the implementation of RCTC-led projects on state highways. The California Transportation Commission (CTC) programs various state and federal funding on transportation projects, including state highways, rail, transit, and active transportation. The California Air Resources Board (CARB) sets air quality standards and in coordination with the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) determines conformity between transportation and air quality plans; CARB also funds projects and programs that result in emissions reductions.

Regional Agency Partners

As a County Transportation Commission, RCTC represents the Riverside County subregion and assists the Southern California Association of Governments (SCAG) in carrying out its functions as the Metropolitan Planning Organization (MPO). SCAG, in coordination with RCTC, performs studies and develops consensus relative to regional growth forecasts, regional transportation plans, and mobile source components of the air quality plans maintained by the South Coast Air Quality Management District. RCTC also is responsible for submitting projects to SCAG for inclusion in the Regional Transportation Plan. Per federal and state regulations, all projects programmed with federal and state funds, including locally funded regionally significant projects, are required to be included in the RTP. SCAG as the MPO is responsible for conducting analysis to enable CARB and the EPA to determine air quality conformity with adopted air plans for the six counties in the SCAG region (Imperial, Los Angeles, Orange, Riverside, San Bernardino, and Ventura counties).

As mentioned previously, the SCRRA or Metrolink, is a joint powers authority consisting of five county transportation commissions (Los Angeles (LA Metro), Orange (OCTA), Riverside (RCTC), San Bernardino (SBCTA), and Ventura (VCTC)). Metrolink is the premier commuter rail system in Southern California connecting communities on a 536 route-mile network.



Table 3 – RCTC and Its Partners Key Responsibilities

							· · · ·	/		1										
PARTNERS	Rulemaking	Transportation Policy	Transportation Planning	Transportation Financing	Transportation Programming	Regional Transportation Plan (RTP)	Regional Transportation Improvement Program (RTIP)	State Transportation Improvement Program (STIP)	Federal Transportation Improvement Program (FTIP)	Transportation Sales Tax Measure Planning & Implementation	TUMF Planning & Implementation	State Highway Construction, Operations & Maintenance	Local Street Construction, Operations, & Maintenance	Congestion Management	Express Lane Management	Transit/Passenger Rail Services	Air Quality Planning	Air Quality Policy	Air Quality Conformity	Air Quality Maintenance
Riverside County Transportation Commission																				
Federal Agency Partners																				
U.S. Department of Transportation																				
Federal Highway Administration																				
Federal Transit Administration																				
AMTRAK																				
Federal Railroad Administration																				
State Agency Partners																				
California State Transportation Agency																				
California Department of Transportation																				
California Transportation Commission																				
California Air Resources Board																				
Regional Agency Partners																				
Southern California Association of Governments																				
South Coast Air Quality Management District																				
Southern California Regional Rail Authority/Metrolink																				
County-Level Partners																				
Imperial Valley Association of Governments																				
Los Angeles Metropolitan Transportation Authority																				
Orange County Transportation Authority																				
San Bernardino County Transportation Authority																				
San Diego Association of Governments																				
Ventura County Transportation Commission																				
Subregional Agency Partners																				
Western Riverside Council of Governments																				
Coachella Valley Association of Governments																				
Tribal Governments																				
Local Agency Partners																				
County of Riverside and the 28 Incorporated Cities																				
Riverside County's Fixed-Route Transit Operators																				

Legend: Primary Responsibility
Secondary or Support Responsibility

Riverside County Long Range Transportation Study



County-Level Partners

RCTC works closely with peer county-level transportation agencies in Southern California, including:

- ✓ Imperial Valley Association of Governments (IVAG)
- ✓ Los Angeles Metropolitan Transportation Authority (LA Metro)
- Orange County Transportation Authority (OCTA)
- San Bernardino County Transportation Authority (SBCTA)
- ✓ San Diego Association of Governments (SANDAG)
- √ Ventura County Transportation Commission (VCTC)

These above intercounty partnerships are especially important because of shared borders and transportation linkages between Riverside County and these counties. Since SANDAG is also a Metropolitan Planning Organization, the relationship with SANDAG may involve SCAG for larger MPO planning purposes.

Subregional Agency Partners

RCTC works with two primary subregional agencies. The Western Riverside County Council of Governments (WRCOG) promotes transportation solutions in the most populous western portion of the county.

In the Coachella Valley, the Coachella Valley Association of Governments (CVAG) is the planning agency coordinating government services in the Coachella Valley. Both subregional agencies promote solutions to the common issues of the local governments and tribes that are its members.

Both agencies administer Transportation Uniform Mitigation Fee (TUMF) programs that complement and enhance Measure A projects and programs. CVAG, WRCOG, RCTC, and SCAG coordinate efforts to plan, fund, and implement transportation improvement projects.

Tribal Governments

RCTC consults with tribal governments in the development of projects and planning that have the potential to impact tribal lands. There are 11 tribal governments within Riverside County primarily located in Southwest, Central, Coachella Valley and Eastern portions of the county.

Local Agency Partners

Local agencies include the County of Riverside and 28 incorporated Cities. Each of these local jurisdictions controls their own local streets, which collectively represent most roadway miles in the county. Other key local partner agencies include Riverside County's seven (7) transit operators:

- ✓ City of Banning Transit
- ✓ City of Beaumont Transit
- City of Riverside Special Transportation Services (Paratransit only)
- ✓ Corona Cruiser
- ✓ Palo Verde Valley Transit Agency
- ✓ Riverside Transit Agency (RTA)
- SunLine Transit Agency



Study Purpose

The Long Range Transportation Study (LRTS) represents an important step toward strengthening transportation in the region in order to improve mobility, safety, and economic prosperity for Riverside Country residents. The LRTS dovetails with and bridges local plans and SCAG's Regional Transportation Plan/Sustainable Communities Strategy (RTP/SCS). It supports the County's economy and quality of life through smart planning, project development and implementation. The Study is multimodal in nature and encompasses all forms of transportation: highways, local roads, transit, rail, pedestrian and bicycle facilities.

The LRTS aims to:

- Develop strategies to address transportation challenges.
- ✓ Provide a realistic vision of transportation in Riverside County in 2045.
- Develop a list of high priority feasible and fundable projects.
- ✓ Comprise RCTC's input to SCAG's RTP/SCS (Connect SoCal), scheduled to be released in 2020.

SCAG's RTP/SCS, is a long-range regional plan covering the six counties within the SCAG region. The Riverside County LRTS focuses only on Riverside County and its Cities. SCAG's RTP/SCS is required to address transportation and related elements such as housing, aviation, air quality conformity, public health, environmental justice, and conservation lands. The LRTS focuses on transportation projects and funding.

The Study development process was guided by RCTC staff and incorporates other RCTC led planning efforts including: Next Generation Toll Feasibility Study, Next Generation Rail Study, Regional Logistics Fee Study and review of Short Range Transit Plans. Because the LRTS was occurring in between the 2016 RTP/SCS and upcoming 2020 RTP/SCS information from both cycles were used. RCTC also recently initiated a corridor plan with SBCTA, SCAG, and Caltrans called the Inland Empire Comprehensive Multimodal Corridor Plan (IE CMCP), which is intended to meet Senate Bill (SB) 1 Solutions for Congested Corridors Program guidelines in addition to other discretionary funding opportunities. The IE CMCP will analyze and plan for multimodal project improvements along north-south and east-west corridors in Western Riverside and San Bernardino counties and will be more detailed as far as costs, project prioritization, and applied performance measures.

Riverside County LRTS: Policy Goals and Objectives

The LRTS is driven by RCTC's four (4) core goals and underlying objectives for the people of Riverside County and the transportation system upon which they rely. These goals and objectives (Table 4) were also included in RCTC's Fiscal Year 2019/20 adopted budget.



Table 4 – Policy Goals and Objectives

QUALITY OF LIFE	
RCTC is focused on imp	roving life for the people of Riverside County and empowering them to live life
at their pace.	
	RCTC empowers the residents of Riverside County to choose how to get safely to
Choice	where they are going.
Environmental	
Ste wardship	RCTC protects and preserves the County's environment for our residents.
	RCTC provides access, equity, and choice in transportation; RCTC is a mobility
Mobility	partner.
	RCTC projects are the connection to employment, schools, community institutions,
Access	parks, medical facilities and shopping in the community.
	RCTC facilitates the funding and delivery of projects that mitigate the impact
Goods Movement	of increased goods movement flow through Riverside County
OPERATIONAL EXCELL	ENCE
RCTC is a responsible a	nd conservative steward of taxpayer dollars.
State of Good Repair	RCTC invests in road safety and maintenance in its residents' neighborhoods.
	Projects are completed on-time, on-budget; RCTC delivers on its promises as a
Promises Fulfilled	steward of Riverside County residents' investment.
	Program and project delivery innovations drive results, savings, and greater
Innovation	economic opportunities for Riverside County residents.
Information	RCTC operations are transparent; customers get fast, timely, quality service.
CONNECTING THE ECO	NOMY
	nomic growth in Riverside County.
,	RCTC improves the economy by creating a robust workforce to workplace system;
Workforce Mobility	RCTC helps move the economy of Riverside County.
	Since 1976, RCTC has been responsible for connecting our County's economy as the
Population Growth	County's population has quadrupled from 550,000 to 2.3 million today.
	RCTC has invested \$4 billion in the County's economy thanks to Measure A and
	future toll revenues, which has a multiplier impact in terms of jobs and economic
Economic Impact	opportunity throughout Riverside County.
RESPONSIBLE PARTNE	R
	al, regional, and state governments to deliver road and transit projects.
	RCTC invests in local priorities for maintaining streets and roads and fixing
Streets and Roads	potholes.
	RCTC is a partner with transit operators to provide residents mobility choices,
Transit	flexibility, intercity and intercounty connectivity, and access.
	RCTC is a partner with agencies within the County to promote active transportation
Active Transportation	alternatives, including the building of regional trails and bicycle and pedestrian
Facilities	facilities in accordance with local general master and active transportation plans.
	gg
Grants	RCTC is a steward of state and federal grants to improve our communities.
	RCTC invests Measure A dollars into projects and programs that benefit local
Local Measure A Value	communities throughout the County.



The Critical Need for Additional Funding

An important subset of the LRTS projects are those projects that are substantially funded by Riverside County's transportation sales tax (Measure A). Since 2006, RCTC has maintained a 10-Year Delivery Plan for the Riverside County Measure A Highway program. This Delivery Plan establishes priorities for the implementation of the renewed Measure A sales tax program, which began collecting sales tax revenue in July 2009 for a 30-year period.

RCTC recently updated its 10-Year Measure A Delivery Plan in Western Riverside County. As discussed in more detail in the next chapter, an initial analysis by an ad hoc committee identified substantial funding shortfalls, owing to rapid population and economic growth in Western Riverside County, and concurrent increase in congestion and other transportation challenges that require new investment. The Coachella Valley Association of Governments updates its Transportation Project Prioritization Study (TPPS) for Coachella Valley on a regular basis, which also identifies funding shortfalls.

This points to a need to evaluate new funding resources in the near term to support future plans and projects to accommodate the growth in population and employment. An augmentation of the current Measure A program is one potential source of additional funding. Riverside County voters have twice demonstrated willingness to support a small increase in sales tax for needed transportation projects. As with past sales tax



measures, RCTC and its partners will ensure new revenues generated will fund transportation modes and projects that address transportation need equitably in all parts of Riverside County. Financing mechanisms and continued support of transportation funding increases at the federal and state levels will also play a significant role in order to implement projects and programs to keep up with the pace of the fastest growing county in the SCAG region.

What We Have Learned from Riverside County Residents

RCTC believes that solving Riverside County's transportation challenges requires listening to the region's residents to ensure that together a better future is created. As RCTC plans for future transportation solutions and transit improvements they look to the residents of Riverside County for feedback and assistance to better understand how people use the region's transportation and transit networks and what their needs are moving forward. RCTC has recently completed two efforts where the agency looked to the public and stakeholders for input. The first was through the Riverside County Strategic Assessment completed in January 2016 and the second was through the recently completed #Reboot My Commute campaign.



Riverside County Strategic Assessment

The Riverside County Strategic Assessment identified four categories of strategic actions for RCTC to take: Plan for the Future (including the development of the Long Range Transportation Study);

Maximize Our Assets; Increase Funding; and Communicate More by developing a greater public awareness. Public engagement for this effort was completed in the late summer/early fall of 2015 through a random sample telephone poll and a series of five community summits. Summit attendees had a strong focus on environmental awareness, alternative transportation options, and governance/policy issues. Top priorities identified by both engagement activities included roadway maintenance, reducing highway congestion, and improving freeway patrol services. Key needs and desires identified include:



- Improved accessibility to public transit including extended hours of service, more routes and improved frequency, better/easier connections, and improved access to schedules and availability information.
- ✓ Safer sidewalks, Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) accessible curb ramps, and first and last mile access including access for Seniors.
- Link land use and transportation policies.
- ✓ Respect the needs of users in improving quality of life.
- ✓ Ensure better connectivity between rural and urban area.
- Maximize capacity through the use of existing infrastructure and information technology.

A summarization of results from both engagement activities are documented in the Riverside County Strategic Assessment, which is available on RCTC's website.

#Reboot My Commute

With the #Reboot My Commute campaign, RCTC acknowledged that the status quo of potholes, congestion, late trains, and delayed transportation improvements must change. RCTC asked stakeholders to join the conversation to say how and where to spend the County's limited transportation dollars to make the biggest impact so that together the future will be better for Riverside County transportation network users. Stakeholders could share their road, bus, train and active transportation experiences, pictures, and videos via text, social media, phone or webpage. Comments were accepted for a 90-day period between March and June of 2019. The campaign provided RCTC with 948 comments which were sorted into seven topics and seven geographical areas.

The July 2019 RCTC Commission Agenda (Item 9B #Reboot My Commute Public Engagement Program Summary) provides a more detailed summarization of the comments that RCTC received for #Reboot My Commute engagement activities.



Addressing What We Have Learned with the Long Range Transportation Study

As noted above, the LRTS provides a realistic vision for the future of transportation in Riverside County with a multimodal system including highways, roads, public transit, freight, commuter rail lines, truck routes, pedestrian and bicycle facilities. Stakeholder needs and their related input will further the LRTS and assist RCTC and their partner agencies to successfully support the County's economy and quality of life with transportation projects that will improve mobility and safety. Table 5 below provides a snapshot of how select comments received from the above engagement efforts will be addressed by the LRTS.

Table 5 – How the LRTS Addresses Key Public Engagement Comments

What We Heard	How the LRTS Addresses the Concern						
Riverside County Strategic Assessment							
Reduce highway congestion	Provides strategies for relieving congestion that are multimodal						
Repair highways and roadways – fix potholes, resurface	Positions RCTC to help Caltrans and local agencies obtain state and regional roadway maintenance funding						
Expand public transit services – rail and bus, extended hours of service, more routes, improve frequency	Positions RCTC to coordinate with transit operators to obtain state and federal funding to expand transit						
Improved safety	Provides strategies for roadway safety improvements						
Respect the needs of the users	Identifies improvements that are multimodal providing choices for all users						
#Reboot My Commute							
Reduce the need to commute – bring higher paying jobs to Riverside County	Supports roadway improvements needed to encourage economic development						
Offer more incentives to alter commute patterns	Positions RCTC and partner agencies to obtain funding for transit incentives, rideshare, and first/last mile options						
Stop new home construction	Provides information on the future of the transportation system so that the County and cities with land use authority can make intelligent decisions regarding future growth						
Provide more rail and bus options, expand services to neighboring County's	Provides strategies to improve rail and bus transportation						
Limit travel times for big rig vehicles	Highlights sources of information on truck travel that will allow goods movement industry to consider new operational strategies						

Riverside County Long Range Transportation Study



Chapter Preview

Chapter II, Delivering the Promise, takes a detailed look at the state of Riverside County and its transportation needs in the next ten years.

Chapter III, Riverside County Profile, examines forecasts of future land use and population characteristics and assesses the connection between transportation infrastructure and economic development in Riverside County.

Chapter IV, Riverside County Today - Existing (2016) Conditions, details transportations conditions and the factors underlying them. The discussion includes the following topics:

- ✓ Existing Land Use and Population Characteristics
- Travel Market and Mobility Trends
- Freeways, Highways, and Major Arterial Roadways
- ✓ Transit System
- Active Transportation
- ✓ Freight and Goods Movement
- Aviation
- Mobility Innovations

Chapter V, Riverside County in The Future – Multimodal Transportation System, looks at transportation forecasts 20 - 25 years into the future. The chapter reviews the expected growth in travel demand on Riverside County's highways, major arterial roadways and major transit facilities, and examines important transportation issues and strategies affecting policy and investment decisions.

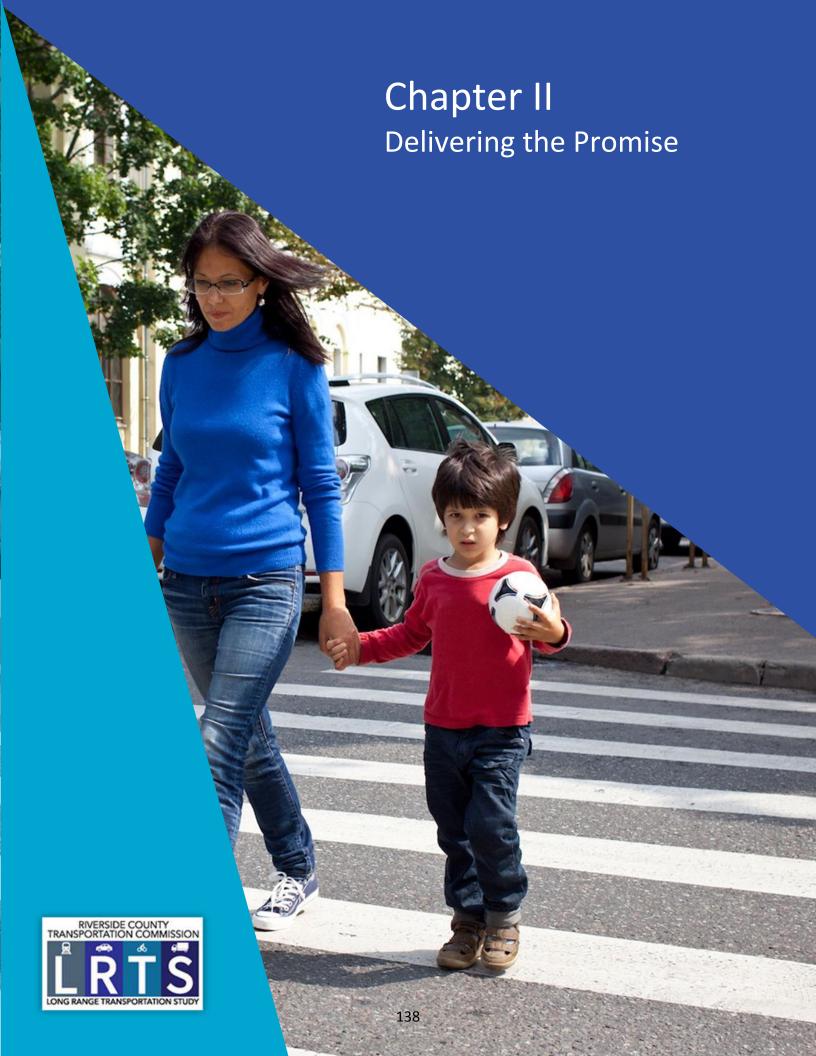
Chapter VI, Major Projects and Evaluation Assumptions and Methods, identifies the highway, major roadways and transit projects that respond to the travel demands identified in Chapter V and address the strategies and issues identified in Chapter V. The centerpiece of Chapter VI is a detailed list of projects, their locations, and key characteristics in including their cost. This chapter also describes key assumptions and methodology underlying the financial analysis.

Chapter VII, Funding of Roadway and Transit Capital Investment describes the funding and financing of transportation investments identified in Chapter VI.

Chapter VIII, Financial Sources Analysis, highlights the amount of funding from current major revenue sources including Measure A sales tax. Since existing funding sources are insufficient, other potential revenue and funding sources are identified to reduce the projected shortfall.

Chapter IX, Riverside County Congestion Management Program, describes how RCTC addresses federal Congestion Management Process requirements.

Chapter X, Study Update Process, describes the next step in the LRTS Planning process. It also outlines how the LRTS will be updated going forward.





Chapter II. Delivering the Promise

Riverside County's transportation sales tax initiative, Measure A, was approved by the voters in 2002. Since approval of this sales tax measure, Riverside County residents have enjoyed the benefits of a large number of transportation projects that have been planned, funded, and built throughout the County. This chapter highlights the ongoing need to provide for highway and other transportation improvements over the coming years.

Measure A Western Riverside County 10-Year Delivery Plan

Since 2006, RCTC has maintained a Ten-Year Delivery Plan for highways in Western Riverside County. This Delivery Plan establishes priorities for the implementation of the renewed Measure A sales tax program, which began collecting sales tax revenue in July 2009 for a 30-year period. The Delivery Plan was recently updated to reflect changes in anticipated sales tax revenue, as well as changes in revenue from other sources, project costs, and the priorities of Riverside County and its Cities.

Figure 2 shows a map and description of the proposed highway projects included in the 2019-2029 10-Year Delivery Plan that was approved by RCTC on July 10, 2019. Figure 3 provides a summary of the evaluation of these projects.

Prioritization factors included:

- 1. Consequence of deferring delivery.
- 2. Deferred projects from the 2009-2019 Western Riverside County Highway Delivery Plan.
- 3. Projects that fulfill or enhance projects named in the Measure A Expenditure Plan approved by Riverside County voters.
- 4. Projects that can realistically attain sufficient funding to achieve completion of a usable segment.
- 5. Projects with the potential to minimize Measure A contributions, through competitiveness for state or federal grants.
- 6. Eligibility for "restrictive" funding sources.
- 7. Projects that provide a positive economic impact to the region.

This evaluation process revealed that differentiating projects on objective criteria can be especially challenging given the universal need for additional transportation capacity throughout Western Riverside County. Indeed, every major transportation corridor in the region can benefit from additional investment.

Full funding for all Measure A Western Riverside County 10-year Delivery Plan projects will require additional funding in the amount of approximately \$5.5 billion. Project funding needs in the Coachella Valley are determined by CVAG under a separate process. Based on the funding shortfall from the Delivery Plan and projects included in the LRTS for the entire county, a potential augmentation of the Measure A sales tax should be further evaluated.



Figure 2 – 2019 - 2009 Western Riverside County Highway Delivery Plan

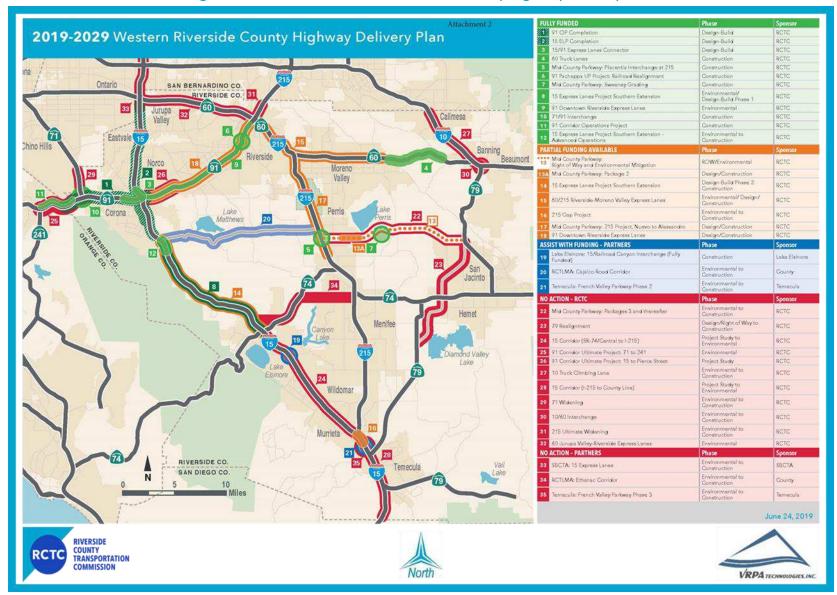
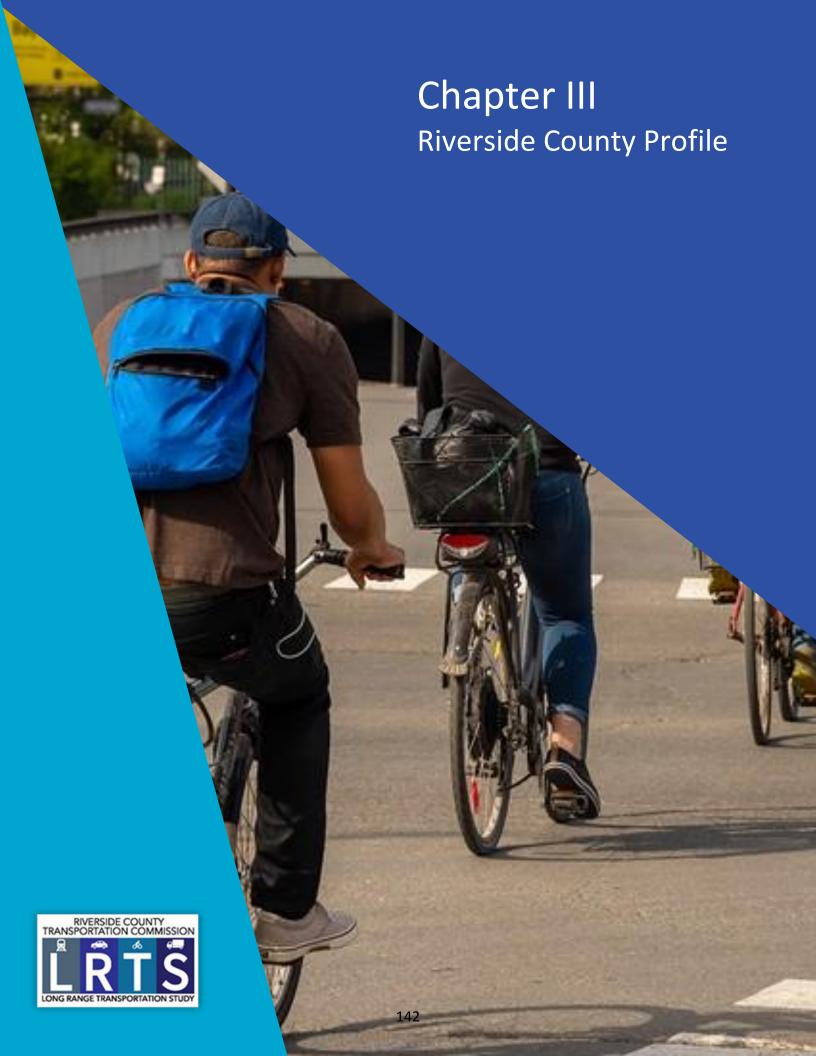




Figure 3 – 2019 - 2029 Western Riverside County Highway Delivery Plan – Evaluation Process

10-Ye	ear Western Riverside County Highway	y Delivery Plan 201	9-2029	Year Western Riverside County Highway Delivery Plan 2019-2029								PRIORITIZATION FACTORS								
	-Sponsored Group 1 and Group 2 Pro	1	2	3	4	5	6	7												
	Projects	Phase	Sponsor	Cost	Available Funding	Consequence of deferring delivery	Deferred projects from the 2009-2019 Western County Highway Delivery Plan	Projects that fulfill or enhance projects named in the approved Measure A expenditure plan	Projects that can realistically attain sufficient funding to achieve completion of a usable segment	Projects with the potential to minimize Measure A contributions	Eligibility for "restrictive" funding sources	Economic benefi the region due to <u>constructed</u> trat improvement								
roup I	Fully Funded: Part of the 2019-2029 Delivery Plan	•	•	(in millions \$)	(in millions \$)							•								
OMPLETE	91 CIP Completion	Design-Build	RCTC	\$ 36		x		l x	l x	l x	X	n/a (project closed								
000000000000000000000000000000000000000	I-15 ELP Completion	Design-Build	RCTC	22		X		X	X		X	n/a (project closed								
IILD	15/91 Express Lanes Connector	Design-Build	RCTC	220		X	х	×	X	X	х	MEDIUM								
	SR-60 Truck Lanes	Construction	RCTC	123		X		X	X	X	X	MEDIUM								
	Mid-County Parkway: Placentia Interchange at I-215	Construction	RCTC	60	ner.	X		X	X	X	X	MEDIUM								
	91 Pachappa UP Project: Railroad realignment	Construction	RCTC	18	NA.	X		X	X	X	Х	n/a (railroad cor								
	Mid County Parkway: Sweeney Grading	Construction	RCTC	5		X		X	X		X	n/a (no lane co								
	*71/91 Interchange *SR-91 Corridor Operations Project (Westbound auxiliary Jane: Green River to 241)	Construction Construction	RCTC	128 40		X	X	X	X	X X	X X	MEDIUM HIGH								
	"1-15 Express Lanes Project Southern Extension (Cajalco to 74): Advanced Operations	Environmental through Construction	RCTC	28			X	X	X	X	X	MEDIUM								
RT	1-15 Express Lanes Project Southern Extension (Cajalco to 74)	Environmental	RCTC	33			x	x	x x	x	x	n/a (no lane co								
3.50	* I-15 Express Lanes Project Southern Extension (Cajalco to 74)	Design-Build phase 1	RCTC	24			X	x	X	x	X	n/a (no lane co								
	* 91 Downtown Riverside Express Lanes	Environmental	RCTC	22				4700	X	X	X	n/a (no lane co								
up 2	Partial Funding Likely Available: Part of the 2019-2029 Delivery Plan Mid County Parkway: Right of Way and Environmental Mitigation	ROW/Environmental	RCTC	assumed above		X		X	×		x									
up 2		ROW/Environmental Design/Construction Design/Construction				X X		X X X	X X		X X X	n/a (no lane c HIGH HIGH								
up 2	Mid County Parkway: Right of Way and Environmental Mitigation Mid-County Parkway: Package 2 Mid County Parkway: I-215 Project, Nuevo to Alessandro I-15 Express Lanes Project Southern Extension (Cajalco to 74)	Design/Construction	RCTC RCTC	40 84			x	x		x	х	HIGH HIGH								
up 2	Mid County Parkway: Right of Way and Environmental Mitigation Mid-County Parkway: Package 2 Mid County Parkway: 1-215 Project, Nuevo to Alessandro 1-15 Express Lanes Project Southern Extension (Cajalco to 74) 60/215 Riverside-Moreno Valley Express Lanes	Design/Construction Design/Construction Design-Build phase 2 construction	RCTC RCTC RCTC RCTC	40 84 145 470	-		x	X X X	×		x x x	HIGH HIGH MEDIUM								
up 2	Mid County Parkway: Right of Way and Environmental Mitigation Mid-County Parkway: Package 2 Mid County Parkway: I-215 Project, Nuevo to Alessandro I-15 Express Lanes Project Southern Extension (Cajalco to 74) 60/215 Riverside-Moreno Valley Express Lanes 60/215 Riverside-Moreno Valley Express Lanes	Design/Construction Design/Construction Design-Build phase 2 construction Environmental	RCTC RCTC RCTC RCTC	40 84 145 470			×	x x x		×	x x x	HIGH HIGH MEDIUM n/a (no lane co								
υ ρ 2	Mid County Parkway: Right of Way and Environmental Mitigation Mid-County Parkway: Package 2 Mid County Parkway: 1-215 Project, Nuevo to Alessandro 1-15 Express Lanes Project Southern Extension (Cajalco to 74) 60/215 Riverside-Moreno Valley Express Lanes	Design/Construction Design/Construction Design-Build phase 2 construction	RCTC RCTC RCTC RCTC	40 84 145 470			X	X X X	×		x x x	HIGH HIGH MEDIUM								
up 2	Mid County Parkway: Right of Way and Environmental Mitigation Mid-County Parkway: Package 2 Mid County Parkway: I-215 Project, Nuevo to Alessandro I-15 Express Lanes Project Southern Extension (Cajalco to 74) 60/215 Riverside-Moreno Volley Express Lanes 60/215 Riverside-Moreno Valley Express Lanes 60/215 Riverside-Moreno Valley Express Lanes	Design/Construction Design/Construction Design-Build phase 2 construction Environmental Design/Construction	RCTC RCTC RCTC RCTC RCTC RCTC RCTC RCTC	40 84 145 470 38 342 18			x	X X X	X	×	x x x	HIGH HIGH MEDIUM n/a (no lane co								
	Mid County Parkway: Right of Way and Environmental Mitigation Mid-County Parkway: Package 2 Mid County Parkway: I-215 Project, Nuevo to Alessandro I-15 Express Lanes Project Southern Extension (Cajalco to 74) 60/215 Riverside-Moreno Valley Express Lanes 60/215 Riverside-Moreno Valley Express Lanes 60/215 Riverside-Moreno Valley Express Lanes I-215 Gap Project (I-215 to French Valley Parkway) 91 Downtown Riverside Express Lanes	Design/Construction Design/Construction Design-Build phase 2 construction Environmental Design/Construction Environmental to Construction	RCTC RCTC RCTC RCTC RCTC RCTC RCTC	40 84 145 470 38 342 18			x	X X X	X	X X	X X X X	HIGH HIGH MEDIUM n/a (no lane co HIGH n/a								
	Mid County Parkway: Right of Way and Environmental Mitigation Mid-County Parkway: Package 2 Mid County Parkway: I-215 Project, Nuevo to Alessandro I-15 Express Lanes Project Southern Extension (Cajalco to 74) 60/215 Riverside-Moreno Valley Express Lanes 60/215 Riverside-Moreno Valley Express Lanes 60/215 Riverside-Moreno Valley Express Lanes I-215 Gap Project (I-215 to French Valley Parkway)	Design/Construction Design/Construction Design-Build phase 2 construction Environmental Design/Construction Environmental to Construction	RCTC RCTC RCTC RCTC RCTC RCTC RCTC RCTC	40 84 145 470 38 342 18 197 \$ 1,335	\$125-\$525		X	X X X	X	X X	X X X X	HIGH HIGH MEDIUM n/a (no lane cc HIGH n/a HIGH								
	Mid County Parkway: Right of Way and Environmental Mitigation Mid-County Parkway: Package 2 Mid County Parkway: 1-215 Project, Nuevo to Alessandro 1-15 Express Lanes Project Southern Extension (Cajalco to 74) 60/215 Riverside-Moreno Valley Express Lanes 60/215 Riverside-Moreno Valley Express Lanes 60/215 Riverside-Moreno Valley Express Lanes 1-215 Gap Project (1-215 to French Valley Parkway) 91 Downtown Riverside Express Lanes Partner Agency Projects: Assist with Funding in 2019-2029 Lake Elsinore: 1-15/Raiiroad Carryon Interchange (fully funded) RCTLMA: Cajalco Road Corridor	Design/Construction Design/Construction Design-Build phase 2 construction Environmental Design/Construction Environmental to Construction Design/Construction Construction Construction Environmental to Construction	RCTC RCTC RCTC RCTC RCTC RCTC RCTC RCTC	40 84 145 470 38 342 18 197 \$ 1,335	\$125-\$525	X	X	X X X	X X	X X	X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X	HIGH HIGH MEDIUM n/a (no lane co HIGH n/a HIGH MEDIUM MEDIUM HIGH								
	Mid County Parkway: Right of Way and Environmental Mitigation Mid-County Parkway: Package 2 Mid County Parkway: 1-215 Project, Nuevo to Alessandro 1-15 Express Lanes Project Southern Extension (Cajalco to 74) 60/215 Riverside-Moreno Valley Express Lanes 60/215 Riverside-Moreno Valley Express Lanes 60/215 Riverside-Moreno Valley Express Lanes 1-215 Gap Project (1-215 to French Valley Parkway) 91 Downtown Riverside Express Lanes Partner Agency Projects: Assist with Funding in 2019-2029 Lake Elsinore: I-15/Railroad Canyon Interchange (fully funded)	Design/Construction Design/Construction Design-Build phase 2 construction Environmental Design/Construction Environmental to Construction Design/Construction Construction	RCTC RCTC RCTC RCTC RCTC RCTC RCTC RCTC	40 84 145 470 38 342 18 197 \$ 1,335 \$ 36 452	\$125-\$525	X	X	X X X X	X X	X X	X X X X X X	HIGH HIGH MEDIUM n/a (no lane or HIGH n/a HIGH MEDIUM MEDIUM MEDIUM HIGH								
up 3	Mid County Parkway: Right of Way and Environmental Mitigation Mid-County Parkway: Package 2 Mid County Parkway: Package 2 Mid County Parkway: 1-215 Project, Nuevo to Alessandro 1-15 Express Lanes Project Southern Extension (Cajalco to 74) 60/215 Riverside-Moreno Valley Express Lanes 60/215 Riverside-Moreno Valley Express Lanes 60/215 Riverside-Moreno Valley Express Lanes 1-215 Gap Project (1-215 to French Valley Parkway) 91 Downtown Riverside Express Lanes Partner Agency Projects: Assist with Funding in 2019-2029 Lake Elsinore: I-15/Railroad Canyon Interchange (fully funded) RCTLMA: Cajalco Road Corridor Temecula: French Valley Parkway Phase 2	Design/Construction Design/Construction Design-Build phase 2 construction Environmental Design/Construction Environmental to Construction Design/Construction Construction Construction Environmental to Construction	RCTC RCTC RCTC RCTC RCTC RCTC RCTC RCTC	40 84 145 470 38 342 18 197 \$ 1,335 \$ 36 452	\$125-\$525	X	x	X X X X	X X	X X	X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X	HIGH HIGH MEDIUM n/a (no lane or HIGH n/a HIGH MEDIUM MEDIUM MEDIUM HIGH								
up 3	Mid County Parkway: Right of Way and Environmental Mitigation Mid-County Parkway: Package 2 Mid County Parkway: 1-215 Project, Nuevo to Alessandro 1-15 Express Lanes Project Southern Extension (Cajalco to 74) 60/215 Riverside-Moreno Valley Express Lanes 60/215 Riverside-Moreno Valley Express Lanes 60/215 Riverside-Moreno Valley Express Lanes 1-215 Gap Project (1-215 to French Valley Parkway) 91 Downtown Riverside Express Lanes Partner Agency Projects: Assist with Funding in 2019-2029 Lake Elsinore: 1-15/Raiiroad Carryon Interchange (fully funded) RCTLMA: Cajalco Road Corridor	Design/Construction Design/Construction Design-Build phase 2 construction Environmental Design/Construction Environmental to Construction Design/Construction Construction Construction Environmental to Construction	RCTC RCTC RCTC RCTC RCTC RCTC RCTC RCTC	40 84 145 470 38 342 18 197 \$ 1,335 \$ 36 452	\$125-\$525	X	X	X X X X	X X	X X	X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X	HIGH HIGH MEDIUM n/a (no lane or HIGH n/a HIGH HIGH MEDIUM MEDIUM MEDIUM HIGH								
up 3	Mid County Parkway: Right of Way and Environmental Mitigation Mid-County Parkway: Package 2 Mid County Parkway: Package 2 Mid County Parkway: 1-215 Project, Nuevo to Alessandro 1-15 Express Lanes Project Southern Extension (Cajalco to 74) 60/215 Riverside-Moreno Valley Express Lanes 60/215 Riverside-Moreno Valley Express Lanes 60/215 Riverside-Moreno Valley Express Lanes 1-215 Gap Project (I-215 to French Valley Parkway) 91 Downtown Riverside Express Lanes Partner Agency Projects: Assist with Funding in 2019-2029 Lake Elsinore: I-15/Raitroad Carryon Interchange (fully funded) RCTLMA: Cajalco Road Corridor Temecula: French Valley Parkway Phase 2 Not Part of 2019-2029 Delivery Plan: RCTC Projects	Design/Construction Design-Build phase 2 construction Environmental Design/Construction Environmental to Construction Design/Construction Design/Construction Construction Environmental to Construction Environmental to Construction Environmental to Construction	RCTC RCTC RCTC RCTC RCTC RCTC RCTC RCTC	\$ 40 84 145 470 38 342 18 197 \$ 1,335 \$ 36 452 120 \$ 608	\$125-\$525 \$36-\$100	x	x	X X X X X	X X	X X	X X X X X X X	HIGH HIGH MEDIUM n/a (no lane or HIGH n/a HIGH HIGH HIGH HIGH HIGH HIGH HIGH HIG								
up 3	Mid-County Parkway: Right of Way and Environmental Mitigation Mid-County Parkway: Package 2 Mid-County Parkway: Package 2 Mid-County Parkway: 1-215 Project, Nuevo to Alessandro 1-15 Express Lanes Project Southern Extension (Cajalco to 74) 60/215 Riverside-Moreno Valley Express Lanes 60/215 Riverside-Moreno Valley Express Lanes 60/215 Riverside-Moreno Valley Express Lanes 1-215 Gap Project (1-215 to French Valley Parkway) 91 Downtown Riverside Express Lanes Partner Agency Projects: Assist with Funding in 2019-2029 Lake Elsinore: I-15/Railroad Canyon Interchange (fully funded) RCTLMA: Cajalco Road Corridor Temecula: French Valley Parkway Phase 2 Not Part of 2019-2029 Delivery Plan: RCTC Projects Mid County Parkway: Packages 3 and thereafter 79 Realignment I-15 Corridor (SR-74 to 215/15 interchange)	Design/Construction Design/Construction Design-Build phase 2 construction Environmental Design/Construction Environmental to Construction Design/Construction Construction Environmental to Construction Environmental to Construction Environmental to Construction	RCTC RCTC RCTC RCTC RCTC RCTC RCTC RCTC	\$ 40 84 145 470 38 342 18 197 \$ 1,335 \$ 36 452 120 \$ 608	\$125-\$525	x x	X	X X X X X	X X	X X	X X X X X X X	HIGH HIGH MEDIUM n/a (no lane co HIGH n/a HIGH HIGH MEDIUM MEDIUM HIGH MEDIUM HIGH MEDIUM HIGH MEDIUM								
up 3	Mid County Parkway: Right of Way and Environmental Mitigation Mid-County Parkway: Package 2 Mid County Parkway: Package 2 Mid County Parkway: 1-215 Project, Nuevo to Alessandro 1-15 Express Lanes Project Southern Extension (Cajalco to 74) 60/215 Riverside-Moreno Valley Express Lanes 60/215 Riverside-Moreno Valley Express Lanes 60/215 Riverside-Moreno Valley Express Lanes 1-215 Gap Project (I-215 to French Valley Parkway) 91 Downtown Riverside Express Lanes Partner Agency Projects: Assist with Funding in 2019-2029 Lake Elsinore: I-15/Railroad Carryon Interchange (fully funded) RCTLMA: Cajalco Road Corridor Temecula: French Valley Parkway Phase 2 Not Part of 2019-2029 Delivery Plan: RCTC Projects Mid County Parkway: Packages 3 and thereafter 79 Realignment 1-15 Corridor (SR-74 to 215/15 interchange) 5R-91 Corridor Ultimate Project:	Design/Construction Design-Build phase 2 construction Environmental Design/Construction Environmental to Construction Design/Construction Construction Environmental to Construction Project Study to Environmental	RCTC RCTC RCTC RCTC RCTC RCTC RCTC RCTC	\$ 40 \$4 145 470 38 342 18 197 \$ 1,335 \$ 36 452 120 \$ 608 \$ 800 1,300 35	\$125-\$525	x x	X	X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X	X X	X X X	X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X	HIGH HIGH MEDIUM n/a (no lane co								
υ ρ 3	Mid-County Parkway: Right of Way and Environmental Mitigation Mid-County Parkway: Package 2 Mid County Parkway: Package 2 Mid County Parkway: 1-215 Project, Nuevo to Alessandro 1-15 Express Lanes Project Southern Extension (Cajalco to 74) 60/215 Riverside-Moreno Valley Express Lanes 60/215 Riverside-Moreno Valley Express Lanes 60/215 Riverside-Moreno Valley Express Lanes 1-215 Gap Project (1-215 to French Valley Parkway) 91 Downtown Riverside Express Lanes Parkway Riverside Express Lanes Parkway Projects: Assist with Funding in 2019-2029 Lake Elsinore: 1-15/Railroad Carryon Interchange (fully funded) RCTLMA: Cajalco Road Corridor Temecula: French Valley Parkway Phase 2 Not Park of 2019-2029 Delivery Plan: RCTC Projects Mid County Parkway: Packages 3 and thereafter 79 Realignment 1-15 Corridor (SR-74 to 215/15 interchange) SR-91 Corridor Ultimate Project: SR-91 Corridor Ultimate Project: SR-91 Corridor Ultimate Project: SR-91 Corridor Ultimate Project:	Design/Construction Design/Construction Design-Build phase 2 construction Environmental Design/Construction Environmental to Construction Design/Construction Construction Environmental to Construction Environmental to Construction Environmental to Construction Environmental to Construction Project Study to Environmental Environmental Environmental	RCTC RCTC RCTC RCTC RCTC RCTC RCTC RCTC	\$ 400 84 145 470 38 342 18 342 138 197 \$ 1,335 \$ 36 452 120 \$ 608 \$ 800 1,300 35 50	\$125-\$525	x x	x	X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X	X X	X X X	X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X	HIGH HIGH MEDIUM n/a (no lane co HIGH n/a HIGH MEDIUM MEDIUM HIGH MEDIUM HIGH MEDIUM AND								
up 3	Mid-County Parkway: Right of Way and Environmental Mitigation Mid-County Parkway: Package 2 Mid-County Parkway: Package 2 Mid-County Parkway: 1-215 Project, Nuevo to Alessandro 1-15 Express Lanes Project Southern Extension (Cajalco to 74) 60/215 Riverside-Moreno Valley Express Lanes 60/215 Riverside-Moreno Valley Express Lanes 60/215 Riverside-Moreno Valley Express Lanes 1-215 Gap Project (1-215 to French Valley Parkway) 91 Downtown Riverside Express Lanes Partner Agency Projects: Assist with Funding in 2019-2029 Lake Elsinore: 1-15/Railroad Carryon Interchange (fully funded) RCTLMA: Cajalco Road Corridor Temecula: French Valley Parkway Phase 2 Not Part of 2019-2029 Delivery Plan: RCTC Projects Mid County Parkway: Packages 3 and thereafter 79 Realignment 1-15 Corridor (8R-74 to 215/15 interchange) SR-91 Corridor Ultimate Proje: 2035 (EB & WB general purpose lanes: 71 to 241) SR-91 Corridor Ultimate Proje: 2035 (EB & WB general purpose lanes: 1-15 to Pierce)	Design/Construction Design/Build phase 2 construction Environmental Design/Construction Environmental to Construction Design/Construction Construction Environmental to Construction Design/ROW to Construction Project Study to Environmental Environmental Environmental	RCTC RCTC RCTC RCTC RCTC RCTC RCTC RCTC	\$ 40 \$44 145 470 38 342 18 197 \$ 1,335 \$ 36 452 120 \$ 608 \$ 800 1,300 35 50 25	\$125-\$525	x x	X X	X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X	X X	x x x	X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X	HIGH HIGH MEDIUM n/a (no lane co HIGH n/a HIGH HIGH MEDIUM MEDIUM HIGH MEDIUM HIGH MEDIUM Algorithm MEDIUM Algorithm MEDIUM Algorithm MEDIUM n/a (no lane co n/a (no lane co								
up 3	Mid-County Parkway: Right of Way and Environmental Mitigation Mid-County Parkway: Package 2 Mid County Parkway: Package 3 Mid County Parkway: Market 1 Mid County Parkway: Market 1 Mid County Parkway: Package 3 Mid County Package 3 Mid Co	Design/Construction Design/Construction Design-Build phase 2 construction Environmental Design/Construction Environmental to Construction Design/Construction Construction Environmental to Construction Environmental to Construction Environmental to Construction Environmental to Construction Design/ROW to Construction Project Study to Environmental Environmental Environmental Environmental Environmental Environmental Environmental	RCTC RCTC RCTC RCTC RCTC RCTC RCTC RCTC	\$ 40 \$4 145 470 38 342 18 197 \$ 1,335 \$ 36 452 120 \$ 608 \$ 800 1,300 35 50 25 75	\$125-\$525	x	x	X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X	X X	x x x x x x x x	X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X	HIGH HIGH MEDIUM n/a (no lane co HIGH n/a HIGH MEDIUM MEDIUM HIGH MEDIUM HIGH MEDIUM Algorithm MEDIUM N/a (no lane co n/a (no lane co n/a (no lane co n/a (no lane co								
oup 3	Mid-County Parkway: Right of Way and Environmental Mitigation Mid-County Parkway: Package 2 Mid-County Parkway: Package 2 Mid-County Parkway: 1-215 Project, Nuevo to Alessandro 1-15 Express Lanes Project Southern Extension (Cajalco to 74) 60/215 Riverside-Moreno Valley Express Lanes 60/215 Riverside-Moreno Valley Express Lanes 60/215 Riverside-Moreno Valley Express Lanes 1-215 Gap Project (1-215 to French Valley Parkway) 91 Downtown Riverside Express Lanes Partner Agency Projects: Assist with Funding in 2019-2029 Lake Elsinore: 1-15/Railroad Carryon Interchange (fully funded) RCTLMA: Cajalco Road Corridor Temecula: French Valley Parkway Phase 2 Not Part of 2019-2029 Delivery Plan: RCTC Projects Mid County Parkway: Packages 3 and thereafter 79 Realignment 1-15 Corridor (8R-74 to 215/15 interchange) SR-91 Corridor Ultimate Proje: 2035 (EB & WB general purpose lanes: 71 to 241) SR-91 Corridor Ultimate Proje: 2035 (EB & WB general purpose lanes: 1-15 to Pierce)	Design/Construction Design/Build phase 2 construction Environmental Design/Construction Environmental to Construction Design/Construction Construction Environmental to Construction Design/ROW to Construction Project Study to Environmental Environmental Environmental	RCTC RCTC RCTC RCTC RCTC RCTC RCTC RCTC	\$ 40 \$44 145 470 38 342 18 197 \$ 1,335 \$ 36 452 120 \$ 608 \$ 800 1,300 35 50 25	\$125-\$525	x	X X	X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X	X X	x x x	X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X	HIGH MEDIUM n/a (no lane co HIGH n/a HIGH HIGH MEDIUM HIGH MEDIUM HIGH MEDIUM A (no lane co n/a (no lane co								
ыр 3	Mid-County Parkway: Right of Way and Environmental Mitigation Mid-County Parkway: Package 2 Mid County Parkway: Package 2 Mid County Parkway: Package 2 Mid County Parkway: 1-215 Project, Nuevo to Alessandro 1-15 Express Lanes Project Southern Extension (Cajalco to 74) 60/215 Riverside-Moreno Valley Express Lanes 60/215 Riverside-Moreno Valley Express Lanes 60/215 Riverside-Moreno Valley Express Lanes 1-215 Gap Project (1-215 to French Valley Parkway) 91 Downtown Riverside Express Lanes Partner Agency Projects: Assist with Funding in 2019-2029 Lake Elsinore: 1-15/Railroad Carryon Interchange (fully funded) RCTLMA: Cajalco Road Corridor Temecula: French Valley Parkway Phase 2 Not Part of 2019-2029 Delivery Plan: RCTC Projects Mid County Parkway: Packages 3 and thereafter 79 Realignment 1-15 Corridor (SR-74 to 215/15 interchange) SR-91 Corridor Ultimate Project:	Design/Construction Design/Construction Design-Build phase 2 construction Environmental Design/Construction Environmental to Construction Design/Construction Construction Environmental to Construction Design/ROW to Construction Project Study to Environmental Environmental Environmental Environmental Environmental Environmental Environmental Construction Project Study to Environmental	RCTC RCTC RCTC RCTC RCTC RCTC RCTC RCTC	\$ 400 844 145 470 38 342 18 197 \$ 1,335 \$ 36 452 120 \$ 608 \$ 800 1,300 35 50 25 75 35 35	\$125-\$525	x	X X	X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X	X X	X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X	X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X	HIGH HIGH MEDIUM n/a (no lane co HIGH n/a HIGH N/a HIGH MEDIUM HIGH MEDIUM Algorithm MEDIUM Algorithm MEDIUM Algorithm Al								
ыр 3	Mid-County Parkway: Right of Way and Environmental Mitigation Mid-County Parkway: Package 2 Mid County Parkway: Package 1 Mid County Parkway: Package 2 Mid County Parkway: 1-215 Project, Nuevo to Alessandro 1-15 Express Lanes Project Southern Extension (Cajalco to 74) 60/215 Riverside-Moreno Valley Express Lanes 60/215 Riverside-Moreno Valley Express Lanes 60/215 Riverside-Moreno Valley Express Lanes 1-215 Gap Project (1-215 to French Valley Parkway) 91 Downtown Riverside Express Lanes Partner Agency Projects: Assist with Funding in 2019-2029 Lake Elsinore: 1-15/Raiiroad Carryon Interchange (fully funded) RCTLMA: Cajalco Road Corridor Temecula: French Valley Parkway Phase 2 Not Part of 2019-2029 Delivery Plan: RCTC Projects Mid County Parkway: Packages 3 and thereafter 79 Realignment 1-15 Corridor (RR-74 to 215/15 interchange) SR-91 Corridor Ultimate Project: 2035 (EB & WB general purpose lanes: 71 to 241) SR-91 Corridor Ultimate Proj.: 2035 (EB & WB general purpose lanes: F15 to Pierce) 1-10 Truck Climbing Lane 1-15 Corridor (215/15 interchange to San Diego County line) SR-71 Widering	Design/Construction Design/Construction Design-Build phase 2 construction Environmental Design/Construction Environmental to Construction Design/Construction Construction Environmental to Construction Project Study to Environmental Environmental Environmental Environmental to Construction Project Study to Environmental Environmental to Construction Project Study to Environmental Environmental to Construction	RCTC RCTC RCTC RCTC RCTC RCTC RCTC RCTC	\$ 400 84 145 470 38 342 18 342 137 5 1,335 \$ 36 452 120 \$ 608 \$ 800 1,300 35 75 35 35 1100	\$125-\$525	x	X X	X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X	X X	X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X	X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X	HIGH HIGH MEDIUM In/a (no lane co HIGH In/a HIGH N/a HIGH MEDIUM HIGH MEDIUM HIGH MEDIUM In/a (no lane co								
oup 3	Mid-County Parkway: Right of Way and Environmental Mitigation Mid-County Parkway: Package 2 Mid County Parkway: Package 3 Mid Salar Silar	Design/Construction Design/Construction Design-Build phase 2 construction Environmental Design/Construction Environmental to Construction Design/Construction Construction Environmental to Construction Environmental to Construction Environmental to Construction Design/ROW to Construction Project Study to Environmental Environmental Environmental Environmental Environmental Environmental to Construction Project Study to Environmental Environmental Environmental to Construction Project Study to Environmental Environmental to Construction Environmental	RCTC RCTC RCTC RCTC RCTC RCTC RCTC RCTC	\$ 40 \$44 145 470 38 342 18 197 \$ 1,335 \$ 36 452 120 \$ 608 \$ 800 1,300 35 50 25 75 35 100 500 1,000 51	\$125-\$525	x	X X	X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X	X X	X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X	X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X	HIGH HIGH MEDIUM In/a (no lane or HIGH IN/a HIGH IN/a HIGH MEDIUM HIGH MEDIUM A (no lane or In/a (no lane								
oup 3	Mid-County Parkway: Right of Way and Environmental Mitigation Mid-County Parkway: Package 2 Mid County Parkway: Package 3 Mid County Parkway: Package 3 Mid County Parkway: Package 3 Mid County Silver side Moreno Valley Express Lanes 60/215 River side Moreno Valley Express Lanes 60/215 River side Moreno Valley Express Lanes 60/215 River side Moreno Valley Express Lanes 1-215 Gap Project (P-215 to French Valley Parkway) 91 Downtown Riverside Express Lanes Partner Agency Projects: Assist with Funding in 2019-2029 Lake Elsinore: I-15/Railroad Canyon Interchange (fully funded) RCTLMA: Cajalco Road Corridor Temecula: French Valley Parkway Phase 2 Not Part of 2019-2029 Delivery Plan: RCTC Projects Mid County Parkway: Packages 3 and thereafter 79 Realignment I-15 Corridor (SR-74 to 215/15 interchange) SR-91 Corridor Ultimate Project:	Design/Construction Design/Construction Design-Build phase 2 construction Environmental Design/Construction Environmental to Construction Design/Construction Construction Environmental to Construction Environmental to Construction Environmental to Construction Design/ROW to Construction Project Study to Environmental Environmental Environmental to Construction Project Study to Environmental Environmental to Construction Environmental to Construction Environmental to Construction Environmental to Construction	RCTC RCTC RCTC RCTC RCTC RCTC RCTC RCTC	\$ 40 \$4 145 470 38 342 18 197 \$ 1,335 \$ 36 452 120 \$ 608 \$ 800 1,300 35 50 25 775 35 100 500 1,000 51,000	\$125-\$525	x	X X	X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X	X X	x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x	X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X	HIGH HIGH MEDIUM In/a (no lane or HIGH IN/a HIGH IN/a HIGH MEDIUM HIGH MEDIUM A (no lane or In/a (no lane								
oup 3	Mid-County Parkway: Right of Way and Environmental Mitigation Mid-County Parkway: Package 2 Mid County Parkway: Package 3 Mid County Parkway: Market 3 Mid County Parkway: Package 3 Mid County Package 3 Mid C	Design/Construction Design/Construction Design-Build phase 2 construction Environmental Design/Construction Environmental to Construction Design/Construction Construction Environmental to Construction Environmental to Construction Environmental to Construction Design/ROW to Construction Project Study to Environmental Environmental Environmental Environmental Environmental Environmental to Construction Project Study to Environmental Environmental Environmental to Construction Project Study to Environmental Environmental to Construction Environmental	RCTC RCTC RCTC RCTC RCTC RCTC RCTC RCTC	\$ 40 \$4 145 470 38 342 18 197 \$ 1,335 \$ 36 452 120 \$ 608 \$ 800 1,300 35 50 25 775 35 100 500 1,000 51,000	\$125-\$525	x	X X	X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X	X X	x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x	X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X	HIGH HIGH MEDIUM In/a (no lane or HIGH IN/a HIGH IN/a HIGH MEDIUM HIGH MEDIUM A (no lane or In/a (no lane								
oup 3	Mid-County Parkway: Right of Way and Environmental Mitigation Mid-County Parkway: Package 2 Mid County Parkway: Package 3 Mid County Parkway: Moreno Valley Express Lanes 60/215 Riverside-Moreno Valley Express Lanes 1-215 Gap Project (I-215 to French Valley Parkway) 91 Downtown Riverside Express Lanes Partner Agency Projects: Assist with Funding in 2019-2029 Lake Elsinore: I-15/Railroad Canyon Interchange (fully funded) RCTLMA: Cajalco Road Corridor Temecula: French Valley Parkway Phase 2 Not Part of 2019-2029 Delivery Plan: RCTC Projects Mid County Parkway: Packages 3 and thereafter 79 Realignment 1-15 Corridor (SR-74 to 215/15 interchange) 5R-91 Corridor Ultimate Project: 60 Jurupa Valley-Riverside Express Lanes 60 Managed Freeway Projects	Design/Construction Design/Construction Design-Build phase 2 construction Environmental Design/Construction Environmental to Construction Design/Construction Construction Environmental to Construction Environmental to Construction Environmental to Construction Project Study to Environmental Environmental Environmental Environmental Environmental Environmental Environmental Environmental to Construction Project Study to Environmental Environmental to Construction Project Study to Environmental Environmental to Construction Environmental	RCTC RCTC RCTC RCTC RCTC RCTC RCTC RCTC	\$ 400 \$44 145 470 38 342 18 197 \$ 1,335 \$ 36 452 120 \$ 608 \$ 800 1,300 35 50 25 75 35 100 500 1,000 51 50 \$ 4,022	\$125-\$525	x	X X	X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X	X X	x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x	X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X	HIGH HIGH MEDIUM n/a (no lane or HIGH n/a HIGH N/a HIGH MEDIUM HIGH MEDIUM Algo lane or n/a (no lane or								
oup 3	Mid-County Parkway: Right of Way and Environmental Mitigation Mid-County Parkway: Package 2 Mid County Parkway: Package 3 Mid County Parkway: Market 3 Mid County Parkway: Package 3 Mid County Package 3 Mid C	Design/Construction Design/Construction Design-Build phase 2 construction Environmental Design/Construction Environmental to Construction Design/Construction Construction Environmental to Construction Environmental to Construction Environmental to Construction Design/ROW to Construction Project Study to Environmental Environmental Environmental Environmental Environmental Environmental to Construction Project Study to Environmental Environmental Environmental to Construction Project Study to Environmental Environmental to Construction Environmental	RCTC RCTC RCTC RCTC RCTC RCTC RCTC RCTC	\$ 40 \$4 145 470 38 342 18 197 \$ 1,335 \$ 36 452 120 \$ 608 \$ 800 1,300 35 50 25 775 35 100 500 1,000 51,000	\$125-\$525	x	X X	X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X	X X	x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x	X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X	HIGH HIGH MEDIUM In/a (no lane or HIGH IN/a HIGH IN/a HIGH MEDIUM HIGH MEDIUM A (no lane or In/a (no lane								





Chapter III. Riverside County Profile

Future Land Use and Population Characteristics

This section builds mainly on data used to develop SCAG's 2016 RTP/SCS, since there are no other comparably detailed and disaggregated data for the base year (2016) and a horizon year (2040) that is close to the horizon year of the LRTS (2045). Moreover, the transportation modeling for the LRTS is based on SCAG's modeling databases, including land use and economic databases. Data presented includes:

- ✓ Households and Population data
- Employment and Major Industries data
- Household and Worker Income data

Past growth trends, visitor, seasonal and part-time population, employment and disadvantaged communities are also discussed in this section.

Table 6 shows future forecasts of population and employment for Riverside County and other counties in the region and the region as a whole. Riverside County has been and will continue to be the fastest growing county in the region in terms of population. By 2040 Riverside County will have doubled in population compared to 2000 and will have nearly 3.2 million residents. Residential growth has outpaced employment growth. Employment growth is increasing – nearly one in four net new jobs in the SCAG region will be in Riverside County, and the ratio of population to employment is projected to fall from a high of 3.7 in 2010 to 2.7 in 2040. Nonetheless, Riverside County will continue to have a higher ratio of population to jobs compared to the SCAG region as a whole: The region's population to employment ratio was 2.5 in 2010 and is projected to be 2.3 in 2040. This is because residential growth in Riverside County is also expected to be significant: Over one in four new residents added to the SCAG region between 2015 and 2040 will reside in Riverside County.

Table 7 shows detailed population and employment data for Riverside County and its three principal geographic subareas for 2040. Comparing Table 6 with Table 7 indicates both areas of continuity and change between 2016 and 2040:

- ✓ The distribution of households by size is not expected to change. In 2040 as in 2015, 50% of households in Riverside County will be one and two-person households and 35% of households have four or more persons.
- The share of persons over 65 will increase, and the share of younger age cohorts will decrease.
- ✓ Households without a worker will continue to represent 31% of the total; the share of two and three or more worker households will increase slightly.
- √ While both population and K-12 students will increase, the K-12 student share of population will decline.
- Median household incomes are projected to decline slightly, controlling for inflation.
- ▼ The share of single-family dwellings is expected to increase slightly.
- ✓ The share of low-paying jobs (<\$35,000) is expected to increase slightly from 56% to 58%.



✓ The share of jobs in construction, the professions, and education will increase; shares of jobs in other industries will be stable or declining.

Table 6 – SCAG Regional Population and Employment by County, 2040

		20	15	20	40	Difference (2015-2040)			
Imporial		Number	%	Number	%	Number	%		
	Imperial	182,390	1.0%	282,024	1.3%	99,634	0.3%		
	Los Angeles	10,158,776	54.1%	11,513,435	52.0%	1,354,659	-2.0%		
e o	Orange	3,157,074	16.8%	3,464,487	15.7%	307,413	-1.2%		
Population	Riverside	2,316,438	12.3%	3,167,584	14.3%	851,146	2.0%		
ndo	San Bernardino	2,111,258	11.2%	2,731,321	12.3%	620,063	1.1%		
2	Ventura	853, 188	4.5%	965,210	4.4%	112,022	-0.2%		
	SCAG Region	18,799,123	100.0%	22,124,061	100.0%	3,344,938			
	HIOC*	58.19		55.00		-3.2			
	Imperial	76,000	0.9%	124,609	1.3%	48,609	0.4%		
	Los Angeles	4,463,010	55.7%	5,225,707	52.9%	762,697	-2.4%		
¥	Orange	1,633,000	20.4%	1,898,685	19.2%	265,685	-1.1%		
Employment	Riverside	742,000	9.3%	1,174,500	11.9%	432,500	2.5%		
<u> </u>	San Bernardino	729,000	9.1%	1,028,132	10.4%	299,132	1.3%		
m d	Ventura	363,000	4.5%	419,808	4.3%	56,808	-0.2%		
ш	SCAG Region	8,006,030	100.0%	9,871,441	100.0%	1,865,411			
	HIOC*	63.43		59.53		-3.9			
	IOD**	0.052		0.045		-0.007			
	Imperial	2.4		2.3		-0.1			
	Los Angeles	2.3		2.2		-0.1			
tio	Orange	1.9		1.8		-0.1			
P-E Ratio	Riverside	3.1		2.7		-0.4			
P-F	San Bernardino	2.9		2.7		-0.2			
	Ventura	2.4		2.3		-0.1			
	SCAG Region	2.3		2.2		-0.1			

Note: *HIOC (Hoover Index of Concentration) measures the distribution of population and employment. If HIOC equals 0, then population and employment are perfectly de-concentrated. If HIOC equals 100, then the county's share in comparison with the entire SCAG region's population or employment would be concentrated to a single county of the SCAG region. However, if the HIOC drops to 0, then each county's share would be equal. **IOD (Index of Divergence) measures the intraregional segregation of population.

Source: CA DOF, CAEDD, SCAG



Table 7 – Riverside County Population and Employment, 2040

	Western	Riverside	Coachel	la Valley	Palo Ver	de Valley	Overall County			
	Totals	%	Totals	%	Totals	%	Totals	%		
Total Population (Percent of County	2,455,997	77 %	680,156	21%	47,225	1%	3,183,378			
Residential Population	2,425,776		676,758		39,172		3,141,706			
Persons Age 5-17 (School Age)	458,369	19%	120,170	18%	8,933	19%	587,472	18%		
Persons Age 18-24 (College Age)	223,647	9%	58,431	9%	4,594	10%	286,672	9%		
Persons Age 16-64 (Working Age)	1,479,710	60%	389,696	57%	28,798	61%	1,898,204	60%		
Persons 65 and over (Retirement Age)	443,890	18%	148,513	22%	8,924	19%	601,327	19%		
Zero-Worker Households	229,618	29%	90,226	35%	4,574	35%	324,418	31%		
One-Worker Households	273,291	35%	90,556	35%	4,036	31%	367,883	35%		
Two-Worker Households	201,054	26%	57,065	22%	3,031	23%	261,150	25%		
Three+ W orker Households	82,214	10%	17,627	7%	1,265	10%	101,106	10%		
K-12 Students	490,872	20%	99,960	15%	4,723	10%	595,555	19%		
College Students	138,821	6%	18,044	3%	5,899	12%	162,764	5%		
Median Household Income	\$55,001		\$52,279		\$51,791		\$54,268			
Low Income (<\$35k) HHs	255,861	33%	91,601	36%	4,377	34%	351,839	33%		
Median:	\$20,491		\$19,676		\$21,162		\$20,305			
Med. Income (\$35-75k) HHs	252,148	32%	81,737	32%	4,451	34%	338,336	32%		
Median:	\$51,919		\$49,903		\$54,375		\$51,477			
High Income (\$75-150k) HHs	208,274	26%	60,335	24%	2,925	23%	271,534	26%		
Median:	\$98,744		\$97,653		\$100,263		\$98,509			
Very High Inc. (>\$150k) HHs	69,894	9%	21,801	9%	1,153	9%	92,848	9%		
Median:	\$190,285		\$214,185		\$206,849		\$196,482			
Single Family Dwelling Units	546.180	69%	177,969	70%	8,740	68%	732,889	69%		
Multi-Family Dwelling Units	239,997	31%	77,505	30%	4,166	32%	321,668	31%		
Total Jobs	866,316		280,537		27,647		1,174,500			
Low-wage Jobs (<\$35k)	593,874	69%	194,084	69%	18,790	68%	806,748	69%		
Medwage Jobs (<\$35-75k)	160.038	18%	52,095	19%	5.058	18%	217,191	18%		
High-wage Jobs (>\$75k)	112,404	13%	34,358	12%	3,799	14%	150,561	13%		
Agricultural & Mining Jobs	8,303	1%	6,157	2%	274	1%	14,734	1%		
Construction Jobs	95,836	11%	32,997	12%	3,364	12%	132,197	11%		
Manufacturing Jobs	38,140	4%	7,849	3%	775	3%	46,764	4%		
W holesale Jobs	24,229	3%	6,355	2%	589	2%	31,173	3%		
Retail Jobs	102,046	12%	29,770	11%	2,881	10%	134,697	11%		
Transport, Warehouse, Utilities	35,598	4%	10,611	4%	943	3%	47,152	4%		
Information Jobs	13,596	2%	5,292	2%	437	2%	19,325	2%		
FIRE Jobs	28,532	3%	9,840	4%	944	3%	39,316	3%		
Professional Jobs	101,228	12%	34,655	12%	3,257	12%	139,140	12%		
Education Jobs	238,806	28%	74,945	27%	7,711	28%	321,462	27%		
Arts & Entertainment Jobs	104,441	12%	39,192	14%	3,492	13%	147,125	13%		
Other Service Jobs	44.994	5%	14,828	5%	1.515	5%	61,337	5%		
Public Administration Jobs	30,567	4%	8,046	3%	1,465	5%	40,078	3%		
Workers Paying for Parking	9.716	1%	0	270	0	570	14,567	1%		
	2,, 10	1/0					1,507	1/0		

Source: SCAG 2016 RTP/SCS



Economic Development

This section assesses the connection between transportation infrastructure and economic development in Riverside County. It first provides a summary of the pertinent economic development issues and strategies. Next, it describes the important connection between transportation infrastructure and development/growth. It then provides an overview of the County's economy and the geography of jobs, followed by a description of commute patterns associated with the current set of jobs and workers. SCAG RTP forecasts of Riverside County through 2040 are also described. Finally, this section highlights some of the key opportunities and challenges for Riverside County as it looks to spur new economic development in a broad set of industries, improve the job-housing balance, enhance quality of life, reduce congestion and commute times, and increase the use of transit, pedestrian, and bicycle travel.¹

Land Use, Transportation, and Economic Development

There is a dynamic connection between economic conditions, land use/development, and transportation infrastructure. Past transportation investments have played a fundamental role in the evolution of Riverside County and the locations of its jobs, households, and development. These transportation infrastructure investments have connected different areas of Riverside County, while also providing connections to the broader Southern California region and beyond. Past and current phases of growth, including the acceleration of single-family residential development starting in the mid-1980's and the more recent logistics and distribution boom, were enabled by broader regional economic growth (e.g. growth in port activity) and past transportation infrastructure investments in the County and the region. At the same time, this growth put new pressure on the County's transportation infrastructure spurring new investments to accommodate this demand.

Future transportation investments in the County must respond to the needs of recent and new development, while also responding to emerging trends and changes, as well as broader County goals, such as economic development, jobs-housing balance, and community quality of life, among others. For such a large County with numerous jurisdictions, multiple focal points of economic activity and living, and an economy so inter-connected with the large regional/State economy, the demands for transportation investment are large and multi-dimensional.

For this assessment, the term "economic development" is used broadly to refer to the potential role of transportation investments in supporting County growth in employment, population, income, real estate investment and other economic activity. Investments in automobile, transit, rail, bike and pedestrian infrastructure can enhance the competitive position of a neighborhood, community, or the broader region by increasing economic connectivity and integration.

Transportation infrastructure can also send a positive market signal about the long-term comparative

¹ In addition to data from the U.S. Census, the California Departments of Finance and Economic Development, and forecasts by the Southern California Association of Governments (SCAG), this section seeks to incorporate the insights of the UC Riverside Center for Economic Forecasting and Development and Dr. John Husing's Inland Empire Quarterly Economic Report.

Riverside County Long Range Transportation Study



advantage and public commitment to a particular area/location. At the same time, the economic benefits of different transportation investments can vary significantly depending on the type of transportation investment, the areas and ways in which it connects, the existing or evolving socioeconomic context and local efforts to plan for and effectively harness opportunities that may arise.

Broadly speaking, transportation infrastructure can be thought of as providing three types of economic benefits, including in-commute benefits, out-commute benefits, and transit/walkable area benefits. Incommute and out-commute benefits are associated with all forms of investment in transportation infrastructure, which provide improved connectivity between places of work and places of residence, while transit/walkable area benefits are more specifically associated with investments in transit, bicycle, and pedestrian infrastructure. These three types of benefits are described conceptually below and are important when considering the benefits and role of different types of transportation investments in Riverside County.²

Out-Commute Benefits

Transportation infrastructure can serve households with employed residents commuting out to employment destinations. Substantial Riverside County growth has been driven by the transportation connections provided between residential growth and employment destinations in other counties and communities. This can be in the form of both automobile infrastructure (freeways, highways, and arterial roads) as well as commuter rail/transit. While automobile infrastructure carries the large majority of out-commute connections in Riverside County, increasing traffic congestion can also generate increased demand for commuter rail where provided, especially in and near major metropolitan areas.

The "out-commute" model facilitates economic development in smaller to medium size cities, including many in Riverside County. Efficient transportation connections can increase the attractiveness of housing further away from major employment centers, especially if it is associated with access to lower cost and desirable communities. As this migration occurs, residential communities continue to grow outside of the cities with major employment centers and are fueled by the wages collected from employment and reinvested in the local housing market and other consumer/resident-driven uses (typically retail, service, and office uses). While Riverside County is expanding its own employment base, as with all California counties, out-commuting will remain a reality for many employed residents in many households.

In-Commute Benefits

The "in-commute" model has historically been associated with well-developed business and commercial districts, though this characterization is evolving. Employment centers receive a range of benefits, including the provision of employment opportunities for local residents (where there is a skills match), private investment in real estate and infrastructure, a range of tax and other public revenue

_

² These types of benefits should also be considered in conjunction with the interconnected range of quantifiable benefits that are addressed in the Cost-Benefit Analysis portion of the LRTS (e.g. commute time savings, safety improvements).

Riverside County Long Range Transportation Study



benefits, and spinoff benefits that often attract additional businesses. The City of Riverside is a noteworthy example of an in-commute center in Riverside County. There are also, however, communities that gradually evolve from primarily bedroom communities to successful commercial and job centers in their own right. These cities benefit from an increasing concentration of employed residents, as well as strong transportation connections to the larger metropolitan area.

Transit Areas, Place-Making, and Economic Development Benefits

Investment in transit and associated station areas can provide benefits at a more granular, area-specific level. In some cases, these investments provide unique opportunities for walkable and accessible mixed-use districts that combine residential, retail, and office developments. Not all transit stops/nodes will attract or be suitable for these types of development activity. However, when strong transit locations and ridership are coupled with appropriate real estate market conditions and policies that support compact development and walkable areas, transit-oriented development and communities can ensue. Even without transit service or nodes, cities can encourage new development, both residential, retail, and office, by creating attractive, compact, and walkable districts whether in historic city centers or newer centers of activity. Such areas are often popular with smaller households, including younger workers and empty nesters who in turn can spend a portion of their incomes locally. Where successful, these activity centers also bring additional benefits, such as reduced automobile congestion/travel. The development of these transit/walkable districts typically evolve incrementally over time.

Riverside County Economy

Riverside County in the Region

Riverside County is one of the six counties that make up the core of the SCAG region. In recent decades Riverside County has served as a bedroom community to Los Angeles, Orange and San Diego Counties. These three coastal counties have larger and more diversified employment and more expensive housing compared to Riverside County. Riverside County's position on the eastern edge of the SCAG region and the presence on I-10 and major interstate railroads has also led to the County becoming a major warehousing and distribution center serving all of Southern California.

As shown in Figure 4, based on State of California data, Riverside County currently has a population of about 2.4 million, about 11% of the Southern California total, and a jobs base of 688,000, about 7% of the Southern California total.³ Like its northern neighbor San Bernardino County, with which it makes up the Inland Empire, Riverside County covers an expansive geography, with adjacencies with Orange County, San Diego County, Imperial County, the State of Arizona, as well as San Bernardino County. For the purposes of the LRTS, Riverside County is divided into three subareas – Western Riverside County, Coachella Valley, and Palo Verde Valley - as shown in Figure 16.

³ Southern California total includes the SCAG region. Area is reflected in six-county area seen below in Figure 4.



VRPA TECHNOLOGIES, INC.

Delano Ridgectess LOS ANGELES Pop.: 857,386 Emp.: 328,200 Pop.: 10,241,278 Emp.: 4,441,400* King m-Bullhead City SAN BERNARDINO Pop.: 2,160,256 Los Angeles Santa Memica RIVER SIDE Emp.: 688,400 ORANGE COUNTY **IMPERIAL** Yuma Mexicali Lijuana San Luis Rio, Colorado RIVERSIDE COUNTY

Figure 4 – Population and Employment by SCAG Region, 2018

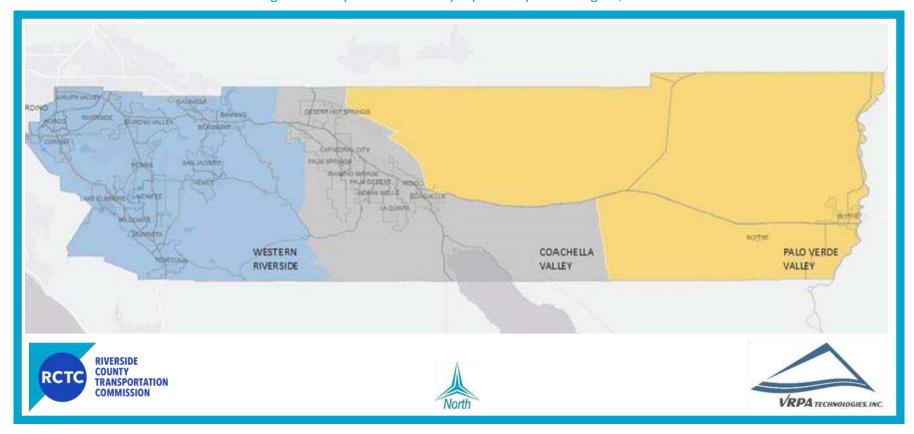
Note: Metropolitan Division (MD). Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA)

TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION

Source: Department of Finance (Table E-1, 2018) and Employment Development Department (QCEW, Q1 2018)



Figure 5 – Population and Employment by SCAG Region, 2018



Source: Department of Finance and Employment Development Department



Historical Growth

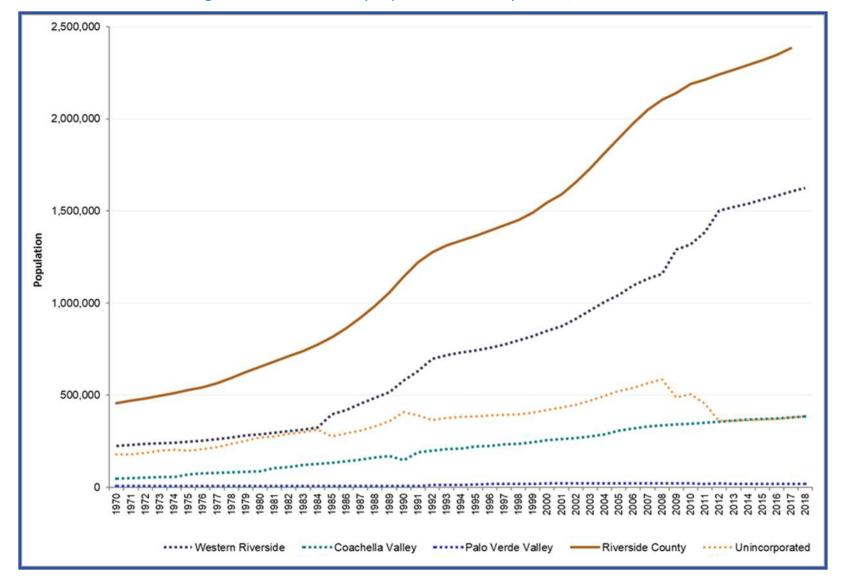
The Riverside County population has increased about five-fold since 1970, increasing from 460,000 in 1970 to about 2.4 million in 2018. This represented an average annual growth of about 42,200 residents each year and an average annual growth rate of about 3.5 percent. Figure 6 shows total County population growth, as well as growth in population of the cities in the three subareas. Western Riverside County cities, which include about 67% of the County's population, added the largest number of residents over this period, with a period of accelerated growth beginning in the mid-1980's with periodic dampening of growth during economic downturns. Western Riverside County cities represent a larger share of total County population today than they did in 1970. Coachella Valley city population also grew substantially from a modest population of about 50,000 residents in 1970 to about 384,000 residents in 2018. Palo Verde Valley includes one incorporated city with a population of approximately 19,400, substantially larger than it was in 1970. The remainder of the County population lived in unincorporated areas of the County, which saw periods of growth as well as decline due to new city incorporation (and the associated shift of population).

As shown in Figure 7, Riverside County's jobs base increased from 325,000 in 1990 to about 690,000 in 2016, based on State Employment Development Department (EDD) data. This represents the average annual addition of about 14,000 jobs each year, or an average annual growth rate of 2.9%. Most of this growth occurred between 1990 and 2007, a period where an average of 20,000 jobs were added each year. The Great Recession resulted in substantial job losses and it was not until 2014 that the County's job base returned to similar levels as in 2007. As discussed in more detail in sections below, in 2016 the County's jobs to population ratio (one measure of jobs and housing "balance"), was 0.29, very similar to the 0.28 ratio in 1990 (this ratio had increased to 0.32 prior to the Great Recession). The overall ratio for the Southern California economy was about 0.5, indicating the relatively larger role Riverside County has historically played in the region as a provider of housing more than of jobs.





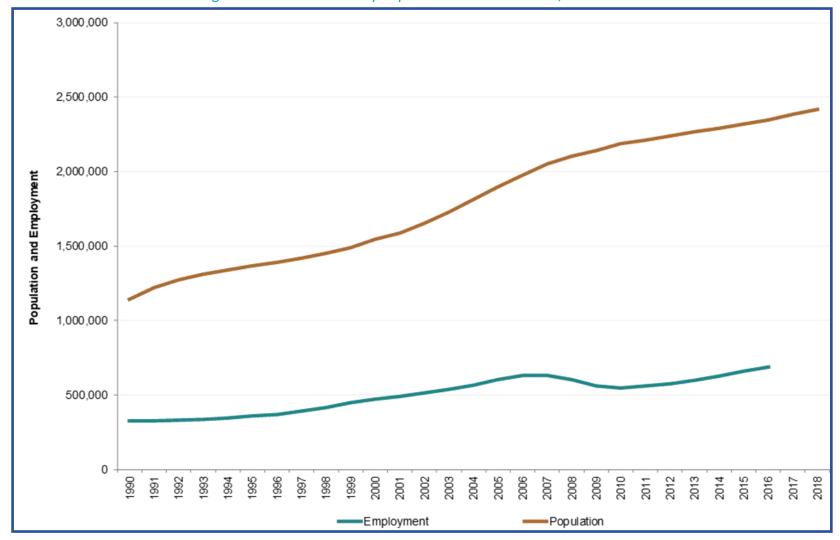
Figure 6 – Riverside County Population Growth by District, 1970 - 2018



Note: Population estimates are based on data for incorporated cities within each respective subarea. Sources: Department of Finance (2018)



Figure 7 – Riverside County Population and Job Growth, 1970 - 2018



Source: Department of Finance (Table E-1, 2018) and Employment Development Department (QCEW, Q1 2018)

Riverside County Long Range Transportation Study



Riverside County Jobs

According to U.S. Census data (that uses a different job counting procedure to the State EDD), Riverside County was the location of close to 595,000 jobs in 2015. Table 8 shows the distribution of County jobs by industry sector. As shown, the largest shares of employment in Riverside County (and collectively over 50 percent of County jobs) are in the Health Care and Social Assistance (12.6%), Retail Trade (12.6%), Accommodation and Food Services (11.7%), Education Services (10.9%), and Construction (8%). While these industry sectors also represent a significant proportion of overall jobs in the six-County SCAG region, with the exception of Health Care and Social Assistance, the Riverside County job concentrations in these industries are substantially higher than the regional average. Similarly, transportation and warehousing and public administration represented higher proportions of total jobs in Riverside County than in the region.

At the same time, there are several industry sectors that represent a smaller proportion of Riverside County jobs than regional jobs. Manufacturing, Information, Finance and Insurance, Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services, and Management of Companies and Enterprises, some of the industry sectors with higher average compensation, all show job concentrations (percent of the total) of 75% or less than the average for the SCAG region.

In terms of current job by occupations (in the Inland Empire), 16% of workers are employed as office and administrative support, 11% are employed as transportation and moving workers, and 11% are employed as sales workers, as seen in Table 9. Between years 2012 and 2017, occupational growth was strongest for construction and extraction jobs (49.8% growth), transportation and moving jobs (40.6% growth), and personal care and service (33.1% growth). While all occupations' average wages increased in nominal dollar terms, some occupations, including education, business and financial operations, and construction, had slower wage growth.

In general, there is a link between the education level of a workforce and the economic development and job opportunities in a county. Table 9 shows the levels of formal educational attainment of the persons 18 years and older in Riverside County and the State of California in years 2006 and 2016. As shown, in 2016, Riverside County showed a somewhat different distribution from the State as a whole, with about 20% of the population holding a bachelor's degree or higher relative to 30% in the State as a whole. At the same time, the level of education of the Riverside County population is increasing. As seen in Table 10, between 2006 and 2016, Riverside County showed increases in the number and proportion of the population with some college, associate degrees, bachelor's degrees, and graduate degrees (collectively, an increase from 47% to 55%).



Table 8 – Top Industry Sectors (2015) for Riverside County Compared to SCAG Region

Industry	Riversid	e County	SCAG	Total	Riverside/ SCAG Ratio
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing and Hunting	11,384	1.9%	55,865	0.8%	2.38
Mining, Quarrying, and Oil and Gas Extraction	324	0.1%	7,338	0.1%	0.51
Utilities	4,034	0.7%	47,773	0.7%	0.98
Construction	47,643	8.0%	301,708	4.4%	1.84
Manufacturing	39,860	6.7%	622,342	9.0%	0.75
Wholesale Trade	25,990	4.4%	401,795	5.8%	0.75
Retail Trade	74,589	12.6%	729,467	10.5%	1.19
Transportation and Warehousing	32,822	5.5%	280,891	4.1%	1.36
Information	5,782	1.0%	254,893	3.7%	0.26
Finance and Insurance	10,246	1.7%	268,270	3.9%	0.45
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	8,668	1.5%	131,596	1.9%	0.77
Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services	20,667	3.5%	470,825	6.8%	0.51
Management of Companies and Enterprises	2,921	0.5%	109,226	1.6%	0.31
Administration & Support, Waste Management and Remediation	37,098	6.2%	482,502	7.0%	0.90
Educational Services	64,457	10.9%	592,144	8.6%	1.27
Health Care and Social Assistance	74,781	12.6%	909,789	13.1%	0.96
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	14,495	2.4%	149,106	2.2%	1.13
Accommodation and Food Services	69,189	11.7%	619,965	9.0%	1.30
Other Services (excluding Public Administration)	17,226	2.9%	217,481	3.1%	0.92
Public Administration	31,644	5.3%	272,111	3.9%	1.36
Total	593,820	100.0%	6,925,087	100.0%	



Table 9 – Top Occupations (2012-2017) for Riverside County MSA

		2012			2017		% Change (2012/2017)
Occupations*	Jobs	%	Average Wages	Jobs	%	Average Wages	Jobs	Average Wages
Management	48,830	4%	\$103,596	58,800	4%	\$110,838	20.4%	7.0%
Business and Financial Operations	39,730	3%	\$66,089	50,500	4%	\$66,746	27.1%	1.0%
Computer and Mathematical	14,330	1%	\$74,481	15,010	1%	\$78,014	4.7%	4.7%
Architecture and Engineering	12,150	1%	\$78,963	13,790	1%	\$80,930	13.5%	2.5%
Life, Physical, and Social Science	8,930	1%	\$68,804	8,620	1%	\$75,452	-3.5%	9.7%
Community and Social Services	16,150	1%	\$52,116	18,510	1%	\$55,169	14.6%	5.9%
Legal	4,590	0%	\$93,719	5,920	0%	\$99,056	29.0%	5.7%
Education, Training, and Library	90,590	8%	\$61,162	95,590	7%	\$61,234	5.5%	0.1%
Arts, Design, Entertainment, Sports, and Media	9,930	1%	\$47,731	11,060	1%	\$50,733	11.4%	6.3%
Healthcare Practitioners and Technical	61,670	5%	\$82,143	72,860	5%	\$87,968	18.1%	7.1%
Healthcare Support	32,800	3%	\$28,955	30,030	2%	\$34,307	-8.4%	18.5%
Protective Service	33,690	3%	\$49,909	35,710	3%	\$53,258	6.0%	6.7%
Food Preparation and Serving-Related	115,160	10%	\$21,561	137,410	10%	\$26,192	19.3%	21.5%
Building and Grounds Cleaning and Maintenance	39,640	3%	\$26,795	43,890	3%	\$30,609	10.7%	14.2%
Personal Care and Service	31,230	3%	\$24,727	41,560	3%	\$28,719	33.1%	16.1%
Sales and Related	123,510	11%	\$33,985	145,520	11%	\$36,980	17.8%	8.8%
Office and Administrative Support	193,670	17%	\$34,992	215,160	16%	\$37,913	11.1%	8.3%
Farming, Fishing, and Forestry	6,420	1%	\$21,564	7,560	1%	\$24,805	17.8%	15.0%
Construction and Extraction	47,700	4%	\$51,824	71,450	5%	\$53,280	49.8%	2.8%
Installation, Maintenance, and Repair	42,560	4%	\$46,649	54,790	4%	\$49,643	28.7%	6.4%
Production	64,470	6%	\$32,050	82,190	6%	\$35,673	27.5%	11.3%
Transportation and Material Moving	104,220	9%	\$33,836	146,510	11%	\$36,908	40.6%	9.1%
Total	1,141,950		\$44,506	1,362,440		\$47,637	19.3%	7.0%

^{*} The sum of jobs per category may differ slightly from Total jobs as a result of rounding errors.

Source: Occupational Employment Statistics (OES) Survey Results



Table 10 – Riverside County Population Education Level, 2016

		20	06		2016					Change			
Education Level of 18+	Riverside County California		a	Riverside County Califo		Californi	a	Riverside Co	unty	Califomi	ia		
	#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%	
Less than 9th grade	140,900	10%	2,613,411	10%	147,668	8%	2,613,696	9%	6,768	5%	285	0%	
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	177,223	12%	2,704,629	10%	170,506	10%	2,455,483	8%	-6,717	-4%	-249,146	-9%	
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	456,665	31%	6,659,027	25%	491,119	28%	6,542,555	22%	34,454	8%	-116,472	-2%	
Some college, no degree	344,785	23%	5,997,410	22%	482,063	27%	7,283,222	24%	137,278	40%	1,285,812	21%	
Associate's degree	102,118	7 %	1,955,359	7%	133,680	8%	2,214,667	7 %	31,562	31%	259,308	13%	
Bachelor's degree	164,384	11%	4,581,094	17%	224,400	13%	5,781,881	19%	60,016	37%	1,200,787	26%	
Graduate or professional degree	82,715	6%	2,415,573	9%	124,368	7 %	3,265,264	11%	41,653	50%	849,691	35%	
Total	1,468,790	100%	26,926,503	100%	1,773,804	100%	30,156,768	100%	305,014	21%	3,230,265	12%	

Source: United States Census Bureau



Geography of Jobs

Riverside County has a multi-faceted economy with jobs spread across jurisdictions and subareas. Figure 8 shows the distribution of jobs by industry sector in the County's three subareas relative to the County as a whole. Each of the subareas has a substantial proportion of jobs in the healthcare and social assistance, retail trade, and accommodation and food services sectors. They all also have lower proportions of jobs in the mining, management, and utilities sectors. At the same time, there are several distinctions.

Western Riverside County includes the large majority of jobs in the County, so its industry concentrations are most close to the County as a whole. However, its industry concentrations show that it is the key County subarea for the transportation and warehousing, wholesale trade, construction, and manufacturing sectors. This is reflective of its location in the regional and State economy and its interconnectivity to the Ports of Los Angeles and Long Beach, and the larger Southern California economy through major transportation infrastructure.

The Coachella Valley also has a distinctive economy with a particularly strong tourism/visitor sector. As a result, it has particularly high concentrations in accommodation and food services and arts and entertainment sectors. Palo Verde Valley is a smaller scale economy dominated by the public administration sector that represents 40% of its current jobs base.

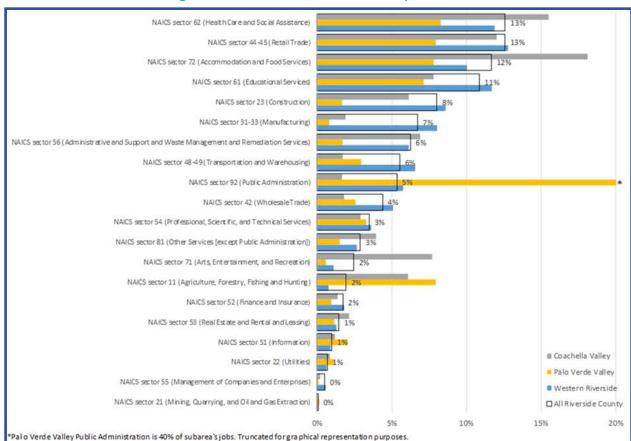


Figure 8 – Subarea Percent of Jobs by Sector

Riverside County Transportation Commission

Riverside County Long Range Transportation Study



Figure 9 illustrates the concentration of all primary jobs⁴ in Riverside County with labels indicating the largest employers in the County. This "heat map" – with an ordering from relatively high to relatively low (red, to yellow, to purple, to blue) - indicates the broad geographic distribution of jobs throughout the County, as well as places with particular concentrations. For example, as shown, in absolute terms, the areas in and around and between the Cities of Riverside and Corona and in the Murrieta/Temecula area have the highest concentration of jobs. At the same time, there are also significant concentrations in the Moreno Valley/Perris area, in Hemet, in multiple locations within Coachella Valley, and in Blythe. As also shown, the largest employers in the County include the school districts and other public administration agencies, medical centers, and, in Coachella Valley, the resort/casino/hospitality employers.

Riverside County has a dispersed and multi-nodal jobs distribution. This is consistent with the analysis and observations of the UC Riverside Forecasting Center that indicated that a lower proportion of Riverside County jobs proximate to its largest job center (the City of Riverside), relative to other counties. This pattern of jobs distribution, which is expected to continue into the future, has direct implications for current and future transportation needs and, arguably, makes the development of an effective Countywide transportation program more challenging than in other counties.

Considering the distribution of jobs in particular industry sectors shows the degree to which different sectors cluster in particular locations. Figure 10 shows the concentration of jobs in Riverside County for transportation and warehousing jobs. This is a large industry sector in the County that has driven a lot of the County's recent economic growth and has particular transportation infrastructure needs. As shown, these jobs are particularly clustered in Western Riverside County, in and around Jurupa Valley, the Cities of Riverside, Moreno Valley, and Perris, along the key transportation corridors. There are also smaller clusters elsewhere in the County.

Figure 11 shows the concentration of jobs in the County for professional, scientific, and technical services. Jobs in this industry sector often provide higher paying jobs for skilled workers, often requiring office/Research and Development buildings, and, in some cases, suitable for location in transit-served areas. These jobs have a different pattern of location from the transportation and warehousing sector with the strongest concentrations in and between the Cities of Riverside and Corona, as well as in Temecula and Jurupa Valley in Western Riverside County. There are smaller clusters throughout the Coachella Valley, including Palm Springs and Palm Desert. Finally, Figure 12 shows the distribution of County employed residents, providing a comparison point to Figure 9 and the distribution of County jobs (a critical relationship discussed further in the following section on commute patterns).

December 2019 Page | 36

⁴ The dominant (or primary) job for an individual is defined as the job that earned the individual the most money.



Figure 9 – Concentration of Transportation and Warehousing Jobs in Riverside County

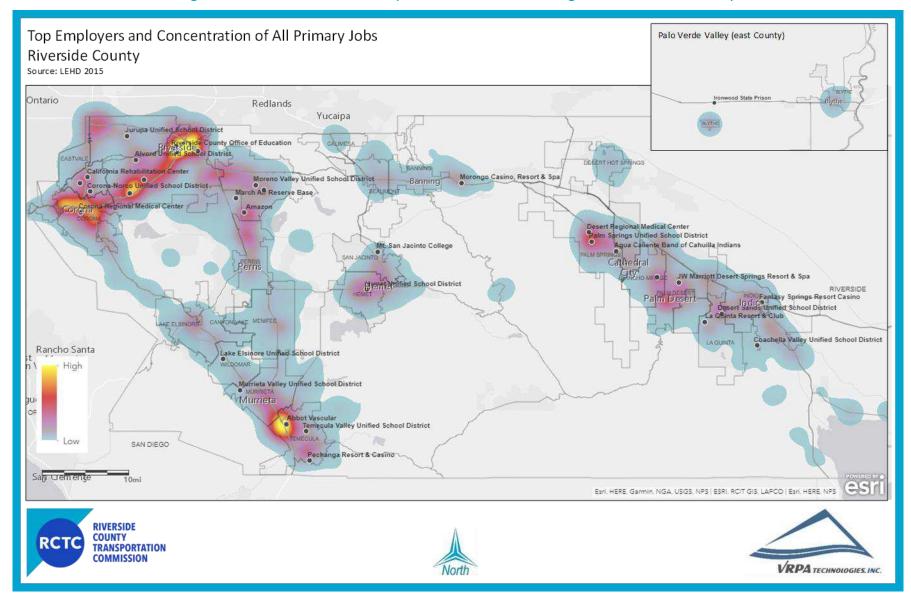




Figure 10 – Concentration of Transportation and Warehousing Jobs in Riverside County

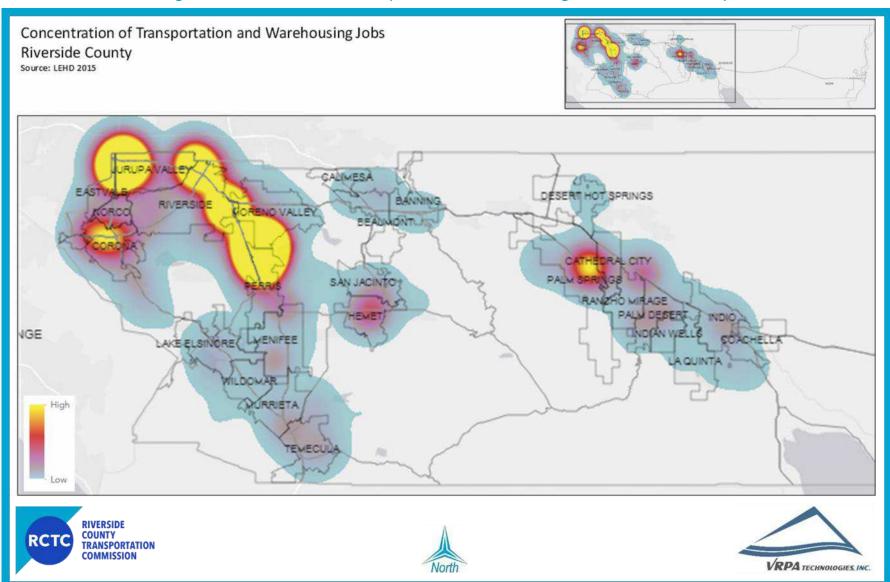




Figure 11 – Concentration of Professional, Scientific, Technical Services Job in Riverside County

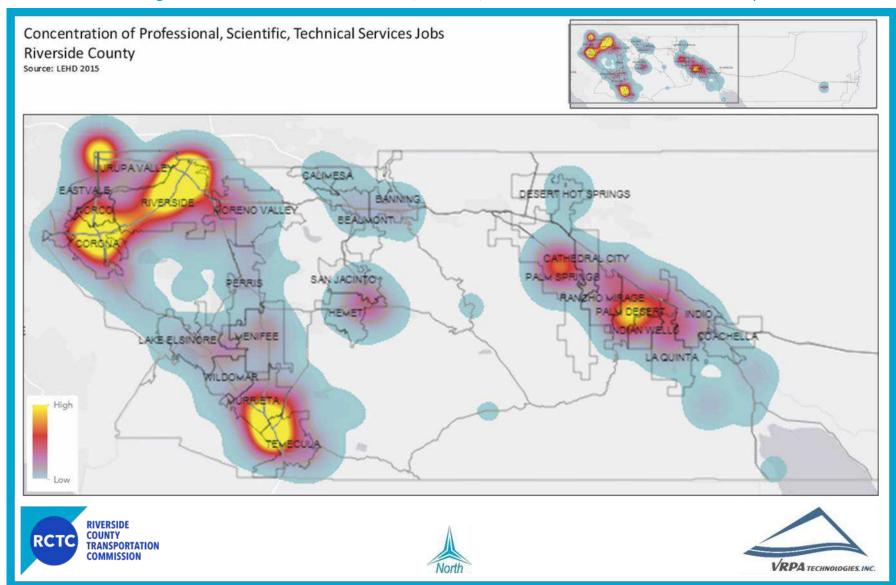
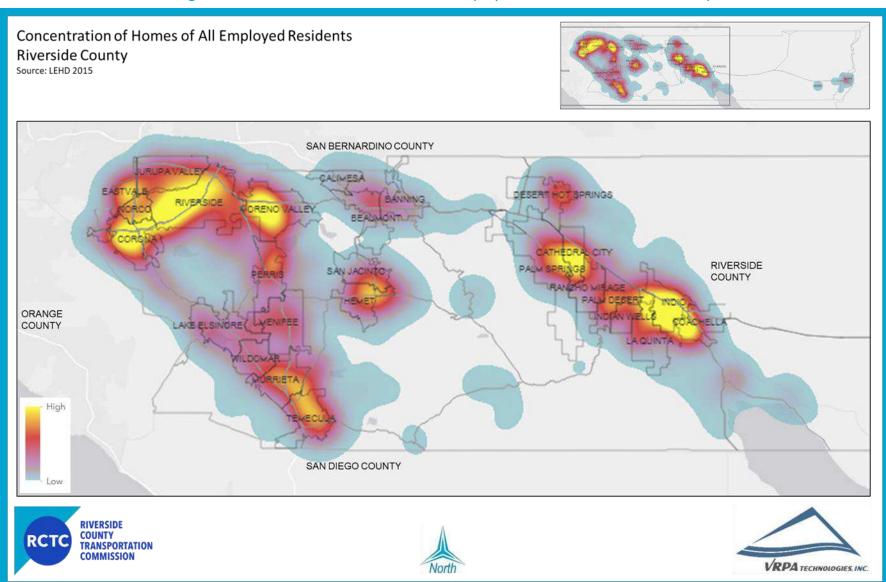




Figure 12 – Concentration of Homes of All Employed Residents in Riverside County





Workspace Real Estate Development

The development of workspace provides another indication of the distribution of economic activity and jobs. Workspace development – generally divided into office, retail, and industrial space – responds to market demands and reflects historic, current, and expected near-term market trends. Over time, demand for different types of workspace can accelerate, diminish, or shift. The current state of demand can generally be seen by looking at the historic workspace development construction trends, actual and changes in vacancy rates and lease rates, as well as information about building re-use and rehabilitation.

Table 11 provides 2017 information on private workspace inventory for the County and its three subareas, as well as average lease rates and vacancy rates. It also indicates the change in average lease rates and vacancy rates between years 2006 and 2017. As shown, Riverside County, as a whole, has a substantially different distribution of workspace. In the State of California, about 25% of workspace is office, 30% is retail, and 45% is industrial. In contrast, Riverside County's 205 million square feet of industrial space represents a substantially higher 60% of the County total, while the County's 35.2 million square feet of office space represents a substantially lower proportion, and the County's 100 million square feet of retail space represents 30% of the total. Controlling for relative population, the per capita office development is less than half in the State average in Riverside County, consistent for retail development, and above average for industrial. Western Riverside County has a higher industrial space per capita than the County and State averages, while the Coachella Valley has substantially more retail development per capita than both the County and State averages.

As with jobs, Western Riverside County provides the majority of the workspace in the County, though the concentration of industrial space is especially high at 90% of the County total compared to 75% of the office space and 70% of the retail space. Western Riverside County's workspace distribution is 10% office space, 25% retail space, and 65% industrial space, reflecting its substantial inventory of warehouse and distribution and other industrial space.

The Coachella Valley has a significantly different distribution with 20% office space, 60% retail space, and 20% industrial space, reflecting its strong visitor economy. The Palo Verde Valley private workspace inventory is more modest in scale and is predominantly retail.

The percentage growth in inventory in all workspace categories since 2006 has been substantially higher in Riverside County than in the State of California as a whole. Industrial development, in particular, grew by 40% in this period, almost five times the growth in the State as a whole. The growth in retail and office space grew about three times the percentage growth in California. For industrial development, this reflects the boom in logistics and distribution space in Riverside County at a time when new industrial development is modest in much of the State. The higher growth in retail space likely reflects the relatively higher population growth in the County relative to the State as a whole, though many retail formats are struggling throughout the State as an increasing proportion of consumer expenditures shift to online shopping. The greater proportionate growth in office development may also represent a response to the increasing County population and the need for a range of professional and other services. Still, the overall level of office development in the County remains low as a proportion of total development.



Table 11 – Real Estate Historical Market Conditions

	Cali	fornia		Riversio	de County	,	Western Riv	erside Sul	barea	Coachella V	alley Sub	area	Palo Verde	Valley Sub	area
Land Use	Metric	- %	% Ch.	Metric	%	% Ch.	Metric	%	% Ch.	Metric	%	% Ch.	Metric	%	% Ch.
	2017	%	'06-'07	2017	%	'06-'07	2017	%	'06-'07	2017	%	'06-'07	2017	%	'06-'07
Inventory (Sq.Ft.)															
Office	1.47 Billion	24%	7.3%	35,239,663	10%	23.7%	26,524,404	9%	27.2%	8,431,918	19%	14.7%	66,304	6%	0.0%
Retail	1.73 Billion	28%	5.5%	100,650,299	30%	14.3%	71,049,768	25%	13.8%	26,812,075	59%	17.1%	819,126	76%	3.8%
Industrial	2.97 Billion	48%	8.4%	204,658,575	60%	39.5%	182,916,634	65%	43.3%	9,985,266	22%	19.7%	191,436	18%	0.0%
Inventory (Sq.Ft.)/Per Resident															
Office	37.2			14.7			16.3			22.0			3.4		
Retail	43.8			41.7			43.7			69.8			42.2		
Industrial	75.1			84.7			112.5			26.0			9.9		
Vacancy Rate															
Office	9.1%		-0.6%	8.1%		0.7%	7.5%		0.9%	9.6%		1.3%	3.4%		-0.1%
Retail	4.4%		0.8%	7.0%		0.4%	5.6%		0.6%	10.3%		-0.6%	8.5%		-3.1%
Industrial	3.5%		-2.0%	5.0%		-1.0%	4.8%		-1.3%	3.8%		-3.3%	12.0%		5.2%
Rent/ Sq.Ft.															
Office	\$32.68		17.7%	\$22.47		-11.5%	\$20.37		-12.0%	\$20.80		-28.7%	\$18.90		16.7%
Retail (NNN)	\$23.03		-10.6%	\$18.09		-17.9%	\$18.12		-14.0%	\$17.92		-22.9%	\$10.11		-40.5%
Industrial (NNN)	\$9.39		37.3%	\$7.17		8.3%	\$5.90		-0.3%	\$20.63		86.7%	N/A		N/A

Source: CoStar



Commute Patterns

Inter County Commute Patterns

The commute patterns for Riverside County reveal that its workforce is integral to the larger region. As shown in Figure 13 and Table 12, of the 593,000 jobs in the County (based on US Census data), about 373,000 jobs (63%) are filled by County residents and 220,000 jobs (37%) are filled by in-commuters residing in other counties. Of the 778,000 employed residents living in Riverside County, 405,000 (52%) of them out-commute to other counties for their jobs, while 373,000 of them (48%) have jobs located in the County. Overall, there are 625,000 inter-County commuters (both in-commuters and out-commuters) with a net outflow of 185,000 persons. The level of in- and out-flow is substantially larger for Western Riverside County than the Coachella Valley due to its location relative to other Counties and their jobs and employed residents.

In a large metropolitan area like Southern California, substantial inflows and outflows of workers are not unusual. Orange County, for example, also sees a significant proportion of its jobs filled by incommuters and a significant proportion of its employed residents commuting out of the County for work. Differences do, however, arise between counties in terms of their relative numbers of jobs and employed residents and their jobs-to-housing ratio. A jobs to employed residence ratio of 1.0 means that there is precise balance between the number of jobs and employed residents, though it can still be accompanied by significant inflows and outflows of commuters. A jobs to employed residents balance of above 1.0, means that the County (jurisdiction) is a net provider of jobs, while below means the County is net provider of workers.

As shown in Table 12, Riverside County has the lowest jobs to employed resident ratio of 0.76 of the SCAG counties. The County of Los Angeles's ratio is slightly above 1.0, Orange County's is 1.12, and San Bernardino, Imperial and Ventura Counties are between 0.8 and 0.9. These differences, which are consistent with the differences in the jobs-housing ratio, are reflective of the relative roles of Orange County and Los Angeles County as job centers and the greater role of the other counties as places of residence. A move over time towards a greater balance between jobs and employed residents doesn't necessarily reduce inter-County commuting, though when the jobs attracted are suitable for employed residents, decisions on where to work can change and distance of commutes can be reduced.

As shown in Table 13, based on US Census data, of the in-commuters who work in the county, 51% work in non-goods producing and non-trade sectors (these sectors include professional services, health care, and public administration), 25% work in trade sectors, and 18% work in goods-producing sectors. About 38% of these jobs pay more than \$3,333 each month (\$40,000 annually). For out-commuters, there was a higher percentage in the services sector (57% relative to 51%) and a higher proportion of workers receiving more than \$40,000 annually (47% relative to 38%).



Figure 13 – Riverside County Inflow/Outflow, 2015



Note: Of the 593,820 jobs in Riverside County (based on US Census data), 373,117 jobs (63%) are filled by County residents and 220,703 jobs (37%) are filled by in-commuters residing in other counties. Of the 777,976 employed residents living in Riverside County, 404,859 (52%) of them out-commute to other counties for their jobs, while 373,117 of them (48%) have jobs located in the County



Table 12 – County and Subarea Commute Inflow/Outflow, 2015

	Employed	Employed	Residents	Emp	loyment Comm	nute Patt	ems			
Education Level of 18+	Residents	Working in th	e Jurisdiction	Total	Inflow		Outflow	Occupied	Jobs/	Jobs/
		#	%		#	%	#	Units	Housing	Emp. Resident
Riverside County	777,976	373,117	62.8%	593,820	220,703	37.2%	404,859	707,485	0.84	0.76
Subareas										
Palo Verde Valley	7,294	3,418	4 9. 7 %	6,872	3,454	50.3%	3,876	N/A	N/A	0.94
Coachella Valley	136,443	85,507	70.4%	121,494	35,987	29.6%	50,936	N/A	N/A	0.89
Western Riverside	634, 239	265,241	57.0%	465,478	200,237	43.0%	368,998	N/A	N/A	0.73
Other Counties										
Orange County	1,290,523	843,337	58.4%	1,443,968	600,631	41.6%	447,186	1,016,793	1.42	1.12
Los Angeles County	3,736,504	3,029,802	77.1%	3,928,040	898,238	22.9%	706,702	3,288,948	1.19	1.05
Ventura County	321,759	158,462	61.5%	257,587	99,125	38.5%	163,297	271,593	0.95	0.80
Imperial County	60,283	40,681	77.7%	52,325	11,644	22.3%	19,602	49,722	1.05	0.87
San Bernardino County	719,501	342,210	54.2%	631,347	289,137	45.8%	377,291	626,262	1.01	0.88

Source: OntheMap LEHD, 2015; Department of Finance



Table 13 – Major Job Categories and Monthly Earnings Categories by Subarea, 2016

Education Level of 18+	Rive	rside	Palo Ver	de Valley	Coachel	la Valley	Western	Riverside
Luucation Level of 10+	Inflow	Outflow	Inflow	Outflow	Inflow	Outflow	Inflow	Outflow
Industry Segment								
Goods Producing	18%	18%	7%	17%	14%	14%	18%	18%
Trade, Transportation, Utilities	31%	25%	11%	27%	26%	28%	32%	25%
All Other Services	51%	57%	81%	56%	60%	58%	50%	57%
Total	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Earnings								
<\$1,250	22%	18%	10%	27%	24%	24%	22%	18%
\$1,251 to \$3,333	40%	35%	19%	40%	43%	39%	39%	34%
\$3,333+	38%	47%	72%	33%	32%	37%	39%	48%
Total	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%



Subarea Commute Patterns

Table 12 also shows the commute patterns within the County amongst the three subareas. The Coachella Valley is relatively self-contained, with 70.4% of the jobs held by subarea employed residents, relative to 57% of the jobs in Western Riverside County, and 50% in Palo Verde Valley. As noted above, Western Riverside County's proportionate capture of employed residents is similar to that of Orange County and San Bernardino County. Table 14 through Table 16 provide additional information on the commute patterns of the three subareas.

As shown in Table 14, about 57% of the jobs (265,000 jobs) in Western Riverside County are held by Western Riverside County residents with the largest numbers of these workers residing in the Cities of Riverside, Corona, Menifee, Temecula, and Moreno Valley. The remaining 200,300 jobs were held by workers predominantly residing in a combination of cities in Los Angeles, Orange, San Diego, and San Bernardino Counties. Of the 265,000 employed residents working in Western Riverside County, the largest number of jobs were in the Cities of Riverside, Corona, Temecula, and Moreno Valley. Western Riverside County employed residents out-commuted to a broad range of cities in nearby Counties. Overall, there were substantial net out-commutes (out-commuters minus in-commuters) from Western Riverside County to the Cities of Los Angeles, San Bernardino, Ontario, Anaheim, Irvine, Santa Ana, Rancho Cucamonga, and San Diego. Within Western Riverside County, the Cities of Riverside, Corona, and Temecula were the only cities that provided substantially more jobs than employed residents.

The Coachella Valley (Table 15) is somewhat more self-contained with about 70% of the jobs held by Coachella Valley residents and about 63% of Coachella Valley employed residents working in the Coachella Valley. Jobs are geographically distributed also, though Palm Springs, Palm Desert, and Rancho Mirage provide a greater number of jobs relative to employed residents. Out-commuters from the Coachella Valley primarily commute to jobs in Western Riverside County Cities and the Cities of Los Angeles and San Diego.

As seen in Table 16, jobs in the Palo Verde Valley are held by about 50% employed residents and 50% in-commuters. In-commuters tend to come from within Riverside County. Out-commuters work in Ehrenberg, Arizona, which borders the City of Blythe.





Table 14 – Western Riverside County Commute Pattern Data, 2015

Where Workers Live Western	Who are Empl Riverside	oyed in	Where Workers are Westerr	Employed Who Riverside	Live in
Jurisdiction	#	%	Jurisdiction	#	%
Living and Working within \	Western Rivers	ide	Living and Working within	Western Rivers	ide
Jurupa Valley	11,655	2.5%	Jurupa Valley	11,198	1.8%
Eastvale	4,559	1.0%	Eastvale	2,550	0.4%
Norco	3,269	0.7%	Norco	6,532	1.0%
Riverside	50,302	10.8%	Riverside	72,275	11.4%
Corona	19,261	4.1%	Corona	29,896	4.7%
Moreno Valley	29,195	6.3%	Moreno Valley	20,134	3.2%
Calimesa	803	0.2%	Calimesa	492	0.1%
Banning	4,055	0.9%	Banning	2,811	0.4%
Beaumont	5,160	1.1%	Beaumont	3,075	0.5%
Perris	10,628	2.3%	Perris	10,614	1.7%
San Jacinto	7,578	1.6%	San Jacinto	4,965	0.8%
Hemet	12,927	2.8%	Hemet	13,080	2.1%
Canyon Lake	1,922	0.4%	Canyon Lake	933	0.1%
Menifee	12,794	2.7%	Menifee	7,101	1.1%
Lake Elsinore	8,635	1.9%	Lake Elsinore	7,860	1.2%
Wildomar	5,734	1.2%	Wildomar	2,754	0.4%
Murrieta	17,158	3.7%	Murrieta	15,819	2.5%
Temecula	17,593	3.8%	Temecula	30,479	4.8%
All Other Locations	42,013	9.0%	All Other Locations	22,673	3.6%
Subtotal	265,241	57.0%	Subtotal	265,241	41.8%
Where Commuters into We	estern Riversid	e Live	Where Western Riverside	Residents Worl	(
Los Angeles	11,736	2.5%	Los Angeles	25,137	4.0%
Fontana	8,483	1.8%	San Bernardino	20,104	3.2%
San Bernardino	8,329	1.8%	San Diego	18,634	2.9%
San Diego	6,380	1.4%	Ontario	17,669	2.8%
Ontario	5,484	1.2%	Irvine	14,272	2.3%
Anaheim	5,261	1.1%	Anaheim	13,971	2.2%
Rancho Cucamonga	5,095	1.1%	Santa Ana	11,169	1.8%
Rialto	4,687	1.0%	Rancho Cucamonga	10,424	1.6%
East He met	3,672	0.8%	Fontana	8,532	1.3%
All Other Locations	141,110	30.3%	All Other Locations	229,086	36.1%
Subtotal	200,237	43.0%	Subtotal	368,998	58.2%
Number of Jobs	465,478	100.0%	Employed Residents	634,239	100.0%



Table 15 – Coachella Valley Commute Patterns, 2015

Where Workers Live	Who are Empl la Valley	oyed in	Where Workers are E	Employed Who	Live in
Jurisdiction	#	%	Jurisdiction	#	%
	"			"	
Living and Working within C		<u> </u>	Living and Working within C		
Desert Hot Springs	4,995	4.1%	Desert Hot Springs	1,719	1.3%
Cathedral City	11,691	9.6%	Cathedral City	4,984	3.7%
Palm Desert	9,577	7.9%	Palm Desert	15,756	11.5%
Rancho Mirage	2,533	2.1%	Rancho Mirage	9,063	6.6%
Palm Springs	8,145	6.7%	Palm Springs	16,031	11.7%
Indian Wells	671	0.6%	Indian Wells	2,616	1.9%
Indio	18,166	15.0%	Indio	10,150	7.4%
La Quinta	8,295	6.8%	La Quinta	7,999	5.9%
Coache lla	10,141	8.3%	Coachella	5,377	3.9%
All Other Locations	11,293	9.3%	All Other Locations	11,812	8.7%
Subtotal	85,507	70.4%	Subtotal	85,507	62.7%
Where Commuters into Coa	ichella Valley L	ive	Where Coachella Valley Res	sidents Work	
Bermuda Dunes	2,010	1.7%	Los Angeles	3,738	2.7%
Los Angeles	1,954	1.6%	San Diego	3,183	2.3%
San Diego	1,590	1.3%	Thousand Palms	3,072	2.3%
Thousand Palms	1,503	1.2%	Riverside	2,828	2.1%
Mecca	1,450	1.2%	Thermal	1,940	1.4%
Yucca Valley	1,286	1.1%	Bermuda Dunes	1,639	1.2%
Garnet	1,131	0.9%	Temecula	1,147	0.8%
Riverside	776	0.6%	San Bernardino	1,016	0.7%
North Shore	744	0.6%	Irvine	946	0.7%
All Other Locations	23,543	19.4%	All Other Locations	31,427	23.0%
Subtotal	35,987	29.6%	Subtotal	50,936	37.3%
Number of Jobs	121,494	100.0%	Employed Residents	136,443	100.0%



Table 16 – Palo Verde Valley Commute Patterns, 2015

Where Workers Live Palo Ver	Who are Emplo de Valley	oyed in	Where Workers are E Palo Ver	mployed Who de Valley	Live in
Jurisdiction	#	%	Jurisdiction	#	%
Living and Working within P	alo Verde Vall	ey	Living and Working within P	alo Verde Vall	ey
Blythe	2,830	41.2%	Blythe	2,873	39.4%
All Other Locations	588	8.6%	All Other Locations	545	7.5%
Subtotal	3,418	49.7%	Subtotal	3,418	46.9%
Where Commuters into Pal	o Verde Valley	Live	Where Palo Verde Valley Re	esidents Work	
Indio	306	4.5%	Ehrenberg	268	3.7%
La Quinta	143	2.1%	Los Angeles	244	3.3%
Mesa Verde	143	2.1%	Riverside	236	3.2%
Riverside	138	2.0%	San Diego	194	2.7%
Moreno Valley	113	1.6%	El Centro	118	1.6%
Ripley	105	1.5%	San Bernardino	74	1.0%
San Francisco	89	1.3%	Palm Desert	67	0.9%
San Diego	86	1.3%	Brawley	59	0.8%
Los Angeles	81	1.2%	Palm Springs	57	0.8%
All Other Locations	2,250	32.7%	All Other Locations	2,559	35.1%
Subtotal	3,454	50.3%	Subtotal	3,876	53.1%
Number of Jobs	6,872	100.0%	Employed Residents	7,294	100.0%

Forecasts

As the region's metropolitan planning organization (MPO), SCAG is responsible for producing socioeconomic estimates and projections that are used for federal and state mandated long-range planning efforts. The latest SCAG forecasts are for the years 2012-2040 period and forecast population, households, and jobs. This forecast reflects SCAG's "preferred Regional Transportation Plan/Sustainable Communities Strategy (RTP/SCS) scenario". 5 SCAG's preferred scenario accounts for future regional growth that coordinates with transportation system



improvements of the approved 2016 RTP/SCS, as well as anticipated new transportation projects planned by the region's transportation commissions, local agencies, and transit providers. This approach looks at the region as a whole and considers population and employment growth from a regional perspective, meanwhile accounting for subregional investments and circumstances.

 $^{^5} http://scagrtpscs.net/Documents/2016/draft/d2016RTPSCS_04_Creating A Plan For Our Future.pdf$

Riverside County Transportation Commission

Riverside County Long Range Transportation Study



Figure 14 is a SCAG map that shows the forecasted employment change for the entire SCAG region. As shown, major concentrations of growth are expected to occur in Los Angeles County, Orange County, San Bernardino County, and Riverside County (including Western Riverside County and the Coachella Valley).

Table 17 and Table 18 summarize SCAG's population, household, and employment (jobs) forecast for 2012-2040. As shown, Riverside County is expected to grow by about 42% (approximately 938,600 residents), to a population of 3.18 million over this period; an annual average growth of 33,500 residents each year. This represents a substantial amount of growth, similar in absolute terms to the last 28 years (1990 - 2018), but more modest in terms of proportional growth. Of the three subareas, Coachella Valley cities are expected to grow the most relative to their current population size.

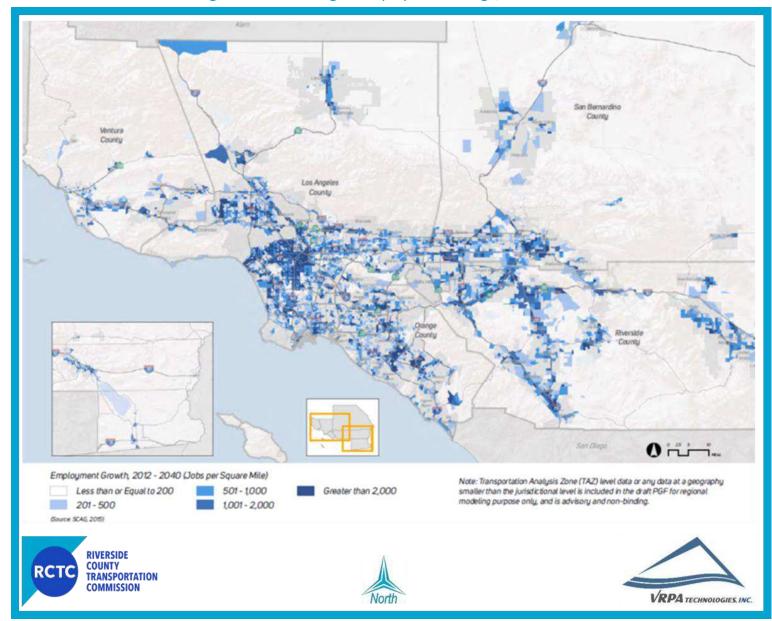
Table 18 shows that jobs in Riverside County are expected to increase substantially by 2040. A total of 557,700 net new jobs are forecast to be added between years 2012 and 2040, an annual average increase of 20,000 jobs and an overall increase of 90 percent. Of this total, about 343,000 net new jobs are expected in Western Riverside County, 122,800 jobs in the Coachella Valley, and 89,000 jobs in unincorporated portions of the county. Generally consistent with the population growth forecast, a total of about 360,000 new households are forecast, an annual average increase of 12,900 jobs and an increase of 52%.

Significantly, these forecasts show a substantially higher pace of job growth relative to population and household growth. These SCAG forecasts indicate a net attraction of new businesses and economic activity over-and-above those directly driven by increases in resident expenditures. In 2012 the jobsto-housing ratio was about 0.9. This is relative to a current regional jobs-to-housing ratio of over 1.25. Between years 2012 and 2040, the SCAG forecasts for Riverside County indicate a growth in jobs and households representing a 1.55 jobs to housing ratio during this period. When combined with the current 2012 jobs and household, these forecasts result in a significant increase in the overall County jobs to housing ratio to 1.1 by 2040 (Table 18).

Table 19 shows the SCAG job forecasts for Riverside County by jurisdiction. As shown, the majority of growth is spread across the cities and unincorporated areas in Western Riverside County and the Coachella Valley. In terms of absolute growth, the Cities of Riverside and Moreno Valley are both expected to attract over 50,000 net new jobs. The Cities of Indio, Coachella, Corona, Hemet, Murrieta, and Temecula are all also expected to attract over 20,000 new jobs between years 2012 and 2040. In terms of proportionate growth, the cites of Desert Hot Springs, Coachella, Beaumont, Calimesa, Lake Elsinore, and Moreno Valley, San Jacinto, and Wildomar are all expected to see job growth of over 150% through year 2040.



Figure 14 – SCAG Region Employment Change, 2012-2040



Source: SCAG



Table 17 – Population Projections by Subarea, 2012-2040

Area	Population								
	2012	2040	%	Change	% Ch.				
Palo Verde Valley	20,000	24,600	1%	4,600	23%				
Coachella Valley	357,600	595,100	19%	237,500	62%				
Western Riverside	1,508,000	2,060,800	65%	552,800	37%				
Other	359,500	503,200	16%	143,700	40%				
Total	2,245,100	3,183,700	100%	938,600	42%				

Source: 2016-2040 RTP/SCS SCAG Projections

Table 18 – Job Projection by Subarea, 2012-2040

Area		Emp	oloyment				old		
Alea	2012	2040	%	Change	% Ch.	2012	2040	Change	% Ch.
Palo Verde Valley	3,700	6,600	1%	2,900	78%	4,500	6,200	1,700	38%
Coachella Valley	130,900	253,700	22%	122,800	92%	132,100	227,100	95,000	72%
Western Riverside	410,800	753,800	64%	343,000	83%	445,100	656,000	210,900	47%
Other	71,200	160,200	14%	89,000	125%	112,700	165,000	52,300	46%
Total	616,600	1,174,300	100%	557,700	90%	694,400	1,054,300	359,900	52%

Source: 2016-2040 RTP/SCS SCAG Projections



Table 19 – SCAG Region Employment Growth by City, 2015-2040

City		Emplo	yment	
City	2012	2040	Change	% Change
Palo Verde Valley				
Blythe	3,700	6,600	2,900	78%
Coachella Valley				
Desert Hot Springs	3,700	12,900	9,200	249%
Cathedral City	10,800	21,200	10,400	96%
Palm Springs	26,300	45,800	19,500	74%
Palm Desert	36,900	53,600	16,700	45%
Rancho Mirage	12,300	20,500	8,200	67%
Indian Wells	4,000	7,000	3,000	75%
Indio	16,000	36,800	20,800	130%
La Quinta	12,400	21,500	9,100	73%
Coachella	8,500	34,400	25,900	305%
Subtotal	130,900	253,700	122,800	94%
Western Riverside				
Banning	7,300	14,200	6,900	95%
Beaumont	5,900	18,000	12,100	205%
Calimesa	1,300	5,900	4,600	354%
Canyon Lake	1,200	2,700	1,500	125%
Corona	66,400	88,400	22,000	33%
Eastvale	4,300	9,800	5,500	128%
Hemet	21,000	45,500	24,500	117%
Lake Elsinore	11,800	31,700	19,900	169%
Menifee	10,300	23,500	13,200	128%



Table 19 - SCAG Region Employment Growth by City, 2015-2040 (continued)

City	Employment					
City	2012	2040	Change	% Change		
Western Riverside						
Moreno Valley	31,400	83,200	51,800	165%		
Murrieta	23,200	45,100	21,900	94%		
Norco	13,200	25,700	12,500	95%		
Perris	15,100	32,200	17,100	113%		
Riverside	120,000	200,500	80,500	67%		
San Jacinto	5,900	17,800	11,900	202%		
Temecula	43,000	63,500	20,500	48%		
Wildomar	5,000	13,500	8,500	170%		
Jurupa Valley	24,500	32,600	8,100	33%		
Subtotal	410,800	753,800	343,000	83%		
Other						
March JPA	700	3,600	2,900	414%		
Unincorporated	70,500	156,600	86,100	122%		
Subtotal	71,200	160,200	89,000	125%		
Total	616,600	1,174,300	557,700	90%		

Source: 2016-2040 RTP/SCS SCAG Projections



Transit-Oriented and Transit-Potential Areas

The Transit-Oriented Development/High-Quality Transit Areas section indicates the boundaries of plan areas within Riverside County where policies support transit-oriented development, transit potential, and/or activity nodes. Transit-oriented development include transit services, as well as policies that support the intensification of development around them; transit potential cities include cities with supportive policies and where future transit service is expected/possible; and, activity nodes indicate cities with policies that support compact development and pedestrian and bike mobility. The High-Quality Transit Areas identified by SCAG are displayed in Chapter V.

These policies when coupled with the appropriate market conditions (and, in some cases, catalytic public investments) can support the development of new mixed-use districts that can both act to reduce automobile travel and congestion, but also to attract households and businesses interested in this type of environment.

For the identified cities and areas (transit-oriented and transit potential), Table 20 provides Census estimates of the number of households and median household income for each of the identified plan areas/nodes. Table 21 provides a summary of workspace inventory (office, retail, and industrial) and the number of multi-family units from CoStar⁶ data for the same areas.

The following narrative provides a brief description of each plan area (by City) along with the corresponding demographic and real estate data. These areas have the greatest potential to bring the transit/walkable area economic development benefits described earlier in this section.

Corona

Corona currently has two Metrolink stations, the North Main Station and the West Corona Station, both of which are owned and operated by RCTC. The North Main Station is located just north of the Downtown area and the West Corona Station is located in another activity node with office and industrial surrounding land uses. The North Main Station Area and Downtown Area are located roughly one-half mile apart, divided by SR-91. The Downtown Specific Plan area is currently developed with a mix of uses including 460,000 square feet of office space, 630,000 square feet of retail space, 80,000 square feet of industrial space and 1,500 households (see line item entitled Corona Mixed Use Downtown). The North Main Street Specific Plan (see line item entitled Corona Mixed Use 1) is currently developed with 95% industrial uses. The City envisions more intensified future development in the station area and has allowed for increased density of up to 60 units per acre and 2.0 Floor Area Ratio (FAR). While Corona's Downtown and adjacent North Main Street Station Specific Plan Areas encourage mixed-use development and alternative travel modes, it will likely take time to coordinate and implement these plans. The North Main Street Area in particular will need to undergo a major transformation from industrial uses into diversified and intensified transit-oriented development.

⁶ CoStar is a commercial real estate firm which develops and maintains a comprehensive database on commercial properties. A full company profile can be found at Co.Star.com.



Table 20 – Plan Area and Demographics

City / Plan Area	Transit Policy Class	Number of Households (2017)	Median Household Income
Corona			
Corona Mixed Use Downtown [1]	Transit Oriented	1,518	\$38,945
Corona Mixed Use [1]	Transit Oriented	2	\$42,500
Hemet			
Hemet Mixed Use Area Around Future Metrolink	Transit Potential	N/A	N/A
Hemet Mixed Use	Transit Potential	88	\$26,329
Jurupa Valley			
Jurupa Valley Rubidoux Village Center Overlay	Transit Potential	61	\$38,078
Jurupa Valley Pedley Village Overlay	Transit Potential	36	\$55,981
Jurupa Valley Glen Avon [1]	Transit Potential	968	\$50,086
Perris			
Perris Downtown Specific Plan	Transit Potential	1,622	\$36,858
Riverside			
Riverside Mixed Use Urban	Transit Oriented	380	\$19,263
Riverside Downtown Specific Plan	Transit Oriented	1,863	\$32,058
Riverside Western Mixed Use Areas [2]	Transit Oriented	16,003	\$51,187
Temecula			
Temecula Jefferson Ave Specific Plan	Transit Potential	11	\$171,824
Temecula Old Town Specific Plan	Transit Potential	292	\$36,384
Palm Desert			
Palm Desert University Area	Transit Potential	194	\$84,410
Palm Desert Downtown	Transit Potential	2,254	\$35,545
Sub-Total / Wght. Average Plan Areas		25,292	\$46,233
Riverside County Total		741,071	\$60,180

^[1] A 0.5-mile radius was drawn about the center of the plan areas

Source: ESRI

 $[\]label{eq:control_polygon} \textbf{[2] A custom polygon was drawn about the outer corners of the mixed-use areas along Magnolia Ave.}$



Table 21 – Plan Area Real Estate Conditions

City (Dlan Avec	Transit Policy Class	Real Estate Inventory (Sq.Ft.)			Share	Number of	
City / Plan Area		Office	Retail	Industrial	Total Non- Residential	Industrial	Multifamily Units
Corona							
Corona Mixed Use Downtown [1]	Transit Oriented	457,794	630,421	81,404	1,169,619	7%	547
Corona Mixed Use [1]	Transit Oriented	N/A	5,229	102,878	108,107	95%	N/A
Hemet							
Hemet Mixed Use Area Around Future Metrolink	Transit Potential	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	N/A	N/A
Hemet Mixed Use	Transit Potential	123,860	442,624	226,619	793,103	29%	46
Jurupa Valley							
Jurupa Valley Rubidoux Village Center Overlay	Transit Potential	81,467	253,826	19,674	354,967	6%	43
Jurupa Valley Pedley Village Overlay	Transit Potential	28,009	143,389	2,000	173,398	1%	N/A
Jurupa Valley Glen Avon [1]	Transit Potential	10,157	96,570	N/A	106,727	N/A	529
Perris							
Perris Downtown Specific Plan	Transit Potential	154,627	480,032	301,022	935,681	32%	926
Riverside							
Riverside Mixed Use Urban	Transit Oriented	32,104	933,140	76,256	1,041,500	7%	786
Riverside Downtown Specific Plan	Transit Oriented	3,199,649	893,329	407,927	4,500,905	9%	781
Riverside Western Mixed Use Areas [2]	Transit Oriented	2,645,518	6,624,303	511,111	9,780,932	5%	9,423
Temecula							
Temecula Jefferson Ave Specific Plan	Transit Potential	890,775	980,414	1,155,710	3,026,899	38%	0
Temecula Old Town Specific Plan	Transit Potential	236,016	451,508	88,476	776,000	11%	534
Palm Desert							
Palm Desert University Area	Transit Potential	310,607	146,940	19,623	477,170	4%	260
Palm Desert Downtown	Transit Potential	1,254,824	3,732,820	N/A	4,987,644	N/A	1,231
Sub-Total / Wght. Average Plan Areas	N/A	9,425,407	15,814,545	2,992,700	28,232,652	11%	15,106
Plan Area as Share of Riverside County		27%	16%	1%	8%		11%
Riverside County Total	N/A	35,208,756	100,778,065	202,748,154	338,734,975	60%	133,978

^[1] A 0.5-mile radius was drawn about the center of the plan areas

Source: CoStar

 $[\]hbox{\cite{the outer corners of the mixed-use areas along Magnolia Ave.}}\\$



Hemet

The City of Hemet has developed transit-supportive policies in anticipation of the future Downtown Hemet Metrolink station (see line item Mixed Use) and another potential station in West Hemet (see line item Mixed Use Area Around Future Metrolink). The future station is planned to be located in the existing Downtown area, which is currently developed with roughly 50% retail uses, 30% industrial uses, and a small amount of office and multifamily uses. The Downtown area includes a portion of existing development along with large parcels of undeveloped or underutilized land to the north. There are currently just 88 households in the specific plan area, but the City envisions transit-oriented mixed-use development and intensified building to support the future Metrolink. The potential station, West Hemet, does not currently have any quantifiable real estate uses. The City aims to establish multimodal transit services to connect the two stations and expand the City's alternative-transportation infrastructure.

Jurupa Valley

The City of Jurupa Valley has identified three existing village centers for intensified development and transit-centric infrastructure improvements. A Metrolink station is located in the Pedley Village Area, which is the City's historic downtown. This specific plan area is currently developed with 82% retail uses, minimal office and industrial uses, and 36 single-family households. The other two identified areas, Rubidoux and Glen Avon, do not have Metrolink stations but have been targeted by the City in their recent General Plan through the use of Village Center Overlays, which encourage infill development and the establishment of town centers. Rubidoux is centered around a main thoroughfare, Mission Boulevard, and has a retail-heavy mix of uses and a small number of existing residents, most of whom live in multifamily buildings. Glen Avon, on the other hand, has roughly 1,000 households and 530 multifamily units, making it the most residential of the three areas. The City envisions that these three activity nodes be redesigned to give greater or equal priority to alternative transportation nodes as to automobile traffic.

Perris

The City of Perris has prepared a Downtown Specific Plan for the existing Metrolink station. The Downtown area currently houses roughly 1,600 households, most of whom live in multifamily buildings. The existing downtown is currently developed at low densities but includes roughly 480,000 square feet of retail space, or roughly 50% of the total, with another 30% industrial space, and the remaining 20% office space. Additionally, the City has a Trail Master Plan that focuses on enhancing the City's pedestrian and bicycle networks.

Riverside

There are three existing Metrolink stations in the City of Riverside, with locations at La Sierra, downtown, and Hunter's Park. The California Air Resource Board (CARB) will house its new state-of-the-art research and testing facility, and Southern California headquarters on a 19-acre site near the campus of University of California, Riverside, and in proximity to the Hunter Park station. The City has developed a downtown specific plan that aims to enhance the existing mixed-use downtown area



through intensified development and increased activity. The Downtown area is currently developed with 3.2 million square feet of office space, or 70% of the area's non-commercial space, with another 900,000 square feet of retail space and 400,000 square feet of industrial space. Additionally, Downtown has 1,860 households, many of whom live in the area's 780 multifamily units. The City's existing Transit-Oriented Development (TOD) policies, along with the established mixed-use nature of the Downtown, make Downtown Riverside a promising area for near-term TOD.

Temecula

The City of Temecula has identified two activity nodes for increased development intensity. The Temecula Old Town Specific Plan is the location of the City's downtown and is currently developed with mostly retail uses (roughly 450,000 square feet), office uses (roughly 230,000 square feet), and nearly 300 households. The Old Town area has a natural creek that divides the predominately commercial area from the predominately residential area.

The second activity node identified herein is the Jefferson Avenue area, which is centered around the Jefferson Avenue corridor adjacent to the Old Town Area. The Jefferson Ave area includes just 11 households and is currently developed with 40% percent industrial uses, 30% percent office uses, and the remaining 30% percent retail uses. This area runs parallel to the I-15 freeway with most of the existing development included in shopping centers and business parks.

Palm Desert

The City of Palm Desert, located in the Coachella Valley, has identified two areas for focused TOD development, Downtown and University. Downtown is currently developed with 1.3 million square feet of office space and another 3.7 million square feet of retail space. Additionally, the Downtown area is home to 2,250 households and roughly 1,230 multifamily units, further indicating the existing mixed-use nature of the City's Downtown area. The City aims to enhance connectivity within the area and amongst the rest of the City by enhancing mobility through high-quality transit. The second identified activity node, the University Area, includes the University of California, Riverside extension campus and the California State University, San Bernardino Palm Desert Campus. While the area is currently developed with mostly office uses and roughly 260 multifamily units, the City aims to leverage the potential of the Universities to develop the area with uses that support the growth of the universities while creating a well-connected mixed-use district. Additionally, the City has identified the University area as a prime location for future BRT or light rail service, which would help Palm Desert connect with the rest of the region. Furthermore, the CV Link project (a revolutionary new concept in active and alternative transportation), headed by the Coachella Valley Association of Governments, will provide infrastructure for active and alternative transportation modes from Palm Springs to Coachella, with plans to extend from Desert Hot Springs to the Salton Sea at some point in the future. CV Link broke ground in 2017 with its first segment in Cathedral City, a 2 ½ mile segment from Ramon Road to Vista Chino.



Opportunities and Constraints

The preceding data and analysis provide sufficient background information to indicate the key opportunities and constraints related to County goals for economic development.

Opportunities

Opportunities for Growth

Riverside County and the Inland Empire, more generally, have an historic and ongoing advantage in providing opportunities for new growth and development. The Southern California region will continue to grow and as land and development opportunities become limited in the region's coastal area, there will be an ongoing interest in looking to the Inland Empire for residential and economic development opportunities.

Growing Residential Population and Jobs-Pull

The Great Recession hit the Inland Empire hard, but the County's population has continued to grow and, between natural growth and in-migration from other Southern California counties, population growth is expected to continue. This growth and the associated increased labor force will continue to provide an "out-commute" economic boost through household expenditures. In addition, the increasing population and workforce, combined with the increasing educational levels in the County, will combine to create an incrementally higher "jobs-pull" in other industry sectors in Riverside County. Over time, in combination with a range of other factors, this could act to support job growth in a range of industries as some businesses choose to locate closer to their workforces. This would result in substantial "in-commute" benefits.

Goods Movement, Logistics, and More

The combination of the regional and County transportation and goods movement infrastructure and the increasing shift toward e-commerce have made Western Riverside County a key center for distribution/logistics developments. These intermediaries in the trade and flow of goods have been an important source of jobs in the County, with further expansions and developments expected. There has also been increased development of Industrial Flex buildings that can combine office, R&D, manufacturing, and storage. These buildings provide space for a range of different industry sectors, often providing less expensive space than in other counties. However, increased truck trips have impacted the highway systems and RCTC is currently studying these impacts to assess the costs related to warehouse development.

Business and Leisure Travel

The expanding population and jobs base in Riverside County will continue to grow the amount of business travel from elsewhere in the State and beyond. The Coachella Valley, in particular, attracts a large number of leisure visitors spurring investments and spending on hotels, casinos, entertainment, retail, and associated activities. This influx of visitors to Riverside County is expected to continue to grow, bringing dollars and economic activity into the County.



Commuter Rail Supportive Investments

With the recent investments in Metrolink, intra-County and inter-County commuters have new commute options. These investments will bring increased transit ridership for commuters and, in selected cases, support the emergence of attractive mixed-use districts for living and working. Additionally, there are many areas in the County where city policies will support compact forms of development and bicycle and pedestrian improvements. These investments and policies, when coupled with supportive market conditions, could both reduce automobile use while also spurring economic development.

Challenges

Historical Trends, Commute Patterns, and Office Development

Industry sectors and businesses often cluster together in particular locations, with new businesses attracted to areas with existing clusters. New businesses often look to locate in business districts/office parks and the investment is less likely to occur where there is not a proven track record. This can be seen in Riverside County, and Western Riverside County in particular, where many employed residents commute out to often high-paying jobs in other counties. In the real estate sector, this is also apparent in the office market, where demand for office space has been relatively weak. While government and education functions occupy non-industrial space, new office development for private uses in the County has been modest. In recent years, there are signs of change and a shift in the jobs-housing balance, though this will be an evolving process.

Education Levels

Education levels in Riverside County have historically been lower than the average for Southern California. In recent years, however, this disparity has started to close. Going forward, continued efforts to provide a strong education to school and college-aged children will be important in developing a new generation of workers who have strong employment opportunities and who can provide a workforce to businesses interested in locating in Riverside County. Furthermore, keeping these college educated students in Riverside County will be critical as historically many do not remain in Riverside County after graduation.

Scale and Land Use Patterns

The size of Riverside County makes economic development efforts more complex due to the different advantages and preferences among jurisdictions and subregions. As noted in the UC Riverside Forecast, Riverside County's clusters of jobs are more dispersed with less singular concentration around one major employment center. As a result, there is less opportunity to provide transit or other transportation solutions with one single investment. Instead, with Riverside County's multiple jobs and housing centers, Riverside County will need a range of transportations investments and types to improve commutes, reduce congestion, and shift more travel to non-vehicular modes. Similarly, the historical pattern of lower density residential and industrial development also means that the development of mixed-use and walkable districts may take more time to evolve and/or need to be developed anew.

Riverside County Transportation Commission

Riverside County Long Range Transportation Study



Use Conflicts

In a diverse economy that mixes residential development with a range of non-residential development types, there are likely to be conflicts between land uses and their associated transportation needs. In particular, supporting the goods movement/logistics industry, an important engine of economic growth, while maintaining a strong quality of life for existing and future residents and other types of businesses will be critical.

Funding

Many of the ongoing opportunities for economic development in Riverside County relate to the core characteristics, established businesses and population, and other comparative advantages associated with Riverside County (such as location within the Metropolitan Region). Many of the additional opportunities are, however, tied to investments in transportation infrastructure, place-making, human capital (education), and other amenities that boost regional quality of life and are attractive to firms and to workers. Like many California jurisdictions, Riverside County and its jurisdictions have faced shrinking levels of State and federal dollars available for these important investments for many years. At the same time, while the County and its local jurisdictions played a critical role in passing Measure A to support transportation investments, among others, the needs are substantial, and current funding levels are insufficient to fund planned improvements.

Issues

Riverside County's historical and future growth and economic prosperity are tied to a multitude of factors. One important factor - that has played a major role in the evolution of the County's economy and quality of life and that will continue to be important in the decades ahead - is investments is transportation infrastructure and the associated effects on mobility, land uses, and development.

Riverside County currently has a lower jobs-housing balance than other counties in Southern California, meaning that it is relatively "housing rich" and "jobs poor" compared to neighboring Counties. The resulting high level of out-commuting, especially in the western part of the County, has implications for the transportation needs, congestion, and quality of life of County residents.

Riverside County also faces unique challenges in designing its optimal transportation investment program due to its geographic scale, its numerous and varied cities/communities, its more dispersed pattern of jobs, and its varied transportation demands. Transportation investments must serve both inter-County and intra-County mobility and connectivity. Differing transportation needs and challenges also exist within its three subareas – Western Riverside County, Coachella Valley, and Palo Verde Valley – and different demands drivers – goods movement industry, tourism/leisure industry, daily commuting, and local trips.

RCTC's Long Range Transportation Study will respond to the mobility demands of existing and forecasted households and jobs, and, through its investment decisions, will play a role in shaping future economic development in the County. The RCTC's goals include supporting economic development in the County through transportation investments, where possible, to support economic prosperity and



quality of life. This includes helping to reduce congestion and improve quality of life by improving mobility, providing a range of mobility options, and, where possible, catalyzing economic development and job opportunities through its transportation investments.

Strategies

The overall economic development strategy for transportation investments is to improve inter and intra-County mobility for goods and people movement, reduce congestion and commute times, and encourage economic development by providing jobs-supporting transportation infrastructure. The economic development benefit of different transportation investments can be viewed through five different, but related, lenses/strategies:

- Improve mobility for residents and workers. Transportation investments, as quantified in Cost Benefit Analysis, can provide substantial economic benefits through travel time savings and safety improvements. A key loss of economic productivity and quality of life relates to travel time related to traffic congestion, whether during commute or other hours. Where households and businesses have choices, congestion detracts from a location's relative standing. Where they do not, it results in lost time, lower work productivity and diminished quality of life.
- Support local economic development and a long-term "jobs-pull strategy" by improving commuter mobility infrastructure by expanding capacity and providing alternative modes of transportation. Improved mobility connections between Riverside County and other counties (and within the County) will strengthen the economic connections and improve opportunities to attract new workers (as residents) as well as new jobs. New out-commuting residents will act both to drive local economic development through their local expenditures (on retail goods and services) as well as to increase the attractiveness of Riverside County for new employers as a location with an accessible workforce. Over the long run, an increasing labor force with a broad skill base can create labor pool "tipping point" that will help drive the attraction of new businesses and associated job opportunities.
- Combine transit investments and bicycle/pedestrian improvements with place-making and economic development opportunities where local jurisdictions are supportive. As discussed in the "Transit- Oriented Development/ High Quality Transit Areas" section, there are a number of areas in the County that are now being served by or may be served by new transit investments and/or pedestrian/bicycle connections. Not only do these investments bring new commute and local mobility options, reduced congestion, and increased transit ridership by commuters, but they can also act to support the emergence of attractive mixed-use districts for living and working. These investments would be most likely to catalyze economic development where the policy of local jurisdictions is supportive of such investments and the potential compact forms of workforce and residential development that can accompany them and where market conditions support these use types.
- ✓ Maximize regional economic impacts of transportation investments. Major transportation investments generate a substantial number of jobs (for a broad range of workers with different skill levels), salaries and wages, and economic output. These direct economic impacts, in turn, generate "multiplier" effects associated with the purchase of supplies and services that support the transportation projects as well as from the personal expenditures of the workers. The net regional



economic impact is larger when local funding is matched with regional, State, and/or federal funding.

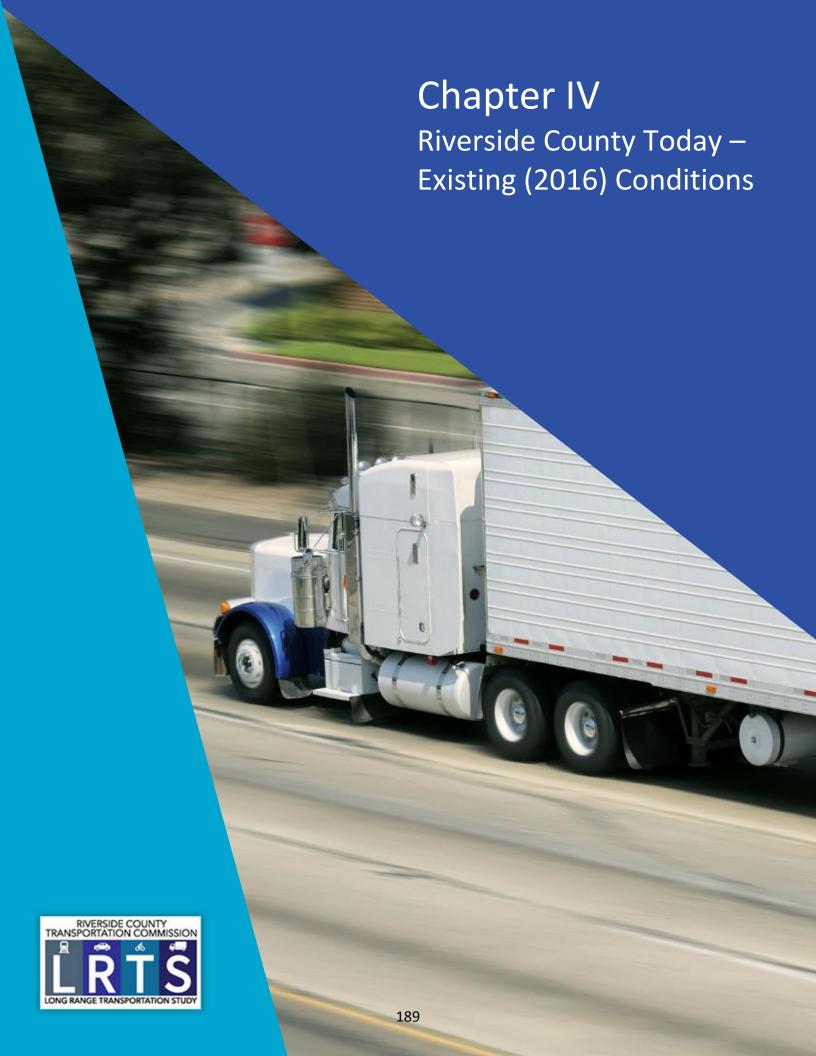
Enhance and manage goods movement industry-supportive transportation investments. The County's location and transportation infrastructure, in combination with the broader shift towards e-commerce, has made Western Riverside County, in particular, a major attractor of logistics/ distribution space and associated jobs. As the Southern California region continues to grow, the expansion of this industry sector will continue providing job opportunities and economic activity and requiring investments in associated transportation infrastructure. As the County provides the supporting transportation infrastructure, it will be important to understand the needs and impacts of the truck traffic and seek to minimize its potential impacts on the quality of life of residents and workers.

Conclusions

SCAG's adopted 2016 RTP/SCS (and associated growth forecast) envisions strong job, household, and population growth in Riverside County through 2040. The forecast envisions a shift in the historical pattern, where job growth exceeds household and population growth, gradually changing the historical jobs-housing imbalance and likely reducing the proportionate level of out-commuting. Under this future, the economic benefits associated with the increasing numbers of households and employed residents will continue, while job growth will bring a range of new economic activities, tax revenues, and investments in real estate and infrastructure.

Supporting the achievement of this future will be important for the economic health and welfare of County and regional residents. It would also lead to a virtuous cycle where new employment opportunities provide more options not to commute long distances, where local employment opportunities allow for a shift between transportation modes, and where growth and development generate revenues that can be re-invested in essential infrastructure.

Transportation is just one piece of the economic development puzzle, but a critical one, especially for a county as expansive and dispersed as Riverside County. The willingness and ability to fund transportation improvements and system preservation and maintenance will prove critical to managing this growth, supporting additional growth, and maintaining/sustaining the quality of life of County residents. In addition to highway and arterial improvements, judicious investments in transit, pedestrian, and bicycle infrastructure will also offer alternative travel options, supporting compact mixed-use development districts in some places, linking households without vehicles to jobs in other locations, and generally helping to reduce congestion, improve air quality and public health.





Chapter IV. Riverside County Today – Existing (2016) Conditions

Existing Land Use and Population Characteristics

This section builds mainly on data used to develop SCAG's 2016 RTP/SCS, since there are no other comparably detailed and disaggregated data for the base year (2016) and the horizon year (2045). Moreover, the transportation modeling is based on SCAG's modeling databases, including its land use and economic databases. Data presented includes:

- ✓ Households and Population data
- Employment and Major Industries data
- Household and Worker Income data

Past growth trends, visitor, seasonal and part-time population, employment and disadvantaged communities are also discussed in this section.

Table 22 shows past trends of population and employment for Riverside County and other counties in the region and the region as a whole.

Table 23 shows detailed population and employment data for Riverside County and its three principal geographic subareas for 2016. The data presented in Table 22 and 23 were compiled from SCAG 2016 RTP/SCS socioeconomic databases used in the transportation modeling being performed for the LRTS and are therefore consistent with the travel forecasts presented in later sections of this Study.

Examining Table 22 and 23, several notable aspects of Riverside County's 2016 demography are evident:

- ✓ 50% of households in Riverside County are one and two-person households; 35% of households have four or more persons.
- ✓ 20% of Riverside County's resident are school age; this proportion holds for all three subareas.
- ✓ Not surprisingly, the Coachella and Palo Verde Valleys have a higher proportion of persons and heads of household over 65 compared to Western Riverside County.
- ✓ Nearly one-third (31%) of households in the county have no worker present. This figure includes retired households as well as households of unemployed persons and full-time college students. The data reflects the great recession and slow recovery during the first half of the current decade.
- More than one-third of households are one-worker households.
- Median income is higher in Western Riverside County compared to the eastern subareas.
- Countywide, nearly two-thirds of households had incomes of \$75,000 or less.
- Over two-thirds of Riverside County's dwelling units are single-family.
- ✓ Nearly 70% of jobs in Riverside County paid \$35,000 per year or less.
- Only 13% of jobs in Riverside County paid \$75,000 per year or more.
- Education is the dominant industry in Riverside County, representing a quarter of all County jobs.
- Retail, arts and entertainment, and professional industry sectors all represent over 10% of jobs.



- ✓ Only 2 percent of jobs in Riverside County are in the Information industry such as computer programming, system design, telecommunications, and others.
- Very few workers' pay for parking at work; those that do all work in Western Riverside County.
- ✓ At 1.1%, employment growth in Riverside County (noted in red in Table 22) is more significant than any other county in the SCAG region.

Table 22 – SCAG Regional Population and Employment by County, 2000 - 2015

		2000		2010		2015		Difference (2010-2015)	
		Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%
	Imperial	143,151	0.9%	175,594	1.0%	182,390	1.0%	6,796	0.0%
	Los Angeles	9,543,983	57.6%	9,827,070	54.4%	10,158,776	54.1%	331,706	-0.3%
5	Orange	2,853,893	17.2%	3,017,089	16.7%	3,157,074	16.8%	139,985	0.1%
Population	Riverside	1,557,271	9.4%	2,191,800	12.1%	2,316,438	12.3%	124,638	0.2%
nd	San Bernardino	1,719,190	10.4%	2,038,771	11.3%	2,111,258	11.2%	72,487	0.0%
8	Ventura	756,902	4.6%	825,378	4.6%	853,188	4.5%	27,810	0.0%
	SCAG Region	16,574,390	100.0%	18,075,702	100.0%	18,799,123	100.0%	703,421	
	HIOC*	62.09		58.34		58.19		-0.1	
	Imperial	54,080	0.7%	56,480	0.8%	76,000	0.9%	19,520	0.2%
	Los Angeles	4,444,600	59.7%	4,140,040	57.1%	4,463,010	55.7%	322,970	-1.3%
뉟	Orange	1,516,770	20.4%	1,492,940	20.6%	1,633,000	20.4%	140,060	-0.2%
Employment	Riverside	513,740	6.9%	591,850	8.2%	742,000	9.3%	150,150	1.1%
<u> </u>	San Bernardino	587,340	7.9%	682,830	9.0%	729,000	9.1%	46,170	0.1%
E D	Ventura	323,200	4.3%	322,560	4.4%	363,000	4.5%	40,440	0.1%
ū	SCAG Region	7,439,730	100.0%	7,256,700	100.0%	8,006,030	100.0%	749,330	
	HIOC*	67.41		64.91		63.43		-1.48	
	IOD**	0.054		0.066		0.052		-0.013	
	Imperial	2.6		3.1		2.4		-0.7	
	Los Angeles	2.1		2.4		2.3		-0.1	
Ęį	Orange	1.9		2		1.9		-0.1	
P-E Ratio	Riverside	3		3.7		3.1		-0.6	
4	San Bernardino	2.9		3.1		2.9		-0.2	
	Ventura	2.3		2.6		2.4		-0.2	
	SCAG Region	2.2		2.5		2.3		-0.1	

Note: *HIOC (Hoover Index of Concentration) measures the distribution of population and employment. If HIOC equals 0, then population and employment are perfectly de-concentrated. If HIOC equals 100, then the county's share in comparison with the entire SCAG region's population or employment would be concentrated to a single county of the SCAG region. However, if the HIOC drops to 0, then each county's share would be equal. **IOD (Index of Divergence) measures the intraregional segregation of population.

Source: CA DOF, CAEDD, SCAG



Table 23 – Riverside County Population and Employment, 2016

	Western Riverside		Coachella Valley		Palo Verde Valley		Overall County	
	Totals	%	Totals	%	Totals	%	Totals	%
Total Population (Percent of County	1,871,660	79%	463,849	20%	26,993	1%	2,362,502	
Residential Population	1,845,239		461,026		19,967		2,326,232	
Persons Age 5-17 (School Age)	378,539	20%	90,786	20%	5,287	20%	474,612	20%
Persons Age 18-24 (College Age)	183,625	10%	43,001	9%	2,709	10%	229,335	10%
Persons Age 16-64 (Working Age)	1,188,577	64%	284,267	61%	18,072	67%	1,490,916	63%
Persons 65 and over (Retirement Age)	243,877	13%	73,166	16%	4,206	16%	321,249	14%
Zero-Worker Households	169,129	30%	60,805	35%	2,877	41%	232,811	31%
One-Worker Households	206, 296	36%	66,545	39%	2,335	33%	275,176	37%
Two-Worker Households	138,945	24%	35,667	21%	1,509	21%	176,121	24%
Three+ Worker Households	54,668	10%	9,311	5%	353	5%	64,332	9%
K-12 Students	396,313	21%	80,701	17%	3,815	14%	480,829	20%
College Students	111,707	6%	14,520	3%	4,747	67%	130,974	6%
Median Household Income	\$56,521		\$54,839		\$53,045		\$56,036	
Low Income (<\$35k) HHs	184, 188	32%	63,091	37%	2,472	35%	249,751	33%
Median:	\$20,641		\$19,746		\$21,300		\$20,436	
Med. Income (\$35-75k) HHs	174, 184	31%	52,812	31%	2,262	32%	229,258	31%
Median:	\$52,154		\$51,566		\$55,172		\$52,073	
High Income (\$75-150k) HHs	160,064	28%	41,564	24%	1,766	25%	203,394	27%
Median:	\$97,212		\$98,090		\$98,224		\$97,448	
Very High Inc. (>\$150k) HHs	50,602	9%	14,861	9%	574	8%	66,037	9%
Median:	\$193,385		\$220,896		\$211,037		\$200,488	
Single Family Dwelling Units	392,646	69%	108,965	63%	3,946	56%	505,557	68%
Multi-Family Dwelling Units	176,392	32%	63,363	38%	3,128	45%	242,883	32%
Total Jobs	548,335		178,241		6,041		732,617	
Low-wage Jobs (<\$35k)	375,366	68%	123,770	69%	3,831	63%	502,967	69%
Medwage Jobs (<\$35-75k)	101,205	18%	33,160	19%	1,102	18%	135,467	18%
High-wage Jobs (>\$75k)	71,764	13%	21,311	12%	1,108	18%	94,183	13%
Agricultural & Mining Jobs	7,011	1%	6,584	4%	550	9%	14,145	2%
Construction Jobs	49,151	9%	12,953	7%	322	5%	62,426	9%
Manufacturing Jobs	38,574	7%	4,621	3%	61	1%	43,256	6%
Wholesale Jobs	19,571	4%	3,401	2%	107	2%	23,079	3%
Retail Jobs	73,437	13%	21,785	12%	733	12%	95,955	13%
Transport, Warehouse, Utilities	30,180	6%	5,867	33%	204	3%	36,251	5%
Information Jobs	7,553	1%	5,174	3%	49	1%	12,776	2%
FIRE Jobs	17,814	3%	7,201	4%	322	5%	25,337	3%
Professional Jobs	58,341	11%	23,464	13%	241	4%	82,046	11%
Education Jobs	142,216	26%	36,493	20%	987	16%	179,696	25%
Arts & Entertainment Jobs	56,441	10%	37,758	21%	609	10%	94,808	13%
Other Service Jobs	25,423	5%	8,335	5%	298	5%	34,056	5%
Public Administration Jobs	22,623	4%	4,605	3%	1,558	26%	28,786	4%
Workers Paying for Parking	14,567	3%	0		0		14,567	2%
Co CCAC 2016 DTD/CCC								

Source: SCAG 2016 RTP/SCS

Travel Market and Mobility Trends

Travel Market

The transportation system is mainly comprised of two components: Travel Demand (trips) and Transportation Supply (infrastructure). There are over 7.6 million-person trips made every day by residents and employees within Riverside County and this number is expected to grow by approximately 35% by 2040. This is illustrated in Table 24 for the entire county as well as each of its three subregions.



The generalized origin and destination of these trips in the base year and expected by 2040 are depicted in Figure 15 and 16. These figures illustrate percentages of auto trips that originate or end in Riverside County and Western Riverside County, showing trips that stay within Riverside County and Western Riverside County (intra-county trips), and those trips that travel into or outside of Riverside County and Western Riverside County (inter-county trips).

As shown in Figure 15, the highest percentage of Riverside County's existing inter-county daily auto trips occur between Riverside and San Bernardino Counties (14%), with trips to and from Orange, Los Angeles, and Imperial Counties ranging from less than 1% to 3% trips in 2016, with similar travel patterns in 2040.

Figure 16 shows that the highest percentage of Western Riverside County's inter-county daily auto trips occur between Riverside and San Bernardino Counties (18%), with trips to and from Los Angeles, San Diego and the rest of Riverside County ranging from less than 1% to 5% trips in 2016, with similar travel patterns in 2040. Trips to and from Western Riverside County are at 68% in 2016 and 70% in 2040.

Figure 17 illustrates existing and future Heavy Duty Trucks (HDTs) travel patterns that originate or end in Riverside County. The majority of daily truck trips (49%) are intra-county for existing conditions. Future inter-county daily truck trips are expected to be similar to the existing. A majority of existing Riverside County inter-county truck trips occur between Riverside and Los Angeles (20%). Truck trips to and from Riverside County to San Bernardino and Orange Counties comprise most of the remaining daily truck trips, 20% and 10%, respectively.

Figure 18 examines existing and future HDT travel patterns for Western Riverside County. The majority of daily truck trips (43%) are intra-county for existing conditions. Future inter-county daily truck trips are expected to be similar to the existing. A majority of Riverside County inter-county truck trips occur between Riverside and San Bernardino (21%). Truck trips to and from Riverside County to Los Angeles and Orange Counties comprise most of the remaining daily truck trips, 20% and 11%, respectively.

Table 24 – Daily Person Trips

REGION	SCENARIO	PERSON TRIPS	DIFF% WRT. 2016	
	2016	5,985,000	N/A	
Western Riverside County	Baseline 2040	8,060,000	35%	
	Plan 2040	7,976,000	33%	
	2016	1,605,500	N/A	
Coachella Valley	Baseline 2040	2,296,000	43%	
	Plan 2040	2,306,000	44%	
	2016	63,500	N/A	
Palo Verde Valley	Baseline 2040	163,500	157%	
	Plan 2040	153,000	141%	
	2016	7,654,000	N/A	
Riverside County	Baseline 2040	10,519,500	37%	
	Plan 2040	10,435,000	36%	



Figure 15 – Existing and Future Daily Auto Trips in and to/from Riverside County

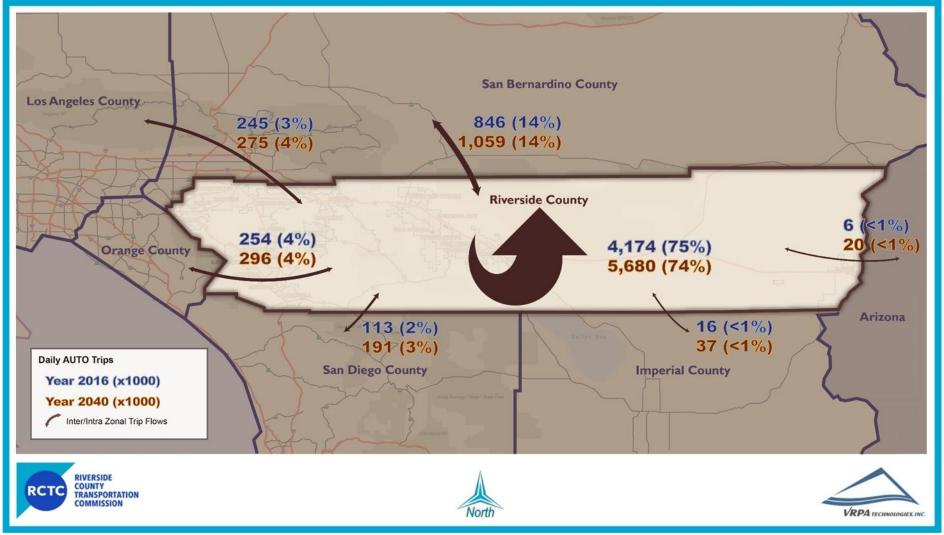




Figure 16 - Existing and Future Daily Auto Trips in and to/from Western Riverside County

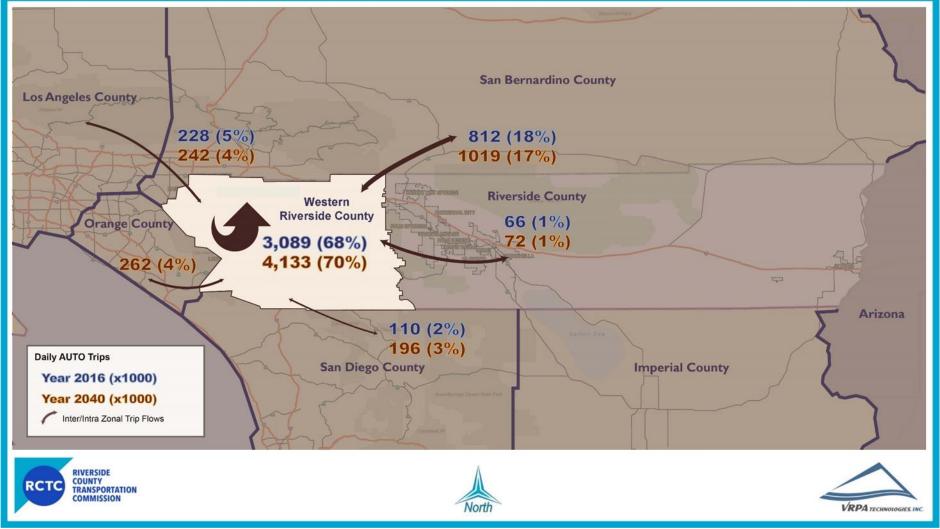




Figure 17 – Existing and Future Truck Daily Trips in and to/from Riverside County

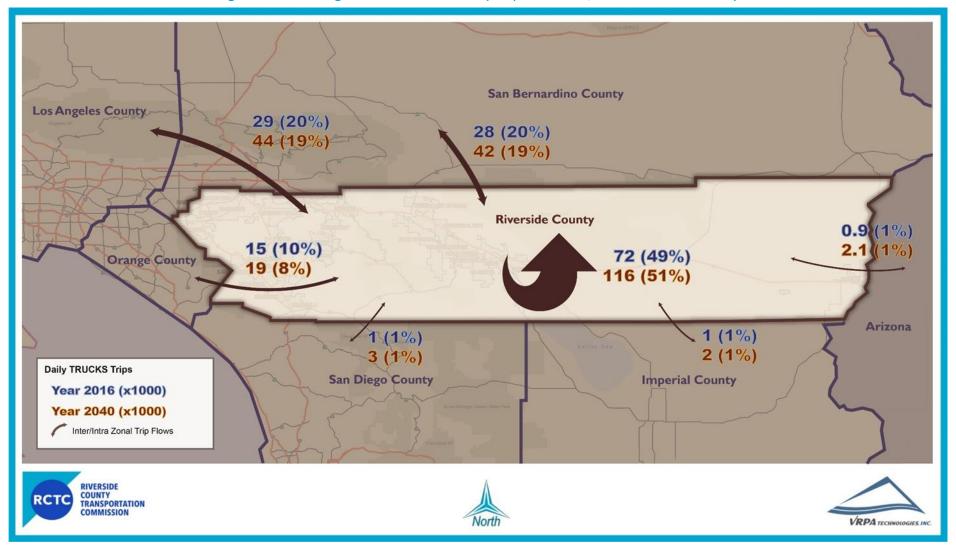
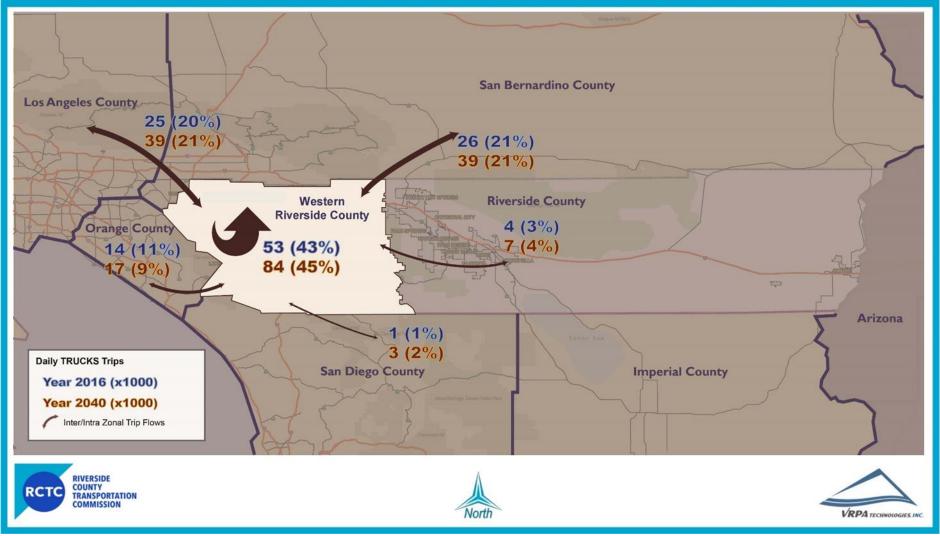




Figure 18 - Existing and Future Truck Daily Trips in and to/from Western Riverside County





To further understand the travel patterns, the AM (6-9) and PM (3-7) peak period total (autos and trucks) vehicle trips are analyzed by focusing on the inter-county trips. Results from this analysis are presented in Table 25 and Table 26. The number of outbound vehicles, leaving Riverside County to Los Angeles, Orange and San Bernardino counties, are expected to grow by 13% from 2016 to 2040 but inbound vehicles are expected to grow by 30% during AM peak period. The PM peak period exhibits similar patterns with the reverse order of 31% increase for outbound traffic and 14% increase for inbound traffic. Given the current "exporting" of commute trips is expected to result in more balanced inbound/outbound traffic patterns.

Table 25 – AM Peak Period (6-9 AM) Inter-County Auto and Truck Trips

COUNTY		OUTBOUND		INBOUND			
COUNTY	2016	2040	Change%	2016	2040	Change%	
Los Angeles	39,300	45,200	15%	21,100	26,500	26%	
Orange	45,700	45,900	0%	17,900	22,800	27%	
San Bernardino	90,900	107,700	18%	79,100	104,900	33%	
Total	175,900	198,800	13%	118,100	154,200	31%	

Table 26 – AM Peak Period (6-9 AM) Inter-County Auto and Truck Trips

COUNTY		OUTBOUND		INBOUND			
COUNTY	2016	2040	Change%	2016	2040	Change%	
Los Angeles	33,000	43,300	31%	50,600	54,900	8%	
Orange	27,900	36,900	32%	58,600	61,900	6%	
San Bernardino	130,300	168,400	29%	142,300	170,100	20%	
Total	191,200	248,600	30%	251,500	286,900	14%	



In addition, weekend, holiday, and seasonal weekday (winter, fall, summer, spring) travel and traffic patterns represent variations to average weekday travel conditions on the major roadway facilities of Riverside County. While variations differ slightly by morning and afternoon time periods, as shown in Figure 19, the purposes of travel are expected to be very different. For example, the majority of weekday travel is commuter or work oriented, while weekend and holiday travel consider different purposes. For each major facility in Riverside County (SR-60, SR-91, I-10, I-15, and I-215), traffic counts were reviewed and used to determine changes in seasonal, weekend, and weekday travel patterns. This data was collected from the California Department of Transportation (Caltrans) Performance Measurement System (PeMS) for two hours in morning (7:00 AM to 9:00 AM) and the afternoon (4:00 PM to 6:00 PM). Future conditions are expected to remain similar to those reported for existing conditions.

Riverside County Average

Holiday
Weekend
Winter Weekday
Fall Weekday
Spring Weekday
Spring Weekday

2000

Number of Vehicles per Hour

2500

3000

3500

4000

4500

Figure 19 – Existing, Holiday, Weekend, and Seasonal Traffic Patterns in Riverside County

Freeways, Highways, and Major Arterials Roadways

1500

500

1000

The Riverside County roadway system is comprised of an extensive network of regional and local facilities. These are comprised of limited-access interstates/state routes, managed lanes and local arterials which provide access for inter- and intra-regional trips. The highways and arterial roadways support the movement of people and goods throughout the County. In addition to serving autos and heavy-duty vehicles, the complete highway network also serves other modes of travel including transit and active transportation, i.e., walk and bike.

Freeways

Riverside County is served by three interstate highways and several state highways. The following paragraphs describe major freeway facilities including Interstate 10 (I-10), Interstate 15 (I-15), Interstate 215 (I-215), State Route 60 (SR-60) and State Route 91 (SR-91).

Riverside County Long Range Transportation Study



Interstate 10

I-10 traverses 156 miles of Riverside County, from near Calimesa Boulevard in the west to the Arizona state border in the east. Major interchanges with I-10 in Riverside County are: Freeway SR-60, which provides east-west access from Los Angeles County to Riverside County, as well as other major state routes including SR-79, SR-243 in the Beaumont-Banning area, SR-111, SR-86, and SR-62 in Coachella valley and SR-78 in Blythe.

The I-10 Corridor generally has three to five through lanes in each direction of travel with intermittent auxiliary lanes. The 2016 Caltrans Annual Traffic Volumes Report indicates that the annual average daily traffic (AADT) for the I-10 corridor ranges from 140,000 near Beaumont and Banning to less than 30,000 vehicles per day east of Indio. Recreational travel activities along I-10 includes golf and hotel resorts, casinos, outlet malls/shopping centers, and music festivals.

Interstate 15

I-15 traverses 52 miles in the County of Riverside as the primary north-south route connecting Riverside County to San Bernardino and San Diego counties. The corridor passes through the Cities of Temecula, Murrieta, Wildomar, Lake Elsinore, Corona, Jurupa Valley, Norco, and Eastvale. The I-15 corridor varies between a six to ten-lane freeway facility through its length in the county. The corridor has two major freeway interchanges in Riverside County with I-215 in the City of Murrieta and SR-91 in the City of Corona.

The corridor is a primary link for the Inland Empire and the High Desert to major economic centers and geographic regions of the Greater Los Angeles area and San Diego. It is one of the most significant freight corridors in the United States, facilitating the movement of goods between the Ports of Los Angeles and Long Beach, Ontario and Southern California Airports, States to the east, and the border crossings with Mexico. It also serves as a conduit for recreation travel to San Diego, Las Vegas, and other destinations along I-15 such as Lake Elsinore and wine country in the Temecula Valley.

In 2016, Average Daily Traffic (ADT) ranged from 145,000 vehicles near the Riverside/San Diego County Line to 220,000 near the Riverside/San Bernardino County Line. The growing population and relatively affordable housing market in Riverside and San Bernardino Counties, along with increasing employment opportunities in the Greater Los Angeles, Orange County, and San Diego County areas, and increasing goods movement and recreational traffic have increased demand on the corridor in the last decade and are expected to continue into the future.

In anticipation of this growth in demand, a project is underway to add express lanes along I-15 from SR-60 in the north and the Cajalco Road interchange to the south. The I-15 Express Lanes Project will be open to traffic by 2020 and will consist of dual express lanes in each direction and direct connections to the RCTC SR-91 express lanes.

Interstate 215

I-215 passes through 36 miles of Riverside County. The southern terminus of I-215 is at the junction of

Riverside County Long Range Transportation Study



I-15 in the City of Murrieta in southern Riverside County. It then runs north through Perris before joining SR-60 in Moreno Valley. I-215 splits from SR-60 at SR-91 in Riverside, where it continues north into San Bernardino County.

This route is an alternative to I-15 for drivers traveling through the region, for example from Las Vegas or San Bernardino to the San Diego metropolitan area. The route also provides for intraregional mobility between the Cities of Temecula, Sun City, Perris, Moreno Valley, and Riverside. I-215 also provides access to the University of California, Riverside, March Air Reserve Base, Riverside National Cemetery, and major employment centers in the County.

I-215 is currently a six-lane freeway (three lanes in each direction) from I-15 in Murrieta to its merger with SR-60 in eastern Riverside. Through the area where I-215 and SR-60 share the same roadway, the freeway has been expanded to include four general purpose lanes and one High-Occupancy Vehicle (HOV) lane in each direction. From the SR-60/SR-91/I-215 interchange near downtown Riverside north to I-10, I-215 has four lanes in each direction. The 2016 AADT on the I-215 corridor ranges from 85,000 cars just north of I-15 in Murrieta to 185,000 cars just north of where I-215 and SR-60 merge together in east Riverside.

State Route 60

SR-60 is a principal east-west artery, and major truck route, traversing 30 miles of Western Riverside County. The 12 miles in Western Riverside County has four mixed-flow lanes and one HOV lane in each direction. The section in Moreno Valley has two mixed flow lanes and one HOV lane in each direction, and the eastern 10 miles of SR-60 in unincorporated Riverside County and Beaumont have two lanes of mixed-flow traffic in each direction. The AADT in 2016 was highest at the San Bernardino/Riverside County line near Milliken Avenue at 190,000 vehicles per day and the lowest AADT of 55,000 was the terminus of SR-60 at Jackrabbit Trail. Between the Cities of Riverside and Moreno Valley, SR-60 and I-215 share a common facility.

RCTC is currently implementing truck climbing and descending lanes, along with shoulder widening and flattening roadway curves, on a 4.5-mile segment through the Badlands between Gilman Springs Road and 1.4 miles west of Jack Rabbit Trail. This safety project is scheduled to be complete in 2021.

State Route 91

SR-91 in Riverside County stretches 22 miles from the Orange/Riverside County line to the I-215/SR-60 interchange in Riverside. The corridor passes through the Cities of Corona and Riverside. The corridor is an eight to ten-lane freeway with one HOV lane in each direction. The corridor has three major system interchanges at SR-71 (Chino Valley Freeway), I-15 (Corona Freeway), and I-215/SR-60.

As a primary corridor that connects the Inland Empire to the commercial centers in Orange and Los Angeles counties, SR-91 has become one of the most congested freeways in Southern California. In 2016, nearly 265,000 vehicles per day used the corridor near the Riverside-Orange County Line. The western part of the corridor, east of Madison Street, carried around 185,000 vehicles per day.



Furthermore, SR-91 is an increasingly important freight corridor, facilitating the movement of goods between the Port of Los Angeles and Long Beach, regional airports, and warehousing and distribution facilities in the Inland Empire. The growing population and relatively affordable housing market in Riverside County, coupled with increasing employment opportunities in Orange and Los Angeles counties, continues to increase demand on the corridor.

In response to this growth in demand, express lanes were added to SR-91 between the Orange County line in the west and I-15 in the east, completed in 2017. The RCTC 91 Express Lanes serves as an extension of the Orange County Transportation Authority 91 Express Lanes and will have a direct connection to the I-15 Express Lanes that are set to open in 2020.

Other State Routes in the County include:

- ✓ SR-79 extends north-south from I-10 at Beaumont to SR-74 in Hemet.
- ✓ SR-74 extends east-west from the Orange County border near Lake Elsinore to Palm Desert.
- ✓ SR-111 extends east-west from I-10 east of Cabazon to Imperial County on the eastern shore of the Salton Sea.
- ✓ SR-86 extends north-south from I-10 in Indio to Imperial County on the western shore of the Salton Sea.

Managed Lanes

Highway facilities include general purpose lanes as well as managed lanes which include both high-occupancy vehicle (HOV) lanes and high-occupancy toll (HOT) or express lanes. Managed Lanes are referred to as transportation strategies, generally within major freeway corridors, which are intended to better manage congestion and improve safety and reliability by actively managing the traffic demand on the facility. Currently, HOV lanes exist on:

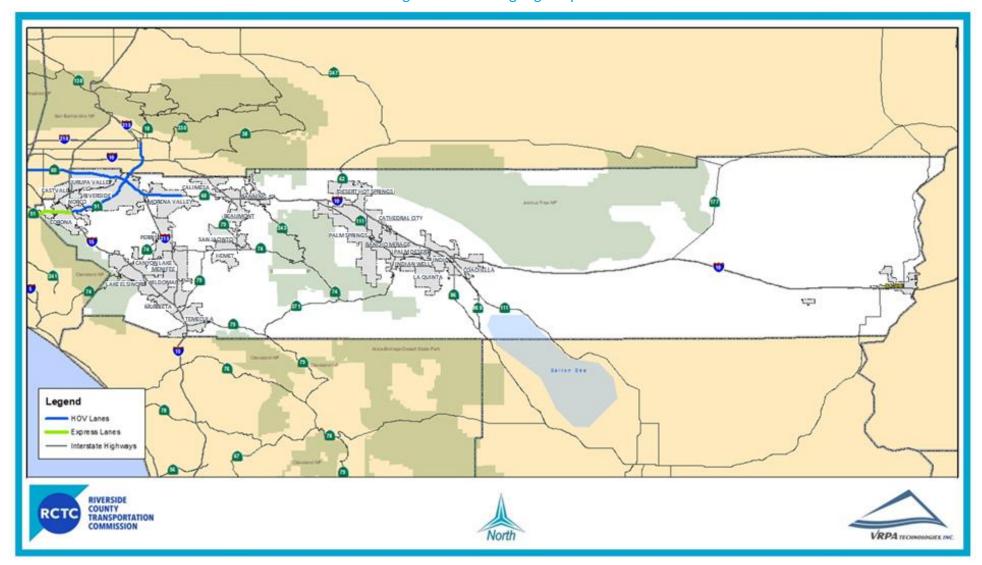
- √ I-215 along the stretch of highway shared with SR-60;
- ✓ I-215 in Riverside between the I-215/SR-60/SR-91 interchange to San Bernardino County line;
- ✓ SR-60 in Western Riverside County between the San Bernardino County line and I-215;
- ✓ SR-60 in Moreno Valley; and
- ✓ SR-91 from the Orange County line to the I-215/SR-60/SR-91 interchange.



HOV lanes, express lanes and other existing highway are shown in Figure 20 (Existing Highways).



Figure 20 – Existing Highways





Express Lanes

In 2007, RCTC established a Toll Program to supplement Measure A funding and to employ a new strategy to reduce congestion along the SR-91 corridor. In March 2017, RCTC opened the RCTC 91 Express Lanes, extending the OCTA 91 Express Lanes into Riverside County and ending near the I-15 Interchange. The I-15 Express Lanes Project, currently under construction and scheduled to open in 2020, adds 2 express lanes in each direction from south of SR-60 to the Cajalco Road interchange. Existing and proposed express lane direct connectors at the SR-91 and I-15 interchange will add to the operational efficiency of this system. The 91 and 15 Express Lane systems are expected to improve traffic operations and generate sufficient revenue to cover Operations and Maintenance, debt obligations, and potential surplus for future infrastructure development along the I-15 and SR-91 toll corridors.

As a result of these successes and new initiatives to further address the County's and region's mobility needs, RCTC determined that a "Next Generation" of possible toll corridors would need to be evaluated to expand the SR-91 and I-15 backbone into a regional network of express lanes. RCTC has prepared the Next Generation Toll Feasibility Study that evaluated the potential for new or expanded express lanes and identified the most feasible for implementation. In addition, Caltrans is preparing a Managed Lanes Feasibility Study that will also provide further analysis of manage lanes strategies and proposed project recommendations. The outcomes of this effort will be reviewed by the Commission.

Arterial Roadways

Overall, arterials account for approximately 80% of the total lane miles of all highway facilities in the County. Arterial highways include facilities that are under local jurisdiction control as well as conventional (non-freeway) state highways. Major continuous traffic carrying arterials in the County, which connect multiple communities, include but are not limited to the following:

Western Riverside County:

- Cajalco Road/Ramona Expressway extends east-west from I-15, crossing over the I-215 and SR-79, until it connects to SR-74.
- Mission Boulevard/Van Buren Boulevard is an inter-county arterial that runs east-west from Valley Boulevard in Los Angeles County, through San Bernardino County and extends all the way to I-215 in Riverside County.
- ✓ Central Avenue/Alessandro Boulevard runs east-west from Van Buren Boulevard across the I-215 to Gilman Springs Rd.
- ✓ Perris Boulevard is a north-south arterial which runs through SR-74 and I-215 all the way to the north County boundary.

Coachella Valley:

- Varner Road runs parallel to the I-10 for roughly ten miles from Palm Drive to Golf Center Parkway.
- ✓ Garnet Avenue and 20th Avenue, both running parallel to and on each side of I-10, from the I-10/SR-62 to I-10/North Indiana Canyon Drive Interchanges.
- ✓ North Palm Canyon Drive, South Gene Autry Trail, East Vista Chino, Grapefruit Boulevard or SR-111, running through much of Coachella Valley.



Operational Efficiency

As concern grows about the overall performance of the transportation system, the need to operate the transportation system as efficiently, reliably, and safely as possible has become the top priority among the transportation system stakeholders. Operation efficiency strategies are designed to optimize the transportation system throughput by managing and reducing congestion and delays. Key strategies in operation efficiency include:

- ✓ Corridor System Management Plans (CSMP)
- Integrated Corridor Management (ICM)

A CSMP is a multi-jurisdictional and multimodal plan to improve operation and management along a corridor experiencing regularly recurring delay and congestion. A CSMP results in a listing and phasing plan of recommended operational improvements including Intelligent Transportation Systems (ITS), Transportation System Management (TSM), Incidence Management, Managed Lanes, and roadway improvements such as auxiliary lanes and interchange improvements.

As shown in Figure 21, there are currently four CSMPs identified by Caltrans in Riverside County:

- ✓ I-10: San Bernardino County line to SR-60
- ✓ I-215: I-15 in San Bernardino County to I-15 in Riverside County
- ✓ SR-91: Orange County Line to I-215/SR-60
- √ I-15: San Diego County line to San Bernardino County line

CSMPs were required for all projects receiving Proposition 1B (2006) Corridor Mobility Improvement Account (CMIA) funding. Senate Bill (SB) 1 Solutions for Congested Corridors Program (SCCP) requires comprehensive multimodal plans. In 2018 the California Transportation Commission (CTC) developed and released Comprehensive Multimodal Corridor Plan Guidelines.

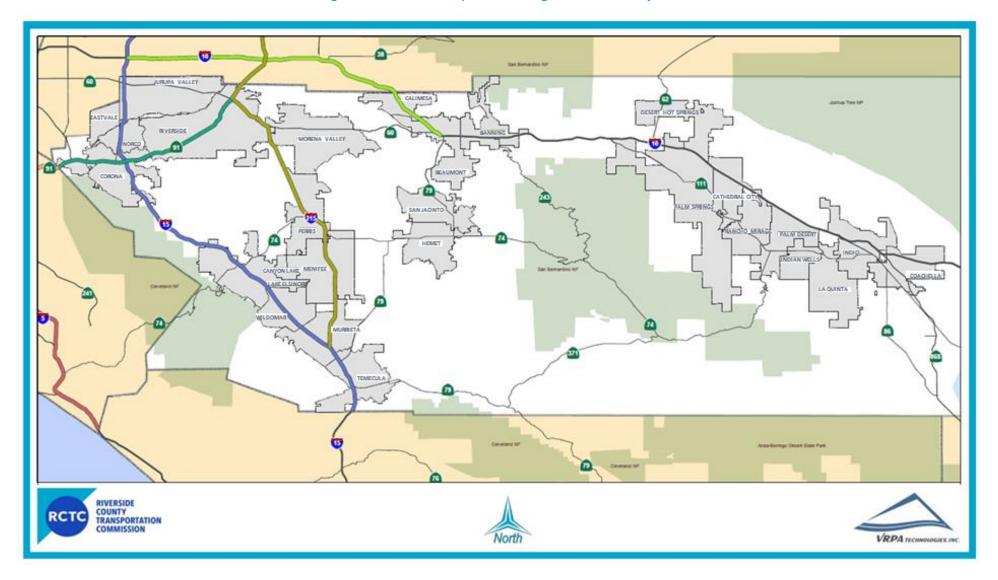
Looking into the future, RCTC, SBCTA, SCAG, and Caltrans have initiated the Inland Empire Comprehensive Multimodal Corridor Plan (IE CMCP) that aims to develop east-west and north-south corridor plans in Western Riverside County consistent with CTC's corridor development guidelines and Caltrans' corridor handbook. The IE CMCP will be utilized for the SCCP Cycle 2 application process in Spring 2020 as well as other future state and federal funding opportunities. Caltrans will work with Coachella Valley agencies in preparing CMCPs for eastern Riverside County.

The Integrated Corridor Management (ICM) will be part of these CMCPs. The ICM initiative was first introduced by the US Department of Transportation (USDOT) in 2006. The vision of ICM is that multimodal transportation networks (including freeways, arterials and transit) will realize significant improvements in the efficient movement of people and goods when all elements within a corridor are proactively managed and are able to communicate. Key ICM strategies are:

- Arterial signal coordination
- Dynamic traffic re-routing due to incidents or events
- Ramp Metering
- System Coordination between Caltrans and local jurisdictions
- Traveler information exchange



Figure 21 – Corridor System Management Plan Projects





Regional Intelligent Transportation Systems (ITS) Program

The ITS Architecture provides a framework for implementing advanced technologies in a way that maximizes information sharing among agencies and the traveling public to improve safety and optimize traffic flow. It provides common standards that allow multiple agencies to develop systems that can work together. The ITS Architecture also fulfills a Federal Highway Administration (FHWA)/FTA requirement and allows the Region to use federal ITS funding.

The Inland Empire ITS Strategic Plan was approved by the RCTC in 1997 and was subsequently updated in 2003. The Strategic Plan contains a list of goals and policies to be followed by responsible agencies within Riverside County to achieve a viable ITS infrastructure that improves mobility and enhances safety within the region. Nine core ITS components have been identified by RCTC that are needed to deploy a comprehensive set of ITS services throughout the county's metropolitan areas. These components are:

- ✓ Traffic Signal Control
- √ Freeway Management
- ✓ Transit Management
- ✓ Incident Management
- Electronic Fare Payment
- ✓ Electronic Toll Collection
- ✓ Railroad Grade Crossings
- ✓ Emergency Management Services
- Regional Multimodal Traveler Information

SCAG recently updated the Regional ITS Architecture. Regional ITS projects (Highway and Transit) containing ITS elements are required to be consistent with the Southern California Regional ITS Architecture to be eligible for federal transportation funds.

Transit System

Introduction

As a member of the five-county Southern California Regional Rail Authority, RCTC oversees operations of Metrolink service in Riverside County. Additionally, RCTC owns and operates all of the nine Metrolink stations that serve Riverside County. All stations are ADA-compliant and are staffed with 24-hour security guards. Currently, RCTC is studying the potential of providing additional Amtrak intercity rail service between Los Angeles and Coachella Valley.

Public Transportation in Riverside County is also provided by the following seven (7) transit operators:

- ✓ City of Banning Transit
- ✓ City of Beaumont Transit
- ✓ City of Riverside Special Transportation Services (Paratransit only)
- Corona Cruiser

Riverside County Long Range Transportation Study



- ✓ Palo Verde Valley Transit Agency
- ✓ Riverside Transit Agency (RTA)
- ✓ SunLine Transit Agency

Transit in Riverside County is overseen by RCTC, who is responsible by statute for developing and approving a Short Range Transit Plan (SRTP) for the County. It is updated annually and serves three purposes:

- 1. To identify transit services and capital improvements required to meet the transit needs of Riverside County over a three-year period and the proposed sources of funding to carry out the plan.
- 2. Serves as a management tool for operators to guide their activities over the next year.
- 3. Provides justification for operating and capital assistance for grant applications to be submitted to state and federal funding agencies.

Annual Short Range Transit Plans

Under the guidance of the SRTP, each transit operator is responsible for preparing a plan for their respective agency. RCTC is responsible for approving all plans and ensuring that they are consistent with SCAG's RTP/SCS. Further, RCTC must determine or approve the location, staging, scheduling, and capacity of all capital development projects, and must select and approve appropriate mass transit hardware and technology. Following approval and adoption of the agency plans by RCTC, the operators are responsible for their implementation. Two transit agencies have been delegated to coordinate the agency SRTPs: Riverside Transit Agency in Western Riverside County, and SunLine Transit Agency in the Coachella Valley.

Public Transit – Human Services Transportation Coordinated Plan for Riverside County

In 2016, RCTC completed a full update of the Coordinated Public Transit Human Services Transportation Plan which provides a road map for addressing mobility needs of more vulnerable groups, including older adults, persons with disabilities, persons of limited income, persons of limited English proficiency and military veterans. The plan identified network gaps and areas of unmet need, and created a blueprint to address them through five strategies:

- ✓ Grow Mobility Options
- ✓ Connect and Coordinate Services
- Promote Safety and Comfort
- ✓ Improve Health Access
- ✓ Promote and Improve Communication

Additionally, the plan is used as a tool to pursue funding for discretionary projects from the FTA Section 5310 program and from other state and federal funding sources as they become available. Further, the plan can be used by the county's transit providers to identify strategies that improve mobility of target groups (RCTC 2017).



First and Last Mile Mobility

The regional First and Last Mile Mobility Plan, prepared by RTA, documents ways to increase transit ridership through developing strategies that address first and last mile barriers to transit use.

The plan lays out a foundation for developing a safer and more accessible transit network in Riverside County by:

- ✓ Summarizing the RTA's existing ridership characteristics;
- ✓ Highlighting the future needs of RTA's customers;
- Developing a set of Station Typologies (type and intensity of land use development) to characterize all 2,500 RTA stations (bus stops);
- ✓ Identifying various strategies to improve First and Last Mile access;
- ✓ Identifying pilot projects for each Station Typology (Urban Core, Core, Suburban, Rural, Commercial, and Industrial and Business Parks); and
- Providing an Implementation Plan.

A key goal of the plan is to support the reduction of bicycle and pedestrian related collisions near transit stations and bus stops through safety improvements in catchment areas (where the catchment area is equal to a 3-mile, or 15-minute bicycling distance). The plan identified six (6) pilot projects representing each of the six (6) Station Typologies to be implemented in the near term, as depicted in Table 27. The six stations were analyzed based on bus stop location, bicycle and pedestrian related collisions, land use mix and population and employment densities. Based on this analysis, a unique set of strategies were developed for each station (detailed information about the strategies is documented in the First and Last Mile Mobility Plan). Successful pilots will eventually be duplicated at similar stations over time, as funding becomes available.

Table 27 – First and Last Mile Mobility Plan Pilot Station Locations

Station Typology	Station	Location	Catchment Area Coverage
Urban Core	East University Avenue and Lemon Street	City of Riverside	City of Riverside, Jurupa Valley
Core	Perris Transit Center	City of Perris	City of Perris, Riverside County, RCTC
Suburban	Winchester Road and Nicolas Road	City of Temecula, City of Murrieta, Riverside County	City of Temecula, City of Murrieta, Riverside County
Rural	Winchester Road and Simpson Road	Riverside County	Riverside County - Winchester
Commercial	Limonite Avenue and Pats Ranch Road	Jurupa Valley	Eastvale, Jurupa Valley
Industrial & Business Park	Perris Boulevard and Rivard Road	Moreno Valley, Perris	Moreno Valley, Perris

Riverside County Long Range Transportation Study



High Quality Transit Areas

In the SCAG 2016 RTP/SCS, a series of High Quality Transit Areas (HQTAs) were identified. HQTAs are areas within one-half mile of a fixed guideway transit stop or a bus transit corridor where buses pick up passengers at a frequency of every 15 minutes or less during peak commuting hours. The HQTAs, which account for approximately 3% of the total land area in SCAG, are planned and projected to accommodate 46% of the region's future household growth and 55% of future employment growth.

As of 2012, Riverside County's HQTAs accommodate only 0.05% of households and provide 4% of employment (SCAG 2016). It is anticipated with the 2020 SCAG/RTP update that there will be an increase in housing and employment accommodation percentages; however, funding will be needed to support investment in HQTAs.

ITS Applications on Transit

ITS applications on public transit are being deployed in the county, in forms such as WiFi on buses, real-time bus arrival information and text alerts, and on-board cameras.

One example, the SunLine Transit Agency in the Coachella Valley, received over \$4.7 million in funding from the FTA for the procurement of 51 bus shelters equipped with ITS technology in 2009⁷. Today, all SunLine Transit Agency buses are equipped with automatic passenger counters, automatic voice annunciators, automated vehicle locaters, global positioning systems, and WiFi. Passengers can utilize the interactive SunBus Tracker to receive up-to-date bus information. The SunLine Transit Agency SRTP updated for fiscal year (FY) 2020 identifies the following features to be implemented in a pilot program to improve operator and passenger safety:

- ✓ Forward collision warning
- Headway monitoring and warning
- ✓ Pedestrian detection
- ✓ Lane departure warning
- Speed limit indicator

Recent Transit Initiatives

The Riverside County Public Transportation Annual Countywide Performance Report for fiscal year 2015/16 identified five (5) new and recent transit initiatives in the county, which include:

- ✓ The Perris Valley Line, the first expansion of the Metrolink network since 1994, commenced service in June 2016.
- ✓ The City of Blythe secured a Federal "Rides to Wellness" grant that will improve access to medical centers in the Coachella Valley.
- The SunLine Transit Agency was awarded \$12.5 million from the California Climate Investments initiative to purchase five zero-emission hydrogen fuel cell buses and to upgrade a hydrogen-fueling station in the Coachella Valley.

⁷ Pro Publica Inc., 2015

Riverside County Long Range Transportation Study



- ✓ RCTC completed the 2016 Coordinated Public Transit Human Services Transportation Plan Update to identify network gaps and areas of unmet need.
- ▼ RTA completed the Downtown Riverside Stop Improvement Project with the aim of addressing long-term growth in transit service and promoting downtown mobility (RCTC, 2017).

Riverside-La Sierra Metrolink Station improvements were made in 2018, which included adding approximately 513 new parking spaces, six (6) bus bays, and a signalized access/driveway onto Indiana Avenue.

RTA recently launched the CommuterLink Express Route 200, an express route connecting the Cities of San Bernardino, Riverside, and Anaheim at a cost of \$3.00, with Disneyland being a destination for employee and leisure travelers. Buses are equipped with bike racks and free Wi-Fi and USB charging ports. Further, RTA is collaborating with the University of California, Riverside (UCR) to develop the UCR Mobility Hub, with the goal of improving service to the campus (RCTC 2017).

Fixed-Route Transit

As noted above, there are seven (7) transit operators. The service areas and service offerings of each are summarized in Table 28. The general service areas of each provider are shown in Figure 22.

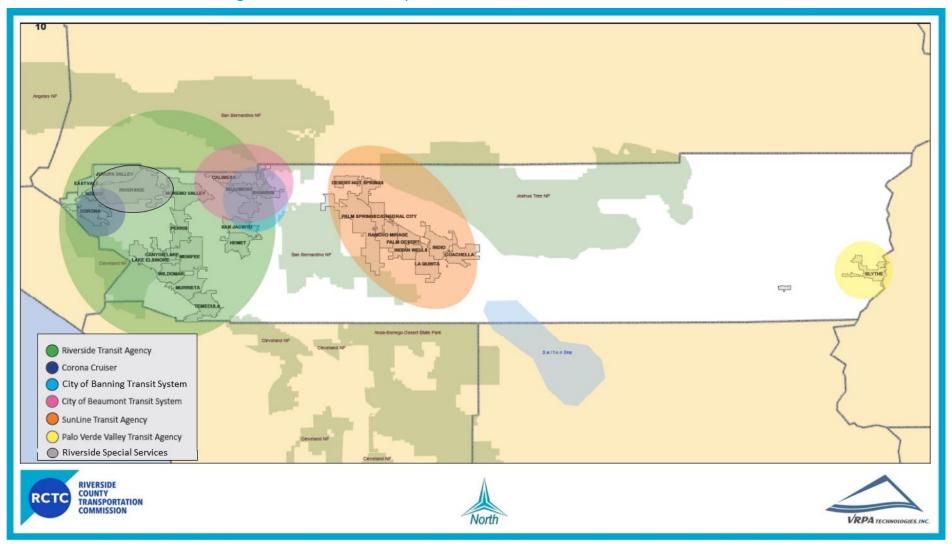
Table 28 – Transit Providers and Service Offerings in Riverside County

Transit Provider	Services Offered	Areas Served		
City of Banning Transit	Circulator, Intercity	Banning, Cabazon		
City of Beaumont Transit	Local, Express Intercity, Special Event Shuttles	Beaumont, Cherry Valley, Calimesa, and Cabazon		
City of Corona, Corona Cruiser	Circulator	Corona		
City of Riverside Special Transportation Services	Intercity, Demand Responsive/Paratransit	Riverside*		
Palo Verde Valley Transit Agency (PVVTA)	Circulator, Intercity, Demand Responsive/Paratransit (Desert Road Trip)	Blythe, Mesa Verde, Ripley, Ehrenberg AZ, CA State Prisons		
Riverside Transit Agency (RTA)	Local, Express Intercity,	Anaheim, Banning, Beaumont, Canyon Lake, Corona, Country Village, Eastvale, Escondido, French Valley, Glen Avon, Hemet, Highgrove, Homeland, Romoland, Home Gardens, Jurupa Valley, Lake Elsinore, Loma Linda, Mead Valley, Menifee/Sun City, Mira Loma, Moreno Valley, Montclair, Murrieta, Norco, Oceanside, Ontario, Orange, Orange Crest, Pedley, Perris, Riverside, Rubidoux, San Jacinto, Temecula, Temescal Valley, Wildomar, Winchester, Woodcrest		
SunLine	Intercity bus	Desert Hot Springs, Desert Edge, Palm Springs, Cathedral City, Thousand Palms, Rancho Mirage, Palm Desert, Indian Wells, Bermuda Dunes, Indio, La Quinta, Coachella, North Shore, Thermal Mecca		

^{*}Users can also go to designated transfer points to travel into Corona, Loma Linda, Mira Loma, San Bernardino and Woodcrest



Figure 22 – Riverside County Fixed-Route Service Providers and Service Areas



Riverside County Long Range Transportation Study



County-wide System Performance

In Riverside County, the only system performance measure with a regulatory requirement is the farebox recovery ratio that is established in California law under the Mills-Alquist Deddeh Act of 1971 (SB 325). All transit agencies in California must establish minimum contributions to operating costs from their riders' fares, called farebox, to ensure basic efficiencies and protect continued funding from public transit programs receiving Local Transportation Funds. The standards vary for rural and urban providers. Riverside County transit providers have established "blended" rural and urban minimum standards, which have been approved by Caltrans to reflect the county context. There are four important components to agency farebox recovery ratios:

- ✓ They reflect the interaction of factors that include ridership, agency policy and operating costs;
- ✓ They are heavily influenced by ridership as more riders will generate increased fare revenue while declining ridership will bring down the fare contribution to operating costs;
- ✓ They reflect critical agency policy as transit fares are a key policy area determined by the transit agency;
- ✓ They are influenced by attention to operating costs as systems operating efficiently will have lower
 expenses with fares representing comparatively higher proportions of total costs, higher farebox
 ratios.

While the transit providers are currently meeting the farebox recovery standards, the majority of transit agencies in the county are experiencing a decline in ridership. If this trend continues it will become increasingly challenging for the providers to meet their farebox requirements. Operators are focused on introducing a mix of strategies to attract new ridership, including the Riverside Transit Agency's focus on downtown service, and a new marketing campaign and website at SunLine targeting young riders. Riverside Transit Agency has been focusing on improving downtown service, while also expanding interregional services.

Utilization

SCAG measures the relationship between transit trips taken and population growth by trips per capita. In the 2015/16 fiscal year, Riverside County saw a 5% decline in trips per capita from 7.2 to 6.8. While rail ridership grew by 2%, fixed route ridership (which makes up 85% of all ridership) declined by 5%. Demand responsive services, (including Dial-A-Ride), which account for 5% of all trips did not experience a change in ridership during this same period, but the Specialized Transportation Call program ridership dropped by 23% because of the termination of Federal funding for Commuter Link services (RCTC 2017).

Accessibility and Coverage

Population coverage in Riverside County is measured as the percentage of residents living within ¾ of a mile of public fixed-route transit service, consistent with the Americans with Disabilities Act requirement of complementary paratransit to eligible persons with disabilities. The measure excludes dial-a-ride services.

Riverside County Long Range Transportation Study



Transit providers in Riverside County reported the following levels of coverage within their service areas:

- Riverside Transit Agency 74% (no change from the previous year)
- ✓ SunLine Transit Agency 82% (an 8% increase since FY 2013/14)
- ✓ Corona Transit 73%
- ✓ Pass Transit 92% coverage (a nearly 10% increase from the previous year)
- ✓ Palo Verde Valley Transit 90%

Connectivity

Connectivity is a key measurement in Riverside County given its large geographic area where trips often require transfers between systems. Overall, there were minimal changes to connections across the county in FY 2015-16.

Transit Operator Facts and Services

Information on key characteristics and service offerings of each of Riverside County's public transit operators is found in RCTC's Riverside County Long Range Transportation Study Existing and Future Conditions Memorandum.

Further Transit Considerations

Transit in Riverside County has undergone significant changes in recent years. In particular, there are two key issues influencing the county transit system:

- ✓ Funding for public transportation is increasingly complex. After many years of increasing revenues, state and local funding (from the California Transportation Development Act, Local Transportation Fund, and State Transit Assistance Fund), have flattened compared to previous years. Flat funding and continued population growth may limit the ability of the Riverside County Transportation Commission to develop new services or expand frequency or coverage of existing services.
- ✓ There is early evidence of declining public transit ridership in Riverside County. Transit ridership countywide declined by 10% to 14% in FY 2017. This is a result of low gasoline prices, an improving economy, ride hailing services (Uber and Lyft), and an increase in personal automobile purchases and access to drivers' licenses which can be attributed to the passing of Assembly Bill 60⁸ that allows undocumented immigrants to obtain a driver's license (Egel, 2018). Declining ridership presents a challenge for operators in meeting their TDA legally mandated farebox recovery standards.

These trends may likely impact operations and policy for RCTC and its transit agencies moving forward (RCTC, 2017).

⁸ Assembly Bill 60 was passed in 2013 and it is speculated that as a result over 1 million undocumented immigrants have received driver's licenses in the State of California.



Active Transportation

Introduction

Active and low-speed transportation, defined here as alternative travel modes that operate at lower speeds than conventional automobiles and focus on non-pollutant means of propulsion (including walking, cycling, scooters, and neighborhood electric vehicles) are an important component of the Riverside County transportation system. The following sections provide an overview of the existing and future conditions of active and low-speed transportation facilities in Riverside County. Conditions in Western Riverside County, and Coachella and Palo Verde Valleys are provided through reviews of the Western Riverside Council of Governments' Western Riverside County Active Transportation Plan (ATP) and the Coachella Valley Association of Governments Active Transportation Plan (ATP). Where individual cities have adopted active transportation plans, they are summarized. The coverage areas of WRCOG's ATP, CVAG's ATP, and city-specific ATPs are summarized in Figure 23. Finally, Safe Routes to School programs are discussed at the federal and state levels. Before discussing the existing and future conditions, it is helpful to understand the four bikeway facility types that apply throughout Riverside County.

There are four (4) types of bikeway facilities recognized by the State of California – Class I, Class II, Class III, and Class IV facilities. Each bikeway classification is described below and depicted in Figure 24 through Figure 27.

- Class I facilities are multi-use paths, often referred to as bicycle paths that are physically separated from motor vehicle routes. Caltrans requires that paths are a minimum of eight (8) feet wide and are paved. They are intended to accommodate multiple user groups, including cyclists, pedestrians, and, in some cases, neighborhood electric vehicles (NEVs).
- Class II facilities are referred to as bicycle lanes and provide exclusive space for cyclists on roadways.
 They are one-way facilities and carry bicycle traffic in the same direction as motor vehicle traffic.
- Class III facilities are known as bicycle routes and are designated by signage and painted "sharrows" in vehicle lanes. They are shared with motor vehicle traffic, typically on roadways with speed limits of 35 mph or less.
- Class IV facilities are separated bikeways or "bicycle boulevards", which are physically separated from motor traffic with a vertical feature. The separation may include, but is not limited to, planters and landscaping, flexible posts, and on-street parking.

Currently, active transportation infrastructure in Riverside County is mostly found in larger cities. Vehicle travel is the dominant choice for transportation, with non-motorized transportation accounting for less than 3% of trips (according to American Community Survey 2012 – 2016 estimates). However, extensive improvements to the active transportation network are planned, which will reduce VMT and GHG, in addition to improved public health.

Additional details pertaining to Active Transportation Plans and overall planning for pedestrians, bicyclist and small, low speed vehicles can be found in WRCOG's ATP, CVAG'S ATP, and city-specific ATPs.



Figure 23 – Riverside County Active Transportation Plans

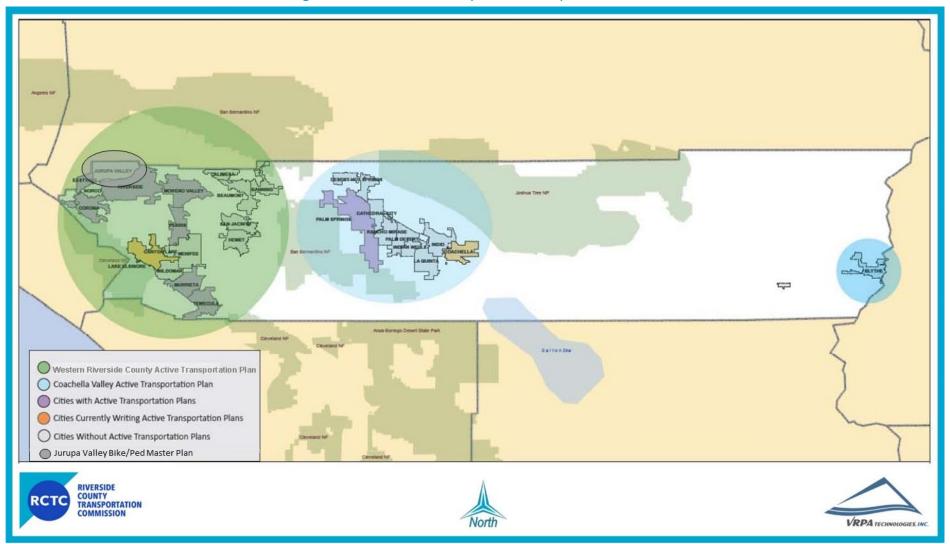




Figure 24 – Class I Bikeway



Source: Caltrans

Figure 25 - Class II Bikeway



Source: Caltrans



Figure 26 - Class III Bikeway



Source: Caltrans

Figure 27 - Class IV Bikeway



Source: Caltrans



Freight and Goods Movement

Introduction

Freight transportation and goods movement in Southern California and Riverside County are significant contributors to the state and national economies, and maintaining an efficient system has implications to both economic vitality, and quality of life.

Continual growth in Southern California's population is driving an increase in national freight demand, with port cargo expected to triple by 2035 (SCAG, 2013). Although inland, Riverside County plays and will continue to play a key role in moving these goods. Of goods that enter through the Ports of Long Beach and Los Angeles, 77% pass through Riverside County, with 65% moving by rail, and 35% by truck, resulting in having a train at most rail crossings at least twice an hour (RCTC, 2012). As freight demand increases in the region, freight rail and truck traffic are likely to increase in Riverside County, especially given that national freight demand drives freight traffic in Riverside County to levels higher than almost anywhere else in the United States.

In 2014, 66 trains with an average length of 4,000 feet passed through Riverside County daily, resulting in 600 vehicle hours of delay per day (where one vehicle hour of delay is defined as a single car delayed for one hour). By 2035, this is expected to increase to 137 trains with an average length of 5,200 feet. Vehicle hours of delay per day are expected to increase to 3,700 by 2035. These delays result from atgrade crossings where vehicles must wait for train crossings (RCTC, 2012).

Additionally, truck traffic has been increasing faster than passenger car traffic over the past 20 years, and it is expected that vehicle miles traveled (VMT) for truck traffic will increase by over 8% by 2035. One of the top 100 most congested truck bottlenecks in the country, as named by the American Transportation Research Institute in 2018, is located in Riverside County in the City of Corona (I-15 at SR-91) (ATRI 2018). Figure 29 displays the major truck routes location in Riverside County.

Rail/Freight

There are three (3) major freight corridors that run through Riverside County, which are a part of the nationally significant Alameda Corridor-East (ACE) Trade Corridor. Freight operators on these corridors include the Burlington Northern Santa Fe (BNSF) and the Union Pacific Railroad (UP). The freight rail corridors for Riverside County are shown in Figure 28.

The first of major freight rail corridors is the Southern Transcon Line operated by BNSF, which runs from the Ports of Los Angeles and San Diego, traverses Riverside County via the City of Corona and the City of Riverside and continues across the nation to Chicago, Illinois. It is a critical artery in the national freight movement system.

The two other major freight rail corridors, the UP Los Angeles Subdivision and the UP El Paso Line are operated by the UP. The UP LA Sub route connects with the UP El Paso Line via the BNSF Southern Transcon Line between west Riverside and Colton. The UP LA Sub route, while owned and operated by UP, is also shared with Metrolink per operating agreements. Metrolink operates commuter passenger rail service on the Riverside Line on this corridor with approximately 12 trains per weekday. There is no weekend passenger rail service on this corridor and there are seven stations. The UP El Paso line heads south through Imperial County, towards Yuma, Arizona, and the eastern side of the Salton Sea.



Figure 28 – Riverside County Freight Rail Corridors

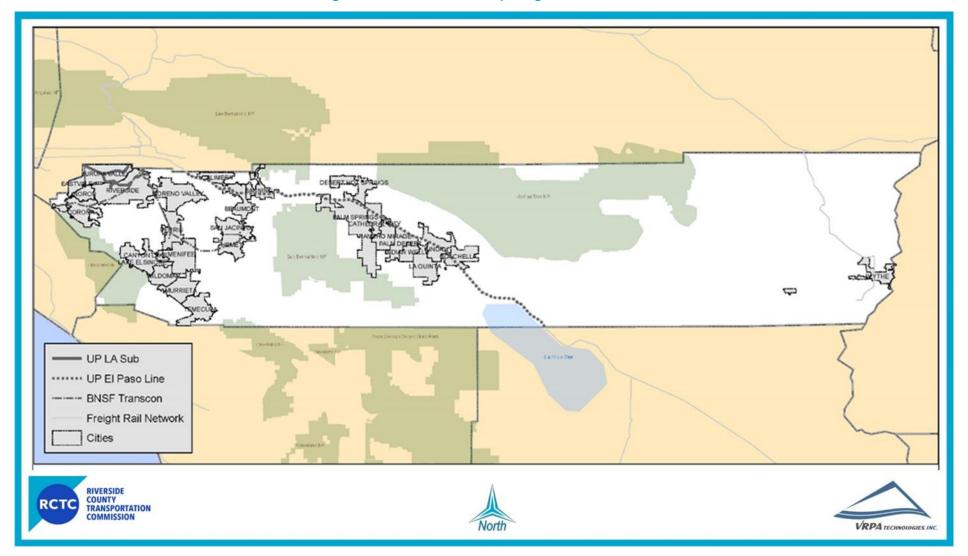
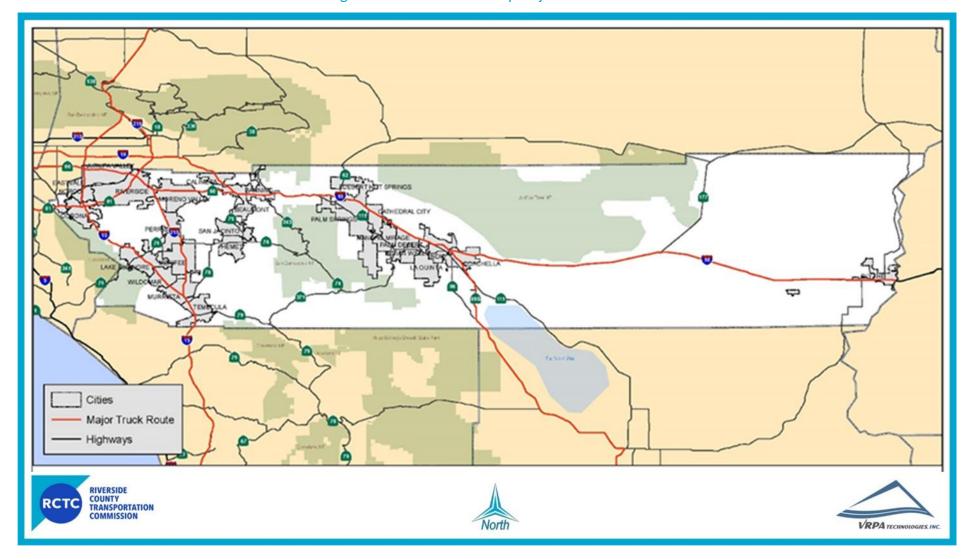




Figure 29 – Riverside County Major Truck Routes





Trucking

Of the more than 1.1 million daily truck trips in Southern California in 2012, approximately 8.2% (95,124) occur in Riverside County (SCAG 2013). While the majority of these 95,124 trips are moving goods internally (within the county), approximately 5,200 are external, port, intermodal, or secondary trips. There are seven (7) primary goods movement routes through Riverside County, including three (3) interstate highways (I-10, I-15, and I-40) and four (4) state routes (SR-60, SR-86, SR-91, SR-215) which cover a total of 313 miles, or approximately 21% of Southern California's total primary freight network (SCAG 2016). Figure 30 displays trucking corridors and major bottlenecks located in Riverside County.

Of the eight primary goods movement routes in Riverside County, one has been identified as a high priority truck bottleneck location in the SCAG Regional Transportation Plan (SR-91 at I-15). The SCAG's 2016 RTP/SCS identified approximately \$5 billion to relieve goods movement bottlenecks from now to 2040. Additionally, on routes that experience high trucking volumes, pavement degrades at a higher rate, resulting in the need for more frequent maintenance and increased costs. Both bottleneck relief strategies and highway maintenance will remain important considerations moving forward to improve operations and goods movement corridors.

Major Intermodal Centers

There are three major intermodal centers within Riverside County:

- ✓ Tri-Rail Distribution Services (Rail and Truck, City of Riverside): connections to I-215, SR-60, Transcon.
- ✓ Ancon Transportation (Rail and Truck, City of Riverside): connection to I-215, SR-60, UP, Transcon, El Paso Line.
- ✓ National Distribution Centers (Rail and Truck, City of Corona): connections to SR-91, Transcon.

Additionally, there are 20 intermodal centers within 15 miles of Riverside County, of which 16 are to the north in San Bernardo County, two (2) are northwest in Los Angeles County, and two (2) are to the west in Orange County. These have connections to major trucking routes and freight rail corridors that enter Riverside County, including SR-60, SR-91, I-10, I-15, I-215, the UP El Paso Line, the UP LA Sub Line, and the BNSF Transcon. Any volume increases occurring at these centers over time are likely to result in increased freight rail and trucking traffic in Riverside County. Figure 31 displays Riverside County goods movement network showing intermodal facilities.

Grade Separation Projects

In recent years, approximately \$500 million in funding has been invested to address conflicts between rail and highway traffic in Riverside County, primarily through providing grade separations at rail crossings. In 2006 and again in 2008, RCTC developed funding strategies to support the construction of many of these grade-separations. In March 2012, RCTC adopted the Grade Separation Priority Update Study for the ACE Trade Corridor (Riverside County). This study identified priority grade separation projects based on methodologies for safety evaluation, rail crossing delays, vehicle emissions, noise impacts, distance to nearest grade separation, local agency priority, project readiness, and isolated locations (RCTC 2012).



Figure 30 – Riverside County Trucking Corridors and Major Bottlenecks

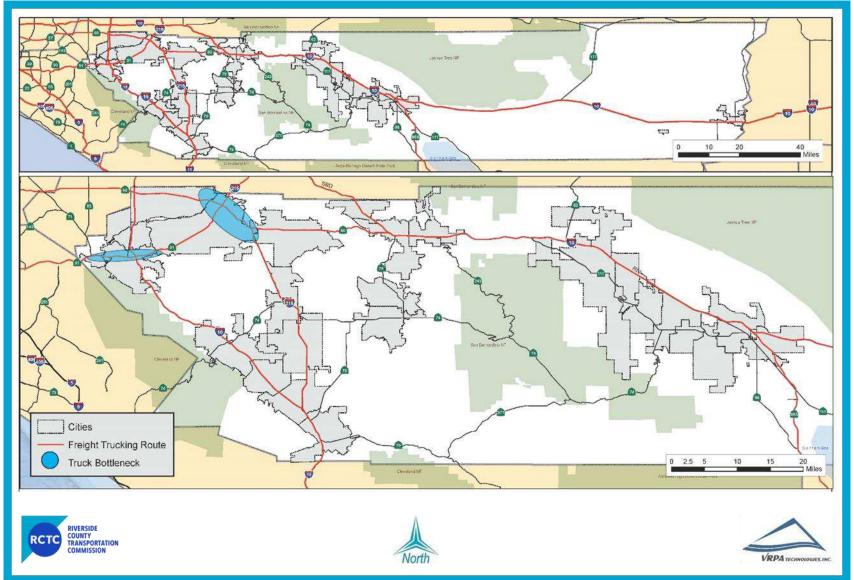
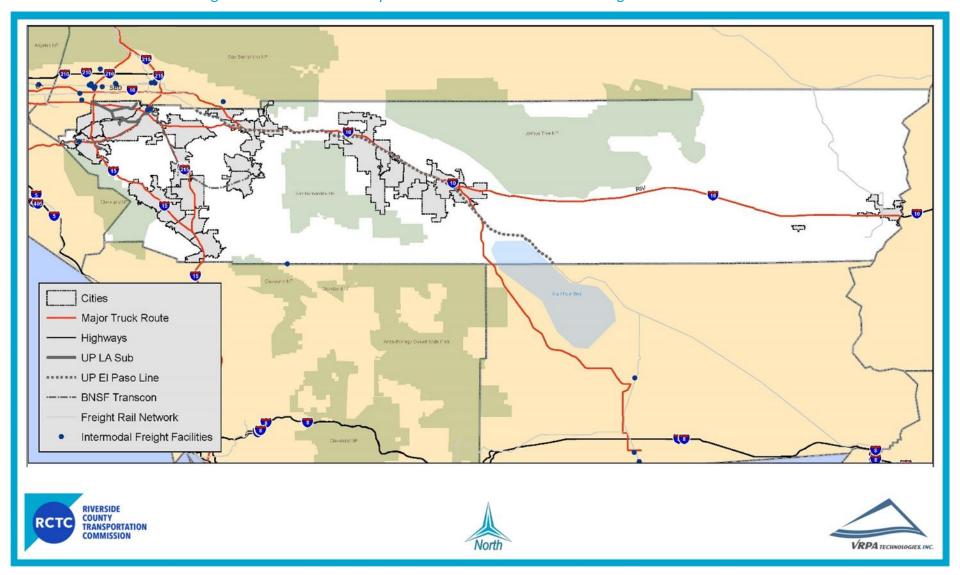




Figure 31 – Riverside County Goods Movement Network Showing Intermodal Facilities





In the 2012 Grade Separation Priority Update Study for Alameda Corridor East, RCTC identified 18 high priority crossings of the 46 remaining at-grade crossings located on the UP and BNSF main lines in Riverside County (16 in Western Riverside County and 2 in Coachella Valley). These projects were recommended to SCAG for inclusion on its constrained projects list based on the criteria (safety evaluation, rail crossing delays, vehicle emissions, noise impacts, distance to nearest grade separation, local agency priority, project readiness, and isolated locations). Riverside County Priority Grade Separation Projects can be found in Chapter V. Funding commitments are currently being secured; however full funding for the majority of the 18 projects will require a significant amount of future funds.

Other grade separation projects recently completed include:

- ✓ Magnolia Avenue (County)
- ✓ Sunset Avenue (Banning)
- ✓ Clay Street (Jurupa Valley)
- ✓ Avenue 56/Airport Boulevard (County)

The recently completed March Inland Cargo Airport I-215 Van Buren Ground Access Improvement project was also a key infrastructure improvement serving a large job center located in the county at the March Joint Powers Authority re-use area, estimated to create 38,000 jobs in the industrial, logistics, and medical sectors.

Major Commodities and Volumes Moved

Nearly half of the goods entering California enter through the Ports of Los Angeles and Long Beach. Of these, 77% pass through Riverside County, with 65% moving by rail and 35% by truck. Using these figures, approximate values of major commodities moving through Riverside County by rail and truck have been calculated from US North American Free Trade Agreement Freight Volumes for California. The results for the major commodities moved by rail and truck in Riverside County are shown below in Figure 32 and Figure 33.





Figure 32 – Major Commodities Moved by Rail in Riverside County

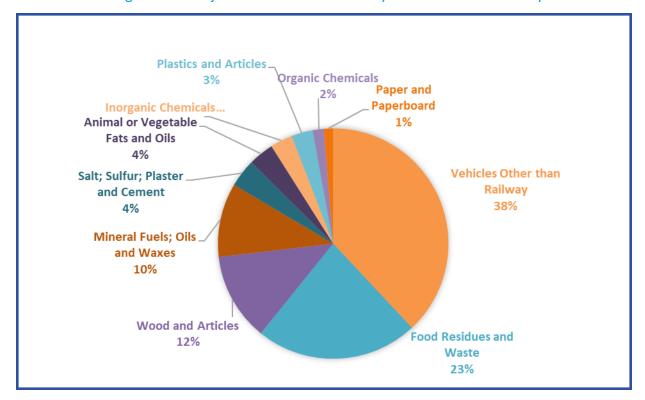
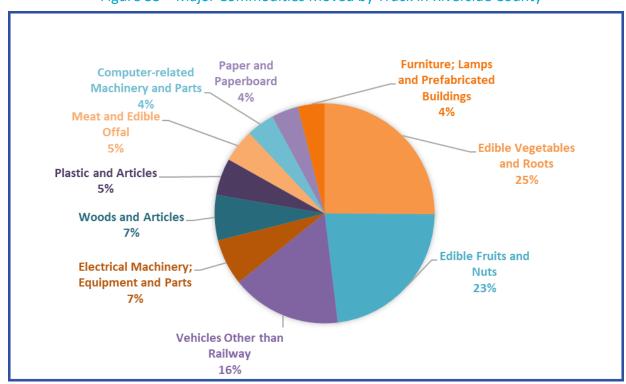


Figure 33 – Major Commodities Moved by Truck in Riverside County





Aviation

Palm Springs International Airport

Location and Access

Palm Springs International Airport is Riverside County's only commercial airport, located 2 miles east of downtown Palm Springs (Figure 34). It serves as the major commercial and general aviation air transportation center for Coachella Valley. The airport is highly seasonal, with most flights operating during the winter, and is driven by the tourism industry. Tourism in Greater Palm Springs has been steadily increasing, with an estimated 12.9 million day and overnight visits in 2015, up 6.1% from 2013, and this trend is expected to continue (Greater Palm Springs, 2015).

Ground transportation to the airport includes vehicle access from the CA-111, and to I-10 approximately five (5) miles south. Transit access is available via Sunline Transit Agency and Amtrak. Additional ground transportation options include:

- ✓ Personal vehicle (1,933 parking spaces available)
- Car rentals
- Services for Disabled or Seniors
- ✓ Limousine, Luxury Sedans, Vans, & Coaches
- ✓ Shuttle Companies
- √ Taxi Companies
- Bus Companies
- ✓ Bus-to-train (Amtrak)
- ✓ Transportation Network Companies (like Uber and Lyft) provide service to the airport on an operator permit program⁹

Additionally, there are 209 employee parking spaces available. Pedestrian facilities such as sidewalks and crosswalks are available for pedestrians moving between parking lots and terminals, but it is not convenient to arrive at the airport by foot or bicycle.

Airport Characteristics and Usage

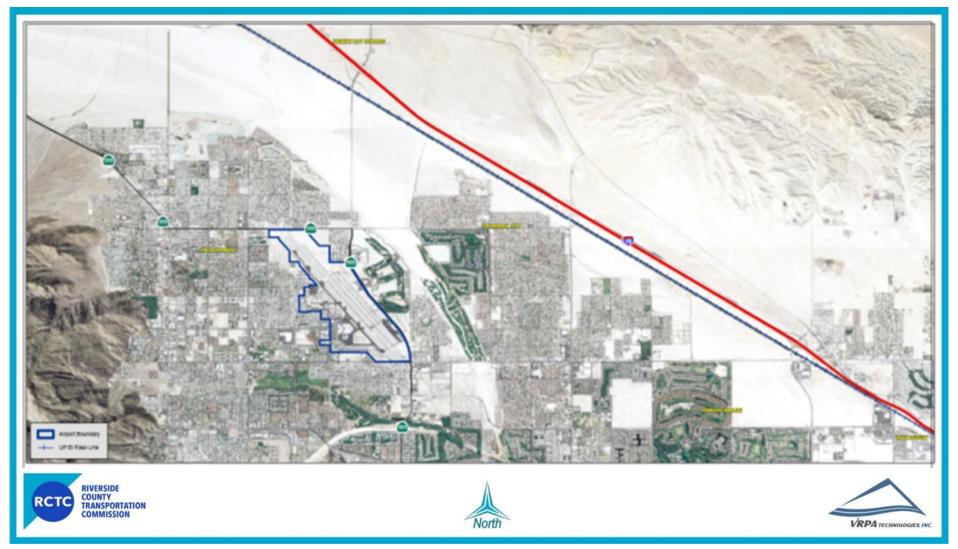
The airport has a main passenger terminal and complex with two passenger concourses and two (2) fixed-based operators, providing a wide range of aviation services on two runways. In 2016, the airport averaged 153 operations per day, of which 33% were transient general aviation, 28% were air taxi, 27% were commercial, 9% were local general aviation, and 3% were military. In all, these trips generated an approximate 2.1 million visitors in 2017, a 5% increase over the previous year (City of Palm Springs 2018). While mode split data is not available for the airport, journey to work data from 2016 for Palm Springs indicates that the majority of trips in Southern California (76%) are made by car, suggesting that approximately 1.5 million of the annual visitors at Palm Springs International Airport arrive and depart by car.

December 2019 227 Page | 104

⁹ In December 2017, the Palm Springs city council voted to allow TNC to provide services at the airport terminal if drivers undergo the same background check process and drug and alcohol testing that taxis are subject to.



Figure 34 – Palm Springs International Airport Location



Riverside County Long Range Transportation Study



Recent Improvements and Planned Upgrades

The Palm Springs International Airport Master Plan, approved in 2015, outlined several key improvements aimed at increasing airport capacity and safety, and improving user experience. Improvements germane to the ambient transportation network include increasing parking availability for employees, rental cars, and the public (City of Palm Springs 2015).

The City of Palm Spring's current focus for the airport is to improve employee and passenger transportation and tourist transportation to resort destinations nearby. Given the expected continual increase in passenger volumes at the airport, there is the potential for increased congestion on highways and crowding on public transportation near the airport.

March Air Reserve Base

The March Air Reserve Base (March ARB) is operated as a public-use airport under a Joint Use Agreement with the U.S. Air Force. As shown in Figure 35, March ARB is located between the Cities of Riverside and Moreno Valley, in Western Riverside County, and is approximately 65 miles east of Los Angeles.

Regional access is provided by I-215, which runs in a north-south alignment directly west of the airport, and SR-60, which runs in an east-west alignment north of the airport. Ground access to airport facilities is provided by Cactus Avenue. Recent and planned improvements to Heacock Street and Harley Knox Boulevard will facilitate ground access to the airport, particularly for trucks.

The Moreno Valley/March Field Station on the Perris Valley Line extension of the Metrolink 91 Line is located near the entrance to the airport.

Airport Characteristics and Usage

The March ARB has two paved runways, with capacity for up to 21,001 operations (take-offs and landings) per year, but as of 2010 was realizing less than 4,000 per year. Along with increasing demand for air cargo in Southern California, there are several factors that may increase traffic at March ARB. Firstly, there is land and capability to construct space for high-tech manufacturing and distribution centers with intermodal capabilities. Secondly, the March ARB recently partnered with DHL in a 16-year operating agreement to run a domestic cargo distribution system, which is currently running 8 flights per day, but with plans to increase to 12 per day, including several international flights, over the course of the agreement. Thirdly, in terms of passenger traffic, the SCAG 2016 RTP/SCS forecasted that March ARB could reach as many as 200,000 annual passengers by 2040. The airport is also still used extensively for military operations (March Joint Powers Authority, 2018). The land surrounding the airport has been planned and developed to ensure land use compatibility with the operation and potential expansion of the airport.



Figure 35 – March Air Reserve Base Location



Riverside County Long Range Transportation Study



The airfield has a fire station, fuel facilities, and more than one million square feet of ramp area that can accommodate aircrafts of up to 900,000 pounds. There is a new executive terminal which was completed in 2015. Airspace around the site is uncongested as the arrival and departure routes are not shared by other airports in the region (March Joint Powers Authority, 2018).

Recent Improvements and Planned Upgrades

In recent years, more than \$28 million in federal funding has been granted to March ARB, and it has been designated as a "reliever airport" in the Federal Aviation Administration's National Plan of Integrated Airport Systems. Funds will be used for rehabilitation of existing infrastructure and construction of new infrastructure for civilian aviation (March Air Reserve Base, 2010).

It is anticipated that the March ARB will continue to be eligible for federal and state funding and will continue to expand and accommodate additional air cargo (March Joint Powers Authority, 2018). The Los Angeles International Airport has been experiencing increased delays in air cargo handling due to congestion, and March ARB has the potential to absorb excess volume. Increased air cargo volume is likely to impact both on site employment and increase freight traffic to and from the site.

While recent improvements to I-215 have been made, it is likely that there will be a need for continued investment in ground transportation systems to accommodate increasing volumes at March ARB (March Air Reserve Base, 2010).

Mobility Innovations

Technological advancements in mobility are expanding at an exponential rate, transforming mobility trends and travel patterns. Since smartphones have entered the market their effects on people's daily activities have become profound. Mobility Innovations are both enabling and challenging. An example of an enabling technology is the infusion of information in bike sharing programs, which has existed for years. A new bike share model (dockless bike share) is emerging in cities across the country which allows users to rent a bike through a smart-phone application, and park it when their ride ends. This model of shared mobility is also seen with the introduction of electric scooters. Transportation Network Companies (TNCs) such as Uber and Lyft, which have created a new market, are profoundly changing the existing Taxi market but can serve as viable solutions for first/last mile trips.

Technologies and emerging mobility trends must be considered as Riverside County develops its LRTS. The 2016 SCAG RTP/SCS placed a great emphasis on mobility technology/innovation strategies in supporting its goals and objectives. Whether it be deciding on the type of technology included in infrastructure projects or selecting the types of analysis and planning used to plan for system improvements, or guidance on local mobility and land use planning decisions, mobility innovations are key components in multimodal mobility planning.



Smart Cities

"Smart Cities" are cities that leverage information and communications technology to more intelligently and efficiently use resources to deliver its services. Smart Cities take the approach of applying technology to manage an ecosystem of civic resources including transportation systems, telecommunications, utilities, health and human services, public safety, and other community services. They provide a system philosophy that integrates mobility innovations within its management framework to improve efficiency. Example Smart Cities in Southern California include the City of Riverside.

SmartRiverside is a nonprofit coalition of partners whose vision is to establish the City of Riverside as an internationally recognized center for innovation. Its goals are to:

- ✓ Attract and retain High Technology companies in the City of Riverside.
- ✓ Increase the technology literacy of the City of Riverside through Digital Inclusion.
- ✓ Identify new programs to foster technology innovation and use in the City of Riverside.

Mobile Phones

Examples of mobile applications in use in Riverside County include MetroLink and Riverside Transit Agency (RTA). Both apps provide information on schedules and related information on riding transit. The MetroLink app also allows riders to purchase tickets through the app without the need to purchase a paper ticket and allows for Metro subway transfers. Recent percentages of tickets purchased through the Metrolink app range from 40-46% and climbing.

Bike Share/Scooters

Bike sharing programs increase cycle usage including first/last mile connection to transit and replacing short auto trips (1-3 miles) resulting in decreasing greenhouse gases and improving public health. Bike Share Programs involve the deployment of stations situated throughout a service area with participants paying a fee to check bicycles in and out of the stations. It is used in dense urban environments, for commuting, or in locations with strong potential for bicycling such as areas with parks, recreational destinations, or other land use supportive of bicycling. However, like all asset programs bike shares need to be properly managed: enforcement against theft and vandalism, repair, operations and maintenance are all aspects of a successful Bike Share Program.

The City of Riverside launched an electric bike share program in November 2018 and the City of Moreno Valley completed a bike sharing demonstration project in 2017.

Neighborhood Electric Vehicles

Neighborhood Electric Vehicle (NEV) is a federally designated class of roadway passenger vehicle usually designed to have a top speed of 25 miles per hour that can be operated on any public roadway with a posted speed limit of 35 mph or lower. Most NEVs look like golf carts but they must meet enhanced safety regulations and operators must be licensed and insured. While most local trips in Riverside



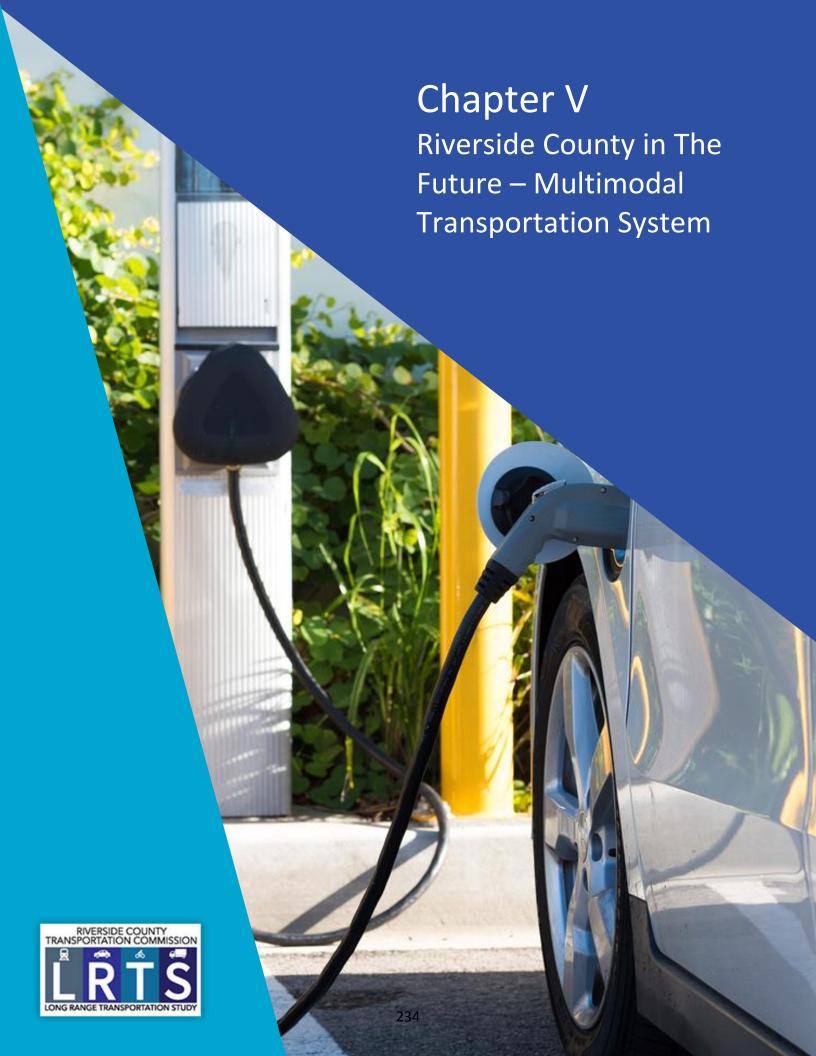
County are within the operating range of NEVs, full sized automobiles typically fill this role. To date, NEVs have become popular primarily in retirement communities and areas with large populations of senior citizens. Because NEVs are restricted from operating on wider, higher speed arterials, many areas would need to plan for construction of NEV-friendly road infrastructure. Key barriers to adoption of NEVs are the price and quality of commercially available NEVs. Coachella Valley Association of Governments (CVAG) has made NEVs a cornerstone of their mobility strategy, including their CV Link NEV/Active Transportation Corridor.

RCTC Supportive Actions to Support Mobility Innovations

RCTC should continue to be supportive of mobility innovations and support goals and policies that will ensure a safe and efficient transportation system for Riverside County. Consider the following actions:

- Support communication technologies in gathering data and managing traffic on arterial corridors to make useful information out of 'Big Data' – anonymized real-time geospatial locational data on motor vehicles.
- ✓ Plan supportive ACV infrastructure and assess the costs and benefits of ACV-related projects as markets develop.
- Engage ACV stakeholders in order to stay informed about industry best practices and options for application in Riverside County.
- ✓ Use data collection opportunities to maintain a broad understanding of the transportation system and its issues and opportunities.
- Assess possible changes in agency roles and/or new skill requirements that will aid in incorporating mobility innovations.







Chapter V. Riverside County in The Future – Multimodal Transportation System

Highways and Major Roadways

Highways

The LRTS calls for a number of new highways, major roadways, and lane additions to existing facilities. Key projects include the following:

- ✓ Mid County Parkway, a proposed six-lane freeway between I-215 and SR-79.
- ✓ SR-79, a proposed new 4-lane freeway between Gilman Springs Road and Domenigoni Parkway.
- ✓ The Community Environmental Transportation Acceptability Process (CETAP) Corridor between I-15 and I-215 which could be built as a freeway or an arterial roadway.
- ✓ I-10 truck lane between the San Bernardino County Line and SR-60.
- ✓ SR-60 truck lane currently under construction between Gilman Springs Road and I-10.
- ✓ I-15/French Valley Interchange project which includes the addition of various general-purpose lanes between Jefferson Street and Ynez Road.
- ✓ SR-71 widening to include two general-purpose lanes between the San Bernardino County Line and SR-91.

Additional details regarding key projects are shown in Table 29.

Managed Lanes

The planned future lane-mile capacity additions to the current highway system are focused on managed lanes. Managed lanes account for half of the planned future growth in highway lane-miles in the County, including the I-15 Express Lanes Southern Extension and High Occupancy Vehicle (HOV) lanes on I-15 and I-215. RCTC has also identified potential new express lanes for further review from its Next Generation Toll Feasibility Study. The planned highway projects and potential express lanes are shown in Figure 36 and a description of potential express lanes projects can be seen in Table 30.





Table 29 – SCAG 2016 RTP/SCS 2040 Plan: Highest Cost Riverside County Roadway Projects

ROUTE NAME	FROM	то	DESCRIPTION	COMPLETION YEAR	PROJECT COSTS (\$1,000S)
CETAP East-West Corridor	I-15	I-215	CETAP: Provide new East-West Transportation Corridor Between I- 15 In the west, I-215 In the east, south of Lake Memphis in the north, and SR-74 in the south.	2045	\$2,367,661
Mid County Parkway	l-215 in Perris	SR-79 In San Jacinto	In Western Riverside County New Mid County Parkway: Construct 6 through lanes (3 lanes in each direction); Approximately 16 miles between I-215 in Perris east to SR-79 in San Jacinto, including construction/reconstruction of 13 interchanges, addition of auxiliary lane Redlands-Evans & EB auxiliary lane Evans-Antelope. I-215 Improvement: add 1 mixed-flow lane in each director Nuevo Road-Van Buren Blvd., & 1 auxiliary lane in each direction Mid County Parkway Cajalco/Ramona Expressway and from Mid County Parkway-Nuevo.		\$1,691,500
SR-79	2.0 KMS/O Domenigoni Parkway	Gilman Springs Road	On SR-79 in Southwestern Riverside County between 2.0 kilometers south of Domenigoni Parkway to Gilman Springs Road; realign and widen SR-79 from 2 to 4 through lanes.	2035	\$1,523,000
SR-91	SR-241	Pierce	On SR-91/I-15: SR-91 - add 1 mixed-flow lane each direction (SR-241 - SR-71).	2035	\$260,000
I-15	SR-74 (PM 22.3)	To Junction I-15/ I-215 (PM8.7)	Construct 2 HOV lanes (1 lane each direction) from SR-74 (PM 22.3) to Junction I-15/I-215 (PM 8.7).	2039	\$375,664
I-10/SR-60 JCT/ SPLIT	I-10/SR-60 JCT/ SPLIT		Construct new interchange	2030	\$282,443



Table 30 – Potential Express Lanes Projects

ROUTE NAME	FROM	то	DESCRIPTION	COMPLETION YEAR	PROJECT COSTS (\$1,000S)
I-15			Existing: I-15 in Riverside County: construct 4 Toll Express Lanes (TEL) (2 TEL each direction) from SR-60 (PM 51.4) to Hidden Valley Parkway (PM 42.9) and construct 2 TEL (1 TEL each direction) from Hidden Valley Parkway (PM 42.9) to Cajalco Road (PM 36.8). Advance signage will be installed at the south end between PM 51.4 (SR-60) TO PM 1.3 in San Bernardino County. Revised: 1-15 in Riverside County: construct 4 TEL (2 TEL each direction) from SR-60 to Cantu-Galleano Ranch Road, from Hidden Valley Parkway to the end of SR-91 TEL, and from El Cerritos Road to Cajalco Road advance signage will be installed at the south end between PM 34.7 to PM 36.6 (Cajalco Road) at the north end between PM 34.7 to PM 36.6 (Cajalco Road) & at the north end between PM 51.4 (SR-60) to PM 1.3 in SB CO.	2020	\$472,000
I-15	Cajalco Road (PM 36.8)	SR-74 (PM 22.3)	Construct 4 TEL (2 TEL in each direction) from Cajalco Road (PM 36.8) to SR-74 (PM 22.3).	2028	\$544,000
SR-91	SR-241	Pierce	On SR-91/I-15: SR-91 - add 1 mixed-flow lane each direction (SR-241 - SR-71).	2035	\$260,000
SR-60	I-15	I-215/SR-91 IC	Construct 2 Express Lanes (1 lane EA DIR) From I-15 to I-215/SR-91 Interchange	2033	\$187,000
SR-91	I-15	I-215/SR-60 IC	Construct 2 Express Lanes (1 lane EA DIR) From I-15 to I-215/SR-60 Interchange	2030	\$262,000
SR-60/I-215	SR-60/I-215	I-215/Van Buren; SR-60/Gilman Springs	Construct 4 Express lanes (2 Iane EA DIR) SR-91/SR-60/I-215 Interchange to SR-60/I-215 IC. Construction 2 Express LNs (1LN EA DIR) From SR-60/I215 IC to Gilman Springs Road (SR-60). Construct 2 Express Lns (1 LN EA DIR) From SR-60/I215 IC to Van Buren Blvd (I-215).	2028	\$429,000



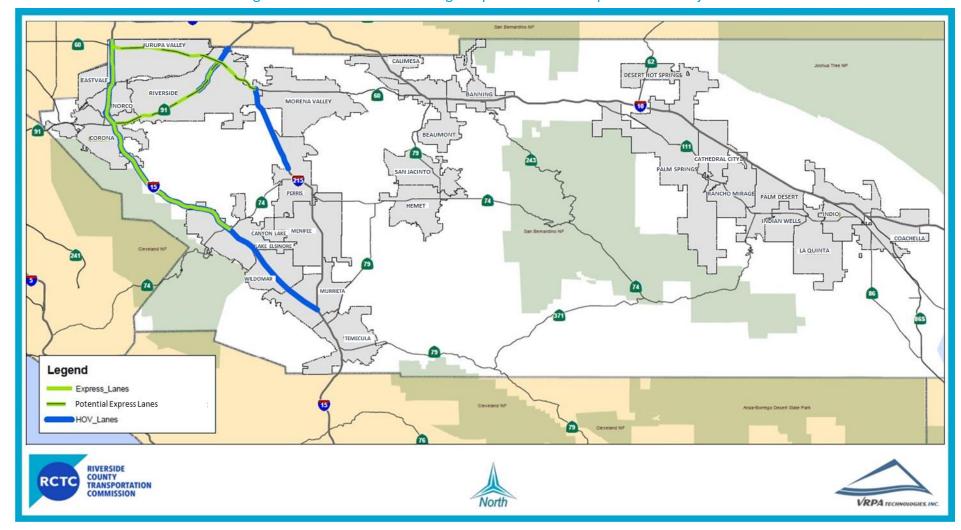


Figure 36 – 2040 Plan Future Highway and Potential Express Lanes Projects

Riverside County Long Range Transportation Study



Next Generation Toll Feasibility Study

RCTC's Next Generation Toll Feasibility Study (2019) examined potential new and/or expanded express lane facilities within Riverside County. In Phase One of the Study, 16 potential express lane corridors were identified and analyzed for financial feasibility. This resulted in the identification of four corridors (Top Tier Corridors) that were further analyzed during Phase Two of the study.

The Top Tier Corridors identified in the Next Generation Toll Feasibility Study included the following:

- ✓ SR-91 from 1-15 to SR-91/I-215/SR-60 Interchange (14 miles)
- ✓ SR-60 from I-15 to SR-91/I-215/SR-60 Interchange to I-215 (10 miles)
- ✓ I-215/SR-60 from SR-91/I-215/SR-60 Interchange to Gilman Springs Road (15 miles)
- ✓ I-215/SR-60 from SR-91/I-215/SR-60 Interchange to Gilman Springs Road (19 miles)

The results of the detailed analysis showed that all four of the Top Tier Toll Corridors have some level of financial feasibility, which is defined as the ability to cover all operating costs. Therefore, these corridors could all be candidates for future express lanes facilities depending on the availability of non-toll revenue funding to support capital costs. Caltrans District 8 Managed Lanes Feasibility Study will also further review these corridors as potential managed lanes

Arterial Roadways

Based on SCAG's 2016 RTP/SCS, a summary of the 2016, Baseline and Plan 2040 roadway lane miles are provided for the three sub-regions in Figure 37. Total roadway facility lanes miles in Riverside County will increase about 2% from 2016 to Baseline 2040. Under the Plan 2040, the total lane miles are expected to grow by approximately 20%.

The Baseline 2040 scenario includes mostly projects included in SCAG's Federal Transportation Improvement Program (FTIP) for Riverside County, which are projects programmed in the first six years of the RTP. These projects mostly have committed funds within the next five years. The Plan scenario includes additional financially constrained and unconstrained (strategic plan) for Riverside County over the next 20+ years as shown in Figure 38 to Figure 41. Baseline 2040 includes approximately two hundred roadway/highway projects. Plan 2040 has approximately 600 additional projects. The SCAG's 2016 RTP/SCS highest cost roadway projects in Riverside County are shown above in Table 29.





Figure 37 – Roadway Facility Lane Miles

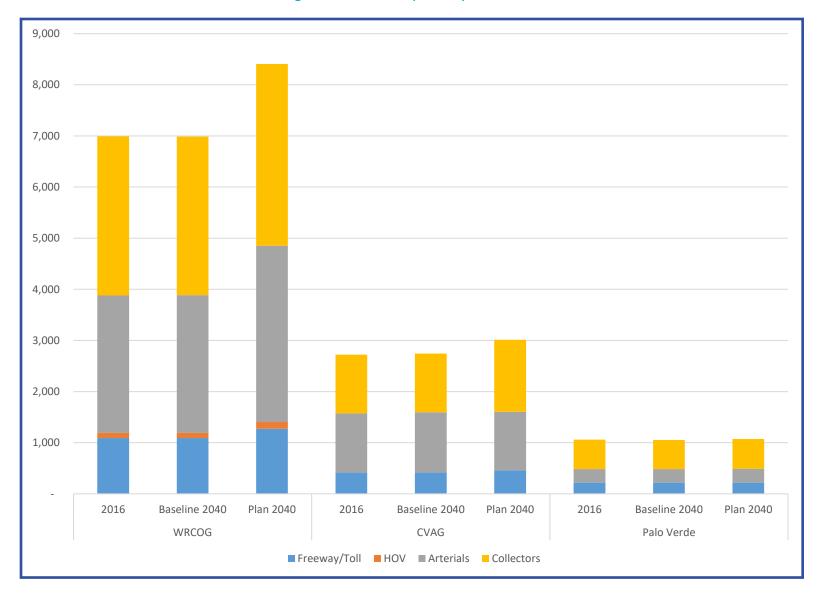




Figure 38 – Baseline 2040 Projects (Western Riverside County)

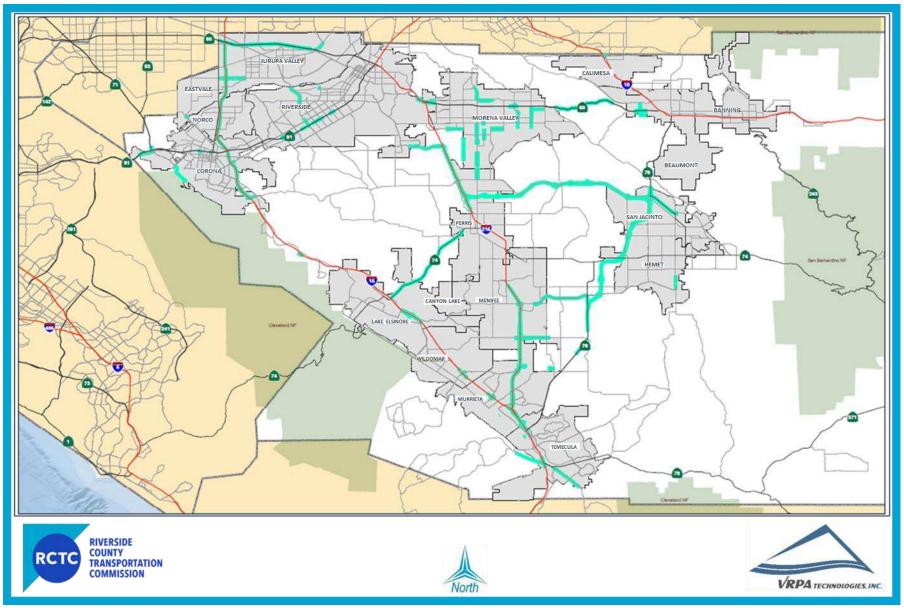




Figure 39 – Baseline 2040 Projects (Eastern Riverside County)

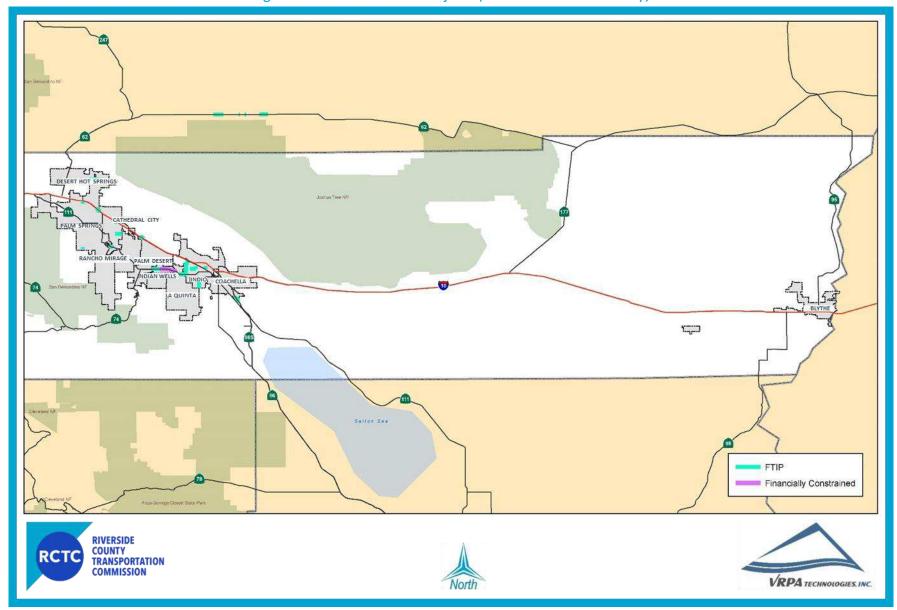




Figure 40 – Plan 2040 Projects (Western Riverside County)

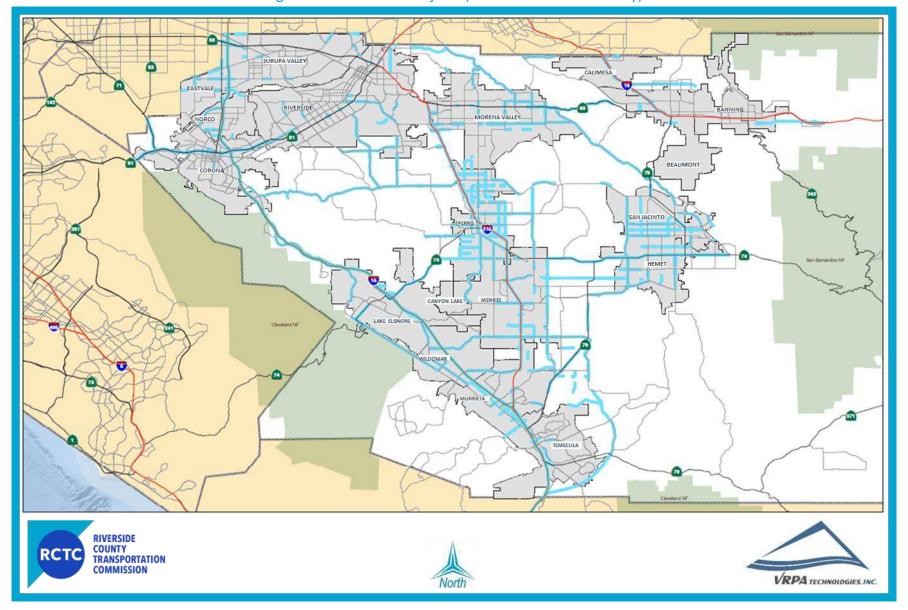
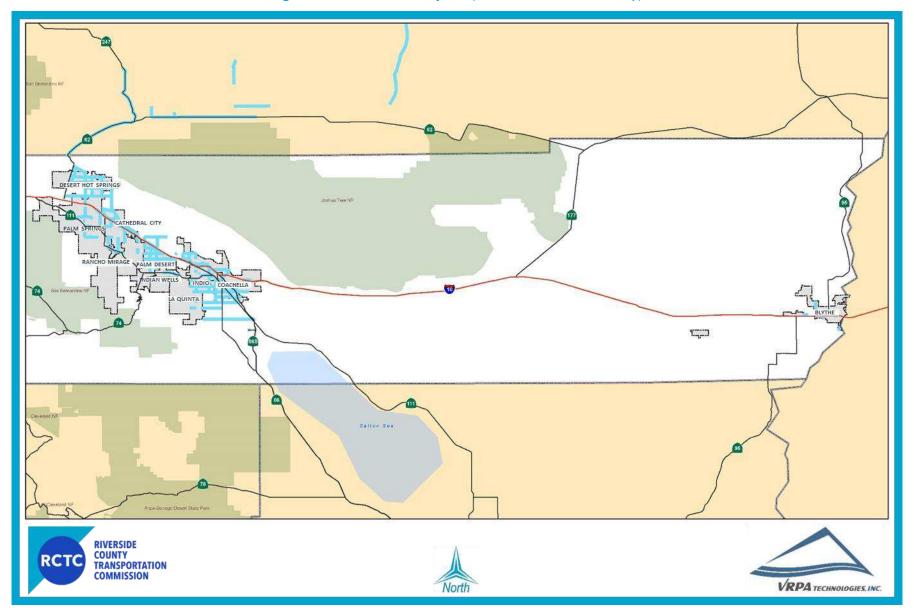




Figure 41 – Plan 2040 Projects (Eastern Riverside County)





Transportation System Preservation

As population and employment growth increased over the years in Riverside County, the transportation infrastructure has come under significant stress. At the same time, decades of underinvestment in maintaining and preserving the multimodal system under increased travel demand, has resulted in aging and stressed roadways, highways, bridges, bicycle and pedestrian facilities. The overall transportation infrastructure system continues to rapidly deteriorate and deferring maintenance will put more pressure on the system, compounding the problem. As the maintenance and preservation of the existing systems are delayed, the cost of repairs will increase exponentially. Furthermore, poor roadway quality results in additional vehicle maintenance cost. It is estimated that poor quality roadways cost users about \$700 per household per year and with over 700,000 households in Riverside County, the increased household cost is \$490 million per year.

According to SCAG's 2016 RTP/SCS, Riverside County has 480 lane miles of distressed state highways, 40% of which are categorized as in major structural distress. RCTC, in collaboration with Caltrans, should place a high priority on investing in the maintenance and preservation of the multimodal transportation system by adopting "Fix-it-First" as a key strategy in the LRTS.

Operational Efficiency

Full utilization of transportation infrastructure requires operational efficiency. As described in Chapter IV, operational efficiency strategies are designed to optimize the transportation system throughput by managing vehicle demand and delays to improve reliability and safety. Strategies to optimize operational efficiency and productivity of the transportation system include:

- Corridor System Management Plan (CSMP)
- Integrated Corridor Management (ICM)
- Express Lanes

A CSMP is a multi-jurisdictional and multimodal plan to improve traffic operation and management along a travel corridor experiencing regularly recurring delay and congestion. A CSMP results in a list of recommended specific operational improvements along with a phasing plan. These strategies may include intelligent transportation systems (ITS), transportation system management (TSM), incident management, and roadway improvements such as construction of auxiliary lanes and various interchange improvements. There are currently four CSMPs prepared by Caltrans in Riverside County:

- ✓ I-10 San Bernardino County line to SR-60
- ✓ I-215: I-15 in San Bernardino County to I-15 in Riverside County
- ✓ SR-91: Orange County Line to I-215/SR-60
- √ I-15: San Diego County line to San Bernardino County line

In addition, SCAG, RCTC and the San Bernardino County Transportation Authority (SBCTA), working in partnership with Caltrans District 8 have initiated Inland Empire Comprehensive Multimodal Corridor Plans (IE CMCPs), one focused on east-west flows of people and goods and the other on north-south flows. The geographic areas to be covered may be refined as part of the study, but they generally would cover the areas shown in Figure 42 and Figure 43. The IE CMCPs will further address operational efficiency and system productivity projects.



Figure 42 - Inland Empire East-West Multimodal Corridor

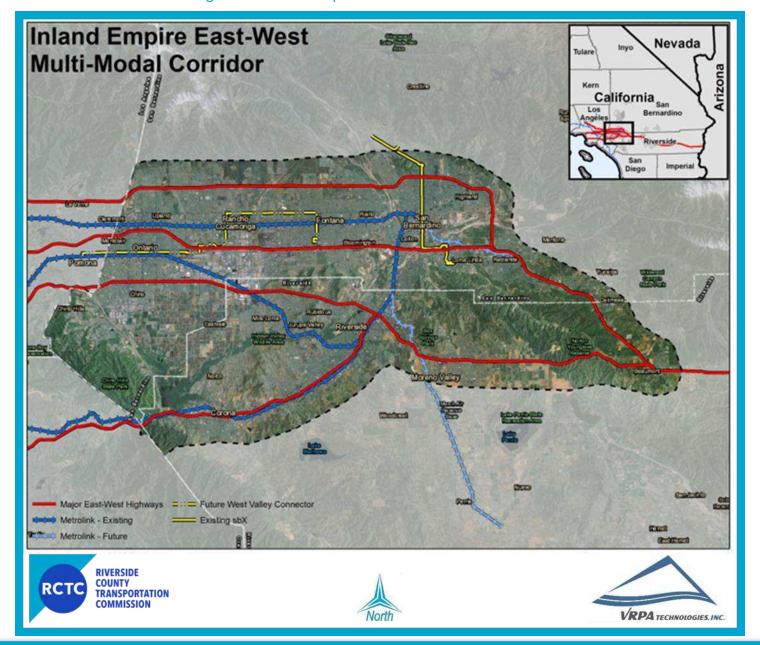
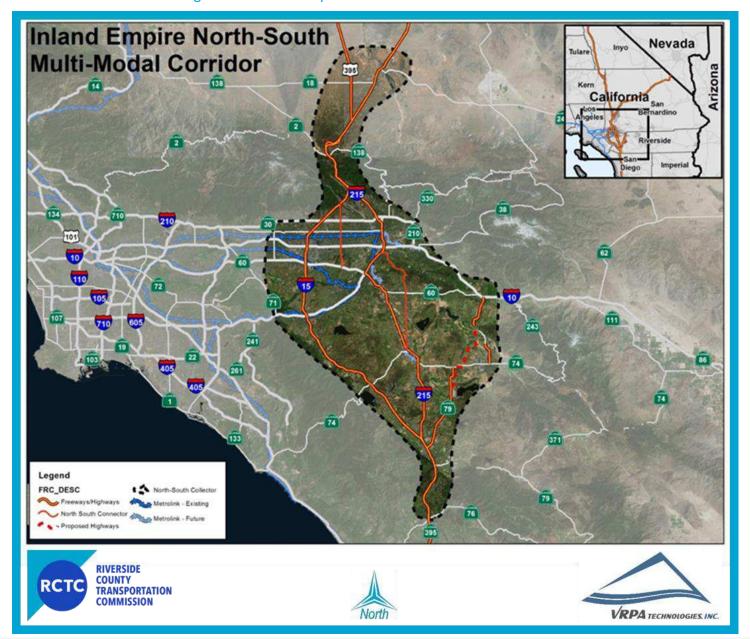




Figure 43 - Inland Empire North-South Multimodal Corridor



Riverside County Long Range Transportation Study



The Integrated Corridor Management (ICM) initiative was first introduced by the US Department of Transportation (USDOT) in 2006. The vision of ICM is that multimodal transportation networks (including freeways, arterials and transit) will realize significant improvements in the efficient movement of people and goods when all elements within a corridor are proactively managed and are able to communicate. Key ICM strategies are:

- ✓ Arterial signal coordination
- Dynamic traffic re-routing due to incidents or events
- Ramp Metering
- ✓ System Coordination between Caltrans and local jurisdictions
- ✓ Traveler information exchange

Most ICM strategies have focused on improving passenger travel with less emphasis in freight corridors. Since freight movement is a key challenge, the ICM strategies need to strongly consider and emphasize the freight movement conditions, opportunities and strategies. As connected and automated vehicles move into the mainstream, infrastructure improvements to enable communication to vehicles from an ICM will be needed. RCTC supports the goals and policies to ensure a safe and efficient transportation system for Riverside County. The following actions are recommended:

- ✓ Identify the potential ICM corridors
- ✓ SR-60 as a Freight ICM corridor
- ✓ Work with SCAG on updating the Inland Empire ITS Architecture Plan

Transportation Safety

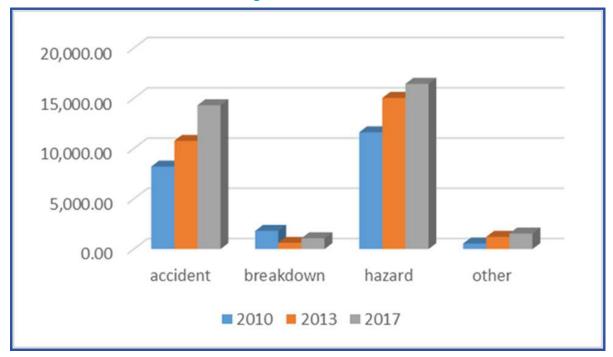
The concept of Transportation System Safety focuses on improving the safety for all users by protecting persons and properties from unintentional damage or destruction caused by a collision or natural disaster. To adequately address transportation safety in the Riverside County, data from the California Highway Patrol (CHP) and vehicle miles of travel (VMT) data obtained from Caltrans' Performance Measurement System (PeMS) were analyzed for Riverside County. As illustrated in Figure 44, the number of all various types of incidents have increased from 2010 through 2017. This also closely corresponds to the VMT increase during the same period as shown in Figure 45. As the VMT are expected to grow in the future, the number of incidents is expected to grow as well.

In an effort to reduce and mitigate the effects of accidents/incidents on traffic flow and efficiency, it is recommended that the four "E"s of transportation safety — engineering, enforcement, education and emergency response — become an integral part of the transportation safety program for Riverside County. The safety program should also support the Toward Zero Deaths (TZD) vision, a national strategy on highway safety that provides a framework for traffic safety planning efforts. In 2015, the California Department of Transportation released an update to the Strategic Highway Safety Plan (SHSP) which includes the following goals:

- ✓ A 3% per year reduction for the number and rate of fatalities; and
- ✓ A 1.5 % per year reduction for the number and rate of severe injuries.

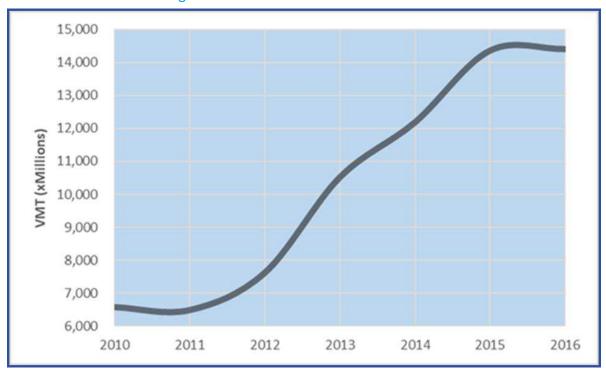


Figure 44 - Incidents



Source: California Highway Patrol

Figure 45 – Annual Vehicle Miles Traveled



Source: Caltrans Performance Measure System (PeMS)



Closing Gaps and Multimodal Corridor Improvements

SCAG's 2016 RTP/SCS Plan 2040 includes approximately 700 highway and arterial projects in Riverside County of which approximately 200 are Federal Transportation Improvement Programs (FTIP) projects (projects in the first six years of the RTP/SCS) as shown in Figure 46. To identify the deficiencies in the system, the level-of-service (LOS) as defined by the ratio of traffic volumes to roadway capacity (V/C) analyses were performed for the PM peak period for the Baseline 2040 (only FTIP projects) and Plan 2040 (projects beyond the six-year FTIP period). The results are exhibited in Figure 47 and Figure 48. The AM peak period LOS analysis exhibited similar patterns of congestions as the PM peak period.

The Plan 2040 projects greatly improve the traffic flow and LOS in the County. There are still four corridors where LOS falls in the E or F categories (V/C > 1.0) as shown in Figure 49:

- ✓ SR-91 from Serfas Club Drive to Pierce Street
- ✓ I-15 from SR-74 to SR-91
- ✓ SR-60 from Valley Way to SR-60/I-215 Interchange
- ✓ SR-79 from Ramona Parkway to I-10

These corridors along with others will be further studied and analyzed as part of the multimodal IE CMCPs.

CETAP Considerations

The Community Environmental Transportation Acceptability Process (CETAP) was created during development of the Riverside County Integrated Plan (RCIP) and it continues to be part of the County's planning process through inclusion in the County's General Plan Circulation Element. Four major transportation corridors were identified as part of CETAP that continue to be include in the County's planning process:

- ✓ Moreno Valley to San Bernardino
- ✓ East-West Corridor
- Winchester to Temecula
- ✓ SR-79 Realignment Study Area

These four corridors are in various stages of the planning process.

The Moreno Valley to San Bernardino CETAP corridor and the SR-79 Realignment Study Area remain on the County's Circulation Element. The Moreno Valley to San Bernardino corridor is being further studied by the County of Riverside. The environmental document for the SR-79 Realignment project was completed December 2016 and includes the southern portion that is part of the SR-79 CETAP corridor. These two corridors pose many challenges from an environmental, feasibility, and funding standpoint. Further analysis will be required to focus on phasing the project and identifying the most critical segments that meet independent utility and logical termini criteria.



Figure 46 – Plan 2040 Projects

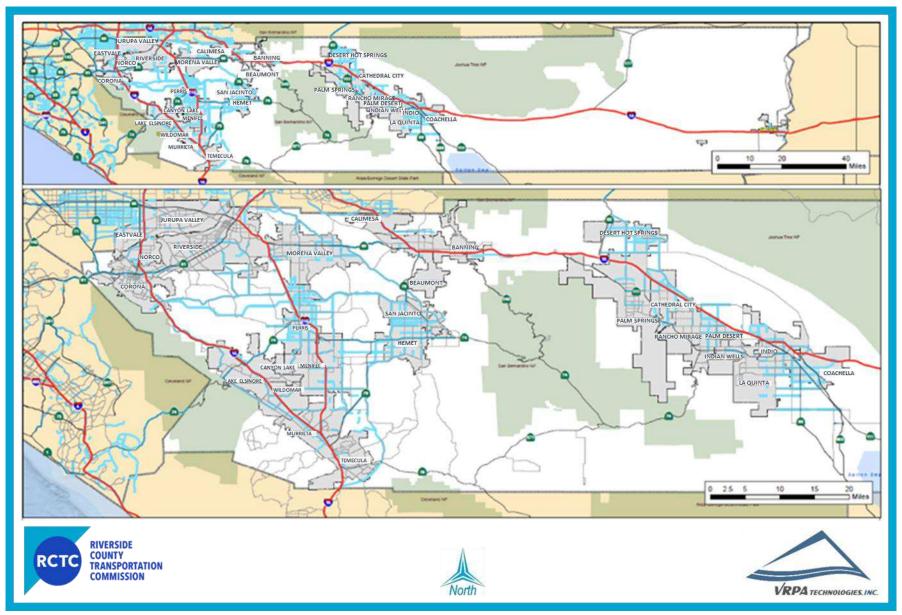




Figure 47 – Baseline 2040 PM Peak Period Level of Service

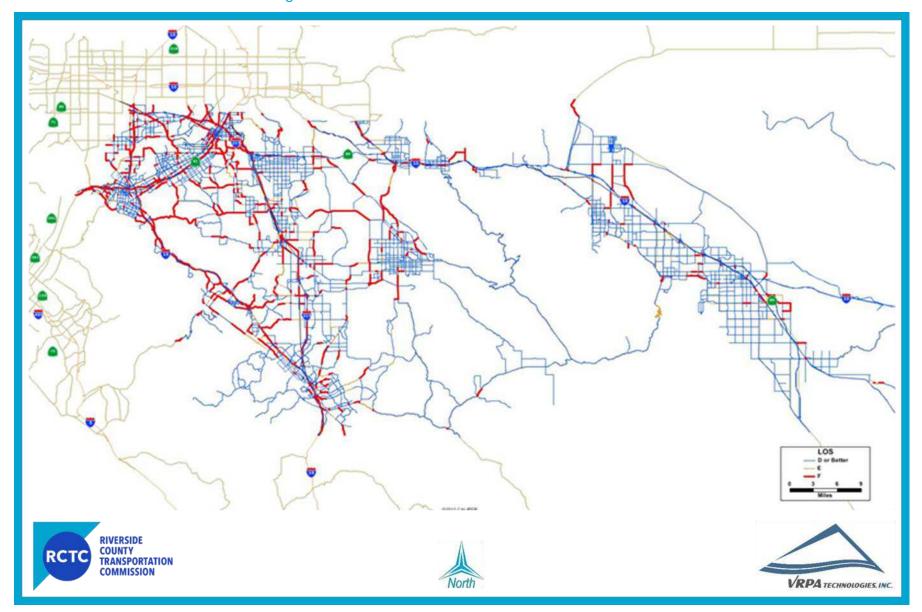
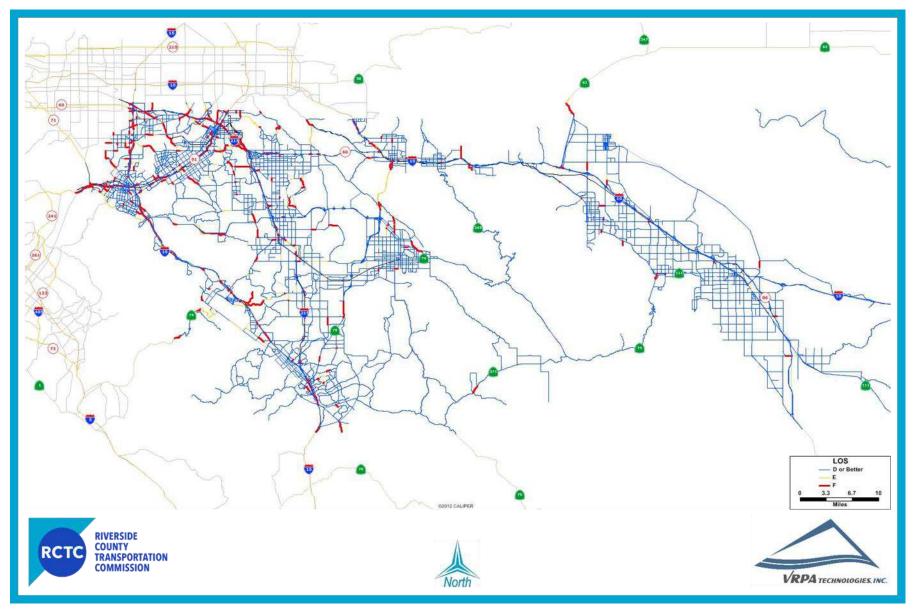




Figure 48 – Plan 2040 PM Peak Period Level of Service





RIVERSIDE COUNTY TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION VRPA TECHNOLOGIES, INC.

Figure 49 – Corridors with Level of Service E or F in 2040

Riverside County Long Range Transportation Study



The eastern portion of the East-West CETAP Corridor (from I-215 in Perris to SR-79 in San Jacinto) has been designated as the Mid County Parkway and is currently moving forward toward implementation as a six-lane facility. The first phase of MCP, the I-215/Placentia Avenue interchange, is expected to be under construction in 2020. The western portion of the East-West CETAP Corridor (from I-15 in Corona to I-215 in Perris) remains under study to determine an exact routing and configuration.

The Winchester to Temecula CETAP corridor consists of project improvements along I-15 and southern section of I-215 in the cities of Murrieta and Temecula.

Automated/Connected Automated Vehicles

Automated/Connected Vehicles (ACVs) are a series of technologies, currently in different stages of development, which allow communication among the infrastructure and vehicles to provide for more efficient operations. Some of the potential benefits of ACVs are:

- ✓ Collision Reduction: Collision-free driving and improved vehicle safety could change the concept of vehicles known today.
- ✓ Reduced Need for New Infrastructure: Self-driving can reduce the need for building new infrastructure and reduce maintenance costs.
- ✓ Travel Time Dependability: Convergence can substantially reduce uncertainty in travel times via real-time, predictive assessment of travel times on all routes.
- ✓ Productivity Improvements: Convergence will allow travelers to make use of travel time productivity.
- ✓ Improved Energy Efficiency: Reduce energy consumption in at least three ways: more efficient driving; lighter, more fuel-efficient vehciles; and efficient infrastructure.
- ✓ New Models for Vehcile Ownership: Self-driving vehicles could lead to a major redefinition of vehcile ownership and expand opportunities for vehicle sharing.

Fully automated (sometimes called autonomous) or "self driving" vehicles are defined by the U.S. Department of Transportation's National Highway Traffic Safety Administration (NHTSA) as "those in which operation of the vehicle occurs without direct driver input to control the steering, acceleration, and braking and are designed so that the driver is not expected to constantly monitor the roadway while operating in self-driving mode.

Current driverless car technologies involve complex systems of cameras used to navigate the road without the need for human operation. These technologies allow for people to occupy themselves with activities other than driving during trips — akin to activities on public transportation — but do not represent a large potential for efficiency on the system level. However, connected vehicle technology offers the potential to eliminate the need for the camera systems through a mix of Vehicle to Infrastructure (V2I) and Vehicle to Vehicle (V2V) technologies, allow system management to occur at a large scale to maximize system efficiency rather than individual vehicle efficiency.

Riverside County Long Range Transportation Study



System Performance

States and MPOs must monitor and evaluate the performance of their transportation systems to ensure the goals and objectives of their long range transportation plans are being met as part of state requirements and federal statutes such as Moving Ahead for Progress in the 21st Century (MAP-21), Fixing America's Surface Transportation (FAST) Act, Assembly Bill (AB) 32/Senate Bill (SB) 375 and SB 743.

MAP-21 placed increased emphasis on Performance-Based Planning and Programming (PBPP), i.e.: "performance management" within the Federal-aid highway program and transit programs and requires use of performance-based approaches in statewide, metropolitan, and non-metropolitan transportation planning.

MAP-21 established a new standard for transportation system performance and planning at the federal level for states, regions, and local transit operators. The FAST Act, signed into law in 2015, largely left the Performance Management requirements of MAP-21 in place. MAP-21 requires a transition to performance-driven, outcome-based approaches in the following areas:

- ✓ Safety
- ✓ Infrastructure Condition
- Congestion
- ✓ System Reliability
- Freight Movement
- Environmental Sustainability
- Reduce Project Delivery Delays

Through a series of federal rulemakings over the past several years, U.S. DOT established guidelines for how state DOTs, MPOs, and local agencies report progress on these performance measures to the federal government. In California, Caltrans took the lead in developing a statewide framework for performance reporting. MAP-21 has established a 4-year performance target setting and reporting cycle beginning in October 2018. SCAG has adopted the performance measures targets proposed by Caltrans for MAP-21 reporting for the 2020 RTP/SCS.

Issues

Highway and arterial network are essential to infrastructure, providing the backbone to the multimodal transportation system for the movements of people and goods. The key issues facing the highway and arterial network are described in further detail below.

Transportation System Preservation

Decades of under-investment in maintaining and preserving the multimodal transportation system coupled with increased travel demand resulted in aging and stressed roadways, highways, bridges, bicycle and pedestrian facilities. As the maintenance and preservation of the existing systems are delayed, the cost of repairs increases exponentially. According to SCAG's 2016 RTP/SCS, Riverside

Riverside County Long Range Transportation Study



County has 480 lane miles of distressed state highways, 40 percent of which are categorized as in major structural distress.

Operational Efficiency

Full utilization of transportation infrastructure requires operational efficiency. New technologies provide tools to increase efficiency of the system in operating and managing congestion and the demand placed on the transportation system. Incorporation of transportation technologies into transportation planning activities is essential in improving mobility and safety.

Transportation Safety

The number of collision incidents increased over the last decade in Riverside County, corresponding to the increase in vehicle miles traveled (VMT) during the same period. As VMT is expected to grow in the future, a focus on improving safety conditions will be needed to slow the growth in incidents. A Transportation System Safety Program focused on improving traffic for all users throughout the County can address the range of safety issues facing the County.

Closing Gaps and Multimodal Corridor Improvements

SCAG's Plan 2040 includes approximately 700 highway and arterial projects in Riverside County of which approximately 200 are Federal Transportation Improvement Programs (FTIP) projects which are funded with federal grants. With all planned improvements, there will be some corridors where traffic congestion levels will exceed mobility performance thresholds and will need to be addressed through comprehensive mobility improvements.

Mobility Innovations

Technological advancements in mobility are transforming mobility trends and travel patterns by being both enabling and disruptive to the transportation system. More and more, these innovations are coming from private sector initiatives with indicates the important role for the private sector in planning for mobility innovations into transportation planning activities.

System Performance

Measuring the performance of the multimodal transportation system is critical to reaching the desired goals and objectives of the LRTS. Federal legislation passed in 2012, Moving Ahead for Progress in the 21st Century Act (MAP-21), introduced a new requirement to incorporate a performance-based approach into the transportation planning process to support regional transportation planning. Developing and adopting performance measures and targets needs to be incorporated into the planning process of the LRTS.

Riverside County Long Range Transportation Study



Strategies

To address the highway and arterials challenges and issues outlined above, a set of strategies are identified as follows:

Transportation System Preservation

Facing the level of maintenance and operation's needs, RCTC should place a high priority on investing in the maintenance and preservation of the multimodal transportation system by adopting "Fix-it-First" which prioritizes investments in the current infrastructure.

Operational Efficiency

The key strategies in operational efficiency of existing corridors are 1) Corridor System Management Plan (CSMP), 2) Integrated Corridor Management (ICM) and 3) Express Lanes. Partnering with Caltrans and local agencies will be critical in developing projects and programs to improve the operations of the state highway and roadway systems. RCTC will participate in Caltrans' Management Lanes Feasibility Study, which will provide a connectivity assessment of District 8 managed lanes in Western Riverside and San Bernardino counties and assess and prioritize future additions to the existing managed lanes system.

Transportation Safety

In 2015, the California Department of Transportation released an update to the Strategic Highway Safety Plan (SHSP) which includes the following goals:

- ✓ A 3% per year reduction for the number and rate of fatalities; and
- ✓ A 1.5% per year reduction for the number and rate of severe injuries.

These goals should be considered as a safety performance measure by RCTC.

Closing Gaps and Multimodal Corridor Improvements

Identify the corridors where traffic levels of service fall in the "E" or "F" categories under LRTS and develop multimodal Comprehensive Corridor Plans (CCPs) with actionable strategies and programs to improve mobility and safety.

Mobility Innovations

The key strategies in support of mobility innovations to ensure a safe and efficient transportation system for Riverside County are as follows:

- ✓ Incorporate technology for data gathering and managing traffic.
- ✓ Supportive of connected and automated vehicle (CAV)-related infrastructure projects.
- Engage CAV stakeholders to stay engaged with the industry best practices.
- Assess possible changes in agency roles and new skill requirements.

Riverside County Long Range Transportation Study



System Performance

Support SCAG, Caltrans, and local agencies on enhancing countywide traffic data collection and analysis to conform with the MAP-21 standards and approaches requirements for Performance-Based Planning and Programming (PBPP). Develop data collection techniques to broadly understand the transportation system through issues and opportunities.

Rail, Transit and Paratransit System and Service Providers' Connectivity, Maintenance, and Operations

Riverside County has seen significant investment in transit in recent years, from the new Metrolink Perris Valley Line expansion to investments in reducing vehicle emissions from transit fleets. For example, through funding from the California Climate Investments Transit and Intercity Rail Capital Program, Sunline Transit Agency, in partnership with Antelope Valley, Kern County, and the California State Transportation Agency recently received funding for the procurement of fifteen new zero emissions buses (Caltrans 2018). However, the County faces significant challenges. An improving economy, decreased unemployment, relatively low gas prices, and increased auto sales have led to a steady decline in transit ridership. This is contributing to declining farebox recovery ratios, which presents challenges for maintaining funding for transit. Furthermore, performance challenges, including longer and less predictable run times, are mounting from increasing congestion, major road construction, and a rapidly growing population.

There is limited funding for operating and capital that may ultimately cause a reduction in service levels. Despite these challenges, improving transit system connectivity, maintenance, and operations will play a critical role in supporting key goals in the region, such as providing congestion relief, reducing greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions, and increasing access to employment and key services.

There are five (5) key issues facing Riverside County's transit system:

- Declining ridership (with the exception of Metrolink)
- ✓ Service coverage in low-density areas
- Challenges with level of service (e.g. performance and frequency)
- Transit revenue and competition for funding
- Uncertainty around emerging technologies

Each of these issues and their associated challenges and opportunities are described in this section.



Issues

Declining Ridership

In FY 2015/16, Riverside County saw a five percent decline in trips per capita (from 7.3 to 6.8) (RCTC 2017). While rail ridership grew by two percent, fixed route ridership, which accounts for 85% of all ridership, declined by 5% (Table 31).

While demand responsive services did not experience a change in ridership over this same period, the specialized transportation program (a program aimed at transporting seniors and disabled residents' with rides to the mall, doctor's appointments, group events, senior centers or to visit friends) ridership declined by 23%, due to a loss in federal funding for Commuter Link Services (and a subsequent increase in fares).

Increasing transit ridership provides a key opportunity for reducing the number of trips made by single-occupancy vehicles, thus reducing congestion on roadways. However, as car ownership in the County is widespread, inexpensive and convenient, and much of the population lives in suburban areas distanced from employment centers, increasing ridership is a challenge.

Service Coverage in Low-density Areas

Single family homes are and will continue to be the norm in Riverside County due to the availability and low cost of land and housing construction. Together with the low-density and dispersed character of development in much of the County, this represents a challenge for conventional forms of mass transit. Despite the fact that 82% of residents currently live within three-quarters of a mile of fixed-route service, ridership continues to fall, suggesting a need for improved service coverage. Increasing service coverage has the potential to support access to lifeline services and employment for rural populations. However, this type of expansion is costly, requiring vehicles to travel long distance to serve relatively few, and will be challenging to implement.





Table 31 – Transit Ridership Changes

Public Transportation Trips Provided	Countywide FY 2012/13	Countywide FY 2013/14	Countywide FY 2014/15	Countywide FY 2015/16		
Service by Mode	Trips		Trips	% of Total Trips	% Change FY 14/15 to FY 15/16	
Rail [1]	888,844	898,216	1,048,003	1,071,669	6.8%	2.0%
Public Bus, Fixed Route [2]	13,603,825	14,102,821	14,159,311	13,460,620	85.3%	-5.0%
Public Demand Response	795,503	823,649	840,811	840,167	5.3%	0.0%
Specialized Transportation/Universal Call Program	559,104	577,736	543,296	416,338	2.6%	-23.0%
ALL TRIPS: Including Rail, Public Transit, Measure A, JARC and New Freedom Programs [3]	15,847,276	16,402,422	16,591,421	15,788,794	100.0%	-5.0%
Total Population [4]	2,227,577	2,255,059	2,279,967	2,308,441		
Trips per Capita for FY 2015/16 Total Population [4]	7.1	7.3	7.3	6.8		

Notes:

^[1] Annualized rail boardings are from average weekday daily boardings at Riverside County Metrolink stations with historical FY 14/15 totals corrected: Riverside, 91 and IEOC Lines. Reported May 9, 2017.

^{[2] &#}x27;Public Bus, Fixed Route' trip counts do not include Specialized Transportation funded fixed route trips.

^[3] Public transit trips extracted from TransTrack 'Table 2 - SRTP Service Summary' on 4/4/17. Specialized Transit operators reported from Measure A audits. Rail trips reported directly.

^[4] RCTC Mid-Year Revenue Projections 2016 Agenda: California Department of Finance, Demographic Research Unit as of January 1, 2016

Riverside County Long Range Transportation Study



Level of Service

Riverside County has been experiencing challenges with providing a high level of service to riders in recent years. A steady increase in congestion has been occurring for several compounding reasons:

- ✓ Individual commuting times have increased due to affordable housing markets found further away from employment centers and increased need for intra and intercounty travel.
- ✓ Auto and fuel costs are relatively low.
- ✓ Increases in freight traffic.
- ✓ High influx of seasonal residents, particularly in the Coachella Valley.

These factors together have presented significant challenges for public transit providers. Runtimes have increased and have become less predictable, meaning transit is less desirable and practical for riders. As the County is geographically large and population density is low in many areas, service frequency remains low in many areas. Opportunities exist to improve connectivity in the network, improve the consistency of runtimes, and improve the quality of trips. Strategies that improve the convenience, reliability, and quality of service will help to make transit a more desirable mode of travel.

Transit Revenue and Competition for Funding

Despite continued allocation of local, State, and federal funding sources during the last decade, regional and local agencies continue to experience a revenue shortfall for system expansion. This shortfall is expected to continue for two very basic reasons:

- ✓ The revenues to support the transportation network's maintenance and improvements are not increasing fast enough to keep up with inflation.
- ✓ The demands for more maintenance and improvements have expanded beyond the normal inflation rate.

Due to a new reliance on sales taxes, increased auto fuel efficiency, and fuel taxes that have not historically been indexed for inflation, the previously strong connection to revenue sources and use has deteriorated. However, the passage of SB 1 in March 2017 will provide \$5.2 billion in annual transportation funding. Transit agencies receive some of this funding, and both cities and counties are required to submit a list of proposed projects before and after expenditure of their budget. While SB 1 provides a much-needed source of revenue funding, a funding gap still exists and continuing to secure other sources of funding for transit agencies is critical to the health of Riverside County's transit system.

Uncertainty Around Emerging Technologies

The separation between public and private transport is becoming less clear – mobility is changing, and future mobility is about more than just technology. It's about people, connectivity, and the need to continuously adapt to, create, and imagine our future. The rise of 'smart' infrastructure and the changing behavior of citizens is likely to have significant impacts on all aspects of the transportation system moving forward.

Riverside County Long Range Transportation Study



With respect to the transit system, uncertainty stems from the following:

- ✓ The profit motive of private companies (such as TNCs like Uber/Lyft) to provide public transportation may be an issue where focus is only on the most profitable routes. Loss of riders to TNCs could potentially undermine the economic sustainability and mission of public transportation systems, which have traditionally served the public good.
- ✓ The changing world of work The rise of the 'gig' economy and zero-hour contracts (where employers hire staff with no guarantee of work and employees only accept work when they want to) is already changing work patterns and this is expected to change further with the rise of automation.
- New transport technologies Delivery drones are already a reality, platooning freight and driverless buses are all well within the realms of reality, and cars with some level of automation are already operating on our roads. Increased connectivity will most likely accompany these developments.
- ✓ Mobility as consumption 'Mobility as a service' (MaaS) is here. The public is set to become consumers of transport rather than owners or users, blending modes in real time from a multimodal palette to meet our on-demand travel needs.
- ✓ Behavioral adaptation Technology does not drive the future; how people respond to it does. How people will react to new technologies is the major known unknown.
- ✓ Governance and financing The emergence, and in many places the dominance, of private sector players in future mobility is highlighting the need for careful consideration of roles and responsibilities for transit agencies, multi-level government partners, and the private sector.

Changing Demographics and Demand for Paratransit

The percentage of persons 65 and over in Riverside County is expected to more than double by 2040, from 13% to 30% of the total population. Currently, County transit providers provide demandresponsive paratransit to residents living within three quarters of a mile of a fixed-route service. While 82% of the population falls within this area, the remainder of the population is not currently served by transit or paratransit services. As the population ages, there will likely be an increasing number of seniors living outside of this area, resulting in an increased demand for paratransit services. Further, paratransit services in Riverside County typically require a reservation no less than 24 hours in advance. This can present challenges for seniors and those with disabilities who have last-minute or changing transportation needs. Expanding paratransit services can be a significant challenge, particularly because of high costs and scheduling challenges. However, expansion of services has positive social benefits and increases equitability in the transit system.

Strategies

Continue to enhance programs that support rideshare and transfers to transit through incentive programs and the provision of Park and Ride facilities.

RCTC currently incentivizes ridesharing and connections to transit through several programs:

- ✓ Rideshare Incentives, which provides a \$2/day incentive for those new to ridesharing;
- Rideshare Plus, which provides discounts at various merchants to enrolled members;

Riverside County Long Range Transportation Study



- ✓ Rideshare 2 Rails, where those completing their trip by rail are eligible for preferred parking at any Metrolink station;
- √ Vanpool Subsidy Program, which provides up to \$400 a month on an ongoing basis for vanpool start-ups; and
- ✓ Guaranteed Ride Home, which provides a free ride home in a taxi or rental car in case of a personal emergency, such as an unexpected illness or unscheduled overtime.

Continuing to expand these programs and introduce new incentive programs may help to reduce single occupancy vehicle travel. RCTC is currently undertaking a Park and Ride study, which may lead to a more comprehensive strategy for Park and Ride in Riverside County. This study should be reviewed, and the relevant strategies will be included in future updates of the LRTS.

Improve passenger convenience by investing in real-time data tools and mobile integration

Increased access to transit information through real-time information sharing can help increase predictability and convenience for transit riders. Easy access to accurate, real-time transit information has been shown to result in greater satisfaction with transit, increased perceptions of safety, and increased ridership frequency (Gooze, Watkins, and Borning, 2012). Exploring and integrating with existing tools, and the creation of new tools should be considered.

Continue to support express connections to key destinations and transit centers to improve intercity travel efficiency

Currently, public transit is not time-competitive with driving in many cases. For example, while travel by car from Desert Hot Springs to Palm Springs is approximately 45 minutes in duration, the same trip utilizing SunLine's fixed-route service can take upwards of three (3) hours. Identifying common origin and destination travel patterns and exploring ways to reduce travel times between key destinations and transit centers may help to increase attractiveness of travel by bus.

Support increased service coverage in rural disadvantaged areas

By increasing coverage, and targeting the most vulnerable areas, there is an opportunity to both increase ridership while supporting economic development among the most vulnerable populations. Implemented thoughtfully, providing public transportation alternatives in rural areas provides the opportunity for positive environmental impacts, improved economic opportunities for rural populations, and overall will provide a more equitable service offering that does not favor urban populations over rural.

Support Riverside County Transit Agencies innovative marketing campaigns aimed at increasing youth ridership

Riverside Transit Agency has recently launched a new marketing campaign focused on downtown service aimed at increasing ridership. SunLine Transit Agency has launched a new website aimed at increasing ridership in young people. Further, in April 2018 Metrolink conducted a survey aimed at millennials to better understand the mobility needs of younger demographics. Ultimately, their goal is to increase ridership among the "next generation of commuters." Supporting transit agencies in Riverside County with innovative marketing campaigns that potential riders can relate to, may help to

Riverside County Long Range Transportation Study



increase the diversity of riders and ultimately increase ridership.

Establish First and Last Mile partnerships with alternative transit providers

Transit agencies are increasingly partnering with Transit Network Companies (TNCs) to increase service offerings. Opportunities exist to partner with TNCs to provide discounted transportation for economically disadvantaged riders, or those within certain geographies, helping to address first-last mile challenges.

Improve First- and Last-Mile Experience through public realm improvements

Improving the pedestrian experience through public realm improvements can help to reduce first-last mile challenges. Improved wayfinding and signage around stops and stations, improved sidewalks and crossings can help to increase the willingness and ability of residents to access transit. Improving bike paths, lanes, routes and storage facilities as well as improving drop-off or parking locations at larger stations and exploring bike or car share opportunities may also help to address the first-last mile challenge.

Consider emerging technologies in decision and policy making processes

The pace of technological change in the transportation industry is rapid, and it remains uncertain as to exactly how these changes will impact traditional public transportation systems. Currently, advancements in transportation technology are being driven by the private sector, and by consumer choices. It is important that RCTC and transit providers in the county closely observe and investigate ongoing changes and consider the potential impacts of emerging technology on transit and paratransit services in ongoing decision-making and in creation of new policies.

Explore options for last-minute paratransit bookings

Paratransit services in Riverside County currently require a minimum 24 hours' notice for reservations. This can be extremely limiting for those who rely on the services and does not accommodate those with unexpected transportation needs. Exploring last minute booking options, for example through mobile apps, may allow for a more efficient use of resources and better service for those who need it most. Further, opportunities to partner with TNCs to provide paratransit services should be explored.

Continue efforts to improve transportation options and access to information for tourists and seasonal residents

The influx of seasonal residents, particularly in the Coachella Valley results in increased congestion on roads, which has negative impacts on the environment, on transit level of service, and on productivity for locals who suffer from increased congestion. Targeting transit services and marketing to tourists, the tourism industry, other businesses and hotels, and seasonal residents may help to support increased ridership, while reducing congestion on roadways.

Facilitate communication among Riverside County's transit agencies to share learning and simplify service and fare structures

While each transit service provider in Riverside County faces a unique context, and set of challenges,

Riverside County Long Range Transportation Study



RCTC can play a key role in helping to facilitate communication and information sharing between the agencies, to allow for knowledge sharing. RCTC can also help to facilitate discussions around simplifying service and fare structures through coordination between agencies that may ultimately lead to improved service and increased cost efficiencies.

The development of high-quality transit areas to absorb population growth while mitigating potentially negative impacts

Supporting the development of the high-quality transit areas (HQTAs) identified by SCAG and local agencies will be helpful to ensure that new households in the County have access to employment centers through transit, particularly given that there will continue to be less jobs than workers in the County through 2040. While pursuing the development of HQTAs, an important consideration will be exploring ways to mitigate gentrification and potential negative impacts for existing vulnerable populations (as land values are driven up with improved transit, existing communities may be priced out of the market). Cities desiring to develop HQTAs should coordinate with RCTC and transit operators to review potential HQTA locations at or near Metrolink stations and transit hubs.

Transit-Oriented Development/High-Quality Transit Areas

A review of general plans and other mobility documents for all the jurisdictions in Riverside County was completed as part of the LRTS planning process. The objective of the review was to determine which cities were actively engaged in encouraging transit ridership through the development of high-density, mixed-use, walkable, compact development. The review classifies cities into four broad categories:

- Cities with established TOD policies around transit facilities (high density and Floor Area Ratio (FAR), with development focused around transit facility).
- Cities with potential transit supportive policies in certain nodal locations (high density and FARs that may support a transit connection).
- Cities with policies that encourage compact, walkable activity nodes.
- Cities without any specific policy encouraging compact development.

Figure 50 and Figure 51 indicate the key locations of existing and planned activity centers in these cities that are transit-oriented, transit-supportive, or walkable activity nodes.

High Quality Transit Areas

Proposed 2040 HQTAs were defined for Northwest Riverside County, Southwest Riverside County, and the Coachella Valley in the 2016 RTP/SCS through consultation with Riverside County transit providers (Figure 52, Figure 53, and Figure 54) ¹⁰. The figures indicate corridors that are planned and projected to accommodate the majority of future household and employment growth in 2040.

December 2019 266 Page | 143

¹⁰ The figures shown on the following pages are 2040 High Quality Transit Areas. In 2017, the Southern California Association of Governments indicated that five pilot projects would be selected for implementation in October 2017. Currently, there is no information available about the selected projects or further information available about Riverside County's HQTAs.



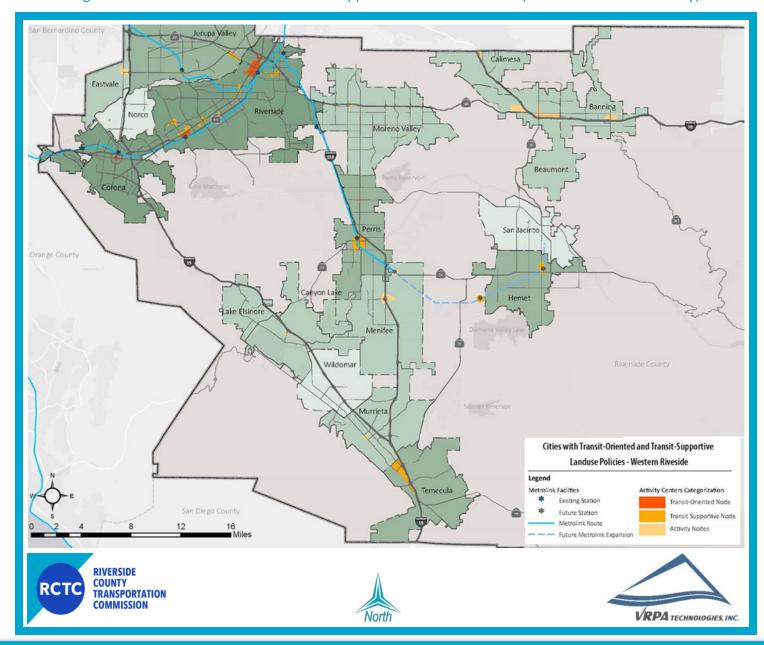


Figure 50 – Transit-Oriented and Transit Supportive Land Use Policies (Western Riverside County)



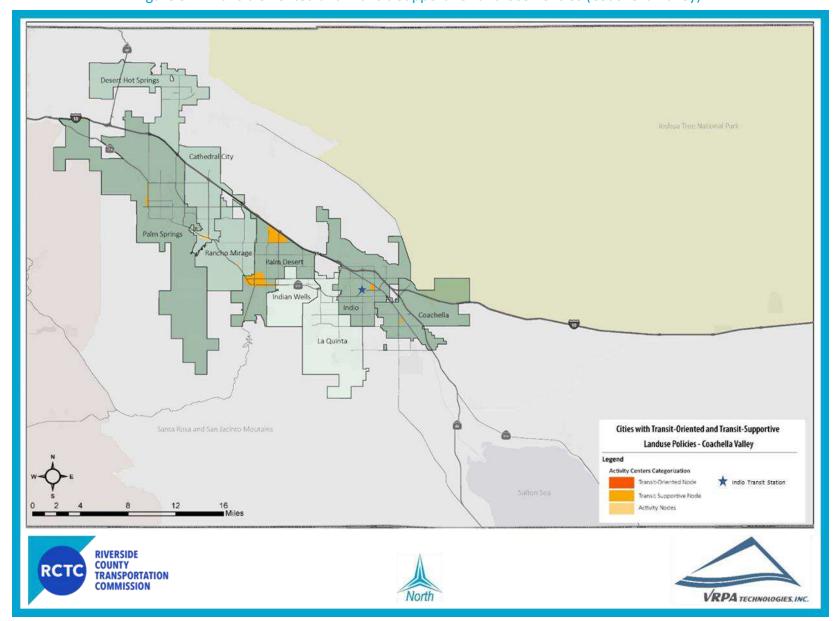


Figure 51 - Transit-Oriented and Transit-Supportive Land Use Policies (Coachella Valley)



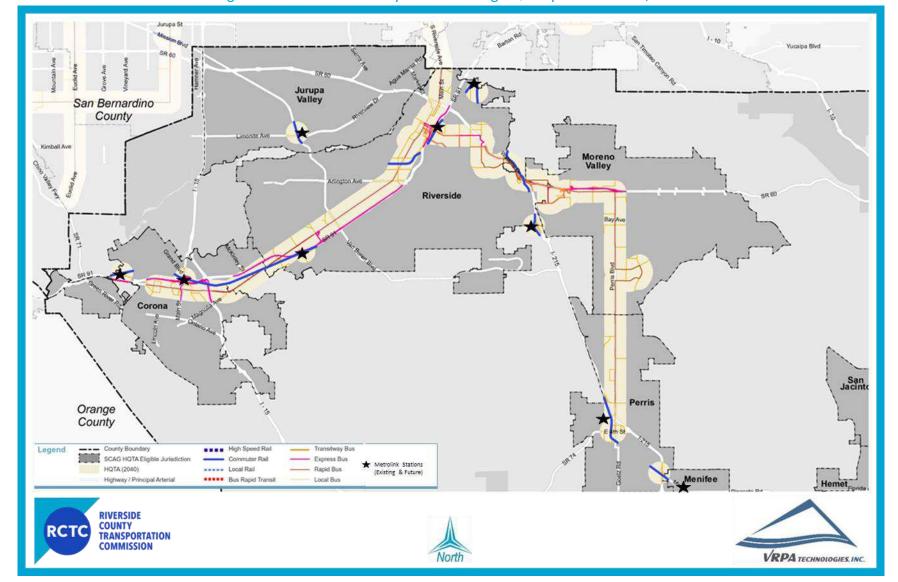


Figure 52 – Riverside County Northwest High Quality Transit Areas, 2040

¹¹ The CommuterLink Route 200 which provides express service from Downtown Riverside to Anaheim runs along SR-91 through the HQTA shown in Figure 52

TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION

REPORTATION COMMISSION

REPORTATION COMMISSION

REPORTATION COMMISSION

REPORTATION COMMISSION

LONG RANGE TRANSPORTATION STUDY

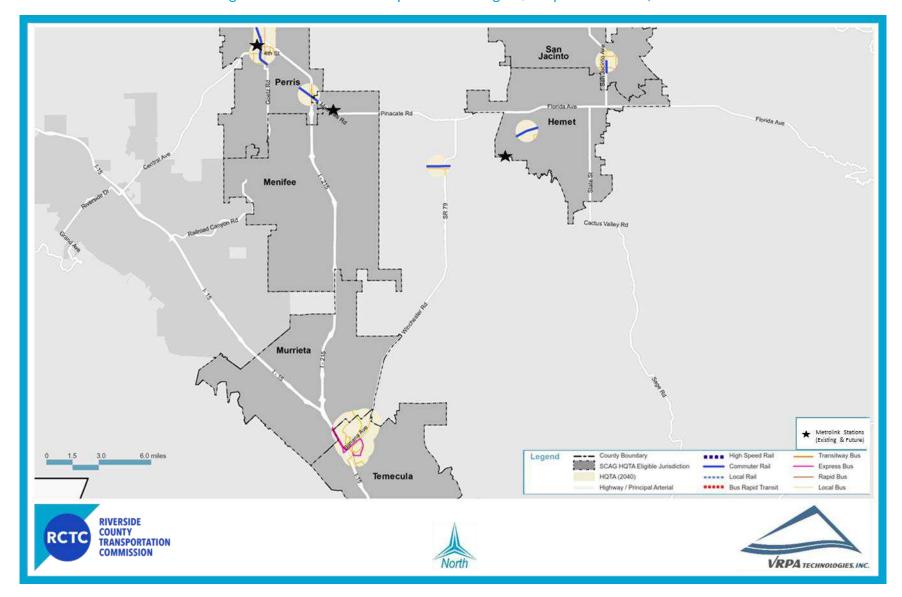


Figure 53 – Riverside County Southwest High Quality Transit Areas, 2040



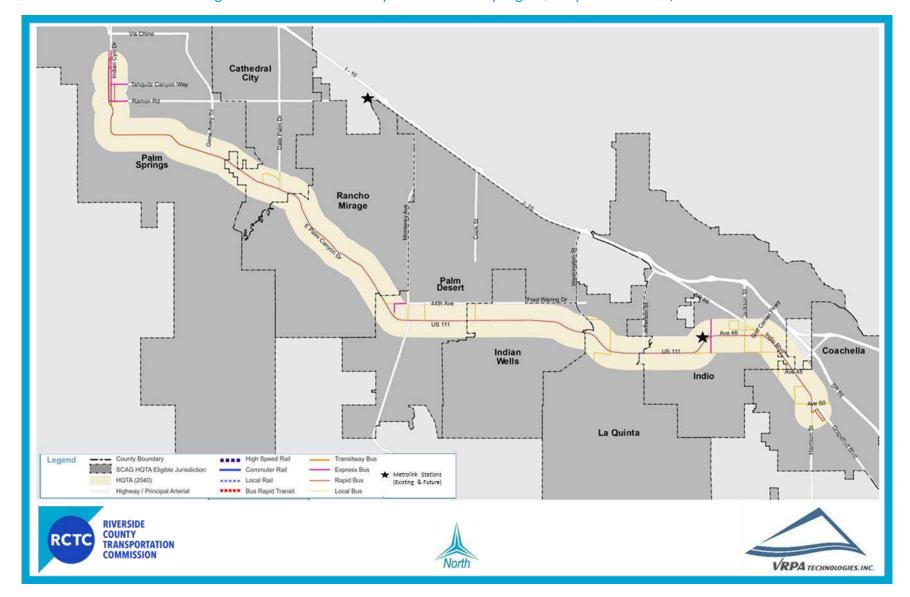


Figure 54 – Riverside County Coachella Valley High Quality Transit Areas, 2040

Riverside County Long Range Transportation Study



Western Riverside

Cities with Metrolink Stations

With existing Metrolink routes through Moreno Valley/March Field, Corona, Riverside, Perris and Jurupa Valley, cities have responded in updating their land use policies to support higher intensity uses in proximity to the existing Metrolink stations. As discussed previously, these stations are owned and operated by RCTC therefore jurisdictions should coordinate land use planning with the commission.

City of Riverside

The City of Riverside, with three Metrolink stations, has addressed TOD around the stations by allowing mixed-used development in proximity to the stations with residential densities up to 60 units per acre (higher in the downtown area), and employment Floor Area Ratio up to 5.0 in the downtown area. The City's Downtown Specific Plan seeks to bring downtown to its full potential as an area that is active during the days and evenings every day of the week.

At the La Sierra station, the City's Mixed-Use Urban designation provides opportunities for primarily high-density residential development with commercial, office, institutional and business uses emphasizing retail, entertainment, and student-oriented activities. The City hopes such development will facilitate the grouping of innovative housing options with employment uses, entertainment activities and public gathering spaces and other community amenities. Well-functioning transit-oriented developments (TODs) would need to be constructed to this higher intensity of development.

The Circulation and Community Mobility Element of the General Plan includes policies that support increasing pedestrian and bicycle infrastructure indirectly by promoting denser, mixed-use uses and are tailored to specific streets/districts found within Riverside.

City of Corona

Of the two Metrolink stations in the City of Corona, the North Main Station, situated on the north side of the Corona freeway close to downtown, has planned TOD policies. The City has developed specific area plans for downtown as well as for the area around the station (North Main Street Specific Plan) that look to intensify land uses, as well as encourage mixed-used development close to the station. The specific plans allow for up to 60 units per acre, and up to 2.0 FAR with some locations not having any specified height limits. However, the areas covered with high intensities is limited within the North Main Street Specific Plan district. Parking requirements for the planned land uses in the area are conservative. In the Downtown area, the City limits the FAR to 2.0 and the residential densities to 20 units per acre. The downtown area, however, does focus on enhancing alternative modes of travel, and emphasizes improving pedestrian and bicycle networks and facilities to connect with both local and regional transit facilities.

Riverside County Long Range Transportation Study



City of Perris

The City's Downtown Specific Plan hopes to take advantage of the Metrolink Station and transit connection mixed use through expanding retail opportunities and allowing for more mixed-use and housing opportunities while preserving the downtown area character. The Plan's form-based code limits heights to five (5) stories, primarily in the downtown promenade. The City has a trail master plan that addresses creating bicycle and pedestrian networks.

Cities with Planned Expansion Metrolink Stations

City of Hemet

The future transit station in Downtown Hemet and the potential station in West Hemet have led the City to identify areas around these sites as mixed-use locations. The City hopes to encourage transit-oriented development in these areas. Key considerations for these locations would include high-quality pedestrian-oriented design, incorporation of community open spaces, innovative housing options, and ease of access from major highways, freeways and alternative transportation modes. The residential development density, and employment development intensity, recommended by the City's zoning regulations, vary based on the different neighborhood locations. As a reference, high-density residential can be up to 45 units per acre and a Floor Area Ratio (FAR) for commercial uses up to 0.5 in neighborhoods that surround the Metrolink Station, Downtown, and other key activity centers.

The City supports the creation of connections between land uses that make alternatives to the automobile safe and attractive. The City's General Plan encourages planning for both pedestrian and bicycle use as part of future community plans. The community plan development guidance in the General Plan also suggests multimodal transportation systems be established to serve West Hemet and to integrate a phased system of master planned, "green streets", transit opportunities, bike paths and pedestrian linkages to connect land uses and activity nodes.

Other Jurisdictions

Some of the other cities and communities in the Western Riverside County area, such as *Banning*, *Beaumont*, *Calimesa*, *Canyon Lake*, *Lake Elsinore*, *Menifee*, *Moreno Valley* and *Murrieta* include land use policies that encourage moderate intensification of older downtowns and activity nodes that would include investing in pedestrian and bicycle infrastructure. These locations have the potential to become more transit friendly if they achieve a level of intensity and connectivity as desired in their planning documents.

The City of Temecula has more intense development limits in its land use policies, wherein it calls for up to 70 units per acre in its mixed-use downtown core, and up to 35 units per acres in other City activity center areas. The City hopes to combine the higher intensities with better pedestrian facilities to create vibrant, walkable destinations in the City.

Riverside County Long Range Transportation Study



Coachella Valley

The cities in the Coachella Valley primarily focus on the revitalization of their downtown areas. The land use policies include developing compact, walkable mixed-use developments that would ensure greater activity in their downtowns. The cities in the Valley through CVAG have been working on a regional non-motorized route connecting the cities. CV Link plans to combine pedestrians, bicyclists, and low-speed electric vehicles (including golf carts) on a dual pathway through the Valley.

City of Palm Springs

The City identifies two districts - Downtown and Uptown, which constitute the City's Central Business District (CBD). The City hopes to create pedestrian-friendly retail centers by requiring developers to include gathering place and amenities in the CBD. Projects in the areas can be developed with a maximum FAR of 3.5. If projects in these areas provide substantial public spaces or plazas, a FAR of up to 4.0 may be developed upon approval of a Planned Development District or Specific Plan. The Downtown Central Core may also accommodate up to 70 dwelling units per acre for residential or hotel uses if a Planned Development District or Specific Plan is prepared and approved. Overall the City allows for up to 30 units per acre residential and a 1.0 FAR in the downtown area. The City hopes to strengthen and create additional pedestrian links from surrounding residential areas to commercial areas and downtown and ensure that pedestrian facilities are provided as a component of new development.

City of Coachella

The City of Coachella identifies a number of neighborhood centers, employment centers and a Downtown center as areas of mixed-use higher intensity development. The centers are to be the primary places of commerce, neighborhood-serving retail, arts and culture and civic activities. Centers are characterized by the urban and walkable character and their mix of uses. The downtown center allows for up to 65 unit per acres, and a FAR of up to 2.0.

The City envisions having a balanced, multimodal transportation system and neighborhoods that are ready for transit. It plans to design and develop streets to accommodate multiple modes and prioritize community design that fosters accessibility to transit. The City envisions that their streets could accommodate future Bus Rapid Transit, have safe bicycling facilities and be pleasant to walk along.

Other Communities and Jurisdictions

The other cities in Coachella Valley have land use policies that mainly focus on improving walkability in their centers without substantially increasing intensities. Most of these jurisdictions look to have some moderate intensity multi-family housing within these centers to provide support for neighborhood businesses. For example, the City of Indio is developing a multimodal study which will include opportunities for future rail expansion.

The 2016 East Coachella Valley Plan prepared by the County of Riverside addresses the unincorporated communities east and south of the City of Coachella. The plan identifies eight such communities that mostly lie between the City of Coachella and the Salton Sea. The Plan recognizes the limited land

Riverside County Long Range Transportation Study



available for development, as the communities within the valley hope to preserve the agricultural, and open space lands. The land use component of the Plan identifies communities that require a focused area plan, as well as identifying key village center and community center land use designations focusing on creating diverse mixed-use nodes within each community. These areas are identified as Town Centers and Mixed-use Area (MUAs). These locations are either hoping to intensify existing centers or become new centers within the community. These locations would be the key nodes for regional transit facilities and potentially be part of any Valley-wide transit system.

Palo Verde Valley

The City of Blythe in the Palo Verde Valley area doesn't have any significant land use policies looking to intensify uses. The General Plan does call for more pedestrian and bicycle friendly infrastructure for new development, particularly mixing land uses, with a tighter, more compact City grid and designing streets and neighborhoods, particularly for the Downtown area and surrounding residential neighborhoods.

The County's *Palo Verde Valley Area Plan* adopted in 2015, covering unincorporated communities of Ripley, Mesa Verde, Chuckwalla Valley, and the communities just outside the City of Blythe. The Plan's land use policies do not address developing transit supportive uses or creating walkable communities. However, in the circulation element of the Plan, the stated policy outlines the need to develop a bikeways and trails network that can potentially connect recreational areas, communities, and activity centers. The land use intensities are contextually low, with some allowances for higher intensity mixed use community centers, which in the future could be potential regional transit nodes.

Issues

Local Land-use Regulations

RCTC encourages transit-oriented/transit-supportive development. Some cities with transit stations have incorporated higher density, mixed-use regulations around station areas, which enhance transit ridership.

However, many residents and cities have a negative perception of higher density development, perceiving reduced quality of life due to congestion and impacts on services. This makes it challenging for cities to approve higher intensity development within their respective communities.

Parking Requirements

Along with land use regulations, cities also have control over parking requirements for new development. In the future cities in Riverside County may need to evaluate off-site parking policies that consider transit and other modes of travel as densities increase, particularly in relation to TOD, HQTAs and other dense development locations. This poses a challenge in encouraging higher density development, which could result in limited parking. However, if the overall need to have a car decreases due to transit and ridesharing options, limited parking may not be an issue.

Riverside County Long Range Transportation Study



First Mile/Last Mile Access and Auto-oriented traffic engineering standards

Access to transit stations is a particular issue due to the auto-oriented engineering and development standards adopted by cities in the County. With performance measures of roadways essentially tied to auto LOS, and ADTs, investing in pedestrian and bicycle infrastructure lags behind. This reduces the efficiency of TOD as people may not feel safe and comfortable to take alternative modes of travel to train/transit stations, and other local activity centers.

Financing TOD projects

With the loss of redevelopment funds, cities are limited in abilities to finance redevelopment of sites around station areas. This poses a challenge in locations where station areas are surrounded by old commercial or industrial uses; fragmented land parcels that need assimilation or infrastructure capacity limitations.

Affordable Housing & Environmental Justice

Although the existing jobs-housing ratio for Riverside County is the lowest in the SCAG region, housing pressures will continue as the State tackles the affordable housing crisis. SCAG is currently updating the Regional Housing Needs Assessment (RHNA), which will assign additional housing units in the SCAG region requiring local agencies to adjust general plans to accommodate these housing units. Past RHNA cycles have placed a significant amount of housing units in Riverside County due to land availability and affordability. SCAG is reviewing TOD and HQTAs as they work on the assignment of housing units across the region. However, as the region grows, the transportation investments and station area development can create issues of displacement and adverse environmental impacts on low income and disadvantaged communities.

Strategies

TOD Policy Framework

Since land-use regulations are in the realm of local jurisdictions, it is a challenge to negotiate with each city to create opportunities for TOD and transit-supportive development. With Riverside County being expansive, and having three distinct clusters, having a clear policy framework on defining how RCTC will help jurisdictions to incorporate desired TOD and transit-supportive land development policies would help streamline RCTC's approach with local jurisdictions and led to RCTC's 2005 Joint TOD Policy Framework.

Working with the jurisdictions, SCAG and transit service providers, RCTC can help define place-types for different TOD and transit supportive areas, in terms of development intensity, parking requirements, mobility and access design standards at or adjacent to Metrolink stations. In addition, the policy framework can help outline funding priority and conditions for projects that complement or support the building of TOD and transit-supportive projects.



Develop a TOD Standards Toolkit

In addition to developing a TOD policy, RCTC could update its TOD Policy to assist jurisdictions in getting access to relevant information on building TODs and transit-supportive communities. There are existing regional agencies and transit service providers (such as SCAG and LA Metro) that have TOD toolkits that can be utilized by local jurisdictions to facilitate transit-supportive development

Conclusions

Cities that have existing Metrolink stations or have planned stations have made efforts in their land use policy to address TOD as they have transit facilities and/or population and employment densities to support TOD. Cities such as Temecula, Desert Hot Springs, and Palm Desert do have land use policies that look to significantly intensify development in key locations that could support future High Capacity Transit. A number of Coachella Valley cities do suggest the potential for Bus Rapid Transit (BRT) or light rail in the future and have oriented their land use policies to support such transportation investments.

Next Generation Rail Study

The objective of the Next Generation Rail Study is to review previously identified high-capacity transit corridors, identify potential new corridors, prioritize potential future rail corridors for proceeding into project development, and develop additional information and data needed to initiate planning for the high priority corridors.

Figure 55 illustrates the Study's Task 1 corridor evaluation process used to identify and evaluate potential future regional transit corridors, and to present recommendations for future extensions of the regional rail system. Figure 56 displays existing corridors and services.

Three corridors were identified in the Study:

- ✓ Perris to Temecula
- Perris to San Jacinto
- Corona to Lake Elsinore

Figure 55 – Next Generation Rail Study Task 1 Study Process

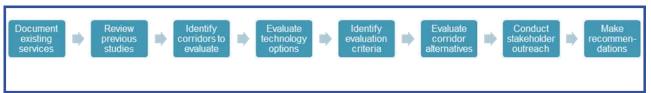






Figure 56– Existing Regional Rail/Transit Services

Source: Next Generation Rail Study



Another new rail service being planned is the Coachella Valley-San Gorgonio Pass Rail Corridor Service Project. The Riverside County Transportation Commission (RCTC), in coordination with the Federal Railroad Administration (FRA) and California Department of Transportation (Caltrans), is studying options for providing additional Amtrak intercity rail service between Los Angeles and the desert cities in the Coachella Valley. The Coachella Valley – San Gorgonio Pass Rail Corridor Service would extend from Indio in the east to Los Angeles Union Station in the west, a distance of approximately 141 miles

An Alternatives Analysis has been completed, and work is under way to prepare a Program Environmental Impact Statement (EIS)/Program Environmental Impact Report (EIR) document this is consistent with federal and state requirements. After completing the Draft EIS/EIR, a Service Development Plan will be prepared to conceptualize how the service would operate and what infrastructure improvements would be needed to accommodate the new intercity passenger rail service.

Key findings from the Task 1 corridor evaluation are summarized in Table 32 in terms of the advantages and disadvantages of each corridor. The Study recommended that all three corridors be included as potential future rail corridors in RCTC's LRTS.

The next step in the corridor evaluation process should involve developing refined estimates of costs, ridership, and cost-effectiveness in order to better understand the corridors' viability, financial feasibility, and potential to compete for federal funds for corridor development. The refined capital cost estimates need to be based on conceptual design studies and include year of expenditure (YOE) cost estimates. The ridership forecasts need to be developed specifically for each corridor and based on the specific technology and service parameters being planned for the corridor. The operations and maintenance costs need to be based on service assumptions that are consistent with the ridership forecasts. The refined estimates of cost and ridership can be used to develop a corridor funding and implementation strategy which will be needed when RCTC seeks funding opportunities from the state or federal government.





Table 32 – Corridor Advantages and Disadvantages

	Perris to Temecula	Perris to San Jacinto	Corona to Lake Elsinore
Advantages	 ✓ Extension to an existing transit system ✓ Employment centers along the corridor ✓ High travel demand along the corridor ✓ Larger population within a 5-mile catchment area ✓ Highest forecasted ridership ✓ Greater GHG and emissions reductions ✓ Included in an adopted plan ✓ Political support ✓ Greater potential reductions in vehicular accidents 	 ✓ Extension to an existing transit system ✓ Availability of rail ROW ✓ Lowest capital cost per mile ✓ Included in an adopted plan ✓ Political support ✓ Potential high growth corridor 	 ✓ Highest travel demand along the corridor ✓ Connectivity to multiple Metrolink lines (91/PVL and IEOC)
Disadvantages	 ✓ Highest overall capital cost and cost per mile ✓ Less connectivity to Metrolink lines (91/PVL only) ✓ ROW needs to be acquired 	✓ Low forecasted population and employment density along the corridor ✓ Lack of employment centers along the corridor ✓ Less connectivity to Metrolink lines (91/PVL only)	✓ Low forecasted population and employment density along the corridor ✓ Lack of employment centers along the corridor ✓ Lowest projected ridership ✓ ROW needs to be acquired ✓ Highest capital cost ✓ Highest annual O&M cost ✓ Not included in adopted plan



Active Transportation

A review of general plans and other mobility documents for all the jurisdictions in Riverside County was completed as part of the LRTS development process. The objective of the review was to determine how cities in the County perceive the importance of investing in active transportation facilities, and if cities have tried to plan for improving non-motorized connectivity within their jurisdictions, providing access to key destinations within cities and the County.

Western Riverside County

Cities in Western Riverside County that have updated their general plans after 2008, acknowledge the need to develop their streets based on complete street principles. Seven cities in Western Riverside County have developed bicycle and pedestrian master plans that identify desired bicycle routes, pedestrian trails, and facilities. The plans also outline design guidelines for pedestrian and bicycle infrastructure, with most prioritizing projects for investment. The Western Riverside Council of Governments (WRCOG) released a regional Active Transportation Plan (ATP) in June 2018 that provides a resource for member jurisdictions and stakeholders to help identify important active transportation facilities they would like to see in their community and provides guidance on how each individual project can be achieved. The ATP identifies seven prioritized actions for implementation as soon as possible, to help build momentum and encourage the implementation of facilities identified in the ATP. These seven prioritized actions include:

- 1. Plan for a kick-off Open Streets Event: Have WRCOG sponsor an Open Streets event that simultaneously markets the Active Transportation Plan and its regional projects.
- 2. Begin identifying training courses: To assist in Champion Building, identify the subject matter for training courses that are most valuable for jurisdictions.
- 3. Develop formal Safe Routes to School Programs: Providing a comprehensive approach to make school routes safer for children to walk and bike to school.
- 4. Advertise Transportation Uniform Mitigation Fee (TUMF) Program funding: Encourage that active transportation projects are built as part of the infrastructure using TUMF funding.
- 5. Influence the built environment to support multimodal transportation.
- 6. Develop bicycle parking guidelines as a model for the region that addresses parking for commercial, residential, and office uses.
- 7. Develop region-wide wayfinding signage themes and standards.

The RCTC LRTS can reference the ATP to identify projects that would be of regional significance for investments, particularly those that connect high capacity transit facilities to key regional destinations.

Coachella and Palo Verde Valley

The cities and communities in the Coachella and Palo Verde Valleys under CVAG completed a regional Active Transportation Plan (ATP) approved in 2017. This ATP updates the Non-Motorized Transportation Plan for bikeways that was first completed in 2001 and updated in 2010. It revises the regional bikeway plan, as well as local bicycle plans for each jurisdiction. It incorporates individual city bicycle plans and provides additional policy and design guidelines to cities to improve their chances of



receiving funds for the pedestrian improvements around the five major SunLine Transit transfer points in this Plan. This ATP was produced in conjunction with an update of the Transportation Project Prioritization Study, the Regional Arterial Cost Estimate, and the Coachella Valley TUMF Nexus Study. The intent of the coordinated efforts was to help projects identified in the ATP be included in the other studies, resulting in appropriate regionally significant projects to be eligible for the same funding sources. The Plan was produced in a fashion consistent with Coachella Valley Link (CV Link) Conceptual Master Plan; the Neighborhood Electric Vehicle (NEV) Plan; several Coachella Valley Recreation and Parks District project plans; the 2008 Complete Streets Act; AB 32; SB 375; and SB 99. The ATP identifies and prioritizes several improvement projects with a focus on creating improved connections to transit facilities and activity centers, as well as, complete networks that will help increase the share of non-automobile trips within the Valleys. The Plan provides the LRTS with a compilation of alternative transportation projects that cover both local and regional networks.

Screening Criteria for Pedestrian Priority Locations

To help prioritize the local and regional alternative transportation projects, a spatial analysis of overlaying several area-based criteria can help identify key locations where projects may have the highest impact in encouraging alternative travel modes. The criteria include several land use, transit, and other key entities that would require or support walking within communities. Figure 57 and Figure 58 provide mapping with different area-based criteria overlapping each other to highlight locations where people would want to walk or bike to. The streets within the higher activity areas can be given higher priority for pedestrian and bicycling investments. The maps include the follow criteria:

- 2040 High Quality Transit Area as defined by SCAG.
- ✓ TOD nodes, Transit-supportive nodes, activity nodes (as indicated in the Transit-Oriented Development/High-Quality Transit Areas section) and other commercial/mixed use nodes within each jurisdiction.
- ✓ Half-mile buffer from regional bus stations.
- ✓ Quarter-mile buffer from Metrolink stations.
- ✓ Quarter-mile buffer from CV Link trail.
- Quarter-mile buffer from schools and parks.

These screening criteria for pedestrian priorities have been set by applicable ATP's in the region.

Issues

Incomplete Networks

The WRCOG and CVAG Active Transportation Plans outline a desired regional trail network (WRCOG's Active Transportation Network and NEV Network). These networks at the moment are fragmented in terms of gaps in facilities as well as inconsistencies in types of facilities. Local bicycle networks too are fragmented or uneven in facility type, which discourage residents from bicycling. Some cities such as Temecula and Palm Springs have relatively extensive existing networks, however most cities do not have any significant facilities that connect different centers and destinations.



VRPA TECHNOLOGIES, INC.

Jurupa Valley Calimesa Desert Hot Spring Eastvale Moreno Valley Palm Springs Orange County Bicycling Network and Riverside County Areas of Pedestrian Activity Legend Bicycle Network Number of Pedestrian Supportive Areas* San Diego County "Includes transit, education centers, parks, paths, and supportive landuse RIVERSIDE COUNTY TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION

Figure 57 – Bicycle Network and Areas of Pedestrian Activity (Western Riverside County)



VRPA TECHNOLOGIES. INC.

CathedraliCity Palm Springs Bicycling Network and La Quinta Areas of Pedestrian Activity Legend Bicycle Network Proposed. - Class f - Class II -- Class III -Number of Pedestrian Supportive Areas* RIVERSIDE COUNTY TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION

Figure 58 – Bicycle Network and Areas of Pedestrian Activity (Coachella Valley)

Riverside County Long Range Transportation Study



In addition to fragmented networks, there is a need for additional studies to identify local pedestrian networks or classifying types of facilities. Several cities have undertaken Safe Routes to School studies and projects.

Safety & Security

The most significant challenge to bicycling and walking is the real and perceived issues of safety and security. Due to the existing lack of facilities, narrow or non-existent sidewalks, bad lighting, and often poor visibility from surrounding land-uses, many existing facilities are not perceived to be safe. Secondly, bicycling facilities or sidewalks that aren't buffered from higher posted speed-limit lanes increase the stress level for users. Such poorly designed facilities accentuate the perceived risks of bicycling and walking along main thoroughfares or trails.

Conflicts and Prioritization Between Modes

Access to destinations within communities and countywide often have key routes that are desired by all modes of travel. Modes often have to compete for the limited right-of-way on these key routes. Often in these scenarios, pedestrian and bicycle amenities are not able to compete due to auto-centric design standards and performance measures (LOS, ADT etc.). This has led to excessive auto trips for short distances. Some cities counter the lack of space in rights-of-way by having alternate parallel streets designated as bicycle routes. However, in many cases these routes being too far or not having destinations on them, are under-utilized or are only used for recreational purposes.

Equity

Often low-income residents choose to bicycle or walk to transit or destinations, and the lack of adequate pedestrian and bicycling facilities, and complete networks put them in unsafe and inconvenient conditions. This further increases stress in these under-served communities.

Maintenance and Funding

More specific performance metrics and standards for pedestrians and bicyclists, should be incorporated in the decision-making process to ensure funding and maintenance of these facilities. Often the funding priority for pedestrian and bike facilities are considered after auto and transit requirements are met as local and regional regulations are often tied to performance metrics benchmarks for these modes.

Strategies

Identify local and countywide networks and prioritize network completion

With both ATPs identifying regional and local networks, RCTC can work with WRCOG and CVAG on developing a strategy of ranking each network in terms of countywide importance, level of completion, and other accessibility and equity metrics to prioritize projects, ensuring networks are completed within a desired timeframe, provided funding is available. RCTC can work with jurisdictions to help incentivize projects that not only complete networks but also improve access to transit or facilitate better mobility within desired TOD and transit-supportive districts.

Riverside County Long Range Transportation Study



Prioritize Safety & Security

Traditionally, bicycle facilities have been classified based on physical characteristics of the facility (Class I, II, III, etc.), which often do not take into consideration the immediate context that influences the use of these facilities. Recent studies and efforts have begun to classify bicycle facilities based on the level of comfort or stress of facilities for its users. The metric rates facilities, irrespective of the facility type, on how many types of bicyclists would feel comfortable while riding it. A Bicycle Level of Service (BLOS), a Bicycle Compatibility Index (BCI), or a Level of Traffic Stress (LTS) type of index could be reviewed by RCTC to ensure regional and local bicycle facilities improve the level of safety along countywide networks. RCTC currently takes into consideration bicycle collision data in the evaluation of SB 821 bicycle and pedestrian projects to ensure key unsafe segments or intersections are prioritized.

Pedestrian safety also is a key issue, particularly in order to increase transit ridership. RCTC can develop a strategy based on design and location-based criteria to ensure greater pedestrian safety. As done with the safe routes to school program, RCTC can work with jurisdictions to identify safe routes to transit, or other community facilities. Similar to the recommendation to prioritize improvements at locations of bicycle collisions, pedestrian improvements can be prioritized at high collision locations across the county. In addition, Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) improvements can be prioritized along key corridors, particularly improving access to transit, and within TOD and transit-supportive districts.

Develop a Mode Prioritization Framework

The challenge of limited right-of-way on key countywide significant corridors comes to a head when different modes are equally desired on corridors segments. Often, existing metrics-based improvement standards skew towards auto-based investments ignoring the changing needs of commuters, either due to changing land-use, or mobility technologies (Ride-hailing, bike-sharing, e-scooters etc.). Secondly, most corridors identified as being significant countywide are traditionally selected on auto-based metrics such as ADT volumes.

These auto-based performance metrics potentially leave out other corridors that may be significant for other modes (transit, pedestrians, bicyclists, goods). With performance metrics for alternate modes not being a factor in identifying corridors of countywide importance, it is difficult to have an equitable framework to prioritize investments for multiple modes, particularly where different modes compete for spaces in the same right-of-way. RCTC could develop a mode prioritization framework, by incorporating other performance metrics for different modes, and identifying a hierarchy of mode priority along countywide corridor segments, based on local context. For example, along an HQTA corridor, transit may have the highest priority along the main corridor, with pedestrians second, bicycle third, etc. This will help RCTC in prioritizing financing of projects across modes in a more equitable way.



Goods Movement

Introduction

Throughout Southern California, goods movement faces challenges arising from increased local consumer demand for products and continual regional growth as a major exchange point for global trade. Infrastructure for freight traffic is becoming strained. Current efforts to reduce air pollution from goods movement sources are insufficient to meet national air quality standards and warehouse space is at risk of falling short of demand. Riverside County plays and will continue to play a key role in moving goods in the region and to global markets. Transportation strategies to improve goods movement efficiency can provide economic and environmental benefits, including reduced costs for shippers and distributers, and reduced GHG emissions. Efficient use of funds at the County level must be made to invest in logistics growth areas and major distribution corridors, while providing for the mitigation of goods movement-related impacts on communities. Key issues in Riverside County's goods movement system can be summarized in seven categories:

- ✓ Environmental and health concerns
- ✓ Pavement wear on trucking routes
- ✓ Major freight generators and distribution centers
- Capacity constraints
- ✓ Grade separation projects
- ✓ Environmental justice
- Emerging technologies

Each of these issues, and associated challenges and opportunities are described in this section.

Issues

Environmental and Health Concerns

Goods movement emissions contribute to air pollution problems (e.g.: nitrogen oxides (NOx) and particulate matter (PM)_{2.5}) and pose public health challenges. In Southern California, diesel particulate has been identified as the dominant toxic air pollutant based on cancer risk, and freight traffic is a major emitter. With the projected future growth in goods movement, emission reduction strategies will be crucial in decreasing diesel exposures and protecting the health and well-being of communities in Riverside County.

Currently, much of the region does not meet federal ozone and fine particulate air quality standards as mandated by the federal Clean Air Act. The South Coast Air Basin had a deadline to reduce ozone concentrations to 80 parts per billion (ppb) by 2023 under the revoked 1997 eight-hour ozone standards, and further down to 75 ppb by 2031 under the current 2008 eight-hour ozone standards. This means that total 2012 NOx emissions in the South Coast Air Basin must be reduced by 70% by 2023 and 80% by 2032 in order to attain federal ozone standards. Additional attainment deadlines are in effect for PM_{2.5}.

Riverside County Long Range Transportation Study



Reducing greenhouse gas emissions is also a priority, as determined by the landmark California legislation AB 32 and SB 375, and the more recent Executive Order B-30-15 signed by Governor Brown in April 2015. Several State measures have been implemented to reduce greenhouse gas emissions, with some implications for freight. These include the Low Carbon Fuel Standard and the inclusion of greenhouse gas emissions from transportation fuels under California's Cap-and-Trade Program. Additional state programs are under development as part of the State's Sustainable Freight Strategy.

In addition to toxic pollutants, noise and vibration from freight trucking and rail traffic can be disruptive to communities. Continual exposure to noise and low-level vibration has been shown to impact public health and quality of life. RCTC has funded quiet zones along the Perris Valley Line, and the City of Riverside has funded quiet zones along certain areas as well. Strategies aimed at mitigating noise from freight can help to reduce negative impacts on communities from goods movement.

Pavement Wear on Trucking Routes

Commercial trucks disproportionately impact both road pavement and congestion, particularly on steep grades and in conjunction with accidents and incidents. Riverside County's six primary goods movement routes (I-10, I-15, SR-60, SR-86, SR-91, and I-215) cover a total of 313 miles, or approximately 21% of Southern California's total primary freight network (SCAG 2016). These corridors play a key role in both the County and regional goods movement system and maintaining them effectively has implications for the economy at all scales. The SCAG 2016 RTP/SCS found that 17% of highways in Southern California are distressed, and 35% of local roads will be in failed condition by 2022. This results in decreased fuel efficiency (and therefore increased emissions) and increased vehicle maintenance costs. The SCAG 2016 RTP/SCS noted annual vehicle maintenance costs of \$638 in the Inland Empire. Further, each \$1 spent on preventative maintenance in the 4-7-year range delays \$8 of spending on major damage in the longer term (10 years or more). Strategies to mitigate pavement wear from goods movement have the potential to provide positive environmental, economic, and social benefits.

Major Freight Generators and Warehouse Distribution Centers

Intermodal freight facilities, major freight generators, and warehouse distribution centers are significant contributors to goods movement traffic in Riverside County. Existing intermodal centers (Tri-Rail Distribution Services and Ancon Transportation in the City of Riverside, and National Distribution Centers in the City of Corona) place pressure on already congested highways, including I-215, SR-60, and SR-91. Further, SR-91 at I-15 was previously identified as a high priority truck bottleneck location. It is key that decisions around existing and new generators of freight traffic consider potential implications on congestion, and pollution, as well as impacts on community members.

In addition to the considerations described above, the outcomes of the ongoing Regional Logistics Fee Study will need to be considered. The current status of the study is described below, including possible outcomes and target completion date.

Riverside County Long Range Transportation Study



RCTC Regional Logistics Fee Study

In January 2017, the Commission initiated a Regional Logistics Fee Study. The study is the result of the settlement agreement between the Commission, the County of Riverside, City of Moreno Valley (Moreno Valley), and Highland Fairview in response to litigation involving the World Logistics Center (WLC). The Commission and the County had filed suit challenging the environmental impact report in order to ensure adequate mitigation to address added impacts created by the WLC project. Additional lawsuits were filed by the South Coast Air Quality Management District and a number of environmental organizations.

A key provision of the settlement requires the Commission, the County, Moreno Valley, and Highland Fairview to conduct a regional transportation study to evaluate a logistics-related regional fee. A result of the study could be a new program that the County and cities could adopt. Such a program would, for example, set a fee on new distribution center warehouses, based on facility size, to help pay for highway improvements. This fee would differ from existing TUMF Programs in that it would only focus on highway projects, as compared to the regional TUMF Programs, which collect funds for regional arterials and local streets. The next steps of the study involve evaluating the feasibility of administering and implementing a regional logistics fee. Pending the outcome, RCTC will determine how to address highway impacts from truck traffic generated from new logistics developments.

Capacity Constraints

Continual growth in Southern California's population is driving an increase in regional freight demand, with port cargo expected to triple by 2035 (SCAG, 2013). Of goods that enter the Ports of Long Beach and Los Angeles, 77% pass through Riverside County, with 65% moving by rail, and 35% by truck. As a result, a train goes through most rail crossings at least twice an hour (RCTC, 2012). So, as freight demand increases in the region, freight rail and truck traffic will increase in Riverside County.

In 2014, 66 trains with an average length of 4,000 feet passed through Riverside County daily, resulting in 600 vehicle hours of delay per day (where one vehicle hour of delay is defined as a single car delayed for one hour). By 2035, this is expected to increase to 137 trains with an average length on 5,200 feet. Vehicle hours of delay per day are expected to increase from 600 to 3,700 hours by 2035. These delays result from at-grade crossings where vehicles must wait for train crossings (RCTC, 2012).

Additionally, truck traffic has been increasing faster than passenger car traffic over the past 20 years, and it is expected that VMT for truck traffic will increase by over 8% by 2035. Capacity constraints on both rail and truck routes are already a reality. Due to the significance of goods movement to the regional and County economy, as well as the importance of moving essential goods to communities in Riverside County, maintaining and protecting goods movement corridors is key. Competition with passenger traffic from an ever-growing population places additional pressure on the system. While improving transit options in the County is a key priority, strategies must also recognize the importance of maintaining and protecting key freight rail and truck corridors.



Grade Separation Projects

While significant funding has been invested to address conflicts between rail and highway traffic in Riverside County, continuing to eliminate at-grade rail crossings will play an important role in improving safety, and reducing delays, noise impacts, and vehicle emissions. In 2012, 46 remaining at-grade crossings were identified and categorized by priority level, with one (1) being the highest priority and five (5) being the lowest priority (RCTC 2012). Of the 46 crossings, 18 were identified as high priority (rated 1 or 2), characterized based on high train and vehicular traffic volumes, extensive vehicle delay and emissions, and one or more traffic incidents in recent years (Table 33).

Additionally, a 2017 companion study found that:

- ✓ Four crossings are technically unfeasible, and four others require further study.
- ✓ 11 separations are desired within the next ten years and 14 more in the following 10 years.
- ✓ Funding is highly competitive and uncertain, however some grant funding may be available through the Trade Corridor Enhancement Program, Nationally Significant Freight and Highway Projects program, the Western Riverside County TUMF, as well as several other potential sources documented in the study.

The limited and uncertain nature of funding will make eliminating the remaining at-grade crossings a challenge.

Environmental Justice

The negative health impacts associated with a significant increase in the development of large warehouse logistic centers, with close to 40 percent of the nation's consumer goods travelling through the Inland Empire and being stored in warehouses before they are trucked out to other locations, and the effects of freight traffic are disproportionately felt by those living nearest to major freight generators and goods movement corridors. The consensus in current research is that those living within 1,000 feet of a major freight facility or high capacity roadway are most likely to experience negative health impacts. SCAG has identified 'disadvantaged communities', which are disproportionately burdened by multiple sources of pollution. Figure 59 shows disadvantaged communities within Riverside County. From an environmental justice perspective, it is critical that goods movement strategies help mitigate existing impacts and avoid future adverse impacts from the goods movement system.



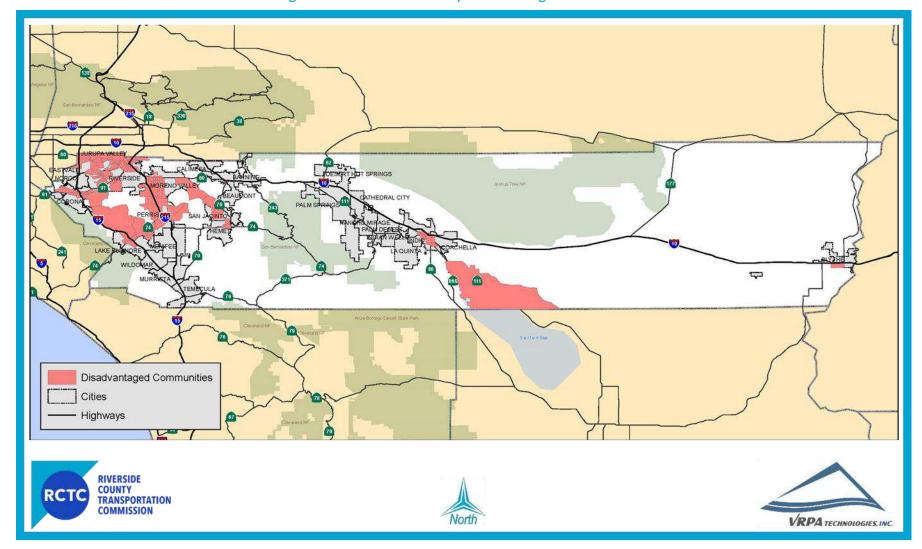


Table 33 – 18 High Priority Grade Separation Projects in Riverside County

Rail Line	Cross Street	Jurisdiction	
BNSF & UP (SB SUB)	Spruce Street	Riverside	
BNSF (SB SUB)	McKinley Street	Corona	
BNSF & UP (SB SUB)	Chicago Avenue	Riverside	
UP (YUMA MAIN)	Hargrave Street	Banning	
BNSF & UP (SB SUB)	3rd Street	Riverside	
BNSF (SB SUB)	Joy Street	Corona	
BNSF (SB SUB)	Madison Street	Riverside	
BNSF (SB SUB)	Adams Street	Riverside	
BNSF (SB SUB)	Tyler Street	Riverside	
UP (LA SUB)	Bellgrave Avenue	Jurupa Valley	
UP (LA SUB)	Jurupa Road	Jurupa Valley	
UP (YUMA MAIN)	22nd Street	Banning	
UP (YUMA MAIN)	Viele Avenue	Beaumont	
UP (YUMA MAIN)	San Gorgonio Avenue	Banning	
UP (YUMA MAIN)	Avenue 62	Riverside County	
UP (YUMA MAIN)	Avenue 66	Riverside County	
BNSF (SB SUB)	Pierce Street	Riverside	
UP (YUMA MAIN)	California Avenue	Beaumont	



Figure 59 – Riverside County Disadvantaged Communities



Riverside County Long Range Transportation Study



Emerging Technologies

The SCAG 2016 RTP/SCS outlined several innovations in goods movement that should be considered. Changes in consumer habits may have unpredictable impacts on the goods movement sector. Already, the rise of e-commerce has changed the balance between retail and warehousing. New transport technologies are also likely to impact the goods movement system. Autonomous trucks may greatly increase the efficiency of the goods movement system; Uber is piloting autonomous trucking fleets, working toward their vision of a goods movement system where no truck ever travels empty, but instead the goods movement system is perfectly choreographed, resulting in significant savings in both costs and emissions (Davies 2018). The private sector is driving tremendous innovation that undoubtedly have major implications for Riverside County's goods movement system, however at present, the exact impacts are unknown.

Strategies

Continue Funding for Grade Separations and Quiet Zones

As both freight rail and vehicle traffic congestion increase overtime, grade separation projects and quiet zones are increasingly important in addressing environmental and social health concerns. Continuing to fund these improvements is a key strategy in mitigating negative impacts from goods movement.

Collaborate with local governments in disadvantaged communities to understand ways of reducing the impacts of goods movements

The disadvantaged communities identified by SCAG and shown in Figure 59, are experiencing a disproportionate share of the negative impacts from the goods movement system.

Fully understanding the experiences of these communities will be paramount in avoiding further growth in inequity. By working directly with communities, it may be possible to mitigate existing negative experiences while avoiding future environmental justice concerns.

Undertake proactive maintenance of key goods movement corridors to avoid costly and lengthy repairs in the future

With a particular focus on the six primary goods movement corridors in the County, undertaking ongoing maintenance will help avoid negative impacts on the transportation system as a whole. Repairing small issues (a small pothole, for example) as they arise helps decrease damage to vehicles, reducing repair costs to both personal and commercial vehicles, helps improve travel efficiency thereby reducing travel emissions, and reduces the need for major repairs, which can lead to significant vehicle hour delays due to construction. Working with Caltrans, the cities, and the County, funds should be allocated strategically to this end.

Review the outcomes of the RCTC Regional Logistics Fee Study

The outcomes of the RCTC Regional Logistics Fee Study could have a significant impact on warehouse fee revenues. Further, results of this study will support RCTC in working with local governments in the

Riverside County Long Range Transportation Study



County to reduce negative impacts on the highway system from major warehouse, logistics and distribution centers and determine how best to mitigate such impacts.

Advocate for the protection of key freight rail corridors

Work with other levels of government, as well as freight rail providers (Burlington Northern Santa Fe (BNSF) and the Union Pacific Railroad (UP)) to ensure the maintenance and protection of the three major freight rail corridors in the county: BNSF's Transcon Line, UP's Los Angeles Subdivision, and the El Paso Line, while balancing the growing demand for passenger rail services.

Continue to support priority grade separations and advocate for federal support

While there has been great progress in reducing at grade crossings in Riverside County, ongoing effort is required to undertake all high priority projects to ensure safety and improve air quality. Continued coordination with railroads and advocacy for federal and State funding will be necessary to complete grade separations priority projects.

Build relationships with private companies who are driving technological innovation in goods movement

Building connections with those on the front end of technological innovation to gain a better understanding of the direction and timelines of technological shifts in goods movement can inform decision making in the coming years. For example, if the goods movement system were to become fully automated in the next 10 years, and freight vehicle traffic were to be reduced by half, RCTC's investment strategies would change drastically. Because the pace of change is so rapid, ongoing communication is necessary to ensure decisions are in line with the latest trends.

Undertake further analysis of e-commerce trends to understand potential impacts

As e-commerce continues to grow, and new technologies such as drone delivery systems are developing, undertaking a further analysis of trends should be undertaken.

Explore opportunities for collaboration with the Southern California Zero-Emissions Truck Collaborative

Currently, several alternative fuels for goods movement are being explored by the Southern California Zero-Emissions Truck Collaborative for their potential to reduce certain pollutants (especially nitrogen oxides and particulate matter associated with diesel fuel use) from tailpipe emissions. These include zero tailpipe emission trucks such as hybrid electric, battery electric and fuel cell trucks. The Collaborative is currently demonstrating a one-mile wayside power system in the City of Carson, similar to the near-term demonstration project described in the SCAG 2016 RTP/SCS. Natural gas is also considered a near-zero tailpipe emissions fuel and can result in substantial reductions of GHGs.

Engage in continual learning about goods movement vehicle automation

Various autonomous vehicle technologies are being explored with the intention of reducing headways and increase truck flow rates. They also have the potential to improve safety through lower crash rates.

Riverside County Long Range Transportation Study



Currently three distinctive stages in the development of this technology have been identified:

- ✓ Stage 1: Adaptive Cruise Control
- ✓ Stage 2: Multi-Truck Communication
- Stage 3: Truck Automation with Corridor-Wide Optimization

This technology would be likely to decrease truck vehicle miles travelled, mostly as a result of improved corridor utilization and operational efficiency gains. At this point, however, it is uncertain whether the technology induces the growth in truck VMT, or the increase in truck volumes is a result of accommodating the growth in a more efficient manner. Remaining engaged with technological advancements in vehicle automation will be key to understanding potential impacts and benefits from the technology in Riverside County.

Coupled with increased warehouse automation rates, improvements in drayage operations can be expected to improve operational efficiency and could reduce the number of trucks needed to transport goods through the County's transportation system.

Transportation System Management/Transportation Demand Management

Transportation System Management

Within the Southern California region, Caltrans, RCTC, and local agencies are responsible for funding Transportation System Management (TSM) improvements. These include extensive advanced ramp metering, enhanced incident management, bottleneck removal to improve flow (e.g., auxiliary lanes), expansion and integration of the traffic signal synchronization network, data collection to monitor system performance, and other Intelligent Transportation System (ITS) improvements.

SCAG's 2016 RTP/SCS identifies a comprehensive set of strategies that work in concert to optimize the performance of the transportation system. This set of strategies does not focus solely on expanding the system, but also considers the system is operational; how land use planning is coordinated with transportation planning; how incidents such as collisions or special events are dealt with; how information is provided to the traveling public, so people can make informed decisions about how, where and when to travel; and how the system is maintained. All these strategies are based on a foundation of comprehensive system monitoring to understand how the transportation system is performing and where improvements are needed. This approach is based in part on work that Caltrans has done for many years to optimize the performance of the State Highway System.

Since the passage of Proposition 1B in November 2006, and with the creation of the Corridor Mobility Improvement Account, Caltrans and local partners have worked together to improve the efficiency of our highways and arterials through the development of Corridor System Management Plans (CSMP). throughout the SCAG region. Senate Bill 1 (SB 1), passed in April 2017, also included the development of Comprehensive Multimodal Corridor Plans specifically for projects funded with SB 1 Solutions for Congested Corridors Program funding. The California Transportation Commission is the administrator of the SB 1 funding programs and has initiated guidance for program applicants regarding the content

Riverside County Long Range Transportation Study



requirements for corridor plans, including a TSM component, to ensure compliance with state statutory requirements for Solutions for Congested Corridors Program (SCCP).

Additional System Management Initiatives in the Southern California region include:

- ✓ Arterial Signal Synchronization projects that have been completed on various arterials through the region to optimize traffic flow. One example in Riverside County is the CVAG Regional Traffic Signal Synchronization Project (Coachella Valley Association of Governments, 2017).
- ✓ The Dynamic Corridor Congestion Management (DCCM) initiative in Los Angeles County, in which
 Caltrans is developing a corridor management initiative on Interstate 110 to coordinate highway
 ramp metering with arterial signals. Various efforts have been completed to inform the traveling
 public of expected travel times to various destinations and in some cases provide travel time
 comparisons with transit.
- ✓ The Caltrans Advanced Traffic Management (ATM) study for Interstate 105 and the Regional Integration of ITS Projects (RIITS) and Information Exchange Network (IEN) data exchange efforts at Los Angeles Metro.
- ✓ SCAG Regional ITS Architecture Update a roadmap for transportation systems integration in the SCAG region over the next 20 years covering modes.

Transportation Demand Management

Transportation Demand Management (TDM) strategies reduce the number of vehicles that travel on roadways by promoting alternatives to driving alone and during peak periods. These alternatives include rail and bus transit, ridesharing options like carpools and vanpools, telecommuting and active transportation options like bicycling and walking. TDM programs improve mobility, accessibility, and air quality by efficient use of transportation resources. The SCAG 2016 RTP/SCS provides overall regional guidance regarding TDM programs in Southern California, including Riverside County. It includes three main areas of focus:

- Reducing the number of single occupancy vehicle (SOV) trips and overall VMT through ridesharing, which includes carpooling, vanpooling and supportive policies for shared ride services such as Uber and Lyft.
- Redistributing or eliminating vehicle trips from peak demand periods through incentives for telecommuting and alternative work schedules.
- Reducing the number of SOV trips by facilitating the use of other modes of travel such as transit, rail, bicycling and walking.

In addition, the SCAG 2016 RTP/SCS recommends the following strategies expand and encourage the implementation of TDM strategies to their fullest extent:

- Rideshare incentives and rideshare matching.
- Parking management and parking cash-out policies.
- Preferential parking or parking subsidies for carpoolers.
- ✓ Intelligent parking programs.
- Promotion and expansion of Guaranteed Ride Home programs.
- Incentives for telecommuting and flexible work schedules.

Riverside County Long Range Transportation Study



- ✓ Integrated mobility hubs and first/last mile strategies.
- ✓ Incentives for employees who bike and walk to work.
- ✓ Investments in active transportation infrastructure.
- Investments in Safe Routes to School programs and infrastructure.

There are effective ways of achieving trip reduction in Riverside County other than through the adoption of local agency TDM Ordinances, which was the focus of TDM efforts in the past. RCTC has facilitated the implementation of TDM projects through the Measure "A" Commuter Assistance Programs, and the implementation of several TDM projects (in cooperation with Caltrans and local agencies in Riverside County and in adjoining counties) to achieve TDM objectives. Such TDM strategies include the development of Park-N-Ride lots, commuter rail stations, guaranteed ride home, and public transit feeder services.

Issues

Transportation System Management (TSM) strategies and Transportation Demand Management (TDM) strategies both have the goal of making the transportation system more efficient. TSM strategies accomplish this goal by allowing vehicles, bicycles, and pedestrians to travel faster and with higher levels of safety. TDM strategies accomplish this goal by reducing the demand for travel by single-occupant auto mode, which is generally the least efficient mode of travel from the point of view of system capacity. In terms of the LRTS, the key issues with TSM and TDM strategies are to ensure that these strategies are available to RCTC and member agencies and to ensure that funding is available for implementation of these cost-efficient strategies.

Strategies

RCTC, with the support of member agencies can maximize opportunities to implement TSM and TDM projects and strategies in the following ways:

- ✓ Work with Caltrans and SCAG in promoting planning tools, methodologies, and priorities so that RCTC and member agencies can program TSM and TDM strategies wherever they provide cost-efficient and effective solutions to improve the transportation system.
- Ensuring that RCTC and member agencies have access to the latest information regarding TSM and TDM strategies and programs.
- Maximizing opportunities to access funding at the federal, state, and regional levels for TSM and TDM projects.

Sustainability Issues

Definition and Overview

Sustainable planning can be defined as meeting the needs of the present without compromising future generations' ability to meet their own needs. Therefore, a sustainable transportation system for Riverside County would enable current residents to meet their needs for mobility and access to goods and services without compromising the ability of future residents to enjoy growth, prosperity, mobility and access and a high quality of life.

Riverside County Long Range Transportation Study



Strategies

In broad terms, sustainability goals are defined by state policy and implemented by MPO's, such as SCAG. The LRTS allows Riverside County the opportunity to review information, plans, and programs at the county level, without respect to statewide issues and issues related to other counties. Recommendations and priorities for Riverside County can then be provided to SCAG for development of the overall Regional Transportation Plan/Sustainable Communities Strategy (RTP/SCS) for the entire SCAG region.

As the region's metropolitan planning organization, SCAG has long promoted the concept of integrating transportation planning and land use planning. Since 2002, with the Southern California Compass and Shared Growth Vision for the region and the subsequent Compass Blueprint program (now the Sustainability Planning Grant Program), SCAG has promoted integrated planning tools for local governments that want their residents to have more mobility options, make their communities more livable, increase prosperity among all people and strive for sustainability. Subsequent policies adopted at the regional level in 2004, 2008 and 2012 have supported and advanced the integration of transportation and land use planning.

With the passage of SB 375 in 2008, the State of California formalized the idea of integrating planning statewide when the California Air Resources Board (CARB) set regional targets for reducing greenhouse gas emissions and required every MPO in the State to develop a SCS that charted a course toward reduced emissions and a more sustainable future. A central tenet of the SCS requirement is for MPOs to integrate land use and transportation planning. One example is High Quality Transit Areas (HQTAs) where people live in compact communities and have ready access to a multitude of safe and convenient transportation alternatives to driving alone—including walking and biking, taking the bus, light rail, commuter rail, the subway and/or shared mobility options. Along high-quality bus corridors, for instance, a bus arrives at least every 15 minutes. Residential and commercial development is integrated with plans for transit, active transportation and other alternatives to driving alone.

Sustainable and land use strategies recommended in the SCAG 2016 RTP/SCS include the following:

- ✓ Identify regional strategic areas for infill and investment.
- Structure the plan on a three-tiered system of centers development.¹²
- Develop "Complete Communities."
- Develop nodes on a corridor.
- Plan for additional housing and jobs near transit.
- Plan for changing demand in types of housing.
- Continue to protect stable, existing single-family areas.
- Ensure adequate access to open space and preservation of habitat.
- ✓ Incorporate local input and feedback on future growth.

Sustainable transportation strategies recommended in the SCAG 2016 RTP/SCS include the following:

¹²Chapter 5, page 75 of the 2016 RTP/SCS articulates a policy to identify strategic centers based on a three-tiered system of *existing, planned* and *potential* centers relative to transportation infrastructure.

Riverside County Long Range Transportation Study



- Preserve the existing transportation system, also known as fix-it-first.
- ✓ Expand the regional transit system.
- Expand passenger rail.
- Improve highway and arterial capacity.
- Manage demands on the transportation system.
- Optimize the performance of the transportation system.
- ✓ Promote walking, biking and other forms of active transportation.
- ✓ Strengthen the regional goods movement network.
- Leverage technology.
- ✓ Improve airport access.
- Improve air quality and reduce greenhouse gases.
- Preserve natural lands.

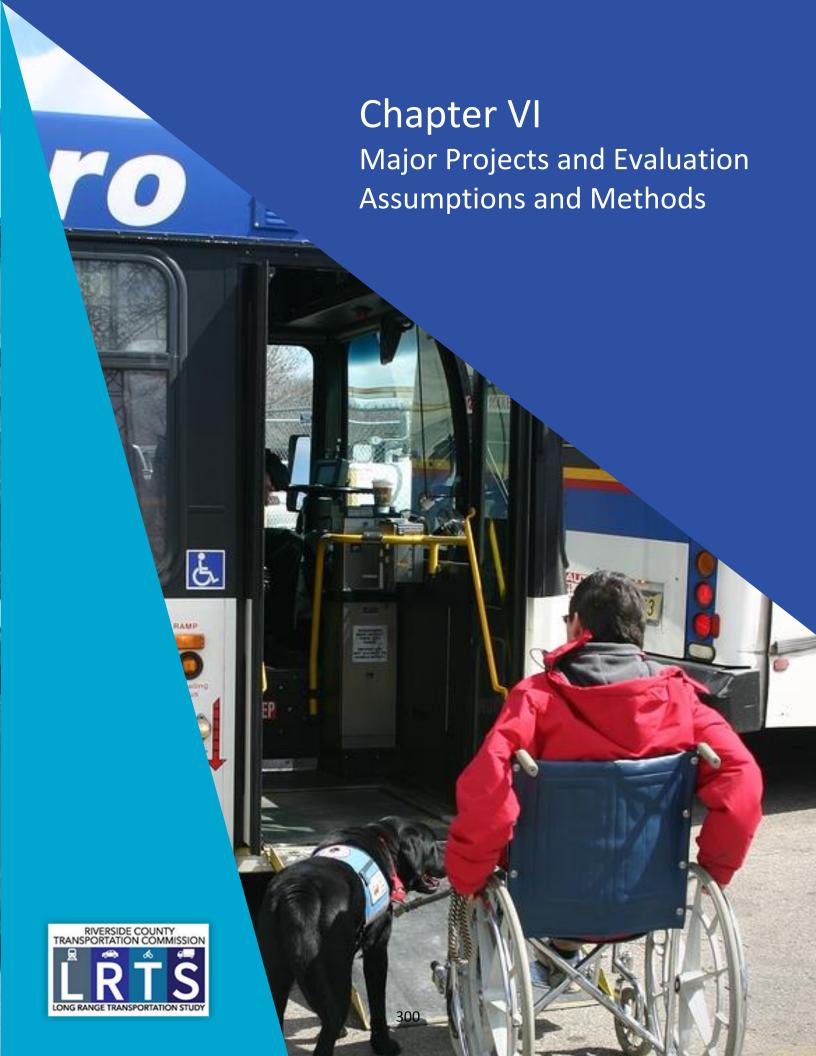
Disadvantaged Communities/Environmental Justice Issues¹³

For the 2016 RTP/SCS, SCAG conducted analysis to determine if the Regional Transportation Plan resulted in any disproportionately high and adverse impacts to various environmental justice groups. SCAG will conduct a similar analysis for the 2020 RTP/SCS and RCTC will continue to work with SCAG and local agencies on addressing environmental justice issues through the development and implementation of the 2020 RTP/SCS.

The performance areas included in SCAG's analysis include:

- ✓ Benefits and Burdens Analysis
 - RTP revenue sources in terms of tax burdens
 - Share of transportation system usage
 - RTP/SCS investments
- ✓ Distribution of travel time savings and travel distance reductions
- ✓ Jobs-housing imbalance or jobs-housing mismatch
- Accessibility to employment and services
- Accessibility to parks and natural lands
- Gentrification and displacement
- ✓ Air quality impacts along freeways
- Environmental impacts of plan and baseline scenarios
- ✓ Aviation noise impacts
- Roadway noise impacts
- Active transportation hazards
- Public Health Impacts
- Rail-related impacts
- ✓ Climate adaptation

¹³ Source: Summary of SCAG's Draft Proposed Technical Approach for the 2016-2040 Regional Transportation Plan and Sustainable Communities Strategy (RTP/SCS), July 2015. A 1994 Presidential Order (Executive Order 12898) directed every federal agency to make environmental justice part of its mission by identifying and addressing disproportionately high and adverse human health or environmental effects of all programs, policies, and activities on minority populations and low-income populations. This presidential order reinforces Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 and requires that every federally funded project nationwide considers the human environment when undertaking the planning and decision-making process.





Chapter VI. Major Projects and Evaluation Assumptions and Methods

Identification of Projects

A major component of the LRTS is the identification and evaluation of highway, major roadway and transit projects. A total of 130 State highway and major roadway projects and 57 major local and regional transit projects were identified for inclusion in the LRTS due to their size and/or level of regional significance and are also included in Riverside County's submittal to SCAG for the 2020 RTP/SCS update.



Potential express lane facilities were analyzed separately in RCTC's Next Generation Toll Feasibility Study (2019). The express lane facilities analyzed in the Next Generation Toll Feasibility Study have been documented in the LRTS, but they are not currently included in the LRTS major projects list or in the list of projects submitted to SCAG for the 2020 RTP/SCS update. Potential major transit corridors were also documented in the LRTS from a separate process, the Next Generation Rail Study (2019).

The process for developing the State highway and major roadway project list was as follows:

- ✓ A list of candidate projects was developed from the current (2016) SCAG RTP/SCS, including projects submitted for the 2020 RTP/SCS update, the RCTC Strategic Assessment, the Measure A transportation sales tax program, and the 2019-2029 Western Riverside County Measure A 10-Year Delivery Plan described in Chapter II of this LRTS.
- ✓ The list was sent out for review by RCTC, Caltrans, Riverside County and the cities within Riverside County. Comments were incorporated into the final project list (reference Appendix A).

The list of local and regional transit projects was developed as follows:

- ✓ A list of candidate projects was developed from the current SCAG RTP/SCS, the RCTC Strategic Assessment, and short-range transit plans prepared by transit operators.
- ✓ The list was sent out for review by key transit operators in Riverside County. A meeting with the transit operators was also held to gather feedback. Comments from the review and the meeting with transit operators was incorporated into the final project list (reference Appendix B).

Figure 60 to Figure 62 show the locations and types of projects included in the list.

RIVERSIDE COUNTY TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION

VRPA TECHNOLOGIES, INC.

Jurupa Valley Cherry Valley Bonnie Bell Whitewater Western Riverside County Corona Mt San Jacinto 😜 Estelle Saddle Junction Mt San Jacinto Valle Vista State Park Mountain Terra Con **Project Categories** Center State Highway
Local Highways San Bernardino Interchange National Forest X Transit Note: Most Transit projects are not shown on the maps due to being in various areas within the County. Transit projects that are not shown are as follows: 1-7, 10, 12-18, 21-28, 30-32, 37, and 38. Thomas Mountain Wildomar Anza Cahuilla. Glenoak Hills

Figure 60 – Project Locations – Western Riverside County

RIVERSIDE COUNTY TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION

Radec

Aguanga



Figure 61 – Project Locations – Coachella Valley

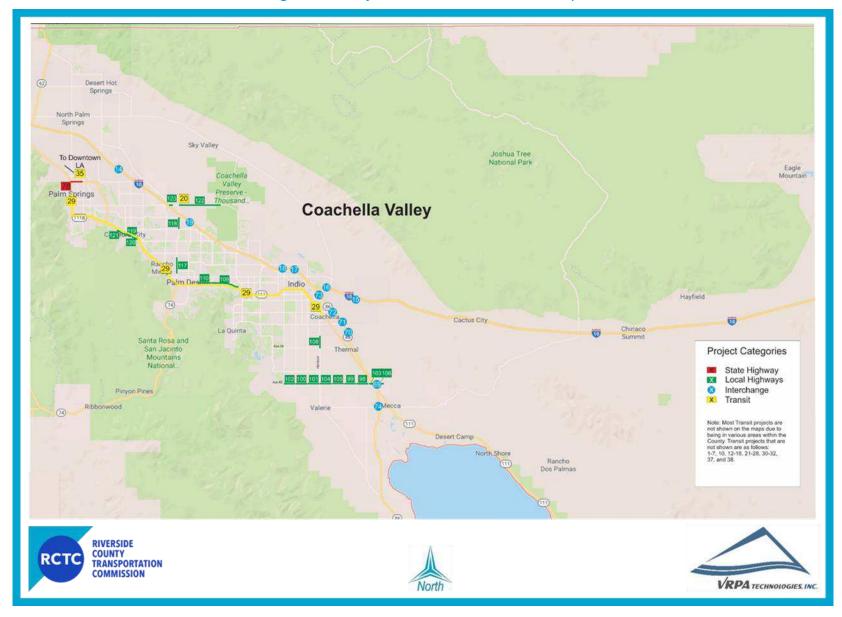




Figure 62 – Project Locations – Palo Verde Valley





Projects included in the LRTS were analyzed using a project evaluation process. The purpose was to provide information on the characteristics and benefits of each project. No attempt was made to provide a prioritization of projects since RCTC and local agencies have other processes in place for prioritization. The resulting project lists include a total of \$12.3 Billion in capital costs for state highway and major roadway projects and \$3.98 Billion in capital costs for major transit projects. The details are included in Appendix A and B. Figure 63 to Figure 66 summarize the planned delivery dates by five-year periods to 2045, as well as the aggregate cost of the major highway and transit capital investments included in the LRTS. For comparison purposes, it should be noted that the Riverside County Strategic Assessment, completed in 2016, identified \$23.4 Billion in capital project costs for all projects, including many of the major LRTS projects and additional smaller projects. Any comparisons between cost estimates for the LRTS major projects and the Strategic Assessment should note that project lists and project cost estimates have changed somewhat between 2016 and 2019.

Figure 63 – Number of State Highway and Major Roadway Projects by Completion Year

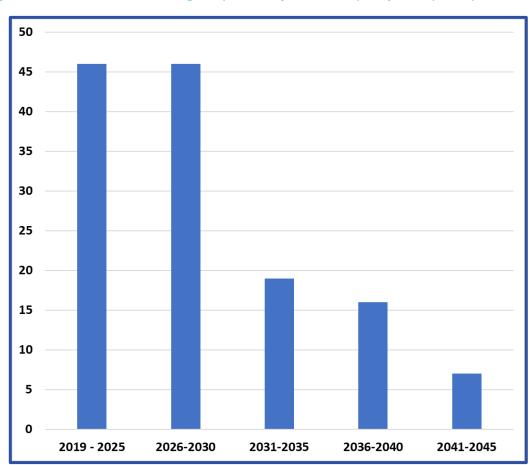
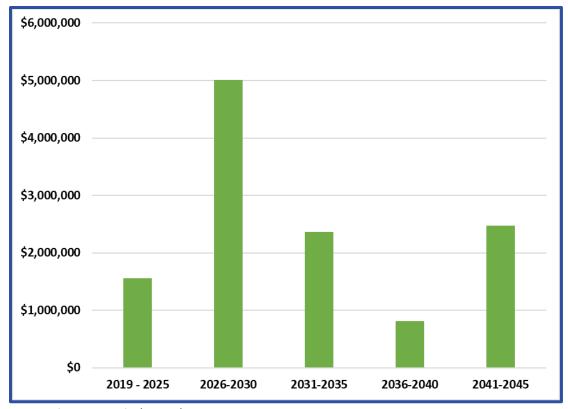


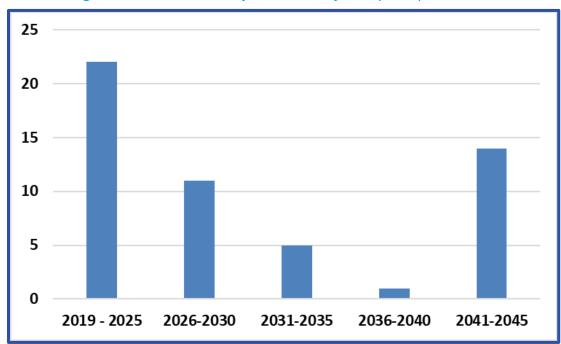


Figure 64 – State Highway and Major Roadway Projects Cost by Completion Year



Note: Project costs are in thousands

Figure 65 – Number of Major Transit Projects by Completion Year





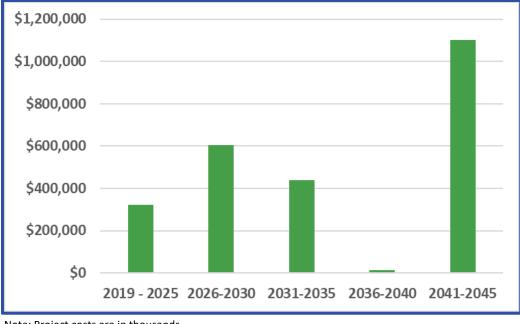


Figure 66 – Major Transit Projects Cost by Completion Year

Note: Project costs are in thousands

RTP/SCS Projects

SCAG is the regional agency responsible for planning and programming projects at a regional level in the Southern California area including Riverside County and the Counties of Ventura, Los Angeles, San Bernardino, Orange, and Imperial. Every four years, SCAG prepares RTP/SCS, which incorporates transportation projects considering federal, state, and/or regional funding.

SCAG is currently in the process of preparing its 2020 RTP/SCS. Identification of Riverside County transportation projects for inclusion in the 2020 RTP/SCS was ongoing during the time of preparation of the LRTS. Appendix C provides a list of Riverside County transportation projects that were submitted to SCAG for inclusion in its 2020 RTP/SCS. This includes approximately 700 projects with an estimated capital cost of \$20.57 Billion. Review of the 2020 RTP/SCS project list resulted in identification of \$8.27 Billion in transportation improvements that were not included in the major projects described above. This \$8.27 Billion in transportation improvement projects was included in the financial analysis described in the following chapter.

Evaluation Assumptions and Methods

This section documents the methodology for evaluating the major State highway, regional roadway, and transit projects in the LRTS. Projects were evaluated to document their value in terms of providing a safer and more efficient transportation system. It was not the intent of this study to rank projects since other processes are in place for that purpose. Projects were categorized into the following types:

Riverside County Long Range Transportation Study



- Freeway Corridors
- Interchanges
- ✓ Streets and Highways
- ✓ Transit/Rail

Criteria used to conduct the project evaluation are listed in Table 34 and Table 35. The evaluation process was conducted as follows:

- Average Daily Traffic forecasts and roadway levels of service were based on the SCAG regional transportation model.
- ✓ The benefit cost analysis that provided one element of the project evaluation process based on methodology recommended by the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA). It included consideration of the cost of each project along with benefits related to safety, traffic congestion relief, reduced operations and maintenance costs.
- ✓ The values for other project characteristics of each project, local knowledge of the study area, and judgement.

The evaluation provides a list of the major transportation improvements planned for Riverside County, as well as an understanding of the characteristics of individual improvement projects and the potential benefits of each project. The evaluation was not intended to score or rank projects, but rather to provide technical information so that prioritization of projects can occur in future efforts based on local agency prioritization factors, or criteria established in competitive funding programs.

State Highway and Major Roadway Project Evaluation

Evaluation criteria included factors such as congestion relief, safety, cost-effectiveness, provision of access, and intermodal connectivity.

One component of the roadway project evaluation was a benefit/cost analysis conducted based on Federal Highway Administration recommendations. Projects with a relatively high benefit/cost ratio can be considered to be especially cost efficient. Projects with a lower benefit/cost ratio are considered to be valid for reasons other than cost-efficiency.

The remainder of the highway and major roadway project evaluation was focused on characteristics of individual projects based on various performance measures. The details and results of the benefit/cost analysis and the project evaluation are included in Appendix A.

Major Transit Project Evaluation

The list of major transit projects was developed based on the current SCAG RTP/SCS and short-range transit plans prepared by transit operators. The transit project evaluation was focused on the characteristics of individual projects based on various performance measures. Details and results are included in Appendix B.



Table 34 – Project Level Performance Measures – State Highway and Major Roadway Projects

	Project Improves Safety	
	Safety is improved	
	Project resolves specifically-identified safety issue	
	Project includes upgrades to improved or more current design standards	
	Serves Goods Movement	
	Does the project serve a key goods movement corridor?	
	Provides Congestion Relief	
	Urban	Rural
	LOS F to LOS A	LOS F to LOS A or B
	LOS F to LOS B	LOS F to LOS C
	LOS E to LOS A	LOS Eto LOS A or B
	LOS F to LOS C	LOS F to LOS D
	LOS E to LOS B	LOSE to LOS C
	LOS F to LOS D	LOS F to LOS E
	LOS E to LOS C	LOS E to LOS D
	LOS F to LOS E	LOS D to LOS Cor Better
	LOS E to LOS D	N/A
	N/A	N/A
	LOS D to LOS C or Better	N/A
	Facilitates Carpool and Transit Mobility	
	Does the project serve HOT/HOV lane facilities and/or transit centers?	
	Critical Linkage/New Corridor	
	Is the project located in a high volume freeway corridor and/or lacking a	
	continuous parallel arterial to provide congestion relief?	
	Cost-Effectiveness of Safety/Operational/Maintenance Benefits What is the projects benefit to cost ratio?	
	Benefitto cost ratio: High	
	Benefit to cost ratio: Medium	
	Benefit to cost ratio: Low	
	DETICATION OF THE OWN	



Table 34 – Project Level Performance Measures – State Highway and Major Roadway Projects (continued)

L	Supports Key Regional Policies	
	Does the project support a key regional policy?	
2	Congestion Relief	
	Urban	Rural
	LOS F to LOS A	LOS F to LOS A or B
	LOS F to LOS B	LOS F to LOS C
	LOS E to LOS A	LOS Eto LOS A or B
	LOS F to LOS C	LOS F to LOS D
	LOS E to LOS B	LOS E to LOS C
	LOS F to LOS D	LOS F to LOS E
	LOS E to LOS C	LOS E to LOS D
	LOS F to LOS E	LOS D to LOS Cor Better
	LOS E to LOS D	N/A
	N/A	N/A
	LOS D to LOS C or Better	N/A
3	Improves Congested Corridors or Provides Alternative Relief to Congested Corridors	
	Improves congested corridors or provides alternative relief to congested corridors?	
ı	Cost-Effectiveness of Safety/Operational/Maintenance Benefits	
	What is the projects benefit to cost ratio?	
	Benefit to cost ratio: High	
	Benefit to cost ratio: Medium	
	Benefit to cost ratio: Low	
5	Project Improves Safety	
	Safety is improved	
	Project resolved specifically-identified safety issue	
	Project includes upgrades to improved or more current design standards	
6	Provides Access to Other Modes of Transportation	



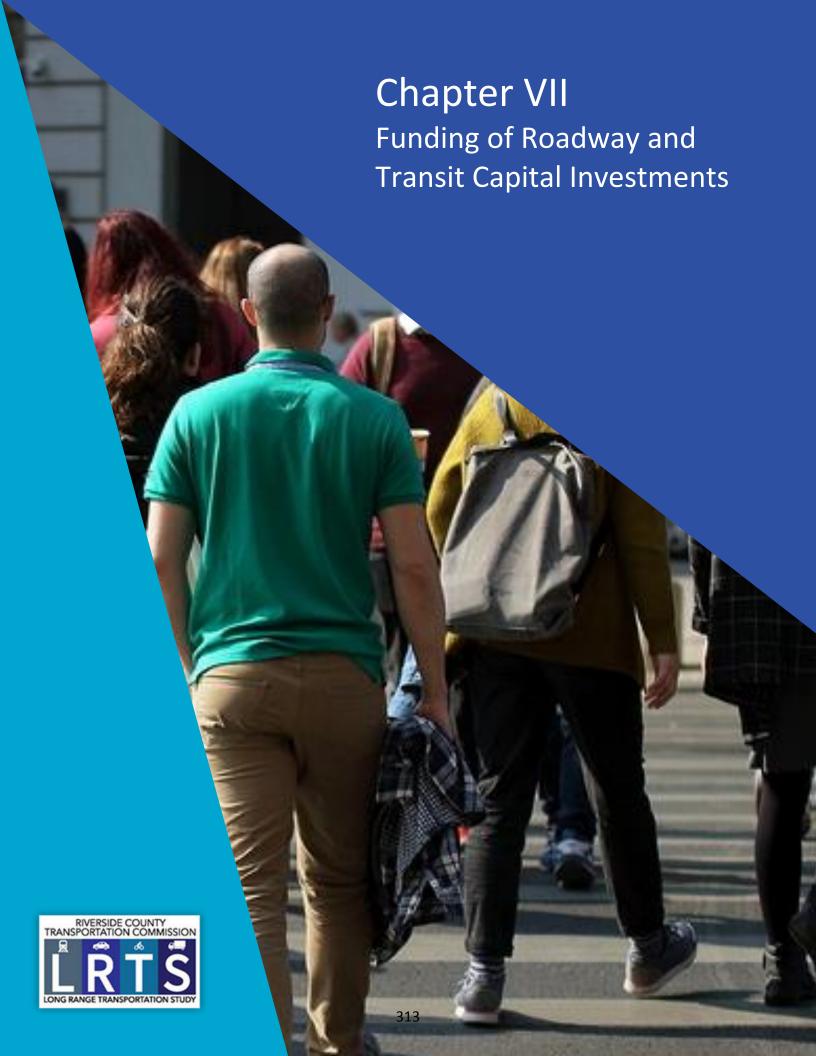
Table 34 – Project Level Performance Measures – State Highway and Major Roadway Projects (continued)

orch a	nge Projects	
1	Project Improves Safety	
	Safety is improved	
	Project resolves specifically-identified safety issue	
	Project includes upgrades to improved or more current design standards	
2	Provides Mobility and Congestion Relief	
	Provides relief for existing congested facilities?	
3	Serves Congested or Developing Corridors	
	Serves Congested or Developing Corridors	
4	Serves or Provides Access Regional and/or Corridor Transit Routes	
	Provides access to major transit centers or HOT/HOV lanes?	
5	Cost-Effectiveness of Safety/Operational/Maintenance Benefits	
	What is the projects benefit to cost ratio?	
	Benefit to cost ratio: High	
	Benefit to cost ratio: Medium	
	Benefit to cost ratio: Low	
6	Serves Goods Movement	
	Does the project serve a key goods movement corridor?	
7	New Interchange	
	Is the project a new interchange and provides congestion relief to other congested interchanges?	
8	Supports and Provides Access to Communities	
	Does the interchange provide access to and/or support 3 or more communities?	



Table 35 – Project Level Performance Measures – Major Transit Projects

ransit	Projects				
1	Is consistent with current regional, subregional, and local plans and policies, and Short and/or Lon Range Transit Plans				
	Implements existing regional, subregional, and local plans and policies and Short or Long Range Transit Plans				
2	Provides improved access to activity centers or schools				
	Improves access to activity centers or schools through an expanded transit system				
3	Project will maintain established productivity standards				
	The project can be supported and operated over time				
4	Project provides for or promotes intermodal connectivity				
	The project enhances the regional transportation system				
5	Links High-Frequency Transit Services				
	Does the route connect to other high-frequency (timed transfer service or at least 15 minute service transit routes?				
6	GHG Emissions				
	What is the change in regional CO2 emissions from implementing the project?				
7	Project serves a transit dependent population and/or community or Indian Reservation				
	Project provides access to essential services for the transit dependent population				
8	Project enhances interagency transit service coordination				
	Enhances regional transportation system connectivity and ability to consolidate regional trips				
9	Project reduces reliance on private automobiles				
	Enhances air quality and reduces peak automobile travel				
10	Project Includes Carpool/Vanpool and Regional or Corridor transit services				
	Addresses continued system continuity				
11	Project reduces vehicle congestion				
	Reduces commuter or special event trips				
12	Supports SCS growth principles				
	Project furthers implementation of the SCS				
13	Estimated Project Timing				
	More imminent projects are higher priority than those that are not ready to be implemented				





Chapter VII. Funding of Roadway and Transit Capital Investments

Introduction

As RCTC funding is limited, the LRTS aims to identify the most financially viable strategy for delivery of projects identified in the LRTS State Highway and Major Roadway projects list (Appendix A) and the Major Transit projects list (Appendix B). The LRTS uses detailed estimates of the amount and timing of funding sources and compares them to the amount and timing of funding uses to develop a Sources and Uses model. This model is used to determine projections for annual and cumulative shortfalls or surpluses. Where funding shortfalls are identified, RCTC can then explore opportunities for additional funding or the use of financing to deliver the projects identified in the LRTS. This process was completed separately for the State Highway and Major Roadway (Roadway) projects and Major Transit (Transit) projects identified in the LRTS.

General Assumptions Related to Funding Sources

Since RCTC relies on a wide array of funding sources (see Financial Sources Analysis chapter) that vary in terms of annual amount and allowable uses, the Sources and Uses model is based on some key revenue assumptions that allow for estimating funding availability over the period of analysis from 2019 through 2045. The Sources and Uses model generally assumes annual nominal estimates are inflated by 3% annually in line with historical inflation rates for Southern California. The following are exceptions to the general inflation assumption:

- ✓ Measure A sales tax revenue is inflated by 2% for the first three years of the analysis and then at 3% through 2039.
- ✓ Local Transportation Fund (LTF) revenues are inflated at 3% for the first three years of the analysis and then at 2% thereafter.
- ✓ State Transit Assistance (STA) funding is inflated at 2% annually.
- ✓ Transportation Uniform Mitigation Fee (TUMF) revenues are only inflated at 1% due to unpredictability of development activity.

For calculating cumulative surplus and shortfall amounts, it is assumed that the annual surplus/shortfall carries over to the following years.

Roadway Project List Analysis

The Sources and Uses model for the Roadway project list assumes that full annual estimates for Measure A sales tax, Transportation Uninform Mitigation Fee Regional Arterials (TUMF RA), Senate Bill 1 Local Partnership Program (SB 1 LPP), State Transportation Improvement Program (STIP), Surface Transportation Block Grant (STBG) and Congestion Mitigation and Air Quality Improvement Program (CMAQ) funding are applied to Roadway capital project uses. SB 1 formula funding for Roadway projects is included but not SB 1 competitive as the funding programs are competitive.

The Measure A funding estimate assumes no sales tax revenues beyond 2039 as well as no further debt



issuance against Measure A tax revenues. The full annual estimate of Measure A funding is assumed to be used only for Roadway project needs. No revenue from Express Lanes operations was assumed for this financial analysis as those revenues are used to pay debt service and surplus revenues are limited in use within the corridor of the Express Lanes.

After developing estimates for available funding, Roadway project expenditures were developed. Roadway project cost estimates provided in 2019 dollars are inflated at 3% annually in order to calculate Year of Expenditure (YOE) amounts. Also, because larger projects may take longer than one year to deliver, the Sources and Uses model spreads project costs according to the following:

- ✓ Projects over \$100 million were spread over two (2) years
- ✓ Projects over \$200 million were spread over three (3) years
- ✓ Projects over \$2 billion were spread over five (5) years

The full cost of a project is assumed to be expended in the year of Project completion (per the LRTS project lists), for projects under \$100 million. Because the Roadway project list in this study only accounts for large projects, this analysis includes \$7.7 billion in small project costs spread evenly over the analysis period. Figure 67 shows forecasted annual revenues by funding source for Roadway capital project. Figure 68 compares annual Roadway capital project funding sources to annual Roadway capital project uses.

Figure 69 shows the cumulative shortfall or surplus (assuming surplus amounts are carried forward) for the entire analysis period. Figure 70 shows the total Roadway capital project funding, total Roadway capital project uses and the estimated total shortfall for the entire analysis period.

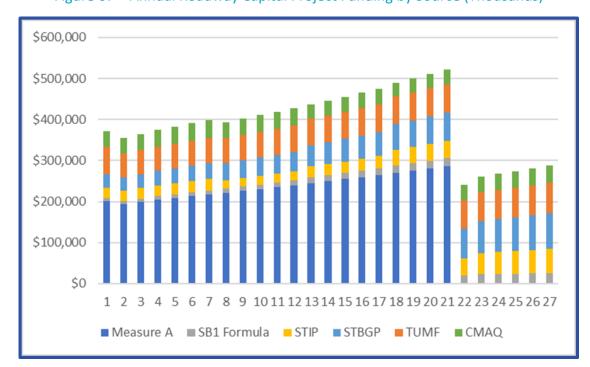


Figure 67 – Annual Roadway Capital Project Funding by Source (Thousands)



Figure 68 – Annual Roadway Capital Project Funding Sources vs. Roadway Capital Project Uses (Thousands)

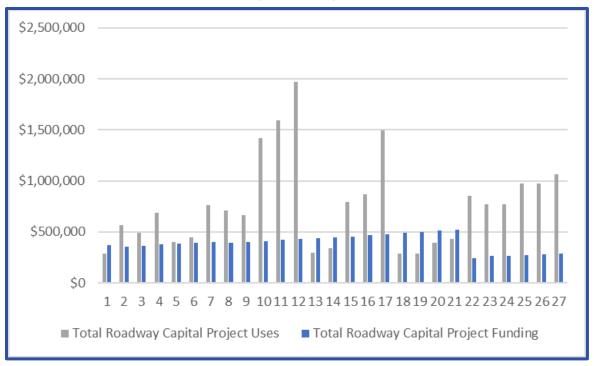


Figure 69 – Total Cumulative Roadway Capital Project Funding Surplus/Shortfall (Thousands)

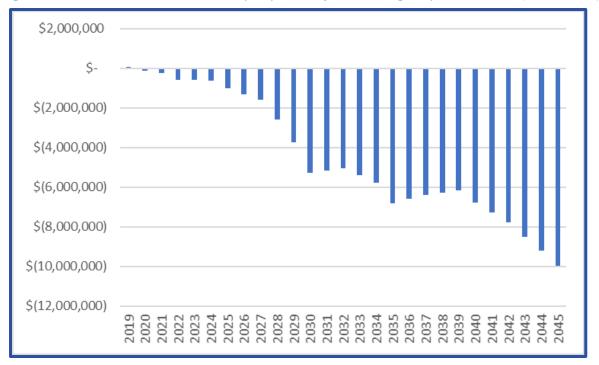
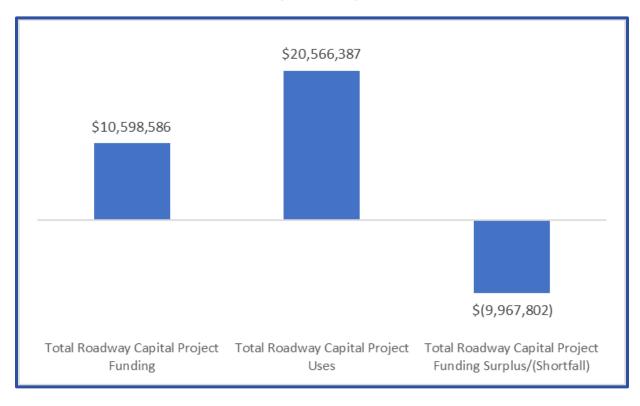




Figure 70 – Total Roadway Capital Project Funding vs. Total Roadway Capital Projects Uses (Thousands)



Roadway Sources and Uses Summary and Potential Funding Strategies

For the analysis period 2019 through 2045, there is total funding of \$10.6 billion compared to total of uses \$20.57 billion resulting in a cumulative funding shortfall of \$9.97 billion. This shortfall is primarily driven by three (3) large projects from the Roadway Project list: the CETAP East-West Corridor, the Mid-County Parkway, and the SR-79 widening. The East-West Corridor is the largest project on the Roadway project list at \$2.367 billion (\$2019). The size and complexity of this project make it a possible candidate for a Public-Private Partnership (P3) delivery model that would combine the design, construction, maintenance and financing into one contract. Also, the positive Benefit Cost Analysis (performed as part of this LRTS) makes the East-West Corridor competitive for Federal Grants such as the BUILD and INFRA programs. The Mid-County project and new SR-79 four-lane freeway are on the Measure A future project list, but have planned completion dates in 2030 (less than 10 years before the current Measure A expires), so RCTC will likely need new, or expanded, Sales Tax Measure debt capacity to fund the \$3.2 billion (\$2019) in project costs for these two projects.

Transit Project List Analysis

The primary source of Transit capital project funding is the State Transit Assistance (STA). STA annual estimates are based on RCTC forecasts and are applied to Transit project list uses and not used for Roadway project uses. In this analysis Measure A capital funding is applied to Roadway capital project



uses, so there is no Measure A funding assumed for Transit project capital uses. Because the Local Transportation Fund (LTF) and Low Carbon Transit Operations Program (LCTOP) funding is primarily used for operating assistance, the Sources and Uses model assumes no funding for Transit capital projects. Figure 71 shows forecasted annual revenues by funding source available for Transit project funding. SB 1 provides State of Good Repair funding at \$3.9 million per year over the next 10 years, which funds transit rehabilitation projects, but has not been applied to the funding of the Transit capital projects in this study. Additional funding for Transit capital projects may result from State or Federal competitive grant programs that seek multimodal projects that increase transit usage. However, these funding programs are extremely competitive as other regions in the state have denser transit networks with higher frequencies serving larger populations. As with Roadway funding, new local funding for Transit capital projects could be derived from a new or expanded sales tax measure.

After developing estimates for available funding, estimates for Transit project capital expenditures were developed. Transit project cost estimates provided in 2019 dollars are inflated at 3% annually in order to calculate Year of Expenditure (YOE) amounts. Also, because larger projects may take longer than one year to deliver, the Sources and Uses model spreads project costs according to the following:

- ✓ Projects over \$100 million were spread over two (2) years
- ✓ Projects over \$200 million were spread over three (3) years
- ✓ Projects over \$2 billion were spread over five (5) years

The full cost of a project is assumed to be expended in the year of Project completion (per the LRTS project lists), for projects under \$100 million. Figure 72 compares annual Transit capital funding sources to annual Transit capital project uses. Figure 73 shows the cumulative shortfall or surplus (assuming surplus amounts are carried forward) for the entire analysis period. Figure 74 shows the total Transit capital project funding, total Transit capital project uses and the estimated total shortfall for the entire analysis period.

Transit Sources and Uses Summary and Potential Funding Strategies

For the analysis period 2019 through 2045, there is total funding of \$847.04 million compared to total uses of \$3.98 billion, resulting in a total cumulative funding shortfall of \$3.14 billion. Large expenditures relating to major capital project completions in 2040 are the primary drivers of the shortfall. While P3 delivery could be implemented to finance larger transit projects, RCTC will likely need new, or expanded, Sales Tax Measure debt capacity to fund the \$3.14 billion shortfall.

Recent changes related to government regulations have resulted in potential budget implications for transit operators. These include requirements for zero-emission bus (ZEB) fleets and compliance with the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) that requires curb-to-curb service for senior and disabled passengers within three quarters of a mile of a fixed route.



Figure 71 – Annual Transit Capital Project Funding by Source (Thousands)



Figure 72 – Annual Transit Capital Project Funding Sources vs. Transit Capital Project Uses (Thousands)

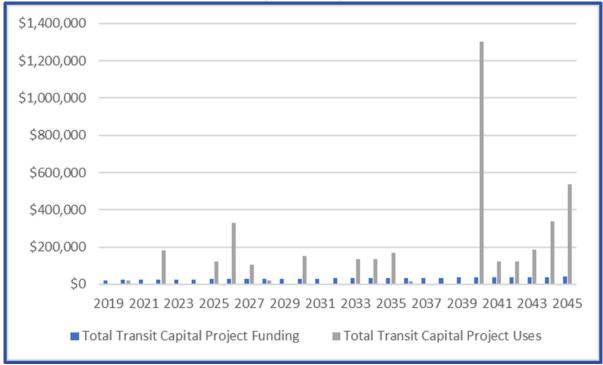




Figure 73 – Total Cumulative Transit Capital Project Funding Surplus/Shortfall (Thousands)

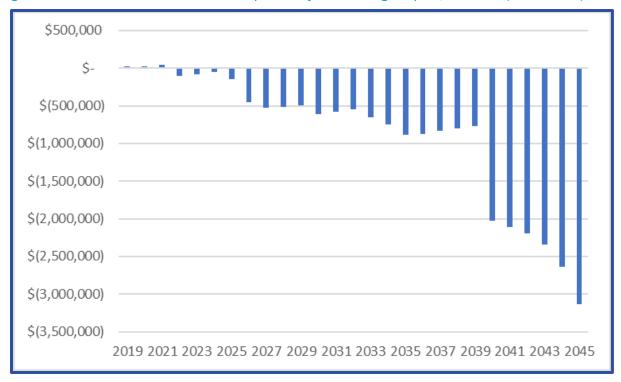
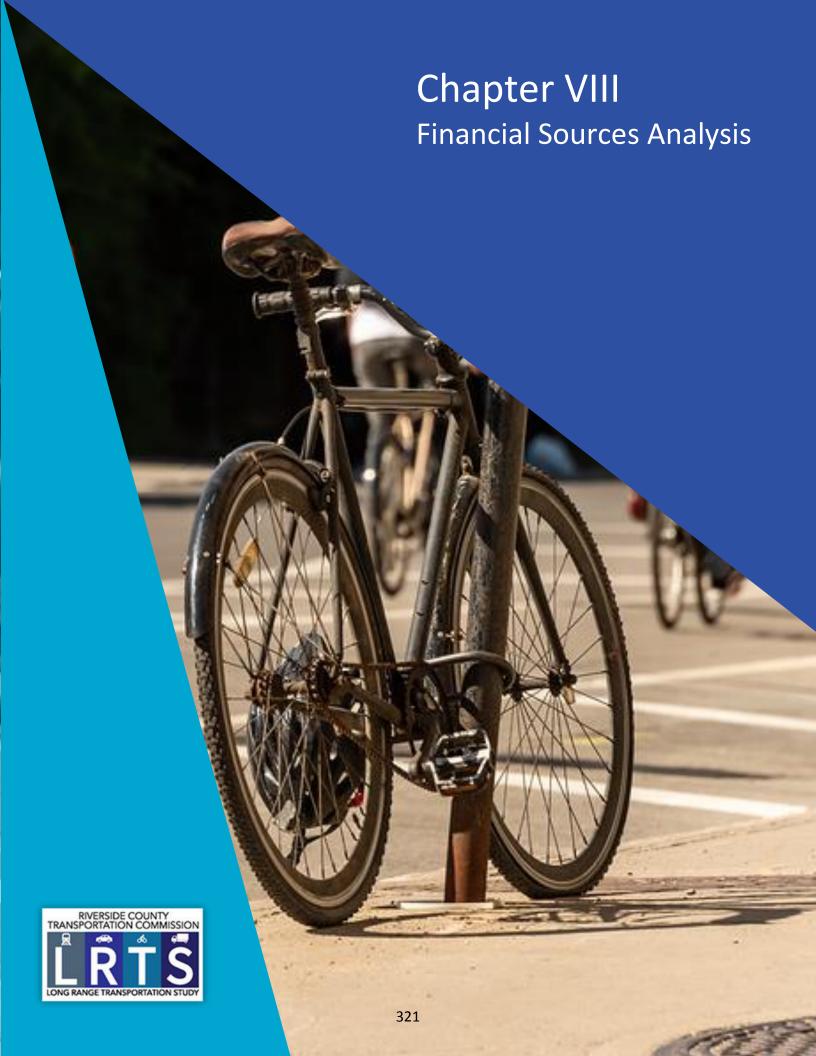


Figure 74 – Total Transit Capital Project Funding vs. Total Transit Capital Project Uses (Thousands)







Chapter VIII. Financial Sources Analysis

Existing Major Revenue Sources

Moving Ahead for Progress in the 21st Century (Map-21) Act restructured core highway formula programs that played a major role in previous financial forecasts. The Fixing America's Surface Transportation (FAST) Act continued those changes. Activities under some existing formula programs, such as the National Highway System Program, the Interstate Maintenance Program, the Highway Bridge Program and the Transportation Enhancement Program were incorporated into the following new core formula program structure:

- √ National Highway Performance Program (NHPP)
- ✓ Surface Transportation Block Grant Program (STBG)
- Congestion Mitigation and Air Quality Improvement Program (CMAQ)
- ✓ Highway Safety Improvement Program (HSIP)
- ✓ Railway-Highway Crossings (set-aside from HSIP)
- Metropolitan Planning

The FAST Act replaced the Transportation Alternatives Program (TAP) under MAP-21 with a set-aside of funds under the Surface Transportation Block Grant (STBG) program to pay for transportation alternatives (TA). These set-aside funds include all projects and activities that were previously eligible under TAP, encompassing a variety of smaller-scale transportation projects such as: pedestrian and bicycle facilities; recreational trails; Safe Routes to Schools projects; community improvements, such as historic preservation and vegetation management and; environmental mitigation related to stormwater and habitat connectivity.

The following funding programs are the principal sources anticipated to be available for funding transportation projects.

Federal Programs

Congestion Mitigation and Air Quality Improvement Program

The Congestion Mitigation and Air Quality Improvement Program provides a flexible funding source to state and local governments for transportation projects and programs to help meet federal Clean Air Act requirements. Funding is available for areas that do not meet the National Ambient Air Quality Standards (non-attainment areas), as well as former non-attainment areas that are now in compliance (maintenance areas). Funds are distributed to states based on a formula that considers an area's population by county and the severity of its air quality. Riverside County CMAQ funds are allocated by RCTC.

CMAQ eligible projects or programs are those that help regions attain the National Ambient Air Quality Standards for ozone, carbon monoxide, and/or particulate matter.

Riverside County Long Range Transportation Study



Typical projects are

- Public transit improvements
- ✓ High-Occupancy Vehicle (HOV) lanes
- Employer-based transportation management plans and incentives
- Traffic flow improvement programs (signal coordination)
- Fringe parking facilities serving multiple occupancy vehicles
- Shared ride services
- ✓ Bicycle and pedestrian facilities
- ✓ Flexible work-hour programs
- ✓ "PM₁₀" projects, under certain conditions

Highway Safety Improvement Program

The FAST Act continues the Highway Safety Improvement Program to achieve a significant reduction in traffic fatalities and serious injuries on all public roads, including non-State-owned public roads and roads on tribal lands. The HSIP requires a data-driven, strategic approach to improving highway safety on all public roads that focuses on performance.

A highway safety improvement project is any strategy, activity or project that is consistent with the data-driven State Strategic Highway Safety Plan (SHSP) and corrects or improves a hazardous road location or feature or addresses a highway safety problem. HSIP funds are eligible for work on any public road or publicly owned bicycle or pedestrian pathway or trail, or on tribal lands, that corrects or improves the safety for its users. The 24 project categories are broad and listed under 23 U.S.C. §148(a)(4)(B). Cities will be required to have an approved Local Roadway Safety Plan (LRSP) in order to be eligible to apply for HSIP funding. Workforce development, training and education activities are also HSIP eligible. In California, the HSIP is a competitive program that is administered by Caltrans.

Railway-Highway Crossings (Section 130) Program

The Railway-Highway Crossings program provides funds for safety improvements to reduce the number of fatalities, injuries, and crashes at public railway-highway grade crossings. This program is funded by contract authority from the Highway Trust Fund's Highway Account and are derived from a set-aside of the Highway Safety Improvement Program. Eligible projects include any at-grade crossing between a road and a railroad track that the California Public Utilities Commission recommends, and where a 10% match funding source is identified. The selection process begins with an investigation of any project that Caltrans, a local agency or a railroad identifies. The investigation usually consists of a field review, discussion between all parties, a jointly developed and recommended improvement and a preliminary funding schedule. The final selection is determined when the local agency provides the 10% matching funds to a project or the CPUC list of recommended highway/rail grade crossing projects.

Grade Separation (Section 190) Program

This competitive grant program provides \$15 million each year to local agencies for the construction of grade separation projects. The program is jointly administered by the California Public Utilities



Commission (CPUC) and the California Department of Transportation (Caltrans). Local agencies submit project applications to the CPUC, which is responsible for developing a priority list of projects. Local agencies whose projects are included on the priority list submit requests for an allocation of funds to Caltrans. Caltrans enters into funding agreements with local agencies for reimbursement of the cost to construct the grade separation.

National Highway Freight Program

The FAST Act established National Highway Freight Program (NHFP) to improve the efficient movement of freight on the National Highway Freight Network (NHFN). These funds are competitive and are administered by US Department of Transportation. Program goals include:

- ✓ Investing in infrastructure and operational improvements that strengthen economic competitiveness, reduce congestion, reduce the cost of freight transportation, improve reliability and increase productivity;
- ✓ Improving the safety, security, efficiency and resiliency of freight transportation in rural and urban areas;
- ✓ Improving the state of good repair of the NHFN;
- ✓ Using innovation and advanced technology to improve NHFN safety, efficiency, and reliability
- ✓ Improving the efficiency and productivity of the NHFN;
- Improving State flexibility to support multi-State corridor planning and address highway freight connectivity; and
- Reducing the environmental impacts of freight movement on the NHFN.

National Highway Performance Program

The NHPP provides support for the condition and performance of the National Highway System (NHS), for the construction of new facilities on the NHS, and to ensure that federal investments are directed toward performance targets established in a State's NHS asset management plan. Caltrans selects the projects in consultation with the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA).

NHPP projects must be on an eligible facility and support progress toward achievement of national performance goals for improving NHS infrastructure condition, safety, mobility or freight movement, and be consistent with metropolitan and statewide planning requirements. Eligible activities include:

- √ NHS segment construction, reconstruction, resurfacing, restoration, rehabilitation, preservation, or operational improvements.
- ✓ NHS bridge and tunnel construction, replacement (including replacement with fill material), rehabilitation, preservation, and protection (including scour countermeasures, seismic retrofits, impact protection measures, security countermeasures and protection against extreme events).
- ✓ NHS bridge, tunnel and other highway infrastructure assets' inspection and evaluation.
- ✓ Training bridge and tunnel inspectors.
- Constructing, rehabilitating, or replacing existing ferry boats and facilities, including approaches that connect NHS road segments.



- Constructing, reconstructing, resurfacing, restoring, rehabilitating and preserving, and operational improvements for, a federal-aid highway not on the NHS.
- ✓ Transit projects eligible for assistance under chapter 53 of title 49, if the project is in the same corridor and in proximity to a fully access-controlled NHS route, if the improvement is more cost-effective (as determined by a benefit-cost analysis) than an NHS improvement and will reduce delays or produce travel time savings on the NHS route and improve regional traffic flow.
- ✓ Bicycle transportation and pedestrian walkways.
- ✓ NHS highway safety improvements.
- Capital and operating costs for traffic and traveler information, monitoring, management, and control facilities and programs.
- ✓ Data collection, maintenance and integration, software costs and equipment costs to develop a State Asset Management Plan for the NHS.
- ✓ Infrastructure-based ITS capital improvements.
- ✓ Environmental restoration and pollution abatement.
- Controlling noxious weeds and establishing native species.
- ✓ NHPP project environmental mitigation costs.
- New, publicly owned intracity or intercity bus terminals serving the NHS.

Nationally Significant Federal Lands and Tribal Projects

The Nationally Significant Federal Lands and Tribal Projects (NSFLTP) program provides funding for constructing, reconstructing, and rehabilitating nationally significant projects on Federal or tribal lands. Project design costs are not eligible. Any entity eligible to receive funding under the Tribal Transportation Program, Federal Lands Transportation Program, or Federal Lands Access Program [23 U.S.C. 202-204] is eligible under the NSFLTP program. In addition, a State, county, or local government may apply if sponsored by an eligible Federal land management agency or Indian tribe. The Secretary may provide financial assistance only for a single continuous project that:

- ✓ Is on a Federal lands transportation facility, Federal lands access transportation facility or tribal transportation facility, as defined in 23 U.S.C. 101, but the facility is not required to be listed in the national tribal transportation facility inventory [23 U.S.C. 202(b)] or the national Federal lands transportation facility inventory [23 U.S.C. 203(c)];
- ✓ Has completed the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) process, as demonstrated by a completed record of decision, finding of no significant impact or categorical exclusion determination; and
- ✓ Has an estimated cost of at least \$25 million (with priority consideration for projects with an estimated cost of at least \$50 million). [FAST Act § 1123(c)]

Nationally Significant Freight and Highway Projects

Administered by FHWA, the Nationally Significant Freight and Highway Projects (NSFHP) provides financial assistance – competitive grants or credit assistance – to nationally and regionally significant freight and highway projects that align with the program goals to:

✓ Improve safety, efficiency, and reliability of the movement of freight and people;

Riverside County Long Range Transportation Study



- ✓ Generate national or regional economic benefits and an increase in U.S. global economic competitiveness;
- Reduce highway congestion and bottlenecks;
- ✓ Improve connectivity between modes of freight transportation;
- ✓ Enhance the resiliency of critical highway infrastructure and help protect the environment;
- ✓ Improve roadways vital to national energy security;
- Address the impact of population growth on the movement of people and freight, and;
- Mitigate impacts of freight movements on communities.

Surface Transportation Block Grant Program

The FAST Act converts the long-standing Surface Transportation Program into the Surface Transportation *Block Grant* Program. STBG provides flexible funding that states and local governments may use for projects on any federal-aid highway, including the National Highway System; bridge projects on any public road; transit capital projects and; public bus terminals and facilities. Funds are distributed among the states based on federal-aid highway lane miles, (including on the NHS), total vehicle-miles traveled on those federal-aid highways, and estimated contributions to the Highway Trust Fund's Highway Account. A portion of the STBG is set aside for Transportation Alternatives, State Planning and Research, and funding for bridges not on federal-aid highways. The State sub-allocates Federal STBG funds to regions based on population, and RCTC is responsible for allocating these funds. MAP-21 permits a portion of funds reserved for rural areas to be spent on rural minor collectors. Eligible projects include but are not limited to:

- Highway projects.
- Bridges (including construction, reconstruction, seismic retrofit and painting) on all public roads
- Transit capital improvements.
- Carpool, bicycle and pedestrian facilities.
- Safety improvements and hazard elimination.
- Research and traffic management systems.
- Planning
- Transportation enhancement activities and control measures.
- ✓ Safety improvements and bridge replacement projects on local roads and rural minor collectors.

Federal Transit Administration Section 5303, 5304, and 5305 (Metropolitan and Statewide and Nonmetropolitan Planning)

Provides procedural and funding requirements for multimodal transportation planning in states and metropolitan areas. Planning must to be cooperative, continuous, and comprehensive leading to long-range plans and short-range programs that reflect transportation investment priorities. Funds are available to State's and Metropolitan Planning Organizations (MPOs) for planning activities that do the following:

- ✓ Support the economic vitality of the metropolitan area, especially by enabling global competitiveness, productivity, and efficiency.
- ✓ Increase the safety of the transportation system for motorized and nonmotorized users.

Riverside County Long Range Transportation Study



- Increase the security of the transportation system for motorized and nonmotorized users.
- ✓ Increase the accessibility and mobility of people and for freight.
- ✓ Protect and enhance the environment, promote energy conservation, improve the quality of life, and promote consistency between transportation improvements and State and local planned growth and economic development patterns.
- Enhance the integration and connectivity of the transportation system, across and between modes, for people and freight.
- ✓ Promote efficient system management and operation.
- Emphasize the preservation of the existing transportation system.

Federal Transit Administration Section 5307 (Urbanized Area Formula Program Grants)

The Urbanized Area Formula Funding program provides Federal resources to urbanized areas and to Governors for transit capital and operating assistance and for transportation related planning. As determined by the U.S. Department of Commerce's Bureau of the Census, an urbanized area is defined as an area with a population of 50,000 or more. SCAG, in conjunction with RCTC, provide the transit operators with available funding amounts. Activities eligible to receive funding include:

- ✓ Planning, engineering, design and evaluation of transit projects and other technical transportationrelated studies.
- Capital investments in bus and bus-related activities such as replacement of buses, overhaul of buses, rebuilding of buses, crime prevention and security equipment and construction of maintenance and passenger facilities.
- Capital investments in new and existing fixed guideway systems including rolling stock, overhaul and rebuilding of vehicles, track, signals, communications, and computer hardware and software.

Federal Transit Administration Section 5310 (Enhanced Mobility of Seniors and Individuals with Disabilities [New Freedom])

This is a formula grant program that is intended to enhance mobility for seniors and persons with disabilities by providing funds for programs to serve the special needs of transit-dependent populations beyond traditional public transportation services and ADA complementary paratransit services (Dial-A-Ride). Section 5310 funds are awarded through a statewide competition. A Local Review Committee in each county quantitatively evaluates all applications submitted for its area, ranks them, and submits the scores to Caltrans for the statewide competition. Capital assistance is provided for up to 88.53% of the net project cost.

Federal Transit Administration Section 5311 (Rural Area Formula Grants)

This program provides formula-based funding for capital and/or operating assistance to rural areas with a population fewer than 50,000 where many residents rely on public transit to reach their destinations. Capital assistance is provided for up to 88.53% of the net project cost. Operational assistance has a 50% federal participation ceiling. SCAG, in consultation with RCTC, provide the rural transit operators



with available funding amounts.

Federal Transit Administration Section 5312 (Mobility on Demand and Public Transportation Innovation)

This program supports research activities that improve the safety, reliability, efficiency, and sustainability of public transportation by investing in the development, testing, and deployment of innovative technologies, materials, and processes; carry out related endeavors; and to support the demonstration and deployment of low-emission and no-emission vehicles to promote clean energy and improve air quality.

Federal Transit Administration Section 5337/5339 (Fixed Guideway Capital Investment Grants)

This is FTA's primary grant program for funding major transit capital investments, including: rapid rail, light rail, bus rapid transit, commuter rail and ferries. Section 5309 provides grants for new and expanded rail, bus rapid transit and ferry systems that reflect local priorities to improve transportation options in key corridors. This program defines a new category of eligible projects, known as core capacity projects, which expand capacity by at least 10% in existing fixed-guideway transit corridors that are already at or above capacity today, or are expected to be at or above capacity within five years. The program also includes provisions for streamlining the New Starts process to increase efficiency in meeting critical milestones

Federal Transit Administration Section 5337 (State of Good Repair)

The State of Good Repair program is dedicated to repairing and upgrading the nation's rail transit systems along with high-intensity motor bus systems that use high-occupancy vehicle lanes, including bus rapid transit. These funds reflect a commitment to ensuring that public transit operates safely, efficiently, reliably, and sustainably so that communities can offer balanced transportation choices that help to improve mobility, reduce congestion, and encourage economic development.

Federal Transit Administration Section 5339 (Bus and Bus Facilities)

The Bus and Bus Facilities Infrastructure Investment Program (49 U.S.C. 5339) provides federal resources to states and direct recipients to replace, rehabilitate and purchase buses and related equipment. This programs also allows for the construction of bus-related facilities including technological changes or innovations to modify low or no emission vehicles or facilities. Program funding is provided through formula allocations and competitive grants. A sub-program, the Low- or No-Emission Vehicle Program, provides competitive grants for bus and bus facility projects that support low and zero-emission vehicles.

Federal Transit Administration Transit-Oriented Development Planning Pilot

Provides funding to advance planning efforts that support transit-oriented development (TOD) associated with new fixed-guideway and core capacity improvement projects. TOD focuses growth



around transit stations to promote ridership, affordable housing near transit, revitalized downtown centers and neighborhoods, and encourage local economic development.

U.S. Department of Transportation - Better Utilizing Investment to Leverage Development (BUILD) Transportation Grants Program

Formerly known as the Transportation Investment Generating Economic Recovery (TIGER) grant program, BUILD transportation grants seek to fund investments in surface transportation infrastructure that will have a significant impact on local or regional facilities. BUILD funding is available for roads, bridges, transit, rail, ports, or intermodal transportation projects, and are extremely competitive.

Recreational Trails Program

The Recreational Trails Program (RTP) provides funds annually for recreational trails and trails-related projects. The RTP is administered at the federal level by the Federal Highway Administration. It is administered at the state level by the California Department of Parks and Recreation (DPR). Non-motorized projects are administered by the Department's Office of Grants and Local Services and motorized projects are administered by the Department's Off-Highway Motor Vehicle Recreation Division. Eligible applicants include; cities and counties, districts, state agencies, federal agencies, and non-profit organizations with management responsibilities of public lands.

State Programs

Senate Bill 1

Senate Bill (SB) 1 (The Road Repair and Accountability Act of 2017), provides the largest increase in state transportation funding in the last 25 years. SB 1 provides additional funding through 2028 for transportation programs detailed in this chapter (including ATP, SHOPP, STIP, and Local Streets/Roads funds). It also revives programs that were part of the now expired Prop 1B. The California Transportation Commission is responsible for administering SB 1 funding programs, which include:

- ✓ Local Partnership Program (LPP) LPP funds are for counties that employ local transportation funding taxes or that have imposed fees, including uniform developer fees. As part of SB 1, there are two parts to the program: 50% of the funding is provided by a formula to counties that have dedicated transportation sales taxes (Self-help Counties), and 50% of the funding is provided by a competitive program for eligible entities. Eligible projects include:
 - State highway and local road system improvements for major rehabilitation, mobility and congestion relief through new capacity, and safety and operational improvements.
 - Transit facility improvements.
 - Transit equipment purchases.
 - Bicycle or pedestrian infrastructure improvements for safety or mobility.
 - Transportation infrastructure environmental mitigation on a locality's or region's air quality or water quality, commonly known as "urban runoff," including capturing or treating it.
 - Project-level environmental impact mitigation (sound walls, landscaping, wetlands or habitat restoration or creation, replacement plantings, and drainage facilities).



- Freeway soundwalls, under specified conditions.
- Road maintenance and rehabilitation
- ✓ Trade Corridor Enhancement Program (TCEP) The TCEP program is competitive and funds infrastructure improvements on federally designated Trade Corridors of National and Regional Significance, on the Primary Freight Network, and along other corridors that have high freight volumes. Freight projects contribute to the freight system's economic activity or vitality; relieve congestion; improve the system's safety, security, or resilience; improve or preserve system infrastructure; implement technology or innovation to reduce or avoid negative impacts; or reduce or avoid the system's adverse community and/or environmental impacts.

SB 1 also created the following new funding program:

✓ Solutions for Congested Corridors Program (SCCP) — The SCCP is competitive and funds projects designed to reduce congestion in highly traveled and highly congested corridors through performance improvements that balance transportation improvements, community impacts, and that provide environmental benefits. Improvements may be on the state highway system, local streets and roads, public transit facilities, bicycle and pedestrian facilities or required mitigation or restoration or some combination thereof. All projects nominated for the SCCP must be in a comprehensive multimodal corridor plan and will only fund the construction component of a project.

Active Transportation Program

The Active Transportation Program (ATP) consolidates existing federal and state transportation programs, including the Transportation Alternatives Program, Bicycle Transportation Account (BTA) and State Safe Routes to School, into a single program with a focus on making California a national leader in active transportation. The CTC administers the ATP program. SB 1 also contributes approximately \$100 million per year to the ATP program.

The ATP encourages active transportation modes by:

- ✓ Increasing biking and walking trips;
- Increasing non-motorized users' safety and mobility;
- ✓ Advancing regional agencies active transportation efforts to achieve greenhouse gas (GHG) reduction goals, pursuant to SB 375 (of 2008) and SB 341 (of 2009);
- Enhancing public health;
- Ensuring that disadvantaged communities fully share in the program's benefits, and
- Providing a broad spectrum of projects to benefit many types of active transportation users.

RCTC member agencies are eligible to compete at the statewide level for ATP funds and at the MPO level through the Southern California Association of Governments (SCAG).

Cap and Trade

California's Cap-and-Trade Program (derived from AB-32, the California Global Warming Solutions Act,



2006) is an emissions trading program designed to reduce greenhouse gases from multiple sources. The State's proceeds from Cap-and-Trade auctions are deposited in the Greenhouse Gas Reduction Fund (GGRF) and are used to achieve GHG emission reductions. The following transportation programs are funded through GGRF allocations:

- ✓ Active Transportation Program: (Described above)
- Low Carbon Transit Operations Program (LCTOP): The LCTOP provides transit agencies with operating and capital assistance to reduce greenhouse gas emissions and improve mobility, with a priority on serving disadvantaged communities. LCTOP projects support new or expanded bus or rail services, expanded intermodal transit facilities, and may include equipment acquisition, fueling, maintenance and other costs to operate those services or facilities. For agencies whose service area includes disadvantaged communities, at least 50% of funds received are used on projects to benefit disadvantaged communities.
- ✓ The Transit and Intercity Rail Capital Program (TIRCP): Created by Senate Bill (SB) 862 and modified by SB 9 to provide grants from the GGRF to fund transformative capital improvements that will modernize California's intercity, commuter, and urban rail systems, and bus and ferry transit systems to significantly reduce emissions of greenhouse gases, vehicle miles traveled, and congestion. SB 1 continues to provide a historic funding increase for transportation with funds directed to the TIRCP from the Public Transportation Account for new programming to achieve the following objectives:
 - Reduction in greenhouse gas emissions;
 - Expand and improve transit service to increase ridership;
 - Integrate the rail service of the state's various rail operations, including integration with the high-speed rail system; and
 - Improve transit safety

Local Transportation Funds

The Transportation Development Act (TDA) provides two major sources of funding for public transportation: The Local Transportation Fund (LTF) and the State Transit Assistance fund (STA). Local Transportation Funds (LTF) are derived from ¼-cent of the statewide sales tax. LTF revenue is returned to local governments, primarily for public transportation; however, bicycle and pedestrian facilities, and streets and roads may also qualify. The LTF is distributed to each city and unincorporated area based on population.

State Transportation Improvement Program

The State Transportation Improvement Program (STIP) is split into two programs: The Regional Transportation Improvement Program (RTIP) and the Interregional Transportation Improvement Program (ITIP). The STIP is developed by and approved by the CTC by April of every even year. Pursuant to SB 45, 75% of overall STIP funding goes to regional authorities to pay for approved RTIP projects, and the remaining 25% to pay for ITIP projects, as determined by Caltrans. Once the SCAG region has selected RTIP projects, the CTC must allocate funds based on estimated construction costs. The funds are programmed in the Federal Transportation Improvement Programs (FTIP). Eligible projects include:

Local streets and roads

Riverside County Long Range Transportation Study



- ✓ Public transit
- ✓ Intercity transit
- Pedestrian and bikeway facilities
- ✓ State highway improvements
- Grade separations
- Intermodal facilities
- Safety projects
- Transportation System Management projects
- Soundwalls

ITIP funds represent 25% of available State Highway Account funding. Caltrans programs the funds on a statewide priority basis, primarily for the State highway system (outside urbanized areas). Regional agencies may also nominate projects that generate economic development. Regional agencies and Caltrans should work to coordinate the process of nominating projects that generate economic development. Eligible projects include:

- ✓ Interregional roads (outside of metropolitan areas)
- Federal Highways
- ✓ State Highways
- ✓ Intercity rail
- ✓ "Flex" projects which promote economic development

Senate Bill 821 (SB 821) Bicycle and Pedestrian Facilities Program

Each year 2% of the LTF revenue is made available for use on bicycle and pedestrian facility projects. RCTC allocates SB 821 funds through a biennial Call for Projects. All of the cities and the County of Riverside are notified of available funding and are requested to submit project proposals. Eligible projects include sidewalks, access ramps, bicycle facilities, and bicycle plan development. An evaluation committee typically reviews and ranks the projects based on evaluation criteria approved by RCTC.

State Highway Operation and Protection Program

The State Highway Operation and Protection Program (SHOPP) maintains the highway system's operational integrity and safety through a variety of projects, including pavement rehabilitation seismic retrofit, land and building projects, landscaping, some operational improvements and bridge replacements. Unlike the STIP, SHOPP projects may not increase roadway capacity. SHOPP revenues are not formula-based, meaning the Riverside County region could receive a large share of revenues in one cycle, and much less in future cycles. SHOPP projects are selected by Caltrans; however, local agencies are encouraged to work with Caltrans in identifying projects for this program.

State Transit Assistance Fund

The State Transit Assistance fund is derived from a portion of the Motor Vehicle Fuel Tax. The STA supports public transportation services and is apportioned through the Regional Transportation Planning Agencies (RTPA), such as RCTC, to their member agencies on a population basis, although some

Riverside County Long Range Transportation Study



funds are apportioned directly to transit agencies based on their farebox revenues.

STA funds may be used for mass transit (capital or operating expenses) or transportation planning but not streets and roads.

Strategic Growth Council Sustainable Communities Planning Grants

The principal goal of this grant program is to fund the development and implementation of plans that lead to significant reductions in greenhouse gas emissions in a manner consistent with the State Planning Priorities, AB 32: The California Global Warming Solutions Act of 2006 and the current Environmental Goals and Policy Report (EGPR), if available.

This grant program is meant to foster the development of sustainable communities throughout California. It is designed to help local governments meet the challenges of adopting land use plans and integrating strategies to transform communities and create long-term prosperity. Sustainable communities shall promote equity, strengthen the economy, protect the environment, and promote healthy, safe communities.

Local Programs

Toll Revenue

Congestion-pricing (also known as peak-hour pricing) involves charging tolls or fees to transportation system users during peak hours. Implementation of Express Lanes is a strategy of congestion pricing. Routinely, service demands exhibit a peaking characteristic related to the time of day or seasonal time of the year. The 91 Express Lanes currently applies a time of day pricing policy, which charges higher tolls in the peak period allowing for a more reliable trip in the Express lanes during the most congested part of the day.

RCTC's venture into tolling expanded the agency's funding and financing options for the design and construction of the currently operational 91 Express Lanes and the future 15 Express Lanes, currently in construction. Toll revenue is a new funding source in addition to Measure A and traditional state and federal funding sources.

For the construction of the 91 Express Lanes, RCTC pledged future toll revenue through the following financing options — a federal loan, toll revenue bonds, and sales tax bonds. For three years (August 2010 until July 2013) RCTC attempted and eventually succeeded in receiving a large, federal loan of \$421 million through the federal Transportation Investment Finance and Innovation Act (TIFIA). RCTC was also successful in selling \$177 million of toll revenue bonds to investors. The completed 91 Project financing was accomplished in July of 2013 and resulted in RCTC borrowing over \$1 billion composed of the TIFIA loan, toll revenue bonds, and Measure A sales tax bonds. Toll revenue is being used to repay the loan and the toll revenue bonds.

For the construction of the 15 Express Lanes, RCTC secured a TIFIA loan of \$152 million and Measure A sales tax bonds of \$114 million.

Riverside County Long Range Transportation Study



For both facilities, future toll operations and maintenance are planned to be 100% funded by future tolls.

As a result of the financing success from the 91 Express Lanes and 15 Express Lanes, RCTC will continue to use toll revenue in the following ways:

- 1) Future toll revenue to borrow against to help fund capital and Operation and Maintenance (O&M) costs of express lane facilities (e.g. project financings for the 91 and 15 Express Lanes);
- 2) Surplus Toll Revenue to use for Commission-approved transportation projects in the corridor from which the surplus toll revenue was generated (statutorily mandated).

City/County Revenue Funds

Several transportation funding sources have their origins in city or County revenues. These include general fund revenues used for street purposes, gas tax shares, proceeds from bond sales for street purposes, street assessment levies and traffic safety fund revenues.

Transportation Uniform Mitigation Fee

Transportation Uniform Mitigation Fees (TUMF) are an important part of the Measure A extension. The TUMF programs for the Western Riverside County subregion and the Coachella Valley subregion ensure that future development contributes its fair share toward infrastructure costs to mitigate new growth's cumulative, indirect and regional transportation impacts consistent with the State's Mitigation Fee Act. The fees help fund improvements to maintain the target levels of service in the face of higher traffic volumes that new developments bring.

Measure A

Riverside County Local Sales Tax — Measure A Funds

Measure A was extended for an additional 30-years in 2002 following expiration of the original Measure, which began in 1989 and expired in 2009. Measure A is administered by RCTC for the purpose of collecting a ½ cent local transaction and use tax for transportation. Measure A was enacted to fill the funding shortfall to: implement necessary highway, commuter rail, and transit projects; secure new transportation corridors through environmental clearance and right of way purchases; provide adequate maintenance and improvements on the local street and road system; promote economic growth throughout the county; and provide specialized programs to meet the needs of commuters and the specialized needs of the growing senior and disabled population. Approximately \$4.662 billion will be collected over the 30-year period between 2009 and 2039 for a variety of transportation mode improvements and programs in Riverside County.



Other Potential Revenue and Funding Opportunities

Despite the passage of SB 1, other funding sources have not kept pace with inflation. Fuel efficiency has led to decreased gasoline taxes, and the Great Recession negatively impacted all funding levels leaving a major revenue shortfall for system expansion, preservation, and operating and maintenance. This shortfall is expected to continue for two very basic reasons: (1) the revenues to support the transportation network's maintenance and improvements are not increasing fast enough to keep pace with inflation and (2) the demands for more maintenance and improvements have expanded beyond the normal inflation rate. In 2013, the Congressional Budget Office reported that: "the current trajectory of the Highway Trust Fund is unsustainable. Starting the fiscal year 2015, the trust fund will have insufficient amounts to meet all of its obligations, resulting in steadily accumulating shortfalls." Originally, transportation funding was established with a strong connection between revenue and expenses. Unfortunately, because of increased auto fuel efficiency, fuel taxes that have not historically been indexed for inflation and a new reliance on sales taxes, the previously strong connection to revenue sources and use has deteriorated. The following section discusses a variety of financing mechanisms that would be implemented at local, regional, or state levels, which may potentially provide relief for the transportation revenue shortfall.

Environmental Enhancement and Mitigation Program

Applicants may apply to undertake environmental enhancement and mitigation projects that are directly or indirectly related to modifying existing transportation facilities, or for new transportation facilities' design, construction or expansion. The Environmental Enhancement and Mitigation Program (EEM) is administered by Caltrans and projects must be over and above required mitigation for the related transportation project.

All participating project costs incurred are funded in arrears on a reimbursement basis of the state's proportionate share of actual costs. No matching funds or cost shares from the applicant or other funding sources are required to apply for an EEM grant; however, projects with the greatest funding match will be rated highest. Grants are generally limited to \$350,000. Any local, state, or federal agency or non-profit entity may apply for and receive grants.

Benefit Assessment District Fees

An assessment district is an area of land specifically benefiting from a public improvement. A property tax assessment is levied against each parcel that benefits from the improvement, in proportion to the benefit. Bonds are then sold to finance improvements; which landowners repay over time. Traditionally this approach has been used to finance urban public improvement projects (i.e. sewer, water, curbs, gutters, etc.) on a community or neighborhood level. Using this approach on a "regional" basis has proven problematic because of the multiple legislative bodies (i.e. City Councils, Boards of Supervisors, etc.) necessary to achieve political consensus. In addition, there could be great difficulty in establishing a regionwide zone of benefit.



"Local" Motor Vehicle Fuel Tax

SB 215 allows counties to hold general elections for a local sales tax on motor vehicle fuel (gasoline, diesel) to finance the regional transportation network. The uses, execution, advantages and disadvantages are like that of a sales tax. One advantage is that it is user-oriented. Because fuel consumption is related to road use, heavier users bear a higher burden of the cost.

Instituting a local gas tax is a relatively equitable local financing option. Motor fuel taxes are easily administered and are tied to fuel prices that tend to rise with inflation. Some of the issues relating to this type of program include:

- ✓ The ballot initiative requires approval from a majority of the city governments with a majority of the county's population.
- ✓ Both a majority of city governments representing a majority of the population *and* the county supervisors must agree on a distribution formula before the measure can be placed on the ballot.
- ✓ A two-thirds majority vote is required for approval.
- Statutes do not limit the tax increase that may be considered.

Motor Vehicle Taxes and Fees (Statewide, Regionally or Locally)

An array of fees and taxes on motor vehicles could be increased and implemented statewide, regionally or locally to generate transportation funds. Examples include vehicle registration surcharges (similar to the Air District's AB 2766 fees currently collected); increased surcharges on driver's license fees; mileage taxes; parts and repair excise taxes; heavy-vehicle taxes; fees for "vanity plates," tire taxes, and personal property taxes on motor vehicles. One of this approach's drawbacks, however, is the need for enabling legislation (statewide, regionally or locally).

Public and Private Parking Fees

This mechanism increases public and private parking charges and institutes parking fees where parking is now free. Major metro areas in California have become more aggressive in pricing downtown parking -- both at meters and in lots. In some cities, extending parking lot hours and substantially greater enforcement have increased parking fee revenues. Often these funds are treated as a general fund source rather than tied to specific transportation expenditures.

If public parking fees were to be initiated, several issues would need to be addressed. For example, the fees would probably have to be implemented on a countywide or subregional basis to address equity and consistency issues among the local jurisdictions. In addition to representing a potential revenue source, parking pricing has also been shown to be one of the most significant factors in reducing drivealone trips and is used as a common transportation demand management strategy.

Regional Transportation Facilities Impact Fee

A regional transportation facilities impact-fee would distribute the costs of regional transportation facilities among all *new* development within the region, using the size of a proposed development or estimates of a project's trip generating capacity as criterion. This type of development impact fee



would be required to meet AB 1600 nexus findings in order to be implemented. The reauthorization of Measure A required that all local agencies participate in their subregion's TUMF Program or risk losing their local street maintenance and rehabilitation funding authorized by the Measure.

Vehicle Miles Traveled Fee

This financing mechanism is a vehicle-use fee based on the number of miles driven, which has the potential to generate substantial revenues, implement increased-mobility policy goals and is strongly related to transportation demand and congestion. Vehicle Miles Traveled fees would appear to be a stable and growing source of revenue given Californians' propensity to use their automobiles. VMT fees also would maintain an ability to capture revenues from a growing fleet of alternative fuel vehicles within the state.

Caltrans conducted a Road Charge Pilot Program, with a final report released in 2017, which successfully tested the feasibility of critical elements of this new potential revenue system for transportation funding. However, many political and feasibility questions remain unanswered and will require additional investigation into the mechanics and policy issues of implementing a road charge fee in California.

Emissions Fee

An emissions fee could work in a manner similar to the Vehicle Miles Traveled fee program, except that user charges would be based on emission levels rather than miles traveled. The measure would be recorded at the time the vehicle is smog checked, and the driver would pay a fee based on a sliding scale. Revenue formulas would have to be adjusted due to California's vehicle fleet becoming "cleaner" as older polluting vehicles are retired and replaced with vehicles that have improved emission technology.

FTA Section 5312 (1)

The Transit Cooperative Research Program (49 U.S.C. 5313; TCRP) is an applied, contract research program that develops near-term, practical solutions to problems facing transit agencies. The transit industry-driven program, promotes the public transportation industry's operating effectiveness and efficiency by conducting practical, near-term research designed to solve operational problems, adopt useful technologies from related industries and introduce innovation that provides better customer service. The industry-driven program serves as one of the principal means by which the transit industry can develop innovative short-term solutions to meet demands placed on it.

Transportation Infrastructure Finance and Innovation Act (TIFIA)

On July 20, 2017 the U.S. Department of Transportation announced an award of \$152 million to RCTC to help finance the construction of the new I-15 Express Lanes. The funds come from US DOT's Transportation Infrastructure Finance and Innovation Act; a rigorous program available to creditworthy, financially-sound agencies such as RCTC. This major award will help offset the local taxpayers' share of the project cost and allowed RCTC and its contractor to get to work in 2018 on the I-15 Express Lanes,

Riverside County Long Range Transportation Study



which will reduce congestion, improve quality of life, and deliver commuters valuable time savings. The lanes are expected to open in mid-2020.

The Transportation Infrastructure Finance and Innovation Act program provides credit assistance for qualified projects of regional and national significance. Many large-scale, surface transportation projects - highway, transit, railroad, intermodal freight, and port access - are eligible. Eligible applicants include state and local governments, transit agencies, railroad companies, special authorities, special districts, and private entities. The TIFIA credit program is designed to fill market gaps and leverage substantial private co-investment by providing supplemental and subordinate capital. Each dollar of Federal funds can provide up to \$10 in TIFIA credit assistance and support up to \$30 in transportation infrastructure investment. MAP-21 reforms included a 10 percent set-aside for rural projects; an increase in the share of eligible project costs that TIFIA may support; and a rolling application process.

Public-Private Partnerships

A public-private partnership (PPP or P3) represent a broad category of financing mechanisms that are being used to harness public sector participation. PPPs have been used with mixed success in several states nationwide. Before PPP can become a viable option, it must be approved by the state legislature.

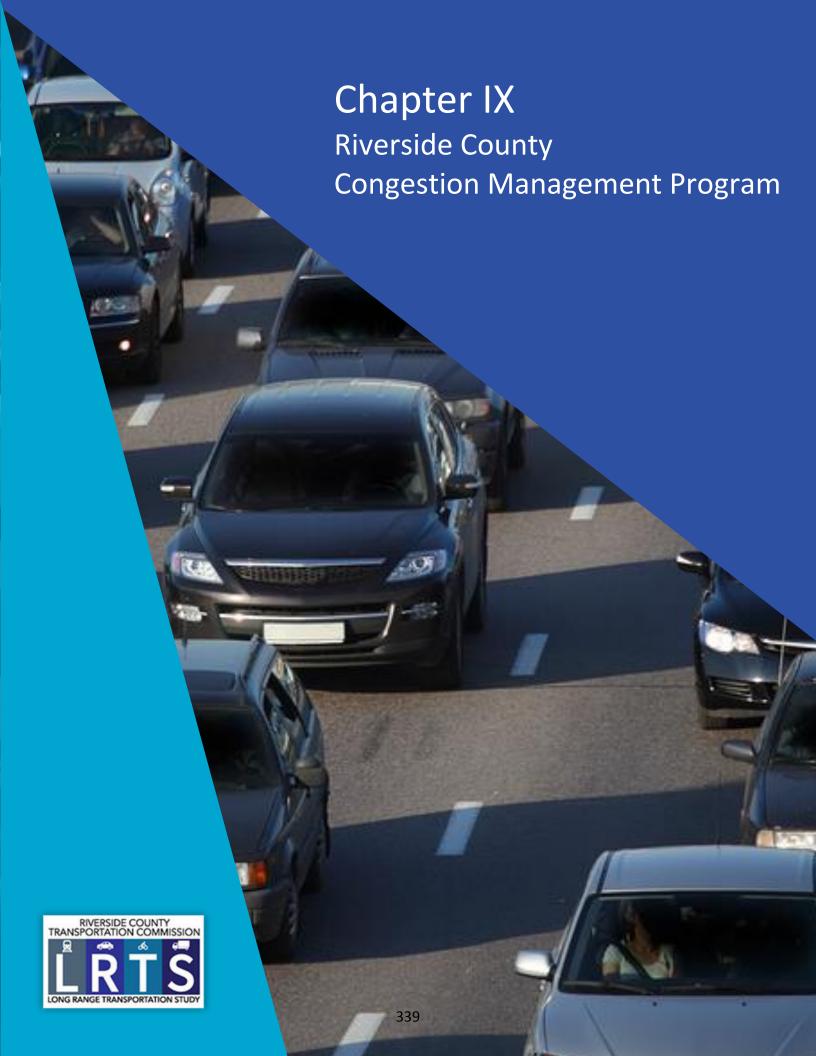
Other Emerging Potential Funding Sources

As mobility innovations in the previous section emerge in Riverside County, RCTC should explore implementation of new forms of revenue collection to ensure that new forms of mobility are deployed in an optimal manner. For example, several jurisdictions, including Chicago and Portland, Oregon have assessed a per booking fee on Transportation Network Companies (e.g., Uber and Lyft). Fees on TNCs are appropriate to provide facilities for TNC's, such as dedicated curb space, and can also be used to support public transportation. Ideally TNC fees should incentivize higher occupancy – a TNC carrying one passenger should be assessed a higher fee than one carrying multiple passengers. Similarly, TNC trips to areas with peak period congestion, such as central business districts or major transit hubs should be assessed a higher fee to offset the congestion impacts of TNCs in these environments.

Another potential emerging source of funding would be an assessment on automated and connected vehicles to finance some or all the roadway infrastructure that ACVs require and benefit from.

Summary Table

Appendix D summarizes many of the key funding programs described in this section and notes their applicability to different transportation modes and types of transportation projects and programs.





Chapter IX. Riverside County Congestion Management Program

Introduction

There are two congestion management requirements that counties comply with: federal Congestion Management System (CMS) process and State Congestion Management Program (CMP). This chapter explains the difference and RCTC's approach in developing its Riverside County CMP.

The State of California established the CMP in 1990 under Proposition 111. The federal CMS process is required by Federal Highway Administration 23 CFR, which the Southern California Association of Governments (SCAG) is primarily responsible for ensuring implementation by the county transportation commissions within the SCAG region. There are distinct differences among the State and Federal congestion management requirements.

State CMP

As mentioned above, Proposition 111 set up a process for each metropolitan county in California to designate a Congestion Management Agency (CMA) that would be responsible for development and implementation of the CMP within county boundaries.

The intent of the State's CMP is to more directly link land use, transportation, and air quality, thereby prompting reasonable growth management programs that will effectively utilize new transportation funds, alleviate traffic congestion and related impacts, and improve air quality. A number of counties within California have developed a CMP with varying methods and strategies to meet the intent of the CMP legislation.

CMP legislation (AB 471, AB 1791, AB 1963, and AB 2419) established the process for designating the Congestion Management Agency (CMA). RCTC was designated the CMA in 1990 by the Riverside County Board of Supervisors and a majority of cities representing a majority of the population in the incorporated area. The CMA has the authority to monitor compliance with the adopted program. An amendment to the Government Code requires the CMA to update and adopt the CMP every two years (biennially) consistent with development of the Regional Transportation Improvement Program (RTIP).

Overtime, the State amended the language to allow for voluntary implementation of the CMP. Subsequently, AB 32 and SB 375 were passed by the legislature that emphasized the reduction of greenhouse gases by reducing vehicle miles traveled and the development of a Sustainable Communities Strategy (SCS) that each Metropolitan Planning Organization agency must prepare in conjunction with its Regional Transportation Plan (RTP). Locally, RCTC continued implementing its half-cent sales tax, Measure A, that provided for a list of projects and programs to relieve congestion. In addition, Transportation Uniform Mitigation Fee (TUMF) programs administered by the Coachella Valley Association of Governments (CVAG) and Western Riverside Council of Governments (WRCOG)

Riverside County Long Range Transportation Study



funded transportation improvements on arterials, highway interchanges, grade separations and transit. Due to the evolving CMP legislation, SB 375 SCS requirement, and state (SB 1/Active Transportation Program) and local funding revenue streams that address transportation needs, the State CMP requirements are outdated and duplicative.

Federal CMP

The Riverside County CMP was significantly modified in 1997 to focus on federal Congestion Management Process requirements, as well as incorporate certain elements of the State CMP requirements.

Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) 23 CFR §450.320 requires that each transportation management agency (TMA) address congestion management through a process involving an analysis of multimodal metropolitan-wide strategies that are cooperatively developed to foster safety and integrated management of new and existing transportation facilities eligible for federal funding.

SCAG is the TMA for the Southern California Region, including Riverside County. The requirements specifically state that "in TMAs designated as nonattainment for ozone or carbon monoxide, the congestion management process shall provide an appropriate analysis of reasonable (including multimodal) travel demand reduction and operational management strategies for the corridor in which a project that will result in a significant increase in capacity for single occupancy vehicles (SOV) is proposed to be advanced with Federal funds."

Additionally, the guidelines state that "federal funds may not be programmed for any project that will result in a significant increase in the carrying capacity for SOVs (i.e., a new general purpose highway on a new location or adding general purpose lanes, with the exception of safety improvements or the elimination of bottlenecks), unless the project is addressed through a congestion management process meeting the requirements of this section."

The SCAG (RTP/SCS) serves as the long-range transportation plan for the Southern California region. The RTP/SCS, and the Riverside County CMP, meet the requirements of 23 CFR §450.320 by collectively incorporating the following federal congestion management process: (1) performance monitoring and measurement of the regional transportation system; (2) multimodal alternatives and non-SOV analysis; (3) land use impact analysis; (4) the provision of congestion management tools; and (5) integration with the Federal Transportation Improvement Program (FTIP) process.

The Commission will continue to develop and update the CMP to coincide with the development of the RTP/SCS and FTIP in cooperation with local governments and subregional planning agencies (WRCOG and CVAG). SCAG is responsible for determining consistency of each CMP within the SCAG region with federal CMS requirements, the RTP/SCS, and air quality management plans.

The Riverside County CMP combines certain requirements of the State's CMP with a greater emphasis on the Federal CMS, resulting in monitoring of the state highway and major roadway/regional arterial transportation system.



CMP System

Designated System of Highways and Principal Arterials:

✓ All State Highway facilities in Riverside County.

Consideration may be given to the following conditions when designating Principal Arterials:

- ✓ Routes identified on Caltrans' "Functional Classification System" as "Principal Arterials"
- Designated expressways.
- ✓ Facilities linking cities/communities (interregional facilities), and major activity centers (shopping malls, major industrial/business parks, stadiums, etc.).

The 2019 CMP System considers the criteria identified above, including arterial facilities added to the Federal Functional Classification System and regional TUMF facilities.

Transportation Modeling

Transportation computer models applied in Riverside County include the Riverside County Traffic Analysis Model (RivTAM), and the SCAG Regional Transportation Model. The RivTAM model was a multi-agency effort to develop a more detailed roadway network than the SCAG Regional Model. A new Riverside County Model (RivCOM) is expected in January 2020. The SCAG Regional Transportation Model is continually revised/updated (calibrated/validated) and has been available for use by local agencies in reviewing regionally significant development projects, or transportation projects.

In addition, SCAG developed a regionwide demographic database system to collect accurate data for development of the RTP/SCS. The RTP/SCS considers land use development patterns, transportation systems, population and housing needs to develop policies and strategies that will accommodate future growth and demand. Locally, WRCOG, CVAG, and the County of Riverside have taken lead roles in the development of a Geographic Information System (GIS) to monitor growth in the County so that socioeconomic and land use databases can be easily developed and maintained.

SCAG has developed model consistency guidelines to assist public agencies and traffic engineering professionals with the development of local models that are consistent with the SCAG Regional Transportation Model. The objective of these guidelines is to improve communications between affected agencies to simplify the exchange of data and improve databases and modeling results at both the local and regional level.

Performance Standards

This section describes the multimodal system performance standards for Riverside County in accordance with CMP legislation and federal CMS requirements. Standards are presented in this section for the System of Streets and Roads and for the Public Transit/Alternative Mass Transit System.

Riverside County Long Range Transportation Study



System of Streets and Highways

Established Minimum Level of Service

Most local agencies in Riverside County and Caltrans have adopted Level of Service (LOS) standards of "C" or "D" to maintain a desired LOS for the <u>local circulation system</u>. To address CMP requirements, RCTC approved a minimum traffic LOS standard of "E."

Methodology to Determine Level of Service

RCTC determined that the traffic LOS method that incorporated a "delay" analysis was the most applicable for CMP purposes. Consideration of delay through HCM-based software programs provided a closer approximation of LOS than under the Circular 212 or similar methodologies.

For purposes of this Program, LOS analysis for intersections and segments along the CMP System of Highways and Roadways (under current or existing conditions), should be developed or established using the following HCM-based methods in the order presented:

- Segment (freeway and principal arterial) floating car runs or stopped delay LOS analysis at intersections.
- ✓ Segment and intersection LOS analysis using HCM.
- ✓ Segment analysis using the Modified HCM LOS Tables (or revised Florida LOS Tables).

HCM-based methodologies applied to calculate LOS for CMP purposes will be the responsibility of local agencies as new development or land use plan revisions/updates (reflective of specific development proposals) are considered.

The initial LOS analysis conducted as part of the CMP Update process is a "screening" level analysis. With development of this LRTS, the LOS is now/will be established using the SCAG and RivCOM traffic models, which are HCM-based. Figure 75 provides a display of State highway, expressway and arterial facilities with current deficiencies using HCM-based LOS results from the SCAG PM peak period traffic model. Figure 76 provides the resultant LOS with planned and programmed improvement projects through to the Year 2040. Comparing the figures, a majority of LOS deficiencies will be mitigated or addressed considering the wide range of multimodal improvement projects that will be implemented in the region by 2040.

The few remaining deficiencies along the CMP System would be addressed as funding becomes available and through on-going implementation of the multimodal transportation system projects outlined in this LRTS and continued Transportation Demand Management (TDM) projects and programs, such as high-volume ridesharing activity within the County. In addition, Senate Bill (SB) 743 is intended to result in lower vehicle miles traveled (VMT) within the County over time. It is expected that lower VMT will result in decreased congestion along major corridors. However, in a county as large as Riverside County, new corridors could potentially reduce VMT by providing a shorter, less circuitous route for automobiles and transit.



Figure 75 – 2016 PM Period Level of Service

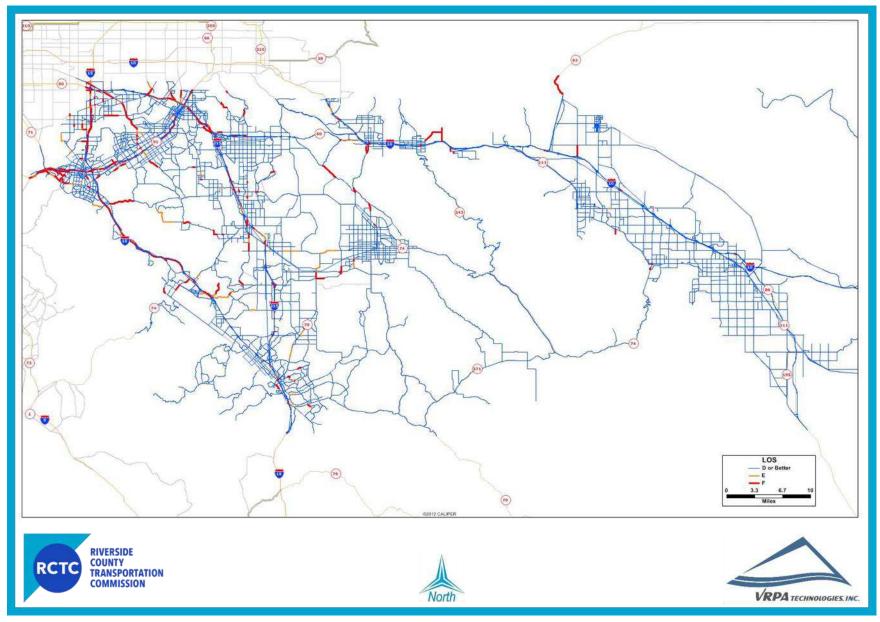
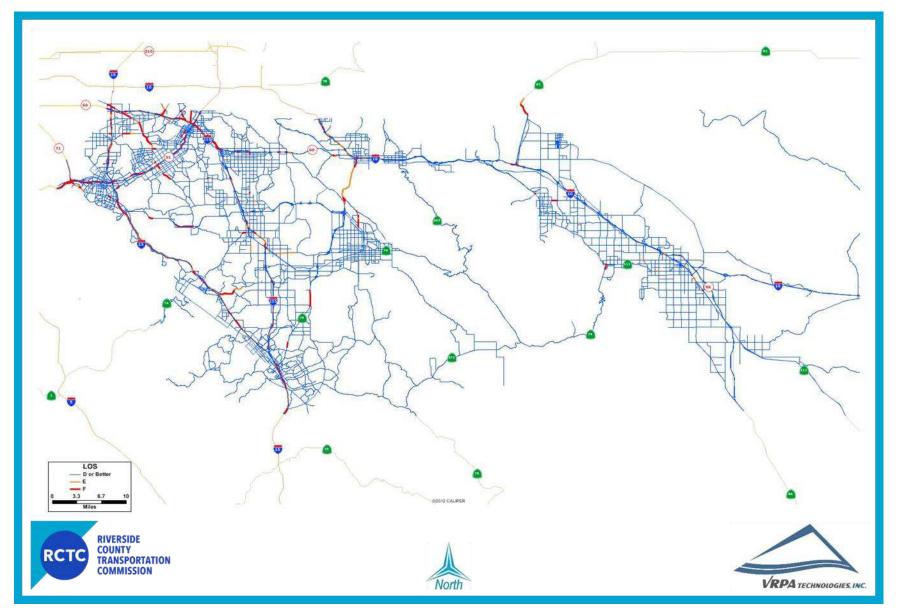




Figure 76 – Plan 2040 PM Period Level of Service



Riverside County Long Range Transportation Study



Public Transit/Alternative Mass Transit Standards

Section 65089.(b)(2) of the Government Code specifically requires development of standards established for the frequency and routing of public transit, and for the coordination of transit service provided by separate operators.

RCTC is responsible for planning and coordinating all public mass transit services within the jurisdiction of the Commission and between the jurisdiction of other county commissions or transit operators. On an annual basis, transit operators prepare a Short Range Transit Plan (SRTP), which is a three-year document detailing the operating and capital costs that are planned for transit services. Each operator adopts such a plan and then provides quarterly data to RCTC regarding performance. Once the SRTPs are approved by RCTC, transit operators are charged with the responsibility for providing the service levels and purchasing the capital equipment identified in year-one of the SRTP. Once approved by RCTC, the SRTPs must be amended if an operator wants to deviate from the original plan. The Commission encourages all operators to coordinate public transportation services including routes, fare structure and transfer agreements as the overall goal is the improvement of public transportation services to the general public.

As an alternative mode to the single-occupant vehicle, mass transit services (bus rapid transit and commuter rail services) should be considered during the assessment of local development proposals that impact the Congestion Management System Further, future rail passenger services should be considered as appropriate mitigation measures to offset potential deficiencies. If feasible, future transit and passenger rail facility systems should be described as potential services that could reduce vehicle trips and relieve congestion at or above the minimum LOS standard.

RCTC Conformance and Monitoring Process

RCTC, Caltrans, WRCOG, CVAG and local agencies regularly monitor the street and highway and transit systems consistent with CMS requirements. Performance and monitoring can be accomplished through a number of current processes and reports that are prepared to reflect how the systems are performing over time including the SCAG RTP/SCS, Comprehensive Multimodal Corridor Plans, Caltrans' Corridor System Management Plans (CSMPs), Caltrans Performance Monitoring System (PeMS), the WRCOG Transportation Uniform Mitigation Fee (TUMF) Program Nexus Study updates/reports, the CVAG TUMF Program Nexus Study updates/reports, the WRCOG Active Transportation Plan (ATP), the CVAG Non-Motorized/Active Transportation Plan, and subregional and local traffic monitoring programs, including those associated with Local General and Specific Plans and development impact studies. Transit monitoring will be accomplished through preparation of SRTPs prepared by the Riverside Transit Agency (RTA), Sunline Transit, Palo Verde Valley Transit Agency (PVVTA), Corona Cruiser, PassTransit (City of Banning/Beaumont) and the City of Beaumont Transit System. Overall transit performance is summarized by RCTC in its countywide SRTP.

Riverside County Long Range Transportation Study



Performance monitoring conducted and documented in these reports includes but is not limited to the following:

- Freeway miles traveled per person during weekdays.
- Freeway miles traveled per hour during weekdays.
- Regional travel by transit.
- ✓ Total transit, rail, and bus ridership.
- Annual transit boardings.
- Transit use in well served areas.
- ✓ Regional commute mode shares.
- Drive alone mode share.
- Alternative Transportation Mode share (carpool/vanpool, public transit, walk, bike, telework, other).
- ✓ Auto and transit passenger travel times and travel volumes in key corridors.
- ✓ Annual hours of traffic delay per traveler.
- Annual peak period delay during weekdays.
- Regional bottlenecks determined by annual freeway delay (vehicle hours) per lane mile.
- ✓ Delay by freeway during commute periods.
- Transit operating cost per passenger.
- Transit operating cost per revenue hour.
- ✓ Transit passengers per transit revenue hour.
- ✓ Transit passengers per revenue mile.
- Transit revenue hours per employee.
- Transit farebox recovery rate.

The LRTS incorporates recommendations from various planning efforts. All projects, services, and programs are evaluated and prioritized for future funding through various funding programs, such as Measure A, TUMF Programs, and SRTPs. The LRTS also includes performance measures that are reflective of a multimodal approach and inform the development and management of the most effective long-term transportation system, as well as demand management strategies for minimizing and/or managing anticipated congestion. Future LRTS reviews or updates could coincide with RTP/SCS cycles.

RCTC Deficiency Plan Process

It is the local agency's responsibility to ensure implementation of development project mitigation measures identified by the project proponent. Deficient segments are those that have fallen to LOS F identified through monitoring efforts conducted by local agencies, WRCOG, CVAG, Caltrans, or RCTC. RCTC will review with the affected local agencies appropriate mitigation measures that would alleviate the deficiency. This would result in identifying and programming projects and/or TDM efforts considering multimodal performance and funding availability.

To date, the CMP minimum LOS threshold has been met for much of the CMP system, therefore deficiency plans have not been required. In cases where the CMP minimum LOS threshold has been



exceeded, there have either been overriding considerations (e.g. construction, traffic diversions, etc.) or improvements already programmed to improve the facility through TUMF, Measure A or other high priority projects.

Management Strategies

The CMP must include alternatives to single occupant auto use, such as transit, and van and carpooling; and must promote strategies to manage overall travel demand, such as a jobs/housing balance, flextime, telecommuting and parking strategies. In 1991, all local agencies adopted TDM ordinances to comply with State CMP statutes. In 1996, the State changed the CMP from a mandatory program to a voluntary program; therefore, RCTC has not required agencies to update their respective TDM ordinances. However, local agencies may have continued updating their TDM ordinances to comply or respond to transportation needs and to implement the RTP/SCS. RCTC facilitates the implementation of TDM projects through the Measure "A" Commuter Assistance Programs, and the implementation of a number of TDM projects (in cooperation with Caltrans and local agencies in Riverside County and in adjoining counties) to achieve TDM objectives. Such TDM strategies include the development of Park-N-Ride lots, commuter rail stations, and public transit feeder services. This LRTS also outlines many other TDM and TSM strategies to reduce auto trips.

In addition to TDM, Transportation Systems Management (TSM) strategies also provide for smoother traffic flow, especially along congested streets and highways in the County. Types of TSM strategies already implemented in Riverside County include bus bays, signal coordination systems, signal preemption for transit vehicles, improved signal timing projects, ramp metering, and focused intersection improvements.

Taken together, the individual programs, projects, and TDM ordinances that continue to be implemented by local agencies constitute a broad base effort to reduce reliance on the single occupant vehicle and address CMP objectives.

RCTC CIP Program

The State CMP required the development of a Capital Improvement Program (CIP). For RCTC CMP purposes, the CIP consists of short-term projects included in the FTIP, which consist of STIP, Measure A, TUMF programs, and other federally funded projects programmed on the CMP system. RCTC submits state, local and federally funded projects to SCAG for inclusion in the FTIP. Locally funded non-regionally significant projects are not required to be included in the FTIP.

The following list of goals and objectives from SCAG's 2016 RTP/SCS reflect a vision that guides the transportation planning process, including development of the RTP/SCS, FTIP, and subregional CMPs:

- 1. Align the plan investments and policies with improving regional economic development and competitiveness.
- 2. Maximize mobility and accessibility for all people and goods in the region.
- 3. Ensure travel safety and reliability for all people and goods in the region.

Riverside County Long Range Transportation Study



- 4. Preserve and ensure a sustainable regional transportation system.
- 5. Maximize the productivity of our transportation system.
- 6. Protect the environment and health of our residents by improving air quality and encouraging active transportation (e.g., bicycling and walking).
- 7. Actively encourage and create incentives for energy efficiency, where possible.
- 8. Encourage land use and growth patterns that facilitate transit and active transportation.
- 9. Maximize the security of the regional transportation system through improved system monitoring, rapid recovery planning, and coordination with other security agencies.

RCTC Conformance and Monitoring

Federal CMP requirements recommend a review or update be done at the same interval as RTP updates, which in the SCAG region is conducted every four years. As previously mentioned, monitoring of the CMP system in Riverside County is accomplished through various efforts including project environmental documents, traffic studies, corridor plans, transportation model updates, TUMF Nexus Study updates, Caltrans PeMS, and local agency monitoring. The LRTS may also follow a four-year update process, to review the performance of the CMP system, which could include

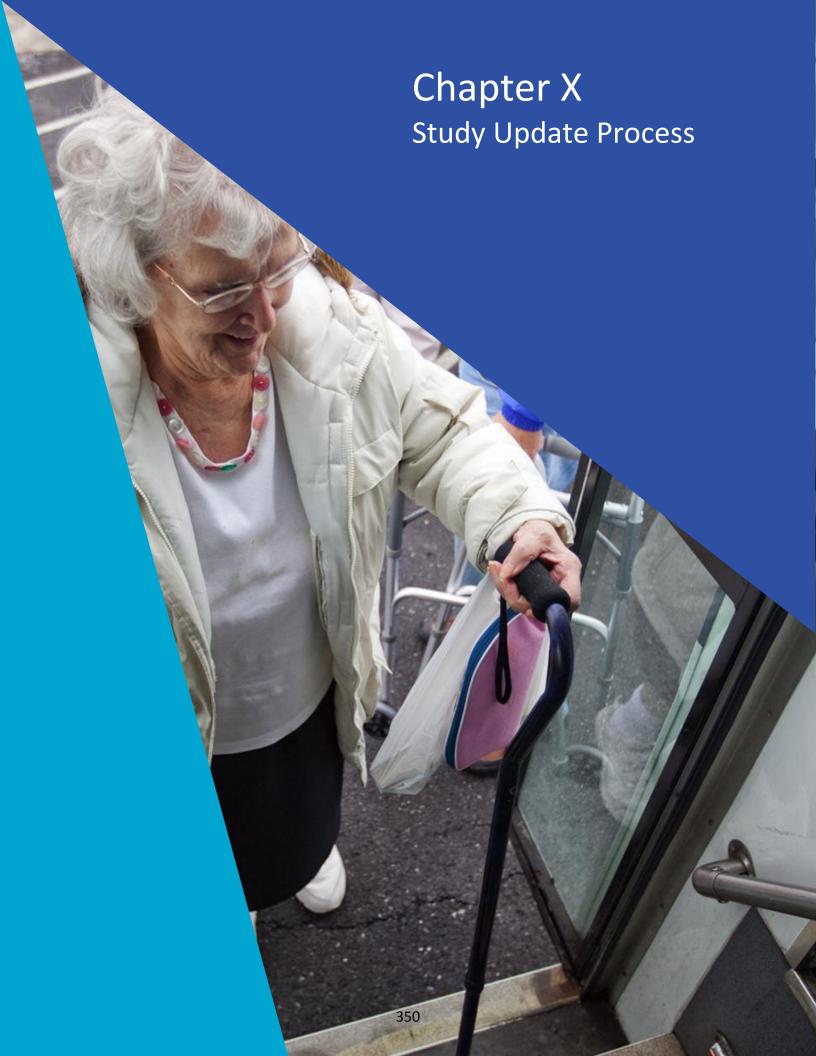
- Consistency with levels of service standards.
- Evaluation of performance of the transportation system.
- ✓ Implementation of a deficiency plan when highway and roadway level of service standards fall to LOS F on portions of the highway or major roadway system.

SCAG Consistency Review

Under the MPO planning regulations, SCAG is required to certify that it meets federal CMS requirements, which includes a review and consistency determination of all CMPs within the SCAG region. The CMP Chapter of the LRTS will serve as the 2019 CMP and will be reviewed by SCAG for consistency with the RTP/SCS and with CMPs of adjoining counties (San Bernardino, Orange, and Los Angeles Counties). RCTC also provides SCAG updated monitoring information, such as traffic counts from local agencies, for SCAG's modeling purposes.

CMP Development, Implementation, and Update Process

As described above, RCTC's CMP will follow Federal CMP requirements and will be reviewed and updated to reflect any legislative changes, funding initiatives, and CMP system performance. This may be done by future updates of the LRTS or this CMP Chapter. It is recommended that staff continue to follow Federal CMP requirements as State CMP requirements are no longer applicable and overlap with other requirements such as SB 375 (RTP/SCS), SB 743 (VMT performance measure) and other legislation impacting transportation planning and project development.





Chapter X. Study Update Process

The RCTC LRTS is both a Study for improving transportation in Riverside County and a starting point for developing the Riverside County elements of the 2020 Regional Transportation Plan/Sustainable Communities Strategy (RTP/SCS). Once the 2020 SCAG RTP/SCS is adopted, its policies and project list will become input for an updated LRTS. The LRTS should ideally be updated every four years, to ensure that it will provide current and accurate input into the SCAG RTP/SCS and to reflect changes in the countywide and regional network, policy direction, and applicable regulations. Updates should incorporate new projects and programs that inform the regional transportation plan and enhance transportation in Riverside County.

The LRTS should be viewed as a living document that sets the direction for Riverside County's transportation system. To accomplish the Goals of this Study to create a more sustainable, equitable, and effective transportation system will require coordinated implementation of its component projects, programs and investment strategies. Moving the LRTS forward involves securing transportation funding, coordination with land use agencies, and investigating new means for funding and implementing projects, including new partnerships with other agencies and the private sector.

In developing this LRTS several themes emerged, including an ongoing shortage of transportation funding. On a more positive note there are several incentives for synergistic projects that have benefits across modes and jurisdictions. RCTC should strive to advance the many goals encapsulated in this Study at both a community level and a regional level. Rather than focusing on discrete projects in one mode or in one city or subregion, the LRTS encourages Riverside County and its cities to take a truly multimodal approach to moving people and goods across the county and region while improving the quality of life for communities and neighborhoods throughout the County.

Advancement of Projects

Projects included in this Study are eligible to receive local, regional, and federal funding. In all cases, additional steps are required before construction or implementation can occur. Typically, these additional steps include securing full funding, acquiring right-way and getting final project permits, final design, conducting environmental review, and Title VI or other equity analysis where required.

The LRTS is a policy document that provides a list of needs for projects; the LRTS also identifies funding sources. However, it is not an explicit project approval document that directs a specific course of action on a project. As such, the LRTS does not entail project "approvals" and is therefore, according to state statutes and case law, not subject to CEQA. As required by state law and other regulatory requirements, all projects included in the LRTS will undergo independent project development according to all applicable environmental and regulatory approval processes.

Riverside County Long Range Transportation Study



Ongoing planning and project development efforts can help to better position the County in future iterations of the RTP/SCS and LRTS and ensure that appropriate projects are adequately defined to be ready for future Study development processes. Key efforts needed include:

- Developing new ways of integrating projects with programs and policies to maximize benefits.
- Seeking new partners and new ways of working together with new stakeholders, e.g., new technology-based private transportation sector stakeholders. Key steps for advancing partnerships and moving Study initiatives forward include:
 - Making RCTC a focal point for coordination rail (freight and passenger) improvements.
 - Partnering with Riverside County's transit agencies to advance LRTS project recommendations and address other transit needs in the county; convene partners to improve countywide integration of transit service, and connectivity to other modes; and update the Transit Vision Strategy.
 - Working with local jurisdictions and transit agencies to identify ways that new technologies can improve transportation services to hard-to-serve and traditionally underserved populations such as low-density areas, elderly, and people with disabilities.

The following steps are intended to support local jurisdictions and regional governments in implementing land use plans that can be efficiently and effectively served by all modes, and which in turn can increase the efficiency and effectiveness of transportation investments.

- ✓ Partner with transportation partners and cities to implement CEQA/LOS reforms, including provision of technical assistance to cities to come into full compliance with SB 743 by July 2020.
- ✓ Collaborate with local jurisdictions (planning, public works, economic development) to better coordinate land use and transportation planning.
- ✓ Provide technical, and policy support to local jurisdictions to support infrastructure in designated HQTAs and other pedestrian and transit oriented districts.
- ✓ Support local agencies and SCAG in developing new modeling and evaluation tools that better assess the interactions between land use and transportation improvements.
- Monitor the effectiveness of this Study using the LRTS performance measures and the assumptions regarding land use as the Study develops; some performance measures may require further refinement over time as tools are developed.

Funding

Leveraging local and regional funding to attract contributions from state and federal funding sources will be crucial in delivering on Riverside County's vision and goals for the future transportation network. Specific steps include:

- Leverage existing local and regional funds to attract additional funding from outside sources.
- ✓ Work with transit operators to identify and support stable revenue sources to address transit capital and operating needs.
- ✓ Work with local and regional agencies to secure new funds to make up the shortfalls in other transportation improvements identified in the Study such as road maintenance.



Continue to advocate for federal transportation policies and programs that support the values expressed in the LRTS, including increased funding for all modes and their operation and maintenance, as well as funds to assist transit-supportive development.

Ongoing Monitoring and Performance-based Planning

RCTC will continue to monitor the county's transportation performance in coming years and in preparation for the next LRTS. Ongoing performance monitoring helps RCTC measure the impact of investments on transportation performance over time, ensures progress is being made towards LRTS goals, and reveals emerging trends and future needs. Actions going forward should include:

- ✓ Conduct ongoing performance monitoring to determine the degree to which investments are moving the County towards the adopted vision and goals.
- Continue to work with SCAG and local planning departments to refine land use assumptions for travel demand modeling and continue to refine the SCS land use.
- Continue to investigate new data sources and methodologies to understand travel behavior and identify methods for incorporating into both future model and LRTS updates.
- ✓ Incorporate IE CMCP recommendations in future LRTS updates.



Appendix A

Long Range Transportation Study: State Highway and Major Roadway Projects

Contents

- State Highway and Major Roadway Projects
- State Highway and Major Roadway Project Evaluation
- Benefit/Cost Calculation



State Highway and Major Roadway Projects



Project #	System	Funding Status	Lead Agency	RTP_PROJ1	RTP_PROJ2	Rte.#	Rte. Name	From	То	Project Description	Rte. & Project Description	Completion Year	Project Cost In Thousands	Major Category
1	SH	Fin. Constr.	RCTC/RIVERSIDE COUNTY	3C01MA01		0	EAST- WEST CORRIDOR	I-15	I-215	New 6L Freeway	CETAP: PROVIDE NEW EAST-WEST TRANSPORTATION CORRIDOR BETWEEN I-15 IN THE WEST, I-215 IN THE EAST, SOUTH OF LAKE MATHEWS IN THE NORTH, AND SR 74 IN THE SOUTH.	2045	2,367,661	Cap. Enhance
2	LH	Fin. Constr.	RCTC	RIV031218	RIV031218	0	MID COUNTY PKWY	I-215 IN PERRIS	SR79 IN SAN JACINTO	New 6L Freeway	IN WESTERN RIV CO - NEW MID CO PKWY: CONS 6 THRU LN (3 LNS IN EA DIR) APPROX 16 MI. BTWN I-215 IN PERRIS EAST TO SR79 IN SAN JACINTO, INC. CONS/ RECONS OF 13 ICS, ADD OF AUX LN REDLANDS-EVANS & EB AUXILIARY LN EVANS-ANTELOPE. I-215 IMP: ADD 1 MF LN IN EA DIR NUEVO RD -VAN BUREN BLVD, & 1 AUX LN IN EA DIR MID CO PKWY-CAJALCO/RAMONA EXP & FROM MID CO PKWY-NUEVO.	2030	1,691,500	Cap. Enhance
3	SH	Fin. Constr.	RCTC	3M04MA05		10	I-10	I-10/SR-60 INTERCHANGE		Upgraded Interchange	CONSTRUCT NEW INTERCHANGE	2030	282,443	Cap. Enhance
4	SH	Fin. Constr.	RCTC	3TK04MA12		10	I-10	SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY LINE	JCT I-10/SR60	New Truck Lane	ON I-10 NEAR BEAUMONT: ADD/CONSTRUCT NEW EASTBOUND TRUCK CLIMBING LANE FROM SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY LINE TO I- 10/ SR60 JCT (EA: 35300)	2028	35,709	Cap. Enhance
5	SH	Fin. Constr.	BANNING	RIV180104		10	I-10	HIGHLAND SPRINGS AVE (INTERCHANGE)		Upgraded Interchange	I-10/HIGHLAND SPRINGS IC IMPROVEMENTS - WIDEN FROM 5 TO 7 THRU LANES FROM 275 FT N/O THE W/B OFF/ON RAMPS TO 250 FT S/O THE E/B OFF/ON RAMPS, WIDEN EXISTING 2 LN W/B OFF RAMP TO 4 LNS & 2 LN E/B OFF RAMPS TO 4 LNS, ENTRY RAMPS TO INCLUDE HOV PREFERENCIAL LANE AND EXTENDED ACCELERATION/DECELERATION LANE.	2029	85,000	
6	SH	Fin. Constr.	BEAUMONT	3A04WT003		10	I-10	HIGHLAND SPRINGS AVE (INTERCHANGE)		Upgraded Interchange	RECONSTRUCT/WIDEN HIGHLAND SPRINGS AVE IC FROM 4 TO 6 LANES AND RECONSTRUCT/WIDEN RAMPS	2035	65,458	Cap. Enhance
7	SH	Fin. Constr.	BEAUMONT	3M04WT004		10	I-10	PENNSYLVANIA AVE (INTERCHANGE)		Upgraded Interchange	RECONSTRUCT PENNSYLVANIA AVE IC AND RECONSTRUCT/WIDEN RAMPS	2030	29,435	Others
8	SH	Fin. Constr.	BEAUMONT	3M04WT001		10	I-10	SR-79/ BEAUMONT AVE (INTERCHANGE)		Upgraded Interchange	RECONSTRUCT/WIDEN SR-79/BEAUMONT AVE IC FROM 4 TO 6 LANES AND RECONSTRUCT/WIDEN RAMPS	2027	28,130	Cap. Enhance
9	SH	Fin. Constr.	BEAUMONT	RIV060115	RIV060115	10	I-10	OAK VALLEY PKWY (INTERCHANGE)		Upgraded Interchange	AT I-10/OAK VALLEY PKWY IC: RECONSTRUCT/WIDEN IC FROM 2 TO 6 THROUGH LANES FROM APPROX 500 FT. W/O DESERT LAWN DR TO GOLF CLUB DR, WIDEN RAMPS - EB ENTRY 1 TO 2 LANES, EB & WB EXIT 1 TO 4 LANES, WB ENTRY 1 TO 3 LANES, , ADD NEW EB/WB ENTRY LOOP RAMPS (2 LANES) , ENTRY RAMPS INCLUDE HOV PREFERENTIAL LANE, AND RAMPS INCLUDE EXTENDED ACCELERATION/ DECELERATION LANE (EA: 0G280).	2022	48,000	Cap. Enhance
10	SH	Fin. Constr.	CALIMESA	RIV060117		10	I-10	SINGLETON RD (INTERCHANGE)		Upgraded Interchange	ON I-10/SINGLETON RD IC: RECONSTRUCT/WIDEN 2 TO 4 THROUGH LANES (WOODHOUSE TO CALIMESA BLVD), RECONSTRUCT/WIDEN RAMPS – EB ENTRY 1 TO 2 LNS W/ HOV PREFERENTIAL LN, WB EXIT 1 TO 3 LNS, ADD EB EXIT RAMP (3 LNS), WB ENTRY RAMP (2 LNS W/ HOV PREFERENTIAL LN), INCLUDE EXTENDED RAMP ACCEL/DECEL LNS, RELOCATE CALIMESA BLVD/ SINGLETON RD INTERSECTION, ADD SB EXTENDED DEDICATED RIGHT-TURN LN (EA: 0F980)	2035	38,400	Cap. Enhance
11	SH	Fin. Constr.	CALIMESA	RIV060116	RIV060116	10	I-10	CHERRY VALLEY BLVD (INTERCHANGE)		Upgraded Interchange	I-10/CHERRY VALLEY BLVD IC: REPLACEMENT OF EXISTING CURVED OVERCROSSING WITH TWO 90 FT. RADIUS ON/OFF RAMPS ROUNDABOUTS AND WILL EXTEND 1800 LINEAR FEET FROM ROBERTS ROAD (SOUTH) TO APPROXIMATELY 500 FT E/O CALIMESA BLVD. ASSOCIATED PROJECT IMPROVEMENTS INCLUDE REALIGNMENT OF CALIMESA BLVD AND RAMP REALIGNMENT FOR ALL FOUR RAMPS WITH MINOR RAMP WIDENING (CMAQ PM 2.5 BENEFITS PROJECT).	2028	49,000	Cap. Enhance



Project #	System	Funding Status	Lead Agency	RTP_PROJ1	RTP_PROJ2	Rte.#	Rte. Name	From	То	Project Description	Rte. & Project Description	Completion Year	Project Cost In Thousands	Major Category
12	SH	Fin. Constr.	CALIMESA	RIV131201	3M04WT003	10	I-10	COUNTY LINE RD (INTERCHANGE)		Upgraded Interchange	IN RIVERSIDE COUNTY IN THE CITY OF CALIMESA - RECONSTRUCTION OF EXISTING INTERCHANGE AT I-10/COUNTY LINE WITH TWO 90 FT RADIUS ON/OFF RAMPS ROUNDABOUTS, EXTENDING 1300 LINEAR FEET FROM COUNTY LINE LANE TO APPROX. 300 FT. W/O CALIMESA BLVD. THE PROJECT WILL INCLUDE RAMP REALIGNMENT FOR ALL FOUR RAMPS WITH MINOR RAMP WIDENING.	2030	15,000	Others
12A	SH		CALIMESA		3M04WT003	10	I-10	SANDALWOOD DR (INTERCHANGE)		Upgraded Interchange	IN RIVERSIDE COUNTY IN THE CITY OF CALIMESA - RECONSTRUCTION OF EXISTING INTERCHANGE AT I-10 AT SANDALWOOD DRIVE. IMPROVE EXISTING OVERCROSSING FROM SHADY BROOK ROAD TO CALIMESA BLVD. AND RAMP REALIGNMENT FOR ALL FOUR RAMPS WITH MINOR RAMP WIDENING.	2030	42,000	
13	SH	Fin. Constr.	CALTRANS	RIV010210		10	I-10	MORONGO PKWY (INTERCHANGE)		Upgrade Interchange	I-10/MORONGO PKWY IC - CONSTRUCT NEW MORONGO PKWY OC (4 THROUGH LANES) AND RAMPS BETWEEN SEMINOLE DR AND MAIN ST. ADDITIONAL IMPROVEMENTS TO EXISTING APACHE TRAIL IC (R17.657) AND MAIN ST IC (R19.398) INCLUDE THE ADDITION OF EB/WB AUX LANES (APACHE TR IC TO MORONGO PKWY IC, THEN TO MAIN ST IC) AND WIDENING OF SEMINOLE DR 2 TO 4 THROUGH LANES (EA: OA650, PPNO: T0061)"	2040	49,500	Cap. Enhance
14	SH	Fin. Constr.	CATHEDRAL CITY	3M0722		10	I-10	LANDAU BLVD (INTERCHANGE)		New Interchange	CONSTRUCT NEW 6-LANE MIXED FLOW, PARTIAL CLOVERLEAF IC WITH AUXILIARY LANES AND 4 TWO LANE RAMPS PLUS 6 LANE GRADE SEPARATION BRIDGE OVER UPRR BETWEEN PALM DR IC AND DATE PALM DRIVE IC	2035	117,779	Cap. Enhance
15	SH	Fin. Constr.	COACHELLA	RIV030901	RIV030901	10	I-10	AVENUE 50 (INTERCHANGE)		New Interchange	ON I-10 IN EASTERN COACHELLA (AT 3.4 MILES E/O DILLON RD & 9.1 MILES W/O CACTUS CITY SRRA): CONSTRUCT NEW 6 THROUGH LANE AVENUE 50 IC (3 LANES EACH DIR. APPROX 600' N/O I-10 AND 1,100' S/O I-10), EB EXIT RAMP (3 LANES), WB EXIT RAMP (2 LANES), EB & WB ENTRY RAMPS (2 LANES), EB & WB LOOP ENTRY RAMPS (2 LANES) & ADD ACC LN 3,800' W/B DIR, WEST OF IC (EA: 45210)	2025	37,247	Cap. Enhance
16	SH	Fin. Constr.	COACHELLA	RIV180143	3M0715	10	I-10	DILLON RD (INTERCHANGE)		Upgraded Interchange	IN THE CITY OF COACHELLA: AT I-10 DILLON RD BETWEEN 800 FT SOUTH OF VISTA DEL SUR TO 600 NORTH OF VISTA DEL NORTE - RECONSTRUCT IC ADD ACCELERATION LANE ON W/B - WIDEN FROM 4-6 LANES, INCLUDES TRAFFIC SIGNAL MODIFICATIONS, TURNING LANES. (EA 0K950K)	2028	26,000	
17	SH	Fin. Constr.	INDIO	3A07020	RIV071252	10	I-10	JACKSON ST (INTERCHANGE)		Upgraded Interchange	ON I-10 IN INDIO AT JACKSON ST IC (AT PM 55.575): RECONSTRUCT/WIDEN IC FROM 2 TO 4 THROUGH LANES INCLUDING BRIDGE OVER WHITEWATER RIVER CHANNEL FROM SHOWCASE PKWY TO SOUTH OF WHITEWATER RIVER CHANNEL, RECONSTRUCT/WIDEN RAMPS 1 TO 2 LANES, MODIFY TRAFFIC SIGNALS	2021	56,000	Cap. Enhance
18	SH	Fin. Constr.	INDIO	3A07022	RIV071254	10	I-10	MONROE ST (INTERCHANGE)		Upgraded Interchange	ON I-10 IN INDIO AT MONROE ST IC: RECONSTRUCT/ WIDEN IC FROM 2 TO 4 THROUGH LANES INCLUDING BRIDGE OVER WHITEWATER RIVER CHANNEL FROM AVENUE 42 TO S/O WHITEWATER RIVER CHANNEL, RECONSTRUCT/WIDEN RAMPS 1 TO 2 LANES, AND EXTEND RAMPS WITH ACCELERATION/ DECELERATION LANES (EA: 0K730K)	2023	47,000	Cap. Enhance



Project #	System	Funding Status	Lead Agency	RTP_PROJ1	RTP_PROJ2	Rte.#	Rte. Name	From	То	Project Description	Rte. & Project Description	Completion Year	Project Cost In Thousands	Major Category
19	SH	Fin. Constr.	PALM DESERT	RIV031209	RIV031209	10	I- 1 0	PORTOLA AVE (INTERCHANGE)		New Interchange	AT I-10/PORTOLA AVE (B/W MONTEREY IC & COOK IC): CONSTRUCT NEW 6 THRU LANE PORTOLA AVE IC FROM DINAH SHORE DR TO VARNER RD & RAMPS (EB EXIT 2 LNS, WB EXIT 3 LNS, EB & WB ENTRY 2 LNS, WB ENTRY LOOP RAMP 2 LNS, ENTRY INCL HOV LN, WIDENING INCLUDES BRIDGE OVER UPRR & RELOCATE/WIDEN VARNER 2 TO 4 LNS, ADD EB/WB AUX LNS (MONTEREY TO PORTOLA AND PORTOLA TO COOK), EXTEND 4TH WB LANE COOK TO PORTOLA	2021	71,993	Cap. Enhance
20	SH	Fin. Constr.	RIVERSIDE COUNTY	3M0729		15	I-15	HORSETHIEF CANYON RD (INTERCHANGE)		Upgraded Interchange	RECONSTRUCT/WIDEN IC FROM 2 TO 4 LANES AND RECONSTRUCT RAMPS	2035	56,079	Cap. Enhance
21	SH	Fin. Constr.	RIVERSIDE COUNTY	RIV011233	RIV011233	15	I-15	LIMONITE AVE (INTERCHANGE)		Upgraded Interchange	AT I-15/LIMONITE AVE IC - RECONSTRUCT/WIDEN LIMONITE AVE FROM 4 TO 6 THROUGH LANES BETWEEN EASTVALE GATEWAY AND 475' E/O PATS RANCH RD, RECONST/WIDEN NB AND SB EXIT RAMPS FROM 3 TO 4 LANES, REPLACE NB AND SB ENTRY RAMPS WITH ENTRY LOOP RAMPS FROM 2 TO 3 LANES, ENTRY RAMPS INCLUDE HOV LANE, RAMPS INCLUDE EXTENDED ACCELERATION/DECELERATION LANES AND EXTENDED RIGHT TURN LANES (EA 0E150).	2020	68,000	Cap. Enhance
22	SH	Fin. Constr.	RIVERSIDE COUNTY	3M0728		15	I-15	TEMESCAL CANYON (INTERCHANGE)		Upgraded Interchange	RECONSTRUCT/WIDEN TEMESCAL CANYON IC FROM 2 TO 4 LANES AND RECONSTRUCT RAMPS	2040	30,000	Cap. Enhance
23	SH	Fin. Constr.	CORONA	RIV010208	RIV010208	15	I-15	CAJALCO RD (INTERCHANGE)		Upgraded Interchange	AT I-15/CAJALCO RD IC NEAR CORONA: DESIGN, RECONST/REALIGN & WIDEN CAJALCO RD FROM 2 TO 6 THRU LNS FROM TEMESCAL CYN RD TO BEDFORD CYN RD, RECONST/WIDEN SB ENTRY FROM 1-2 LNS, SB EXIT FROM 2-5 LNS, NB ENTRY FROM 1-2 LNS, NB EXIT FROM 2-4 LNS, ADD AUX LNS	2022	74,199	Cap. Enhance
24	SH	Fin. Constr.	CORONA	RIV180102		15	l-15	ONTARIO AVE (INTERCHANGE)		Upgraded Interchange	IN THE CITY OF CORONA ON EXISTING ONTARIO AVE — WIDEN AND REALIGN EXISTING 5 TO 7 LANES BY ADDING 1 WB THRU LANE AND 1 EB THRU LANE, CONSTRUCT TIE BACK WALL AND 815' SIDEWALK W/ADA RAMPS ON THE SOUTH SIDE OF ONTARIO AVE BETWEEN COMPTON AVE AND E/O STATE ST.	2021	6,078	
25	SH	Fin. Constr.	EASTVALE	RIV050532		15	I-15	SCHLEISMAN RD (INTERCHANGE)		New Interchange	ON I-15 NEAR THE CITY OF NORCO - CONSTRUCT NEW SCHLEISMAN RD IC (6 THROUGH LANES) AND RAMPS (2 LANES) AND NB/SB AUX LANE BETWEEN SCHLEISMAN RD IC AND LIMONITE RD IC (EA: 0E140K)	2035	91,481	Cap. Enhance
25A	SH		CALTRANS	3A04A26		15	I-15	BELLEGRAVE AVE (INTERCHANGE)		New Interchange	ADD SIGNALS AND RAMPS	2030	5,492	
25B	SH		CALTRANS			15	I-15	TEMECULA PKWY	RANCHO CALIFORNIA RD	Auxiliary Lane	CONSTRUCT NB AUXILIARY LANE FROM 0.4 MI N/O TEMECULA PKWY ON-RAMP TO RANCHO CALIFORNIA RD OFF-RAMP	2025	7,520	
25C	SH		CALTRANS			15	I-15	RANCHO CALIFORNIA RD	WINCHESTER RD	Auxiliary Lane	CONSTRUCT NB AUXILIARY LANE FROM RANCHO CALIFORNIA RD ON- RAMP TO 0.2 MI S/O WINCHESTER RD OFF-RAMP	2025	8,968	
25D	SH		CALTRANS			15	I-15	WINCHESTER RD	RANCHO CALIFORNIA RD	Auxiliary Lane	CONSTRUCT SB AUXILIARY LANE FROM WINCHESTER RD ON-RAMP TO RANCHO CALIFORNIA RD OFF-RAMP	2025	11,964	
25E	SH		CALTRANS			15	I-15	RANCHO CALIFORNIA RD	TEMECULA PKWY	Auxiliary Lane	CONSTRUCT SB AUXILIARY LANE FROM RANCHO CALIFORNIA RD ON- RAMP TO TEMECULA PKWY OFF-RAMP	2025	11,022	
25E	SH		CALTRANS			15	I-15	TEMESCAL CANYON RD	CAJALCO RD	Auxiliary Lane	CONSTRUCT NB & SB AUXILIARY LANES FROM 0.25 MI N/O TEMESCAL CANYON RD IC TO 0.17 MI N/O CAJALCO RD IC	2027	31,772	



Project #	System	Funding Status	Lead Agency	RTP_PROJ1	RTP_PROJ2	Rte.#	Rte. Name	From	То	Project Description	Rte. & Project Description	Completion Year	Project Cost In Thousands	Major Category
26	SH	Fin. Constr.	LAKE ELSINORE	RIV060109	RIV060109	15	I-15	CENTRAL AVE (INTERCHANGE)		Jpgrade Interchange/Lane	AT I-15/SR74 (CENTRAL AVE) IC JCT MOD. BTWN 1,000 FT W/O COLLIER AVE TO RIVERSIDE ST: ADD NB LOOP ENTRY RAMP WITH ACCEL LN, REALIGN NB ENTRY & EXIT RAMPS, ADD SB ACCEL/DECEL LNS, ADD NB DECEL LN, WIDEN SR 74 FROM RIVERSIDE DR. TO CENTRAL AVE 2 TO 4 THROUGH LANES AND FROM COLLIER AVE TO CAMBERN AVE FROM 6 TO 8 THRU LNS.	2025	37,750	Cap. Enhance
27	SH	Fin. Constr.	LAKE ELSINORE	3M0734		15	I-15	MALAGA RD (OVERCROSSING)		New Overcrossing	CONSTRUCT NEW 4 LANE OC OVER I-15	2028	35,346	Cap. Enhance
28	SH	Fin. Constr.	LAKE ELSINORE	3M0736		15	I-15	NICHOLS RD (INTERCHANGE)		Upgraded Interchange	RECONSTRUCT/WIDEN IC FROM 2 TO 6 LANES AND RECONSTRUCT/WIDEN RAMPS	2025	47,122	Cap. Enhance
29	SH	Fin. Constr.	LAKE ELSINORE	3160004		15	I- 1 5	MAIN ST (INTERCHANGE)		Upgraded Interchange	ON I-15 AT MAIN ST IC - WIDENING OF MAIN ST UC FROM ONE LANE IN EA DIR TO TWO LANES IN EA DIR, FROM 200 FT W/O THE SB OFF- RAMP TO CAMINO DEL NORTE INTERSECTION (700 FT); ADD TWO ADDITIONAL LEFT TURN POCKETS TO THE I-15 NB AND SB ON- RAMPS; WIDEN I-15 SB OFF RAMP FROM TWO LANES TO FOUR LANES APPROACHING MAIN ST, WITH TWO LEFT TURNING LANES AND TWO RIGHT TURNING LANES (1,500 LF); WIDEN I15 SB ON RAMP FROM ONE LANE TO TWO LANES (12 FT WIDE EACH PLUS 8 FT SHOULDER ONTO I-15) (2,500 LF); WIDEN NB OFF-RAMP FROM ONE LANE TO THREE LANES BUT STRIPED FOR TWO LANES (36 FT WIDE PLUS AN 8 FT SHOULDER) AND EXPAND TO THREE LANES ONCE NEW FRANKLIN IC IS CONSTRUCTED (1,860 LF); WIDEN NB ON-RAMP FROM ONE LANE TO TWO LANES ONTO I-15 WITH TAPERING ACCELERATION LANE (1,900 LF). CONSTRUCT NEW TRAFFIC SIGNALSAT THE ON AND OFF RAMPS INTERSECTIONS.		21,270	Cap. Enhance
30	SH	Fin. Constr.	LAKE ELSINORE	3M0737		15	I-15	LAKE ST (INTERCHANGE)		Upgraded Interchange	RECONSTRUCT/WIDEN IC FROM 2 TO 6 LANES AND RECONSTRUCT/WIDEN RAMPS	2025	20,275	Cap. Enhance
31	SH	Fin. Constr.	LAKE ELSINORE	RIV180144		15	I- 1 5	MAIN ST (INTERCHANGE)		Upgraded Interchange	N THE CITY OF LAKE ELSINORE - MAIN ST/I-15 IC IMPROVEMENTS: WIDENING OF NB MAIN ST UNDER THE FREEWAY FROM 1 TO 2 LNS, ADD AN ADDITIONAL LN TO THE NB ENTRANCE AND EXIT RAMPS. WIDEN SB OFF RAMP TO ACCOMODATE 1 RT LN, 1 LT LN, AND 1 THRU LT LN AT MAIN ST INTERSECTION. INSTALL RAMP METERS & TRAFFIC SIGNALS AT THE ON & OFF RAMPS INTERSECTIONS, AND CAMINO DEL NORTE/MAIN ST INTERSECTION.	2025	4,200	
32	SH	Fin. Constr.	LAKE ELSINORE	RIV010206A		15	I-15	FRANKLIN ST (INTERCHANGE)		Upgraded Interchange (2022)	AT I-15/RR CYN RD IC & NEW I-15/FRANKLIN ST IC: WIDEN RC CYN RD UC FROM 7 TO 8 LANES (SUMMERHILL DR - MISSION TR), RCNSTCT NB EXIT/ ENTRY RAMPS TO HOOK RAMP CNECTN TO GRAPE ST, WIDEN SB ENTRANCE RAMP FROM 1-2 LNS, WIDEN SHLDRS SB EXIT RAMP, WIDEN GRAPE ST TO CONST DEDICATED RT TN LN AT NB HOOK RAMP AND RR CYN RD, & CONS RAMP ACCEL/DECEL LNS AT RR CYN RD	2022	35,000	Cap. Enhance
33	SH		LAKE ELSINORE	RIV010206B		15	l-15	FRANKLIN ST (INTERCHANGE)		Upgraded Interchange (2032)	CONS NEW I-15/FRANKLIN ST IC, CONST AUX LNS FROM FRANKLIN ST IC TO MAIN ST IC & FROM FRANKLIN ST IC TO RR CYN IC, REALIGN & RECONSTRUCT MAIN ST SB ON RAMP FROM 1-2 LNS, ON WS OF I-15 CONST AUTO CENTER DR EXTNSN FROM EX FRANKLIN ST TO ADOBE ST & ON ES OF I-15 AND CONS CNY ESTATE DR EXT FROM EX FRANKLIN ST TO CAMINO DEL NORTE	2032	58,000	Cap. Enhance



Project #	System	Funding Status	Lead Agency	RTP_PROJ1	RTP_PROJ2	Rte.#	Rte. Name	From	То	Project Description	Rte. & Project Description	Completion Year	Project Cost In Thousands	Major Category
34	SH	Fin. Constr.	MURRIETA	3M0730		15	I-15	MURRIETA HOT SPRINGS RD (INTERCHANGE)		Upgraded Interchange	AT I-15/MURRIETA HOT SPRINGS RD IC - CONSTRUCT NEW NB LOOP ON RAMP AND REALIGN EXISTING NB OFF RAMP (EA: 0J650K)	2025	8,100	Cap. Enhance
35	SH	Fin. Constr.	NORCO	3M04WT005		15	I-15	6TH ST (INTERCHANGE)		Upgraded Interchange	RECONSTRUCT INTERCHANGE/RAMPS/ CHANNELIZATION IMPROVEMENTS	2030	23,916	Others
36	SH	Fin. Constr.	NORCO	3M0733		15	I-15	2ND ST (INTERCHANGE)		Upgraded Interchange	RECONSTRUCT/WIDEN IC FROM 2 TO 4 LANES AND WIDEN RAMPS	2028	7,863	Cap. Enhance
37	SH	Fin. Constr.	NORCO	3M04WT007		15	I-15	HIDDEN VALLEY PKWY (INTERCHANGE)		Upgraded Interchange	RECONSTRUCT INTERCHANGE/RAMPS/ CHANNELIZATION IMPROVEMENTS	2025	4,403	Others
38	SH	Fin. Constr.	TEMECULA	RIV031215	RIV031215	15	I-15/FRENCH VALLEY PKWY	JEFFERSON ST	YNEZ RD	Upgraded Interchange	FRENCH VALLEY PKWY IC/ARTERIAL PHASES: PH II - CONSTRUCT 2 LN NB CD (N/O WINCHESTERIC ON-RAMPS TO JUST N/O RTE 15/215 JCT WITH CONNECTORS TO RTE 15 AND RTE 215 (I-215 PM: 8.43 TO 9.75); AND PH III - CONSTRUCT 6 LN OC (JEFFERSON TO YNEZ) & RAMPS, NB/SB AUX LN, CD LNS (1 LN NB & 3 LN SB) & MODIFY WINCHESTER RD IC (EA:43272) (PPNO. 0021K).	2028	218,169	Cap. Enhance
39	SH	Fin. Constr.	TEMECULA	3M0721		15	I-15	RANCHO CALIFORNIA RD (INTERCHANGE)		Upgraded Interchange	RECONFIGURE 4 TO 6 LANE IC AND RAMPS AT I-15 AND RANCHO CALIFORNIA. TYPE OF LANES FOR ARTERIAL WIDENING WILL BE THROUGH LANES.	2035	59,124	Cap. Enhance
40	SH	Strategic Plan	TEMECULA	3163SP001		15	I-15	1-15/I-215 JCT	San Diego County Line	Add 2 Mixed Flow Lanes and 2 HOV Lanes	CONSTRUCT 2 MIXED FLOW LNS (1 LN EA DIR) AND 2 HOV LNS (1 LN EA DIR) FROM JCT. I-15/I-215 TO RIVERSIDE COUNTY/SAN DIEGO COUNTY LINE			
41	SH	Fin. Constr.	WILDOMAR	3M0727		15	I-15	BUNDY CANYON RD (INTERCHANGE)		Upgraded Interchange	RECONSTRUCT/WIDEN BUNDY CANYON RD IC FROM 2 TO 4 LANES AND RECONSTRUCT RAMPS	2040	24,112	Cap. Enhance
42	SH	Fin. Constr.	CALTRANS	3TK04MA13		60	SR-60	NEAR GILMAN SPRINGS RD	WEST OF JCT I-10/SR60	Add Auxiliary Truck Lanes	ON SR-60 NEAR BEAUMONT: CONSTRUCT NEW EASTBOUND AND WESTBOUND TRUCK LANES FROM GILMAN SPRINGS RD TO 1.47 MILES WEST OF JACK RABBIT TRAIL AND UPGRADE EXISTING INSIDE AND OUTSIDE SHOULDERS TO STANDARD WIDTHS (10-FT INSIDE SHOULDER AND 10-FT OUTSIDE SHOULDER) (EA: 0N69U) - CMAQ PM2.5 BENEFITS PROJECT. \$802.9 TC WILL BE UTILIZED FOR CMAQ ENG IN FY 14/15.	2021	126,282	Cap. Enhance
43	SH	Fin. Constr.	BEAUMONT	RIV050535	RIV050535	60	SR-60	PORTRERO BLVD (INTERCHANGE)		New Interchange	ON SR60 BTWN JACK RABBIT TR & SR60/I-10 JCT: PH1-CONST. NEW POTRERO 6 LN OC (3 LNS EACH DIR) W/TEMP CONNECT TO WESTERN KNOLLS (EA34141/34143). PH2: NEW IC ON/OFF RAMPS. CONST. WB/EB EXIT & ENTRY RAMPS (2 LNS) & WB/EB LOOP ENTRY RAMPS (2 LNS) (ENTRY RAMPS INCL HOV LANE), INCL EB/WB AUX LNS AT EXIT RAMPS, REALIGN WESTERN KNOLLS AVE, AND REMOVE WESTERN KNOLLS AVE CONNECTION TO SR60 (EA34142/34143).		79,746	Cap. Enhance
44	SH	Fin. Constr.	JURUPA VALLEY	3M01WT020		60	SR-60	MISSION BLVD (INTERCHANGE)		Upgraded Interchange	RECONSTRUCT INTERCHANGE/RAMPS	2035	65,604	Others
45	SH	Fin. Constr.	JURUPA VALLEY	3A04A29		60	SR-60	RUBIDOUX BLVD (INTERCHANGE)		Upgraded Interchange	RECONSTRUCT/WIDEN IC, RAMPS AND CHANNELIZATION IMPROVEMENTS	2030	28,507	Others
46	SH	Fin. Constr.	MORENO VALLEY	3M0801	RIV080904	60	SR-60	THEODORE ST (INTERCHANGE)		Upgraded Interchange	AT SR-60/THEODORE ST IC: WIDEN OC FROM 2 TO 4/6 THRU LNS; WIDEN WB EXIT/ENTRY RAMPS FROM 1-2 LNS AT EXIT/ENTRY, 3 LNS AT ART. W/ HOV AT ENTRY; WIDEN EB EXIT RAMP FROM 1-2 LNS AT EXIT AND 3 LNS AT ART.; WIDEN EB ENTRY RAMP FROM 1-2 LNS W/HOV; ADD EB LOOP ENTRY WITH 2 LNS AT ART AND 1 LN AT ENTRY; ADD AUX LNS 1400' EB DIR E/O IC, 2,500' EB DIR W/O IC, 2,300' WB DIR W/O IC & 1,700' WB DIR E/O IC	2024	96,613	Cap. Enhance
47	SH	Fin. Constr.	MORENO VALLEY	3M0714	RIV080903	60	SR-60	GILMAN SPRINGS RD (INTERCHANGE)		Upgraded Interchange	AT SR-60/GILMAN SPRINGS RD IC - REALIGN GILMAN SPRINGS RD/REMOVE EXISTING EB/WB RAMPS; WIDEN OC FROM 2 TO 6 THRU LANES; WB EXIT IS 1 LANE WIDENING TO 2 LANES THEN TO 3 LANES AT ARTERIAL, WB LOOP & EB ENTRY RAMPS FROM 1 LANE TO 2 LANES W/ HOV; WIDEN EB EXIT RAMPS FROM 1 LANE TO 2 LANES AT EXIT AND 3 LANES AT ARTERIAL; ADD AUX LANES TO WEST OF IC 1200' EB AND 2200' WB	2026	70,000	Cap. Enhance



Project #	System	Funding Status	Lead Agency	RTP_PROJ1	RTP_PROJ2	Rte.#	Rte. Name	From	То	Project Description	Rte. & Project Description	Completion Year	Project Cost In Thousands	Major Category
48	SH	Fin. Constr.	MORENO VALLEY	3M0712	RIV080902	60	SR-60	REDLANDS BLVD (INTERCHANGE)		Upgraded Interchange	AT SR-60/REDLANDS BLVD - WIDEN OC FROM 2 TO 6 THRU LANES; WIDEN WB EXIT & ENTRY RAMPS FROM 1 LANE TO 2 LANES AT EXIT/ENTRY, 3 LANES AT ARTERIAL AND HOV AT ENTRY; WIDEN EB EXIT & ENTRY RAMPS FROM 1 LANE TO 2 LANES AT EXIT/ENTRY AND HOV AT ENTRY; ADD AUX LANES 1000' EACH DIRECTION WEST OF IC AND 1700' EACH DIRECTION EAST OF IC	2025	52,000	Cap. Enhance
49	SH	Fin. Constr.	MORENO VALLEY	RIV041052	RIV041052	60	SR-60	MORENO BEACH DR (INTERCHANGE)		Upgraded Interchange	IN MORENO VALLEY AT SR-60/MORENO BEACH DR IC: MODIFY MORENO BEACH DR IC - WIDEN OC FROM 2 TO 6 THROUGH LANES, REALIGN/WIDEN RAMPS (WB EXIT 1 TO 2 LANES), ADD NEW WB ENTRY RAMP (2 LANES), ADD WB AUX LANE, AND INSTALL RELATED DRAINAGE AND ASSOCIATED WORK (EA: 32303).	2025	24,000	Cap. Enhance
50	SH	Fin. Constr.	MORENO VALLEY	3A07045		60	SR-60	INDIAN ST (OVERCROSSING)	HEMLOCK AVE	Upgraded Overcrossing	IN THE CITY OF MORENO VALLEY - RECONSTRUCT INDIAN ST X-ING SR 60 FROM 150' S/O SUNNYMEAD BLVD., TO HEMLOCK AVE: COMPLETE RECONSTRUCT. OF THE BRIDGE TO PROVIDE 16'6" CLEARANCE & 4 THROUGH LANES (2 LNS IN EA DIR) & ASSOC. ST IMP. WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS (LEFT TURN POCKETS AT SUNNYMEAD AND HEMLOCK INTERSECT., RIGHT-TURN ONLY SB AT SUNNYMEAD, NEW TS AT HEMLOCK/ INDIAN ST., & INTERCONNECT MOD).		14,120	Cap. Enhance
51	SH	Fin. Constr.	MORENO VALLEY	RIV071241		60	SR-60	GRAHAM ST (OVERCROSSING)		New Overcrossing	IN MORENO VALLEY ON GRAHAM ST: CONSTRUCT 4 THROUGH LANE OC (2 LANES EACH DIR) OVER SR60 BETWEEN SUNNYMEAD BLVD AND HEMLOCK AVE, ADD SIGNALS AT HEMLOCK, LEFT-TURN POCKET LANES AT BOTH INTERSECTIONS, AND ADD PEDESTRIAN SIDEWALK (APPROX 1/4 MILES) ON OC BOTH SIDES	2026	20,100	Cap. Enhance
52	SH	Fin. Constr.	MORENO VALLEY	3M04WT017		60	SR-60	HEACOCK ST (INTERCHANGE)		Upgraded Interchange	WIDEN/RECONSTRUCT HEACOCK IC, RAMPS, AND CHANNELIZATION IMPROVEMENTS. NO ADDITIONAL LANES PLANNED.	2028	23,873	Others
53	SH	Fin. Constr.	RIVERSIDE, CITY OF	3M04WT018		60	SR-60	MAIN ST (INTERCHANGE)		Upgraded Interchange	RECONSTRUCT/WIDEN IC AND RECONSTRUCT/WIDEN RAMPS, CHANNELIZATION IMPROVEMENTS	2030	20,304	Others
54	SH	Fin. Constr.	MORENO VALLEY	3M0713		60	SR-60	PERRIS BLVD (INTERCHANGE)		Upgraded Interchange	RECONSTRUCT/WIDEN ARTERIAL FROM 4 TO 6 LANES AND RECONSTRUCT/WIDEN RAMPS	2026	37,379	Cap. Enhance
55	SH	Fin. Constr.	RCTC	3M01MA09		71	SR-71	SR-91	SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY LINE	4L Freeway to 6L Freeway	WIDEN TO 3 MF LANES EACH DIRECTION	2030	177,132	Cap. Enhance
56	SH	Fin. Constr.	RIVERSIDE COUNTY	3A04WT191		74	SR-74	I-15	ETHANAC RD	4L Arterial to 6L Arterial	WIDEN FROM 4 TO 6 LANES	2035	29,799	Cap. Enhance
57	SH	Fin. Constr.	RIVERSIDE COUNTY	3A04WT190		74	SR-74 (ETHANAC)	MATTHEWS RD	SR-79 (WINCHESTER)	2L Arterial to 4L Arterial & 4L Arterial to 6L Arterial	WIDEN FROM 2 TO 6 LANES IN THE CITY OF MENIFEE (MATTHEWS TO BRIGGS). WIDEN FROM 4 TO 6 LANES IN RIVERSIDE COUNTY (BRIGGS TO SR-79).		24,109	Cap. Enhance
62	SH	Fin. Constr.	LAKE ELSINORE	3A04WT047		74	SR-74	HUNCO WAY	ORTEGA MOUNTAINS	2L Arterial to 6L Arterial	IN MID-WESTERN RIVERSIDE COUNTY IN THE CITY OF LAKE ELSINORE: WIDENING OF SR-74 FROM 2 TO 4 THROUGH LANES (2 LANES IN EACH DIRECTION), WEST OF I-15 TO THE ORTEGA MOUNTAINS. OTHER IMPROVEMENTS INCLUDE TURN POCKETS AND ONE TRAFFIC SIGNAL AT INTERSECTION OF SR74 (RIVERSIDE DR) AND GRAND AVE (RIV131127).	2040	11,500	Cap. Enhance
63	LH	Fin. Constr.	LAKE ELSINORE	3A01WT045		74	SR-74 (GRAND AVE)	RIVERSIDE DR (SR-74)	ORTEGA HWY (SR- 74)	Widen 2-4 Lanes	WIDEN FROM 2 TO 4 LANES CHANGE FROM 6 LANES TOTAL TO 4 LANES TOTAL	2035	16,036	Cap. Enhance
64	LH	Fin. Constr.	LAKE ELSINORE	3A04WT046		74	SR-74 (RIVERSIDE DR)	LAKESHORE DR	GRAND AVE	Widen 2-6 Lanes	WIDEN FROM 2 TO 6 LANES	2030	14,954	Cap. Enhance
65	SH	Fin. Constr.	RCTC	RIV62024		79	SR79	2.0 KM S/O DOMENIGONI PKWY	GILMAN SPRINGS RD	New 4L Freeway	ON SR79 IN SOUTHWESTERN RIVERSIDE COUNTY BETWEEN 2.0 KILOMETERS SOUTH OF DOMENIGONI PKWY TO GILMAN SPRINGS ROAD: REALIGN AND WIDEN SR79 FROM 2 TO 4 THROUGH LANES.	2035	1,523,000	Cap. Enhance
66	LH	Fin. Constr.	RIVERSIDE COUNTY	3A01WT185		79	SR-79 (SANDERSON AVE)	GILMAN SPRINGS RD (AT SR-79)	RAMONA EXPWY	Widen 4-6 Lanes	WIDEN FROM 4 TO 6 LANES	2040	36,898	Cap. Enhance



Project #	System	Status	Lead Agency	_	RTP_PROJ2		Rte. Name	From	То	Project Description		Completion Year	Project Cost In Thousands	
67	SH	Fin. Constr.	RIVERSIDE COUNTY	3A04SH12		79	SR-79	HUNTER RD	DOMENIGONI PKWY	4L Arterial to 6L Arterial	WIDEN FROM 4 TO 6 LANES	2030	124,803	Cap. Enhance
68	LH	Fin. Constr.	TEMECULA	3A01WT218		79	SR-79 SOUTH (TEMECULA PKWY)	I-15	PECHANGA PKWY	Widen 6-8 Lanes	WIDEN FROM 6 TO 8 LANES	2023	2,164	Cap. Enhance
69	SH	Fin. Constr.	RIVERSIDE COUNTY	3A07186		86	SR-86	AVE 62 (INTERCHANGE)		New Interchange	CONSTRUCT NEW IC AND RAMPS AND WIDEN OC FROM 2 TO 6 LANES	2040	67,863	Cap. Enhance
70	SH	Fin. Constr.	COACHELLA	3M01CV03		86	SR-86	AVE 54 (INTERCHANGE)		New Interchange	CONSTRUCT 4 LANE BRIDGE/INTERCHANGE AND RAMPS ACROSS SR- 86S	2035	92,843	Cap. Enhance
71	SH	Fin. Constr.	COACHELLA	3M0717	RIV071274	86	SR-86	AVENUE 52 (INTERCHANGE)		New Interchange	AT SR86/AVENUE 52: WIDEN AND CONSTRUCT NEW 6 THROUGH LANE IC FROM E/O COACHELLA STORMWATER CHANNEL BRIDGE TO E/O TYLER ST. IMPROVEMENTS INCLUDE: REALIGN POLK ST AND RELOCATE AVE 52 AND POLK ST INTERSECTION, EXTENDED RAMP ACCELERATION/DECELERATION LANES, BIKE LANES, SIDEWALKS, AND RECONSTRUCT TRAFFIC SIGNALS (EA: 0C960).	2030	33,000	Cap. Enhance
72	SH	Fin. Constr.	COACHELLA	RIV061159	RIV061159	86	SR-86	AVENUE 50 (INTERCHANGE)		New Interchange	AT SR86/AVENUE 50: WIDEN AND CONSTRUCT NEW 6THROUGH LANE IC FROM E/O COACHELLA STORMWATER CHANNEL BRIDGE TO E/O TYLER ST. IMPROVEMENTS INCLUDE: EXTENDED RAMP ACCELERATION/DECELERATION LANES, RELOCATE/ REALIGN AVE 50 AND TYLER ST, BIKE LANES, SIDEWALKS, AND RECONSTRUCT TRAFFIC SIGNALS (SAFETEA LU 1702, CA583, #2543) (EA: 0C970)	2025	32,160	Cap. Enhance
73	SH	Fin. Constr.	COACHELLA	RIV180142	3M0716	86	SR-86	DILLON RD (INTERCHANGE)		Upgraded Interchange	THE CITY OF COACHELLA: AT SR-86/DILLON RD BETWEEN COACHELLA VALLEY STORMWATER CHANNEL BRIDGE TO HARRISON PL. RECONSTRUCT IC ADD ACCELERATION LANES - WIDEN FROM 4-6 LANES, INCLUDES TRAFFIC MODIFICATIONS, TURNING LANES. (EA 0K960K)	2027	26,851	
74	SH	Fin. Constr.	RIVERSIDE COUNTY	3A07195		86	SR-86	AVE 66 (INTERCHANGE)		New Interchange	CONSTRUCT NEW IC AND RAMPS AND WIDEN OC FROM 2 TO 6 LANES	2040	68,423	Cap. Enhance
75	SH	Fin. Constr.	RCTC	RIV070308	RIV070308	91	SR-91	SR-91/SR-71 INTERCHANGE		Upgraded Interchange	AT SR91/71 JCT: REPLACE EB 91 TO NB 71 CONNECTOR W/ DIRECT CONNECTOR, AND RECONSTRUCT THE GREEN RIVER ROAD EB ON-RAMP (EA: 0F541) (\$1,501/\$639/\$200 TOLL CREDITS WILL BE USED IN PS&E TO MATCH DEMO-SAFETEALU/DEMO-TEA21/STP, RESPECTIVELY. \$159 TOLL CREDITS WILL BE USED IN R/W TO MATCH DEMO-SAFETEALU.)	2023	126,663	Others
75A	SH		RCTC			91	SR-91	GREEN RIVER RD		Auxiliary Lane	CONSTRUCT 1 AUXILIARY LN WESTBOUND FROM GREEN RIVER ROAD TO SR-241	2021	53,045	
76	SH	Fin. Constr.	RIVERSIDE, CITY OF	3M01WT026		91	SR-91	TYLER ST (INTERCHANGE)		Upgraded Interchange	RECONSTRUCT/WIDEN IC AND RECONSTRUCT/WIDEN RAMPS	2030	75,000	Others
77	SH	Fin. Constr.	RIVERSIDE, CITY OF	3M01WT022		91	SR-91	ADAMS ST (INTERCHANGE)		Upgraded Interchange	RECONSTRUCT/WIDEN IC AND RECONSTRUCT/WIDEN RAMPS	2025	76,000	Others
78	SH	Fin. Constr.	PALM SPRINGS	3A01CV098		111	SR-111 (VISTA CHINO)	N. PALM CANYON DR	SUNRISE WAY	4L Arterial to 6L Arterial	WIDEN FROM 4 TO 6 LANES	2031	8,404	Cap. Enhance
79	SH	Fin. Constr.	RCTC	3H07A	RIV071276	215	I-215	NUEVO RD	BOX SPRINGS RD	6L Freeway to 8L Freeway	ON I-215 FROM NUEVO RD TO BOX SPRINGS RD: CONSTRUCT 2 LANES (1 LANE IN EACH DIRECTION) - PA&ED.	2030	212,500	Cap. Enhance
80	SH	Fin. Constr.	CALTRANS	0121D		215	I-215	SR-91	SR-60	Corridor Improvements	Corridor Improvements	2030	782,720	Cap. Enhance
81	SH	Fin. Constr.	CALTRANS	3M0738	RIV110122	215	l215	1.5 MILES N/O MURRIETA HOT SPRINGS RD	ONE MILE S/O FRENCH VALLEY PARKWAY	Add Mixed Flow and Auxilary Lane	ON I-215 IN SW RIVERSIDE COUNTY FROM ONE AND ONE-HALF MILES N/O MURRIETA HOT SPRINGS RD TO FRENCH VALLEY PKWY OFF-RAMP: CONSTRUCT A THIRD MIXED-FLOW LANE IN THE MEDIAN AND AUX- LANE FROM MURRIETA HOT SPRINGS SB ENTRANCE RAMP TO ONE-HALF MILE S/O FRENCH VALLEY PKWY OFF-RAMP (WIDEN 1215/I-15 SEPARATION FROM 2 TO 4 LANES) (EA: OF163).	2030	14,874	Cap. Enhance



Project #	System	Funding Status	Lead Agency	RTP_PROJ1	RTP_PROJ2	Rte.#	Rte. Name	From	То	Project Description	Rte. & Project Description	Completion Year	Project Cost In Thousands	Major Category
82	SH	Fin. Constr.	RCTC	RIV031218A	RIV031218A	215	I-215	PLACENTIA AVE (INTERCHANGE)		Upgraded Interchange	I-215/PLACENTIA (PL) AVE IC: CONS OF NEW ON/OFF RAMPS ON THE EAST & WEST SIDE, .3 MILES S/O PERRIS BLVD UNDRCRSG TO .5 MILES N/O OLEANDER AVE OVRCRSG. RELOCTN OF EAST FRNTGE RD 410 FT EAST, REMOVE WEST FRNTGE RD CNCTN TO PL AVE, WIDEN PL AVE BRDGE & OVRCRSG FRM 2 TO 6 LNS BTWN HARVILL AVE TO & INDIAN AVE, INSTALL HOV & RAMP METERING ON THE ON-RAMPS, INSTALL NEW TRAFFIC SIGNALS AT INDIAN AVE, EAST FRONTAGE RD & RAMP INTRSCTNS & ADVANCE FWY OH SIGNS AT SPOT LOCATIONS AT PM R27.9, R, R30.7, R31.0, & R32.8.		68,420	
83	SH	Fin. Constr.	RIVERSIDE COUNTY	RIV011232		215	I-215	SCOTT RD (INTERCHANGE)		Upgraded Interchange (2020)	AT I-215/SCOTT RD IC: RECONST/WIDEN FROM 2 - 6 LNS (4 THRU & 2 TURN) BTWN ANTELOPE RD & HAUN RD - RECONST/WIDEN RAMPS; NB ENTRY 1 TO 3 LNS; SB EXIT 2 TO 4 LNS; ADD NB EXIT LOOP RAMP (2 LNS) & SB ENTRY LOOP RAMP (3 LNS); ENTRY RAMPS INCLUDE HOV LN; RAMPS INCLUDE EXT. ACCEL/ DECEL LNS, ADD EXT. RT LNS (PROJECT SPLIT INTO 2 PHASES - SEE RIV011232A).		57,823	Cap. Enhance
84	SH	Fin. Constr.	RIVERSIDE COUNTY	3M0724		215	I-215	ALESSANDRO BLVD (INTERCHANGE)		Upgraded Interchange	WIDEN/RECONSTRUCT IC FROM 4 TO 6 LANES AND RECONSTRUCT/WIDEN RAMPS	2045	30,000	Cap. Enhance
85	SH	Fin. Constr.	RIVERSIDE COUNTY	RIV011232B		215	I-215	SCOTT RD (INTERCHANGE)		Upgraded Interchange (2038)	AT I-215/SCOTT RD IC: WIDEN FROM 6 TO 11 LANES (7 THRU AND 4 TURN) BTWN ANTELOPE RD AND HAUN RD - RECONSTRUCT/ WIDEN RAMPS - NB EXIT INCLUDING DECELERATION LN; SB ENTRY RAMP (1 TO 2 LNS); ENTRY RAMPS INCLUDE HOV LN; RAMPS INCLUDE EXTENDED ACCELERATION/DECELERATION LANES, ADD EXTENDED RIGHT- TURN LNS PH II.	2038	58,573	Cap. Enhance
86	SH	Fin. Constr.	MENIFEE	3A04A27		215	I-215	GARBANI RD (INTERCHANGE)		New Interchange	CONSTRUCT NEW 4 LANE (2 LNS EAC DIR) AND RAMPS	2030	60,573	Cap. Enhance
87	SH	Fin. Constr.	MORENO VALLEY	RIV050533	RIV050533	215	I-215	CACTUS AVE (INTERCHANGE)		Upgraded Interchange	AT I-215/CACTUS AVE IC: WIDEN IC FROM 3 TO 6 THRU LNS (EB FROM 2 TO 3 BTWN W/O BNSF RR TO 1300' E/O VETERANS WAY, ADD 4TH EB LANE FROM NB EXIT RAMP TO E/O ELSWORTH ST, WIDEN WB FROM 1&2 TO 3 THRU LNS FROM COMMERCE CENTER DR TO BNSF RR), WIDEN RAMPS 1 TO 2	2026	65,370	Cap. Enhance
88	SH	Fin. Constr.	MURRIETA	3M10WT03	RIV100107	215	I-215	KELLER RD (INTERCHANGE)		Upgraded Interchange	IN SW RIVERSIDE CO. I-215/KELLER RD. IC: REPLACE EXISTING 2-LN I-215/KELLER RD. UNDERPASS WITH A NEW 4-LN (2 LNS IN EA DIR), AUX LANES AT THE SB OFF-RAMP & NB OFF-RAMP (APPROX. 2,400'), ADD 3-LN NB/SB OFF RAMPS, 2-LN NB/SB ON-RAMPS W/HOV, SWS, AND TWO 2-LN TRAFFIC CIRCLES AT THE RAMP TERMINI, AND REALIGN ANTELOPE RD APPROX 1/4 MI EAST.	2022	32,000	Cap. Enhance
89	SH	Fin. Constr.	PERRIS	3M0731		215	I-215	ELLIS AVE (INTERCHANGE)		New Interchange	CONSTRUCT NEW 2 LANE IC AND RAMPS (1 LANE)	2040	130,412	Cap. Enhance
90	SH	Fin. Constr.	PERRIS	3M0708		215	I-215	RAMONA EXPWY (INTERCHANGE)		Upgraded Interchange	RECONSTRUCT/WIDEN FROM 4 TO 8 LANES, WIDEN SB AND NB EXIT RAMPS AT I-215/RAMONA EXPWY IC AND OC, CONSTRUCT DUAL LEFT-TURN LANES AT THE EXIT RAMPS TEMINI	2035	86,469	Cap. Enhance
91	SH	Fin. Constr.	PERRIS	3A04WT059		215	I-215	HARLEY KNOX BLVD (INTERCHANGE)		Upgraded Interchange	RECONSTRUCT AND WIDEN HARLEY KNOX BLVD OC FROM 2 TO 4 LANES AND RECONSTRUCT/WIDEN RAMPS	2025	32,434	Cap. Enhance
92	SH	Fin. Constr.	PERRIS	3M04WT009	RIV091012	215	I-215	SR-74/CASE RD/MATHEWS RD (INTERCHANGE)		Upgraded Interchange	IN MID-WESTERN RIVERSIDE COUNTY IN THE CITY OF PERRIS - CASE ROAD/MATTHEWS RD. (SR-74) AT I-215 INTERCHANGE: RECONFIGURATION OF THE EXISTING CASE RD/MATTHEWS RD. (SR-74) AT I-215 IC, IMPROVING THE INTERSECTION OPERATIONS AND ELIMINATING CROSS TRAFFIC CONFLICTS ON THE SB RAMPS, WIDEN MATTHEWS RD FROM 2/3 LANES TO 4 LANES FROM CASE RD TO TRUMBLE RD (EA: 0P420).	2030	21,000	Cap. Enhance



Project #	System	Funding Status	Lead Agency	RTP_PROJ1	RTP_PROJ2	Rte.#	Rte. Name	From	То	Project Description	Rte. & Project Description	Completion Year	Project Cost In Thousands	Major Category
93	SH	Fin. Constr.	PERRIS	3M04WT014	RIV121003	215	I-215	NUEVO RD (INTERCHANGE)		Upgraded Interchange	IN CENTRAL RIVERSIDE COUNTY IN THE CITY OF PERRIS - I-215 AT NUEVO INTERCHANGE IMPROVEMENTS: WIDENING OF OC FROM 4 TO 6 LANES (3 LANES IN EA DIRECTION) AND WIDENING OF NB AND SB ENTRY RAMP FROM 2 TO 3 LANES. ADDITIONAL IMPROVEMENTS INCLUDE SIDEWALK INSTALLATION ON BOTH SIDES OF THE OC (EA: 0Q670).	2035	13,000	Cap. Enhance
94	SH	Fin. Constr.	MENIFEE	3M0719		215	I-215	SUN CITY BLVD (INTERCHANGE)		Upgraded Interchange	RECONSTRUCT/WIDEN IC FROM 4 TO 6 LANES AND RECONSTRUCT RAMPS	2024	38,000	Cap. Enhance
95	SH	Fin. Constr.	PERRIS	RIV060111		215	I-215	ETHANAC RD (INTERCHANGE)		Upgraded Interchange	IN MID WESTERN-RIVERSIDE CO IN THE CITY OF PERRIS - I- 215/ETHANAC RD IC IMP.: IC OPERATIONAL IMP. OF THE NB & SB OFF RAMPS @ I-215/ETHANAC RD AND ON ETHANAC ON EITHER SIDE OF I- 215 FOR UP TO 1,200 FT. IMPROVEMENTS CONSIST OF THE WIDENING OF THE ON AND OFF RAMPS TO PROVIDE LEFT AND RIGHT TURN POCKETS, T.S. UPGRADE AT THE RAMP TERMINI & WIDEN OC 2 TO 4 LANES WITH TURN LANES.	2030	25,000	Cap. Enhance
96	LH	Fin. Constr.	RIVERSIDE, CITY OF	3A01WT112		0	ARLINGTON AVE	MAGNOLIA AVE	ALESSANDRO BLVD	WIDEN FROM 4 TO 6 LANES	WIDEN FROM 4 TO 6 LANES	2026	13,494	Cap. Enhance
97	LH	Fin. Constr.	JURUPA VALLEY		3A04WT125	0	ARMSTRONG RD	SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY LINE	VALLEY WAY	WIDEN FROM 2 TO 4 LANES	WIDEN FROM 2 TO 4 LANES	2035	8,940	Cap. Enhance
98	LH	Fin. Constr.	RIVERSIDE COUNTY	3A07193		0	AVE 62	FILLMORE ST	PIERCE ST	WIDEN FROM 2 TO 6 LANES	WIDEN FROM 2 TO 6 LANES	2038	45,825	Cap. Enhance
99	LH	Fin. Constr.	RIVERSIDE COUNTY	3A07192		0	AVE 62	POLK ST	FILLMORE ST	WIDEN FROM 2 TO 6 LANES	WIDEN FROM 2 TO 6 LANES	2045	19,074	Cap. Enhance
100	LH	Fin. Constr.	RIVERSIDE COUNTY	3A07188		0	AVE 62	JACKSON ST	VAN BUREN ST	WIDEN FROM 2 TO 6 LANES	WIDEN FROM 2 TO 6 LANES	2034	14,764	Cap. Enhance
101	LH	Fin. Constr.	RIVERSIDE COUNTY	3A07189		0	AVE 62	VAN BUREN ST	HARRISON ST	WIDEN FROM 2 TO 6 LANES	WIDEN FROM 2 TO 6 LANES	2040	14,195	Cap. Enhance
102	LH	Fin. Constr.	RIVERSIDE COUNTY	3A07187		0	AVE 62	MONROE ST	JACKSON ST	WIDEN FROM 2 TO 6 LANES	WIDEN FROM 2 TO 6 LANES	2045	12,729	Cap. Enhance
103	LH	Fin. Constr.	RIVERSIDE COUNTY	3A07194		0	AVE 62	PIERCE ST	SR-86	WIDEN FROM 2 TO 6 LANES	WIDEN FROM 2 TO 6 LANES	2040	12,394	Cap. Enhance
104	LH	Fin. Constr.	RIVERSIDE COUNTY	3A07190		0	AVE 62	HARRISON ST	TYLER ST	WIDEN FROM 2 TO 6 LANES	WIDEN FROM 2 TO 6 LANES	2042	9,628	Cap. Enhance
105	LH	Fin. Constr.	RIVERSIDE COUNTY	3A07191		0	AVE 62	TYLER ST	POLK ST	WIDEN FROM 2 TO 6 LANES	WIDEN FROM 2 TO 6 LANES	2041	9,331	Cap. Enhance
106	LH	Fin. Constr.	RIVERSIDE COUNTY	3G0703		0	AVENUE 62	WEST OF SR-111	WEST OF SR-86	GRADE SEPARATION - 2 LANES AT UPRR TRACKS AND SR111	GRADE SEPARATION - 2 LANES AT UPRR TRACKS AND SR111	2040	163,395	Others
107	LH	Fin. Constr.	RIVERSIDE COUNTY	3A04WT137A	RIV090903	0	CAJALCO RD.	TEMESCAL CANYON RD.	I-215	2L Arterial to 4L Arterial	IN RIVERSIDE COUNTY ON CAJALCO RD – CAJALCO RD. WIDENING FROM 2 TO 4 THRU LNS (2 IN EA DIR) FROM TEMESCAL CANYON RD. TO HARVILL AVE AND FROM 4 TO 6 LANES FROM HARVILL AVE TO I-215, INCLUDING TURN POCKETS AND A BRIDGE RECONSTRUCTION OVER A WATER CROSSING (RTP IDS: 3A04WT137 AND 3A04WT138) (PA&ED ONLY) (\$803 IN FY 09/10 AND \$344.01 IN FY 16/17 OF TC USED FOR STPL MATCH IN PA&ED).	2027	400,000	Cap. Enhance
108	LH	Fin. Constr.	COACHELLA		3A07074	0	HARRISON ST	AVE 54	AVE 56	WIDEN FROM 2 TO 4 LANES	WIDEN FROM 2 TO 4 LANES	2024	8,849	Cap. Enhance
109	LH	Fin. Constr.	INDIAN WELLS	3A07258		0	HWY 111	EL DORADO DR.	EAST CITY LIMITS.	Widen 4-6 lanes	IN EASTERN RIVERSIDE CO. IN THE COACHELLA VALLEY - HWY 111 WIDENING WITHIN INDIAN WELLS CITY LIMITS: WIDENING FROM 4 TO 6 THRU LNS (3 LNS IN EA DIR) BTWN EL DORADO & EAST CITY LIMITS (W/O WASHINGTON), INCLUDING THE INSTALL OF A RAISED, LANDSCAPE MEDIAN AND RIGHT TURN ONLY LANE AT INDIAN WELLS LN (RTP ID'S 3A07258 & 3A07259).	2022	32,779	Cap. Enhance



													Duningt	
Project #	System	Funding Status	Lead Agency	RTP_PROJ1	RTP_PROJ2	Rte.#	Rte. Name	From	То	Project Description	Rte. & Project Description	Completion Year	Project Cost In Thousands	Major Category
110	LH	Fin. Constr.	INDIAN WELLS	3A07316		0	HWY 111	DEEP CANYON CHANNEL (EAST CITY LIMITS)	570' WEST OF VILLAGE CENTER DR. (WEST CITY LIMITS)	Widen 4-6 lanes	IN EASTERN RIVERSIDE CO. IN THE COACHELLA VALLEY - HWY 111 WIDENING W/IN INDIAN WELLS CITY LIMITS: WID FROM 4 TO 6 THRU LNS (3 LNS IN EA DIR) BTWN THE WCL (570' W/O VILLAGE CTR DR) & EL DORADO DR (RTP ID'S 3A07316 & 3A07257) INCLUDING THE INSTAL OF A RAISED, LANDSCAPE MEDIAN, LEFT TURN PH @ EL DORADO DR, DUAL LEFT TURN PH @ THE SB AND EB COOK ST, RT TURN ONLY LNS AT THE EAST, WEST, AND SB COOK ST.	2022	27,788	Cap. Enhance
111	LH	Fin. Constr.	JURUPA VALLEY		3A07016	0	LIMONITE AVE	WINEVILLE AVE.	ETIWANDA AVE	WIDEN EB LANE FROM 1 LANE TO 2 LANES.	WIDEN EB LANE FROM 1 LANE TO 2 LANES.	2020	7,000	Cap. Enhance
112	LH	Fin. Constr.	JURUPA VALLEY		3A01WT163	0	LIMONITE AVE	BAIN ST.	DOWNEY ST	WIDEN FROM 2 TO 4 LANES	WIDEN FROM 2 TO 4 LANES	2020	6,500	Cap. Enhance
113	LH	Fin. Constr.	JURUPA VALLEY		3A01WT164	0	LIMONITE AVE	VAN BUREN BLVD	BALDWIN ST	WIDEN FROM 4 TO 6 LANES	WIDEN FROM 4 TO 6 LANES	2030	1,869	Cap. Enhance
114	LH	Fin. Constr.	EASTVALE		3120002	0	LIMONITE AVE	ARCHIBALD AVE	HAMNER AVE	WIDENING OF LIMONITE AVE FROM 4 TO 6 LANES	WIDENING OF LIMONITE AVE FROM 4 TO 6 LANES	2030	8,034	Cap. Enhance
114A	LH		EASTVALE			0	LIMONITE AVE	ARCHIBALD AVE	HELLMAN AVE	NEW ROADWAY	LIMONITE GAP AND BRIDGE OVER CUCAMONGA CREEK INCLUDING CAPACITY ENHANCEMENT	2035	15,550	Cap. Enhance
115	LH	Fin. Constr.	JURUPA VALLEY		3120016		MARKET ST	RUBIDOUX BLVD.	NORTH OF THE SANTA ANA RIVER	WIDEN FROM 2 TO 4 LANES	WIDEN FROM 2 TO 4 LANES	2030	31,155	Cap. Enhance
116	LH	Fin. Constr.	RIVERSIDE COUNTY	3A04WT165		0	MARKET ST	AT SANTA ANA RIVER		WIDEN FROM 2 TO 4 LANES	IN WESTERN RIVERSIDE COUNTY IN THE CITY OF JURUPA VALLEY - MARKET STREET BRIDGE REPLACEMENT: REPLACE THE EXISTING TWO LANE (ONE LANE IN EACH DIRECTION) MARKET STREET BRIDGE OVER THE SANTA ANA RIVER, 0.4 MILES NORTHWEST OF SR60 WITH A FOUR LANE (TWO LANES IN EACH DIRECTION) BRIDGE. BRIDGE NO. 56C0024	2025	40,900	Cap. Enhance
117	LH	Fin. Constr.	RANCHO MIRAGE		3A07128	0	MONTEREY AVE.	HOVLEY LN WEST	PARK VIEW DR.	WIDEN FROM 4 TO 6 LANES	IN EASTERN RIVERSIDE COUNTY IN THE COACHELLA VALLEY - MONTEREY AVE WIDENING FROM 4TO 6 THROUGH LANES (ADDING A 3RD NB & SB THROUGH LANE) FROM HOVLEY LANE WEST TO PARK VIEW DR IN THE CITIES OF RANCHO MIRAGE AND PALM DESERT, INCLUDING TS MODIFICATION, AND SIGNING AND STRIPING IMPROVEMENTS (RTP ID 3A07116 & 3A07128).	2022	5,345	Cap. Enhance
118	Ц	Fin. Constr.	RANCHO MIRAGE		3A07067	0	MONTEREY AVE.	DINAH SHORE DR.	GERALD FORD DR.		IN COACHELLA VALLEY IN RANCHO MIRAGE - WIDENING OF SOUTH BOUND MONTEREY AVE. FROM 2 TO 3 LANES FROM DINAH SHORE DR TO GERALD FORD DR. (APPROX. 3,480 L.F.). OTHER IMPROVEMENTS INCLUDE INSTALLATION OF CURB AND GUTTER, DRAINAGE IMPROVEMENTS (RETENTION BASINS), SIGNING AND STRIPING, AND TRAFFIC SIGNAL MODIFICATION AT GINGER ROGERS RD.	2017	1,850	Cap. Enhance



													TRANSFORTATION STODI	<u>/</u>
Project #	System	Funding Status	Lead Agency	RTP_PROJ1	RTP_PROJ2	Rte.#	Rte. Name	From	То	Project Description	Rte. & Project Description	Completion Year	Project Cost In Thousands	Major Category
119	LH	Fin. Constr.	CATHEDRAL CITY	3160010		0	E. PALM CANYON	CATHEDRAL CANYON DRIVE	DATE PALM DR	WIDEN FROM 4 TO 6 LANES	WIDEN FROM 4 TO 6 LANES	2027	2,562	Cap. Enhance
120	LH	Fin. Constr.	CATHEDRAL CITY	3160011		0	E. PALM CANYON	DATE PALM DR	EAST CATHEDRAL CITY LIMITS	WIDEN FROM 4 TO 6 LANES	WIDEN FROM 4 TO 6 LANES	2030	2,831	Cap. Enhance
121	LH	Fin. Constr.	CATHEDRAL CITY		3160009	0	E. PALM CANYON	WEST CATHEDRAL CITY LIMITS	CATHEDRAL CANYON DRIVE	WIDEN FROM 4 TO 6 LANES	WIDEN FROM 4 TO 6 LANES	2025	11,525	Cap. Enhance
122	LH	Fin. Constr.	RIVERSIDE COUNTY	3A07238		0	RAMON RD	MONTEREY AVE	THOUSAND PALMS CYN RD	WIDEN FROM 2 TO 4 LANES	WIDEN FROM 2 TO 4 LANES	2040	22,466	Cap. Enhance
123	LH	Fin. Constr.	RIVERSIDE COUNTY	3A07235		0	RAMON RD	INTERSECTION OF RAMON RD & VARNER RD	DATE GARDEN DR.	WIDEN FROM 4 TO 6 LANES	WIDEN FROM 4 TO 6 LANES	2040	302	Cap. Enhance
124	LH	Fin. Constr.	RIVERSIDE COUNTY	3A01WT183		0	RAMONA EXPWY	PICO AVE	BRIDGE ST	WIDENING FROM 2 TO 6 LANES	WIDEN FROM 2 TO 6 LANES	2040	80,945	Cap. Enhance
125	LH	Fin. Constr.	RIVERSIDE COUNTY	3A01WT182		0	RAMONA EXPWY	RIDER ST	PICO AVE	WIDENING FROM 4 TO 6 LANES	WIDEN FROM 4 TO 6 LANES	2035	5,661	Cap. Enhance
126	LH	Fin. Constr.	SAN JACINTO	3A01WT210		0	RAMONA EXPWY (PHASE III)	EAGLE RD	LAKE PARK DR	WIDENING FROM 4 TO 6 LANES	WIDENING FROM 4 TO 6 LANES	2030	11,716	Cap. Enhance
127	LH	Fin. Constr.	RIVERSIDE, CITY OF		3A07315	0	VAN BUREN BLVD	AUDREY AVE	GARFIELD	WIDEN FROM 4 TO 6 LANES	WIDEN FROM 4 TO 6 LANES	2026	20,000	Cap. Enhance
128	LH	Fin. Constr.	RIVERSIDE COUNTY	3A01WT199		0	VAN BUREN BLVD	MOCKINGBIRD CANYON RD	WOOD RD	WIDEN FROM 4 TO 6 LANES	WIDEN FROM 4 TO 6 LANES	2022	14,709	Cap. Enhance
129	LH	Fin. Constr.	RIVERSIDE COUNTY	3A07007		0	VAN BUREN BLVD	ORANGE TERRACE PKWY	OPPORTUNITY WAY	WIDEN FROM 4 TO 6 LANES	WIDEN FROM 4 TO 6 LANES	2025	3,983	Cap. Enhance
130	LH	N/A	JURUPA VALLEY		N/A	0	VAN BUREN BOULEVARD	LIMONITE AVENUE	SANTA ANA RIVER	WIDEN ROAD FROM 4 TO 6 LANES	WIDEN ROAD FROM 4 TO 6 LANES	2025	8,538	Cap. Enhance



State Highway and Major Roadway Projects Evaluation



State E	reeway Corridor Project Evaluation Criteria		1. CETAP Corridor, I-15 to I-215	2. Mid County Pkwy, I-215 in Perris to SR-79 in San Jacinto	Bernardino County Line to		Gilman Springs		65. SR-79, 2 KM S/O Domenigoni Pkwy to Gilman Springs Rd	Gillman Springs	79. I-215, Nuevo Rd to Box Springs Rd	80. I-215, SR-91 to SR-60	81. I-215, 1.5 Miles N/O Murrieta Hot Springs Rd to 1 Mile S/O French Valley Pkwy
1	Project Improves Safety	Notes											
	Project resolves specifically-identified safety issue				V		V						
	Project includes upgrades to improved or more current design standards		√	√	,	V	,	V	V	V	V	V	V
2	Serves Goods Movement	Notes		V		V		٧	V	V	V	V	V
2		Notes			√		√					V	
3	Does the project serve a key goods movement corridor? Provides Congestion Relief	Notes			٧		V					٧	
3	Urban	Rural											
	LOS F to LOS A	LOS F to LOS A or B											
	LOS F to LOS B	LOS F to LOS C											
	LOS F to LOS A	LOS E to LOS A or B					√ V						V
	LOS F to LOS C	LOS F to LOS D		√ V			,						•
	LOS E to LOS B	LOS E to LOS C		,									
	LOS F to LOS D	LOS F to LOS E						√	V				
	LOS E to LOS C	LOS E to LOS D											
	LOS F to LOS E	LOS D to LOS C or Better				√							
	LOS E to LOS D	N/A			√								
	N/A	N/A								√	√		
	LOS D to LOS C or Better	N/A										V	
4	Facilitates Carpool and Transit Mobility	Notes											
	Does the project serve HOT/HOV lane facilities and/or transit centers?										V	V	
5	Critical Linkage/New Corridor	Notes											
	Is the project located in a high volume freeway corridor and/or lacking a continuous parallel arterial to provide congestion relief?		√	√	√	V	V	V	V	√	V	V	√
6	Cost-Effectiveness of Safety/Operational/Maintenance Benefits	Notes											
	What is the projects benefit to cost ratio?												
	Benefit to cost ratio: High										√		√
	Benefit to cost ratio: Medium		√	V		V				V			
	Benefit to cost ratio: Low				V		√	V	V			V	
7	Supports and Provides Access to Communities	Notes											
	Does the project provide access to and/or support multiple communities?		√	√		√			√	√	V	V	√
			5	5	4	5	4	4	5	5	6	6	5



LONG RANGE TRANSPORTATION STUDY													
Region	al Streets and Roads - Capacity Increasing Projects		27. I-15 Malaga Rd Overcrossing	50. SR-60 Indian St Overcrossing Reconstruction	51. SR-60 Graham St Overcrossing Reconstruction	56. SR-74, I-15 to Ethanac Rd	57. SR-74, Matthews Road to SR-79	62. SR-74, Hunco Way to Ortega Mountains		64. SR-74 (Riverside Dr), Lakeshore Dr to Grand Ave		68. SR-79 (Temecula Pkwy), I-15 to Pechanga Pkwy	78. SR-111 (Vista Chino) Palm Canyor Dr to Sunrise Wy
1	Supports Key Regional Policies	Notes											
	Does the project support a key regional policy?										√		
2	Congestion Relief	Notes											
	Urban	Rural											
	LOS F to LOS A	LOS F to LOS A or B								V	V		
	LOS F to LOS B	LOS F to LOS C									·	V	
	LOS E to LOS A	LOS E to LOS A or B											
	LOS F to LOS C	LOS F to LOS D					V	V	√				
	LOS E to LOS B	LOS E to LOS C											
	LOS F to LOS D	LOS F to LOS E											
	LOS E to LOS C	LOS E to LOS D											
	LOS F to LOS E	LOS D to LOS C or Better				V							
	LOS E to LOS D	N/A											
	N/A	N/A	V	$\sqrt{}$	V								
	LOS D to LOS C or Better	N/A											√
3	Improves Congested Corridors or Provides Alternative Relief to Congested Corridors	Notes											
	Improves congested corridors or provides alternative relief to congested corridors?										√	√	
4	Cost-Effectiveness of Safety/Operational/Maintenance Benefits	Notes											
	What is the projects benefit to cost ratio?												
	Benefit to cost ratio: High					√	√	√				√	V
	Benefit to cost ratio: Medium									√	√		
	Benefit to cost ratio: Low			√	√				V				
5	Project Improves Safety	Notes											
	Safety is improved												
	Project resolved specifically-identified safety issue												
	Project includes upgrades to improved or more current design standards		V	√	V	V	√	V	V	√	√	V	V
6	Provides Access to Other Modes of Transportation	Notes											
	Provides access to major transit centers or HOT/HOV lanes?				İ								



											201101011011	atsi okimilok stosi	
	nal Streets and Roads - Capacity Increasing Projects		96. Arlington Ave, Magnolia Ave to Alessandro Blvd	97. Armstrong Rd, San Bernardino County Line to Valley Wy	98. Avenue 62, Fillmore St to							Tyler St to Polk	
1	Supports Key Regional Policies	Notes											
	Does the project support a key regional policy?												
2	Congestion Relief	Notes											
	Urban	Rural										1	
	LOS F to LOS A	LOS F to LOS A or B											
	LOS F to LOS B	LOS F to LOS C											
	LOS E to LOS A	LOS E to LOS A or B											
	LOS F to LOS C	LOS F to LOS D											
	LOS E to LOS B	LOS E to LOS C											
	LOS F to LOS D	LOS F to LOS E											
	LOS E to LOS C	LOS E to LOS D											
	LOS F to LOS E	LOS D to LOS C or Better											
	LOS E to LOS D	N/A											
	N/A	N/A	V	√	√	V	V	V	V	V	√	V	√ √
	LOS D to LOS C or Better	N/A											
3	Improves Congested Corridors or Provides Alternative Relief to Congested Corridors	Notes											
	Improves congested corridors or provides alternative relief to congested corridors?		√										
4	Cost-Effectiveness of Safety/Operational/Maintenance Benefits	Notes											
	What is the projects benefit to cost ratio?												
	Benefit to cost ratio: High		V	V									
	Benefit to cost ratio: Medium												
	Benefit to cost ratio: Low				√	√	√	V	V	√	V	√	V
5	Project Improves Safety	Notes											
	Safety is improved												
	Project resolved specifically-identified safety issue												
	Project includes upgrades to improved or more current design standards		√	V	√	√	√	V	V	√	V	V	V
6	Provides Access to Other Modes of Transportation	Notes											
	Provides access to major transit centers or HOT/HOV lanes?		V										
			· ·				1			1		<u> </u>	1



												ISPORTATION STUDY	
Regiona	al Streets and Roads - Capacity Increasing Projects		107. Cajalco Rd, Temescal Canyon Rd. to I- 215	St, Avenue 54	109. Hwy 111, El Dorado Dr to East City Limits		111. Limonite Ave, Wineville Ave to Etiwanda Ave	112. Limonite Ave, Bain St. to Downey St	Ava Van Buran	Avo Archibald	115. Market St, Rubidoux Blvd to North of the Santa Ana River	at Santa Ana	
1	Supports Key Regional Policies	Notes											
	Does the project support a key regional policy?		√		V	√							
2	Congestion Relief	Notes											
	Urban	Rural											
	LOS F to LOS A	LOS F to LOS A or B											
	LOS F to LOS B	LOS F to LOS C											
	LOS E to LOS A	LOS E to LOS A or B											
	LOS F to LOS C	LOS F to LOS D										V	
	LOS E to LOS B	LOS E to LOS C											
	LOS F to LOS D	LOS F to LOS E			√				√				
	LOS E to LOS C	LOS E to LOS D											
	LOS F to LOS E	LOS D to LOS C or Better	V					√					
	LOS E to LOS D	N/A					V						
	N/A	N/A		V						V	V		V
	LOS D to LOS C or Better	N/A				V							
3	Improves Congested Corridors or Provides Alternative Relief to Congested Corridors	Notes											
	Improves congested corridors or provides alternative relief to congested corridors?		\checkmark		√	√							
4	Cost-Effectiveness of Safety/Operational/Maintenance Benefits	Notes											
	What is the projects benefit to cost ratio?												
	Benefit to cost ratio: High					V		√	√	√			
	Benefit to cost ratio: Medium				V								V
	Benefit to cost ratio: Low		√	√							√	√	
5	Project Improves Safety	Notes											
	Safety is improved												
	Project resolved specifically-identified safety issue		V										
	Project includes upgrades to improved or more current design standards			V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V
6	Provides Access to Other Modes of Transportation	Notes						,		,	·		
	Provides access to major transit centers or HOT/HOV lanes?										.1	.1	



Region	al Streets and Roads - Capacity Increasing Projects		118. Monterey Ave, Dinah Shore Dr to Gerald Ford Dr	119. Palm Canyon, Cathedral Canyon Dr to Date Palm Dr	120. Palm Canyon, Date Palm Dr to East Cathedral City Limits	121. Palm Canyon, West Cathedral City Limits to Cathedral	122. Ramon Rd, Monterey Ave to Thousand Palms Cyn Rd	123. Ramon Rd, Varner Rd to Date Garden Dr.	124. Ramona Expwy, Pico Ave to Bridge St
1	Supports Key Regional Policies	Notes							
	Does the project support a key regional policy?			V	V	V			V
2	Congestion Relief	Notes							
	Urban	Rural							
	LOS F to LOS A	LOS F to LOS A or B							V
	LOS F to LOS B	LOS F to LOS C					V		
	LOS E to LOS A	LOS E to LOS A or B							
	LOS F to LOS C	LOS F to LOS D							
	LOS E to LOS B	LOS E to LOS C							
	LOS F to LOS D	LOS F to LOS E			V				
	LOS E to LOS C	LOS E to LOS D				V			
	LOS F to LOS E	LOS D to LOS C or Better							
	LOS E to LOS D	N/A							
	N/A	N/A	V	V				V	
	LOS D to LOS C or Better	N/A							
3	Improves Congested Corridors or Provides Alternative Relief to Congested Corridors	Notes							
	Improves congested corridors or provides alternative relief to congested corridors?			√	√	√			
4	Cost-Effectiveness of Safety/Operational/Maintenance Benefits	Notes							
	What is the projects benefit to cost ratio?								
	Benefit to cost ratio: High		V	V	V			\checkmark	
	Benefit to cost ratio: Medium					√			
	Benefit to cost ratio: Low						$\sqrt{}$		V
5	Project Improves Safety	Notes							
	Safety is improved								
	Project resolved specifically-identified safety issue								
	Project includes upgrades to improved or more current design standards		√	√	V	√	√	√	√
6	Provides Access to Other Modes of Transportation	Notes							
	Provides access to major transit centers or HOT/HOV lanes?								



	LONG KANGE TRANSPORTATION ST								
Regior	nal Streets and Roads - Capacity Increasing Projects		125. Ramona Expwy, Rider St to Pico Ave	126. Ramona Expwy, Eagle Rd to Lake Park Dr	127. Van Buren Blvd, Audrey Ave to Garfield	Blvd, Mockingbird	129. Van Buren Blvd, Orange Terrace Pkwy to Opportunity Way	Blvd, Limonite	114A. Limonite Blvd, Archibald Ave Ave to Hellman Ave
1	Supports Key Regional Policies	Notes							
	Does the project support a key regional policy?		V						
2	Congestion Relief	Notes							
	Urban	Rural							
	LOS F to LOS A	LOS F to LOS A or B							
	LOS F to LOS B	LOS F to LOS C							
	LOS E to LOS A	LOS E to LOS A or B							
	LOS F to LOS C	LOS F to LOS D	V	V					
	LOS E to LOS B	LOS E to LOS C							
	LOS F to LOS D	LOS F to LOS E			V	V			
	LOS E to LOS C	LOS E to LOS D							
	LOS F to LOS E	LOS D to LOS C or Better							
	LOS E to LOS D	N/A							
	N/A	N/A					√	√	V
	LOS D to LOS C or Better	N/A							
3	Improves Congested Corridors or Provides Alternative Relief to Congested Corridors	Notes							
	Improves congested corridors or provides alternative relief to congested corridors?					√	V		
4	Cost-Effectiveness of Safety/Operational/Maintenance Benefits	Notes							
	What is the projects benefit to cost ratio?								
	Benefit to cost ratio: High		V	√		V	√	V	
	Benefit to cost ratio: Medium				V				√
	Benefit to cost ratio: Low								
5	Project Improves Safety	Notes							
	Safety is improved								
	Project resolved specifically-identified safety issue								
	Project includes upgrades to improved or more current design standards		V	√	√	V	V	V	
6	Provides Access to Other Modes of Transportation	Notes							
	Provides access to major transit centers or HOT/HOV lanes?								
	ı			1	1	1		1	1



Interch	hange Project Evaluation Criteria		3. I-10/SR-60 Interchange	5. I-10 /Highland Springs Ave IC Improvement		7. I-10/ Pennsylvania Ave Reconstruction	8. I-10/ SR-79/ Beaumont Ave Reconstruction	Valley Pkwy	10. I-10/ Singleton Rd Reconstruction		12. I-10/ County Line Rd Reconstruction	
1	Project Improves Safety	Notes										
	Project resolves specifically-identified safety issue											√
	Project includes upgrades to improved or more current design standards		√	√	√	√	V	√	√	V	√	
2	Provides Mobility and Congestion Relief	Notes										
	Provides relief for existing congested facilities?		$\sqrt{}$									
3	Serves Congested or Developing Corridors	Notes										
	Serves Congested or Developing Corridors		V	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$		V		V	$\sqrt{}$	√
4	Serves or Provides Access Regional and/or Corridor Transit Routes	Notes										
	Provides acces to major transit centers or HOT/HOV lanes?											
5	Cost-Effectiveness of Safety/Operational/Maintenance Benefits	Notes										
	What is the projects benefit to cost ratio?											
	Benefit to cost ratio: High											
	Benefit to cost ratio: Medium						√		V			
	Benefit to cost ratio: Low		V	√	√	√		√		V	√	√
6	Serves Goods Movement	Notes										
	Does the project serve a key goods movement corridor?		V				V					
7	New Interchange	Notes										
	Is the project a new interchange and provides congestion relief to other congested interchanges?											
8	Supports and Provides Access to Communities	Notes										
	Does the interchange provide access to and/or support 3 or more communities?		√				√					



hange Project Evaluation Criteria		14. I-10/ Landau Blvd Interchange	15. I-10/ Avenue 50 Interchange	Rd	Jackson St	18. I-10/ Monroe St Reconstruction	19. I-10/ Portola Ave Interchange	20. I-15/ Horsethief Canyon Rd Reconstruction	21. I-15/ Limonite Ave Reconstruction	22. I-15/ Temescal Canyon Reconstruction	23. I-15/ Cajalco Rd Reconstruction
Project Improves Safety	Notes										
Project resolves specifically-identified safety issue											V
Project includes upgrades to improved or more current design standards					V	\checkmark	$\sqrt{}$	V			
Provides Mobility and Congestion Relief	Notes										
Provides relief for existing congested facilities?											$\sqrt{}$
Serves Congested or Developing Corridors	Notes										
Serves Congested or Developing Corridors		V	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$		$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	V	√	V	V
Serves or Provides Access Regional and/or Corridor Transit Routes	Notes										
Provides acces to major transit centers or HOT/HOV lanes?											√
Cost-Effectiveness of Safety/Operational/Maintenance Benefits	Notes										
What is the projects benefit to cost ratio?											
Benefit to cost ratio: High											
Benefit to cost ratio: Medium											
Benefit to cost ratio: Low		V	√	V	V	√	V	V	√	V	V
Serves Goods Movement	Notes										
Does the project serve a key goods movement corridor?											
New Interchange	Notes										
Is the project a new interchange and provides congestion relief to other congested interchanges?		√									
Supports and Provides Access to Communities	Notes										
Does the interchange provide access to and/or support 3 or more communities?											√
	Project Improves Safety Project resolves specifically-identified safety issue Project includes upgrades to improved or more current design standards Provides Mobility and Congestion Relief Provides relief for existing congested facilities? Serves Congested or Developing Corridors Serves Congested or Developing Corridors Serves or Provides Access Regional and/or Corridor Transit Routes Provides acces to major transit centers or HOT/HOV lanes? Cost-Effectiveness of Safety/Operational/Maintenance Benefits What is the projects benefit to cost ratio? Benefit to cost ratio: High Benefit to cost ratio: Medium Benefit to cost ratio: Low Serves Goods Movement Does the project serve a key goods movement corridor? New Interchange Is the project a new interchange and provides congestion relief to other congested interchanges? Supports and Provides Access to Communities	Project Improves Safety Project resolves specifically-identified safety issue Project includes upgrades to improved or more current design standards Provides Mobility and Congestion Relief Provides relief for existing congested facilities? Serves Congested or Developing Corridors Serves Congested or Developing Corridors Serves or Provides Access Regional and/or Corridor Transit Routes Provides access to major transit centers or HOT/HOV lanes? Cost-Effectiveness of Safety/Operational/Maintenance Benefits What is the projects benefit to cost ratio? Benefit to cost ratio: High Benefit to cost ratio: Medium Benefit to cost ratio: Medium Benefit to cost ratio: Low Serves Goods Movement Does the project serve a key goods movement corridor? New Interchange Is the project a new interchange and provides congestion relief to other congested interchanges? Supports and Provides Access to Communities Notes	Anange Project Evaluation Criteria Project Improves Safety Project rincludes upgrades to improved or more current design standards Provides Mobility and Congestion Relief Provides relief for existing congested facilities? Serves Congested or Developing Corridors Serves Congested or Developing Corridors Notes Serves or Provides Access Regional and/or Corridor Transit Routes Provides acces to major transit centers or HOT/HOV lanes? Cost-Effectiveness of Safety/Operational/ Maintenance Benefits What is the projects benefit to cost ratio: High Benefit to cost ratio: Hedium Benefit to cost ratio: Low Serves Goods Movement Does the project serve a key goods movement corridor? New Interchange Is the project a new interchange and provides congestion relief to other congested interchanges? Supports and Provides Access to Communities Notes	Avenue 50 Interchange Project Improves Safety Project resolves specifically-identified safety issue Project resolves specifically-identified safety issue Project includes upgrades to improved or more current design standards Provides Mobility and Congestion Relief Provides Regional Confession Relief Provides relief for existing congested facilities? Serves Congested or Developing Corridors Notes Serves Congested or Developing Corridors Notes Provides Access to major transit Routes Provides Access to major transit centers or HO7/HOV lanes? Cost-Effectiveness of Safety/Operational/Maintenance Benefits Notes Benefit to cost ratio: High Benefit to cost ratio: Low Serves Goods Movement Notes Does the project serve a key goods movement corridor? New Interchange Notes Supports and Provides Access to Communities Notes Landau Blvd Interchange Inte	Landau Blvd Interchange Project Improves Safety Notes Project Improved or more current design standards Notes Project Improved or more current design standards Notes Provides Mobility and Congestion Relief Notes Provides Relief for existing congested facilities? Notes Provides Relief for existing congested facilities? Notes Provides Received or Developing Corridors Notes Provides Access Regional and/or Corridor Transit Routes Notes Provides Access Regional and/or Corridor Transit Routes Notes Provides Access Regional and/or Corridor Transit Routes Notes Provides Access Regional And Francisco Provides Acces	Landau Blvd Interchange Reconstruction	Landau Blvd Interchange Reconstruction Reconstruct	Anage Project Evaluation Criteria Project provides Safety Project resolves specifically-identified safety issue Project provides Mills and Cangesting Reconstruction Provides Mills and Cangesting Relief Provides Reconstruction Reconstruction Provides Reconstr	Landau Blvd, Interchange Project Evaluation Criteria Project Evaluation Criteria Notes Project Includes upgrades to improved or more current design standards Provides reading foreitish Congestion (Provides Access Reconstruction (Provides Access Recon	14-120	15-107 1



nterch	nange Project Evaluation Criteria		24. I-15/ Ontario Ave Reconstruction	25. I-15/ Schleisman Rd Interchange		Nichols Rd	29. I-15/ Main St Improvements	Lake St	31. I-15/ Main St Interchange Improvements		33. I-15/ Franklin St Interchange	34. I-15/ Murrieta Hot Springs Rd Improvements
1	Project Improves Safety	Notes										
	Project resolves specifically-identified safety issue											
	Project includes upgrades to improved or more current design standards		√	√	V	V	V	√		√	V	√
2	Provides Mobility and Congestion Relief	Notes										
	Provides relief for existing congested facilities?		$\sqrt{}$									
3	Serves Congested or Developing Corridors	Notes										
	Serves Congested or Developing Corridors		$\sqrt{}$	V	V	V	V	\checkmark	V	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	√
4	Serves or Provides Access Regional and/or Corridor Transit Routes	Notes										
	Provides acces to major transit centers or HOT/HOV lanes?		√									
5	Cost-Effectiveness of Safety/Operational/Maintenance Benefits	Notes										
	What is the projects benefit to cost ratio?											
	Benefit to cost ratio: High		√						V			√
	Benefit to cost ratio: Medium											
	Benefit to cost ratio: Low			V	V	V	V	V		V	V	
6	Serves Goods Movement	Notes										
	Does the project serve a key goods movement corridor?											
7	New Interchange	Notes										
	Is the project a new interchange and provides congestion relief to other congested interchanges?											
8	Supports and Provides Access to Communities	Notes										
	Does the interchange provide access to and/or support 3 or more communities?											



Interch	nange Project Evaluation Criteria			36. I-15/ 2nd St Reconstruction		Valley Pkwy	California	41. I-15/ Bundy Canyon Rd Reconstruction	Portrero Blvd		45. SR-60/ Rubidoux Blvd Reconstruction	
1	Project Improves Safety	Notes										
	Project resolves specifically-identified safety issue											
	Project includes upgrades to improved or more current design standards		√	√	√	√	√	V	V	V	√	V
2	Provides Mobility and Congestion Relief	Notes										
	Provides relief for existing congested facilities?					\checkmark	$\sqrt{}$					
3	Serves Congested or Developing Corridors	Notes										
	Serves Congested or Developing Corridors		V	\checkmark	\checkmark	√	\checkmark	V	$\sqrt{}$	V	$\sqrt{}$	V
4	Serves or Provides Access Regional and/or Corridor Transit Routes	Notes										
	Provides acces to major transit centers or HOT/HOV lanes?											
5	Cost-Effectiveness of Safety/Operational/Maintenance Benefits	Notes										
	What is the projects benefit to cost ratio?											
	Benefit to cost ratio: High			√	√							
	Benefit to cost ratio: Medium		√					√				
	Benefit to cost ratio: Low					√	√		V	√	√	√
6	Serves Goods Movement	Notes										
	Does the project serve a key goods movement corridor?											
7	New Interchange	Notes										
	Is the project a new interchange and provides congestion relief to other congested interchanges?					√			√			
8	Supports and Provides Access to Communities	Notes										
	Does the interchange provide access to and/or support 3 or more communities?					√						



nterch	nange Project Evaluation Criteria		47. SR-60/ Gilman Springs Rd Improvements	Improvements	49. SR-60/ Moreno Beach Dr Improvements	Heacock St Reconstruction	53. SR-60/ Main St Reconstruction	54. SR 60/Perris Blvd Reconstruction	69. SR-86/ Avenue 62 Interchange	70. SR-86/ Avenue 54 Interchange	71. SR-86/ Avenue 52 Interchange	72. SR-86/ Avenue 50 Interchange		
1	Project Improves Safety	Notes												
	Project resolves specifically-identified safety issue													
	Project includes upgrades to improved or more current design standards					√	V		$\sqrt{}$	V	√	V		
2	Provides Mobility and Congestion Relief	Notes												
	Provides relief for existing congested facilities?													
3	Serves Congested or Developing Corridors	Notes												
	Serves Congested or Developing Corridors		V	V	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	V		
4	Serves or Provides Access Regional and/or Corridor Transit Routes	Notes												
	Provides acces to major transit centers or HOT/HOV lanes?													
5	Cost-Effectiveness of Safety/Operational/Maintenance Benefits	Notes												
	What is the projects benefit to cost ratio?													
	Benefit to cost ratio: High						√							
	Benefit to cost ratio: Medium							V						
	Benefit to cost ratio: Low		V	V	V	V			√	√	V	V		
6	Serves Goods Movement	Notes												
	Does the project serve a key goods movement corridor?								$\sqrt{}$	V	√	V		
7	New Interchange	Notes												
	Is the project a new interchange and provides congestion relief to other congested interchanges?													
8	Supports and Provides Access to Communities	Notes												
	Does the interchange provide access to and/or support 3 or more communities?													



Interch	ange Project Evaluation Criteria		73. SR-86/ Dillon Rd Reconstruction	74. SR- 86/Avenue 66 Interchange	75. SR-91/ SR-71 Reconstruction	76. SR-91/ Tyler St Reconstruction	77. SR-91/ Adams St Reconstruction	82. I-215/ Placentia Ave	83. I-215/ Scott Rd Reconstruction	84. I-215/ Alessandro Blvd Reconstruction	85. I-215/ Scott Rd Reconstruction	86. I- 215/Garbani Rd Interchange
1	Project Improves Safety	Notes										
	Project resolves specifically-identified safety issue											
	Project includes upgrades to improved or more current design standards						$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$		$\sqrt{}$		
2	Provides Mobility and Congestion Relief	Notes										
	Provides relief for existing congested facilities?									$\sqrt{}$		
3	Serves Congested or Developing Corridors	Notes										
	Serves Congested or Developing Corridors		√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√
4	Serves or Provides Access Regional and/or Corridor Transit Routes	Notes										
	Provides acces to major transit centers or HOT/HOV lanes?				V	√	√			V		
5	Cost-Effectiveness of Safety/Operational/Maintenance Benefits	Notes										
	What is the projects benefit to cost ratio?											
	Benefit to cost ratio: High				√							
	Benefit to cost ratio: Medium									√		
	Benefit to cost ratio: Low		V	√		√	√	V	√		V	√
6	Serves Goods Movement	Notes										
	Does the project serve a key goods movement corridor?		√	√	√			√		V		
7	New Interchange	Notes										
	Is the project a new interchange and provides congestion relief to other congested interchanges?							V				
8	Supports and Provides Access to Communities	Notes										
	Does the interchange provide access to and/or support 3 or more communities?				V					V		



Interch	ange Project Evaluation Criteria		87. I-215/ Cactus Ave Reconstruction	88. I-215/ Keller Rd Reconstruction	89. I-215/ Ellis Ave Interchange	90. I-215/ Ramona Expwy Reconstruction	Harley Knox	92. I-215/ SR-74 Case Rd Reconstruction	Nuevo Rd	94. I-215/ Sun City Blvd Reconstruction	Ethanac Rd
1	Project Improves Safety	Notes									
	Project resolves specifically-identified safety issue					V					
	Project includes upgrades to improved or more current design standards			V	√		V		V	V	
2	Provides Mobility and Congestion Relief	Notes									
	Provides relief for existing congested facilities?					$\sqrt{}$					
3	Serves Congested or Developing Corridors	Notes									
	Serves Congested or Developing Corridors		V	V	√	√	V	√	V	V	$\sqrt{}$
4	Serves or Provides Access Regional and/or Corridor Transit Routes	Notes									
	Provides acces to major transit centers or HOT/HOV lanes?							V			
5	Cost-Effectiveness of Safety/Operational/Maintenance Benefits	Notes									
	What is the projects benefit to cost ratio?										
	Benefit to cost ratio: High						V	√	V		
	Benefit to cost ratio: Medium										
	Benefit to cost ratio: Low		V	V	√	√		V		√	V
6	Serves Goods Movement	Notes									
	Does the project serve a key goods movement corridor?		V				V				
7	New Interchange	Notes									
	Is the project a new interchange and provides congestion relief to other congested interchanges?										
8	Supports and Provides Access to Communities	Notes									
	Does the interchange provide access to and/or support 3 or more communities?					√		V			



								1 2010	ANGE TRANSPORTATION STUDY	
Interch	nange Project Evaluation Criteria		12A. I- 10/Sandalwood Dr Improvements	25A. I- 15/Bellegrave Interchange	25B. I- 15/Temecula Pkwy to Rancho California Rd Aux Lane	25C. I- 15/Rancho California Rd to Winchester Rd Aux Lane	Phys Aux Lane	toTomocula	25F. I- 15/Temescal Canyon to Cajalco Rd Aux Lane	75A. SR- 91/Green River Rd to SR-241 Aux Lane
1	Project Improves Safety	Notes								
	Project resolves specifically-identified safety issue			,						
	Project includes upgrades to improved or more current design standards		V	√	V	V	V	V	V	√
2	Provides Mobility and Congestion Relief	Notes								
	Provides relief for existing congested facilities?			$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$					$\sqrt{}$
3	Serves Congested or Developing Corridors	Notes								
	Serves Congested or Developing Corridors		V	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$		$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	\checkmark
4	Serves or Provides Access Regional and/or Corridor Transit Routes	Notes								
	Provides acces to major transit centers or HOT/HOV lanes?			√						√
5	Cost-Effectiveness of Safety/Operational/Maintenance Benefits	Notes								
	What is the projects benefit to cost ratio?									
	Benefit to cost ratio: High			$\sqrt{}$						
	Benefit to cost ratio: Medium									
	Benefit to cost ratio: Low		V		√	√	√	√	V	V
6	Serves Goods Movement	Notes								
	Does the project serve a key goods movement corridor?		V	$\sqrt{}$						
7	New Interchange	Notes								
	Is the project a new interchange and provides congestion relief to other congested interchanges?			V						
8	Supports and Provides Access to Communities	Notes								
	Does the interchange provide access to and/or support 3 or more communities?									



Benefit/Cost Calculation



							Sa	afety Ber	nefits:		Opera	tional Be	nefits:		Maint	enance B	enefits:		Trave	l Time	Benefits:	
								x ADT x				ADT x L (L			(Full Red	construct	ion Only):	\$20.0			Annual Travel Hours	İ
							x Proj	ect Desig	n Life	(DL)	x Pro	ject Desig	n Life		\$176,	,000 x L (L	ength)		x Pro	ject De	sign Life	İ
																			Reduction			
																			in Annual			
Project				Length				Length				Length							Travel			B/C
Number	Route Name	From	То	(mi)	Project Type		ADT	(mi)	DL	Value	ADT	(mi)	DL	Value		Length (r	Value		Hours	DL	Value	Ratio
1	CETAP CORRIDOR	I-15	I-215	17.0	New 6L Freeway	\$12.82	100,000	17.0	20	\$435,880,000 \$0.011	100,000	17.0	20	\$374,000	\$176,000	17.0	\$2,992,000	\$20.00	6,563,678	20	\$2,625,471,282	1.29
2	MID COUNTY PARKWAY	/ I-215 in Perris	SR 79 in San Jacinto	16.0	New 6L Freeway	\$12.82	105,000	16.0	20	\$430,752,000 \$0.011	105,000	16.0	20	\$369,600	\$176,000	16.0	\$2,816,000	\$20.00	6,486,458	20	\$2,594,583,385	1.79
3	I-10	I-10/SR-60 JCT		4.0	Upgraded Interchange	\$12.82	101,800	4.0	20	\$104,406,080 \$0.011	101,800	4.0	20	\$89,584	\$176,000	4.0	\$704,000	\$20.00	196,044	20	\$78,417,671	0.65
4	I-10	SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY LINE	I-10/SR60 JCT	7.0	New Truck Lane	\$12.82	77,700	7.0	20	\$139,455,960 \$0.011	77,700	7.0	20	\$119,658	\$176,000	7.0	\$1,232,000	\$20.00	423,001	20	\$169,200,317	8.68
5	I-10	HIGHLAND SPRINGS AVE		2.0	Upgraded Interchange	\$12.82	8,200	2.0	20	\$4,204,960 \$0.011	8,200	2.0	20	\$3,608	\$176,000	2.0	\$352,000	\$20.00	7,896	20	\$3,158,276	0.09
6	I-10	HIGHLAND SPRINGS AVE		2.0	Upgraded Interchange	\$12.82	8,200	2.0	20	\$4,204,960 \$0.011	8,200	2.0	20	\$3,608	\$176,000	2.0	\$352,000	\$20.00	7,896	20	\$3,158,276	0.14
7	I-10	PENNSYLVANIA AVE		2.0	Upgraded Interchange	\$12.82	7,300	2.0	20	\$3,743,440 \$0.011	7,300	2.0	20	\$3,212	\$176,000	2.0	\$352,000	\$20.00	7,029	20	\$2,811,636	0.23
8	I-10	AT SR-79/ BEAUMONT AVE		2.0	Upgraded Interchange	\$12.82	66,200	2.0	20	\$33,947,360 \$0.011	66,200	2.0	20	\$29,128	\$176,000	2.0	\$352,000	\$20.00	63,743	20	\$25,497,298	2.13
9	I-10	OAK VALLEY PKWY		2.0	Upgraded Interchange	\$12.82	22,500	2.0	20	\$11,538,000 \$0.011	22,500	2.0	20	\$9,900	\$176,000	2.0	\$352,000	\$20.00	21,665	20	\$8,666,000	0.43
10	I-10	SINGELTON RD		2.0	Upgraded Interchange	\$12.82	85,700	2.0	20	\$43,946,960 \$0.011	85,700	2.0	20	\$37,708	\$176,000	2.0	\$352,000	\$20.00	82,520	20	\$33,007,831	2.01
11	I-10	CHERRY VALLEY BLVD		2.0	Upgraded Interchange	\$12.82	18,800	2.0	20	\$9,640,640 \$0.011		2.0	20	\$8,272	\$176,000	2.0	\$352,000			20	\$7,240,924	0.35
12	I-10	COUNTY LINE RD		2.0	Upgraded Interchange		7,900	2.0		\$4,051,120 \$0.011		2.0			\$176,000		\$352,000			20	\$3,042,729	0.50
12A	I-10	SANDALWOOD DR		2.0	Upgraded Interchange		12,200			\$6,256,160 \$0.011		2.0			\$176,000		\$352,000			20	\$4,698,898	0.27
13 14	I-10 I-10	MORONGO PKWY LANDAU BLVD		2.0	Upgrade Interchange New Interchange		19,000 1,000	2.0	20		1,000	2.0	20		\$176,000 \$176,000	2.0	\$352,000 \$352,000			20	\$7,317,956 \$385,156	0.35
15	I-10	AVENUE 50		2.0	New Interchange		10,700	2.0	20	\$5,486,960 \$0.011		2.0			\$176,000		\$352,000			20	\$4,121,164	0.01
16	I-10	DILLON RD		2.0	Upgraded Interchange		24,700	2.0		\$12,666,160 \$0.011	_	2.0			\$176,000	2.0	\$352,000			20	\$9,513,342	0.87
17	I-10	JACKSON ST		2.0	Upgraded Interchange		18,500	2.0	20			2.0			\$176,000		\$352,000			20	\$7,125,378	0.30
18	I-10	MONROE ST		2.0	Upgraded Interchange		9,400	2.0	20		_	2.0			\$176,000		\$352,000	_	-	20	\$3,620,462	0.19
19	I-10	PORTOLA AVE		2.0	New Interchange		20,600	2.0		\$10,563,680 \$0.011		2.0	20		\$176,000	2.0	\$352,000			20	\$7,934,204	0.26
20	I-15	HORSETHIEF		2.0	Upgraded Interchange		5,000	2.0		\$2,564,000 \$0.011		2.0	20		\$176,000	2.0	\$352,000			20	\$1,925,778	0.09
21	I-15	LIMONITE AVENUE		2.0	Upgraded Interchange	\$12.82	49,500	2.0	20	\$25,383,600 \$0.011	49,500	2.0	20	\$21,780	\$176,000	2.0	\$352,000	\$20.00	47,663	20	\$19,065,200	0.66
22	I-15	TEMESCAL CANYON		2.0	Upgraded Interchange	\$12.82	21,000	2.0	20	\$10,768,800 \$0.011	21,000	2.0	20	\$9,240	\$176,000	2.0	\$352,000	\$20.00	20,221	20	\$8,088,267	0.64
23	I-15	CAJALCO RD		2.0	Upgraded Interchange	\$12.82	48,200	2.0	20	\$24,716,960 \$0.011	48,200	2.0	20	\$21,208	\$176,000	2.0	\$352,000	\$20.00	46,411	20	\$18,564,498	0.59
24	I-15	ONTARIO AVE		2.0	Upgraded Interchange		34,400			\$17,640,320 \$0.011		2.0			\$176,000		\$352,000			20	\$13,249,351	5.14
25	I-15	SCHLEISMAN RD		2.0	New Interchange		36,500		_	\$18,717,200 \$0.011		2.0			\$176,000		\$352,000			20	\$14,058,178	0.36
25A	I-15	BELLEGRAVE AVE		2.0	New Interchange		29,500			\$15,127,600 \$0.011		2.0			\$176,000		\$352,000			20	\$11,362,089	4.89
25B	I-15	TEMECULA PKWY		2.0	Auxiliary Lane	\$12.82	2,000	2.0	20	\$1,025,600 \$0.011	2,000	2.0	20	\$880	\$176,000	2.0	\$352,000	\$20.00	1,926	20	\$770,311	0.29
25C	I-15	RANCHO CALIFORNIA RD		2.0	Auxiliary Lane		2,000	2.0	20			2.0	20		\$176,000		\$352,000			20	\$770,311	0.24
25D	I-15	WINCHESTER RD		2.0	Auxiliary Lane	\$12.82	2,000	2.0	20	\$1,025,600 \$0.011	2,000	2.0	20	\$880	\$176,000	2.0	\$352,000	\$20.00	1,926	20	\$770,311	0.18
25E	I-15	RANCHO CALIFORNIA RD		2.0	Auxiliary Lane	\$12.82	2,000	2.0	20	\$1,025,600 \$0.011	2,000	2.0	20	\$880	\$176,000	2.0	\$352,000	\$20.00	1,926	20	\$770,311	0.19
25F	I-15	TEMESCAL CANYON RD		2.0	Auxiliary Lane	\$12.82	2,000	2.0	20	\$1,025,600 \$0.011	2,000	2.0	20	\$880	\$176,000	2.0	\$352,000	\$20.00	1,926	20	\$770,311	0.07



							Sa	afety Ber	nefits:			Operat	ional Bei	nefits	:	Maint	enance B	enefits:		Trave	l Time I	Benefits:	
							\$12.82	x ADT x	L (Len	gth)		\$0.11 x	ADT x L (L	.ength	1)	(Full Re	construct	ion Only):	\$20.00	x Reduction	on in A	nnual Travel Hours	
							x Proj	ect Desig	gn Life	(DL)		x Proj	ect Desig	n Life		\$176	,000 x L (L	ength)		x Proj	ect De	sign Life	
																				Reduction			
																				in Annual			
Project				Length				Length					Length							Travel			в/с
Number	Route Name	From	То	(mi)	Project Type		ADT	(mi)	DL	Value		ADT	(mi)	DL	Value		Length (r	Value		Hours	DL	Value	Ratio
		SR-74/CENTRAL				4									4				400.00			4	
26	I-15	AVE		2.0	Upgrade Interchange/Lanes	\$12.82	36,300	2.0	20	\$18,614,640	\$0.011	36,300	2.0	20	\$15,972	\$176,000	2.0	\$352,000	\$20.00	34,953	20	\$13,981,147	0.87
27	I-15	MALAGA RD		1.0	New Overcrossing	\$12.82	5,000	1.0	20	\$1,282,000	\$0.011	5,000	1.0	20	\$1,100	\$176,000	1.0	\$176,000	\$20.00	1,805	20	\$722,167	0.06
28	I-15	NICHOLS RD		2.0	Upgraded Interchange	\$12.82	23,500	2.0	20	\$12,050,800	\$0.011	23,500	2.0	20	\$10,340	\$176,000	2.0	\$352,000	\$20.00	22,628	20	\$9,051,156	0.46
29	I-15	MAIN ST.		2.0	Upgraded Interchange	\$12.82		2.0	20	\$5,948,480	\$0.011	11,600	2.0	20	\$5,104	\$176,000	2.0	\$352,000	\$20.00	11,170	20	\$4,467,804	0.51
30	I-15	LAKE ST		2.0	Upgraded Interchange	\$12.82	40,100	2.0	20	\$20,563,280	\$0.011	40,100	2.0	20	\$17,644	\$176,000	2.0	\$352,000	\$20.00	38,612	20	\$15,444,738	1.79
31	I-15	MAIN ST.		2.0	Upgraded Interchange	\$12.82		2.0	20	\$5,948,480			2.0	20		\$176,000	2.0	\$352,000		11,170	20	\$4,467,804	2.57
32	I-15	FRANKLIN ST		2.0	Upgraded Interchange (2022)	\$12.82		2.0	20	\$3,692,160			2.0	20		\$176,000	2.0	\$352,000		6,933	20	\$2,773,120	0.19
33	I-15	FRANKLIN ST		2.0	Upgraded Interchange (2032)	\$12.82	7,200	2.0	20	\$3,692,160	\$0.011	7,200	2.0	20	\$3,168	\$176,000	2.0	\$352,000	\$20.00	6,933	20	\$2,773,120	0.12
34	I-15	MURRIETA HOT		2.0	Upgraded Interchange	\$12.82	41,400	2.0	20	\$21,229,920	\$0.011	41,400	2.0	20	\$18,216	\$176,000	2.0	\$352,000	\$20.00	39,864	20	\$15,945,440	4.64
35	I-15	6TH ST		2.0	Upgraded Interchange	\$12.82	30,000	2.0	20	\$15,384,000	\$0.011	30,000	2.0	20	\$13,200	\$176,000	2.0	\$352,000	\$20.00	28,887	20	\$11,554,667	1.14
36	I-15	2ND ST		2.0	Upgraded Interchange	\$12.82	20,000	2.0	20	\$10,256,000	\$0.011	20,000	2.0	20	\$8,800	\$176,000	2.0	\$352,000	\$20.00	19,258	20	\$7,703,111	2.33
37	I-15	HIDDEN VALLEY		2.0	Upgraded Interchange	\$12.82	15 600	2.0	20	\$7,999,680	\$0 011	15 600	2.0	20	\$6,864	\$176,000	2.0	\$352,000	\$20.00	15,021	20	\$6,008,427	3.26
37	1-13	PKWY		2.0	Opgraded interchange	712.02	13,000	2.0	20	\$7,999,080	50.011	13,000	2.0	20	Ş0,80 4	\$170,000	2.0	7332,000	Ş20.00	13,021	20	70,008,427	3.20
38	I-15	FRENCH VALLEY		4.0	Upgraded Interchange	\$12.82	40 900	4.0	20	\$41,844,480	¢0 011	40 900	4.0	20	\$25,004	\$176,000	4.0	\$704,000	\$20.00	78,572	20	\$31,428,693	0.34
36	1-13	PKWY		4.0	Opgraded interchange	\$12.62	40,800	4.0	20	341,044,460	ŞU.U11	40,800	4.0	20	333,30 4	\$170,000	4.0	\$704,000	\$20.00	76,372	20	Ş31,420,0 3 3	0.34
39	I-15	RANCHO		2.0	Upgraded Interchange	\$12.82	4E 600	2.0	20	\$23,383,680	¢0 011	4E 600	2.0	20	¢20.064	\$176,000	2.0	\$352,000	\$20.00	43,908	20	\$17,563,093	0.70
39	1-13	CALIFORNIA RD		2.0	Opgraded interchange	\$12.62	45,600	2.0	20	\$25,565,060	30.011	45,600	2.0	20	\$20,004	\$176,000	2.0	\$552,000	\$20.00	43,906	20	\$17,505,095	0.70
40	1-15	I-15/I-215 JCT	SAN DIEGO	9.0	Add 2 Mixed Flow Lanes and	\$12.82	15// 100	9.0	20	\$355,601,160	¢0 011	15/ 100	9.0	20	\$305,118	\$176,000	9.0	\$1,584,000	\$20.00	1 070 617	20	\$431,446,809	1.21
40	1-13	1-13/1-213 101	COUNTY LINE	9.0	2 HOV Lanes	\$12.62	134,100	9.0	20	\$333,001,100	ŞU.U11	134,100	9.0	20	3303,116	\$170,000	9.0	\$1,364,000	\$20.00	1,076,017	20	3431,440,803	1.21
41	I-15	BUNDY CANYON		2.0	Upgraded Interchange	\$12.82	20 600	2.0	20	\$20,306,880	¢0 011	20 600	2.0	20	¢17 /2/	\$176,000	2.0	\$352,000	\$20.00	38,130	20	\$15,252,160	1.49
41	1-12	RD		2.0	Opgraded interchange	\$12.62	39,000	2.0	20	\$20,500,660	\$0.011	39,000	2.0	20	\$17,424	\$176,000	2.0	\$552,000	\$20.00	30,130	20	\$15,252,160	1.49
42	SR-60	NEAR GILMAN	WEST OF	2.0	Add Auxiliary Truck Lanes	\$12.82	E0 000	2.0	20	\$26,101,520	¢0 011	EO 000	2.0	20	¢22.206	¢176 000	2.0	\$352,000	\$20.00	79,172	20	\$31,668,675	0.46
42	3N-00	SPRINGS RD	JCT I-10/SR60	2.0	Add Adxillary Truck Laries	\$12.62	30,300	2.0	20	\$20,101,320	ŞU.U11	30,300	2.0	20	322,330	\$176,000	2.0	3332,000	\$20.00	79,172	20	331,006,073	0.40
43	SR-60	PORTRERO BLVD		2.0	New Interchange	\$12.82	22,800	2.0	20	\$11,691,840	\$0.011	22,800	2.0	20	\$10,032	\$176,000	2.0	\$352,000	\$20.00	35,464	20	\$14,185,575	0.33
44	SR-60	MISSION BLVD		2.0	Upgraded Interchange	\$12.82	32,600	2.0	20	\$16,717,280	\$0.011	32,600	2.0	20	\$14,344	\$176,000	2.0	\$352,000	\$20.00	50,707	20	\$20,282,884	0.57
45	SR-60	RUBIDOUX BLVD		2.0	Upgraded Interchange	\$12.82	32,300	2.0	20	\$16,563,440	\$0.011	32,300	2.0	20	\$14,212	\$176,000	2.0	\$352,000	\$20.00	50,241	20	\$20,096,232	1.30
46	SR-60	THEODORE ST		2.0	Upgraded Interchange	\$12.82	10,900	2.0	20	\$5,589,520	\$0.011	10,900	2.0	20	\$4,796	\$176,000	2.0	\$352,000	\$20.00	16,954	20	\$6,781,701	0.13
47	SR-60	GILMAN SPRINGS		2.0	Upgraded Interchange	\$12.82	3/1 200	2.0	20	\$17,537,760	\$0 011	3/1 200	2.0	20	\$15 N/Q	\$176,000	2.0	\$352,000	\$20.00	53,196	20	\$21,278,363	0.56
47	311-00	RD		2.0	Opgraded interchange	712.02	34,200	2.0	20	\$17,557,700	50.011	34,200	2.0	20	713,040	\$170,000	2.0	7332,000	Ş20.00	33,190	20		0.50
48	SR-60	REDLANDS BLVD		2.0	Upgraded Interchange	\$12.82	39,000	2.0	20	\$19,999,200	\$0.011	39,000	2.0	20	\$17,160	\$176,000	2.0	\$352,000	\$20.00	60,662	20	\$24,264,800	0.86
49	SR-60	MORENO BEACH		2.0	Upgraded Interchange	\$12.82	35,900	2.0	20	\$18,409,520	\$0.011	35 900	2.0	20	\$15 796	\$176,000	2.0	\$352,000	\$20.00	55,840	20	\$22,336,059	1.01
		DR																					
50	SR-60	INDIAN ST		1.0	Upgraded Overcrossing	\$12.82	1,100	1.0	20	\$282,040	\$0.011	1,100	1.0	20	\$242	\$176,000	1.0	\$176,000	\$20.00	397	20	\$158,877	0.04
51	SR-60	GRAHAM ST		1.0	New Overcrossing	\$12.82	4,000	1.0	20	\$1,025,600	\$0.011	4,000	1.0	20	\$880	\$176,000	1.0	\$176,000	\$20.00	1,444	20	\$577,733	0.09
		OVERCROSSING																					
52	SR-60	HEACOCK ST		2.0	Upgraded Interchange		20,200		_	\$10,358,560			2.0	20		\$176,000		\$352,000			20	\$12,567,922	0.98
53	SR-60	MAIN ST		2.0	Upgraded Interchange	\$12.82				\$24,152,880			2.0			\$176,000		\$352,000			20	\$29,304,412	2.65
54	SR-60	PERRIS BLVD		2.0	Upgraded Interchange	\$12.82	49,100	2.0	20	\$25,178,480	\$0.011	49,100	2.0	20	\$21,604	\$176,000	2.0	\$352,000	\$20.00	76,372	20	\$30,548,761	1.50
F	CD 74	CD 04	SAN BERNARDINO		41 5	642.00	72.000	4.0	20	¢74.000.000	60.044	72.000	4.0	20	664.246	¢476.000	4.0	6704.000	620.00	227.004	20	600.027.456	0.01
55	SR-71	SR-91	COUNTY LINE	4.0	4L Freeway to 6L Freeway	\$12.82	73,000	4.0	20	\$74,868,800	\$0.011	73,000	4.0	20	\$64,240	\$176,000	4.0	\$704,000	\$20.00	227,094	20	\$90,837,456	0.94
FC	CD 74	145	ETHANAC DE	F 0	Al Amborial to Cl Amborial	¢12.02	FO 100	F 0	20	¢75 700 200	¢0.011	E0 100	F 0	20	¢65.010	¢176 000	F 0	¢000 000	¢20.00	106 700	20	¢42.690.050	4.01
56	SR-74	I-15	ETHANAC RD	5.0	4L Arterial to 6L Arterial	\$12.82	29,100	5.0	20	\$75,766,200	şυ.U11	59,100	5.0	20	\$05,010	\$176,000	5.0	\$880,000	\$20.00	100,700	20	\$42,680,050	4.01



								afety Ber				Opera	tional Be	nefits	:	Maint	enance B	enefits:		Trave	l Time E	enefits:	
							\$12.82	x ADT x	L (Len	gth)		\$0.11 x	ADT x L (L	.engtl	າ)	(Full Re	construct	ion Only):	\$20.0	0 x Reducti	on in Aı	nnual Travel Hours	
							x Proj	ect Desig	gn Life	(DL)		x Proj	ect Desig	n Life		\$176	,000 x L (L	.ength)		x Pro	ject Des	ign Life	
																				Reduction			
																				in Annual			
Project				Length				Length					Length							Travel			в/с
Number	Route Name	From	То	(mi)	Project Type		ADT	(mi)	DL	Value		ADT	(mi)	DL	Value		Length (r	Value		Hours	DL	Value	Ratio
61	SR-74	PM 37.955	PM 42.088	5.0	Widen 4 to 6 Lanes	\$12.82	51,700			\$66,279,400	\$0.011		5.0		\$56,870	\$176.000		\$880,000	\$20.00		20	\$37,336,017	20.91
			ORTEGA	0.0												·							
62	SR-74	HUNCO WAY	MOUNTAINS	5.0	2L Arterial to 6L Arterial	\$12.82	41,700	5.0	20	\$53,459,400	\$0.011	41,700	5.0	20	\$45,870	\$176,000	5.0	\$880,000	\$20.00	75,286	20	\$30,114,350	7.35
		RIVERSIDE DR (SR-	ORTEGA HWY (SR-																				
63	SR -74 (GRAND AVE)	74)	74)	1.0	Widen 2-4 Lanes	\$12.82	17,600	1.0	20	\$4,512,640	\$0.011	17,600	1.0	20	\$3,872	\$176,000	1.0	\$176,000	\$20.00	6,355	20	\$2,542,027	0.45
64	SR-74 (RIVERSIDE DR)	LAKESHORE DR	GRAND AVE	2.0	Widen 2-6 Lanes	\$12.82	22,000	2.0	20	\$11,281,600	\$0.011	22 000	2.0	20	\$9,680	\$176,000	2.0	\$352,000	\$20.00	15,888	20	\$6,355,067	1.20
04	3N-74 (NIVENSIDE DK)	2.0 KM S/O	GRAND AVE	2.0	Wideli 2-0 Lalles	312.0Z	22,000	2.0	20	\$11,281,000	30.011	22,000	2.0	20	33,000	\$170,000	2.0	3332,000	\$20.00	13,000	20	\$0,333,007	1.20
C.E.	CD 70	DOMENIGONI	GILMAN SPRINGS	8.0	Now 41 Francis	¢12.02	61 400	9.0	20	¢12E 042 690	¢0 011	61 400	9.0	20	¢100.064	¢176 000	0.0	¢1 400 000	¢20.00	1 006 517	20	¢750 606 761	0.58
65	SR-79	PKWY	RD	8.0	New 4L Freeway	\$12.82	61,400	8.0	20	\$125,943,680	\$0.011	61,400	8.0	20	\$108,064	\$176,000	8.0	\$1,408,000	\$20.00	1,890,517	20	\$758,606,761	0.58
66	SR 79 (SANDERSON AVE)	GILMAN SPRINGS	RAMONA EXPWY	2.0	Widen 4-6 Lanes	\$12.82	61,400	2.0	20	\$31,485,920	\$0.011	61,400	2.0	20	\$27,016	\$176,000	2.0	\$352,000	\$20.00	44,341	20	\$17,736,413	1.34
		RD	5014511100111																				
67	SR-79	HUNTER RD	DOMENIGONI	10.0	4L Arterial to 6L Arterial	\$12.82	45,200	10.0	20	\$115,892,800	\$0.011	45,200	10.0	20	\$99,440	\$176,000	10.0	\$1,760,000	\$20.00	163,210	20	\$65,283,867	1.47
			PKWY				,																
68	SR-79/TEMECULA PKWAY	I-15	PECHANGA PKWY	1.0	Widen 6-8 Lanes		55,400	1.0		\$14,204,560			1.0		\$12,188			\$176,000			20	\$8,001,607	10.35
69	SR-86	AVE 62		2.0	New Interchange	-	13,300	2.0	20	. , ,	-	-	2.0	20		\$176,000		\$352,000			20	\$3,841,927	0.16
70	SR-86	AVE 54		2.0	New Interchange		5,200	2.0	20				2.0		\$2,288			\$352,000			20	\$1,502,107	0.05
71	SR-86	AVENUE 52		2.0	New Interchange		24,300	2.0		\$12,461,040	-	-	2.0		\$10,692			\$352,000			20	\$7,019,460	0.60
72	SR-86	AVE 50		2.0	New Interchange	\$12.82	31,900	2.0	20	\$16,358,320	\$0.011	31,900	2.0	20	\$14,036	\$176,000	2.0	\$352,000	\$20.00	23,037	20	\$9,214,847	0.81
73	SR-86	DILLON RD		2.0	Upgraded Interchange	\$12.82	19,500	2.0	20	\$9,999,600	\$0.011	19,500	2.0	20	\$8,580	\$176,000	2.0	\$352,000	\$20.00	14,082	20	\$5,632,900	0.60
74	SR-86	AVE 66		2.0	New Interchange	\$12.82	17,400	2.0	20	\$8,922,720	\$0.011	17,400	2.0	20	\$7,656	\$176,000	2.0	\$352,000	\$20.00	12,566	20	\$5,026,280	0.21
75	SR-91	SR-91/SR-71 JCT		4.0	Upgraded Interchange	\$12.82	171,600	4.0	20	\$175,992,960	\$0.011	171,600	4.0	20	\$151,008	\$176,000	4.0	\$704,000	\$20.00	247,848	20	\$99,139,040	2.18
75A	SR-91	GREEN RIVER RD		2.0	Auxiliary Lane	\$12.82	2,000	2.0	20	\$1,025,600	\$0.011	2,000	2.0	20	\$880	\$176,000	2.0	\$352,000	\$20.00	1,444	20	\$577,733	0.04
76	SR-91	TYLER ST		2.0			14,200	2.0		\$7,281,760			2.0	20		\$176,000		\$352,000			20	\$4,101,907	0.24
77	SR-91	ADAMS ST		2.0	Upgraded Interchange		26,800	2.0		\$13,743,040			2.0	20	\$11,792			\$352,000			20	\$7,741,627	0.68
		N. PALM CANYON	SUNRISE																				
78	SR-111	DR	PARKWAY	2.0	4L Arterial to 6L Arterial	\$12.82	34,700	2.0	20	\$17,794,160	\$0.011	34,700	2.0	20	\$15,268	\$176,000	2.0	\$352,000	\$20.00	25,059	20	\$10,023,673	3.35
79	I-215	NUEVO RD	BOX SPRINGS RD	11.0	6L Freeway to 8L Freeway	\$12.82	87,800	11.0	20	\$247,631,120	\$0.011	87 800	11.0	20	\$212,476	\$176,000	11.0	\$1,936,000	\$20.00	751 120	20	\$300,447,998	2.59
80	I-215	SR-91	SR-60	6.0	Corridor Improvements		112,000			\$172,300,800					\$147,840			\$1,056,000		-	20	\$209,050,585	0.49
- 50	1 213	1.5 MILES N/O	ONE MILE S/O	0.0	comaci improvements	712.02	112,000	0.0	20	\$172,300,000	70.011	112,000	0.0	20	7147,040	7170,000	0.0	71,030,000	720.00	322,020	20	7203,030,303	0.43
81	I-215	MURRIETA	FRENCH VALLEY	3.0	Add Mixed Flow and Auxilary	¢12 02	65,000	3.0	20	\$49,998,000	¢0 011	65 000	3.0	20	\$42,900	\$176,000	3.0	\$528,000	\$20.00	151 655	20	\$60,662,000	7.48
01	1-213	HOT SPRINGS RD	PARKWAY	3.0	Lane	\$12.6Z	03,000	3.0	20	343,338,000	30.011	03,000	3.0	20	342,300	\$170,000	3.0	\$320,000	\$20.00	131,033	20	300,002,000	7.40
02	L 21F		PARKWAT	2.0	Upgraded Interchange	¢12.02	21 500	2.0	20	\$11,025,200	ĆO 011	21 500	2.0	20	¢0.460	¢176 000	2.0	\$352,000	¢20.00	15 527	20	¢6 210 622	0.26
82	I-215	PLACENTIA AVE					21,500	2.0					2.0	20	\$9,460	\$176,000					_	\$6,210,633	0.26
83	I-215	SCOTT RD		2.0	Upgraded Interchange (2020)	212.82	30,400	2.0	20	\$15,589,120	ψυ.UII	30,400	2.0	20	\$15,576	31/0,000	2.0	\$352,000	\$20.00	21,954	20	\$8,781,547	0.43
84	I-215	ALESSANDRO		2.0	Upgraded Interchange	\$12.82	67,200	2.0	20	\$34,460,160	\$0.011	67,200	2.0	20	\$29,568	\$176,000	2.0	\$352,000	\$20.00	48,530	20	\$19,411,840	1.81
6-	1255	BLVD		2.2								1									20		0.10
85	I-215	SCOTT RD		2.0	Upgraded Interchange (2038)			2.0		\$15,589,120			2.0		\$13,376			\$352,000			20	\$8,781,547	0.42
86	I-215	GARBANI RD		2.0			9,400	2.0	_	\$4,820,320			2.0		\$4,136			\$352,000			20	\$2,715,347	0.13
87	I-215	CACTUS AVE		2.0			71,000			\$36,408,800			2.0		\$31,240			\$352,000			20	\$20,509,533	0.88
88	I-215	KELLER RD		2.0			5,000	2.0	_	\$2,564,000			2.0		\$2,200			\$176,000			20	\$1,444,333	0.13
89	I-215	ELLIS AVE		2.0	New Interchange		71,800	2.0		\$36,819,040			2.0		\$31,592			\$352,000			20	\$20,740,627	0.44
90	I-215	RAMONA EXPWY		2.0	Upgraded Interchange	\$12.82	79,500	2.0	20	\$40,767,600	\$0.011	79,500	2.0	20	\$34,980	\$176,000	2.0	\$352,000	\$20.00	57,412	20	\$22,964,900	0.74
91	I-215	HARLEY KNOX BLVD		2.0	Upgraded Interchange	\$12.82	87,800	2.0	20	\$45,023,840	\$0.011	87,800	2.0	20	\$38,632	\$176,000	2.0	\$352,000	\$20.00	63,406	20	\$25,362,493	2.18
92	I-215	CASE		2.0	Upgraded Interchange	\$12.82	41,400	2.0	20	\$21,229,920	\$0.011	41,400	2.0	20	\$18,216	\$176,000	2.0	\$352,000	\$20.00	29,898	20	\$11,959,080	1.60
02		RD/MATHEWS RD		2.0		ć12.02	71 000	2.0													20		4.46
93	I-215	NUEVO RD		2.0	Upgraded Interchange	\$12.82	71,800	2.0	20	\$36,819,040	\$U.U11	/1,800	2.0	20	\$31,592	\$1/6,000	2.0	\$352,000	\$∠U.UU	51,852	20	\$20,740,627	4.46



							S	afety Ber	nefits:	:		Opera	tional Be	nefits	:	Maint	enance B	enefits:		Travel	Time B	enefits:	
							\$12.82	x ADT x	L (Ler	ngth)		\$0.11 x	ADT x L (L	.ength	1)	(Full Re	construct	ion Only):	\$20.0	0 x Reductio	on in Ar	nnual Travel Hours	
							x Proj	ect Desig	gn Life	(DL)		x Proj	ect Desig	n Life		\$176	,000 x L (L	ength)		x Proj	ect Des	ign Life	
																				Reduction			
																				in Annual			
Project				Length				Length					Length							Travel			В/С
Number	Route Name	From	То	(mi)	Project Type		ADT	(mi)	DL	Value		ADT	(mi)	DL	Value		Length (r	Value		Hours	DL	Value	Ratio
94	I-215	SUN CITY BLVD./MCCALL		2.0	Upgraded Interchange		15,600	2.0	20				2.0	20		\$176,000		\$352,000			20	\$4,506,320	0.34
95	I-215	ETHANAC RD		2.0	Upgraded Interchange	\$12.82	23,100	2.0	20	\$11,845,680	\$0.011	23,100	2.0	20	\$10,164	\$176,000	2.0	\$352,000	\$20.00	16,682	20	\$6,672,820	0.76
96	ARLINGTON AVE	MAGNOLIA AVE	ALESSANDRO BLVD	3.0	WIDEN FROM 4 TO 6 LANES	\$12.82	61,700	3.0	20	\$47,459,640	\$0.011	61,700	3.0	20	\$40,722	\$176,000	3.0	\$528,000	\$20.00	66,837	20	\$26,734,610	5.54
97	ARMSTRONG RD	SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY LINE	VALLEY WAY	2.0	WIDEN FROM 2 TO 4 LANES	\$12.82	52,400	2.0	20	\$26,870,720	\$0.011	52,400	2.0	20	\$23,056	\$176,000	2.0	\$352,000	\$20.00	37,842	20	\$15,136,613	4.74
98	AVE 62	FILLMORE ST	PIERCE ST	1.0	WIDEN FROM 2 TO 6 LANES	\$12.82	600	1.0	20	\$153,840	\$0.011	600	1.0	20	\$132	\$176,000	1.0	\$176,000	\$20.00	217	20	\$86,660	0.01
99	AVE 62	POLK ST	FILLMORE ST	1.0	WIDEN FROM 2 TO 6 LANES	\$12.82	600	1.0	20		\$0.011		1.0	20		\$176,000	1.0	\$176,000	\$20.00	217	20	\$86,660	0.02
100	AVE 62	JACKSON ST	VAN BUREN ST	1.0	WIDEN FROM 2 TO 6 LANES			1.0	20		\$0.011	_	1.0	20		\$176,000		\$176,000			20	\$491,073	0.10
101	AVE 62	VAN BUREN ST	HARRISON ST	1.0	WIDEN FROM 2 TO 6 LANES			1.0	20				1.0	20		\$176,000		\$176,000	-	,	20	\$693,280	0.15
102	AVE 62	MONROE ST	JACKSON ST	4.0	WIDEN FROM 2 TO 6 LANES			4.0	20				4.0	20		\$176,000		\$704,000	-		20	\$2,946,440	0.70
103	AVE 62	PIERCE ST	SR-86	1.0	WIDEN FROM 2 TO 6 LANES			1.0	20		\$0.011		1.0	20		\$176,000		\$176,000			20	\$288,867	0.08
104	AVE 62	HARRISON ST	TYLER ST	1.0	WIDEN FROM 2 TO 6 LANES			1.0	20		\$0.011		1.0	20		\$176,000		\$176,000			20	\$28,887	0.03
105	AVE 62	TYLER ST	POLK ST	1.0	WIDEN FROM 2 TO 6 LANES			1.0	20	\$51,280	\$0.011	200	1.0	20	\$44	\$176,000	1.0	\$176,000	\$20.00	72	20	\$28,887	0.03
106	AVE 62	WEST OF SR-111	WEST OF SR-86	1.0	GRADE SEPARATION - 2 LANES AT UPRR TRACKS AND SR111	\$12.82	2,000	1.0	20	\$512,800	\$0.011	2,000	1.0	20	\$440	\$176,000	1.0	\$176,000	\$20.00	722	20	\$288,867	0.01
107	CAJALCO RD	TEMESCAL CYN RD	I-215	16.0	2L Arterial to 4L Arterial	\$12.82	24,000	16.0	20	\$98,457,600	\$0.011	24,000	16.0	20	\$84,480	\$176,000	16.0	\$2,816,000	\$20.00	138,656	20	\$55,462,400	0.39
108	HARRISON ST	AVE 54	AVE 56	1.0	WIDEN FROM 2 TO 4 LANES	\$12.82	16,700	1.0	20	\$4,281,880	\$0.011	16,700	1.0	20	\$3,674	\$176,000	1.0	\$176,000	\$20.00	6,030	20	\$2,412,037	0.78
109	HWY 111	EL DORADO DR	EAST CITY LIMIT	2.0	Widen 4-6 lanes	\$12.82	49,900	2.0	20	\$25,588,720	\$0.011	49,900	2.0	20	\$21,956	\$176,000	2.0	\$352,000	\$20.00	36,036	20	\$14,414,447	1.23
110	HWY 111	DEEP CANYON CHANNEL	WEST CITY LIMIT	4.0	Widen 4-6 lanes	\$12.82	49,900	4.0	20	\$51,177,440	\$0.011	49,900	4.0	20	\$43,912	\$176,000	4.0	\$704,000	\$20.00	72,072	20	\$28,828,893	2.91
111	LIMONITE AVE	WINEVILLE AVE.	ETIWANDA AVE	1.0	WIDEN EB LANE FROM 1 LANE TO 2 LANES.	\$12.82	33,000	1.0	20	\$8,461,200	\$0.011	33,000	1.0	20	\$7,260	\$176,000	1.0	\$176,000	\$20.00	11,916	20	\$4,766,300	1.92
112	LIMONITE AVE	BAIN ST.	DOWNEY ST	1.0	WIDEN FROM 2 TO 4 LANES	\$12.82	39,100	1.0		\$10,025,240			1.0	20		\$176,000		\$176,000			20	\$5,647,343	2.44
113	LIMONITE AVE	VAN BUREN BLVD	BALDWIN ST	1.0	WIDEN FROM 4 TO 6 LANES	\$12.82	31,700	1.0	20	\$8,127,880	\$0.011	31,700	1.0	20	\$6,974	\$176,000	1.0	\$176,000	\$20.00	11,446	20	\$4,578,537	6.90
114	LIMONITE AVE.	ARCHIBALD	HAMNER	2.0	WIDENING OF LIMONITE AVE FROM 4 TO 6 LANES	\$12.82	34,200	2.0	20	\$17,537,760			2.0		. ,	\$176,000		\$352,000	•	ŕ	20	\$9,879,240	3.46
114A	LIMONITE AVE.	ARCHIBALD	HELLMAN	1.0	NEW ROADWAY	\$12.82	32,600	1.0	20	\$8,358,640	\$0.011	32,600	1.0	20	\$7,172	\$176,000	1.0	\$176,000	\$20.00	11,771	20	\$4,708,527	0.85
115	MARKET ST	RUBIDOUX BLVD.	NORTH OF THE SANTA ANA RIVER	1.0	WIDEN FROM 2 TO 4 LANES	\$12.82	32,500	1.0	20	\$8,333,000	\$0.011	32,500	1.0	20	\$7,150	\$176,000	1.0	\$176,000	\$20.00	11,735	20	\$4,694,083	0.42
116	MARKET ST	AT SANTA ANA RIVER		1.0	WIDEN FROM 2 TO 4 LANES	\$12.82	25,500	1.0	20	\$6,538,200	\$0.011	25,500	1.0	20	\$5,610	\$176,000	1.0	\$176,000	\$20.00	9,208	20	\$3,683,050	0.25
117	MONTEREY AVE.	HOVLEY LN WEST	PARK VIEW DR.	1.0	WIDEN FROM 4 TO 6 LANES	\$12.82	14,800	1.0	20	\$3,794,720	\$0.011	14,800	1.0	20	\$3,256	\$176,000	1.0	\$176,000	\$20.00	5,344	20	\$2,137,613	1.14
118	MONTEREY AVE.	DINAH SHORE DR.	GERALD FORD DR.	4.0	WIDEN SB FROM 2 TO 3 LANES	\$12.82	10,300	4.0	20	\$10,563,680	\$0.011	10,300	4.0	20	\$9,064	\$176,000	4.0	\$704,000	\$20.00	14,877	20	\$5,950,653	9.31
119	HWY 111	CATHEDRAL CYN DR	DATE PALM DR	1.0	WIDEN FROM 4 TO 6 LANES	\$12.82	38,200	1.0	20	\$9,794,480	\$0.011	38,200	1.0	20	\$8,404	\$176,000	1.0	\$176,000	\$20.00	13,793	20	\$5,517,353	6.05
120	HWY 111	DATE PALM DR	EAST CATHEDRAL CITY LIMIT	1.0	WIDEN FROM 4 TO 6 LANES	\$12.82	48,300	1.0	20	\$12,384,120	\$0.011	48,300	1.0	20	\$10,626	\$176,000	1.0	\$176,000	\$20.00	17,440	20	\$6,976,130	6.90



								ifety Ben					tional Be				enance B					Benefits:	
							•	x ADT x	•	<u> </u>			ADT x L (L		'			on Only):	\$20.00			nnual Travel Hours	ł
							x Proje	ect Desig	n Lite	(DL)		x Proj	ect Desig	n Lite		\$1/6	,000 x L (L	engtn)			ect De	sign Life	i
																				Reduction in Annual			
Project				Length				Length					Length							Travel			в/с
Number	Route Name	From	То	(mi)	Project Type		ADT	(mi)	DL	Value		ADT	(mi)	DL	Value		Length (r	Value		Hours	DL	Value	Ratio
121	PALM CANYON DR	WEST CATHEDRAL CITY LIMITS	CATHEDRAL CANYON DRIVE	1.0		\$12.82	38,200	1.0	20	\$9,794,480	\$0.011	38,200	1.0	20	\$8,404	\$176,000		\$176,000	\$20.00	13,793	20	\$5,517,353	1.34
122	RAMON RD	MONTEREY AVE	THOUSAND PALMS CYN RD	4.0	WIDEN FROM 2 TO 4 LANES	\$12.82	2,300	4.0	20	\$2,358,880	\$0.011	2,300	4.0	20	\$2,024	\$176,000	4.0	\$704,000	\$20.00	3,322	20	\$1,328,787	0.20
123	RAMON RD	VARNER RD	DATE GARDEN DR.	1.0	WIDEN FROM 4 TO 6 LANES	\$12.82	9,300	1.0	20	\$2,384,520	\$0.011	9,300	1.0	20	\$2,046	\$176,000	1.0	\$176,000	\$20.00	3,358	20	\$1,343,230	12.93
124	RAMONA EXPWY	PICO AVE	BRIDGE ST	2.0	WIDENING FROM 2 TO 6 LANES	\$12.82	18,900	2.0	20	\$9,691,920	\$0.011	18,900	2.0	20	\$8,316	\$176,000	2.0	\$352,000	\$20.00	13,649	20	\$5,459,580	0.19
125	RAMONA EXPWY	RIDER ST	PICO AVE	6.0	WIDENING FROM 4 TO 6 LANES	\$12.82	21,100	6.0	20	\$32,460,240	\$0.011	21,100	6.0	20	\$27,852	\$176,000	6.0	\$1,056,000	\$20.00	45,713	20	\$18,285,260	9.16
126	RAMONA EXPWY (PHASE III)	EAGLE RD	LAKE PARK DR	2.0	WIDENING FROM 4 TO 6 LANES	\$12.82	29,800	2.0	20	\$15,281,440	\$0.011	29,800	2.0	20	\$13,112	\$176,000	2.0	\$352,000	\$20.00	21,521	20	\$8,608,227	2.07
127	VAN BUREN BLVD	AUDREY AVE	GARFIELD	1.0	WIDEN FROM 4 TO 6 LANES	\$12.82	57,300	1.0	20	\$14,691,720	\$0.011	57,300	1.0	20	\$12,606	\$176,000	1.0	\$176,000	\$20.00	20,690	20	\$8,276,030	1.16
128	VAN BUREN BLVD	MOCKINGBIRD CANYON RD	WOOD RD	4.0	WIDEN FROM 4 TO 6 LANES	\$12.82	50,900	4.0	20	\$52,203,040	\$0.011	50,900	4.0	20	\$44,792	\$176,000	4.0	\$704,000	\$20.00	73,517	20	\$29,406,627	5.60
129	VAN BUREN BLVD	ORANGE TERRACE PKWY	OPPORTUNITY WAY	2.0	WIDEN FROM 4 TO 6 LANES	\$12.82	41,800	2.0	20	\$21,435,040	\$0.011	41,800	2.0	20	\$18,392	\$176,000	2.0	\$352,000	\$20.00	30,187	20	\$12,074,627	8.51
130	VAN BUREN BOULEVARD	LIMONITE AVENUE	SANTA ANA RIVER	1.0	WIDEN ROAD FROM 4 TO 6 LANES	\$12.82	68,300	1.0	20	\$17,512,120	\$0.011	68,300	1.0	20	\$15,026	\$176,000	1.0	\$176,000	\$20.00	24,662	20	\$9,864,797	3.23

Appendix B

Long Range Transportation Study: Major Transit Projects

Contents

- Major Transit Projects
- Major Transit Project Evaluation





Major Transit Projects



Project									
	Location -	Name	Owner	Completion Date	Status v	Cost (\$1,000s)	ID Additional Info	Source	Link
	1 WRC	CNG Facility	Banning Pass Transit	2019		400	This request for \$400,000 will be combined with \$308,058 of existing reprogrammed capital funds and will be used to construct a new CNG Facility. An engineering assessment of the facility resulted in a recommendation to replace all components of the facility due to age and condition and the fact that several components (i.e. compressor control system and dispensers) of the existing system are obsolete and replacement parts have become increasingly difficult to procure. The CNG Facility is used both by the City and the Banning Unified School District and 19-01 the school district will be sharing in the cost of total cost of the project.	FY 18-19 / 20-21 SRTP Riverside County	https://www.rctc.org/wp-content/uploads/2017/03/citizens-advisory-committee-june-21-2018.original.pdf
	2 WRC	CORONA INTELLIGENT TRANSPORTATION SYSTEM (ITS)		2021		500	PURCHASE AND INSTALL AN INTELLIGENT TRANSPORTATION SYSTEM THAT WILL SUPPORT THE FOLLOWING GPS BASED COMPONENTS: 1) AUTOMATIC VEHICLE LOCATION (AVL); 2) AUTOMATED VEHICLE ANNUNCIATOR SYSTEM (AVAS); 3) COMPUTER AIDED DISPATCHING (CAD) AND; 4) AUTOMATED PASSENGER COUNT (APC). THE SYSTEM WILL IMPROVE PERFORMANCE MONITORING, AND REPORTING CAPABILITIES, AND IMPROVE SERVICE	FY 18-19 / 20-21 SRTP Riverside County	https://www.rctc.org/wp-content/uploads/2017/03/citizens-advisory-committee-june-21-
	3 Regional	RIVERSIDE COUNTY FLEET UPGRADES & EXPANSION	RCTC	2022	FTIP	161,000	IN RIVERSIDE CO - GROUPED PROJECTS FOR PURCHASE OF NEW BUSES & RAIL CARS TO REPLACE EXISTING VEHICLES OR FOR MINOR EXPANSIONS OF THE FLEET: PROJECTS ARE CONSISTENT WITH 40 CFR PART 93.126 EXEMPT TABLES 2 AND TABLE 3 CATEGORIES - PURCHASE OF NEW BUSES AND RAIL CARS TO REPLACE EXISTING VEHICLES OR FOR MINOR EXPANSIONS OF THE FLEET (FTA RIV130805 5310 - FFY 12) (\$21 TDC USED TO MATCH FTA 5310 IN CONS).	SCAG RTP	http://scagrtpscs.net/Documents/201 6/final/f2016RTPSCS_ProjectList.pdf
	4 Regional	INDEPENDENT LIVING PARTNERSHIP PROGRAM	RCTC	2022	FTIP	882	IN RIVERSIDE COUNTY FOR INDEPENDENT LIVING PARTNERSHIP - CONTINUATION OF TRIP PROGRAM (FTA 5310 - FFY 12/13 AND FFY 13/14) (\$441K TRANSPORTATION DEVELOPMENT CREDIT UTILIZATION IN RIV150303 CONSTRUCTION).	SCAG RTP	http://scagrtpscs.net/Documents/201 6/final/f2016RTPSCS_ProjectList.pdf
	5 Regional	REGIONAL RIDESHARE CONTINUING PROGRAM	RCTC	2022	FTIP	12,857	REGIONAL RIDESHARE - CONTINUING PROGRAM (\$115.73 IN FY12/13 AND RIV520111 \$193.96 IN FY 13/14 IN TOLL CREDITS UTILIZED TO MATCH CMAQ IN CONS).	SCAG RTP	http://scagrtpscs.net/Documents/201 6/final/f2016RTPSCS_ProjectList.pdf
	6 Regional	RCTC COMMUTER ASSISTANCE PROGRAM	RCTC	2036	Financially Constrained	13,373	RCTC COMMUTER ASSISTANCE PROGRAM: RIDESHARE PROGRAMS, INCENTIVES VANPOOL PROGRAM (VANPOOL LEASE, ASSET MANAGEMENT, CONSULTANTS, OTHER), PROGRAM OUTREACH, TDM (TELECOMMUTER, PARK-3160055 AND-RIDE, ETC.)	SCAG RTP	http://scagrtpscs.net/Documents/201 6/final/f2016RTPSCS_ProjectList.pdf
	7 WRC	PARK-N-RIDE EXPANSION IN WRC	RCTC	2022	FTIP	690	IN WESTERN RIVERSIDE COUNTY - CONTINUE THE IMPLEMENTATION OF PARK-N-RIDE FACILITIES THROUGH PROPERTY LEASES (VARIOUS LOCATIONS RIV111207 THROUGHOUT THE WESTERN COUNTY).	SCAG RTP	http://scagrtpscs.net/Documents/201 6/final/f2016RTPSCS_ProjectList.pdf
	8 WRC	PARK AND RIDE FACILITIES IN RIVERSIDE COUNTY	RCTC	2020	Financially Constrained	12,000	PARK-AND-RIDE FACILITIES IN THE RIVERSIDE COUNTY (IN THE VICINITY OF 3160053 CORONA/RIVERSIDE, LAKE ELSINORE, AND TEMECULA/MURRIETA)	SCAG RTP	http://scagrtpscs.net/Documents/201 6/final/f2016RTPSCS_ProjectList.pdf
	9 Regional	PERRIS VALLEY LINE EXTENSION TO SAN JACINTO	RCTC	2035	Financially Constrained	400,000		SCAG RTP/ 2019 Next Generation Rail Corridors Analysis	http://scagrtpscs.net/Documents/201 6/final/f2016RTPSCS_ProjectList.pdf
1	0 Regional	91/ PERRIS VALLEY LINE EXTENSION TO TEMECULA	RCTC	ND	Strategic	500,000		SCAG RTP/ 2019 Next Generation Rail Corridors Analysis	http://scagrtpscs.net/Documents/201 6/final/f2016RTPSCS_ProjectList.pdf
		METROLINK PTC UPGRADES	RCTC		FTIP	,	METROLINK POSITIVE TRAIN CONTROL (PTC): SYSTEM WIDE IMPLEMENTATION OF PTC - JOINT PROJECT FUNDED BY LACMTA, OCTA, SBCTA, AND VCTC (RCTC PROGRAMMING ONLY ITS SHARE OF THE PROJECT	SCAG RTP	http://scagrtpscs.net/Documents/201 6/final/f2016RTPSCS_ProjectList.pdf



Project	Location 🔻	Nove	Owner 📢	Completion Date	Shakus	Cost (\$1,000s) 🔻 I		Additional Info	Source	Link
		RIVERSIDE DOWNTOWN STATION	RCTC	2027	Status	53,204		Riverside-Downtown Station Improvements - Install an additional center platform and siding track, extend the existing pedestrian overpass and construct an additional elevator for ADA compliance. (SCORE Project)	AGENCY COMMENTS 11-16-18	LINK
		MORENO VALLEY/MARCH STATION IMPROVEMENTS	RCTC	2027		51,938		Moreno Valley/ March Station Improvement - station upgrade with additional platform and a pedestrian overpass.	AGENCY COMMENTS 11-16-18	
14		PERRIS SOUTH METROLINK STATION IMPROVEMENTS	RCTC	2030		24,916		Moreno Valley/ March Station Improvement - station upgrade with additional platform and a pedestrian overpass.	AGENCY COMMENTS 11-16-18	
15	WRC	PERRIS VALLEY LINE SECOND MAIN TRACK	RCTC	2030		41,527		PVL 2nd Main Track Project including approx 9 miles of second main track from Control Point Eastridge (MP 72.2) to Control Point Nuevo (MP 81.4)	AGENCY COMMENTS 11-16-18	
16	WRC	FUTURE STATION PARKING EXPANSIONS	RCTC			200,000				
17		91 LINE EXTENSION TO LAKE ELSINORE	RCTC	2045	Strategic	600,000		Rapid Commuter Corridor from Corona to Lake Elsinore	2019 Next Generation Rail Corridors Analysis	
18	Regional	COACHELLA VALLEY RAIL SERVICE	RCTC	ND	Strategic	800,000		ESTABLISH DAILY RAIL SERVICE BETWEEN DOWNTOWN LOS ANGELES AND THE COACHELLA VALLEY	SCAG RTP	http://scagrtpscs.net/Documents/201 6/final/f2016RTPSCS_ProjectList.pdf
19	Regional	METROLINK COMMUTER RAIL	RCTC/SCRRA	2035	Financially Constrained	11,180		METROLINK COMMUTER RAIL EXISTING LINES SERVICES EXPANSION - RIVERSIDE, 91, AND IEOC LINES	SCAG RTP	http://scagrtpscs.net/Documents/201 6/final/f2016RTPSCS_ProjectList.pdf
20		TYPE VII BUS FLEET EXPANSION (CONTRACT - OPERATED)	RTA	204E	Financially Constrained	3,526		POPULATION AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT GROWS THROUGHOUT THE RTA SERVICE AREA THAT WILL IMPROVE FREQUENCY, SCHEDULE ADHERENCE, AND EXTENSIONS OF	SCAG RTP	http://scagrtpscs.net/Documents/201 6/final/f2016RTPSCS_ProjectList.pdf
		40' BUSES (DIRECTLY-OPERATED) EXPANSION	RTA		Financially Constrained	21,466		40' BUS EXPANSION - EQUIPMENT FOR TRANSIT SERVICE EXPANSION AS POPULATION AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT GROWS THROUGHOUT THE RTA SERVICE AREA THAT WILL IMPROVE FREQUENCY, SCHEDULE ADHERENCE, AND EXTENSIONS OF EXISTING BUS ROUTES.	SCAG RTP	http://scagrtpscs.net/Documents/201 6/final/f2016RTPSCS_ProjectList.pdf
22	WRC	HEMET MOBILITY HUB	RTA	2025	FTIP	11,836		IN WESTERN RIV CO IN THE CITY OF HEMET FOR RIVERSIDE TRANSIT AGENCY CONSTRUCTION OF THE HEMET MOBILITY HUB ON 2 ACRE PARCEL LOCATED EAST OF RAIL ROW, SOUTH OF EAST DATE STREET, WEST OF NORTH JUANITA ST, AND NORTH OF EAST DEVONSHIRE AVE TO INCLUDE: 10 BUS BAYS, 10 SHELTERS/CANOPIES, 20 PARKING SPACES, 1 TRAFFIC SIGNAL AT DEVONSHIRE &CARMALITA, 1 CONTROLLED INTERSECTION AT DEVONSHIRE AND JUANITA; STORAGE AND RESTROOM FACILITY. (5339 FY16 & FY17)		http://ftip.scag.ca.gov/Documents/F 2019-FTIP-5307RIV.pdf
23	WRC	RIVERSIDE MULTIMODAL TRANSIT CENTER	RTA	2030	Financially Constrained	25,000	3120027	ENGINEERING AND CONSTRUCTION OF MULTIMODAL TRANSIT CENTER	SCAG RTP	http://scagrtpscs.net/Documents/201 6/final/f2016RTPSCS ProjectList.pdf
		HIGH QUALITY TRANSIT CORRIDOR	RTA		Financially Constrained	10,000		HIGH QUALITY TRANSIT CORRIDOR INSTRASTRUCTURE FOR RTA'S ADDITIONAL RAPIDLINK ROUTES. PLAN FOR LAND ACQUISITION, ENVIRONMENTAL CLEARANCE, ARCHITECTURAL & ENGINEERING, AND CONSTRUCTION.	SCAG RTP	http://scagrtpscs.net/Documents/201 6/final/f2016RTPSCS_ProjectList.pdf
		TYPE II BUSES (DIAL-A-RIDE) EXPANSION			, Financially Constrained	6,460		EXPANSION EQUIPMENT FOR PARATRANSIT (DIAL-A-RIDE) TRANSIT SERVIC AS POPULATION AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT GROWS THROUGHOUT RTA'S SERVICE AREA.	SCAG RTP	http://scagrtpscs.net/Documents/201 6/final/f2016RTPSCS_ProjectList.pdf
26		NON-REVENUE SUPPORT CARS EXPANSION	RTA	2028	Financially Constrained	102	3160048	NON-REVENUE SUPPORT CARS EXPANSION.	SCAG RTP	http://scagrtpscs.net/Documents/201 6/final/f2016RTPSCS_ProjectList.pdf
27		NON-REVENUE SUPPORT TRUCKS EXPANSION	RTA	2045	Financially Constrained	1,876	3160049	NON-REVENUE SUPPORT TRUCKS EXPANSION.	SCAG RTP	http://scagrtpscs.net/Documents/201 6/final/f2016RTPSCS_ProjectList.pdf



Project									
Number 🔽	Location *	Name	Owner 🚅	Completion Date 🔻	Status	Cost (\$1,000s) 🔽	ID Additional Info	Source	▼ Link
28	WRC	ASSOCIATED TRANSIT ENHANCEMENTS	RTA	2045	Financially Constrained	17,500	BUS STOP ENHANCEMENTS WITH SUPPORT EQUIPMENT, RELATED AMENITIES, AND LANDSCAPING TO KEEP PACE WITH NEW TECHNOLOGY IN THE AREAS OF CUSTOMER CONVENIENCES, SAFETY, ENVIRONMENTAL 3TC0702 IMPROVEMENTS, ACCESSIBILITY, AND AESTHETIC VALUE.	SCAG RTP	http://scagrtpscs.net/Documents/201 6/final/f2016RTPSCS_ProjectList.pdf
20	MDC	TRANSIT CENTED IN MODERIO VALLEY	DTA	2025	Financially Constrained	6,000	REGIONAL TRANSIT CENTER FOR MASS TRANSIT SERVICE IN WESTERN	SCAC DTD	http://scagrtpscs.net/Documents/201
25	WRC	TRANSIT CENTER IN MORENO VALLEY	RTA	2035	Financially Constrained	6,000	RIV051007 RIVERSIDE COUNTY IN THE MORENO VALLEY VICINITY, SOUTH OF SR-60.	SCAG RTP	6/final/f2016RTPSCS_ProjectList.pdf
30	WRC	COMMUTER VEHICLE EXPANSION	RTA	2035	Financially Constrained	17,600	3120034 BUSES FOR EXPRESS AND RAPID BUS	SCAG RTP	http://scagrtpscs.net/Documents/201 6/final/f2016RTPSCS_ProjectList.pdf
31	. WRC	RAPIDLINK SERVICE RIVERSIDE/MORENO VALLEY/PERRIS	RTA	2030	Financially Constrained	25,000	PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT FOR RAPIDLINK SERVICE BETWEEN RIVERSIDE, MORENO VALLEY, AND PERRIS, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO, 3160060 ROLLING STOCK AND STOP INFRASTRUCTURE	SCAG RTP	http://scagrtpscs.net/Documents/201 6/final/f2016RTPSCS_ProjectList.pdf
32	WRC	40' BUSES (DIRECTLY-OPERATED) REPLACEMENT	RTA	2026	Financially Constrained	328,254	3120030 BUSES FOR REPLACEMENT TO MAINTAIN SGR	SCAG RTP	
33	WRC	NON-REVENUE SUPPORT CARS REPLACEMENT	RTA	2045	Financially Constrained	6,120	3160052 NON-REVENUE SUPPORT CARS REPLACEMENT	SCAG RTP	
34	WRC	NON-REVENUE SUPPORT TRUCKS REPLACEMENT	RTA	2045	Financially Constrained	4,691	3160061 NON-REVENUE SUPPORT TRUCKS REPLACEMENT	SCAG RTP	
35	WRC	TECHNOLOGY INFRASTRUCTURE UPGRADE AND MODERNIZATION	RTA	2045	Financially Constrained	50,000	SYSTEM UPGRADES, REAL TIME PASSENGER INFORMATION, FARE COLLECTION AND OPERATIONS MANAGEMENT TECHNOLOGIES CONSISTENT 3TL807 WITH THE TECHNOLOGY STRATEGIC PLAN	SCAG RTP	
36	WRC	TRANSIT CENTER REHABILITATION AND MODERNIZATION	RTA	2045	Financially Constrained	20,000	MAINTENANCE, UPGRADE, POTENTIAL OF EXPANSION, AND INTRODUCTION 3TL307 OF NEW TECHNOLOGY FOR NINE TRANSIT CENTERS	SCAG RTP	
37	'WRC	TROLLEY BUS REPLACEMENT	RTA	2036	Financially Constrained	3,526	REPLACEMENT TROLLEY BUSES FOR TRANSIT SUSTAINABILITY THROUGHOUT 3160051 THE RTA SERVICE AREA	SCAG RTP	
38	WRC	TYPE II BUSES (DIAL-A-RIDE) REPLACEMENT	RTA	2045	Financially Constrained	77,778	REPLACEMENT PARATRANSIT (DIAL-A-RIDE) TYPE II BUSES FOR TRANSIT 3160050 SERVICE SUSTAINABILITY THROUGHOUT THE RTA SERVICE AREA	SCAG RTP	
39) WRC	TYPE VII BUSES (CONTRACT-OPERATED) EXPANSION	RTA	2045	Financially Constrained	3,682	TYPE VII BUS EXPANSION- EQUIPMENT FOR TRANSIT SERVICE EXPANSION AS POPULATION AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT GROWS THROUGHOUT THE RTA SERVICE AREA THAT WILL IMPROVE FREQUENCY, SCHEDULE ADHERENCE, 3120029 AND EXTENSIONS OF EXISTING BUS ROUTES	SCAG RTP	
40	WRC	TYPE VII BUSES (CONTRACT-OPERATED) REPLACEMENT	RTA	2045	Financially Constrained	149,830	TYPE VII BUS REPLACEMENTS - EQUIPMENT FOR TRANSIT SERVICE 3120031 SUSTAINABILITY THROUGHOUT THE RTA SERVICE AREA	SCAG RTP	
	. WRC	OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE FACILITY/ ZERO EMISSION VEHICLES AND INFRASTRUCTURE	RTA		Financially Constrained		PREPARE OPERATING & MAINTENANCE FACILITY/SUPPORT INFRASTRUCTURE MASTER PLAN TO MEET FUTURE PUBLIC TRANSIT NEEDS OF RTA'S SERVICE RIV170111 AREA. ALSO PREPARE A PLAN FOR PURCHASE OF A ZERO EMISSION VEHICLE		
42	CV/PVV	CENTER OF EXCELLENCE - LEARNING CENTER AT THOUSAND PALMS FACILITY	Sunline Transit Agency	2025	Need to be updated to FTIP	2,600	CONSTRUCT NEW LEARNING CENTER TO TRAIN AND EDUCATE STUDENTS IN 3160063 TRANSIT, HYDROGEN, CNG, AND ADMINISTRATION INDUSTRY.	SCAG RTP	http://scagrtpscs.net/Documents/201 6/final/f2016RTPSCS_ProjectList.pdf
	CV/PVV	NEW INTELLIGENT TRANSPORTATION SYSTEMS (ITS) PROGRAM	Sunline Transit Agency	2025	Need to be updated to FTIP	1,500		SCAG RTP	http://scagrtpscs.net/Documents/201 6/final/f2016RTPSCS_ProjectList.pdf
44	CV/PVV	TRANSIT CENTERS	Sunline Transit Agency	2025	Needs to be updated to Strategic		CONSTRUCT 3 TRANSIT CENTERS (WEST AND EAST VALLEY) IN COACHELLA 3TCO4TR3 VALLEY LOCATIONS TO BE DETERMINED.	SCAG RTP	http://scagrtpscs.net/Documents/201 6/final/f2016RTPSCS_ProjectList.pdf



Project										
Number 🔽	Location	Name	Owner 🗔	Completion Date 🔻	Status	Cost (\$1,000s) 🔽	ID 🔽	Additional Info	Source	Link
					Needs to be updated to					http://scagrtpscs.net/Documents/201
45	CV/PVV	PARK-AND-RIDE LOTS	Sunline Transit Agency	2030	Strategic	17,805	3TC0703	ACQUIRE PROPERTY AND CONSTRUCT 3 PARK AND RIDE LOTS	SCAG RTP	6/final/f2016RTPSCS_ProjectList.pdf
								FACILITY IMPROVEMENT TO ACCOMMODATE ADDITIONAL SERVICE ROUTES		
					Needs to be updated to			BASED ON RECOMMENDATION FROM COMPREHENSIVE OPERATIONAL		http://scagrtpscs.net/Documents/201
46	CV/PVV	TRANSFER LOCATION IMPROVEMENT	Sunline Transit Agency	2025	Strategic	7,574	3TL0407	ANALYSIS	SCAG RTP	6/final/f2016RTPSCS_ProjectList.pdf
					Needs to be updated to					http://scagrtpscs.net/Documents/201
47	CV/PVV	PARATRANSIT SERVICE IMPROVEMENTS	Sunline Transit Agency	2025	Strategic	23,908	3TL104	SERVICE IMPROVEMENTS FOR SENIORS AND PERSONS WITH DISABILITIES.	SCAG RTP	6/final/f2016RTPSCS_ProjectList.pdf
								PURCHASE ADDITIONAL BUSES FOR SERVICE IMPROVEMENTS, INCLUDING		http://scagrtpscs.net/Documents/201
48	CV/PVV	EXPANSION BUS PURCHASES	Sunline Transit Agency	2025	Financially Constrained	12,260	3TL504	SERVICE REALIGNMENT AND SERVICE EXPANSION.	SCAG RTP	6/final/f2016RTPSCS_ProjectList.pdf
					·			PURCHASE MORE AMENITIES FOR INSTALLATION AT BUS STOPS		
					Needs to be updated to			THROUGHOUT THE SERVICE AREA BASED ON RECOMMENDATIONS FROM TH	=	http://scagrtpscs.net/Documents/201
40	CV/PVV	ASSOCIATED TRANSIT ENHANCEMENTS	Sunline Transit Agency	2025	Strategic	6,214	3TL607		SCAG RTP	6/final/f2016RTPSCS_ProjectList.pdf
- 12	207100		<u> </u>	2023	Strategie	0,211				
F(CV/PVV	GFI FAREBOXES, SMARTCARDS, SECURITY SYSTEMS	Sunline Transit Agency	2025	Financially Constrained	2.978		INSTALL SECURITY SYSTEMS IN SUNLINE BUSES AND ACQUIRE NEW FAREBOXES WITH SMARTCARD TECHNOLOGY AND CAPABILITIES.	SCAG RTP	http://scagrtpscs.net/Documents/201 6/final/f2016RTPSCS_ProjectList.pdf
50	CV/PVV	STSTEIVIS	Summe Transit Agency	2025	Financially Constrained	2,976			SCAG RIP	b/imai/izo16kiP3C3_ProjectList.pui
								IMPLEMENT BUS RAPID SERVICE/BRT ON HIGHWAY 111 BASED ON		
								RECOMMENDATIONS IN THE COMPREHENSIVE OPERATIONAL ANALYSIS CONDUCTED IN 2005/06. PROJECT WILL ENTAIL COMPLETING FEASIBILITY		
					Needs to be updated to			STUDY AND WORKING WITH THE LOCAL JURISDICTIONS ON VARIOUS		http://scagrtpscs.net/Documents/201
51	L CV/PVV	BUS RAPID TRANSIT	Sunline Transit Agency	2030	Strategic	15,493		ACTIVITIES PRIOR TO IMPLEMENTING PROJECT.	SCAG RTP	6/final/f2016RTPSCS_ProjectList.pdf
32	CV/IVV	LAND AQUISITION / RENEWABLE ENERGY	Junine Hansie Agency	2030	Strategie	15,455			SCACINI	O/ mai/ 12010km Ses_i Tojectelst.pai
E-	CV/PVV	FACILITY	Sunline Transit Agency	2025	Financially Constrained	5,000		Purchase of land and infrastucture to expand Sunline's Zero Emission	SCAG RTP Submitted to RCTC 10/2018	
52	CV/PVV	PACILITY	Summe transit Agency	2023	Financially Constrained	3,000		Program	SCAG KTF Submitted to KCTC 10/2018	
_								- 1		
53	CV/PVV	INDIO PUBLIC FUELING FACILITY	Sunline Transit Agency	2025	Strategic	16,000		Replacement of End of Useful Life Facility	SunLine Master Plan 2016	See Attached
								Public fueling facility to increase operating revenue and promote zero		
54	CV/PVV	HYDROGEN PUBLIC FUELING FACILITY	Sunline Transit Agency	2025	Strategic	2,500		emission technology	SunLine Master Plan 2016	See Attached
								Replacement if obsolete maintenance facility in accordance with facility		
55	CV/PVV	Thousand Palms Maintenance Facility	Sunline Transit Agency	2025	Strategic	20,000		master plan	SunLine Master Plan 2016	See Attached
		ITS TRANSIT AND PARATRANSIT REAL						FULLY INTEGRATED TRANSIT OPS, MANAGEMENT, AND TRAVELER		http://scagrtpscs.net/Documents/201
56	Regional	TIME PASSENGER INFORMATION	Various Agencies	2020	Financially Constrained	5,000	3ITS09	INFORMATION SYSTEM/BRT/BUS SIGNAL PRIORITY	SCAG RTP	6/final/f2016RTPSCS_ProjectList.pdf
		ITS TRANSIT AND PARATRANSIT REAL						FULLY INTEGRATED TRANSIT OPS, MANAGEMENT, AND TRAVELER		http://scagrtpscs.net/Documents/201
57	7 Regional	TIME PASSENGER INFORMATION	Various Agencies	2020	Financially Constrained	5,000	3ITS09	INFORMATION SYSTEM/ BRT/BUS SIGNAL PRIORITY	SCAG RTP	6/final/f2016RTPSCS_ProjectList.pdf



Major Transit Project Evaluation



Transit Projects Evaluation Criteria Evaluation includes projects from the SCAG RTP/SCS and the most recent Rivers projects with a cost under \$100,000 have been excluded from the evaluation pro		1. Banning Pass Transit - CNG Facility	2. Corona Intelligent Transportatio n System (ITS)	3. Riverside County Fleet Upgrades & Expansion	4. Independent Living Partnership Program	5. Regional Rideshare Continuing Program	Commuter	7. Park-N- Ride Expansion in WRC	and Ride Facilities	Line Extensio	10. 91/Perris Valley Linie Extension to Temecula	11. Metrolink PTC Upgrades	Downtown Station	13. Moreno Valley/March Station Improvement s
Is consistent with current regional, subregional, and local plans and policies, and Short and/or Long Range Transit Plans	Notes					<u> </u>		•						
Implements existing regional, subregional, and local plans and policies and Short or Long Range Transit Plans	Consistent is defined as: a project listed within a plan	√	V	V	√	√	√	V	V	V	√	V	V	√
2 Provides improved access to activity centers or schools	Notes													
Improves access to activity centers or schools through an expanded transit system	Directly serves is defined as: a transit project that leads straight to or alongside an activity center or school. Indirectly serves is defined as: a transit project that does not lead straight to or go alongside an activity center or school but is within 0.5 miles of an activity center or school. Activity Center defined as: A medical center or civic center, school, office, park, employment or commercial area. School defined as: Public or private elementary, middle or high school, community college, trade college, or university.				٧	٧	V			٧	√		٧	٧
3 Project will maintain established productivity standards	Notes													
The project can be supported and operated over time	N/A for projects that do not have farebox revenue or do not have a farebox recovery goal.	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	V	√	V	√	√
4 Project provides for or promotes intermodal connectivity	Notes													
The project enhances the regional transportation system	Intermodal connectivity is defined as: bus to train, bus to airport, bus to a Park & Ride, bus to a Vanpool or Carpool, or bus to a Bike Facility.	V	V		V	V	V	√	V				V	V
5 Links High-Frequency Transit Services	Notes													
Does the route connect to other high-frequency (timed transfer service or at least 15 minute service) transit routes?					√	V	√	V	√	√	√		V	√
6 GHG Emissions	Notes													
What is the change in regional CO2 emissions from implementing the project?	Note: These scores will be ranked relative to the highest performing project. The calculation is based on the California Air Resources Board (CARB) EMFAC emissions model.			٧		√	V	V	√	V	√	√	V	V
Project serves a transit dependent population and/or community or	Notes													
Indian Reservation Project provides access to essential services for the transit dependent population	Transit Dependent is defined as: individuals, or groups of individuals that do not have a choice in their selection of transportation modes, and are primarily dependent on the availability of public transportation.				V									
8 Project enhances interagency transit service coordination	Notes					1			1		1			I I
Enhances regional transportation system connectivity and ability to	Examples include: vanpool, rideshare programs as well as coordination	l			\checkmark	\checkmark	√	\checkmark	$\sqrt{}$		√	$\sqrt{}$	\checkmark	√
consolidate regional trips 9 Project reduces reliance on private automobiles	between transit operators. Notes													
Enhances air quality and reduces peak automobile travel	Activity Center defined as: A medical center or civic center, school, office, park, employment or commercial area. School defined as: Public or private elementary, middle or high school, community college, trade college, or university.			V		√	√			√	√		V	√
10 Project Includes Carpool/Vanpool and Regional or Corridor transit	Notes													
Addresses continued system continuity						√	√			√	√		√	√
11 Project reduces vehicle congestion	Notes													
Reduces commuter or special event trips						√	√			V	1	V		√
12 Supports SCS growth principles	Notes													
Project furthers implementation of the SCS						V	√			√	√		√	√
13 Estimated Project Timing	Notes		1											
More imminent projects are higher priority than those that are not ready to be implemented		√	√	√	√	√		1	√			V	√	√



			Valley Line Second Main	Station Parking	17. '91 Line Extension to Lake Elsinore	18. Coachella Valley Rail Service	Metrolink		21. 40' Buses (Directly- Operated) Expansion	22. Hemet Mobility Hub	23. Riverside Multimod al Transit Center	Corridor
	Notes											
	Consistent is defined as: a project listed within a plan			1				1 .				
	consistent is defined as: a project fisted within a plan	√	√			$\sqrt{}$		$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$			$\sqrt{}$
3 3	Notes											
Improves access to activity centers or schools through an expanded transit system	Directly serves is defined as: a transit project that leads straight to or alongside an activity center or school. Indirectly serves is defined as: a transit project that does not lead straight to or go alongside an activity center or school but is within 0.5 miles of an activity center or school. Activity Center defined as: A medical center or civic center, school, office, park, employment or commercial area. School defined as: Public or private elementary, middle or high school, community college, trade college, or	V	٧			V	V			V	V	
				l .			1					
The project can be supported and operated over time	N/A for projects that do not have farebox revenue or do not have a farebox	√	V	N/A	N/A	V	√	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
•	Notes											
	Intermodal connectivity is defined as: bus to train, bus to airport, bus to a Park & Ride, bus to a Vanpool or Carpool, or bus to a Bike Facility.	√	V	√	V					√	√	
Links High-Frequency Transit Services	Notes											
Does the route connect to other high-frequency (timed transfer service or at least 15 minute service) transit routes?		√	V			V	√			√	√	√
GHG Emissions	Notes											
	Note: These scores will be ranked relative to the highest performing project. The calculation is based on the California Air Resources Board (CARB) EMFAC emissions model.	V	V	٧	√	V	V	V	٧			
	Notes											
Project provides access to essential services for the transit dependent population	do not have a choice in their selection of transportation modes, and are primarily dependent on the availability of public transportation.											
	Notes											
consolidate regional trips	between transit operators.	√	√			√	√				√	
	park, employment or commercial area. School defined as: Public or private elementary, middle or high school, community college, trade college, or university.	√	√	√	√	V	V	√	V	√	√	
	Notes											
Addresses continued system continuity		√	√			√	√ √			\ \	√ √	V
Project reduces vehicle congestion	Notes											
Reduces commuter or special event trips		V	√		V	√						
Supports SCS growth principles	Notes	,				,	,					
		V	√			√	√ √					
Estimated Project Timing More imminent projects are higher priority than those that are not ready to be implemented	Notes	V	V						√			
	on includes projects from the SCAG RTP/SCS and the most recent Riversic with a cost under \$100,000 have been excluded from the evaluation proises on sistent with current regional, subregional, and local plans and policies, and Short and/or Long Range Transit Plans Implements existing regional, subregional, and local plans and policies and Short or Long Range Transit Plans Provides improved access to activity centers or schools Improves access to activity centers or schools through an expanded transit system Project will maintain established productivity standards The project can be supported and operated over time Project provides for or promotes intermodal connectivity The project enhances the regional transportation system Links High-Frequency Transit Services Does the route connect to other high-frequency (timed transfer service or at least 15 minute service) transit routes? GHG Emissions What is the change in regional CO2 emissions from implementing the project? Project serves a transit dependent population and/or community or Indian Reservation Project provides access to essential services for the transit dependent population Project enhances interagency transit service coordination Enhances regional transportation system connectivity and ability to consolidate regional trips Project reduces reliance on private automobiles Enhances air quality and reduces peak automobile travel Project Includes Carpool/Vanpool and Regional or Corridor transit Addresses continued system continuity Project reduces vehicle congestion Reduces commuter or special event trips Supports SCS growth principles Project furthers implementation of the SCS Estimated Project Timing More imminent projects are higher priority than those that are not	with a cost under \$50,000 have been excluded from the evaluation process. Is consistent with current regional, subregional, and local plans and policies, and Short and/or tong Range Transit Plans Implements existing regional, subregional, and local plans and policies and Short at long Range Transit Plans and Short at long Range Transit Plans Provides improved access to activity centers or schools Provides improved access to activity centers or schools through an expanded transit system and Short at long Range Transit Plans Improves access to activity centers or schools through an expanded transit system and transit system and transit system are received to the state of transit system and transit system and transit system and transit system and transit system are received to the subject of the subject of the subject to the subject of the subject to the subject of the subject to the subject t	Project Sevaluation Criteria on industs projects from the SAG 81PSCS and the most recent Reverside County Short Range Transit Plans. State of good repair projects, and with a cost under \$200 On how been acceleded from the evaluation process. Is consistent with current regional, subregional, and local plans and projects and short or long thought prassit Plans. In properties and short or long thought prassit Plans. Provides improved access to activity centers or schools Improves access to activity centers or schools through on expanded and projects and short or long thought project that leads straight to or along piece and activity centers or school. Activity center or school indirectly serves is defined as: a transit project that leads straight to or along piece and activity center or school. Indirectly serves is defined as: a transit project that leads straight to or along piece and activity center or school. Indirectly serves is defined as: a transit project that leads straight to or along piece and activity center or school. Indirectly serves is defined as: a transit project that leads straight to or along piece and activity center or school. Indirectly serves is defined as: a transit project that leads straight to or along the analysis of the school, community college, trade college, or university. Project will maintain established productivity standards The project cent he supported and operated over time expanded and perated over time expansition. The project control of the supported over time expansition of the supported and perated over time expansition. The project members intermedial connectivity. Notes The project enhances intermedial connectivity. Notes What is the change in regional CO2 emissions from implementing the project. Describe the review connect to other high-prequency (finned transife service or at least 18 minutes service) transit service connectivity and ability to consolidate regional rings projects. Notes What is the change in regional CO2 emissions from implementing the proje	Projects Evaluation Criteria an includes projects from the SCAD RTP/SCS and the most recent Riverside County Short Range Transit Plans. State of good repair projects, and with a cost under Statuto Brown of the evaluation process. Is consistent with current regional, subregional, and local plans and policies, and short and professional plans of the project in the scale of the project of the state of the project of the	Project Sizultation Criteria In Industry projects (Scaling Market with current regional, subregional, and local plans and policies, and their and from the evaluation process. Notes N	Projects Evaluation Criteria In includes projects from the SCAC RTP/SC and the most recent Riverside County Short Range Transit Plans. State of good repair projects, and with contented Schollowhouse been excluded from the evaluation process. In commister with current regional, subregional, and local plants and provides as a project from the SCAC RTP/SC and the most recent projects. In commister with current regional, subregional, and local plants and projects. In commister with current regional, subregional, and local plants and projects. In commister with current regional, subregional, and local plants and projects. In commister with current regional, subregional, and local plants and projects. In commister with current regional, subregional, and local plants and projects. In commister with current regional, subregional, and local plants and projects. In commister with current regional, subregional, and local plants and projects. In commission with current regional, subregional, and local plants and projects. In commission with current regional, subregional, and local plants and projects. In commission with current regional, subregional, and local plants and projects. In commission with current regional, subregional, and local plants and projects. In commission with current regional, subregional, and local plants and projects. In commission with current regional, subregional, and local plants and projects. In commission with current regional subregional, and local plants and projects. In commission with current regional subregional and local plants and projects. In commission with current regional and subregional and	Projects Evaluation Criteria Provides improved access to activity center or school for though on repanded access to activity center or school for high specific particles and the supported down the supported down the supported down the supported down the supported for the supported down the supported for the supported for the supported down the supported for the supported down the supported for the support for the supported for the support for the supported for the support for the supported for the support for the	Project is foundation Official is a management of the project of product of the property of the project of th	Projects Evaluation Criterias and a project in Criteria and Application Criterias and a project in Criteria and Application Criteria and Applicati	South March 1996 (S. Pringet S. P	Projects Fundation Criteria What is a project for the project of Strategies of Criteria What is a project for the project of Strategies of the most recent Reverside Councy from the SCOR IPTICS and far most recent Reverside Councy from the score of growth of the project for the count of Strategies of the Criteria Councy from the score of Strategies of the Criteria Councy from the score of Strategies of the Criteria Councy from the score of Strategies of the Criteria Councy from the score of Strategies of the Criteria Councy from the score of Strategies of the Criteria Councy from the score of Strategies of the Criteria Councy from the score of Strategies of the Criteria Councy from the Strategies of the Criteria Councy from the Strategies of the Criteria Councy from the Strategies of Strategies of the Criteria Councy from the Strategies of Str	Projects Foundation Criteria Projects Foundation Criteria



												LONG RANGE IN	INSPORTATION STUDY	
Evaluati	t Projects Evaluation Criteria ion includes projects from the SCAG RTP/SCS and the most recent Riversis s with a cost under \$100,000 have been excluded from the evaluation pro		25. Type II Buses (Dial-a Ride) Expansion	26. Non- Revenue Support Cars Expansion	27. Non- Revenue Support Trucks Expansion	28. Associated Transit Enhancem ents	29. Transit Center in Moreno Valley	'Commuter Vehicle	31. Rapidlink Service Riverside/ Moreno Valley/Perris	(Directly-	Revenue Support Cars	34. Non- Revenue Support Trucks Replacement	35. 'Technology Infrastructure Upgrade & Modernization	36. Transit Center Rehabilitation & Modernizatio n
projects	Is consistent with current regional, subregional, and local plans and													
1	policies, and Short and/or Long Range Transit Plans	Notes												
	Implements existing regional, subregional, and local plans and policies and Short or Long Range Transit Plans	Consistent is defined as: a project listed within a plan	√	V	V	√	√	V	√	V	√	V	V	√
2	Provides improved access to activity centers or schools	Notes		•		•								
	Improves access to activity centers or schools through an expanded transit system	Directly serves is defined as: a transit project that leads straight to or alongside an activity center or school. Indirectly serves is defined as: a transit project that does not lead straight to or go alongside an activity center or school but is within 0.5 miles of an activity center or school. Activity Center defined as: A medical center or civic center, school, office, park, employment or commercial area. School defined as: Public or private elementary, middle or high school, community college, trade college, or university.					٧		٧					
3	Project will maintain established productivity standards	Notes												
	The project can be supported and operated over time	N/A for projects that do not have farebox revenue or do not have a farebox recovery goal.	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	√		N/A	N/A		N/A
4	Project provides for or promotes intermodal connectivity	Notes												
	The project enhances the regional transportation system	Intermodal connectivity is defined as: bus to train, bus to airport, bus to a Park & Ride, bus to a Vanpool or Carpool, or bus to a Bike Facility.					V							
5	Links High-Frequency Transit Services	Notes												
	Does the route connect to other high-frequency (timed transfer service or at least 15 minute service) transit routes?						√		√					
6	GHG Emissions	Notes												
	What is the change in regional CO2 emissions from implementing the project?	Note: These scores will be ranked relative to the highest performing project. The calculation is based on the California Air Resources Board (CARB) EMFAC emissions model.	√					٧	V		V	√		٧
7	Project serves a transit dependent population and/or community or	Notes												
	Indian Reservation Project provides access to essential services for the transit dependent population	Transit Dependent is defined as: individuals, or groups of individuals that do not have a choice in their selection of transportation modes, and are primarily dependent on the availability of public transportation.												
8	Project enhances interagency transit service coordination	Notes		T	<u> </u>	T			T				I	I
	Enhances regional transportation system connectivity and ability to consolidate regional trips	Examples include: vanpool, rideshare programs as well as coordination between transit operators.												
9	Project reduces reliance on private automobiles Enhances air quality and reduces peak automobile travel	Notes Activity Center defined as: A medical center or civic center, school, office, park, employment or commercial area. School defined as: Public or private elementary, middle or high school, community college, trade college, or	√				√	V	√		V	V		√
10	Project Includes Carpool/Vanpool and Regional or Corridor transit	university. Notes												
10	Addresses continued system continuity	NOTES					√		V					
11	Project reduces vehicle congestion	Notes		1		1	, ,		,					
	Reduces commuter or special event trips								V					
12	Supports SCS growth principles	Notes		<u> </u>					<u>'</u>					
	Project furthers implementation of the SCS								√					
13		Notes												
	More imminent projects are higher priority than those that are not ready to be implemented										√	$\sqrt{}$		√



								LONG MANGE HANGS OKIATION STODY			
de County Short Range Transit Plans. State of good repair projects, and cess.	37. Trolley Bus Replacement	38. Type II Buses (Dial-A- Ride) Replacement			41. 'Operations & Maintenance Facility/Zero Emission Vehicles and Infrastructur	42. Center of Excellence - Learning Center at Thousand Palms Facility	(ITS)		45. Park- and- Ride Lots	Location	47. Paratransit Service Improvements
Notes											
Consistent is defined as: a project listed within a plan	√	√	√	√	V	V	√	V	√	V	√
Notes		1									
Directly serves is defined as: a transit project that leads straight to or alongside an activity center or school. Indirectly serves is defined as: a transit project that does not lead straight to or go alongside an activity center or school but is within 0.5 miles of an activity center or school. Activity Center defined as: A medical center or civic center, school, office, park, employment or commercial area. School defined as: Public or private elementary, middle or high school, community college, trade college, or university.								√			V
Notes				•							
N/A for projects that do not have farebox revenue or do not have a farebox recovery goal.	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Notes											
Intermodal connectivity is defined as: bus to train, bus to airport, bus to a Park & Ride, bus to a Vanpool or Carpool, or bus to a Bike Facility.							$\sqrt{}$	√	$\sqrt{}$		
Notes											
								V	√		
Notes											
Note: These scores will be ranked relative to the highest performing project. The calculation is based on the California Air Resources Board (CARB) EMFAC emissions model.	V	V	V	V	V	V			V		
Notes											
Transit Dependent is defined as: individuals, or groups of individuals that do not have a choice in their selection of transportation modes, and are primarily dependent on the availability of public transportation.											V
		I		I	I		1				
Examples include: vanpool, rideshare programs as well as coordination between transit operators.										V	
Notes											
Activity Center defined as: A medical center or civic center, school, office, park, employment or commercial area. School defined as: Public or private elementary, middle or high school, community college, trade college, or university.	V	٧	V	V	V			V			
Notes								V			
Notes											
Notes			_	I							
Notes	V	√	√	V	√						
	Notes Consistent is defined as: a project listed within a plan Notes Directly serves is defined as: a transit project that leads straight to or alongside an activity center or school. Indirectly serves is defined as: a transit project that does not lead straight to or go alongside an activity center or school but is within 0.5 miles of an activity center or school. Activity Center defined as: A medical center or civic center, school, office, park, employment or commercial area. School defined as: Public or private elementary, middle or high school, community college, trade college, or university. Notes N/A for projects that do not have farebox revenue or do not have a farebox recovery goal. Notes Intermodal connectivity is defined as: bus to train, bus to airport, bus to a Park & Ride, bus to a Vanpool or Carpool, or bus to a Bike Facility. Notes Notes Notes Notes: These scores will be ranked relative to the highest performing project. The calculation is based on the California Air Resources Board (CARB) EMFAC emissions model. Notes Transit Dependent is defined as: individuals, or groups of individuals that do not have a choice in their selection of transportation modes, and are primarily dependent on the availability of public transportation. Notes Examples include: vanpool, rideshare programs as well as coordination between transit operators. Notes Examples include: vanpool, rideshare programs as well as coordination between transit operators. Notes Examples include: vanpool, rideshare programs as well as coordination between transit operators. Notes Examples include: vanpool, rideshare programs as well as coordination between transit operators. Notes Examples include: vanpool, rideshare programs as well as coordination between transit operators. Notes	Replacement de County Short Range Transit Plans. State of good repair projects, and tess. Notes Consistent is defined as: a project listed within a plan Notes Directly serves is defined as: a transit project that leads straight to or alongside an activity center or school. Indirectly serves is defined as: a transit project that does not lead straight to or go alongside an activity center or school. Indirectly serves is defined as: a transit project that does not lead straight to or go alongside an activity center or school. Activity Center defined as: A medical center or civic center, school, office, park, employment or commercial area. School defined as: Public or private elementary, middle or high school, community college, trade college, or university. Notes Notes Notes Notes Notes Notes Notes Notes Notes Notes Examples include: vanpool, rideshare programs as well as coordination between transit operators. Notes Activity Center defined as: A medical center or civic center, school, office, park, employment or commercial area. School defined as: Public or private elementary, middle or high school, community college, trade college, or university. Notes	Buses (Dial-A-Ride) Replacement Bus Replacement Ride) Replacement Shorts Consistent is defined as: a project listed within a plan Notes Directly serves is defined as: a transit project that leads straight to or alongside an activity center or school. Indirectly serves is defined as: a transit project that leads straight to or alongside an activity center or school but is within 0.5 miles of an activity center or school. Activity Center defined as: A medical center or dvic center, school, office, park, employment or commercial area. School defined as: Public or private elementary, middle or high school, community college, trade college, or university. Notes Replacement Buses (Dial-A-Ride) Ride) Replacement Buses (Dial-A-Ride) Ride) Replacement Buses (Dial-A-Ride) Ride) Replacement Buses (Dial-A-Ride) Ride) Replacement Buses (Dial-A-Ride) Ride) Replacement All Push (Dial-A-Ride) Ride) Replacement Buses (Dial-A-Ride) Ride) Ride) Replacement All Push (Dial-A-Ride) Ride) Replacement All Push (Dial-A-Ride) Ride) Ride) Replacement All Push (Dial-A-Ride) Ride) Ride) Replacement All Push (Dial-A-Ride) Ride) Replacement All Push (Dial-A-Ride) Ride) Ride) Replacement Ride) Ride) Replacement All Push (Dial-A-Ride) Ride) Ride) Ride) Ride) Ride) Replacement Ride) Ri	37. Trolley Bus St. Vipe Replacement 30. Trolley Bus Mus Plans State of good repair projects, and cets. Notes Consistent is defined as: a project listed within a plan Notes Directly serves is defined as: a transit project that leads straight to or alongside an activity center or school. Indirectly serves is defined as: a transit project that does not lead straight to or pa alongside an activity center or school. Activity Center of school is of an activity center or school. Activity Center defined as: A medical center or or vivic center, school, office, pack, employment or commercial area. School defined as: Public or private elementary, middle or high school, community college, trade college, or university. Notes Notes Notes Notes Notes Notes Notes Transit Dependent is defined as: individuals, or groups of individuals that do not have a choice in their selection of transportation modes, and are primarily dependent on the availability of public transportation. Notes Transit Dependent is defined as: A medical center or ravic center, school, office, park, employment or commercial area. School defined as: bus to a Vanpool or Carpool, or bus to a Bike Facility. Notes Transit Dependent is defined as: individuals, or groups of individuals that do not have a choice in their selection of transportation modes, and are primarily dependent on the availability of public transportation. Notes Transit Dependent is defined as: A medical center or ravic center, school, office, park, employment or commercial area. School defined as: Public or private elementary, middle or high school, community college, trade college, or university. Notes No	## A Property Short Range Transit Plans. State of good repair projects, and cest. **Notes** **Not	Source of the project that does not load straight to or go alongside an activity center or school contract or commercial less choiced efficiency is within 15 miles of another years of the fire days that do not have farebox revenue or do not have a farebox revenue	A Trolley Bus (Contract Note) Consistent is defined as a project listed within a plan Notes Consistent is defined as a project listed within a plan Note (Contract Note) Consistent is defined as a project listed within a plan Note (Contract Note) Consistent is defined as a project listed within a plan Note (Contract Note) Consistent is defined as a project listed within a plan Note (Contract Note) Consistent is defined as a project listed within a plan Note (Contract Note) Consistent is defined as a project listed within a plan Note (Contract Note) Consistent is defined as a project listed within a plan Note (Contract Note) Consistent is defined as a project listed within a plan Note (Contract Note) Consistent is defined as a project listed within a plan Note (Contract Note) Consistent is defined as a project listed within a plan Note (Contract Note) Note (Contract No	37. Trolley Bus (Dall-And Part of the Contract of Section 2) (Contract of Sect	## A Type II By Williams Sale of good repair projects, and ess. ## A Type II By Williams Sale of good repair projects, and ess. ## A Type II By Williams Sale of good repair projects, and ess. ## A Type II By Williams Sale of good repair projects, and ess. ## A Type II By Williams Sale of good repair projects, and ess. ## A Type II By Williams Sale of good repair projects, and ess. ## A Type II By Williams Sale of good repair projects, and ess. ## A Type II By Williams Sale of good repair projects, and ess. ## A Type II By Williams Sale of good repair projects, and ess. ## A Type II By Williams Sale of good repair projects, and ess. ## A Type II By Williams Sale of good repair projects, and ess. ## A Type II By Williams Sale of good repair projects, and ess. ## A Type II By Williams Sale of good repair projects, and ess. ## A Type II By Williams Sale of good repair projects, and ess. ## A Type II By Williams Sale of good repair projects, and ess. ## A Type II By Williams Sale of good repair projects, and ess. ## A Type II By Williams Sale of good repair projects, and ess. ## A Type II By Williams Sale of good repair projects, and ess. ## A Type II By Williams Sale of good repair projects, and ess. ## A Type II By Williams Sale of good repair projects, and ess. ## A Type II By Williams Sale of good repair projects, and ess. ## A Type II By Williams Sale of good repair projects, and ess. ## A Type II By Williams Sale of good repair projects, and ess. ## A Type II By Williams Sale of good repair projects, and ess. ## A Type II By Williams Sale of good repair projects, and ess. ## A Type II By Williams Sale of good repair projects, and ess. ## A Type II By Williams Sale of good repair projects, and ess. ## A Type II By Williams Sale of good repair projects, and ess. ## A Type II By Williams Sale of good repair projects, and ess. ## A Type II By Williams Sale of good repair projects, and ess. ## A Type II By Williams Sale of g	8. Type II was a special section of the section of	



									LONG RANGE TRANSPORTATION STUDY				
Evaluat	it Projects Evaluation Criteria ion includes projects from the SCAG RTP/SCS and the most recent Riversi \$100,000 have been excluded from the evaluation process.	de County Short Range Transit Plans. State of good repair projects, and projects with a cost	48. Expansion Bus Purchases	49. Associated Transit Enhancements	50. GFI Fareboxes, Smartcards, Security Systems		52. 'Land Acquisition / Renewable Energy Facility	53. 'Indio Public Fueling Facility	Hydrogen Public Fueling	55. 'Thousand Palms Maintenance Facility	Paratransit		
1	Is consistent with current regional, subregional, and local plans and policies, and Short and/or Long Range Transit Plans	Notes											
	Implements existing regional, subregional, and local plans and policies and Short or Long Range Transit Plans	Consistent is defined as: a project listed within a plan	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	V	√		
2	Provides improved access to activity centers or schools	Notes		1	l .				<u> </u>				
_	Improves access to activity centers or schools through an expanded transit system	Directly serves is defined as: a transit project that leads straight to or alongside an activity center or school. Indirectly serves is defined as: a transit project that does not lead straight to or go alongside an activity center or school but is within 0.5 miles of an activity center or school. Activity Center defined as: A medical center or civic center, school, office, park, employment or commercial area. School defined as: Public or private elementary, middle or high school, community college, trade college, or university.				٧							
3	Project will maintain established productivity standards	Notes		ļ.	<u> </u>								
	The project can be supported and operated over time	N/A for projects that do not have farebox revenue or do not have a farebox recovery goal.	N/A	N/A	N/A	√	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
4	Project provides for or promotes intermodal connectivity	Notes		'									
	The project enhances the regional transportation system	Intermodal connectivity is defined as: bus to train, bus to airport, bus to a Park & Ride, bus to a Vanpool or Carpool, or bus to a Bike Facility.									V		
5	Links High-Frequency Transit Services	Notes											
	Does the route connect to other high-frequency (timed transfer service or at least 15 minute service) transit routes?					V							
6	GHG Emissions	Notes											
	What is the change in regional CO2 emissions from implementing the project?	Note: These scores will be ranked relative to the highest performing project. The calculation is based on the California Air Resources Board (CARB) EMFAC emissions model.	√			√	V	√	V	V			
7	Project serves a transit dependent population and/or community or Indian Reservation	Notes											
		Transit Dependent is defined as: individuals, or groups of individuals that do not have a choice in their selection of transportation modes, and are primarily dependent on the availability of public transportation.											
8	Project enhances interagency transit service coordination	Notes		<u>'</u>			•		•				
	Enhances regional transportation system connectivity and ability to consolidate regional trips	Examples include: vanpool, rideshare programs as well as coordination between transit operators.									V		
9	Project reduces reliance on private automobiles	Notes											
	Enhances air quality and reduces peak automobile travel	Activity Center defined as: A medical center or civic center, school, office, park, employment or commercial area. School defined as: Public or private elementary, middle or high school, community college, trade college, or university.	V			√	√	√	√	√			
10	Project Includes Carpool/Vanpool and Regional or Corridor transit	Notes											
	Addresses continued system continuity					√							
11	Project reduces vehicle congestion	Notes		1									
	Reduces commuter or special event trips					1 1		<u> </u>					
12	Supports SCS growth principles Project furthers implementation of the SCS	Notes				2/							
12	Estimated Project Timing	Notes				Ι .Λ							
13	More imminent projects are higher priority than those that are not	THE STATE OF THE S	.1				.1	.1	.1	.1	.1		
	ready to be implemented		√				٧	٧	٧	V	٧		

Appendix C

SCAG 2020 RTP/SCS Submitted Projects

Contents

SCAG 2020 RTP/SCS Submitted Projects





SCAG 2020 RTP/SCS Submitted Projects



Lead Agency	Route Name	From	То	Description	Completion Year	Project Cost (\$1,000's)
BANNING	22ND ST	I-10	LINCOLN ST	GRADE SEPARATION - 2 LANES OVER UPRR TRACKS	2030	52,668
BANNING	HARGRAVE ST	I-10	LINCOLN ST	GRADE SEPARATION - 2 LANES OVER UPRR	2028	54,961
BANNING	I-10/Highland Springs	275' N/O the W/B off/on ramps		I-10/HIGHLAND SPRINGS IC IMPROVEMENTS - WIDEN FROM 5 TO 7 THRU LANES FROM 275 FT N/O THE W/B OFF/ON RAMPS TO 250 FT S/O THE E/B OFF/ON RAMPS, WIDEN EXISTING 2 LN W/B OFF RAMP TO 4 LNS & 2 LN E/B OFF RAMPS TO 4 LNS, ENTRY RAMPS TO INCLUDE HOV PREFERENCIAL LANE AND EXTENDED ACCELERATION/DECELERATION LANE.	2029	85,000
	SAN	·				•
BANNING	GORGONIO AVE	I-10	LINCOLN ST	GRADE SEPARATION - 2 LANES OVER UPRR TRACKS	2030	68,541
BANNING	Sunlakes Blvd	Highland Home Rd	Sunset Ave	SUN LAKES BLVD EASTERLY EXTENSION (APPROX 1.1 MILES) FROM HIGHLAND HOME RD TO LINCOLN ST AND SUNSET AVE, WIDEN TO 4 LANES (2 LANES EACH DIRECTION), RAISED MEDIAN, AND CONSTRUCTION OF TWO BRIDGES.	2027	21,000
	CALIFORNIA			GRADE SEPARATION - 2 LANES OVER UPRR		
BEAUMONT	AVE	3RD ST	I-10	TRACKS	2028	45,646
BEAUMONT	I-10 (PM 7.07 to 8.07)	at SR-79/ Beaumont Ave	btwn 6th St and 1st St	Reconstruct/widen SR-79/Beaumont Ave IC from 4 to 6 lanes and reconstruct/widen ramps	2027	28,130
BEAUMONT	I-10 (PM 7.71 to 8.71)	Ave	btwn 6th St and 3rd St	Reconstruct Pennsylvania Ave IC and reconstruct/widen ramps	2030	29,435
BEAUMONT	I-10 (PM 8.81 to 9.81)	at Highland Springs Ave	btwn 5th St and south ramps	Reconstruct/widen Highland Springs Ave IC from 4 to 6 lanes and reconstruct/widen ramps	2035	65,458
BEAUMONT	Pennsylvania Ave / UPRR GS	1st Street	6th Street	GRADE SEPERATION UNDER CROSSING AT PENNSYLVANIA AVE AND UPRR, INCLUDING WIDENING OF PENNSYLVANIA AVE FROM 1ST ST TO 6TH ST FROM 2 TO 4 LANES TO INCLUDE SIDEWALK IMPROVEMENTS AND TRAFFIC SIGNALIZATION.	2022	36,000
BEAUMONT	Potrero Blvd. Extension	California	Michigan Ave.	Construct new 4 lane arterial highway extension and overpass facility at SR79	2020	36,000
BLYTHE	14th Ave		7th St	Widen Existing Bridge at D-Canal from 2 to 4 Lanes	2027	2,461
BLYTHE	7th St	Hobsonway	Rice St	Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes	2025	975
BLYTHE	Barnard St	Date St	Intake Blvd	Construct/Extend 2 Lane Arterial	2025	2,175
BLYTHE	Hobsonway	Arrowhead Blvd	Carlton Ave	Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes	2023	3,751
BLYTHE	Hobsonway	Olive Lake Blvd	Intake Blvd	Widen Existing Bridge at C-Canal from 2 to 4 Lanes	2032	3,599
BLYTHE	N. Lovekin Blvd	10th Ave	8th Ave	Widen Existing Bridge at C-Canal from 2 to 4 Lanes	2023	2,441
BLYTHE	N. Lovekin Blvd	Hobsonway	10th Ave	Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes	2022	5,070
BLYTHE	Riviera Dr	18th Ave	20th Ave	Construct 2 Lane Overcrossing at the Lower Outfall Drain		3,001
CALIMESA	Calimesa Boulevard	Cherry Valley Blvd.	1200 feet N/O Cherry Valley Blvd	IN RIVERSIDE COUNTY IN THE CITY OF CALIMESA - WIDEN CALIMESA BLVD FROM 2 TO 4 LANES AND REALIGN CALIMESA BLVD AT CHERRY VALLY BLVD	2022	2600



Lead Agency	Route Name	From	То	Description	Completion Year	Project Cost (\$1,000's)
CALIMESA	Calimesa Boulevard	1200 N/O Cherry Valley Blvd	600 feet S/O Singleton Road	CALIMESA - WIDEN CALIMESA BLVD FROM TO 2 TO 4 LANES BETWEEN 1200 FEET N/O CHERRY VALLEY BLVD TO 600 FEET S/O SINGLETON ROAD	2024	900
CALIMESA	Calimesa Boulevard	600 feet S/O Singleton Road	600 feet N/O Singleton Road	IN RIVERSIDE COUNTY IN THE CITY OF CALIMESA - WIDEN CALIMESA BOULEVARD FROM 2 TO 4 LANES AND REALIGN CALIMESA BLVD AT SINGLETON ROAD	2026	5100
CALIMESA	Calimesa Boulevard	600 feet N/O Singleton Road	Sandalwood Drive	IN RIVERSIDE COUNTY IN THE CITY OF CALIMESA - WIDEN CALIMESA BLVD FROM TO 2 TO 4 LANES BETWEEN 600 FEET N/O SINGLETON ROAD AND SANDALWOOD DRIVE	2028	5200
CALIMESA	County Line Road	Park Avenue	Bryant Street	(JOINT PROJECT WITH THE CITY OF YUCAIPA) - ON COUNTY LINE ROAD BETWEEN PARK AVENUE AND BRYANT STREET, CONSTRUCT FOUR (4) SINGLE-LANE AND ONE (1) MULTI- LANE AND IMPROVEMENTS TO STREET, PEDESTRIAN FACILITIES, AND BICYCLE FACILITIES	2021	10050
CALIMESA	Desert Lawn Drive	Cherry Valley Blvd	Champions Drive	IN RIVERSIDE COUNTY IN THE CITY OF CALIMESA - WIDEN DESERT LAWN DRIVE FROM TO 2 TO 4 LANES BETWEEN CHERRY VALLEY BLVD AND CHAMPIONS DRIVE	2034	6000
CALIMESA	I-10 (PM R0-86- 4 to R0-86-4)	7th Place	Calimesa Blvd.	CALIMESA - RECONSTRUCTION OF EXISTING INTERCHANGE AT I-10/COUNTY LINE WITH TWO 90 FT RADIUS ON/OFF RAMPS ROUNDABOUTS, EXTENDING 1300 LINEAR FEET FROM COUNTY LINE LANE TO APPROX. 300 FT. W/O CALIMESA BLVD. THE PROJECT WILL INCLUDE RAMP REALIGNMENT FOR ALL FOUR RAMPS WITH MINOR RAMP	2030	15,000
CALIMESA	Roberts Road	Cherry Valley Blvd	Old Roberts Road Intersection	IN RIVERSIDE COUNTY IN THE CITY OF CALIMESA - WIDEN FROM 2 LANE TO 4 LANE MAJOR ARTERIAL ROADWAY ON ROBERTS ROAD BETWEEN CHERRY VALLEY BLVD AND OLD ROBERTS ROAD INTERSECTION	2024	6000
CALIMESA	Roberts Road	Old Roberts Road Intersection	500 Feet N/O Singleton Road	CALIMESA - WIDEN FROM 2 LANE TO 4 LANE MAJOR ARTERIAL ROADWAY ON ROBERTS ROAD BETWEEN OLD ROBERTS ROAD INTERSECTION AND 500 FEET N/O SINGLETON ROAD	2026	4550
CALIMESA	Roberts Road	500 Feet N/O Singleton Road	Sandalwood Drive	IN RIVERSIDE COUNTY IN THE CITY OF CALIMESA - CONSTRUCT NEW 4 LANE MAJOR ARTERIAL ROADWAY FOR ROBERTS ROAD BETWEEN 500 FEET N/O SINGLETON ROAD AND SANDALWOOD DRIVE . AN ALIGNMENT STUDY WILL BE PREPARED FOR THIS SEGMENT OF THE ROADWAY.	2028	14500
CALIMESA	Roberts Road	Sandalwood Drive	450 Feet N/O Sandalwood Drive	IN RIVERSIDE COUNTY IN THE CITY OF CALIMESA - WIDEN FROM 2 LANE TO 4 LANE MAJOR ARTERIAL ROADWAY ON ROBERTS ROAD BETWEEN SANDALWOOD DRIVE AND 450 FEET N/O SANDALWOOD DRIVE	2030	300
CALIMESA	Roberts Road	450 Feet N/O Sandalwood Drive	County Line Road	IN RIVERSIDE COUNTY IN THE CITY OF CALIMESA - CONSTRUCT NEW 4 LANE MAJOR ARTERIAL ROADWAY FOR ROBERTS ROAD BETWEEN 450 FEET N/O SANDALWOOD DRIVE AND COUNTY LINE ROAD. AN ALIGNMENT STUDY WILL BE PREPARED FOR THIS SEGMENT OF THE ROADWAY.	2032	5000



Lead Agency	Route Name	From	То	Description	Completion Year	Project Cost (\$1,000's)
CALIMESA	Sandalwood Drive	Shady Brook Road	Calimesa Blvd.	CALIMESA - RECONSTRUCTION OF EXISTING INTERCHANGE AT I-10 AT SANDALWOOD DRIVE. IMPROVE EXISTING OVERCROSSING FROM SHADY BROOK ROAD TO CALIMESA BLVD. AND RAMP REALIGNMENT FOR ALL FOUR RAMPS WITH	2030	42000
CALIMESA	Singleton Road	I-10	Singleton Canyon Road	CALIMESA - PAVEMENT REHABILITATION OF SINGLETON ROAD FROM I-10 TO SINGLETON CANYON ROAD	2025	1400
CALIMESA	Singleton Road	San Timoteo Canyon Road	Roberts Road	CALIMESA - CONSTRUCT NEW 4 LANE ARTERIAL HIGHWAY ROADWAY AND SECONDARY ROADWAY FOR SINGLETON ROAD FROM ROBERTS ROAD TO SAN TIMOTEO CANYON ROAD. PROJECT WILL INCLUDE AN ALIGNMENT STUDY DURING DESIGN PHASE. IN ADDITION, A BRIDGE IS REQUIRED OVER THE SAN TIMOTEO WASH.	2020	26000
CALTRANC		47.0	40.2	MORONGO PKWY OC (4 THROUGH LANES) AND RAMPS BETWEEN SEMINOLE DR AND MAIN ST. ADDITIONAL IMPROVEMENTS TO EXISTING APACHE TRAIL IC (R17.657) AND MAIN ST IC (R19.398) INCLUDE THE ADDITION OF EB/WB AUX LANES (APACHE TR IC TO MORONGO PKWY IC, THEN TO MAIN ST IC) AND WIDENING OF SEMINOLE DR 2 TO 4 THROUGH LANES (EA:	20.40	40.500
CALTRANS		17.3	19.3	OA650, MORONGO PKWY OC (4 THROUGH LANES) AND RAMPS BETWEEN SEMINOLE DR AND MAIN ST. ADDITIONAL IMPROVEMENTS TO EXISTING APACHE TRAIL IC (R17.657) AND MAIN ST IC (R19.398) INCLUDE THE ADDITION OF EB/WB AUX LANES (APACHE TR IC TO MORONGO PKWY IC, THEN TO MAIN ST IC) AND WIDENING OF SEMINOLE DR 2 TO 4 THROUGH LANES (EA: OA650.	2040	49,500
CALTRANS		17.3	19.3	MORONGO PKWY OC (4 THROUGH LANES) AND RAMPS BETWEEN SEMINOLE DR AND MAIN ST. ADDITIONAL IMPROVEMENTS TO EXISTING APACHE TRAIL IC (R17.657) AND MAIN ST IC (R19.398) INCLUDE THE ADDITION OF EB/WB AUX LANES (APACHE TR IC TO MORONGO PKWY IC, THEN TO MAIN ST IC) AND WIDENING OF SEMINOLE DR 2 TO 4 THROUGH LANES (EA: OA650,	2040	49,500
CALTRANS		17.3	19.3	MORONGO PKWY OC (4 THROUGH LANES) AND RAMPS BETWEEN SEMINOLE DR AND MAIN ST. ADDITIONAL IMPROVEMENTS TO EXISTING APACHE TRAIL IC (R17.657) AND MAIN ST IC (R19.398) INCLUDE THE ADDITION OF EBWB AUX LANES (APACHE TR IC TO MORONGO PKWY IC, THEN TO MAIN ST IC) AND WIDENING OF SEMINOLE DR 2 TO 4 THROUGH LANES (EA: OA650,	2040	49,500



Lead Agency	Route Name	From	То	Description	Completion Year	Project Cost (\$1,000's)
▼	▼	▼	▼		▼	▼
CALTRANS	I-15	at Bellegrave Ave	btwn Hamner Ave & Wineville Rd	Add signals and ramps. 0.1 mi.	2030	5,492
CALTRANS	I-15	TEMECULA PKWY	RANCHO CALIFORNIA RD	CONSTRUCT NB AUXILIARY LANE FROM 0.4 MI N/O TEMECULA PKWY ON-RAMP TO RANCHO CALIFORNIA RD OFF-RAMP	2025	6298
CALTRANS	I-15	RANCHO CALIFORNIA RD	WINCHESTER RD	CONSTRUCT NB AUXILIARY LANE FROM RANCHO CALIFORNIA RD ON-RAMP TO 0.2 MI S/O WINCHESTER RD OFF-RAMP	2025	7511
CALTRANS	I-15	WICHESTER RD	RANCHO CALIFORNIA RD	CONSTRUCT SB AUXILIARY LANE FROM WINCHESTER RD ON-RAMP TO RANCHO CALIFORNIA RD OFF-RAMP	2025	10020
CALTRANS	I-15	RANCHO CALIFORNIA RD	TEMECULA PKWY	CONSTRUCT SB AUXILIARY LANE FROM RANCHO CALIFORNIA RD ON-RAMP TO TEMECULA PKWY OFF-RAMP	2025	9231
	I-15	TEMESCAL CANYON RD	CAJALCO RD	CONSTRUCT NB & SB AUXILIARY LANES FROM 0.25 MI N/O TEMESCAL CANYON RD IC TO 0.17 MI N/O CAJALCO RD IC	2027	26609
CATHEDERAL	1-10	CAN TON ND		IVII IV/O GAJALGO ND IG	2027	20009
CATHEDERAL CITY	DAVALL DR.	RAMON ROAD	MCCALLUM BLVC	WIDEN 2 TO 4 LANES	2028	1500
CATHEDRAL CITY	CATHEDRAL CYN DR	Terrace Rd	E Palm Cyn	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes	2022	3,452
CATHEDRAL CITY	DA VALL RD	Ave 30	Valley Center Blvd	Construct new 6-lane Road, including bridge over the Railroad new Da Vall Interchange. EB/WB Aux Lanes	2028	52,600
CATHEDRAL CITY	DA VALL RD	Valley Center Blvd	Varner Rd	Construct new 6-lane Road, including bridge at Long Canyon	2028	25,400
CATHEDRAL CITY	DA VALL RD (west side of Da Vall Rd)	McCallum Way	Ave 30	Widen from 2 to 3 lanes on the west side of Da Vall Rd within Cathedral City boundary.	2026	4,156
CATHEDRAL CITY	DA VALL RD (West Side of Da Vall RDd)	Dinah Shore	Ramon Rd	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes	2025	8,028
CATHEDRAL CITY	DATE PALM DR	Dinah Shore Dr	Ramon Rd	Widen from 4 to 6 lanes	2026	5,246
CATHEDRAL CITY	DATE PALM DR	East Palm Cyn	Perez Road	Widen from 4 to 6 lanes, including bridge at N. Catheral Channel	2022	13,015
CATHEDRAL CITY	DATE PALM DR	Gerald Ford Dr	Dinah Shore Dr	Widen from 4 to 6 lanes	2028	5,008
CATHEDRAL CITY	DAVALL DR.	RAMOND ROAD	MCCALLUM BLVC	WIDEN 2 TO 4 LANES	2028	1500
CATHEDRAL CITY CATHEDRAL	E. Palm Canyon	Cathedral Canyon Drive	Date Palm Dr East Cathedral	Widen from 4 to 6 Lanes	2027	2,562
CITY	E. Palm Canyon	Date Palm Dr West Cathedral	City Limits Cathedral	Widen from 4 to 6 Lanes	2030	2,831
CITY	E. Palm Canyon	City Limits	Canyon Drive	Widen from 4 to 6 Lanes	2025	11,525
CATHEDRAL			btwn Vista Chino & Varner	Construct new 6-lane mixed flow, partial cloverleaf IC with auxiliary lanes and 4 two lane ramps plus 6 lane grade separation bridge over UPRR between		
CITY	I-10	at Landau	Rd	Palm Dr IC and Date Palm Drive IC	2035	117,779
CITY	Landau	I-10	Valley Center Blvd	Construct new 6-lane Road	2035	15,292
CATHEDRAL CITY	Landau	Valley Center Blvd	Varner Rd	Construct new 4-lane Road	2035	22,939



Lead Agency	Route Name	From	То	Description	Completion Year	Project Cost (\$1,000's)
	Y	Y	·	Y		<u></u>
CATHEDRAL CITY	Landau	Vista Chino	UPRR	Construct new 6-lane road	2035	28,293
CATHEDRAL	MOUNTAIN	004- 4	V	NAS de la france O de O lesses	0004	0.000
CITY	VIEW	20th Ave	Varner Rd	Widen from 2 to 6 lanes IN THE CITY OF CATHEDRAL CITY, CONSTRUCT	2024	9,026
CATHEDRAL CITY	VALLEY CENTER BLVD	DATE PALM DR	DA VALL DR (FUTURE EXTENSION)	VALLEY CENTER BLVD NORTH OF I-10 AND SOUTH OF VARNER RD AS A 4 LANE ARTERIAL FROM DATE PALM DR TO FUTURE DA VALL RD EXTENSION	2025	53,059
CATHEDRAL CITY	VALLEY CENTER BLVD	PALM DR	DATE PALM DR	IN THE CITY OF CATHEDRAL CITY, CONSTRUCT VALLEY CENTER BLVD NORTH OF I-10 AND SOUTH OF VARNER RD AS A 4 LANES ARTERIAL FROM PALM DR TO DATE PALM DR	2024	57,063
CATHEDRAL CITY	VARNER RD	Date Palm Dr	Ramon Rd	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes	2026	54,004
CATHEDRAL	\40\50 DD		Mountain View			
CITY	VARNER RD	Palm Dr	Rd	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes	2025	21,135
CITY	VARNER ROAD	MOUNTAIN VIEW RD	DATE PALM DR	WIDEN 2 TO 6 LANES	2026	4500
CATHEDRAL CITY	VISTA CHINO	Date Palm	Da Vall Dr	Construct new 6-lane Road	2024	23,636
CITY OF RIVERSIDE	Capitalized Preventative Maintenance	City of Riverside	City of Riverside	Capitalized Preventative Maintenance	2026	400
CITY OF RIVERSIDE	Replacement Buses	City of Riverside	City of Riverside	Replacement CNG buses for paratransit services.	2026	567
COACHELLA	AVE 48	Grade Separation at Hwy 111/SPRR		Widen from 4 to 6 lanes	2030	11,343
COACHELLA	AVE 48	Van Buren St	W of Hwy 86	Widen from 2 to 6 lanes	2022	5,013
COACHELLA	AVE 50	Bridge. at All Amer.Canal		Construct 6-lane Bridge	2025	3,603
COACHELLA	AVE 50	Hwy 111 to SR- 86S	SR-86S	Widen from 2 to 6 lanes	2025	102,558
COACHELLA	AVE 50	Jackson St	Van Buren St	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes	2023	13,658
COACHELLA	AVE 50	SR-86 to I-10	I-10	Widen from 2 to 6 lanes	2025	24,830
COACHELLA	AVE 50	Van Buren St	Harrison St	Widen from 2 to 6 lanes	2020	7,174
COACHELLA	AVE 52	Calhoun St	Fredrick St	Widen from 2 to 6 lanes	2023	11,006
COACHELLA	AVE 52	Fredrick St	Harrison St	Widen from 2 to 6 lanes	2023	2,973
COACHELLA	AVE 52	Harrison St	Hwy 111	Widen from 2 to 6 lanes	2024	1,830
COACHELLA	AVE 52	Hwy 111	SR-86S	Widen from 2 to 6 lanes	2035	130,503
COACHELLA	AVE 52	Intersection of Ave 52 and Hwy 111		Widen from 2 to 6 lanes	2022	174



Lead Agency	Route Name	From	To	Description	Completion Year	Project Cost (\$1,000's)
COACHELLA	AVE 52	Intersection of Ave 52 and SR- 86	All American Canal	Widen from 2 to 6 lanes	2020	5,000
00/10/1222/1	7.12.02		ou.iu.	The state of the s	2020	0,000
COACHELLA	AVE 52	Jackson St	Calhoun St	Widen from 2 to 6 lanes	2024	5,105
COACHELLA	AVE 54	Harrison St	Tyler St	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes	2024	12,011
COACHELLA	AVE 54	Hwy 111	Fillmore	Construct 4-lane Bridge	2025	47,984
COACHELLA	AVE 54	Tyler St	Hwy 111	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes	2022	7,925
COACHELLA	AVE 54	Van Buren St	Harrison St	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes	2026	11,315
COACHELLA	AVE 56 / AIRPORT BLVD (NORTH SIDE)	0.25 mi. W of Van Buren St	Harrison St	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes	2023	14,201
COACHELLA	AVE 58	Van Buren St	Harrison St (SR- 86)	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes	2023	6,630
COACHELLA	DILLON RD	Ave 44	I-10	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes	2023	11,474
COACHELLA	DILLON RD	I-10	Whitewater Br.	Widen from 4 to 6 lanes	2026	4,669
COACHELLA	GRAPEFRUIT BLVD	Ave 48/Dillon Rd	Ave 50	Widen from 2 to 6 lanes	2022	12,908
COACHELLA	GRAPEFRUIT BLVD	Ave 50	Ave 52	Widen from 2 to 6 lanes	2023	8,971
COACHELLA	GRAPEFRUIT BLVD	Ave 52	Ave 54	Widen from 2 to 6 lanes	2020	7,074
COACHELLA	GRAPEFRUIT BLVD	Ave 54	Ave 56	Widen from 2 to 6 lanes	2023	6,646
COACHELLA	HARRISON ST	Ave 54	Ave 56 Btwn Vista Del	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes	2024	8,849
COACHELLA	I-10 (PM 58.39 to 59.39)	at Dillon Rd	Norte and Vista Del Sur	Reconstruct/widen IC ramps	2028	26,000
COACHELLA	l-10/Dillon Rd	800' s/o Vista Del Sur	600' n/o Vista Del Norte	IN THE CITY OF COACHELLA: AT I-10 DILLON RD BETWEEN 800 FT SOUTH OF VISTA DEL SUR TO 600 NORTH OF VISTA DEL NORTE - RECONSTRUCT IC ADD ACCELERATION LANE ON W/B - WIDEN FROM 4-6 LANES, INCLUDES TRAFFIC SIGNAL MODIFICATIONS, TURNING LANES. (EA 0K950K)	2027	25,500
COACHELLA	l-10/Dillon Rd	800' s/o Vista Del Sur	600' n/o Vista Del Norte	IN THE CITY OF COACHELLA: AT I-10 DILLON RD BETWEEN 800 FT SOUTH OF VISTA DEL SUR TO 600 NORTH OF VISTA DEL NORTE - RECONSTRUCT IC ADD ACCELERATION LANE ON W/B - WIDEN FROM 4-6 LANES, INCLUDES TRAFFIC SIGNAL MODIFICATIONS, TURNING LANES. (EA 0K950K)	2027	25,500



THE CITY OF COACHELLA AY SR-86/DILLON RD BETWEEN COACHELLA WILLEY STORMWATER CHANNEL BRIDGE TO HARRISON PL. RECONSTRUCT IC ADD ACCELERATION LAWES WIDEN FROM 45 LAWES, INCLUDES TRAFFIC MODIFICATIONS, TURNING LAWES, INCLUDES TRAFFIC MODIFICATIONS, TURNING LAWES, INCLUDES TRAFFIC MODIFICATIONS, TURNING LAWES, INCLUDES TRAFFIC MODIFICATIONS, TURNING LAWES, INCLUDES TRAFFIC MODIFICATIONS, TURNING LAWES, INCLUDES TRAFFIC CHANNEL BRIDGE TO HARRISON PL. THE CITY OF COACHELLA AT SR-86/DILLON RD BETWEEN COACHELA AT SR-86/DILLON RD BETWEEN COACHELA AT SR-86/DILLON RD BETWEEN COACHELA AND SR-86/DILLON RD BETWEEN COACHELA AND SR-86/DILLON RD BETWEEN R							
SR 86/Dillon Rd Channel Bridge Harrison PI DEP FROM 64 DARPISON PI RAPES NO MESS. (PM COACHELLA VALEY STORMATER CHANNEL BRIDGE TO HARRISON PI RAPES NO MESS.) (PM COACHELLA VALEY STORMATER CHANNEL BRIDGE TO HARRISON PI RAPES NO MESS.) (PM COACHELLA VALEY STORMATER CHANNEL BRIDGE TO HARRISON PI RAPES NO MESS.) (PM COACHELLA VALEY STORMATER CHANNEL BRIDGE TO HARRISON PI RAPES NO MESS.) (PM COACHELLA VALEY STORMATER CHANNEL BRIDGE TO HARRISON PI RAPES NO MESS.) (PM COACHELLA VALEY STORMATER CHANNEL BRIDGE TO HARRISON PI RAPES NO MESS.) (PM COACHELLA VALEY STORMATER CHANNEL BRIDGE TO HARRISON PI RAPES NO MESS.) (PM COACHELLA VALEY STORMATER CHANNEL BRIDGE TO HARRISON PI RAPES NO MESS.) (PM COACHELLA VALEY STORMATER CHANNEL BRIDGE TO HARRISON PI RAPES NO MESS.) (PM COACHELLA VALEY STORMATER CHANNEL BRIDGE TO HARRISON PI RAPES NO MESS.) (PM COACHELLA VALEY STORMATER CHANNEL BRIDGE TO HARRISON PI RAPES NO MESS.) (PM COACHELLA VALEY STORMATER CHANNEL BRIDGE TO HARRISON PI RAPES NO MESS.) (PM COACHELLA VALEY STORMATER CHANNEL BRIDGE TO HARRISON PI RAPES NO MESS.) (PM COACHELLA VALEY STORMATER CHANNEL BRIDGE TO HARRISON PI RAPES NO MESS.) (PM COACHELLA VALEY STORMATER CHANNEL BRIDGE TO HARRISON PI RAPES NO MESS.) (PM COACHELLA VALEY STORMATER CHANNEL BRIDGE TO HARRISON PI RAPES NO MESS.) (PM COACHELLA VALEY STORMATER CHANNEL BRIDGE TO HARRISON PI RAPES NO MESS.) (PM COACHELLA VALEY STORMATER CHANNEL BRIDGE TO HARRISON PI RAPES NO MESS.) (PM COACHELLA VALEY STORMATER CHANNEL BRIDGE TO HARRISON PI RAPES NO MESS.) (PM COACHELLA VALEY STORMATER CHANNEL BRIDGE TO HARRISON PI RAPES NO MESS.) (PM COACHELLA VALEY STORMATER CHANNEL BRIDGE TO HARRISON PI RAPES NO MESS.) (PM COACHELLA VALEY STORMATER CHANNEL BRIDGE TO HARRISON PI RAPES NO MESS.) (PM COACHELLA VALEY STORMATER CHANNEL BRIDGE NO MESS.) (PM COACHELLA VALEY STORMATER CHANNEL BRIDGE NO MESS.) (PM COACHELLA VALEY STORMATER CHANNEL BRIDGE NO MESS.) (PM COACHELLA VALEY STORMATER CHANNEL BRIDGE NO MESS.) (PM COACHELA VALEY STORMATER CHANNEL BRIDGE NO MESS.) (PM COACHELA VALEY			_		_	Year	
BETWEEN COACHELLA VALLEY STORMWATER CHANNEL BRIDGE TO HARRISON PL. RECONSTRUCT IC ADD ACCELERATION LANES. WIDEN FROM 4 E LANES. INCLUDES TRAFFIC MODIFICATIONS, TURNING LANES, (EA 0K960K) 2027 26,50 MINERAL SPANSE (PM 2007) 2007 2007 2007 2007 2007 2007 200	Coachella	SR 86/Dillon Rd		Harrison PI	BETWEEN COACHELLA VALLEY STORMWATER CHANNEL BRIDGE TO HARRISON PL. RECONSTRUCT IC ADD ACCELERATION LANES - WIDEN FROM 4-6 LANES, INCLUDES TRAFFIC	2027	26,500
COACHELLA 17.81 to 18.81) at Ave 54 Ramp_Fillmore across SR-86S 2035 92,84 Bown west of Coachella Storm Water Coachella Storm Water Channel and Avenue 47 Reconstruct/widen IC from 2 to 4 lanes and reconstruct/widen ramps 2027 26.85 COACHELLA VAN BUREN ST Ave 48 Ave 50 Widen from 2 to 6 lanes 2023 13,76 COACHELLA VAN BUREN ST Ave 50 Ave 52 Widen from 2 to 6 lanes 2023 13,76 COACHELLA VAN BUREN ST Ave 52 Ave 54 Widen from 2 to 6 lanes 2023 51.376 COACHELLA VAN BUREN ST Ave 54 Widen from 2 to 4 lanes 2023 61: COACHELLA VAN BUREN ST Ave 54 Widen from 2 to 4 lanes 2023 61: COACHELLA VAN BUREN ST Ave 54 Widen from 2 to 4 lanes 2023 61: COACHELLA VAN BUREN ST Ave 54 Widen from 2 to 4 lanes 2023 61: COACHELLA VAN BUREN ST Ave 54 Widen from 2 to 4 lanes 2023 61: COACHELLA VAN BUREN ST Ave 54 Widen from 2 to 4 lanes 2023 61: COACHELLA VAN BUREN ST Ave 54 Bild Widen from 2 to 4 lanes 2023 61: COACHELLA VAN BUREN ST Ave 54 Ave 56/Airport Bild Widen from 2 to 4 lanes 2023 61: COACHELLA VAN BUREN ST Ave 54 Bild Widen from 2 to 4 lanes 2023 61: COACHELLA VAN BUREN ST Ave 54 Ave 56 Ave 56/Airport Bild Widen from 2 to 4 lanes 2023 61: COACHELLA VAN BUREN ST Ave 54 Bild Widen from 2 to 4 lanes 2023 61: COACHELLA VAN BUREN ST Ave 54 Ave 56 Ave 56 Airport Bild Widen from 2 to 4 lanes 2023 61: COACHELLA VAN BUREN ST Ave 54 Bild Widen from 2 to 4 lanes 2023 61: COACHELLA VAN BUREN ST Ave 54 Ave 56 Ave 56 Airport Bild Widen from 2 to 4 lanes 2023 61: COACHELLA VAN BUREN ST Ave 54 Bild Widen from 2 to 4 lanes 2023 61: COACHELLA VAN BUREN ST Ave 54 Ave 56 Ave 56 Airport Bild Widen from 2 to 4 lanes 2023 61: COACHELLA VAN BUREN ST Ave 54 Bild Widen from 2 to 4 lanes 2023 61: COACHELLA VAN BUREN ST Ave 54 Bild Widen from 2 to 4 lanes 2023 61: COACHELLA VAN BUREN ST Ave 54 Bild Widen from 2 to 4 lanes 2023 61: COACHELLA VAN BUREN ST Ave 54 Bild Widen from 2 to 4 lanes 2023 61: COACHELLA VAN BUREN ST Ave 54 Bild Widen from 2 to 4 lanes 2023 61: COACHELLA VAN BUREN ST Ave 54 Bild Widen from 2 to 4 lanes 2023 61: C	Coachella				BETWEEN COACHELLA VALLEY STORMWATER CHANNEL BRIDGE TO HARRISON PL. RECONSTRUCT IC ADD ACCELERATION LANES - WIDEN FROM 4-6 LANES, INCLUDES TRAFFIC MODIFICATIONS, TURNING LANES. (EA 0K960K)	2027	26,500
SR86S (PM COACHELLA SR86S (PM 21.02 to 22.9) at Dillon Rd Avenue 47 Reconstruct/widen ramps 2027 26.85 COACHELLA VAN BUREN ST Ave 48 Ave 50 Widen from 2 to 6 lanes 2023 13,76 COACHELLA VAN BUREN ST Ave 52 Ave 54 Widen from 2 to 6 lanes 2023 13,76 COACHELLA VAN BUREN ST Ave 52 Ave 54 Widen from 2 to 4 lanes 2023 61: COACHELLA VAN BUREN ST Ave 54 Bivd Widen from 2 to 4 lanes 2023 61: COACHELLA VAN BUREN ST Ave 54 Bivd Widen from 2 to 4 lanes 2023 61: COACHELLA VAN BUREN ST Ave 54 Bivd Widen from 2 to 4 lanes 2023 61: Ave 54 Widen from 2 to 4 lanes 2023 61: Ave 54 Bivd Widen from 2 to 4 lanes 2023 61:	0040115114	,	-1 0 54			0005	00.040
COACHELLA VAN BUREN ST Ave 50 Ave 52 Widen from 2 to 6 lanes 2023 13,76 COACHELLA VAN BUREN ST Ave 52 Ave 54 Widen from 2 to 4 lanes 2023 61: COACHELLA VAN BUREN ST Ave 52 Ave 54 Widen from 2 to 4 lanes 2023 61: COACHELLA VAN BUREN ST Ave 54 Widen from 2 to 4 lanes 2023 61: Widen from 2 to 4 lanes 2023 61: Purchase of buses for expansion and service improvements of the Corona Cruiser fixed route system. These improvements are necessary as population and development continues to grow througout the service area. Buses will be used for expansion of service and service improvements to current routes. 2026 350: Expansion Expansion Expansion Expansion CORONA Buses City of Corona City of Corona The CITY OF CORONA ON EXSTING FULLERTON AVE WIDEN AND REALIGN EXISTING 2 TO 4 LANES BY ADIDING 1 NORTHWEST AND SOUTHEAST THRU LANE. CONSTRUCT SIDEWALK WIADA RAMPS A LONG CORONA AVE MAGNOLIA AVE BEVERLY RD Intersection upgrades on Magnolia Ave. between Ontario Ave. and Kellogg Ave. to accommodate restriping from 4 to 6 lanes. 2035 27 IN WESTERN RIVERSIDE COUNTY FOR THE CITY OF CORONA - MAGNOLIA AVE BRIDGE WIDENING FROM 4 TO 6 LANES FROM EL CAMINO AVE TO 1000 FT EIO ALL AMERICAN WY, INCLUDING THE WIDENING OVER THE TEMESCAL CHANNEL; PROJECT TO INCLUDE CONSTRUCTION OF WISSING SIDEWALK, BIKE LANES, ADA COMPLIANT RAMPS, AND DECORATIVE LANDSCAPING. 2022 3,200	COACHELLA	SR86S (PM		Btwn west of Coachella Storm Water Channel and	Reconstruct/widen IC from 2 to 4 lanes and		92,843
COACHELLA VAN BUREN ST Ave 50 Ave 52 Widen from 2 to 6 lanes 2023 13,76 COACHELLA VAN BUREN ST Ave 52 Ave 54 Widen from 2 to 4 lanes 2023 61: COACHELLA VAN BUREN ST Ave 52 Ave 54 Widen from 2 to 4 lanes 2023 61: COACHELLA VAN BUREN ST Ave 54 Widen from 2 to 4 lanes 2023 61: Widen from 2 to 4 lanes 2023 61: Purchase of buses for expansion and service improvements of the Corona Cruiser fixed route system. These improvements are necessary as population and development continues to grow througout the service area. Buses will be used for expansion of service and service improvements to current routes. 2026 350: Expansion Expansion Expansion Expansion CORONA Buses City of Corona City of Corona The CITY OF CORONA ON EXSTING FULLERTON AVE WIDEN AND REALIGN EXISTING 2 TO 4 LANES BY ADIDING 1 NORTHWEST AND SOUTHEAST THRU LANE. CONSTRUCT SIDEWALK WIADA RAMPS A LONG CORONA AVE MAGNOLIA AVE BEVERLY RD Intersection upgrades on Magnolia Ave. between Ontario Ave. and Kellogg Ave. to accommodate restriping from 4 to 6 lanes. 2035 27 IN WESTERN RIVERSIDE COUNTY FOR THE CITY OF CORONA - MAGNOLIA AVE BRIDGE WIDENING FROM 4 TO 6 LANES FROM EL CAMINO AVE TO 1000 FT EIO ALL AMERICAN WY, INCLUDING THE WIDENING OVER THE TEMESCAL CHANNEL; PROJECT TO INCLUDE CONSTRUCTION OF WISSING SIDEWALK, BIKE LANES, ADA COMPLIANT RAMPS, AND DECORATIVE LANDSCAPING. 2022 3,200	COACHELLA	VAN BUREN ST	Ave 48	Ave 50	Widen from 2 to 6 lanes	2023	13 762
COACHELLA VAN BUREN ST Ave 52 Ave 54 Widen from 2 to 4 lanes 2023 61: COACHELLA VAN BUREN ST Ave 54 Bivd Widen from 2 to 4 lanes 2023 61: Purchase of buses for expansion and service improvements of the Corona Cruiser fixed route system. These improvements are necessary as population and development continues to grow througout the service area. Buses will be used for expansion of service and service improvements will include improved frequency and extensions of the current routes. Service improvements will include improved frequency and extensions of the current routes. CORONA Buses City of Corona City of Corona routes. Service improvements will include improved frequency and extensions of the current routes. 2026 350 IN THE CITY OF CORONA ON EXSTING FULLERTON AVE. WIDEN AND REALIGN EXISTING 2 TO 4 LANES BY ADDING 1 NORTH-WEST AND SOUTHEAST THRU LANE. CONSTRUCT SIDEWALK W/ADA RAWPS ALONG FULLERTON AVE. CONSTRUCT SIDEWALK W/ADA RAWPS ALONG CORONA AVE MAGNOLIA AVE BEVERLY RD FULLERTON AVE CONSTRUCT SIDEWALK W/ADA RAWPS ALONG PULLERTON AVE CONSTRUCT SIDEWALK W/ADA RAWPS ALONG CORONA Magnolia Ave. Detween Ontario Ave. and Kellogg Ave. to accommodate restriping from 4 to 6 lanes. 2035 27 IN THE CITY OF CORONA - MAGNOLIA AVE BRIDGE WIDENING FROM 4 TO 6 LANES FROM EL CAMINO AVE TO 1000 FT E/O ALL AMERICAN WY, INCLUDING THE WIDENING FORM L CAMINO AVE TO 1000 FT E/O ALL AMERICAN WY, INCLUDING THE WIDENING OVER THE TEMESCAL CHANNEL; PROJECT INCLUDE CONSTRUCTION OF MISSING SIDEWALK, BIKE LANES, ADA COMPLIANT RAWPS, AND DECORATIVE LANDSCAPING. 2022 3,20							·
COACHELLA VAN BUREN ST Ave 54 Bivd Widen from 2 to 4 lanes 2023 61 Purchase of buses for expansion and service improvements of the Corona Cruiser fixed route system. These improvements are necessary as population and development continues to grow througout the service area. Buses will be used for expansion of service and service improvements to current routes. Service improvements will include improved frequency and extensions of the current routes. CORONA Buses City of Corona City of Corona Puller of CORONA ON EXSTING FULLERTON AVE WIDEN AND REALIGN EXISTING 2 TO 4 LANES BY ADDING 1 NORTHWEST AND SOUTHEAST THRU LANE. CONSTRUCT SIDEWALK WIADA RAMPS ALONG FULLERTON AVE DIALERTON AVE PULLERTON AVE PULLERTON AVE DIALERTON AVE ONTHEAST THRU LANE. CONSTRUCT SIDEWALK WIADA RAMPS ALONG FULLERTON AVE PULLERTON AVE DIALERTON AVE ONTHEAST THRU LANE. CONSTRUCT SIDEWALK WIADA RAMPS ALONG FULLERTON AVE DIALERTON AVE DIAL	00/10/1222/	WALESTIET ST	7.00 00	7.00 02		2020	10,7 02
CORONA Magnolia Ave Discrete Corona Ordina Ave Discrete Corona Ordina Ave Discrete Corona Ordina Ave Discrete Corona Ordina Ave Discrete Ordina Ave Discrete Ordina Ave Ordina Ave Ordina Ave Ordina Ave Ordina Ordina Ave Ordina	COACHELLA	VAN BUREN ST	Ave 52		Widen from 2 to 4 lanes	2023	613
improvements of the Corona Cruiser fixed route system. These improvements are necessary as population and development continues to grow througout the service area. Buses will be used for expansion of service and service improvements to current routes. Service improvements will include improved frequency and extensions of the current routes. CORONA Buses City of Corona City of Corona IN THE CITY OF CORONA ON EXSTING FULLERTON AVE. WIDEN AND REALIGN EXISTING 2 TO 4 LANES BY ADDING 1 NORTHWEST AND SOUTHEAST THRU LANE. CONSTRUCT SIDEWALK WIADA RAMPS ALONG FULLERTON AVE. CORONA AVE MAGNOLIA AVE BEVERLY RD FULLERTON AVE USED AVE. BEVERLY RD FULLERTON AVE. AVE. AVE. BEVERLY RD FULLERTON AVE. AVE. BEVERLY RD FULLERTON AVE. AVE. BEVERLY RD FULLERTON AVE. AVE. BEVERLY RD FULLERTON AVE. AVE. BEVERLY RD FULLERTON AVE. AVE. BEVERLY RD FULLERTON AVE. AVE. BEVERLY RD FULLERTON AVE. AVE. BEVERLY RD FULLERTON AVE. AVE. BEVERLY RD FULLERTON AVE. AVE. BEVERLY RD FULLERTON AVE. AVE. BEVERLY RD FULLERTON AVE. AVE. BEVERLY RD FULLERTON AVE. AVE. BEVERLY RD FULLERTON AVE. BEVERLY RD FULLE	COACHELLA	VAN BUREN ST	Ave 54	•	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes	2023	617
CORONA Buses City of Corona City of Corona routes. 2026 3500 IN THE CITY OF CORONA ON EXSTING FULLERTON AVE WIDEN AND REALIGN EXISTING 2 TO 4 LANES BY ADDING 1 NORTHWEST AND SOUTHEAST THRU LANE. CONSTRUCT SIDEWALK W/ADA RAMPS ALONG FULLERTON AVE 2045 CORONA AVE MAGNOLIA AVE BEVERLY RD Intersection upgrades on Magnolia Ave. between Ontario Ave. and Kellogg Ave. to accommodate restriping from 4 to 6 lanes. 2035 27 IN WESTERN RIVERSIDE COUNTY FOR THE CITY OF CORONA - MAGNOLIA AVE BRIDGE WIDENING FROM 4 TO 6 LANES FROM EL CAMINO AVE TO 1000 FT E/O ALL AMERICAN WY, INCLUDING THE WIDENING OVER THE TEMESCAL CHANNEL; PROJECT TO INCLUDE CONSTRUCTION OF MISSING SIDEWALK, BIKE LANES, ADA COMPLIANT RAMPS, AND South Grand DECORATIVE LANDSCAPING. 2022 3,200		Expansion			improvements of the Corona Cruiser fixed route system. These improvements are necessary as population and development continues to grow througout the service area. Buses will be used for expansion of service and service improvements to current routes. Service improvements will include		
FULLERTON AVE WIDEN AND REALIGN EXISTING 2 TO 4 LANES BY ADDING 1 NORTHWEST AND SOUTHEAST THRU LANE. CONSTRUCT SIDEWALK W/ADA RAMPS ALONG FULLERTON AVE CORONA AVE MAGNOLIA AVE BEVERLY RD Interaction upgrades on Magnolia Ave. between Ontario Ave. and Kellogg Ave.to accommodate restriping from 4 to 6 lanes. 2035 27 IN WESTERN RIVERSIDE COUNTY FOR THE CITY OF CORONA - MAGNOLIA AVE BRIDGE WIDENING FROM 4 TO 6 LANES FROM EL CAMINO AVE TO 1000 FT E/O ALL AMERICAN WY, INCLUDING THE WIDENING OVER THE TEMESCAL CHANNEL; PROJECT TO INCLUDE CONSTRUCTION OF MISSING SIDEWALK, BIKE LANES, ADA COMPLIANT RAMPS, AND CORONA Magnolia Ave EI Camino Ave American Way DECORATIVE LANDSCAPING. 2022 3,201	CORONA	•	City of Corona	City of Corona	routes.	2026	3500
Intersection upgrades on Magnolia Ave. between Ontario Ave. and Kellogg Ave.to accommodate restriping from 4 to 6 lanes. 2035 27' IN WESTERN RIVERSIDE COUNTY FOR THE CITY OF CORONA - MAGNOLIA AVE BRIDGE WIDENING FROM 4 TO 6 LANES FROM EL CAMINO AVE TO 1000 FT E/O ALL AMERICAN WY, INCLUDING THE WIDENING OVER THE TEMESCAL CHANNEL; PROJECT TO INCLUDE CONSTRUCTION OF MISSING SIDEWALK, BIKE LANES, ADA COMPLIANT RAMPS, AND DECORATIVE LANDSCAPING. 2022 3,20	CORONA		MAGNOLIA AVE	BEVERI Y RD	FULLERTON AVE WIDEN AND REALIGN EXISTING 2 TO 4 LANES BY ADDING 1 NORTHWEST AND SOUTHEAST THRU LANE. CONSTRUCT SIDEWALK W/ADA RAMPS ALONG	2045	
IN WESTERN RIVERSIDE COUNTY FOR THE CITY OF CORONA - MAGNOLIA AVE BRIDGE WIDENING FROM 4 TO 6 LANES FROM EL CAMINO AVE TO 1000 FT E/O ALL AMERICAN WY, INCLUDING THE WIDENING OVER THE TEMESCAL CHANNEL; PROJECT TO INCLUDE CONSTRUCTION OF MISSING SIDEWALK, BIKE 1,000" E/O AII LANES, ADA COMPLIANT RAMPS, AND CORONA Magnolia Ave El Camino Ave American Way DECORATIVE LANDSCAPING. South Grand IN WESTERN RIVERSIDE COUNTY FOR THE CITY OF CORONA - MAGNOLIA AVE BRIDGE WIDENING FROM 4 TO 6 LANES FROM EL CAMINO AVE TO 1000 FT E/O ALL AMERICAN WY, INCLUDING THE WIDENING OVER THE TEMESCAL CHANNEL; PROJECT TO INCLUDE CONSTRUCTION OF MISSING SIDEWALK, BIKE LANES, ADA COMPLIANT RAMPS, AND DECORATIVE LANDSCAPING. 2022 3,200					Intersection upgrades on Magnolia Ave. between Ontario Ave. and Kellogg Ave.to accommodate		077
CORONA Magnolia Ave El Camino Ave American Way DECORATIVE LANDSCAPING. 2022 3,20 South Grand	COHONA	wagnona Ave	Ontario Ave		IN WESTERN RIVERSIDE COUNTY FOR THE CITY OF CORONA - MAGNOLIA AVE BRIDGE WIDENING FROM 4 TO 6 LANES FROM EL CAMINO AVE TO 1000 FT E/O ALL AMERICAN WY, INCLUDING THE WIDENING OVER THE TEMESCAL CHANNEL; PROJECT TO INCLUDE CONSTRUCTION OF MISSING SIDEWALK, BIKE	2035	2//
	CORONA	Magnolia Ave		1		2022	3,200
	CORONA	Main St		Ontario Ave.	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes.	2035	4,575



Lead Agency	Route Name	From	То	Description	Completion Year	Project Cost (\$1,000's)
▼	_	·	▼	▼	▼	▼
CORONA	Ontario Ave	330' w/o	State St	IN THE CITY OF CORONA ON EXISTING ONTARIO AVE – WIDEN AND REALIGN EXISTING 5 TO 7 LANES BY ADDING 1 WB THRU LANE AND 1 EB THRU LANE, CONSTRUCT TIE BACK WALL AND 815' SIDEWALK W/ADA RAMPS ON THE SOUTH SIDE OF ONTARIO AVE BETWEEN COMPTON AVE	2021	0.070
CORONA	ONTARIO AVE	Compton Ave	State St 125 W/O CONEJO ST	AND E/O STATE ST. IN THE CITY OF CORONA ON EXISTING ONTARIO AVENUE WIDEN AND REALIGN EXISTING 4 TO 6 LANES BY ADDING 1 EB THRU LANE, CONSTRUCT 900' SIDEWALK WADA RAMP ON THE SOUTHEAST SIDE OF ONTARIO AVE AND LINCOLN AVE.	2021	6,078
CORONA	Radio Rd	Sampson Ave	Walker Ln	Grade Separation - 2 Lanes over BNSF RR Tracks	2040	25,000
		- 3		The state of the s	20.10	25,300
CORONA	Railroad St	Violet St	Grand Blvd	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes	2035	9,416
				IN THE CITY OF CORONA ON EXISTING RIMPAU AVE WIDEN AND REALIGN EXISTING 4 TO 5 LANES BY ADDING 1 NB THRU LANE. CONSTRUCT SIDEWALK WADA RAMPS ALONG RIMPAU AVE AND SIGNAL MODIFICATION IN		
CORONA	RIMPAU AVE	MAGNOLIA AVE	OLYMPIC DR	CALIFORNIA AVE. IN THE CITY OF CORONA ON EXSTING RIMPAU	2033	
CORONA	RIMPAU AVE	FRANCIS ST	MAGNOLIA AVE	AVE WIDEN AND REALIGN EXSTING A INFAU AVE WIDEN AND REALIGN EXISTING 2 TO 4 LANES BY ADDING 1 SB AND NB THRU LANE. CONSTRUCT SIDEWALK W/ADA RAMPS ALONG RIMPAU AVE.	2038	
CORONA	Transit Service Expansion	City of Corona	City of Corona	Expansion of fixed route service as population and development continues to grow throughout the service area. Expansion of service will be dependent upon the outcome and recommendations from the Comprehensive Operations Analysis.	2026	1500
CONTON	·	Sity of Colonia	Ony or corona	Service improvements to current routes which includes but not limited to improving frequency, schedule adherence, extension of existing routes (include adding/deleting stops with more frequent stops to the Metrolink Station). These improvements will be dependent upon the outcome and recommendations from the	2020	1500
CORONA	Transit Service Improvements	City of Corona	City of Corona	Comprehensive Operations Analysis.	2023	1500
CORONA	Transit Service			Expansion and/or services improvements of Corona transit fixed route service as population and development continues to grow throughout the service area. Improvements include but not limited to improving frequency, schedule adherence and extension of existing routes (include adding/deleting stops with more frequent stops to the Metrolink Station) and expansion of service to include additional route(s). These improvements to the transit service will be dependent upon the outcome and recommendations from the Comprehensive	2026	3000
CONCINA	Improvements	City of Corona	City of Corona	Operations Analysis.	2026	3000



Lead Agency	Route Name	From	To	Description	Completion Year	Project Cost (\$1,000's)
DESERT HOT SPRINGS	HACIENDA AVE	Cholla Dr	Palm Dr	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes (2 lanes in each direction) from Cholla Dr. to Palm Dr.	2025	3,629
DESERT HOT SPRINGS	HACIENDA AVE	Little Morongo Rd	Cholla Dr(missinglink)	Construct new four 12-ft lanes with 14-ft medians between Little Morongo Rd and Cholla Dr.	2025	8,447
DESERT HOT SPRINGS	HACIENDA AVE	Mountain View Rd	Dillon Rd(LongCynRd)	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes	2025	12,356
DESERT HOT SPRINGS	HACIENDA AVE	Palm Dr	Mountain View Rd	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes	2025	6,901
DESERT HOT SPRINGS	INDIAN AVE	MISSION LAKES BLVD	PIERSON BLVD	IN THE COACHELLA VALLEY IN THE CITY OF DESERT HOT SPRINGS - INDIAN AVE. WIDENING: WIDENING OF INDIAN AVE. FROM 2 TO 6 THROUGH LANES (3 IN EA DIR) BETWEEN MISSION LAKES BLVD., AND PIERSON BLVD.	2022	27,783
DESERT HOT SPRINGS	LITTLE MORONGO RD	Mission Lakes Blvd	Pierson Blvd	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes	2025	4,600
DESERT HOT SPRINGS	LITTLE MORONGO RD	Pierson Blvd	Two Bunch Palms Tr	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes	2025	13,331
DESERT HOT SPRINGS	LITTLE MORONGO RD	Two Bunch Palms Tr	Dillon Rd	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes	2025	16,632
DESERT HOT SPRINGS	MISSION LAKES BLVD	Indian Ave	Little Morongo Rd	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes	2025	13,331
DESERT HOT SPRINGS	MISSION LAKES BLVD	Rd	Palm Dr	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes	2025	6,901
DESERT HOT SPRINGS	MISSION LAKES BLVD	Palm Dr	Eastern Terminus at Verbena Dr	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes	2025	2,300
DESERT HOT SPRINGS	Mission Lakes Blvd	SR62	Indian Ave.	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes	2022	9,486
DESERT HOT SPRINGS	MOUNTAIN VIEW	Hacienda Ave	Dillon Rd	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes	2025	9,201
DESERT HOT SPRINGS	Mountain View	Pierson Blvd. at East Terminus of Desert View	III a i a a da Arra	Wildow from O. b. Allows	0000	1.004
DESERT HOT	Rd.	Ave.	Two Bunch	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes Widen from 4 to 6 lanes. Other improvements	2022	1,064
SPRINGS DESERT HOT	Palm Dr.	Dillon Rd.	Palms Tr. Mission Lake	include shoulders and medians Widen from 4 to 6 lanes. Other improvements	2023	7,153
SPRINGS DESERT HOT	Palm Dr.	Pierson Blvd.	Blvd. Little Morongo	include shoulders and medians	2023	5,298
SPRINGS DESERT HOT	PIERSON BLVD	Indian Ave	Rd	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes	2025	9,904
SPRINGS DESERT HOT	PIERSON BLVD	SR-62	Indian Ave	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes	2025	14,947
SPRINGS	Pierson Blvd.	Ambrosio Dr	Miracle Hill Rd. Eastern Terminus of	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes	2023	2,150
DESERT HOT SPRINGS	Pierson Blvd.	Miracle Hill Rd.	Desert View Ave.	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes	2023	7,531



Lead Agency	Route Name	From	То	Description	Completion Year	Project Cost (\$1,000's)
DESERT HOT SPRINGS	TWO BUNCH PALMS TR	Little Morongo Rd	Palm Dr	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes	2025	7,496
DESERT HOT SPRINGS	TWO BUNCH PALMS TR	Palm Dr	Miracle Hill Rd	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes	2025	5,319
DESERT HOT SPRINGS	Worsley Rd.	Pierson Blvd.	Indian Ave.	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes	2023	13,676
EASTVALE	Archibald Ave	San Bernardino County Line	65th St	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes	2028	36,308
EASTVALE	Hamner Ave	Mission Blvd	Bellegrave Ave	Widen from 2 to 6 lanes	2030	14,542
EASTVALE	Limonite Ave.	Archibald	Hamner	Widening of Limonite Ave from 4 to 6 lanes	2030	8,034
EASTVALE	Limonite Avenue	Archibald Ave	Hellman Ave	Limonite gap and bridge over Cucamonga Creek including capacity enhancement.	2035	9690
EASTVALE	Philadelphia Ave	Milliken Ave San Bernardino	I-15	Widen from 1 EB existing to 2 lanes	2035	1,763
EASTVALE	Schleisman Rd	County Line	Enclave Dr	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes	2026	22,643
EASTVALE	Schleisman Rd	Sumner Ave	Scholar Way	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes ON I-15 NEAR THE CITY OF NORCO -	2030	9,782
EASTVALE	Schleisman Rd	Lindsey Ct	Wineville Ave	CONSTRUCT NEW SCHLEISMAN RD IC (6 THROUGH LANES) AND RAMPS (2 LANES) AND NB/SB AUX LANE BETWEEN SCHLEISMAN RD IC AND LIMONITE RD IC (EA: 0E140K) ON I-15 NEAR THE CITY OF NORCO - CONSTRUCT NEW SCHLEISMAN RD IC (6 THROUGH LANES) AND RAMPS (2 LANES) AND	2035	91,481
EASTVALE	Schleisman Rd	Linds ey Ct	Wineville Ave	NB/SB AUX LANE BETWEEN SCHLEISMAN RD IC AND LIMONITE RD IC (EA: 0E140K)	2035	91,481
EASTVALE	Schleisman Rd	Lindsey Ct	Wineville Ave	ON I-15 NEAR THE CITY OF NORCO - CONSTRUCT NEW SCHLEISMAN RD IC (6 THROUGH LANES) AND RAMPS (2 LANES) AND NB/SB AUX LANE BETWEEN SCHLEISMAN RD IC AND LIMONITE RD IC (EA: 0E140K)	2035	91,481
EASTVALE	Schleisman Rd	Linds ey Ct	Wineville Ave	ON I-15 NEAR THE CITY OF NORCO - CONSTRUCT NEW SCHLEISMAN RD IC (6 THROUGH LANES) AND RAMPS (2 LANES) AND NB/SB AUX LANE BETWEEN SCHLEISMAN RD IC AND LIMONITE RD IC (EA: 0E140K)	2035	91,481
EASTVALE		Linds ey Ct	Wineville Ave	ON I-15 NEAR THE CITY OF NORCO - CONSTRUCT NEW SCHLEISMAN RD IC (6 THROUGH LANES) AND RAMPS (2 LANES) AND NB/SB AUX LANE BETWEEN SCHLEISMAN RD IC AND LIMONITE RD IC (EA: 0E140K)	2035	91,481
EASTVALE	Schleisman Rd	Lindsey Ct	Wineville Ave	ON I-15 NEAR THE CITY OF NORCO - CONSTRUCT NEW SCHLEISMAN RD IC (6 THROUGH LANES) AND RAMPS (2 LANES) AND NB/SB AUX LANE BETWEEN SCHLEISMAN RD IC AND LIMONITE RD IC (EA: 0E140K) ON I-15 NEAR THE CITY OF NORCO -	2035	91,481
EASTVALE	Schleisman Rd	Linds ey Ct	Wineville Ave	CONSTRUCT NEW SCHLEISMAN RD IC (6 THROUGH LANES) AND RAMPS (2 LANES) AND NB/SB AUX LANE BETWEEN SCHLEISMAN RD IC AND LIMONITE RD IC (EA: 0E140K)	2035	91,481
EASTVALE	SR-60 (PM SBD 9.46 to 10.46)	at Milliken Ave	btwn Harrel Ave & Iberia	Reconstruct/widen IC, ramps, and channelization improvements	2020	4,133



Lead Agency	Route Name	From	То	Description	Completion Year	Project Cost (\$1,000's)
▼	▼	▼	▼	▼	▼	▼
HEMET	Cawston Ave	Cawston Ave Bridge over Salt Creek Channel		Construct 4 lane bridge across Salt Creek Channel	2035	20,647
HEMET	Cawston Ave	Cove St	Mustang Way	Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes	2035	3,000
HEMET	Domenigoni Pkwy	Warren Rd	Sanderson Ave	Widen from 4 to 6 lanes	2035	8,000
HEMET	Esplanade Ave	Warren Rd	San Jacinto St	Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes	2035	5,000
HEMET	Hemet St	Hemet St Bridge over Bautista Creek Domenigoni		Construct 2 lane bridge across Bautista Creek	2035	21,305
HEMET	Lyon Ave	Pkwy	Chambers St	Construct New 4 Iane Arterial	2035	15,979
HEMET	Lyon Ave	Lyon Ave Bridge over Salt Creek Channel		Construct 4 lane bridge across Salt Creek Channel	2035	20,000
LIENAET	Manual - A	M4	Davida Assa	Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes	0005	00.000
HEMET	Menlo Ave	Westerly End	Park Ave Florida Ave (SR-	widen from 2 to 4 Lanes	2035	20,000
HEMET	State St	Johnston Ave	74)	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes	2035	1,750
HEMET	Stetson Ave	Cawston Ave	State St	Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes	2035	2,750
HEMET	Stetson Ave	West of Cawston Ave	Warren Rd	Relocate and construct 4 lane arterial	2035	8,387
HEIVIE I	Stetson Ave	West of	Westerly City	nelocate and construct 4 farie afternal	2033	0,307
HEMET	Stetson Ave	Cawston Ave	Limits	Widen from 2 to 6 Lanes	2035	8,522
			Domenigoni			
HEMET	Warren Rd	Esplanade Ave	Pkwy	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes	2035	21,984
HEMET	Warren Rd	Warren Rd Bridge over Salt Creek Channel		Construct 6 lane bridge across Salt Creek Channel	2035	20,000
INDIAN WELLS	HWY111	WEST CITY LIMITS	EAST CITY LIMITS	TRAFFIC SIGNAL SYCHRONIZATION PROGRAM THROUGH INDIAN WELLS (ALONG COOK STREET, FRED WARING DRIVE, HIGHWAY 111, AND WASHINGTON AVENUE) INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO SIGNAL UPGRADES, COMMUNICATION SYSTEMS, HARDWARE, AND SOFTWARE. (PM 2.5 BENEFITS)	2028	1000
IN IDIO						
INDIO	Adams St	Ave 38	Ave 40	Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes	2027	1,400
INDIO	Ave 38	Adams St	Madison St	Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes	2027	2,500
INDIO	Ave 40	Varner Rd	Jefferson St	Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes	2027	1,400
INDIO	AVE 42	Monroe St	Jackson St	Widen from 4 to 6 Lanes	2027	7,335
INDIO	AVE 42	Clinton St	Monroe St	Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes	2032	13,543
INDIO	AVENUE 44	Whitewater River	Dillon Rd	Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes	2032	4,122
INDIO	AVENUE 50	Jackson St	City Limits	Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes	2022	5,144
INDIO	AVENUE 50	Jefferson St	Madison St	Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes	2024	5,374
INDIO	AVENUE 50	Madison St	Monroe St	Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes	2024	5,591



Lead Agency	Route Name	From	To	Description	Completion Year	Project Cost (\$1,000's)
INDIO	AVENUE 50	Monroe St	Jackson St	Widen from 3 to 4 Lanes	2024	5,030
INDIO	AVENUE 52	Monroe St	Jackson St	Widen from 3 to 4 Lanes	2027	10,527
INDIO	Clinton St	Miles St	De Oro Ave	Widen from 3 to 4 Lanes	2027	500
INDIO	Dillon Rd	Ave 44	North City Limits	Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes	2032	1,962
INDIO	Dillon Rd	Bridge over Coachella Valley Storm Water Channel		Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes	2027	17,500
INDIO	Dillon Rd	Cabazon Rd	Hwy 86 IC	Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes, not including bridge over Coachella Valley Storm Water Channel	2027	1,100
INDIO	GOLF CENTER PKWY	Ave 45	Hwy 111	WIDEN FROM 2 to 4 LANES	2030	15000
INDIO	Indio Blvd	I-10 IC	Jefferson St	Widen from 4 to 6 Lanes, not including railroad crossing	2024	700
INDIO	Indio Blvd	Union Pacific Railroad Crossing		Widen from 4 to 6 Lanes	2024	13,000
INDIO	JACKSON ST	Ave 49	Ave 50	Widen from 3 to 4 Lanes	2022	5,177
INDIO	JACKSON ST	Ave 50	Ave 52	Widen from 3 to 4 Lanes	2022	4,285
INDIO	JACKSON ST	I-10 IC	Ave 44	Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes	2024	1,846
INDIO	JEFFERSON ST	Ave 40	Ave 39	Widen to 4 Lanes	2027	4,289
INDIO	JEFFERSON ST	Sun City Blvd.	Ave 40	Widen from 4 to 6 Lanes	2027	3,861
INDIO	Madison St	Ave 38	Ave 40	Widen from 3 to 4 Lanes	2027	1,000
INDIO	MADISON ST	Ave 50	Ave 49	Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes	2027	11,824
INDIO	MADISON ST	Fred Waring Dr	Indio Blvd	Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes	2027	5,947
INDIO	MADISON ST	Hwy 111	Ave 48 Fred Waring Dr	Widening from 3 to 4 lanes Construct New 4 - Lane Road, including bridge at	2022	7,271
INDIO	MADISON ST	Miles Ave	(missing link)	All American Canal and Whitewater River.	2033	22,947
INDIO	Madison St OC	Madison St OC at I-10		New 4 Lane Overcrossing	2040	50,000
INDIO	MONROE ST	Ave 41	Ave 42	Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes	2022	7,815
INDIO	MONROE ST	I-10	Ave 44	WIDEN FROM 2 to 4 LANES	2026	15000
INDIO	VARNER RD / AVE 42	Jefferson St	Clinton St	Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes, including bridge over All American Canal.	2032	11,355
JURUPA VALLEY	Armstrong Rd	San Bernardino County Line	Valley Way	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes	2035	8,940



Lead Agency	Route Name	From	To	Description	Completion Year	Project Cost (\$1,000's)
JURUPA VALLEY	BELLGRAVE AVE	BAIN ST	RUTILE ST	GRADE SEPARATION - 2 LANES OVER UPRR TRACKS	2030	188,241
JURUPA VALLEY	Bellgrave Ave	Cantu-Galleano Ranch Rd/Birtcher Dr Intersection	Van Buren Blvd	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes	2035	6,918
JURUPA VALLEY	Cantu-Galleano Ranch Rd	3,350' Easterly of Wineville Rd	Bellgrave Ave/Birtcher Dr Intersection	Construct 4 lane arterial, including 4-lane bridge crossing channel	2030	2,492
JURUPA VALLEY	JURUPA RD	CEDAR ST	E'LY OF FELSPAR ST	GRADE SEPARATION - 2 LANES OVER UPRR TRACKS	2030	126,151
JURUPA VALLEY	Limonite Ave	Bain St.	Downey St	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes	2025	6,500
JURUPA VALLEY	Limonite Ave	Van Buren Blvd	Baldwin St	Widen from 4 to 6 lanes	2030	1,869
VALLEY	Limonite Ave	Wineville Ave.	Etiwanda Ave	Widen EB lane from 1 lane to 2 lanes.	2020	7,000
JURUPA VALLEY	Market St	Rubidoux Blvd.	North of the Santa Ana River	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes	2030	31,155
JURUPA VALLEY	Philadelphia Ave	Wineville Rd	Etiwanda Ave	Widen from 1 EB existing to 2 lanes	2035	1,484
JURUPA VALLEY JURUPA	Riverside Dr Riverside Dr at	I-15	Etiwanda Ave	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes	2030	2,243
VALLEY JURUPA	Day Creek	Wineville Rd	Etiwanda Ave	Widen bridge from 2 to 4 lanes	2035	567
VALLEY	Schleisman Rd	I-15	Arlington Ave	Construct 4 lane arterial	2035	37,518
JURUPA VALLEY JURUPA	SR-60 (PM 2.53 to 3.53) SR-60 (PM 9.06	at Mission Blvd at Rubidoux	Dr & Sevaine Way btwn 30th	Reconstruct interchange/ramps Reconstruct/widen IC, ramps and channelization	2035	65,604
VALLEY JURUPA	to 10.06) VAN BUREN	Blvd LIMONITE	& 34th Sts SANTA ANA	improvements	2030	28,507
VALLEY LA QUINTA	BOULEVARD AVE 48	AVENUE DUNE PALMS RD	RIVER JEFFERSON ST	WIDEN ROAD FROM 4 TO 6 LANES REPLACE LOW WATER CROSSING WITH BRIDGE	2025	7000 8007
LA QUINTA	AVE 50		Madison Street	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes. Shared project between the City of La Quinta and Indio. The south side of Avenue 50 widening from 1 to 2 lanes, including bike lanes and sidewalk.	2028	3,161
LA QUINTA	AVE 52	Jefferson Street	Madison Street	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes in areas with missing sections on the north side of Avenue 52.	2030	944
LA QUINTA	AVE 54	MADISON ST	MONROE ST	WIDEN SOUTH SIDE OF AVE 54 FROM 1 TO 2 LANES, CONSTRUCT BIKE LANE, AND SIDEWALKFOR GAP CLOSURE.	2035	3489
LA QUINTA	AVE 58	Jefferson St	Madison St	WIDEN SOUTH SIDE FROM 1 TO 2 LANES AND PORTION OF NORTH SIDE FROM 1 TO 2 LANES Widen south side from 1 to 2 lanes in areas with	2030	7,832
LA QUINTA	AVE 58	Madison St	Monroe St	missing sections including bike lanes and sidewalk	2030	690



Lead Agency	Route Name	From	То	Description	Completion Year	Project Cost (\$1,000's)
▼	▼	▼	▼		▼	▼
LA QUINTA	AVE 60	MONROE ST	CITYLIMITS	WIDEN ROAD FROM 2 TO 4 LANES, CONSTRUCT BIKE LANES, AND SIDEWALK.	2035	2115
LA QUINTA	AVE 60	WOINTOE ST	CITT LIIVIITS	WIDEN NORTH SIDE OF ROAD FROM 1 TO 2	2033	2113
LA QUINTA	AVE 60	MADISON ST	MONROE ST	LANES, CONSTRUCT BIKE LANES, AND SIDEWALK.	2035	1653
LA QUINTA	Avenue 50 over the La Quinta Evacuation Channel Low Water Crossing Replacement	Washington Street	Park Avenue	IN EASTERN RIVERSIDE COUNTY IN THE CITY OF LA QUINTA - WIDEN AVENUE 50 FROM WASHINTON ST TO PARK AVE- WB INCREASE FROM 1 TO 2 LANES; EB EXISTING 2 LANES. PROJECT TO INSTALL 1,700 FT (.3 MI) SIDEWALK AND CLASS II BIKE LANES. TO INCLUDE REPLACEMENT OF AN EXISTING LOW WATER CROSSING WITH A BRIDGE AND NECESSARY SLOPE AND CHANNEL SCOUR PROTECTION MEASURES.	2027	15,224
LA QUINTA	Avenue 50 over the La Quinta Evacuation Channel Low Water Crossing Replacement	Washington Street	Park Avenue	IN EASTERN RIVERSIDE COUNTY IN THE CITY OF LA QUINTA - WIDEN AVENUE 50 FROM WASHINTON ST TO PARK AVE- WB INCREASE FROM 1 TO 2 LANES; EB EXISTING 2 LANES. PROJECT TO INSTALL 1,700 FT (.3 MI) SIDEWALK AND CLASS II BIKE LANES. TO INCLUDE REPLACEMENT OF AN EXISTING LOW WATER CROSSING WITH A BRIDGE AND NECESSARY SLOPE AND CHANNEL SCOUR PROTECTION MEASURES.	2027	15,224
LA QUINTA	MONROE ST	AVE 54	MOUNTAIN VIEW LANE	WIDEN WEST SIDE OF MONROE FROM 1 TO 2 LANES, CONSTRUCT BIKE LANE, AND SIDEWALK FOR GAP CLOSURE.	2030	3171
LA QUINTA	MONROE ST	AVE 58	AVE 59	WIDEN WEST SIDE OF MONROE FROM 1 TO 2 LANES, CONSTRUCT BIKE LANE, AND SIDEWALK FOR GAP CLOSURE.	2030	1909
LA QUINTA	MONROE ST	AVE 59	AVE 60	WIDEN EAST SIDE OF MONROE FROM 1 TO 2 LANES, CONSTRUCT BIKE LANE, AND SIDEWALK WITHIN THE CITY BOUNDARY.	2030	2511
LA QUINTA	MONROE ST	AVE 60	AVE 61	WIDEN ROAD FROM 2 TO 4 LANES, CONSTRUCT BIKE LANES, AND SIDEWALK.	2030	3860
LA QUINTA	WESTWARD HO	ADAMS ST	DUNE PALMS RD	WIDEN ROAD FROM 2 TO 4 LANES	2040	7142
LA QUINTA	WESTWARD HO	DUNE PALMS RD	JEFFERSON RD	WIDEN SOUTH SIDE OF ROAD FROM 1 TO 2 LANES	2040	4021
LAKE ELSINORE	Auto Center Dr (Casino Dr)	Franklin St	Diamond Dr (Railroad Cyn Rd)	Widen bridge over San Jacinto River from 2 to 4 lanes	2025	9,587
LAKE ELSINORE	Franklin St	Avenue 6	Canyon Estates Dr	Widen street and bridge over I-15 from 2 to 4 lanes	2035	1,782
LAKE ELSINORE	Grand Ave	Machado St	SR-74	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes	2032	3,527



Lead Agency	Route Name	From	To	Description	Completion Year	Project Cost (\$1,000's)
LAKE ELSINORE	I-15	200' W/O SB OFF-RAMP	CAMINO DEL	On I-15 at Main St IC - Widening of Main St UC from one lane in ea dir to two lanes in ea dir, from 200 ft w/o the SB off-ramp to Camino Del Norte intersection (700 ft); add TWO additional left turn pocketS to the I-15 NB and SB on-ramps; widen I-15 SB off ramp from two lanes to four lanes approaching Main St, with two left turning lanes and two right turning lanes (1,500 LF); widen I15 SB on ramp from one lane to two lanes (12 ft wide each plus 8 ft shoulder onto I-15) (2,500 LF); widen NB off-ramp from one lane to three lanes but striped for two lanes (36 ft wide plus an 8 ft shoulder) and expand to three lanes once new Franklin IC is constructed (1,860 LF); widen NB onramp from one lane to two lanes onto I-15 with tapering acceleration lane (1,900 LF). Construct new traffic signals at the on and off ramps intersections.	2028	21 270
ELSINORE	I-15	OFF-RAMP	btwn Walker	Intersections.	2028	21,270
LAKE ELSINORE	I-15	at Lake St	Cyn Rd Temescal Cyn Rd	Reconstruct/widen IC from 2 to 6 lanes and reconstruct/widen ramps	2025	20,275
LAKE ELSINORE	I-15	at Malaga Rd	btwn Casino Dr Lakeview Terrace and Grape St	Construct new 4 lane OC over I-15	2028	35,346
LAKE ELSINORE	I-15	at Riverside Dr	btwn Collier Ave	Construct new 4 lane OC over I-15	2022	30,604
LAKE ELSINORE	I-15	at Second St (Chaney Ave)	btwn Collier Ave and Camino del Norte	Construct new 4 lane arterial connecting overcross over I-15	2032	56,579
LAKE ELSINORE	I-15	I-15	MAIN ST.	On I-15 at Main St IC - Widening of Main St UC from one lane in ea dir to two lanes in ea dir, from 200 ft w/o the SB off-ramp to Camino Del Norte intersection (700 ft); add TWO additional left turn pocketS to the I-15 NB and SB on-ramps; widen I-15 SB off ramp from two lanes to four lanes approaching Main St, with two left turning lanes and two right turning lanes (1,500 LF); widen I15 SB on ramp from one lane to two lanes (12 ft wide each plus 8 ft shoulder onto I-15) (2,500 LF); widen NB off-ramp from one lane to three lanes but striped for two lanes (36 ft wide plus an 8 ft shoulder) and expand to three lanes once new Franklin IC is constructed (1,860 LF); widen NB onramp from one lane to two lanes onto I-15 with tapering acceleration lane (1,900 LF). Construct new traffic signals at the on and off ramps intersections.	2028	21,270



Lead Agency	Route Name	From	To	Description	Completion Year	Project Cost (\$1,000's)
LAKE	145		MAIN OT	On I-15 at Main St IC - Widening of Main St UC from one lane in ea dir to two lanes in ea dir, from 200 ft w/o the SB off-ramp to Camino Del Norte intersection (700 ft); add TWO additional left turn pocketS to the I-15 NB and SB on-ramps; widen I-15 SB off ramp from two lanes to four lanes approaching Main St, with two left turning lanes and two right turning lanes (1,500 LF); widen I15 SB on ramp from one lane to two lanes (12 ft wide each plus 8 ft shoulder onto I-15) (2,500 LF); widen NB off-ramp from one lane to three lanes but striped for two lanes (36 ft wide plus an 8 ft shoulder) and expand to three lanes once new Franklin IC is constructed (1,860 LF); widen NB onramp from one lane to two lanes onto I-15 with tapering acceleration lane (1,900 LF). Construct new traffic signals at the on and off ramps	2000	04.070
LAKE	<u>I-15</u>	I-15	MAIN ST.	intersections. On I-15 at Main St IC - Widening of Main St UC from one lane in ea dir to two lanes in ea dir, from 200 ft w/o the SB off-ramp to Camino Del Norte intersection (700 ft); add TWO additional left turn pocketS to the I-15 NB and SB on-ramps; widen I-15 SB off ramp from two lanes to four lanes approaching Main St, with two left turning lanes and two right turning lanes (1,500 LF); widen I15 SB on ramp from one lane to two lanes (12 ft wide each plus 8 ft shoulder onto I-15) (2,500 LF); widen NB off-ramp from one lane to three lanes but striped for two lanes (36 ft wide plus an 8 ft shoulder) and expand to three lanes once new Franklin IC is constructed (1,860 LF); widen NB onramp from one lane to two lanes onto I-15 with tapering acceleration lane (1,900 LF). Construct new traffic signals at the on and off ramps	2028	21,270
LAKE	I-15	Main St.	I-15	intersections. On I-15 at Main St IC - Widening of Main St UC from one lane in ea dir to two lanes in ea dir, from 200 ft w/o the SB off-ramp to Camino Del Norte intersection (700 ft); add TWO additional left turn pocketS to the I-15 NB and SB on-ramps; widen I-15 SB off ramp from two lanes to four lanes approaching Main St, with two left turning lanes and two right turning lanes (1,500 LF); widen I15 SB on ramp from one lane to two lanes (12 ft wide each plus 8 ft shoulder onto I-15) (2,500 LF); widen NB off-ramp from one lane to three lanes but striped for two lanes (36 ft wide plus an 8 ft shoulder) and expand to three lanes once new Franklin IC is constructed (1,860 LF); widen NB on-ramp from one lane to two lanes onto I-15 with tapering acceleration lane (1,900 LF). Construct new traffic signals at the on and off ramps intersections.	2028	21,270
LAKE	I-15 (PM 23.35 to 24.35)	at Nichols Rd	btwn ramps	Reconstruct/widen IC from 2 to 6 lanes and reconstruct/widen ramps	2025	47,122



LAKE ELSINORE Lake St L15							
ELSINORE Lake St 1-15	Lead Agency	Route Name	From	_			Project Cost (\$1,000's)
MAIN STAT-15 CI MPROVENENTS: WIDENING OF NEW ANN ST UNDER THE PREEWAY FROM 1 TO 2 LINS, ADD AN ADDITIONAL LIN TO THE NE ENTRANCE AND EXT FRAMPS: WIDENING OF RAMP TO ACCOMDATE I RT LIN, I LT LIN, AND I THEN LIT LIN AT MANYS INTERESCTION. ADD A COOMDATE AND INTERESCENTION. ADD CAMINO DEL NORTEMAN ST INTERESCTION. ADD CAMINO DEL NORTEMAN ST INTERESCTION. 2025 LAKE ELSINORE							
NB MAN ST UNDER THE FREEWAY FROM IT 02	ELSINORE	Lake St	I-15	Lincoln St		2025	34,089
MAIN STI-15 (C.MPROVEMENTS: WIDEDING OF NB MAIN ST UNDED THE FREEWAY FROM 1 TO 2 LNS, ADD AN ADDITIONAL IN TO THE NB ENTRANCE AND EXPERIENCE LAKE				NB MAIN ST UNDER THE FREEWAY FROM 1 TO 2 LNS, ADD AN ADDITIONAL LN TO THE NB ENTRANCE AND EXIT RAMPS. WIDEN SB OFF RAMP TO ACCOMODATE 1 RT LN, 1 LT LN, AND 1 THRU LT LN AT MAIN ST INTERSECTION. INSTALL RAMP METERS & TRAFFIC SIGNALS AT			
NB MAIN ST UNDER THE FREEWAY FROM I TO 2 LNS, ADD AN ADDITIONAL LIN TO THE NB ENTRANCE AND EXIT RAMPS. WIDEN SB OFF RAMP TO ACCOMODATE I RT LIN, LIT LIN, ND 1 THRU LIT LIN AT MAIN ST INTERSECTION. INSTALL RAMP METERS & TRAFFIC SIGNALS AT THE ON A OFF RAMPS INTERSECTION. AND CAMINO DEL NORTERAMIN ST INTERSECTION. AND CAMINO DEL NORTERAMIN ST INTERSECTION. AND CAMINO DEL NORTERAMIN ST INTERSECTION. AND CAMINO DEL NORTERAMIN ST INTERSECTION. AND CAMINO DEL NORTERAMIN ST INTERSECTION. INSTALL RAMP METERS & TRAFFIC SIGNALS AT THE ON A OPEN THE FREEWAY FROM I TO 2 LNS, ADD AND ADDITIONAL LIN TO THE NB ENTRANCE AND EXTRAMPS. WIDEN SB OFF RAMP TO ACCOMODATE I RT LIN, LIT LIN, AND 1 THE OFF RAMP TO ACCOMODATE I RETURN. IN THE NEED THAT INTERSECTION. INSTALL RAMP METERS & TRAFFIC SIGNALS AT THE ON A OPEN THAT INTERSECTION. INSTALL RAMP METERS & TRAFFIC SIGNALS AT THE ON A OPEN THAT INTERSECTION. AND CAMINO DEL NORTERAMIN ST INTERSECTION. INSTALL RAMP METERS & TRAFFIC SIGNALS AT THE ON A OPEN THAT INTERSECTION. INSTALL RAMP METERS & TRAFFIC SIGNALS AT THE ON A OPEN THAT INTERSECTION. INSTALL RAMP METERS & TRAFFIC SIGNALS AT THE ON A OPEN THAT INTERSECTION. INSTALL RAMP METERS & TRAFFIC SIGNALS AT THE ON A OPEN THAT INTERSECTION. INSTALL RAMP METERS & TRAFFIC SIGNALS AT THE ON A OPEN THAT INTERSECTION. INSTALL RAMP METERS & TRAFFIC SIGNALS AT THE ON A OPEN THAT INTERSECTION. INSTALL RAMP METERS & TRAFFIC SIGNALS AT THE ON A OPEN THAT INTERSECTION. INSTALL RAMP METERS & TRAFFIC SIGNALS AT THE ON A OPEN THAT INTERSECTION. INSTALL RAMP METERS & TRAFFIC SIGNALS AT THE ON A OPEN THAT INTERSECTION. INSTALL RAMP METERS & TRAFFIC SIGNALS AT THE ON A OPEN THAT INTERSECTION. INSTALL RAMP METERS & TRAFFIC SIGNALS AT THE ON A OPEN THAT INTERSECTION. INSTALL RAMP METERS & TRAFFIC SIGNALS AT THE ON A OPEN THAT INTERSECTION. INSTALL RAMP METERS & TRAFFIC SIGNALS AT THE ON A OPEN THAT INTERSECTION. INSTALL RAMP METERS & TRAFFIC SIGNALS AT THE ONE OPEN THAT INTERSECTION. INSTALL RAMP METERS & TRAFFIC SIGNALS AT THE ONE OPEN THAT INTERSEC	ELSINORE	Main St/I-15	420' S/O Main St	Norte	CAMINO DEL NORTE/MAIN ST INTERSECTION.	2025	4,200
MAIN ST/I-15 IC IMPROVEMENTS: WIDENING OF NB MAIN ST UNDER THE FREEWAY FROM 1 TO 2 LNS, ADD AN ADDITIONAL IN TO THE NB ENTRANCE AND EXIT RAMPS. WIDEN SB OFF RAMP TO ACCOMDATE 1 RT LIN, 1 LT LIN, AND 1 THRU LT LN AT MAIN ST INTERSECTION. INSTALL RAMP METERS & TRAFFIC SIGNALS AT THE ON & OFF RAMP SINTERSECTION, AND CAMINO DEL NORTE MAIN ST INTERSECTION. 2025 LAKE	LAKE			Camino Del	NB MAIN ST UNDER THE FREEWAY FROM 1 TO 2 LNS, ADD AN ADDITIONAL LN TO THE NB ENTRANCE AND EXIT RAMPS. WIDEN SB OFF RAMP TO ACCOMODATE 1 RT LN, 1 LT LN, AND 1 THRU LT LN AT MAIN ST INTERSECTION. INSTALL RAMP METERS & TRAFFIC SIGNALS AT		
NB MAIN ST UNDER THE FREEWAY FROM 1 TO 2		Main St/I-15	420' S/O Main St		·	2025	4,200
MAIN ST/I-15 IC IMPROVEMENTS: WIDENING OF NB MAIN ST UNDER THE FREEWAY FROM 1 TO 2 LNS, ADD AN ADDITIONAL LN TO THE NB ENTRANCE AND EXIT RAMPS. WIDEN SB OFF RAMP TO ACCOMODATE 1 RT LN, 1 LT LN, AND 1 THRU LT LN AT MAIN ST INTERSECTION. INSTALL RAMP METERS & TRAFFIC SIGNALS AT CAMINO DEL NORTE/MAIN ST INTERSECTIONS, AND CAMINO DEL NORTE/MAIN ST INTERSECTION. 2025 LAKE					NB MAIN ST UNDER THE FREEWAY FROM 1 TO 2 LNS, ADD AN ADDITIONAL LN TO THE NB ENTRANCE AND EXIT RAMPS. WIDEN SB OFF RAMP TO ACCOMODATE 1 RT LN, 1 LT LN, AND 1 THRU LT LN AT MAIN ST INTERSECTION. INSTALL RAMP METERS & TRAFFIC SIGNALS AT THE ON & OFF RAMPS INTERSECTIONS, AND		
LNS, ADD AN ADDITIONAL LN TO THE NB ENTRANCE AND EXIT RAMPS. WIDEN SB OFF RAMP TO ACCOMODATE 1 RT LN, 1 LT LN, AND 1 THRU LT LN AT MAIN ST INTERSECTION. INSTALL RAMP METERS & TRAFFIC SIGNALS AT THE ON & OFF RAMPS INTERSECTIONS, AND ELSINORE Main St/l-15 420' S/O Main St Norte CAMINO DEL NORTE/MAIN ST INTERSECTIONS, AND CAMINO DEL NORTE/MAIN ST INTERSECTION. LAKE ELSINORE Malaga Rd Mission Tr Terrace Widen from 2 to 4 lanes 2030 1 LAKE ELSINORE Mission Tr Canyon Rd Corydon St Widen from 4 to 6 lanes 2025 LAKE ELSINORE Nichols Rd Collier Ave El Toro Rd Widen from 2 to 6 lanes 2035 1 LAKE ELSINORE Nichols Rd Riverside Dr (SR-74) 74) WIDEN FROM 2 TO 4 LANES CHANGE FROM 6 LAKE SR-74 ELSINORE (Riverside Dr) Lakeshore Dr Grand Ave Widen from 2 to 6 lanes 2030 1 IN LAKE SR-74 ELSINORE (Riverside Dr) Lakeshore Dr Grand Ave Widen from 2 to 6 lanes 2030 1 Widen from 2 to 6 lanes 2030 1 IN LAKE SR-74 ELSINORE (Riverside Dr) Lakeshore Dr Grand Ave Widen from 2 to 6 lanes 2030 1 Widen from 2 to 6 lanes 2030 1 IN LAKE ELSINORE - CONS OF A NEW 4-LANE DIVIDED ROADWAY, REALIGNING EXISTING TEMESCAL CANYON ROAD AND REPLACE EXISTING 2-LANE UNIMPROVED TEMESCAL CANYON ROAD AND REPLACE EXISTING 2-LANE UNIMPROVED TEMESCAL CANYON ROAD AND REPLACE EXISTING 2-LANE UNIMPROVED TEMESCAL CANYON ROAD AND REPLACE EXISTING 2-LANE UNIMPROVED TEMESCAL CANYON ROAD FROM LAKE STREET TO 650 FT EASTERLY OF CITY'S WESTERLY BOUNDARY. SEGMENT OF THIS REALIGNED ROAD	ELSINORE	Main St/I-15	420' S/O Main St	Norte	MAIN ST/I-15 IC IMPROVEMENTS: WIDENING OF	2025	4,200
LAKE ELSINORE Malaga Rd Mission Tr Terrace Widen from 2 to 4 lanes 2030 1 LAKE ELSINORE Mission Tr Canyon Rd Corydon St Widen from 4 to 6 lanes 2025 LAKE ELSINORE Nichols Rd Collier Ave El Toro Rd Widen from 2 to 6 lanes 2035 1 LAKE ELSINORE SR-74 (Grand Ave) (SR-74) 74) Cortega Hwy (SR-74) 74) Widen from 2 to 6 lanes 2035 1 LAKE SR-74 ELSINORE (Riverside Dr) Lakeshore Dr Grand Ave Widen from 2 to 6 lanes 2030 1 IN LAKE ELSINORE - CONS OF A NEW 4-LANE DIVIDED ROADWAY, REALIGNING EXISTING TEMESCAL CANYON ROAD AND REPLACE EXISTING 2-LANE UNIMPROVED TEMESCAL CANYON ROAD FROM LAKE STREET TO 650 FT EASTERLY OF CITY'S WESTERLY BOUNDARY. SEGMENT OF THIS REALIGNED ROAD		Main St/l-15	420' S/O Main St		LNS, ADD AN ADDITIONAL LN TO THE NB ENTRANCE AND EXIT RAMPS. WIDEN SB OFF RAMP TO ACCOMODATE 1 RT LN, 1 LT LN, AND 1 THRU LT LN AT MAIN ST INTERSECTION. INSTALL RAMP METERS & TRAFFIC SIGNALS AT THE ON & OFF RAMPS INTERSECTIONS, AND	2025	4,200
ELSINORE Malaga Rd Mission Tr Terrace Widen from 2 to 4 lanes 2030 1 LAKE ELSINORE Mission Tr Canyon Rd Corydon St Widen from 4 to 6 lanes 2025 LAKE ELSINORE Nichols Rd Collier Ave El Toro Rd Widen from 2 to 6 lanes 2035 1 LAKE ELSINORE SR-74 (Grand Riverside Dr (SR-74) 74) Cortega Hwy (SR-74) LAKE SR-74 ELSINORE (Riverside Dr) Lakeshore Dr Grand Ave Widen from 2 to 6 lanes 2035 1 LAKE SR-74 ELSINORE (Riverside Dr) Lakeshore Dr Grand Ave Widen from 2 to 6 lanes 2030 1 IN LAKE ELSINORE - CONS OF A NEW 4-LANE DIVIDED ROADWAY, REALIGNING EXISTING TEMESCAL CANYON ROAD FROM LAKE STREET TO 650 FT EASTERLY OF CITY'S WESTERLY BOUNDARY. SEGMENT OF THIS REALIGNED ROAD							
ELSINORE Mission Tr Canyon Rd Corydon St Widen from 4 to 6 lanes 2025 LAKE ELSINORE Nichols Rd Collier Ave El Toro Rd Widen from 2 to 6 lanes 2035 1 LAKE SR-74 (Grand Ave) (SR-74) 74) VIDEN FROM 2 TO 4 LANES CHANGE FROM 6 ELSINORE SR-74 ELSINORE (Riverside Dr) Lakeshore Dr Grand Ave Widen from 2 to 6 lanes 2030 1 IN LAKE ELSINORE - CONS OF A NEW 4-LANE DIVIDED ROADWAY, REALIGNING EXISTING TEMESCAL CANYON ROAD AND REPLACE EXISTING 2-LANE UNIMPROVED TEMESCAL CANYON ROAD FROM LAKE STREET TO 650 FT EASTERLY OF CITY'S WESTERLY BOUNDARY. SEGMENT OF THIS REALIGNED ROAD	ELSINORE	Malaga Rd			Widen from 2 to 4 lanes	2030	12,088
ELSINORE Nichols Rd Collier Ave El Toro Rd Widen from 2 to 6 lanes 2035 1 LAKE SR-74 (Grand Ave) (SR-74) 74) Ortega Hwy (SR-74) LAKE SR-74 ELSINORE (Riverside Dr) Lakeshore Dr Grand Ave Widen from 2 to 6 lanes 2035 1 IN LAKE ELSINORE - CONS OF A NEW 4-LANE DIVIDED ROADWAY, REALIGNING EXISTING TEMESCAL CANYON ROAD AND REPLACE EXISTING 2-LANE UNIMPROVED TEMESCAL CANYON ROAD FROM LAKE STREET TO 650 FT EASTERLY OF CITY'S WESTERLY BOUNDARY. SEGMENT OF THIS REALIGNED ROAD	ELSINORE	Mission Tr		Corydon St	Widen from 4 to 6 lanes	2025	7,716
ELSINORE Ave) (SR-74) 74) LANES TOTAL TO 4 LANES TOTAL 2035 1 LAKE SR-74 ELSINORE (Riverside Dr) Lakeshore Dr Grand Ave Widen from 2 to 6 lanes 2030 1 IN LAKE ELSINORE - CONS OF A NEW 4-LANE DIVIDED ROADWAY, REALIGNING EXISTING TEMESCAL CANYON ROAD AND REPLACE EXISTING 2-LANE UNIMPROVED TEMESCAL CANYON ROAD FROM LAKE STREET TO 650 FT EASTERLY OF CITY'S WESTERLY BOUNDARY. SEGMENT OF THIS REALIGNED ROAD		Nichols Rd	Collier Ave	El Toro Rd	Widen from 2 to 6 lanes	2035	12,363
ELSINORE (Riverside Dr) Lakeshore Dr Grand Ave Widen from 2 to 6 lanes 2030 1 IN LAKE ELSINORE - CONS OF A NEW 4-LANE DIVIDED ROADWAY, REALIGNING EXISTING TEMESCAL CANYON ROAD AND REPLACE EXISTING 2-LANE UNIMPROVED TEMESCAL CANYON ROAD FROM LAKE STREET TO 650 FT EASTERLY OF CITY'S WESTERLY BOUNDARY. Temescal Boundary, 0.68 SEGMENT OF THIS REALIGNED ROAD	ELSINORE	Ave)		, ,		2035	16,036
IN LAKE ELSINORE - CONS OF A NEW 4-LANE DIVIDED ROADWAY, REALIGNING EXISTING TEMESCAL CANYON ROAD AND REPLACE EXISTING 2-LANE UNIMPROVED TEMESCAL CANYON ROAD FROM LAKE STREET TO 650 FT Westerly City EASTERLY OF CITY'S WESTERLY BOUNDARY. Temescal Boundary, 0.68 SEGMENT OF THIS REALIGNED ROAD			Lakeshore Dr	Grand Ave	Widen from 2 to 6 lanes	2030	14,954
LAKE Canyon Rd Mile Westerly of INCLUDES A 706' BRIDGE FUNDED BY HBP LISTED SEPARATELY UNDER RIV111203. 2024	LAKE	Temescal Canyon Rd	Westerly City Boundary, 0.68 Mile Westerly of		IN LAKE ELSINORE - CONS OF A NEW 4-LANE DIVIDED ROADWAY, REALIGNING EXISTING TEMESCAL CANYON ROAD AND REPLACE EXISTING 2-LANE UNIMPROVED TEMESCAL CANYON ROAD FROM LAKE STREET TO 650 FT EASTERLY OF CITY'S WESTERLY BOUNDARY. SEGMENT OF THIS REALIGNED ROAD INCLUDES A 706' BRIDGE FUNDED BY HBP		5,750



Lead Agency	Route Name	From	То	Description	Completion Year	Project Cost (\$1,000's)
MARCH JPA	6TH STREET	CACTUS AVE	MEYER DRIVE	CONSTRUCT EXTENSION OF 6TH STREET FROM CACTUS AVENUE TO MEYER DRIVE WITH 4-LANE ARTERIAL WITH CENTER MEDIAN. (THIS PORTION OF 6TH STREET WILL BE RENAMED "MARCH LIFECARE DRIVE" IN THE FUTURE)	2028	7000
MENIFEE	Bradley Bridge Rd	Rio Vista Dr	Potmac Dr	BRADLEY RD BRIDGE REPLACEMENT OF 400- FT, 4-LANES OVER EXISTING SALT CREEK CHANNEL FROM RIO VISTA DR TO POTMAC DR.	2026	10,930
MENIFEE	Ethanac Rd	Sherman Rd	Matthews Rd	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes incl. grade separation over BNSF RR (Grade sep portion is not part of grade sep list and should remain here)	2027	62,922
MENIFEE	Garbani Rd	Bradley Rd	I-215	Construct 4-lane arterial	2030	4,110
MENIFEE	Garbani Rd	I-215	Menifee Rd	Reconstruct and widen from 2 to 4 lanes	2030	3,617
MENIFEE	Goetz Rd	Juanita Dr	Lesser Ln	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes	2027	10,987
MENIFEE	Goetz Rd	Normandy Rd	Juanita Dr	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes	2027	2,925
MENIFEE	I-215 (PM 15.95 to 16.95)	at Garbani Rd	btwn Haun Rd & Antelope Rd	Construct new 4 lane (2 lns eac dir) and ramps	2030	60,573
MENIFEE	I-215 (PM 20.3 to 21.3)	Sun City Blvd.	Easterly of Encanto Dr.	Reconstruct/Widen IC from 4 to 6 lanes and reconstruct ramps	2024	38,000
MENIFEE	I-215 (PM 20.3 to 21.3)	Sun City Blvd.	Easterly of Encanto Dr.	Reconstruct/Widen IC from 4 to 6 lanes and reconstruct ramps	2024	38,000
MENIFEE	I-215 (PM 20.3 to 21.3)	Sun City Blvd.	Easterly of Encanto Dr.	Reconstruct/Widen IC from 4 to 6 lanes and reconstruct ramps	2024	38,000
MENIFEE	I-215 (pm 20.3 to 21.3)	Sun City Blvd.	Easterly of Encanto Dr.	Reconstruct/Widen IC from 4 to 6 lanes and reconstruct ramps	2024	38,000
MENIFEE	I-215 (pm 20.3 to 21.3)	Sun City Blvd.	Easterly of Encanto Dr.	Reconstruct/Widen IC from 4 to 6 lanes and reconstruct ramps	2024	38,000
MENIFEE	I-215 (pm 20.3 to 21.3)	Sun City Blvd.	Easterly of Encanto Dr.	Reconstruct/Widen IC from 4 to 6 lanes and reconstruct ramps	2024	38,000
	I-215 (pm 20.3		Easterly of	Reconstruct/Widen IC from 4 to 6 lanes and		· ·
MENIFEE MENIFEE	to 21.3) I-215 (pm 20.3 to 21.3)	Sun City Blvd. Sun City Blvd.	Encanto Dr. Easterly of Encanto Dr.	reconstruct ramps Reconstruct/Widen IC from 4 to 6 lanes and reconstruct ramps	2024	38,000 38,000
MENIFEE	I-215 (pm 20.3 to 21.3)	Sun City Blvd.	Easterly of Encanto Dr.	Reconstruct/Widen IC from 4 to 6 lanes and reconstruct ramps	2024	38,000
MENIFEE	I-215 (pm 20.3 to 21.3)	Sun City Blvd.	Easterly of Encanto Dr.	Reconstruct/Widen IC from 4 to 6 lanes and reconstruct ramps	2024	38,000
MENIFEE	I-215 (pm 20.3 to 21.3)	Sun City Blvd.	Easterly of Encanto Dr.	Reconstruct/Widen IC from 4 to 6 lanes and reconstruct ramps	2024	38,000



Lead Agency	Route Name	From	То	Description	Completion Year	Project Cost (\$1,000's)
▼	▼	▼	▼	v	▼	▼
MENIFEE	I-215 (pm 20.3 to 21.3)	Sun City Blvd.	Easterly of Encanto Dr.	Reconstruct/Widen IC from 4 to 6 lanes and reconstruct ramps	2024	38,000
MENIFEE	I-215 (PM 20.3 to 21.3)	Sun City Blvd.	Easterly of Encanto Dr.	Reconstruct/Widen IC from 4 to 6 lanes and reconstruct ramps	2024	38,000
MENIFEE	I-215 (pm 20.3 to 21.3)	Sun City Blvd.	Easterly of Encanto Dr.	Reconstruct/Widen IC from 4 to 6 lanes and reconstruct ramps	2024	38,000
MENIFEE	McCall Blvd	Aspel Rd	Menifee Rd	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes	2027	4,276
MENIFEE	McCall Blvd	I-215	Aspel Rd	Widen from 4 to 6 lanes	2027	5,330
MENIFEE	Menifee Rd	Garbani Rd	Scott Rd	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes	2022	3,696
MENIFEE	Menifee Rd	Ramona Expwy	SR-74 (Pinacate Rd)	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes	2027	28,593
MENIFEE	Menifee Rd	SR-74 (Pinacate Rd)	Simpson Rd	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes incl. grade separation over RR (Grade sep portion is not part of grade sep list and should remain here)	2027	57,290
MENIFEE	Murrieta Rd	Ethanac Rd	McCall Blvd	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes	2027	8,659
MENIFEE	Murrieta Rd	Holland Rd	Scott Rd	MURRIETA RD WIDENING FROM 2 TO 4-LANES FROM HOLLAND RD TO SCOTT RD (2-MILES). MURRIETA RD AND HOLLAND RD	2025	8,100
MENIFEE	Murrieta Rd & Holland Rd Intersection			INTERSECTION REALIGNMNET TO REPLACE A TWO-WAY INTERSECTION WITH STOP STOPS AND OFFSET AND SIGNALIZE THE INTERSTCTION, INSTALL STREET LIGHTS, ADA RAMPS AND SIDEWALKS. PROJECT TO INCLUDE WIDENING FROM SURREY RD TO 600-FT S/O HOLLAND RD FROM 2 TO 4-LANES.	2025	6,253
MENIFEE	Murrieta Rd Bridge	Par City Ave	Canino Del Sol Sur	MURRIETA RD WIDENING FROM 2 TO 4-LANES FROM PARK CITY AVE TO CAMINO DEL SOL SUR OVER (400-FT), OVER SALT CREEK CHANNEL, INCLUDING A TRAFFIC SIGNAL AT MURRIETA RD & VALLEY BLVD.	2027	12,500
MENIFEE	Newport Rd	Murrieta Rd	Bradley Rd	WIDEN FROM 5 TO 6 LANES	2027	33,553
MENIFEE	Scott Rd	I-215	El Centro	Widen Scott Rd from 4 to 6 lanes between I-215 and El Centro	2025	11,674
MENIFEE	Scott Rd/Bundy Canyon Rd	Sunset Ave	Haun Rd	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes	2022	27,580
MENIFEE	Valley Blvd	McCall Blvd	Murrieta Rd	VALLEY BLVD (MISSING LINK) WIDENING FROM 2 TO 4-LANES FROM MCCALL BLVD TO MURRIETA RD, INCLUDING GAP CLOSURE B/W MURRIETA RD AND HUNEY RUN RD (APPROX 650-FT), AND INSTALL OF TRAFFIC SIGNALS, NEW LANE STRIPING, CURB AND GUTTER, SIDWALKS, AND ADA RAMPS	2025	5,541
MORENO	-		Davida Divid			
MORENO	Alessandro Blvd Alessandro Blvd		Perris Blvd	Widen from 4 to 6 lanes WIDEN ALESSANDRO BLVD FROM PERRIS BLVD TO NASON ST FROM 2 TO 6 LANES, bike lanes	2028	6,000
VALLEY MORENO	Alessandro BIVO	rems blva	Nason St	and sidewalks	2028	14,000
VALLEY MORENO	Cactus Ave	Nason St	Redlands Blvd	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes	2028	8,000
VALLEY	Eucalyptus Ave	I-215	Towngate Blvd	Widen from 4 to 6 lanes	2028	5,000



Lead Agency	Route Name	From	To	Description	Completion Year	Project Cost (\$1,000's)
MORENO		Marana Dagah				
VALLEY	Eucalyptus Ave	Moreno Beach Dr.	Pettit St	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes	2028	2000
MORENO	Lacarypiae 7 We	51.	1 Ottat Ot	Widen from 2 to Transc	2020	2000
VALLEY	Eucalyptus Ave.	Heacock St	Morrison St.	Widen arterial from 2 to 4 lanes	2028	15000
MORENO	Lacarypiae 7 we.	TIOGOOGK OF	WOTTOOT OL	Widen arena wein E to Tianes	2020	10000
VALLEY	Heacock St-SI	Dracaea	Eucalyptus	Street Improvement / Widening 2 to 4 lanes gaps	2028	1,000
MORENO						
VALLEY	Heacock St-SI	Eucalyptus	Fir	Street Improvement / Widening 2 to 4 lanes gaps	2028	1,800
MORENO VALLEY	Heacock St-SI	Ironwood Ave	Manzanita Ave	Street Improvement / Widening 2 to 4 lanes gaps	2022	650
MORENO	Tieacock of or	IIOIIWOOG AVE	Marizarria Ave	otteet improvement/ widening 2 to 4 lanes gaps	2022	030
VALLEY	Indian St	San Michele Rd	Harley Knox Rd	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes	2028	6,000
MORENO VALLEY	Indian St Bridge over Channel Lateral A	Superior Ave	San Michele Rd	Construct bridge to close roadway gap and provide minimum 2 lanes (1 lane in each direction) between Superior Ave and San Michele Rd	2022	4,000
MORENO VALLEY	Ironwood Avo	Nason St	Padlanda Plud	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes	2026	0.063
VALLEY	Ironwood Ave	Nason St	Redlands Blvd	All remaining portions (segements 4, 7-13) of	2026	8,063
MORENO VALLEY	Juan Bautista de Anza Trail	Eucalyptus Ave	Iris Ave	multi-use trail from Eucalyptus Ave to Iris Ave, to design construct, and complete a continous trail from Moreno Valley Mall area to Lake Perris State Recreation Area.	2021	8700
MORENO		21				
VALLEY	Lasselle St	Eucalyptus	Alessandro	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes	2024	2,300
MORENO VALLEY	Moreno Beach Dr	Locust Ave	SR-60	Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes	2028	0.000
MORENO	DI	Locust Ave	3n-00	Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes	2026	6,000
VALLEY	Nason St	Elder Ave	Ironwood Ave	Widen 2 to 4 lanes / Street Improvement	2028	1,000
MORENO						
VALLEY	Perris Blvd	Brodiaea Ave	Dracaea	Widen from 4 to 6 lanes / Street Improvement	2023	1,500
MORENO VALLEY	Perris Blvd	Reche Vista Dr	Sunnymead Ranch Pkway	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes	2022	3,000
VILLET	r ciris biva	ricerie vista bi	Transiti Rway	Widen from 2 to 4 faires	2022	0,000
MORENO			N Hidden			
VALLEY	Pigeon Pass Rd	Cantarini	Springs	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes	2028	6,000
MORENO						
VALLEY	Redlands Blvd	Spruce Ave	North City Limits	Widen 2 to 4 lanes / Street Improvement	2028	6,000
MORENO VALLEY	SR-60	Graham St OC		In Moreno Valley on Graham St: Construct 4 through lane OC (2 lanes each dir) over SR60 between Sunnymead Blvd and Hemlock Ave, add signals at Hemlock, left-turn pocket lanes at both intersections, and add pedestrian sidewalk (Approx 1/4 miles) on OC both sides	2026	22,000
MORENO VALLEY	SR-60 (PM 14.84 to 15.84)	at Heacock St	btwn Hemlock Ave & Sunnymead Blvd	Widen/reconstruct Heacock IC, ramps, and channelization improvements. No additional lanes planned.	2028	23,873
MORENO VALLEY	SR-60 (PM 15.85 to 16.85)	at Perris Blvd	btwn Sunnymead Blvd & Ironwood	Reconstruct/widen arterial from 4 to 6 lanes and reconstruct/widen ramps	2026	37,379
MORENO VALLEY	Sunnymead Blvd.	Perris Blvd	Kitching St	Widen arterial from 2 to 4 lanes, construct roundabout at Sr-60 EB on-ramp/Sunnymead Intersection	2028	6000



	1	1	1	l e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e		
Lead Agency	Route Name	From	To	Description	Completion Year	Project Cost (\$1,000's)
•	·	· ·	· ·			
MUDDICTA	Clinton Koith Dd	Cannavaratt	Taulan Dr	Miden from 4 to Clance	2030	2.050
MURRIETA	Clinton Keith Rd	Coppercrait	Toulon Dr	Widen from 4 to 6 lanes	2030	2,050
MURRIETA	Clinton Keith Rd	Toulon Dr	I-215	Widen from 4 to 6 lanes	2030	44,241
MORRILIA	Clinton Reith Nu	TOUION DI	1-213	Widen Holli 4 to oralles	2030	44,241
Murrieta	CLINTON KEITH ROAD	FRENCH VALLEY CREEK BRIDGE	WINCHESTER ROAD	Construct Clinton Keith Road from French Valley Creek Bridge to Winchester Road- 6 through lanes, 3 in each direction	2025	5227
MURRIETA	Elm Street	Adams Avenue	Jackson Avenue	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes with I-15 overcrossing	2030	31,155
		Washington				
MURRIETA	Guava Street	Avenue	Monroe Avenue	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes	2030	12,462
		Jefferson	Washington			
MURRIETA	lvy Street	Avenue	Avenue	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes	2023	2,001
MURRIETA	Jefferson Ave	Nutmeg St	Murrieta Hot Springs Rd	Widen from 4 to 6 Lanes	2035	13,930
MURRIETA	Jefferson Ave	Nutmeg St	Palomar St	Construct 6 lane arterial	2035	7,611
	Los Alamos Rd.	rtuuning St	. diomai ot		2000	.,5
MURRIETA	- north side	Hancock Ave.	Whitewood Ave.	Widening from 4 to 6 lanes.	2035	2,916
MURRIETA	Madison Ave.	Guava Street	Date St.	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes	2030	18,693
MURRIETA	Monroe Ave.	Murrieta Hot Springs Rd.	Los Alamos Ave.	Construct a 4 lane facility - Monroe Ave. from Murrieta Hot Springs Rd. to Los Alamos Rd.	2023	15,000
MURRIETA	Murrieta Hot Springs Rd	Margarita Rd	SR-79 (Winchester)	Widen from 4 to 6 lanes	2020	4,500
MURRIETA	Warm Springs Parkway	Clinton Keith Road	Scott Road	Construct - Realign Antelope Rd from Clinton Keith Rd. to Scott Road - 4 through lanes, 2 lane in each direction.	2030	24,924
MURRIETA	WHITEWOOD ROAD	MURRIETA HOT SPRINGS ROAD	JACKSON AVENUE	Construct - Realign Whitewood Road from Murrieta Hot Springs Road to Jackson Avenue- 4 through lanes, 2 lane in each direction.	2025	5000
NORCO	1st St	Parkridge Ave	Hamner Ave	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes	2022	2,020
1101100	10101	i anniuge Ave	nammer Ave	THIS II I I II I I I I I I I I I I I I I	2022	
NORCO	2nd St	River Rd	Hamner Ave	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes	2022	5,449
NORCO	Corydon Ave	River Rd	Norco Dr	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes	2030	9,227
NORCO	Hamner	Cota Street	Hamner Ave	Widen from 4 to 6 lanes	2023	1,433
NORCO	Hillside Ave	1st St	Hidden Valley Pkwy	Construct 2 lane arterial	2027	2,343
1101100	I IIII JIUC AVC	13101	btwn Hamner	Constitute Little antificial	2021	2,040
NORCO	I-15 (PM 42.37 to 43.37)	at Hidden Valley Pkwy	Ave & amp; Beyond NB Exit Ramp	Reconstruct interchange/ramps/channelization improvements	2025	4,403
1101100	10.07)	y	Btwn Hamner	mprovenions	2023	+,+03
NORCO	I-15 (PM 43.13 to 44.13)	at 2nd St	Ave & Valley View Ave	Reconstruct/widen IC from 2 to 4 Lanes and widen ramps	2028	7,863
NORCO	I-15 (PM 45.1 to 46.1)	at 6th St	btwn Hamner Ave & Sierra Ave	Reconstruct interchange/ramps/channelization improvements	2030	23,916
	,	o o.			2000	20,510



	n					
Lead Agency ▼	Route Name	From	To	Description	Completion Year	Project Cost (\$1,000's)
NORCO	Norco Dr	Corydon Ave	Hamner Ave	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes	2024	6,055
PALM DESERT	COOK ST	Br. at Whitewater Chnl		Widen from 4 to 6 lanes	2025	13,785
PALM DESERT	COOK ST	Country Club	Whitewater Brg.	Widen from 4 to 6 lanes	2025	10,650
PALM DESERT	COOK ST	Whitewater Br.	Fred Waring Dr	Widen from 4 to 6 lanes	2025	3,292
PALM DESERT	Cook Street	Frank Sinatra	Country Club Dr.	Widen from 4 to 6 lanes	2025	10,859
PALM DESERT	COUNTRY CLUB DR	Monterey Ave	Portola Ave	Widen from 4 to 6 lanes	2027	10,382
PALM DESERT	Country Club Drive	Cook Street	Eldorado Dr	Widen from 4 to 6 lanes	2030	4,225
DALMAREOERT	Country Club	E	Oasis Club	Mr. 1 (4) ()	0007	4.070
PALM DESERT	Drive Country Club	Eldorado Dr Oasis Club	Drive Washington	Widen from 4 to 6 lanes	2027	4,678
PALM DESERT	Drive	Drive	Street	Widen from 4 to 6 lanes	2035	5,146
PALM DESERT	Country Club Drive	Portola Avenue	Cook Street	Widen from 4 to 6 lanes	2027	4,465
PALM DESERT	FRANK SINATRA DR	Cook St	Eldorado Dr	Widen from 4 to 6 lanes	2027	7,485
PALM DESERT	FRANK SINATRA DR	Eldorado Dr	Tamarisk Row Dr	Widen from 4 to 6 lanes	2027	1,787
	FRANK					
PALM DESERT	SINATRA DR	Monterey Ave	Portola Ave	Widen from 4 to 6 lanes	2027	9,419
PALM DESERT	FRANK SINATRA DR	Portola Ave	Cook St	Widen from 4 to 6 lanes	2027	6,914
	GERALD FORD					
PALM DESERT	DR	Cook St	Frank Sinatra Dr	Widen from 3 to 4 lanes	2030	1,828
DAIMDESEDT	LIMOV 1 1 1	MONTEREY		RESTRIPE ROADWAY TO ACCOMMODATE CLASS II BIKE LANES, INSTALL ENHANCED PEDESTRIAN CROSSINGS AT SAGE LANE, SAN PABLO AVENUE, LARKSPUR LANE, SAN LUIS	2022	1500
PALM DESERT	HWY 111	AVENUE	ROAD	REY AVENUE, AND PORTOLA AVENUE.	2023	1500
PALM DESERT	PORTOLA AVE	Country Club Dr	2,070' S/O Frank Sinatra Dr	Widen from 4 to 6 lanes	2027	8,452
PALM DESERT	PORTOLA AVE	Hwy 111	Magnesia Falls Dr	Widen from 4 to 6 lanes	2027	1,233
, Established	. SGERRAL		-		2027	1,200
PALM DESERT	PORTOLA AVE	Magnesia Falls Dr	Country Club Dr	Widen from 4 to 6 lanes	2027	12,476



Lead Agency	Route Name	From	То	Description	Completion Year	Project Cost (\$1,000's)
~	~	-	~	▼	~	▼
PALM DESERT	Portola Avenue	1,500' N/O Frank Sinatra Drive	2,000' S/O Gerald Ford Drive	Widen from 4 to 6 lanes TRAFFIC SIGNAL BATTERY BACKUP SYSTEM	2027	4,464
PALM DESERT	VARIOUS LOCATIONS VARIOUS	WEST CITY LIMITS	EAST CITY LIMITS	INSTALLATION AT TRAFFIC SIGNAL INTERSECTIONS CITYWIDE.	2024	1750
PALM DESERT	LOCATIONS	WEST CITY LIMITS	EAST CITY LIMITS EAST CITY	TRAFFIC SIGNAL INTERCONNECT / FIBER OPTIC CABLE INSTALLATION CITYWIDE.	2022	2000
PALM DESERT	VARIOUS LOCATIONS	WEST CITY LIMITS	LIMITS	INSTALL BIKEWAY IMPROVEMENTS AT VARIOUS LOCATIONS.	2025	1500
	VARIOUS LOCATIONS	CITY CENTER AREA		INSTALL SIDEWALKS, CROSSWALKS AND OTHER PEDESTRIAN AMENITIES.	2024	2000
PALM SPRINGS	CROSSLEYRD		Fairway Cr	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes	2025	3,364
PALM SPRINGS	CROSSLEYRD	Sunny Dunes Rd	Dinah Shore Dr.	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes	2023	2,184
PALM SPRINGS	CROSSLEYRD /GOLF CLUB DR	N. Bank of Wash		New bridge over Palm Canyon Wash.	2045	53,950
PALM SPRINGS	GENE AUTRY TRAIL	N. Bank of Whitewater River	S. Bank of Whitewater River	New bridge to replace existing low water crossing at Whitewater River.	2045	111,500
PALM SPRINGS	INDIAN AVE	19th Ave	300 ft. south of 18th Ave.	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes	2025	8,807
PALM SPRINGS	N. INDIAN CANYON DR.	N. Bank of Whitewater River	S. Bank of Whitewater River	New bridge to replace existing low water crossing at Whitewater River.	2031	166,218
PALM	N. PALM CYN					
PALM SPRINGS	RAMON RD	Alejo Rd S. Indian Cyn	Tahquitz Cyn Rd Sunrise Way (Incl. Baristo Storm Chnl Xing)	Widen from 3 to 4 lanes Widen from 4 to 6 lanes	2030	3,686
PALM SPRINGS	RAMON RD	S. Palm Cyn Dr	J,	Widen from 4 to 6 lanes	2030	1,201
PALM	S. PALM CYN	O. I AIIII OYII DI	o. indian Oyn Di	widen nom 4 to oranes	2030	1,201
SPRINGS	DR	Tahquitz Cyn Rd	Ramon Rd	Widen from 3 to 4 lanes	2030	3,863
PALM SPRINGS	Salvia Rd.	Garnett Hill	Gene Autry Tr.	Construct 4 lane arterial connector	2031	12,345
PALM SPRINGS	Sunrise Parkway	N. Indian Canyon Dr	North Palm Canyon Drive (SR 111)	Construct/extend 4 lane arterial connector	2031	20,318
PALM SPRINGS	Sunrise Parkway	Sunrise Way North of San Rafael Dr	N. Indian Canyon Dr.	Construct/extend 4 lane arterial connector	2025	13,529
PALM SPRINGS	Vista Chino	N. Palm Canyon Dr	Sunrise Way	Widen from 4 to 6 lanes	2031	8,404
PERRIS	"A" Street	Nuevo Rd	4th St	Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes	2022	9,631
PERRIS	11th St/Case Rd	Perris Blvd	Goetz Rd	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes	2025	2,568
PERRIS	Case Rd	Goetz Rd	I-215	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes, including 2 bridges over San Jacinto Rier and interchange at I-215	2025	82,036
PERRIS	Dunlap	Orange	Ellis Ave	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes	2030	5,469



Lead Agency	Route Name	From	То	Description	Completion Year	Project Cost (\$1,000's)
▼	▼	▼	▼	Construct 2 lane arterial and 2 lane grade	▼	▼
PERRIS	Ellis Ave	SR-74	I-215	separation over BNSF RR (Keep grade separation in arterial section)	2040	27,075
PERRIS	Ethanac Rd	Goetz Rd	I-215	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes	2020	4,000
PERRIS	Ethanac Rd	Goetz Rd	Keystone Dr	Widen from 2 to 6 Lanes, including bridge over San Jacinto Storm Channel.	2030	10,500
PERRIS	Evans Rd	Nuevo Rd	I-215	Construct 4 lane arterial	2030	17,646
PERRIS	EVANS RD	CITRUS AVE	NUEVO RD	WIDEN FROM 2 TO 4 LANES	2022	3500
PERRIS	Goetz Rd	Case Rd	Ethanac Rd	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes	2024	19,332
PERRIS	Goetz Rd	Lesser Ln	Ethanac Rd	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes	2040	9,571
PERRIS	I-215 (PM 24.7 to 26.1)	at Ellis Ave	btwn Perris Valley Storm Drain w/o I-215 to Dunlap Dr e/o I-215	Construct new 2 lane IC and ramps (1 lane)	2040	130,412
PERRIS	I-215 (PM 29.5 - 30.0)	at Placentia	btwn ramps	Construct new 6 lane IC and ramps at Placentia OC	2022	68,420
PERRIS	I-215 (PM 30.9)	at Ramona Expwy	btwn ramps	Reconstruct/widen from 4 to 8 lanes, widen SB and NB exit ramps at I-215/Ramona Expwy IC and OC, construct dual left-turn lanes at the exit ramps temini	2035	86,469
PERRIS	I-215 (PM 31.83 to 32.83)	at Harley Knox Blvd	btwn Harvill Ave and Western Way	Reconstruct and Widen Harley Knox Blvd OC from 2 to 4 Lanes and reconstruct/widen ramps	2025	32,434
PERRIS	INDIAN AVE	RIDER ST	ORANGE AVE	WIDEN FROM 2 TO 4 LANES	2025	5597
PERRIS	Mapes Ave	Goetz Rd	West City Limit	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes	2030	9,571
PERRIS	Markham St	Wade	Redlands Ave	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes	2025	7,462
PERRIS	McPherson Rd	Ethanac Rd	Mapes Ave	Construct 2 lane arterial	2030	5,448
PERRIS	Morgan St	Nevada	Indian Ave	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes	2025	1,187
PERRIS	MORGAN ST	REDLANDS AVE	EVANS RD	CONSTRUCT 4 LANE ARTERIAL	2030	13180
PERRIS	MORGAN ST	EVANS RD	BRADLEY AVE	WIDEN FROM 2 TO 4 LANES	2030	6590
PERRIS	Mountain Ave	McPherson	A St	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes	2030	3,515
PERRIS	Murrieta Rd	Case Rd	Ethanac Rd	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes	2022	8,989
PERRIS	Nuevo Rd	Evans Rd	Wilson Ave	Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes, including bridge over Perris Valley Storm Drain	2020	7,500
PERRIS	Nuevo Rd	Perris Blvd	Dunlap Dr	Widen from 4 to 6 Lanes	2030	6,854
PERRIS	Orange Ave	Indian Ave	Dunlap Dr	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes	2030	40,419
PERRIS	Perris Blvd	Ramona Expwy	Nuevo Rd	Widen from 4 to 6 lanes	2025	20,000
PERRIS	PERRIS BLVD	11ST/CASE RD	4TH ST	WIDEN FROM 2 to 4 LANES	2025	13180



Lead Agency	Route Name	From	То	Description	Completion Year	Project Cost (\$1,000's)
▼	_	▼.	▼.	·	~	V
PERRIS	PERRIS BLVD	RIDER ST	NUEVO RD	WIDEN FROM 4 TO 6 LANES	2025	10000
PERRIS	Placentia Ave	Indian Ave	Murrieta Rd	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes	2025	37,555
PERRIS	PLACENTIA AVE	FRONTAGE RD	INDIAN AVE	CONSTRUCT 4 LANE ARTERIAL	2022	3500
PERRIS	PLACENTIA AVE	INDIAN AVE	PERRIS BLVD	WIDEN FROM 2 TO 4 LANES	2022	3500
PERRIS	Ramona Expwy	Evans Rd	Rider St	Widen from 4 to 6 lanes	2030	13,483
PERRIS	REDLANDS AVE	RAMONA EXWY	MORGAN ST	WIDEN FROM 2 TO 4 LANES	2022	3210
PERRIS	REDLANDS AVE	MORGAN ST	RIDER ST	CONSTRUCT 4 LANE ARTERIAL	2022	6420
PERRIS	REDLANDS AVE	RIDER ST	PLACENTIA AVE	WIDEN FROM 2 TO 4 LANES	2022	3210
PERRIS	REDLANDS AVE	CITRUS AVE	NUEVO RD	WIDEN FROM 2 TO 4 LANES	2025	1878
PERRIS	REDLANDS AVE	SAN JACINTO AVE	ELLIS AVE	WIDEN FROM 2 TO 4 LANES	2025	1878
PERRIS	Rider St	Nevada	Indian Ave	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes	2030	26,360
PERRIS	RIDER ST	REDLANDS AVE	EVANS RD	WIDEN FROM 2 TO 4 LANES	2030	13180
PERRIS	San Jacinto Ave	A St	Redlands Ave	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes, including bridge over I- 215.	2040	32,412
PERRIS	San Jacinto Ave	Navajo	A St	Construct 4 lane arterial	2030	5,834
PERRIS	San Jacinto Ave	Redlands Ave	Dunlap Dr	Widen from 2 to 6 lanes, including bridge over Perris Valley Storn Drain.	2030	19,447
PERRIS	San Jacinto Ave	West City Limit	Navajo	Widen from 2 to 6 lanes	2030	5,834
PERRIS	Watson	A St	McPherson Rd	Construct 4 Iane arterial	2030	14,059
PERRIS	Webster Ave	Harley Knox Blvd.	Markham	Construct 6 lane arterial	2022	8,000
PERRIS	Webster Ave	Markham	Ramona Expwy	Widen from 2 to 6 lanes	2022	4,000
RANCHO MIRAGE	BOB HOPE DR	Frank Sinatra Dr	Gerald Ford Dr	Widen from 4 to 6 lanes	2023	6,319
RANCHO MIRAGE	FRANK SINATRA DR	Whitewater River Bridge	at Frank Sinatra Drive	Replace a 4 lane at grade low-water crossing with a new 4 lane bridge	2022	43,433
RANCHO MIRAGE	San Jacinto Drive	Rancho Las Palmas Drive	Rancho Mirage Community Park	Pedestrian Sidewalk connecting shopping/parking area to community park.	2021	1000
RANCHO MIRAGE	VARIOUS LOCATIONS			ADA COMPLIANCE UPGRADE OF CITYWIDE PEDESTRIAN ACCESS RAMPS. STREETS INCLUDE HIGHWAY 111, BOB HOPE DRIVE, COUNTRY CLUB DRIVE, FRANK SINATRA DRIVE, GERAL FORD DRIVE, DINAH SHORE DRIVE, RAMON ROAD, DA VALL DRIVE, AND LOS ALAMOS ROAD.	2021	1500



Lead Agency	Route Name	From	То	Description	Completion Year	Project Cost (\$1,000's)
▼	▼	▼	▼	V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V	▼	▼
DOTO	145	CAJALCO RD.	CD74 (DM 00 0)	IN WESTERN RIVERSIDE COUNTY – I-15 EXPRESS LANES SOUTHERN EXTENSION (GENERALLY IN THE MEDIAN) FROM CAJALCO RD. (PM 36.8) IN THE CITY OF CORONA TO APPROXIMATELY SR-74 (PM 22.3) IN THE CITY	2020	544,000
RCTC	I-15	(PM 36.8)	SR74 (PM 22.3) TO JCT. I-15/I-	OF LAKE ELSINORE (PPNO 3009X). CONSTRUCT 2 HOV LNS (1 LN EA DIR) FROM	2029	544,000
RCTC	I-15	SR74 (PM 22.3)	215 (PM 8.7)	SR74 (PM 22.3) TO JCT I-15/I-215 (PM 8.7).	2039	375,664
RCTC/SCRRA	Metrolink Commuter Rail	Throughout Riverside, Orange County, & Drange County, Angeles County	Throughout Riverside, Orange County, & Drange County, Angeles County	METROLINK COMMUTER RAIL EXISTING LINES SERVICES EXPANSION - RIVERSIDE, 91, AND IEOC LINES	2045	11,180
RIVERSIDE			MOUNTAIN			
COUNTY	20TH AVE	PALM DR	VIEW RD	WIDEN FROM 2 TO 4 LANES	2040	7037
RIVERSIDE						
COUNTY	AVE 48	Van Buren St	Dillon Rd	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes	2021	4,500
RIVERSIDE	AVE 56 /					
COUNTY	AIRPORT BLVD	Harrison St	Tyler St	Widen from 2 to 6 lanes	2034	7,410
RIVERSIDE	AVE 56 /		0.25 miles W of			
COUNTY	AIRPORT BLVD	Jackson St	Van Buren St	Widen from 2 to 6 lanes	2036	4,385
RIVERSIDE	AVE 56 /					
COUNTY	AIRPORT BLVD	Monroe St	Jackson St	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes	2038	6,874
RIVERSIDE	AVE 56 /	D !! O!	D 1 0:			4 000
COUNTY	AIRPORT BLVD	Polk St	Palm St	Widen from 2 to 6 lanes	2030	1,882
RIVERSIDE COUNTY	AVE 56 / AIRPORT BLVD	Palm St	SR-86	Widen from 4 to 6 lanes	2045	17,694
RIVERSIDE	AVE 56 /					
COUNTY	AIRPORT BLVD	Tyler St	Polk St	Widen from 2 to 6 lanes	2032	5,503
RIVERSIDE COUNTY	AVE 56 / AIRPORT BLVD (SOUTH SIDE)	0.25 mi. W of Van Buren St	Harrison St	Widen from 2 to 6 lanes	2033	10,332
RIVERSIDE COUNTY RIVERSIDE	AVE 58	Jackson St	Van Buren St	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes	2035	7,023
COUNTY	AVE 58	Monroe St	Jackson St	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes	2032	6,190
RIVERSIDE	AVE 62	Fillmore Ct	Diorgo St	Widen from 2 to 6 lance	0000	45,825
COUNTY	AVE 02	Fillmore St	Pierce St	Widen from 2 to 6 lanes	2038	40,625
COUNTY	AVE 62	Harrison St	Tyler St	Widen from 2 to 6 lanes	2042	9,628
RIVERSIDE			. ,		2012	3,320
COUNTY	AVE 62	Jackson St	Van Buren St	Widen from 2 to 6 lanes	2034	14,764
RIVERSIDE						
COUNTY	AVE 62	Monroe St	Jackson St	Widen from 2 to 6 lanes	2045	12,729
RIVERSIDE						·
COUNTY	AVE 62	Pierce St	SR-86	Widen from 2 to 6 lanes	2040	12,394
RIVERSIDE						
COUNTY	AVE 62	Polk St	Fillmore St	Widen from 2 to 6 lanes	2045	19,074
RIVERSIDE						
COUNTY	AVE 62	Tyler St	Polk St	Widen from 2 to 6 lanes	2041	9,331
RIVERSIDE COUNTY	AVE 62	Van Buren St	Harrison St	Widen from 2 to 6 lanes	2040	14,195
RIVERSIDE COUNTY	AVE 62	Ave 62 SR-86 IC		Construct new IC and ramps and widen OC from 2 to 6 lanes	2040	67,863



Lead Agency	Route Name	From	То	Description	Completion Year	Project Cost (\$1,000's)
▼	▼	▼	▼	▼	▼	▼
RIVERSIDE		Ave 66 Br./Low	BTWN W/O COACHELLA VALLEY STORM WATER CHNL AND PIERCE			
COUNTY	AVE 66	Water Xing	ST	Widen from 2 to 6 lanes	2030	5,357
DIVERSIDE	A	S/O Ave 66 beg.		COACHELLA VALLEY FOR THE COMMUNITY OF MECCA- CONSTRUCT A NEW TWO-LN (1-LN IN EA DIR) GRADE SEPARATION BYPASS S/O AVE 66 BEGINNING 2,800 FT E/O SR-86 & CONNECTING BACK TO AVE 66 AT DALE KILER RD. BYPASS WILL BE APPROX. 0.9 MILES WITH ELEVATED STRUCTURE OVER THE UPPR, HAMMOND RD., INCLUDING		
RIVERSIDE	Ave 66 GS/Bypass	2,800 ft. E/O SR86	Dale Kiler Rd.	REALIGNED SH 195. PROJECT INCLUDES REALIGNED	2022	41.026
RIVERSIDE COUNTY	Ave 66 GS/Bypass	S/O Ave 66 beg. 2,800 ft. E/O SR86	Dale Kiler Rd.	COACHELLA VALLEY FOR THE COMMUNITY OF MECCA- CONSTRUCT A NEW TWO-LN (1-LN IN EA DIR) GRADE SEPARATION BYPASS S/O AVE 66 BEGINNING 2,800 FT E/O SR-86 & CONNECTING BACK TO AVE 66 AT DALE KILER RD. BYPASS WILL BE APPROX. 0.9 MILES WITH ELEVATED STRUCTURE OVER THE UPRR, HAMMOND RD., INCLUDING REALIGNED SH 195. PROJECT INCLUDES REALIGNED	2022	41,026
0001111	аол Буразз	01100	Daic Mici Ha.	-	LULL	41,020
RIVERSIDE COUNTY	Ave 66 GS/Bypass	S/O Ave 66 beg. 2,800 ft. E/O SR86	Dale Kiler Rd.	COACHELLA VALLEY FOR THE COMMUNITY OF MECCA- CONSTRUCT A NEW TWO-LN (1-LN IN EA DIR) GRADE SEPARATION BYPASS S/O AVE 66 BEGINNING 2,800 FT E/O SR-86 & CONNECTING BACK TO AVE 66 AT DALE KILER RD. BYPASS WILL BE APPROX. 0.9 MILES WITH ELEVATED STRUCTURE OVER THE UPRR, HAMMOND RD., INCLUDING REALIGNED SH 195. PROJECT INCLUDES REALIGNED	2022	41,026
RIVERSIDE COUNTY	Ave 66 GS/Bypass	S/O Ave 66 beg. 2,800 ft. E/O SR86	Dale Kiler Rd.	COACHELLA VALLEY FOR THE COMMUNITY OF MECCA- CONSTRUCT A NEW TWO-LN (1-LN IN EA DIR) GRADE SEPARATION BYPASS S/O AVE 66 BEGINNING 2,800 FT E/O SR-86 & CONNECTING BACK TO AVE 66 AT DALE KILER RD. BYPASS WILL BE APPROX. 0.9 MILES WITH ELEVATED STRUCTURE OVER THE UPRR, HAMMOND RD., INCLUDING REALIGNED SH 195. PROJECT INCLUDES REALIGNED	2022	41,026
RIVERSIDE COUNTY	AVENUE 62	WEST OF SR	WEST OF SR- 86	GRADE SEPARATION - 2 LANES AT UPRR TRACKS AND SR111	2040	163,395
RIVERSIDE COUNTY	Benton Rd	SR-79	Eastern Bypass	Widen from 2 to 6 lanes	2030	11,480
RIVERSIDE COUNTY	BOB HOPE DR	Dinah Shore	Ramon Rd	Widening of the south bound lane from 2 to 3 lanes.	2030	4,289



Lead Agency	Route Name	From	То	Description	Completion Year	Project Cost (\$1,000's)
DIVEROIDE.	▼	▼	▼	▼	~	▼
RIVERSIDE COUNTY	Briggs Rd	Newport Rd	Scott Rd	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes	2035	17,007
0001111	Briggs Hu	rewportria	CCCITTIC	Widen from 2 to 4 failes	2003	17,007
RIVERSIDE			SR-79	Construct 4 lane arterialWIDEN FROM 2 TO 4		
COUNTY	Briggs Rd	Scott Rd	(Winchester Rd)	LANES	2025	36,000
RIVERSIDE	Briggs Rd	Simpson Rd	DOMENIGONI PKWY	Construct 4 lane arterial	2045	32,649
COONTT	briggs nu	Siliipsoli Nu	FIXVI	Construct 4 fame arternal	2043	32,049
RIVERSIDE		SR-74 (Pinacate				
COUNTY	Briggs Rd	Rd)	Simpson Rd	Construct 4 lane arterial	2035	27,937
RIVERSIDE	Butterfield Stage		SR-79			
COUNTY	Rd+ Pourroy Rd	Springs Rd	(Winchester)	Construct 4 lane arterial	2035	65,351
RIVERSIDE	Cherry Valley					
COUNTY	Blvd	Desert Lawn Dr	Noble St	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes	2035	18,059
						10,000
RIVERSIDE	Cherry Valley		Highland			
COUNTY	Blvd	Noble St	Springs Ave	Construct 4 lane arterial	2045	19,772
RIVERSIDE	CLINTON					
	KEITH RD (PHASE III)	LEON RD	SR-79	CONSTRUCT 6 LANE ARTERIAL	2022	18301
COUNTY	(FRASE III)	LEON ND	3n-79	CONSTRUCT & LANE ANTENIAL	2022	10301
RIVERSIDE						
COUNTY	Cook St	Varner Rd	Ramon Rd	Construct 4 lane arterial	2040	34,035
RIVERSIDE	D.II. I. O.I. D.D.	Br. at				
COUNTY	DILLON RD	Whitewater Chnl	Mountain View	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes	2030	2,032
RIVERSIDE				Widen from 2 to 4 lanes, including a new bridge at		
COUNTY	DILLON RD	Indian Ave	Palm Dr	Mission Cr.	2027	16,891
RIVERSIDE COUNTY	DILLON RD	Intersection of Dillon Rd & Indian Ave	4 way intersection	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes	2021	1,355
		Intersection of Dillon Rd				
RIVERSIDE		&				
COUNTY	DILLON RD	Palm Dr	Easterly	Widen from 4 to 6 lanes	2031	1,355
DIVERSIDE				Widen from 2 to 4 lanes, including intersection		
RIVERSIDE COUNTY	DILLON RD	Palm Dr	Mountain View	improvements at Dillon & Palm Dr (traffic signal improvements).	2032	8,103
0001111	DILLONTID	i aiiii bi	Wountain view	improvements).	2002	0,100
RIVERSIDE	D# 1 63: 55	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\		N		
COUNTY	DILLON RD	Whitewater Br.	I-10	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes	2025	4,512
RIVERSIDE						
COUNTY	DILLON RD	SR-86	CABAZON RD	WIDEN FROM 2 TO 4 LANES	2030	3000
2001111			2. 2. 231110		2000	2300
RIVERSIDE		MOUNTAIN				
COUNTY	DILLON RD	VIEW RD	BENNETT RD	WIDEN FROM 2 TO 4 LANES	2032	11496
RIVERSIDE COUNTY	DILLON RD	BENNETT RD	THOUSAND PALMS CYN RD (INCLUDES BRIDGE AT WIDE CYN CHNL)	WIDEN FROM 2 TO 4 LANES	2035	32506



Lead Agency	Route Name	From	To	Description	Completion Year	Project Cost (\$1,000's)
RIVERSIDE COUNTY	DILLON RD	WHITEWATER BRIDGE	I-10	WIDEN FROM 2 TO 4 LANES	2040	2700
RIVERSIDE COUNTY	DILLON RD	THOUSAND PALM CYN RD	SUNNY ROCK RD	WIDEN FROM 2 TO 4 LANES	2040	23442
RIVERSIDE COUNTY	DILLON RD	SUNNY ROCK RD	NORTHERN CITY LIMITS OF INDIO	WIDEN FROM 2 TO 6 LANES	2040	36461
RIVERSIDE COUNTY	Domenigoni Pkwy	SR-79 (Winchester Rd)	Warren Rd	Widen from 4 to 6 lanes	2045	28,401
RIVERSIDE COUNTY	Ellis Ave	Post Rd	SR-74	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes	2040	14,717
RIVERSIDE COUNTY	Ethanac Rd	SR-74	Keystone Dr	Construct 4 lane arterial	2035	65,000
RIVERSIDE COUNTY	Gilman Springs	SH-79 (SANDERSON AVE)	State St	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes	2045	15,428
RIVERSIDE COUNTY	Gilman Springs Rd	Bridge St	SH-79 (SANDERSON AVE)	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes	2035	30,000
RIVERSIDE COUNTY	GILMAN SPRINGS RD	ALESSANDRO BVLD	BRIDGE ST	WIDEN FROM 2 TO 4 LANES	2035	15815
RIVERSIDE	Harley John Rd	Washington St	Cajalco Rd	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes	2040	6,072
RIVERSIDE COUNTY	Horsethief Canyon Rd	Temescal Canyon Rd	I-15	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes	2030	5,932
RIVERSIDE COUNTY	I-15	@ new Eastern Bypass IC s/o Temecula		On I-15 s/o Temecula - Construct new Eastern Bypass/I-15 IC (4 lanes) & ramps (1 lane) and 4 lane (2 lns each dir) easterly connecting road (approx 2 miles)	2045	90,000
RIVERSIDE COUNTY	I-15 (28.36 to 29.36)	at Horsethief Canyon Rd	just beyond and btwn ramps	Reconstruct/Widen IC from 2 to 4 lanes and reconstruct ramps	2035	56,079
RIVERSIDE COUNTY	·	at Temescal Canyon	NORTH OF LAWSON RD JUST BEYOND AND BTWN RAMPS	Reconstruct/Widen Temescal Canyon IC from 2 to 4 lanes and reconstruct ramps	2040	30,000
RIVERSIDE				AT I-215/SCOTT RD IC: WIDEN FROM 6 TO 11 LANES (7 THRU AND 4 TURN) BTWN ANTELOPE RD AND HAUN RD - RECONSTRUCT/WIDEN RAMPS - NB EXIT INCLUDING DECELERATION LN; SB ENTRY RAMP (1 TO 2 LNS); ENTRY RAMPS INCLUDE HOV LN; RAMPS INCLUDE EXTENDED ACCELERATION/DECELERATION LANES, ADD EXTENDED RIGHT-TURN LNS PH		
RIVERSIDE COUNTY	I-215	Antelope Rd. Antelope Rd.	Haun Rd. Haun Rd.	II. AT I-215/SCOTT RD IC: WIDEN FROM 6 TO 11 LANES (7 THRU AND 4 TURN) BTWN ANTELOPE RD AND HAUN RD - RECONSTRUCT/WIDEN RAMPS - NB EXIT INCLUDING DECELERATION LN; SB ENTRY RAMP (1 TO 2 LNS); ENTRY RAMPS INCLUDE HOV LN; RAMPS INCLUDE EXTENDED ACCELERATION/DECELERATION LANES, ADD EXTENDED RIGHT-TURN LNS PH II.	2038	58,573 25,000
COUNTY	1210	ranciope nu.	riaum riu.	III.	2030	25,000



Lead Agency	Route Name	From	То	Description	Completion Year	Project Cost (\$1,000's)
▼	▼.	▼	▼.	▼	.▼.	▼.
RIVERSIDE				AT I-215/SCOTT RD IC: WIDEN FROM 6 TO 11 LANES (7 THRU AND 4 TURN) BTWN ANTELOPE RD AND HAUN RD - RECONSTRUCT/WIDEN RAMPS - NB EXIT INCLUDING DECELERATION LN; SB ENTRY RAMP (1 TO 2 LNS); ENTRY RAMPS INCLUDE HOV LN; RAMPS INCLUDE EXTENDED ACCELERATION/DECELERATION LANES, ADD EXTENDED RIGHT-TURN LNS PH		
COUNTY	I-215	Antelope Rd.	Haun Rd.	II.	2038	25,000
RIVERSIDE		·		AT I-215/SCOTT RD IC: WIDEN FROM 6 TO 11 LANES (7 THRU AND 4 TURN) BTWN ANTELOPE RD AND HAUN RD - RECONSTRUCT/WIDEN RAMPS - NB EXIT INCLUDING DECELERATION LN; SB ENTRY RAMP (1 TO 2 LNS); ENTRY RAMPS INCLUDE HOV LN; RAMPS INCLUDE EXTENDED ACCELERATION/DECELERATION LANES, ADD EXTENDED RIGHT-TURN LNS PH		
COUNTY	I-215	Antelope Rd.	Haun Rd.	II.	2038	25,000
RIVERSIDE				AT I-215/SCOTT RD IC: WIDEN FROM 6 TO 11 LANES (7 THRU AND 4 TURN) BTWN ANTELOPE RD AND HAUN RD - RECONSTRUCT/WIDEN RAMPS - NB EXIT INCLUDING DECELERATION LN; SB ENTRY RAMP (1 TO 2 LNS); ENTRY RAMPS INCLUDE HOV LN; RAMPS INCLUDE EXTENDED ACCELERATION/DECELERATION LANES, ADD EXTENDED RIGHT-TURN LNS PH		
COUNTY	I-215	Antelope Rd.	Haun Rd.	II.	2038	25,000
RIVERSIDE COUNTY	I-215	Antelope Rd.	Haun Rd.	AT I-215/SCOTT RD IC: WIDEN FROM 6 TO 11 LANES (7 THRU AND 4 TURN) BTWN ANTELOPE RD AND HAUN RD - RECONSTRUCT/WIDEN RAMPS - NB EXIT INCLUDING DECELERATION LN; SB ENTRY RAMP (1 TO 2 LNS); ENTRY RAMPS INCLUDE HOV LN; RAMPS INCLUDE EXTENDED ACCELERATION/DECELERATION LANES, ADD EXTENDED RIGHT-TURN LNS PH III.	2038	25,000
RIVERSIDE	r-10	ruleiope nu.	i iduli nu.	AT I-215/SCOTT RD IC: WIDEN FROM 6 TO 11 LANES (7 THRU AND 4 TURN) BTWN ANTELOPE RD AND HAUN RD - RECONSTRUCT/WIDEN RAMPS - NB EXIT INCLUDING DECELERATION LN; SB ENTRY RAMP (1 TO 2 LNS); ENTRY RAMPS INCLUDE HOV LN; RAMPS INCLUDE EXTENDED ACCELERATION/DECELERATION LANES, ADD EXTENDED RIGHT-TURN LNS PH	2030	25,000
COUNTY	I-215	Antelope Rd.	Haun Rd.	II.	2038	25,000
RIVERSIDE COUNTY	I-215	Antelope Rd.	Haun Rd.	AT I-215/SCOTT RD IC: WIDEN FROM 6 TO 11 LANES (7 THRU AND 4 TURN) BTWN ANTELOPE RD AND HAUN RD - RECONSTRUCT/WIDEN RAMPS - NB EXIT INCLUDING DECELERATION LN; SB ENTRY RAMP (1 TO 2 LNS); ENTRY RAMPS INCLUDE HOV LN; RAMPS INCLUDE EXTENDED ACCELERATION/DECELERATION LANES, ADD EXTENDED RIGHT-TURN LNS PH II.	2038	25,000



Lead Agency	Route Name	From	То	Description	Completion Year	Project Cost (\$1,000's)
¥	-	-	-	▼	▼	<u>~</u>
RIVERSIDE COUNTY	1.215	Antologo Pd	Houp Pd	AT I-215/SCOTT RD IC: WIDEN FROM 6 TO 11 LANES (7 THRU AND 4 TURN) BTWN ANTELOPE RD AND HAUN RD - RECONSTRUCT/WIDEN RAMPS - NB EXIT INCLUDING DECELERATION LN; SB ENTRY RAMP (1 TO 2 LNS); ENTRY RAMPS INCLUDE HOV LN; RAMPS INCLUDE EXTENDED ACCELERATION/DECELERATION LANES, ADD EXTENDED RIGHT-TURN LNS PH III.	2029	25.000
COUNTY	I-215	Antelope Rd.	Haun Rd.	AT I-215/SCOTT RD IC: WIDEN FROM 6 TO 11 LANES (7 THRU AND 4 TURN) BTWN ANTELOPE RD AND HAUN RD - RECONSTRUCT/WIDEN RAMPS - NB EXIT INCLUDING DECELERATION LN; SB ENTRY RAMP (1 TO 2 LNS); ENTRY RAMPS INCLUDE HOV LN; RAMPS INCLUDE	2038	25,000
RIVERSIDE				EXTENDED ACCELERATION/DECELERATION LANES, ADD EXTENDED RIGHT-TURN LNS PH		
COUNTY	I-215	Antelope Rd.	Haun Rd.	II.	2038	25,000
RIVERSIDE COUNTY	I-215	Antelope Rd.	Haun Rd.	AT I-215/SCOTT RD IC: WIDEN FROM 6 TO 11 LANES (7 THRU AND 4 TURN) BTWN ANTELOPE RD AND HAUN RD - RECONSTRUCT/WIDEN RAMPS - NB EXIT INCLUDING DECELERATION LN; SB ENTRY RAMP (1 TO 2 LNS); ENTRY RAMPS INCLUDE HOV LN; RAMPS INCLUDE EXTENDED ACCELERATION/DECELERATION LANES, ADD EXTENDED RIGHT-TURN LNS PH II.	2038	25,000
RIVERSIDE				AT I-215/SCOTT RD IC: WIDEN FROM 6 TO 11 LANES (7 THRU AND 4 TURN) BTWN ANTELOPE RD AND HAUN RD - RECONSTRUCT/WIDEN RAMPS - NB EXIT INCLUDING DECELERATION LN; SB ENTRY RAMP (1 TO 2 LNS); ENTRY RAMPS INCLUDE HOV LN; RAMPS INCLUDE EXTENDED ACCELERATION/DECELERATION LANES, ADD EXTENDED RIGHT-TURN LNS PH		
COUNTY	I-215	Antelope Rd.	Haun Rd.	II.	2038	25,000
RIVERSIDE COUNTY	I-215 (PM 35.92 to 36.92)	at Alessandro Blvd	btwn BNSF & Old 215 Frontage Road	Widen/reconstruct IC from 4 to 6 lanes and reconstruct/widen ramps	2045	30,000
RIVERSIDE COUNTY	INDIAN AVE	14th Ave	Pierson Blvd	Widen from 2 to 6 lanes	2040	6,895
RIVERSIDE COUNTY	INDIAN AVE	18th Ave	Dillon Rd	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes	2021	13,265
RIVERSIDE COUNTY	INDIAN AVE	20th Ave	18th Ave	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes	2021	3,028
RIVERSIDE COUNTY	INDIAN AVE	Dillon Rd	14th Ave	Widen from 2 to 6 lanes	2040	7,574
RIVERSIDE COUNTY	INDIAN AVE	Intersection of Indian Ave and 20th Ave	Northerly	Widen from 4 to 6 lanes	2021	1,158
RIVERSIDE COUNTY	INDIAN AVE	20TH AVE	DILLON RD	WIDEN FROM 4 TO 6 LANES	2040	15000



Lead Agency	Route Name	From	То	Description	Completion Year	Project Cost (\$1,000's)
▼	▼	▼	▼	<u>▼</u>	▼.	▼.
RIVERSIDE COUNTY	McCall Blvd	Menifee Rd	SR-79 (Winchester)	Construct 2 lane arterial incl. grade separation over BNSF RR (Grade sep portion is not part of grade sep list and should remain here)	2045	116,629
RIVERSIDE COUNTY	McCall Blvd	SR- 79(Winchester Rd)	Warren Rd	Construct 2 Iane arterial incl. grade separation over BNSF RR - grade sep portion is not part of grade sep list and should remain in the arterial section.	2045	43,699
RIVERSIDE COUNTY	MOUNTAIN VIEW	Dillon Rd	20th Ave	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes	2031	6,821
RIVERSIDE COUNTY	Murrieta Hot Springs Rd	Pourroy Rd	SR-79 (Eastern Bypass)	Construct 4 lane arterial	2035	15,673
RIVERSIDE COUNTY	Nuevo Rd	Dunlap Dr	Menifee Rd	Widen from 2 to 6 lanes	2035	45,000
RIVERSIDE COUNTY	RAMON RD	Intersection of Ramon Rd & Varner Rd	Date Garden Dr.	Widen from 4 to 6 lanes	2040	302
RIVERSIDE COUNTY	RAMON RD	Monterey Ave	Thousand Palms Cyn Rd	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes	2040	22,466
RIVERSIDE COUNTY	Ramona Expwy	Pico Ave	Bridge St	Widen from 2 to 6 lanes	2040	80,945
RIVERSIDE COUNTY	Ramona Expwy	Rider St	Pico Ave	Widen from 4 to 6 lanes	2035	5,661
RIVERSIDE COUNTY	S VALLEY PKWY	HARRISON ST	TYLER ST (MISSING LINK)	CONSTRUCT 4 LANE ARTERIAL	2043	9584
RIVERSIDE COUNTY	S VALLEY PKWY	TYLER ST	POLK ST (MISSING LINK)	CONSTRUCT 4 LANE ARTERIAL	2044	10562
RIVERSIDE COUNTY	S VALLEY PKWY / AVE 60	MONROE ST	JACKSON ST	WIDEN FROM 2 TO 4 LANES	2040	4494
RIVERSIDE COUNTY	S VALLEY PKWY / AVE 60	JACKSON ST	VAN BUREN ST	WIDEN FROM 2 TO 4 LANES	2041	4741
RIVERSIDE COUNTY	S VALLEY PKWY / AVE 60	VAN BUREN ST	HARRISON ST	WIDEN FROM 2 TO 4 LANES	2042	5269
RIVERSIDE COUNTY	Scott Rd	El Centro	SR-79 (Winchester Rd)	IN RIVERSIDE COUNTY NEAR MURRIETA RECONSTRUCT AND WIDEN SCOTT ROAD FROM 2 TO 6 LANES BETWEEN EL CENTRO AND SR79 (WINCHESTER RD)	2035	26,511
RIVERSIDE COUNTY	SR-111	Ave 66 / SR86 IC	btwn w/o Buchanan St and e/o SR86	CONSTRUCT NEW IC AND RAMPS AND WIDEN OC FROM 2 TO 6 LANES	2040	68,423
RIVERSIDE COUNTY	SR-74	I-15	Ethanac Rd	Widen from 4 to 6 lanes	2035	29,799
RIVERSIDE COUNTY	SR-74 (Ethanac)	Matthews Rd	SR-79 (Winchester)	WIDEN FROM 2 TO 6 LANES IN THE CITY OF MENIFEE (MATTHEWS TO BRIGGS). WIDEN FROM 4 TO 6 LANES IN RIVERSIDE COUNTY (BRIGGS TO SR-79).	2045	24,109
RIVERSIDE COUNTY	SR-79	Hunter Rd	Domenigoni Pkwy	Widen from 4 to 6 lanes	2030	124,803



Lead Agency	Route Name	From	То	Description	Completion Year	Project Cost (\$1,000's)
▼	*	▼	▼	▼	▼	▼
RIVERSIDE COUNTY	SR-79 (Eastern Bypass)	SR79 (Winchester Rd near Scott Rd)	I-15	Construct 4 lane arterial	2040	411,389
RIVERSIDE	Temescal		TOM BARNES			
COUNTY	Canyon Rd	El Cerrito Rd.	ST	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes	2025	20,700
RIVERSIDE COUNTY	Temescal Canyon Rd	Indian Truck Trail	New Temescal Wash, 0.22 mi. W/O Lake St.	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes	2035	30,002
RIVERSIDE COUNTY	TEMESCAL CANYON RD	TOM BARNES ST	DOS LAGOS DR	WIDEN FROM 2 TO 4 LANES	2017	12000
RIVERSIDE COUNTY	TEMESCAL CANYON RD	DOS LAGOS DR	I-15	WIDEN FROM 2 TO 4 LANES	2020	24644
RIVERSIDE	TEMESCAL		INDIAN TRUCK			
COUNTY	CANYON RD	I-15	TRAIL	WIDEN FROM 2 TO 4 LANES	2030	40000
RIVERSIDE COUNTY	TWO BUNCH PALMS TR	Indian Ave	Little Morongo Rd	Construct 4 lane arterial	2045	17,235
COUNTY	FALIVIS IN	indian Ave	nu	Construct 4 lane arterial	2045	17,233
RIVERSIDE COUNTY	Van Buren Blvd	Mockingbird Canyon Rd	Wood Rd	Widen from 4 to 6 lanes	2022	14,709
RIVERSIDE COUNTY	Van Buren Blvd	Orange Terrace Pkwy	Opportunity Way	Widen from 4 to 6 lanes	2025	3,983
RIVERSIDE COUNTY	VAN BUREN ST	Indio Blvd	Ave 48	Widen the east side of Van Buren from 2 to 3 lanes.	2038	6,117
RIVERSIDE					0007	4.500
COUNTY	VARNER RD	Washington St	Adams St	Widen from 3 to 4 lanes	2037	1,536
COUNTY	Washington St	Hermosa Dr	Harley John Rd	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes	2040	19,460
RIVERSIDE COUNTY	WASHINGTON ST	DEL WEBB BLVD / LAS MONTANAS RD	AVE 38	WIDEN FROM 4 TO 6 LANES	2030	5000
RIVERSIDE COUNTY	WASHINGTON ST	COYOTE SONG WAY	THOUSAND PALMS CYN RD	WIDEN FROM 2 TO 4 LANES	2040	9270
RIVERSIDE	Wood Dd	Kramaria Ava	Cajalco Rd	Widon from 2 to 4 lance	2025	14 127
COUNTY	Wood Rd	Krameria Ave	oajaico nu	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes	2035	14,137
RIVERSIDE COUNTY						
TRANSPORTA				State of Good Repair Improvements at RCTC-		
TION		Various	Various	owned stations, including but not limited to		
COMMISSION	01/ Dawi- 1/-!!	Metrolink	Metrolink	pavement rehab, platform and passenger drop off		
(RCTC)	91/ Perris Valley Line	Stations Countywide	Stations Countywide	enhancements, facility painting projects, elevator maintenance, and safety related projects.	2030	140000
RIVERSIDE	=	,			2000	110000
COUNTY						
TRANSPORTA				Riverside-Downtown Station Improvements -		
TION				Install an additional center platform and siding		
COMMISSION	01/ Porris Vall	Riverside-	Riverside-	track, extend the existing pedestrian overpass and		
(RCTC)	91/ Perris Valley Line		Downtown Metrolink Station	construct an additional elevator for ADA compliance. (SCORE Project)	2027	42000
(NCIC)	LITTO	WOU OHIN SIGNOT	wouldnik Station	oomphanoo. (OOOTE FTOJEOU)	2021	42000



Lead Agency	Route Name	From	To	Description	Completion Year	Project Cost (\$1,000's)
RIVERSIDE						
COUNTY						
TRANSPORTA						
TION		Moreno Valley/	Moreno Valley/	Moreno Valley/ March Station Improvement - station		
COMMISSION	91/ Perris Valley		March Field	upgrade with additional platform and a pedestrian		
(RCTC)	Line	Metrolink Station	Metrolink Station	overpass.	2027	41000
RIVERSIDE						
COUNTY						
TRANSPORTA				Perris South Metrolink Station Improvements -		
TION				addition of a second track and platform through		
COMMISSION	91/ Perris Valley	Perris South	Perris South	station, starting east of the San Jacinto River; including a fourth layover track at the South Perris		
(RCTC)	Line		Metrolink Station	-	2030	18000
RIVERSIDE		Mod om it olddor	Modernin Class	layoro: laolily.	2000	10000
COUNTY						
TRANSPORTA				PVL 2nd Main Track Project including approx 9		
TION				miles of second main track from Control Point		
	91/ Perris Valley	CP Eastridge	CP Nuevo (MP	Eastridge (MP 72.2) to Control Point Nuevo (MP		
(RCTC)	Line	(MP 72.2)	81.4)	81.4)	2030	20000
RIVERSIDE						
COUNTY						
TRANSPORTA						
TION		Various	Various			
COMMISSION	91/ Perris Valley	Metrolink Stations	Metrolink Stations			
(RCTC)	Line	Countywide	Countywide	Parking lot expansion projects	2045	
RIVERSIDE	-	,	, ,	a gran para pagana		
COUNTY						
TRANSPORTA						
TION						
	91/ Perris Valley		_	Metrolink 91/ PVL extension from Perris to		
(RCTC)	Line Extension	Perris	Temecula	Temecula	2045	
RIVERSIDE						
COUNTY						
TRANSPORTA						
TION						
COMMISSION	91/ Perris Valley			Metrolink 91/ PVL extension from Corona to Lake		
(RCTC)	Line Extension	Corona	Lake Elsinore	Elsinore	2045	
RIVERSIDE						
COUNTY				CETAP: PROVIDE NEW EAST-WEST		
TRANSPORTAT				TRANSPORTATION CORRIDOR BETWEEN I-15 IN		
ION COMMISSION	EAST-WEST			THE WEST, I-215 IN THE EAST, SOUTH OF LAKE MATHEWS IN THE NORTH, AND SR 74 IN THE		
(RCTC)		I-15	I-215	SOUTH.	2045	2,367,661
RIVERSIDE					20.0	_,00.,001
COUNTY						
TRANSPORTAT						
ION	·					
COMMISSION	Economic	Wostern County		Infractructure and facility improvements incentives	2020	45 604
(RCTC)	Development	Western County		Infrastructure and facility improvements incentives	2039	45,604



Lead Agency	Route Name	From	То	Description	Completion Year	Project Cost (\$1,000's)
RIVERSIDE COUNTY TRANSPORTAT						
ION COMMISSION (RCTC)	Freeway Service Patrol			Riverside County Freeway Service Patrol	2025	30,000
RIVERSIDE	. 4.0.			interested deathly received reactions	2020	00,000
COUNTY						
TRANSPORTAT				ON I-10 NEAR BEAUMONT: ADD/CONSTRUCT		
ION				NEW EASTBOUND TRUCK CLIMBING LANE		
COMMISSION		San Bernardino		FROM SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY LINE TO I-10/		
(RCTC)	I-10	County Line	Jct I-10/SR60	SR60 JCT (EA: 35300)	2028	35,709
RIVERSIDE COUNTY TRANSPORTAT ION COMMISSION (RCTC)	I-10/SR-60 Jct/Split	SR60/l-10 Jct/Split		Construct new interchange	2030	282,443
	остори	остори		Constituet new interestange	2000	202,440
RIVERSIDE COUNTY TRANSPORTA TION COMMISSION		CAJALCO		CONSTRUCT 1 EXPRESS LN NORTHBOUND FROM BEDFORD CANYON WASH TO CAJALCO ROAD (APPROX. 2000'). CONSTRUCT 1		
(RCTC)	I-15	ROAD		AUXILIARY LN SOUTHBOUND FROM CAJALCO ROAD TO WEIRICK ROAD.	2025	28000
RIVERSIDE COUNTY TRANSPORTAT ION	Intelligent			ITS Inland Empire Lump Sum (Grade Crossing		
COMMISSION (RCTC)	Transportation System	Countywide		Improvements, IE 511, Regional Mobility Manager, GIS, etc.)	2039	77,774
RIVERSIDE COUNTY TRANSPORTAT ION COMMISSION (RCTC)	Metrolink Commuter Rail	Countywide	Countywide	Metrolink Improvements(track and rolling stock)	2035	10,000
RIVERSIDE COUNTY TRANSPORTAT ION COMMISSION (RCTC)	Park & Ride Facilities	Countwide	Countwide	Park & Ride facilities in Riverside County	2030	50,000
RIVERSIDE COUNTY TRANSPORTAT ION COMMISSION (RCTC)	Perris Valley Line Extension to San Jacinto	City of Perris	City of San Jacinto	METROLINK PERRIS VALLEY LINE COMMUTER RAIL EXTENSION FROM PERRIS TO SAN JACINTO (~16.5 MILES), STATIONS AT WINCHESTER RD (SR-79 @ ASBURY ST), HEMET AIRPORT (SANDERSON AVE @ STETSON RD), SAN JACINTO (STATE ST @ 7TH ST)	2035	256,007
RIVERSIDE COUNTY TRANSPORTA TION COMMISSION (RCTC)	SR-60	l-15		CONSTRUCT 2 EXPRESS LNS (1 LN EA DIR) FROMI-15 TO I-215/SR-91 INTERCHANGE.	2033	187000



Lead Agency	Route Name	From	То	Description	Completion Year	Project Cost (\$1,000's)
▼	▼	▼	▼	. The state of th	▼.	▼
RIVERSIDE COUNTY TRANSPORTAT ION		00.04/00.00//		CONSTRUCT 4 EXPRESS LNS (2 LN EA DIR) FROM SR-91/SR-60/I-215 INTERCHANGE TO SR- 60/I-215 INTERCHANGE. CONSTRUCT 2 EXPRESS LNS (1 LN EA DIR) FROM SR-60/I-215 INTERCHANGE TO GILMAN SPRINGS ROAD (SR- 60). CONSTRUCT 2 EXPRESS LNS (1 LN EA DIR)		
COMMISSION	SR-60/I-215	SR-91/SR-60/I-		FROM SR-60/I-215 INTERCHANGE TO VAN BUREN BLVD (I-215).	2028	429000
(RCTC) RIVERSIDE COUNTY TRANSPORTAT ION COMMISSION		215 Interchange	San Bernardino	BUREN BLVD (I-219).	2020	429000
(RCTC)	SR-71	SR-91	County Line	Widen to 3 MF lanes each direction	2030	177,132
RIVERSIDE COUNTY TRANSPORTAT ION COMMISSION				IN WESTERN RIVERSIDE COUNTY ON SR-91/I- 15: ON I-15 - ADD TOLL EXPRESS LANE MEDIAN DIRECT CONNECT FROM SB15 TO WB91 & EB91 TO NB15, 1 TOLL EXPRESS LANE EACH DIRECTION FROM HIDDEN VALLEY TO SR91 DIRECT CONNECTOR. CONSTRUCT OPERATIONAL IMPROVEMENT AND AUXILARY LANE ALONG SR91. CONSTRUCT ADDITIONAL SIGNAGE ALONG SR91 AT PM R18.0 IN OR		
(RCTC)	SR-91	SR-241	Pierce	COUNTY.	2022	180,000
RIVERSIDE COUNTY TRANSPORTA TION COMMISSION	SR-91	I-15		CONSTRUCT 2 EXPRESS LNS (1 LN EA DIR) FROM I-15 TO I-215/SR-60 INTERCHANGE.	2030	262000
(RCTC)	3n-91	1-10		FROMI-15 TO I-215/SR-60 INTERCHANGE.	2030	202000
RIVERSIDE COUNTY TRANSPORTA TION COMMISSION	00.04	GREEN RIVER		CONSTRUCT 1 AUXILIARY LN WESTBOUND	9994	50000
(RCTC) RIVERSIDE	SR-91	ROAD		FROM GREEN RIVER ROAD TO SR-241	2021	50000
COUNTY TRANSPORTAT ION COMMISSION (RCTC)	Transportation Demand Management	Countywide	Countywide	Riverside County Transportation Demand Management: Rdeshare programs, incentives, vanpool program (vanpool lease, asset management, consultants, other), program outreach, etc.	2026	16,000
RIVERSIDE TRANSIT AGENCY	40' Buses (Directly- Operated) Expansion	Western Riverside County	Western Riverside County	40' bus expansion - equipment for transit service expansion as population and urban development grows throughout the RTA service area that will improve frequency, schedule adherence, and extensions of existing bus routes.	2028	21,466
RIVERSIDE TRANSIT	40' Buses (Directly- Operated)	Western Riverside	Western Riverside	40' bus replacements - equipment for transit service sustainability throughout the RTA service area with operational levels from 10-min. to 60-		
AGENCY	Raplacement	County	County	min. headways.	2026	328,254
RIVERSIDE TRANSIT AGENCY	Associated Transit Enhancements	Western Riverside County Service Area	Western Riverside County	Bus stop enhancements with support equipment, related amenities, and landscaping to keep pace with new technology in the areas of customer conveniences, safety, environmental improvements, accessibility, and aesthetic value.	2045	17,500



Lead Agency	Route Name	From	То	Description	Completion Year	Project Cost (\$1,000's)
<u> </u>	·	·	·	· ·		·
	High Quality			High Quality Transit Corridor Instrastructure for		
	Transit Cooridor		Western	RTA's additional RapidLink routes. Plan for land		
_	Infrastructure	Riverside	Riverside	acquisition, environmental clearance, architectural		
AGENCY	Improvements	County	County	& engineering, and construction.	2045	10,000
				Planning and development for High Quality Transit		
	High Quality			service between Riverside, Moreno Valley, and		
	Transit Corridor			Perris, including but not limited to, rolling stock,		
	Riverside/Moren	Diverside	Porrio	transit signal priority, and enhanced stop	2025	25,000
	o Valley/Perris	Riverside	Perris	infrastructure.	2035	25,000
RIVERSIDE TRANSIT	Multimodal			Engineering and Construction of Multimodel		
_	Transit Center	City of Riverside	City of Riverside	Engineering and Construction of Multimodal Transit Center	2030	25,000
	Non-Revenue	Western	Western	Transit Geriter	2030	25,000
	Support Cars	Riverside	Riverside			
	Expansion	County	County	Non-revenue support cars expansion.	2028	102
	Non-Revenue	Western	Western	Stones support outs supulision.	2020	102
	Support Cars	Riverside	Riverside			
	Replacement	County	County	Non-revenue support cars replacement.	2045	6,120
RIVERSIDE	- портавотно	Western	Western			-,:=-
-	Non-Revenue	Riverside	Riverside			
	Support Trucks	County	County	Non-revenue support trucks expansion.	2045	1,876
RIVERSIDE	Non-Revenue	Western	Western			<u>·</u>
TRANSIT	Support Trucks	Riverside	Riverside			
AGENCY	Replacement	County	County	Non-revenue support trucks replacement	2045	4,691
				Prepare Operating & Maintenance		
				Facilities/Support Infrastructure Master Plan to		
				meet future public transit needs of RTA's service		
				area. Support Infrastructure includes but is not		
	Operating &			limited to a solar power plant, charging stations,		
	Maintenance			and related equipment to introduce zero emission		
	Facilities/Suppo			buses, vans, and support vehicles.		
	rt Infrastructure	Western	Western	Implementation includes planning, land		
		Riverside	Riverside	acquisition, environmental clearance, architectural	00.45	F0 000
RIVERSIDE	Implementation	County Western	County Western	& engineering, and construction.	2045	50,000
_	Regional Flyer	Riverside	Riverside	Buses for express and rapid bus service		
	Vehicle Fleet	County	County	expansion of RTA.	2030	17,600
/IGENOT	VCITICIO I TOCE	County	County	IN WESTERN RIVERSIDE COUNTY FOR RTA:	2000	17,000
				PLANNING, ENVIRONMENTAL CLEARANCE,		
RIVERSIDE				ENGINEERING AND CONSTRUCTION OF A		
TRANSIT	San Jacinto			TRANSIT HUB IN THE DOWNTOWN AREA OF THE		
AGENCY	Mobility Hub			CITY OF SAN JACINTO	2035	200
	Technology			Consistent with the Technology Strategic Plan,		
	Infrastructure	Western	Western	system upgrades, real time passenger		
	Upgrade and	Riverside	Riverside	information, fare collection, and operations		
	Modernization	County	County	management technologies.	2045	5,000
	Transit Center					
	in					
	_	Banning/	Banning/	Regional transit center for mass transit service in		
	ont/Cabazon	Beaumont/	Beaumont/	western Riverside County in the vicinity of I-10 and I-		0.000
	area	Cabazon area	Cabazon area	60 junction.	2035	8,000
	Transit Center	Lake	Lake	Regional transit center for mass transit centes in		
		Lake	Lane	Regional transit center for mass transit service in		
RIVERSIDE	in Lake	Flsinore/Canyo	Fleinore/Canyo	Icentral western Riverside County along I-15		
RIVERSIDE TRANSIT	Elsinore/Canyo	Elsinore/Canyo	Elsinore/Canyo	central western Riverside County along I-15	2031	7 000
RIVERSIDE TRANSIT AGENCY		Elsinore/Canyo n Lake	Elsinore/Canyo n Lake	corridor.	2031	7,000
RIVERSIDE TRANSIT AGENCY RIVERSIDE	Elsinore/Canyo	-			2031	7,000



Lead Agency	Route Name	From	То	Description	Completion Year	Project Cost (\$1,000's)
	Transit Center					
RIVERSIDE	Rehabilitation	Western	Western	Maintenance, upgrade, potential of expansion, and		
TRANSIT	and		Riverside	1 - 1		
AGENCY	Modernization	Riverside		introduction of new technology for nine transit centers.	2045	20,000
AGENCY	Wodernization	County	County		2045	20,000
DI/EDOIDE		\A/ + - ···-	\\/	Trolley bus expansion for transit service		
RIVERSIDE	T 11 D	Western	Western	improvements, including but not limited to,		
TRANSIT	Trolley Bus	Riverside	Riverside	frequency enhancements, schedule adherence,	00.40	0.000
AGENCY	Expansion	County	County	and extension of existing bus routes	2040	2,938
D.) (EDOIDE						
RIVERSIDE		Western	Western	Replacement trolley buses for transit sustainability		
TRANSIT	Trolley Bus	Riverside	Riverside	throughout the RTA service area with operational		
AGENCY	Replacement	County	County	levels from 10-min to 60-min headways.	2036	3,526
		l				
RIVERSIDE	Type II Buses	Western	Western	Expansion equipment for paratransit (Dial-A-Ride)		
TRANSIT	(Dial-A-Ride)	Riverside	Riverside	transit service as population and urban		
AGENCY	Expansion	County	County	development grows throughout RTA's service area.	2045	6,460
RIVERSIDE	Type II Buses	Western	Western	Replacement partransit (Dial-A-Ride) Type II		
TRANSIT	(Dial-A-Ride)	Riverside	Riverside	buses for transit service sustainability throughout		
AGENCY	Replacement	County	County	the RTA service area.	2045	77,778
RIVERSIDE TRANSIT	Type VII Buses (Contract- Operated)	Western Riverside	Western Riverside	Type VII bus expansion - equipment for transit service expansion as population and urban development grows throughout the RTA service area that will improve frequency, schedule		
AGENCY	Expansion	County	County	adherence, and extensions of existing bus routes.	2045	3,682
	Type VII Buses			Type VII bus replacements - equipment for transit		
RIVERSIDE	(Contract-	Western	Western	service sustainability throughout the RTA service		
TRANSIT	Operated)	Riverside	Riverside	area with operational levels from 10-min. to 60-		
AGENCY	Replacement	County	County	min. headways.	2045	149,830
RIVERSIDE,	Порилосии	- coming				
CITY OF	ADAMS ST	INDIANA AVE	LINCOLN ST	GRADE SEPARATION - 4 LANES OVER BNSF RR	2035	160,856
RIVERSIDE,	7.67 1110 0 1	II TO II TO CO TO CO	LIITOOLITOI	GIVE GELVIVITOR TEXTES SVER BROTTIN	2000	100,000
CITY OF	Arlington Ave	Magnolia Ave	Alessandro Blvd	Widen from 4 to 6 lanes	2026	13,494
RIVERSIDE,	Canyon Crest	Iviagriolia Ave	Alessandio biva	Widen from 4 to 0 failes	2020	10,434
CITY OF	Dr	Carratary Club	Via Vista	Widen 2 to 4 lanes	2026	8,000
RIVERSIDE.	וטו	Country Club	VIA VISIA	Widen 2 to 4 lanes	2026	0,000
- ,	0	M	0004	Widon from 4 to Cloude blance OD 04 and Manualia	0000	0.700
CITY OF	Central Ave	Magnolia Ave	SR91	Widen from 4 to 6 lanes btwn SR-91 and Magnolia	2026	2,730
RIVERSIDE,				GRADE SEPARATION - 4 LANES OVER BNSF RR		
CITY OF	CHICAGO AV	THORTON ST	COLUMBIA AVE	TRACKS	2035	145,786
RIVERSIDE,						
CITY OF	Iowa Ave	North City Limit	Blaine St	Widen from 4 to 6 lanes	2026	8,559
RIVERSIDE,		Chateau Ridge				
CITY OF	Overlook Pkwy	Ln	Sandtrack Rd	Construct missing 4 lane links	2026	10,000
RIVERSIDE,				GRADE SEPARATION - 3 LANES OVER BNSF RR		
CITY OF	PIERCE ST	MAGNOLIA AVE	INDIANA AVE	TRACKS	2030	49,848
RIVERSIDE,	SPRUCE ST			GRADE SEPARATION - 4 LANES OVER BNSF RR		
CITY OF	(BNSF)	SR-91	I-215	TRACKS	2035	60,000
			btwn Russell St			
RIVERSIDE, CITY OF	SR-60 (PM 11.23 to 12.23)	at Main St	& Stoddard Ave	Reconstruct/widen IC and reconstruct/widen ramps, channelization improvements	2030	20,304
			btwn Diana Ave			
RIVERSIDE,	SR-91 (PM 12.9		& Indiana	Reconstruct/widen IC and reconstruct/widen		
CITY OF	to 13.1)	at Tyler St	Ave	ramps	2030	75,000
			btwn Diana Ave			
				ID		
RIVERSIDE,	SR-91 (PM		& Indiana	Reconstruct/widen IC and reconstruct/widen		
RIVERSIDE, CITY OF	SR-91 (PM 15.40 to 15.70)	at Adams St	& Indiana Ave	ramps	2025	76,000
	,	at Adams St			2025	76,000



Lead Agency	Route Name	From	То	Description	Completion Year	Project Cost (\$1,000's)
RIVERSIDE,						_
CITY OF	Tyler St	Wells Ave	Arlington Ave	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes	2026	5,650
RIVERSIDE,	VAN BUREN		, and the second			3,550
CITY OF	BLVD	Audrey Ave	GARFIELD	WIDEN FROM 4 TO 6 LANES	2026	20,000
RIVERSIDE,						
CITY OF	Washington St	Victoria Ave	Hermosa Dr	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes	2026	7,732
RIVERSIDE,	-	John F Kennedy				
CITY OF	Wood Rd	Dr	Van Buren Blvd	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes	2026	4,445
		Cottonwood	Ramona			
SAN JACINTO	Cawston Ave	Ave.	Expway	Construct 4 lane arterial	2040	4,500
	COTTONWOOD			WIDEN FROM 3 TO 4 LANES (NO. SIDE =2; SO.		
SAN JACINTO	AVE	WARREN ROAD	KIRBYST	SIDE=1)	2030	
	COTTONWOOD			WIDEN FROM 3 TO 4 LANES (NO. SIDE =2; SO.		
SAN JACINTO	AVE	SANDALWOOD	LYON AVE	SIDE=1)	2030	
	COTTONWOOD					
SAN JACINTO	AVE	LYON AVE	STATE ST	WIDEN FROM 2 TO 4 LANES	2030	
SAN JACINTO	Esplanade Ave	Parkside Ln.	Warren Rd	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes	2025	10,553
SAN JACINTO	Hewitt St	Main St	South City Limit	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes	2030	4,362
SAN JACINTO	Palm Ave	Esplanade Ave	Seventh St	Widen from 2 to 4 Lanes	2030	3,000
SAN JACINTO	Palm Ave	Seventh St	De Anza Dr.	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes	2022	6,836
	Ramona Expwy					
SAN JACINTO	(Phase III)	Eagle Rd	Lake Park Dr	Widening from 4 to 6 lanes	2030	11,716
		North Ramona				
SAN JACINTO	San Jacinto Ave.	Blvd	7th St	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes	2022	9,108
			Ramona Expway (currently			
SAN JACINTO	Seventh St	Cawston Ave	Mountain Ave.)	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes	2030	16,168
CAN IACINITO	Cayonth Ct	600' W/O	Marran Dd	Construct Along outside	2030	0.070
SAN JACINTO	Seventh St	Melena Ln.	Warren Rd	Construct 4 lane arterial		9,970
SAN JACINTO	SEVENTH ST	CAWSTON AVE	LAUREN LN	WIDENING FROM 2 TO 4 LANES	2030	
		Casino				- 400
SAN JACINTO	Soboba Rd	Entrance	Chabela Dr.	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes	2030	5,469
SAN JACINTO	State St	Gillman Springs Rd	Quandt Ranch Rd	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes	2025	7,120
SANDACINIO	State St	nu	nu	Widen from 2 to 4 failes	2023	7,120
SAN JACINTO	Warren Rd	Ramona Expwy	Esplanade Ave	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes	2025	6,000
SUNLINE	Associated	riamona Expwy	Lopianade / we	Purchase more amenities for installation at bus	2023	0,000
TRANSIT	Transit	Coachella	Coachella	stops throughout the service area based on		
AGENCY	Enhancements	Valley	Valley	recommendations from the COA.	2025	6,214
SUNLINE		Tuney .		Implement Bus Rapid Service/BRT on Highway 111 based on recommendations in the Comprehensive Operational Analysis conducted in 2005/06. Project will entail completing feasibility	2020	3,211
TRANSIT	Bus Rapid	Coachella	Coachella	study and working with the local jurisdictions on		
AGENCY	Transit	Valley	Valley	various activities prior to implementing project.	2030	15,493
SUNLINE	Capitalized				2000	10,100
TRANSIT	Preventative	Coachella	Coachella	Equipment for continued facility maintenance,		
AGENCY	Maintenance	Valley	Valley	repair and replacement.	2025	331
SUNLINE		,	,	Purchase additional buses for service		
TRANSIT	Expansion Bus	Coachella	Coachella	improvements, including service realignment and		
AGENCY	Purchases	Valley	Valley	service expansion.	2025	12,260
	1	1		T POST TO		:=,=00



		•				
Lead Agency	Route Name	From	То	Description	Completion Year	Project Cost (\$1,000's)
▼		▼	▼	▼	▼	▼
0	GFI fareboxes,					
SUNLINE	Smartcards,			Install security systems in SunLine buses and		
TRANSIT	Security	Coachella	Coachella	acquire new fareboxes with smartcard technology	0005	0.070
AGENCY	Systems	Valley	Valley	and capabilities.	2025	2,978
SUNLINE						
TRANSIT		Coachella	Coachella			
AGENCY	Land Acquistion	Valley	Valley	Acquire land to meet agency's future growth	2025	5000
SUNLINE	Miscellaneous		-			
TRANSIT	Maintenance	Coachella	Coachella	Purchase various maintenance equipment for the		
AGENCY	Equipment	Valley	Valley	Maintenance Department.	2025	200
SUNLINE	New Information					
TRANSIT	Technology (IT)	Coachella	Coachella	Purchase and implementation of new IT		
AGENCY	Project	Valley	Valley	equipment.	2025	300
	New Intelligent					
SUNLINE	Transportation					
TRANSIT	Systems (ITS)	Coachella	Coachella	Purchase and implementation of new ITS		
AGENCY	Program	Valley	Valley	equipment.	2025	1,500
	New					
	Maintenance			Construct new operations and maintenance facility		
	and Operations			at the Indio Division to accommodate existing and		
SUNLINE	Facility at			expansion fleet. Current facility has reached its		
TRANSIT	Division II in			useful life and repairing the existing facility is no		
AGENCY	Indio, CA	Indio	Indio	longer cost effective.	2025	20,000
	New Operations					
	and			Construct and facility at Theorem and Delegation		
SUNLINE	Maintenance Facility at			Construct new facility at Thousand Palms location to accommodate existing and expansion fleet as		
TRANSIT	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	the current facility is nearing the end of its useful		
AGENCY	Palms Division	Palms	Palms	life.	2025	45,000
AGENOT	T dillis Division	i aiiis	i aiiis	Purchase of replacement and expansion vehicles	2023	+0,000
SUNLINE	Non-Revenue			that will be used as relief vehicles for SunLine		
TRANSIT	Support	Coachella	Coachella	drivers at the beginning or ending of their shifts in		
AGENCY	Vehicles	Valley	Valley	mid-route.	2025	200
SUNLINE	Paratransit	,	,			
TRANSIT	Service	Coachella	Coachella	Service improvements for seniors and persons		
AGENCY	Improvements	Valley	Valley	with disabilities.	2025	23,908
SUNLINE						
TRANSIT	Park-and-Ride	Coachella	Coachella	Acquire property and construct 3 Park and Ride		
AGENCY	Lots	Valley	Valley	Lots	2030	17,805
SUNLINE				Purchase vehicle parts and pay for labor cost		
TRANSIT	Preventive	Coachella	Coachella	associated with ongoing maintenance of revenue		
AGENCY	Maintenance	Valley	Valley	vehicles	2040	2,278
				Purchase additional replacement buses for fixed		
SUNLINE				route and paratransit services. The additional		
TRANSIT	Replacement	Coachella	Coachella	vehicles will consist of 60ft, 45ft, 40ft, 32 ft, and 30ft		
AGENCY	Bus Purchases	Valley	Valley	buses.	2025	14,120
SUNLINE	Transfer			Facility Improvement to accommodate additional		
TRANSIT	Location	Coachella	Coachella	service routes based on recommendation from	0005	7.5-4
AGENCY	Improvement	Valley	Valley	Comprehensive Operational analysis	2025	7,574
SUNLINE		0	0	Construct 3 transit centers (west, central, and east		
TRANSIT	Transit Cart	Coachella	Coachella	valley) in Coachella Valley. Locations to be	0005	10.007
AGENCY	Transit Centers	Valley	Valley	determined.	2025	10,267
SUNLINE				Service improvements to current and future routes		
TRANSIT	Transit Service	Coachella	Coachella	which includes but not limited to improving		
	Improvements	Valley	Valley	frequency, schedule adherence, extension of existing routes		7400
AGENCY	improvements	valley	vaney	evising ionies		/400



Lead Agency	Route Name	From	To	Description	Completion Year	Project Cost (\$1,000's)
	· ·	<u> </u>	Y	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
SUNLINE						
TRANSIT	Warehouse	Thousand	Thousand	Construct new parts warehouse building and tire		
AGENCY	Replacement	Palms	Palms	storage building at Thousand Palm Location	2025	2400
	West Coast Center of Excellence Facility at					
SUNLINE	Division I in			Construct new training facility to train and educate		
TRANSIT	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	students in transit, hydrogen, CNG, and		
AGENCY	Palms, CA	Palms	Palms	administration industry.	2025	7,000
AGENTO I	r anno, or t	T dillio	T dillio	CONSTRUCT EXTENSION OF 2-LANE LOCAL	2020	7,000
TBD	Barton Drive	Camino Del Sol	Grove Community Dr	CONNECTOR ON BARTON DR FROM CAMINO DEL SOL TO GROVE COMMUNITY DR.	2024	4,000
				CONSTRUCT EXTENSION OF 2-LANE LOCAL		
			Grove	CONNECTOR ON BARTON DR FROM CAMINO		4 000
TBD	Barton Drive	Camino Del Sol	Community Dr	DEL SOL TO GROVE COMMUNITY DR.	2024	4,000
				CONSTRUCT EXTENSION OF CACTUS AVE		
	_		_	FROM MERIDIAN PKWY TO BARTON DR WITH 4-		
TBD	Cactus Ave	Meridian Pkwy	Barton Dr	LANE ARTERIAL WITH CENTER MEDIAN.	2024	6,800
				CONSTRUCT EXTENSION OF CACTUS AVE		
				FROM MERIDIAN PKWY TO BARTON DR WITH 4-		
TBD	Cactus Ave	Meridian Pkwy	Barton Dr	LANE ARTERIAL WITH CENTER MEDIAN.	2024	6,800
TBD	San Gorgonia Ave	Alessandro Blvd	Cactus Ave	CONSTRUCT EXTENSION OF SAN GORGONIO DR FROM ALESSANDRO BLVD TO CACTUS AVE WITH 4-LANE ARTERIAL WITH CENTER MEDIAN.	2024	4,000
TBD	San Gorgonia Ave	Alessandro Blvd	Cactus Ave	CONSTRUCT EXTENSION OF SAN GORGONIO DR FROM ALESSANDRO BLVD TO CACTUS AVE WITH 4-LANE ARTERIAL WITH CENTER MEDIAN.	2024	4,000
		TEMECULA		EXTENSION OF AVENIDA DE MISSIONES FROM		
	AVENIDA DE	CREEK		VIA RIO TEMECULA TO LOMA LINDA ROAD OVER	00.45	47000
TEMECULA	MISSIONES	BRIDGE		TEMECULA CREEK	2045	17000
	Diaz Road		Б	WIDEN DIAZ ROAD FROM RANCHO CALIFORNIA		
TEMEOUILA	(Western	D 1 D 1	Rancho	RD TO DENDY PARKWAY (CHERRY ST.) FROM 2	0000	40.000
TEMECULA	Bypass)	Dendy Parkway	California Rd	TO 4 LANES	2023	10,000
TEMECULA	Diaz Road (Western Bypass)	North City Limits Winchester Road	Dendy Parkway	Construct 4 lane arterial	2023	3,025
TEMECULA	FRENCH VALLEY (WESTERN BYPASS SEGMENT 1) AT CHERRY ST.	DIAZ RD	JEFFERSON AVE	CONSTRUCT 6 LANE ARTERIAL (INCLUDING BRIDGE AT MURRIETA CREEK)	2035	20,353
TEMECULA	I-15 (PM 4.48 to 5.48)	at I-15/Rancho California	btwn Ynez Rd and Jefferson Ave	Reconfigure 4 to 6 lane IC and ramps at I-15 and Rancho California. Type of lanes for arterial widening will be through lanes.	2035	59,124
TEMECULA	JCT. 1-15/l-215	JCT. I-15/I-215	Riverside County/San Diego County Line	CONSTRUCT 2 MIXED FLOW LNS (1 LN EA DIR) AND 2 HOV LNS (1 LN EA DIR) FROM JCT. I-15/I- 215 TO RIVERSIDE COUNTY/SAN DIEGO COUNTY LINE		
TEMECULA	LA PAZ STREET	YNEZ RD.	TEMECULA PARKWAY	WIDEN FROM 2 TO 4 LANES	2025	2500
TEMECULA	PECHANGA PARKWAY	DEER HOLLOW WAY	VIA GILBERTO RD.	WIDEN FROM 4 TO 6 LANES	2023	10000
TEMECULA	RAINBOW CYN RD.	PECHANGA PARKWAY	CITYLIMIT	WIDEN FROM 2 TO 4 LANES	2035	8000



SR-79 South (Temecula (T							
TEMECULA California Rd Jefferson Ave Margarita Rd Widen from 4 to 6 lanes 2035 14,40	Lead Agency	Route Name	From	To	Description		
TEMECULA Rancho Way Diaz Rd. Margarita Rd. Construct Rancho Way - 4 lane local arterial from 2035 52,48							
TEMECULA Rancho Way Diaz Rd. Margarita Rd. Diaz Rd. to Margarita Rd. Diaz Rd. to Margarita Rd. SR-79 South (Temecula Flow) Flow) Flow	TEMECULA	California Rd	Jefferson Ave	Margarita Rd		2035	14,408
TEMECULA Picopy Floor	TEMECULA	•	Diaz Rd.	Margarita Rd.	[·	2035	52,483
Pkwy 1-15							
TEMECULA Ynez Rd Rancho Vista	TEMECULA	`	I-15	Pechanga Pkwy	Widen from 6 to 8 lanes	2023	2,164
AGENCIES Improvements Valley MIDEN/RECONSTRUCT/REHABILITATE REGIONAL ARTERIALS 2026 116,69		37		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			, -
MARIOUS Arterial Coachella WIDEN/RECONSTRUCT/REHABILITATE 2026 116,69	TEMECULA	Ynez Rd	Rd	La Paz St	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes	2020	3,701
Arterial Mildowar Arterial Mildowar	VARIOUS AGENCIES				WIDEN/RECONSTRUCT/REHABILITATE	2026	116 699
MIDDMAR Central St Baxter Rd F15 Murrieta Rd Miden from 2 to 4 lanes Miden from 2	VARIOUS		ranoy			2020	1.10,000
ARTERIAL IMPROVEMENTS 2026 211,43	AGENCIES		Countywide		WIDEN/CONSTRUCT REGIONAL ARTERIALS	2026	553,031
VARIOUS AGENCIES ITS Countywide ITS Lump Sum for Riverside County arterials 2039 137,59	VARIOUS	Arterial			WESTERN COUNTY WIDEN/REHABILITATE		
TS	AGENCIES	Improvements	Western County		ARTERIAL IMPROVEMENTS	2026	211,437
VARIOUS AGENCIES Non-motorized Countywide Various pedestrian and bikeway non-motorized improvement projects 2040 115,07 WILDOMAR Baxter Rd I-15 Central St Widen from 2 to 4 lanes 2040 17,92 WILDOMAR Bundy Canyon Rd I-15 Murrieta Rd Widen from 2 to 4 lanes 2025 35,54 WILDOMAR Rd Mission Trail I-15 Widen from 2 to 4 lanes 2030 4,99 WILDOMAR Central St Baxter Rd Palomar St Widen from 2 to 4 lanes 2030 4,50 WILDOMAR Central St Grand Awe Palomar St Widen from 2 to 4 lanes 2030 3,11 WILDOMAR Grand Awe Palomar St Widen from 2 to 4 lanes 2030 21,95 WILDOMAR Grand Awe 74 Central St Widen from 2 to 4 lanes 2040 30,76 WILDOMAR I-15 (PM 15.8 to 16.8) at Bundy Canyon Rd Central St Widen from 2 to 4 lanes 2040 30,76 WILDOMAR La Estrella St George Ave Susan Dr	VARIOUS	ITC	Countavido		ITS Lump Sum for Bivaraida Caupty arteriala	2020	127 502
AGENCIES Non-motorized Countywide improvement projects 2040 115,07		113	Countywide		•	2039	137,592
WILDOMAR Bundy Canyon Rd I-15 Murrieta Rd Widen from 2 to 4 lanes 2025 35,54 WILDOMAR Bundy Canyon Rd Mission Trail I-15 Widen from 2 to 4 lanes 2030 4,99 WILDOMAR Central St Baxter Rd Palomar St Widen from 2 to 4 lanes 2030 4,50 WILDOMAR Central St Grand Ave Palomar St Widen from 2 to 4 lanes 2030 21,95 WILDOMAR Grand Ave 74 Central St Widen from 2 to 4 lanes 2030 21,95 WILDOMAR I-15 (PM 15.8 to 16.8) Ortega Hwy (SR 74) Central St Widen from 2 to 4 lanes 2040 30,76 WILDOMAR I-15 (PM 15.8 to 16.8) Canyon Rd and Cherry St 4 lanes and reconstruct/widen Bundy Canyon Rd IC from 2 to 4 lanes and reconstruct ramps 2040 24,11 WILDOMAR La Estrella St George Ave Susan Dr Susan Dr GEORGE AVE TO SUSAN DR (0.10 MILES) 2022 1,15 WILDOMAR RD/LEMON ST ORANGE ST CITY LIMITS WIDEN FROM 2 TO 4 LANES 2030 1391	AGENCIES	Non-motorized	Countywide			2040	115,079
WILDOMAR Rd I-15 Murrieta Rd Widen from 2 to 4 lanes 2025 35,54 WILDOMAR Rd Mission Trail I-15 Widen from 2 to 4 lanes 2030 4,99 WILDOMAR Central St Baxter Rd Palomar St Widen from 2 to 4 lanes 2030 4,50 WILDOMAR Central St Grand Ave Palomar St Widen from 2 to 4 lanes 2030 3,11 WILDOMAR Clinton Keith Rd I-15 Coppercraft Widen from 2 to 6 lanes 2030 21,95 WILDOMAR Grand Ave Ortega Hwy (SR-74) Central St Widen from 2 to 4 lanes 2040 30,76 WILDOMAR I-15 (PM 15.8 to at Bundy Canyon Rd I-6.8) btwn Orange St Alanes and reconstruct widen Bundy Canyon Rd IC from 2 to 4 lanes 2040 24,11 EXTENSION OF 2-LANE LA ESTRELLA RD FROM GEORGE AVE TO SUSAN DR (0.10 MILES) 2022 1,155 WILDOMAR RD/LEMON ST ORANGE ST CITY LIMITS WIDEN FROM 2 TO 4 LANES 2030 38,45	WILDOMAR	Baxter Rd	I-15	Central St	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes	2040	17,929
Bundy Canyon Rd Mission Trail I-15 Widen from 2 to 4 lanes 2030 4,99 WILDOMAR Central St Baxter Rd Palomar St Widen from 2 to 4 lanes 2030 4,50 WILDOMAR Central St Grand Ave Palomar St Widen from 2 to 4 lanes 2030 3,11 WILDOMAR Clinton Keith Rd I-15 Coppercraft Widen from 2 to 6 lanes 2030 21,95 WILDOMAR Grand Ave 74) Central St Widen from 2 to 6 lanes 2030 21,95 WILDOMAR Grand Ave 74) Central St Widen from 2 to 4 lanes 2030 30,76 WILDOMAR I-15 (PM 15.8 to at 8 bundy blown Orange St and Cherry St and Cherry St Alanes and reconstruct/widen Bundy Canyon Rd IC from 2 to 4 lanes 2040 24,11 EXTENSION OF 2-LANE LA ESTRELLA RD FROM GEORGE AVE TO SUSAN DR (0.10 MILES) 2022 1,15 WILDOMAR RD/LEMON ST ORANGE ST CITY LIMITS WIDEN FROM 2 to 4 lanes 2030 1391 WILDOMAR Palomar St Mission Trail Jefferson Widen from 2 to 4 lanes 2030 38,45	WII DOMAR		L15	Murrieta Rd	Wirden from 2 to 4 lanes	2025	35 549
WILDOMAR Rd Mission Trail I-15 Widen from 2 to 4 lanes 2030 4,99 WILDOMAR Central St Baxter Rd Palomar St Widen from 2 to 4 lanes 2030 3,11 WILDOMAR Central St Grand Ave Palomar St Widen from 2 to 4 lanes 2030 21,95 WILDOMAR Clinton Keith Rd I-15 Coppercraft Widen from 2 to 6 lanes 2030 21,95 WILDOMAR Grand Ave 74) Central St Widen from 2 to 4 lanes 2040 30,76 WILDOMAR I-15 (PM 15.8 to 16.8) Bundy Canyon Rd Description of the propercy of the prop	VVIEDOIVIVAT	-	110	Marrieta ria	Wideli Holli Z to 4 lanes	2020	00,040
WILDOMAR Central St Grand Ave Palomar St Widen from 2 to 4 lanes 2030 3,11 WILDOMAR Clinton Keith Rd I-15 Coppercraft Widen from 2 to 6 lanes 2030 21,95 WILDOMAR Grand Ave 74) Central St Widen from 2 to 4 lanes 2040 30,76 WILDOMAR I-15 (PM 15.8 to at Bundy Canyon Rd I-15 (PM 15.8 to Cany	WILDOMAR		Mission Trail	I-15	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes	2030	4,992
WILDOMAR Clinton Keith Rd I-15 Coppercraft Widen from 2 to 6 lanes 2030 21,95 WILDOMAR Grand Ave 74) Central St Widen from 2 to 4 lanes 2040 30,76 WILDOMAR I-15 (PM 15.8 to 16.8) btwn Orange St and Cherry St Alanes and reconstruct ramps 2040 24,11 EXTENSION OF 2-LANE LA ESTRELLA RD FROM GEORGE AVE TO SUSAN DR (0.10 MILES) 2022 1,15 WILDOMAR RD/LEMON ST ORANGE ST CITY LIMITS WIDEN FROM 2 TO 4 LANES 2030 1391 WILDOMAR Palomar St Mission Trail Jefferson Widen from 2 to 4 lanes 2030 38,45	WILDOMAR	Central St	Baxter Rd	Palomar St	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes	2030	4,500
WILDOMAR Grand Ave 74) Central St Widen from 2 to 4 lanes 2040 30,76 I-15 (PM 15.8 to 16.8) btwn Orange St and Cherry St 4 lanes and reconstruct ramps 2040 24,11 EXTENSION OF 2-LANE LA ESTRELLA RD FROM GEORGE AVE TO SUSAN DR (0.10 MILES) 2022 1,15 WILDOMAR RD/LEMON ST ORANGE ST CITY LIMITS WIDEN FROM 2 TO 4 LANES 2030 1391 WILDOMAR Palomar St Mission Trail Jefferson Widen from 2 to 4 lanes 2040 30,76 Wilden from 2 to 4 lanes 2040 24,11 EXTENSION OF 2-LANE LA ESTRELLA RD FROM GEORGE AVE TO SUSAN DR (0.10 MILES) 2022 1,15 WILDOMAR RD/LEMON ST ORANGE ST CITY LIMITS WIDEN FROM 2 TO 4 LANES 2030 38,45	WILDOMAR	Central St	Grand Ave	Palomar St	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes	2030	3,112
WILDOMAR Grand Ave 74) Central St Widen from 2 to 4 lanes 2040 30,76 I-15 (PM 15.8 to 16.8) btwn Orange St and Cherry St 4 lanes and reconstruct ramps 2040 24,11 EXTENSION OF 2-LANE LA ESTRELLA RD FROM GEORGE AVE TO SUSAN DR (0.10 MILES) 2022 1,15 WILDOMAR RD/LEMON ST ORANGE ST CITY LIMITS WIDEN FROM 2 TO 4 LANES 2030 1391 WILDOMAR Palomar St Mission Trail Jefferson Widen from 2 to 4 lanes 2030 38,45	WILDOMAR	Clinton Keith Rd	I-15	Coppercraft	Widen from 2 to 6 lanes	2030	21,955
I-15 (PM 15.8 to 16.8) I-15 (PM 15.8 to 16			Ortega Hwy (SR-				
WILDOMAR 16.8) Canyon Rd and Cherry St 4 lanes and reconstruct ramps 2040 24,11 EXTENSION OF 2-LANE LA ESTRELLA RD FROM GEORGE AVE TO SUSAN DR (0.10 MILES) 2022 1,15 WILDOMAR RD/LEMON ST ORANGE ST CITY LIMITS WIDEN FROM 2 TO 4 LANES 2030 1391 WILDOMAR Palomar St Mission Trail Jefferson Widen from 2 to 4 lanes 2030 38,45	WILDOMAR		,			2040	30,765
WILDOMAR La Estrella St George Ave Susan Dr GEORGE AVE TO SUSAN DR (0.10 MILES) 2022 1,15 WILDOMAR RD/LEMON ST ORANGE ST CITY LIMITS WIDEN FROM 2 TO 4 LANES 2030 1391 WILDOMAR Palomar St Mission Trail Jefferson Widen from 2 to 4 lanes 2030 38,45		,	,		, ,		
WILDOMAR La Estrella St George Ave Susan Dr GEORGE AVE TO SUSAN DR (0.10 MILES) 2022 1,15 LOST NORTHERLY WILDOMAR RD/LEMON ST ORANGE ST CITY LIMITS WIDEN FROM 2 TO 4 LANES 2030 1391 WILDOMAR Palomar St Mission Trail Jefferson Widen from 2 to 4 lanes 2030 38,45	WILDOMAR	16.8)	Canyon Rd	and Cherry St	4 lanes and reconstruct ramps	2040	24,112
WILDOMAR RD/LEMON ST ORANGE ST CITY LIMITS WIDEN FROM 2 TO 4 LANES 2030 1391 WILDOMAR Palomar St Mission Trail Jefferson Widen from 2 to 4 lanes 2030 38,45	WILDOMAR		George Ave			2022	1,153
	WILDOMAR		ORANGE ST		WIDEN FROM 2 TO 4 LANES	2030	13910
TOTAL: 19.907.53	WILDOMAR	Palomar St	Mission Trail	Jefferson	Widen from 2 to 4 lanes	2030	38,456
					TOTAL:		19,907,532

Appendix D

Long Range Transportation Study: Key Funding Programs

Contents

Key Funding Programs Summary Table





Key Funding Programs Summary Table



Revenue Sources	Description	Freeways & Expressways	Express Lanes	Major Arterials	Transit (Rail)	Transit (Bus)	Pedestrian & Bicycle	Freight & Goods Movement	Aviation	Mobility	Planning & Programming	NOTES
Federal Funding Sources												
Congestion Mitigation and Air Quality Improvement Program (CMAQ)	Provide a flexible funding source to State and local governments for transportation projects and programs to help meet the requirements of the Clean Air Act. Funding is available to reduce congestion and improve air quality for areas that do not meet the National Ambient Air Quality Standards for ozone, carbon monoxide, or particulate matter (nonattainment areas) and for former nonattainment areas that are now in compliance (maintenance areas).	Х	Х	х	Х	Х	х					
Surface Transportation Block Grant Program	STBG provides flexible funding that states and local governments may use for projects on any federal-aid highway, including the National Highway System (NHS); bridge projects on any public road; transit capital projects and; public bus terminals and facilities.	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х				Х	
Highway Safety Improvement Program (HSIP)	Achieve a significant reduction in traffic fatalities and serious injuries on all public roads, including non-State owned public roads and roads on tribal lands. The HSIP requires a data-driven, strategic approach to improving highway safety on all public roads that focuses on performance.	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х			Х		
National Highway Performance Program (NHPP)	Provides support for the condition and performance of the National Highway System (NHS), for the construction of new facilities on the NHS, and to ensure that investments of Federal-aid funds in highway construction are directed to support progress toward the achievement of performance targets established in a State's asset management plan for the NHS.	X	Х	X	X	Х	Х			X		
Railroad-Highway Crossing (Section 130) Program	Provides funds for safety improvements to reduce the number of fatalities, injuries, and crashes at public railway-highway grade crossings. The Section 130 program funds are eligible for projects at all public crossings including roadways, bike trails and pedestrian paths.			X			Х					
Grade Separation (Section 190) Program	This competitive grant program provides \$15 million each year to local agencies for the construction of grade separation projects. The program is jointly administered by the California Public Utilities Commission (CPUC) and the California Department of Transportation (Caltrans). Local agencies submit project applications to the CPUC, which is responsible for developing a priority list of projects. Local agencies whose projects are included on the priority list submit requests for an allocation of funds to Caltrans.	Х			Х			х				
National Highway Freight Program	Improve the efficient movement of freight on the National Highway Freight Network (NHFN) and support several goals, including: • investing in infrastructure and operational improvements that strengthen economic competitiveness, reduce congestion, reduce the cost of freight transportation, improve reliability, and increase productivity; • improving the safety, security, efficiency, and resiliency of freight transportation in rural and urban areas; • improving the state of good repair of the NHFN; • using innovation and advanced technology to improve NHFN safety, efficiency, and reliability; • improving the efficiency and productivity of the NHFN; • improving State flexibility to support multi-State corridor planning and address highway freight connectivity; and • reducing the environmental impacts of freight movement on the NHFN. [23 U.S.C. 167 (a), (b)]	X						X		X	X	



Revenue Sources	Description	Freeways & Expressways	Express Lanes	Major Arterials	Transit (Rail)	Transit (Bus)	Pedestrian & Bicycle	Freight & Goods Movement	Aviation	Mobility Innovation	Planning & Programming	NOTES
Federal Funding Sou	rces											
Nationally Significant Freight and Highway Projects (NSFHP)	NSFHP provides financial assistance – grants or credit assistance – to nationally and regionally significant freight and highway projects that align with the program's goals.	Х						Х				
Federal Transit Administration Section 5303, 5304, 5305 (Metropolitan & Statewide and Nonmetropolitan Planning)	Provides funding and procedural requirements for multimodal transportation planning in metropolitan areas metropolitan areas through a cooperative, continuous, and comprehensive planning process. The result of this process includes long and shortrange planning and programming of transportation investment priorities.				Х	х	Х	Х			Х	
Federal Transit Administration Section 5307 (Urbanized Area Formula Program Grants)	The Urbanized Area Formula Funding program provides Federal resources to urbanized areas and to Governors for transit capital and operating assistance and for transportation related planning. As determined by the U.S. Department of Commerce's Bureau of the Census, an urbanized area is defined as an area with a population of 50,000 or more.				Х	х					Х	
Federal Transit Administration Section 5311 (Rural Area Formula Grants)	This program provides formula-based funding for capital and/or operating assistance to rural areas with a population fewer than 50,000 where many residents rely on public transit to reach their destinations. Capital assistance is provided for up to 88.53% of the net project cost. Operational assistance has a 50% federal participation ceiling.				Х	х					Х	
Federal Transit Administration Section 5309 (Fixed Guideway Capital Investment Grants)	This is FTA's primary grant program for funding major transit capital investments, including: rapid rail, light rail, bus rapid transit, commuter rail and ferries.				Х	Х						Instead of an annual call for applications and selection of awardees by the Federal Transit Administration (FTA), the law requires that projects seeking CIG funding complete a series of steps over several years to be eligible for funding.
Federal Transit Administration Section 5310 (Enhanced Mobility of Seniors and Individuals with Disabilities)	A formula program to fund transportation services for the elderly and people with disabilities. Allocation is made on the basis of the number of elderly and people with disabilities in each state. Projects that were once eligible for the New Freedom Program (Section 5317) qualify for this program.					Х	X				X	
Federal Transit Administration Section 5337 (State of Good Repair)	The State of Good Repair program is dedicated to repairing and upgrading the nation's rail transit systems along with high-intensity motor bus systems that use high-occupancy vehicle lanes, including bus rapid transit (BRT).				X	Х					X	Eligible Recipients: State and local government authorities in urbanized areas with rail fixed guideway and high intensity motorbus systems that have been in operation for at least 7 years.
Federal Transit Administration Section 5339 (Bus and Bus Facilities & Low and No Emission Bus Program)	The Bus and Bus Facilities Infrastructure Investment Program (49 U.S.C. 5339) provides federal resources to states and direct recipients to replace, rehabilitate and purchase buses and related equipment.					X				X		
Federal Transit Administration Section 5312 (Mobility on Demand (Mod) & Public Transportation Innovation)	Funds projects that promote innovative business models and products to deliver high quality, seamless and equitable mobility options for all travelers.									Х		
Federal Transit Administration Transit- Oriented Development Planning Pilot	Provides funding to advance planning efforts that support transit- oriented development (TOD) associated with new fixed-guideway and core capacity improvement projects.										X	



Revenue Sources	Description	Freeways & Expressways	Express Lanes	Major Arterials	Transit (Rail)	Transit (Bus)	Pedestrian & Bicycle	Freight & Goods Movement	Aviation	Mobility Innovation	Planning & Programming	NOTES
Federal Funding Sou	rces							-				
U.S. Department of Transportation - Better Utilizing Investments to Leverage	Formerly known as the Transportation Investment Generating Economic Recovery (TIGER) grant program, BUILD transportation grants seek to fund investments in surface transportation infrastructure that will have a significant impact on local or regional facilities. BUILD funding is available for roads, bridges, transit, rail, ports, or intermodal transportation projects.			Х	Х	х						
Nationally Significant Federal Lands and Tribal Projects (NSFLTP)	The (NSFLTP) program provides funding for constructing, reconstructing, and rehabilitating nationally-significant projects on Federal or tribal lands. Project design costs are not eligible. Any entity eligible to receive funding under the Tribal Transportation Program, Federal Lands Transportation Program, or Federal Lands Access Program [23 U.S.C. 202-204] is eligible under the NSFLTP program. In addition, a State, county, or local government may apply if sponsored by an eligible Federal land management agency or Indian tribe.			х	Х	x	X				х	
Recreational Trails Program	The Recreational Trails Program (RTP) provides funds annually for recreational trails and trails-related projects. The RTP is administered at the federal level by the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA). Eligible applicants include; cities and counties, districts, state agencies, federal agencies, and non-profit organizations with management responsibilities of public lands.						X					
State Funding Source	25											
State Transportation Improvement Program (STIP)	The STIP is a five-year capital improvement program that provides funding from the State Highway Account (SHA) for projects that increase the capacity of the transportation system. The SHA is funded through a combination of state gas excise tax, the Federal Highway Trust Fund, and truck weight fees. The STIP may include projects on state highways, local roads, intercity rail, or public transit systems. The Regional Transportation Planning Agencies (RTPAs) propose 75 percent of STIP funding for regional transportation projects in Regional Transportation Improvement Programs (RTIPs). Caltrans proposes 25 percent of STIP funding for interregional transportation projects in the Interregional Transportation Improvement Program (ITIP).	X	X	X	Х	Х						
State Highway Operation and Protection Program (SHOPP)	The SHOPP is a four-year program that provides funding from the SHA to be used for projects that reduce collisions and hazards to motorists, preserve and rehabilitate bridges and roadways, enhance and protect roadsides, and improve the operation of the State Highway System.	х	Х									
State Transit Assistance Fund (STA)	The State Transit Assistance fund (STA) is derived from a portion of the Motor Vehicle Fuel Tax. The STA supports public transportation services and is apportioned through the Regional Transportation Planning Agencies (RTPA) to their member agencies on a population basis, although some funds are apportioned directly to transit agencies based on their fare-box revenues. STA funds may be used for mass transit (capital or operating expenses) or transportation planning but not streets and roads.				X	х						
Local Transportation Fund (LTF)	LTF funds are derived from a quarter-cent sales tax on retail sales statewide. LTF revenue is returned to local governments, primarily for public transportation; however, bicycle and pedestrian facilities, and streets and roads may also qualify. The LTF is distributed to each city and unincorporated area based on population.			x	X	Х	Х				X	Additionally, under SB 821, 2% of LTF funds are made available for bicycle and pedestrian projects
Cap and Trade	The Global Warming Solutions Act of 2006 (AB 32) established the goal of reducing greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions statewide to 1990 levels by 2020. In order to help achieve this goal, the California Air Resources Board (ARB) adopted a regulation to establish a Cap-and-Trade program that places a "cap" on the aggregate GHG emissions from entities responsible for roughly 85 percent of the state's GHG emissions. As part of the Cap-and-Trade program, ARB conducts quarterly auctions where it sells emission allowances. Revenues from the sale of these allowances fund projects that support the goals of AB 32, including transit and rail investments.				X	X	X					



												LONG RANGE TRANSPORTATION
Revenue Sources	Description	Freeways & Expressways	Express Lanes	Major Arterials	Transit (Rail)	Transit (Bus)	Pedestrian & Bicycle	Freight & Goods Movement	Aviation	Mobility Innovation	Planning & Programming	NOTES
State Funding Source	<u> </u>											
Active Transportation Program (ATP)	The ATP consolidates existing federal and state transportation programs, including the Transportation Alternatives Program (TAP), Bicycle Transportation Account (BTA), and State Safe Routes to School (SR2S), into a single program with a focus to make California a national leader in active transportation. The ATP is administered by the Division of Local Assistance, Office of Active Transportation and Spedal Programs.						х					
SB 821 Bicycle and Pedestrian Facilities Program	Each year 2% of the Local Transportation Fund (LTF) revenue is made available for use on bicycle and pedestrian facility projects through the Commission's SB 821 Program. All of the cities and the county of Riverside are notified of the SB821 program estimate of available funding and are requested to submit project proposals. Eligible projects include sidewalks, access ramps, bicycle facilities, and bicycle plan development.						Х					
Strategic Growth Council (SGC) Sustainable Communities Planning Grants	The principal goal of this grant program is to fund the development and implementation of plans that lead to significant reductions in greenhouse gas emissions (GHGs) in a manner consistent with the State Planning Priorities, AB 32: The California Global Warming Solutions Act of 2006 and the current Environmental Goals and Policy Report (EGPR), if available.										Х	
Senate Bill (SB) 1 - Road Repair and Accountability Act of 2017	SB 1 (The Road Repair and Accountability Act of 2017), provides the largest increase in state transportation funding in the last 25 years. SB 1 provides additional funding for transportation programs detailed in this chapter (induding ATP, SHOPP, STIP, and Local Streets/Roads funds). It also revives programs that were part of the now expired Prop 1B. Those programs include the Local Partnership Program (LPP) and the Trade Corridor Enhancement Program (TCEP). SB 1 also newly created the Solutions for Congested Corridors Program (SCCP).	Х	Х	х	Х	Х	Х	Х			х	
Local Funding Source	es											
Riverside County Local Sales Tax - (Measure A Funds)	Pivarida County's half contrales tay for transportation. Funds go back to	X	Х	x	х	х	Х					Measure "A" funds may only be used for transportation purposes including the administration of Division 25, including lega actions related thereto, the construction, capital, acquisition, maintenance, and operation of streets, roads, highways, including state highways and public transit systems and for related purposes.
Gas Tax	Gas tax subventions to counties and cities in the region.	Χ	Х	X								
Transit Farebox Revenue	Transit fares collected by transit operators.				Х	Х						
Toll Revenue	Revenues generated from toll roads.	Х	Х									
Transportation Uniform Mitigation Fee	Under the TUMF, developers of residential, industrial, and commercial property pay a development fee to fund transportation projects that will be required as a result of the growth the projects create. The Western Riverside Council of Governments administers the TUMF. The TUMF funds both local and regional arterial projects. Local area projects receive 48.1% of all funds and the funds are programmed in each of five "zones" proportionately to the fees paid. These zone projects are proposed by local jurisdictions.			х			х					
Other Local Funds	City/County Revenue Funds, street taxes and developer fees, RSTP exchange funds.	Х	Х	Х	Χ	Х	Х	X	Х	Χ	Х	



		Freeways &	Express	Major	Transit	Transit	Pedestrian	Freight & Goods		Mobility		
Revenue Sources Other Potential Pove	Description enue and Funding Opportunities	Expressways	Lanes	Arterials	(Rail)	(Bus)	& Bicycle	Movement	Aviation	Innovation	Programming	NOTES
Environmental Enhancement and Mitigation Program	Applicants may apply to undertake environmental enhancement and mitigation projects that are directly or indirectly related to modifying existing transportation facilities, or for new transportation facilities' design, construction or expansion. The EEM project must be over and above required mitigation for the related transportation project.	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	Х			
Benefit Assessment District Fees	An assessment district is an area of land specifically benefiting from a public improvement. A property tax assessment is levied against each parcel that benefits from the improvement, in proportion to the benefit. Bonds are then sold to finance improvements, which land owners repay over time. Traditionally this approach has been used to finance urban public improvement projects (i.e. sewer, water, curbs, gutters, etc.) on a community or neighborhood level. Using this approach on a "regional" basis has proven problematic because of the multiple legislative bodies (i.e. City Councils, Boards of Supervisors, etc.) necessary to achieve political consensus. In addition, there could be great difficulty in establishing a regionwide zone of benefit.			X			X					
"Local" Motor Vehicle Fuel Tax	SB 215 allows counties to hold general elections for a local sales tax on motor vehicle fuel (gasoline, diesel) to finance the regional transportation network. The uses, execution, advantages and disadvantages are similar to that of a sales tax. One advantage is that it is user-oriented. Because fuel consumption is related to road use, heavier users bear a higher burden of the cost.	Х	Х	х								
Motor Vehicle Taxes and Fees (Statewide, Regionally or Locally)	An array of fees and taxes on motor vehicles could be increased and implemented statewide, regionally or locally to generate transportation funds. Examples include vehicle registration surcharges (similar to the Air District's AB 2766 fees currently collected); increased surcharges on driver's license fees; mileage taxes; parts and repair excise taxes; heavy-vehicle taxes; fees for "vanity plates," tire taxes, and personal property taxes on motor vehicles. One of this approach's drawbacks, however, is the need for enabling legislation (statewide, regionally or locally).	X	Х	Х								
Public and Private Parking Fees	This mechanism increases public and private parking charges and institutes parking fees where parking is now free. Major metro areas in California have become more aggressive in pricing downtown parking both at meters and in lots. In some cities, extending parking lot hours and substantially greater enforcement have increased parking fee revenues. Often these funds are treated as a general fund source rather than tied to specific transportation expenditures.	^	X	Х	X	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	X	
Regional Transportation Facilities Impact Fee	A regional transportation facilities impact-fee would distribute the costs of regional transportation facilities among all new development within the region, using the size of a proposed development or estimates of a project's trip generating capacity as criterion. This type of development impact fee would be required to meet AB 1600 nexus findings in order to be implemented.			Х			х					



		Freeways &	Express	Major	Transit	Transit	Pedestrian	Freight & Goods		Mobility	Planning &	
Revenue Sources Other Potential Pove	Pescription Pescription Penue and Funding Opportunities	Expressways	Lanes	Arterials	(Rail)	(Bus)	& Bicycle	Movement	Aviation	Innovation	Programming	NOTES
Vehicle Miles Traveled Fee	This financing mechanism is a vehicle-use fee based on the number of miles driven, which has the potential to generate substantial revenues, implement increased-mobility policy goals and is strongly related to transportation demand and congestion. Vehicle Miles Traveled (VMT) fees would appear to be a stable and growing source of revenue given Californians' propensity to use their automobiles. VMT fees also would maintain an ability to capture revenues from a growing fleet of alternative fuel vehicles within the state.	X	X	X								
	An emissions fee could work in a manner similar to the Vehicle Miles Traveled fee program, except that user charges would be based on emission levels rather than miles traveled. The measure would be recorded at the time the vehicle is smog checked, and the driver would pay a fee based on a sliding scale. Revenue formulas would have to be adjusted due California's vehicle fleet becoming "cleaner" as older polluting vehicles are retired and replaced with vehicles that have improved emission technology.	X	Х	Х								
land Donloymont Projects)	This program supports research activities that improve the safety, reliability, efficiency, and sustainability of public transportation by investing in the development, testing, and deployment of innovative technologies, materials, and processes; carry out related endeavors; and to support the demonstration and deployment of low-emission and noemission vehicles to promote clean energy and improve air quality.										X	
Transportation Infrastructure Finance and Innovation Act (TIFIA)	The Transportation Infrastructure Finance and Innovation Act (TIFIA) program provides credit assistance for qualified projects of regional and national significance. Many large-scale, surface transportation projects - highway, transit, railroad, intermodal freight, and port access - are eligible. Eligible applicants include state and local governments, transit agencies, railroad companies, special authorities, special districts, and private entities. The TIFIA credit program is designed to fill market gaps and leverage substantial private co-investment by providing supplemental and subordinate capital. Each dollar of Federal funds can provide up to \$10 in TIFIA credit assistance and support up to \$30 in transportation infrastructure investment. MAP-21 reforms included a 10 percent set-aside for rural projects; an increase in the share of eligible project costs that TIFIA may support; and a rolling application process.	X	X	X	X	X	X	X				
Public-Private Partnerships	A public-private partnership (PPP or P3) represent a broad category of financing mechanisms that are being used to harness public sector participation. PPPs have been used with mixed success in several states nationwide. Before PPP can become a viable option it must be approved by the state legislature.	Х	X	Х	X	Х	Х	X				

AGENDA ITEM 11

RIVERSIDE COUNTY TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION					
DATE:	November 25, 2019				
то:	Budget and Implementation Committee				
FROM:	Sheldon Peterson, Rail Manager Ariel Alcon Tapia, Management Analyst				
THROUGH:	Lorelle Moe-Luna, Multimodal Services Director				
SUBJECT:	Transit and Intercity Rail Capital Program Master Agreement				

STAFF RECOMMENDATION:

This item is for the Committee to:

- 1) Approve Agreement No. 20-25-017-00 with the California Department of Transportation (Caltrans) for implementing projects when the Commission is the lead agency for transit projects funded by the Transit and Intercity Rail Capital Program (TIRCP);
- 2) Adopt Resolution No. 19-018, "Resolution of The Riverside County Transportation Commission Regarding Authorization for The Execution of A Master Agreement and Program Supplements For The State-Funded Projects";
- 3) Authorize the Executive Director, pursuant to legal counsel review, to execute the agreement on behalf of the Commission; and
- 4) Forward to the Commission for final action.

BACKGROUND INFORMATION:

The TIRCP was created by Senate Bill 862 and modified by SB 9, to provide grants from the Greenhouse Gas Reduction Fund (GGRF) to fund transformative capital improvements that will modernize California's intercity, commuter, and urban rail systems and bus and ferry transit systems to significantly reduce emissions of greenhouse gases, vehicle miles traveled, and congestion.

Assembly Bill 398 extended the Cap and Trade Program that supports TIRCP from 2020 through 2030. The passage of SB 1, the Road Repair and Accountability Act of 2017, added about \$250 million annually to the program to achieve:

- 1) Reduction of greenhouse gas emissions;
- 2) Expansion and improvement in transit service to increase ridership;
- 3) Integration of the rail service of the state's various rail operations, including integration with the high-speed rail system; and
- 4) Improvement in transit safety.

The Southern California Regional Rail Authority, which operates as Metrolink, was awarded \$875 million in TIRCP funds as part of Phase I of the Southern California Optimization Rail Enhancement (SCORE) Program. The Commission is receiving \$14.5 million from this award for the Downtown Riverside Expansion Project. In order to receive TIRCP grant funds for the Downtown Riverside Expansion Project, Caltrans requires that the Commission as the lead agency execute a Master Agreement to receive funds under TIRCP for specific transit projects from GGRF. The Master Agreement also covers funding directed to TIRCP by SB 1. Caltrans uses the Master Agreement and related Program Supplements for state-funded transit projects in order to properly administer and reimburse state transit funds to regional and local agencies. This Master Agreement also will allow the Commission to add Program Supplements to the Master Agreement in the event of additional funding awards under TIRCP for other transit projects in the future. Specific projects will have individual Program Supplements to this agreement, which will establish specific dollar amounts and conditions to individual projects.

Staff recommends the approval of the Master Agreement for TIRCP funding and resolution authorizing the Executive Director to execute the Master Agreement and Program Supplements. Authorization specifically is included for the pending Program Supplement for the Downtown Riverside Expansion Project for \$14.5 million. These grant funds will be not be expended in the FY 2019/20 budget and will be included in future budgets.

Financial Information								
In Fiscal Year Budget:		N/A	Year:	FY 2020/21+	Amount:	\$14,500,000		500,000
Source of Funds:	State	TIRCP f	unds		Budget Adjustment: N/A			N/A
GL/Project Accounting No.: 004027 415 41510 0000 265 33 41501								
Fiscal Procedures Approved:		Therese	ia Irevino		Date:	1	11/18/2019	

Attachments:

- 1) Agreement No. 20-25-017-00
- 2) Resolution No. 19-018

California State Transportation Agency

Transit and Intercity Rail Capital Program

Grant Recipient:

Riverside County Transportation Commission

CalSTA Transit and Intercity Rail Capital Program Administered by:

California Department of Transportation Division of Rail and Mass Transportation 1120 N Street, Room 3300 P.O. Box 942874, MS-39 Sacramento, California 94274-0001

TABLE OF CONTENTS

RECITAL	S	4
ARTICLE I - DEFINITIONS		5
ARTICLE	II – TIRCP PROJECTS AND ADMINISTRATION	7
Sectio	on 1. TIRCP Projects and Project Management	7
Sectio	7	
A.	General	
В.	Project Overrun	
C.	Cost Savings and Project Completion	
D.	Scope of Work	
E.	Program Supplement Amendments	10
Sectio	on 3. Allowable Costs and Payments	10
A.	Allowable Costs and Progress Payment Invoice	
В.	Final Invoice	
ARTICLE	III – GENERAL PROVISIONS	
	on 1. Funding	
Section	on 2. Audits and Reports	11
A.	Cost Principles	
В.	Record Retention	12
C.	Reporting Requirements	13
Sectio	on 3. Special Requirements	14
A.	California Transportation Commission Resolutions	
В.	Recipient Resolution	
C.	Termination	 15
D.	Third Party Contracting	16
E.	Change in Funds and Terms/Amendments	
F.	Project Ownership	
G.	Disputes	10
H.	Hold Harmless and Indemnification	19
I.	Labor Code Compliance	
J.	Non-Discrimination Clause	19
K.	State Fire Marshal Building Standards Code	20
L.	Americans with Disabilities Act	21
M.	Access for Persons with Disabilities	21
N.	Disabled Veterans Program Requirements	
0.	Environmental Process	
P.	Force Majeure	22
ARTICLE	IV – MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS	22

Sectio	n 1. Miscellaneous Provisions	22
A.	Successor Acts	22
В.	Successor and Assigns to the Parties	22
C.	Notice	22
D.	Amendment	23
E.	Representation and Warranties of the Parties	23
F.	Construction, Number, Gender and Captions	24
G.	Complete Agreement	25
H.	Partial Invalidity	25
I.	Conflicts	25
J.	Counterparts	25
K.	Governing Law	25
Appendi	x A - TIRCP PROGRAM GUIDELINES AND DEPARTMENT DELEGATION	27
Appendix	x B - RECIPIENT'S RESOLUTION	28

STATE OF CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Effective Date of this Agreement: January 1, 2020

Termination Date of this Agreement: January 1, 2026

Recipient: Riverside County Transportation Commission

Application Funding: The Greenhouse Gas Reduction Fund and Senate Bill 1

Fund are the applicable funding source covered by this Agreement and will identified in each specific Program Supplement, adopting the terms of this Agreement.

RECITALS

- 1. WHEREAS, The Global Warming Solutions Act of 2006 (the "ACT") (Assembly Bill [AB] 32, Nunez, Chapter 488) created a comprehensive program to reduce greenhouse gas emissions in California. AB 32 requires California to reduce greenhouse gases to 1990 levels by 2020, and to maintain and continue reductions beyond 2020. In March 2012, Governor Brown signed Executive Order B-16-2012 affirming a long-range climate goal for California to reduce greenhouse gases from the transportation sector to 80 percent below 1990 levels by 2050.
- 2. WHEREAS, the Cap-and-Trade Program is a key element in California's climate plan. It creates a limit on the emissions from sources responsible for 85 percent of California's greenhouse gas emissions, establishes the price signal needed to drive long-term investment in cleaner fuels and more efficient use of energy, and gives covered entities flexibility to implement the lowest-cost options to reduce greenhouse gas emissions.
- 3. WHEREAS, in 2012, the Legislature passed and Governor Brown signed into law three bills, AB 1532 (Pérez, Chapter 807, Statutes of 2012), Senate Bill (SB) 535 (De León, Chapter 830, Statutes of 2012), and SB 1018 (Budget and Fiscal Review Committee, Chapter 39, Statutes of 2012), that established the Greenhouse Gas Reduction Fund (GGRF) to receive proceeds from the distribution of allowances via auction and provided the framework for how those auction proceeds will be appropriated and expended. These statutes require that expenditures from the GGRF be used to facilitate the achievement of greenhouse gas emission reductions and further the purposes of AB 32.
- 4. WHEREAS, in 2017, the Legislature passed and Governor Brown signed into law the Road Repair and Accountability Act of 2017 SB 1, directed additional funding to the Transit and Intercity Rail Capital Program (TIRCP).

- 5. WHEREAS, TIRCP is one of several programs funded as part of the 2014-2015 State of California Budget (Senate Bill 852 and Senate Bill 862), and implemented pursuant to Public Resources Code section 75220 et seq and Health and Safety Code section 39719 et seq..
- 6. WHEREAS, as directed by the ACT, CalSTA established TIRCP Program Guidelines that describe the policy, standards, criteria, and procedures for the development, adoption and management of the TIRCP Program.
- 7. WHEREAS, Recipient has submitted an application, been evaluated and selected by CalSTA in accordance with the TIRCP Program Guidelines.
- 8. WHEREAS, on August 17, 2015, CalSTA delegated the administration of the TIRCP Program to the Department pursuant to the TIRCP Program Guidelines and the Department's policies and procedures for the administration of similar grant programs.
- 9. NOW THEREFORE, in consideration of the recitals and the rights, duties and covenants set forth herein, and other good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which are hereby acknowledged, the parties hereby agree to the following:
- 10. This Agreement, entered into effective as of the date set forth above, is between the signatory public entity identified hereinabove, (hereinafter referred to as Recipient), and the STATE OF CALIFORNIA, acting by and through the California Department of Transportation (hereinafter referred to as DEPARTMENT), and subject to the approval of the California State Transportation Agency (CalSTA).

ARTICLE I - DEFINITIONS

The terms defined in this <u>Article I</u> shall for all purposes of this Agreement have the meanings specified herein.

- "Act" refers to the Global Warming Solutions Act of 2006 (the "ACT") (Assembly Bill [AB] 32, Nunez, Chapter 488) created a comprehensive program to reduce greenhouse gas emissions in California.
- 1.2 "Agreement" shall mean this Agreement, inclusive of all appendices and Program Supplements, whereby the Department, on behalf of CalSTA, and pursuant to the Act and as set forth herein, administers the TIRCP Program.
- 1.3 "Award Agreement" shall mean a project-specific subcontract to this agreement executed following Project award and may include Project specific information, expected outcomes, and deliverables.
- 1.4 "California Department of Transportation" or "Caltrans" or "Department" means the State of California, acting by and through its Department of Transportation of the State of the State of California, and any entity succeeding to the powers, authorities and responsibilities of the Department invoked by or under this Agreement or the Program Supplements.

- 1.5 "California Transportation Commission" or "CTC" shall refer to the commission established in 1978 by Assembly Bill 402 (Chapter 1106, Statutes of 1977).
- 1.6 "Effective Date" means the date set forth on page 4 of this Agreement.
- 1.7 "Greenhouse Gas Reduction Funds" or "GGRF" shall mean the funds subject to Chapter 26, Statutes of 2014, authorizing the State to fund capital improvements and operational investments for California's transit systems and intercity, commuter, and urban rail systems.
- 1.8 "Senate Bill 1" or "SB 1" shall mean the funds subject to Chapter 5, Statutes of 2017, authorizing the State to fund capital improvements and investments for California's transit systems and intercity, commuter, and urban rail systems.
- 1.9 "Overall Funding Plan" has the meaning set forth in Article II, Section 2(A)(5)(c).
- 1.10 "Program Guidelines" shall mean the policy, standards, criteria, and procedures for the development, adoption and management of the TIRCP Projects established by CalSTA and provided in Appendix A.
- 1.11 "Program Supplement" shall mean a project-specific subcontract to this Agreement that is executed following a CTC approved action and includes all Project specific information needed to encumber funding and shall include expected outcomes and deliverables.
- 1.12 "Program Supplement Last Expenditure Date" and refers to the last date for Recipient to incur valid Project costs or credits.
- 1.13 "Program Supplement Termination" shall occur when after the Recipients obligations have been fully performed as set forth in Article II, Section 2D and Article III, Section 3(C)(2) or when terminated by convenience as set forth in Article III, Section 3(C)(1).
- 1.14 "Project" shall mean the project identified in Recipient's application.
- 1.15 "Project Closeout Report" shall have the meaning set forth in Article II, Section 3(B).
- 1.16 "Project Financial Plan" shall have the meaning set forth in Article II, Section 2(A)(5)(d).
- 1.17 "Progress Payment Invoice" shall have the meaning set forth in Article II, Section 3A.
- 1.18 "Project Schedule" has the meaning set forth in Article II, Section 2(A)(5)(b).
- 1.19 "Scope of Work" has the meaning set forth in Article II, Section 2(A)(5)(a).
- 1.20 "Secretary" shall mean the Secretary of the California State Transportation Agency (CalSTA). Unless the context otherwise requires, any reference to the Secretary includes CalSTA and its officers and employees.
- 1.21 "State" shall mean the State of California.

1.22 "TIRCP Projects" shall mean projects that are selected and funded pursuant to the Transit and Intercity Rail Capital Program.

ARTICLE II – TIRCP PROJECTS AND ADMINISTRATION

Section 1. TIRCP Projects and Project Management

- 1. TIRCP Projects, pursuant to the Act, are established by CalSTA in accordance with the TIRCP Program Guidelines. Under delegation from CalSTA, the Department will administer the TIRCP Program in accordance with the TIRCP Program Guidelines and best management practices identified in the administration of similar Department grant programs.
- 2. By this reference, those Guidelines are made an express part of this Agreement and shall apply to each TIRCP Program funded Project. Recipient will cause its specific TIRCP mandated Resolution to be attached as part of any TIRCP funded Program Supplement as a condition precedent to the acceptance of GGRF or SB 1 Funds (upon availability and allocation), for such project.
- 3. All inquiries during the term of this Agreement and any applicable Program Supplement will be directed to the project representatives identified below:

State's Project Administrator: Recipient's Project Administrator:

Department of Transportation Riverside County Transportation Commission

Ezeguiel Castro Sheldon Peterson

Branch Chief Rail Manager

Capital Projects South Branch (951) 787-7141

Phone: (916) 654-8012 speterson@rctc.org

Email: ezequiel.castro@dot.ca.gov

Section 2. Program Supplement

A. General

- 1. This Agreement shall have no force and effect with respect to the Project unless and until a separate Project specific program supplement hereinafter referred to as "Program Supplement," adopting all of the terms and conditions of this Agreement has been fully executed by both State and Recipient.
- 2. Recipient agrees to complete the defined scope of work for the Project, described in the Program Supplement adopting all of the terms and conditions of this Agreement.
- 3. A financial commitment of actual funds will only occur in each detailed and separate Program Supplement. No funds are obligated by the prior execution of this Agreement alone.

- 4. Recipient further agrees, as a condition to the release and payment of the funds encumbered for the scope of work described in each Program Supplement, to comply with the terms and conditions of this Agreement and all the agreed-upon special covenants and conditions attached to or made a part of the Program Supplement identifying and defining the nature of that specific scope of work.
- 5. The Program Supplement shall include a detailed scope of work, which shall include but not be limited to, a Project Description, a Project Schedule, an Overall Funding Plan, and a Project Financial Plan as required in the TIRCP Program Guidelines.
- a. The Scope of Work shall include a detailed description of the Project and will itemize the major tasks and their estimated costs.
- b. The Project Schedule shall include major tasks and/or milestones and their associated beginning and ending dates and duration.
- c. The Overall Funding Plan shall itemize the various Project Components, the committed funding program(s) or source(s), and the matching funds to be provided by Recipient and/or other funding sources, if any [these Components include Environmental and Permits; Plans, Specifications and Estimates (PS&E); Right-of-Way (ROW); and Construction (including transit vehicle acquisition)].
- d. The Project Financial Plan shall identify estimated expenditures for the Project Component by funding source, provided that for the purposes of this Agreement the State is only monitoring compliance for expenditures for the TIRCP, including but not limited to GGRF and SB 1 Funds allocated for the Project Component.
- 6. Adoption and execution of the Program Supplement by Recipient and State, incorporating the terms and conditions of this Agreement into the Program Supplement as though fully set forth therein, shall be sufficient to bind Recipient to these terms and conditions when performing the Project. Unless otherwise expressly delegated to a third-party in a resolution by Recipient's governing body, which delegation must be expressly assented to and concurred in by State, the Program Supplement shall be managed by Recipient.
- 7. The estimated cost and scope of the Project will be as described in the applicable Program Supplement. The State shall not participate in any funding for the Project beyond those amounts actually encumbered by the STATE as evidenced in the applicable Program Supplement unless the appropriate steps are followed and approval is granted by the CTC as described below.
- 8. Upon the stated expiration date of this Agreement, any Program Supplement executed under this Agreement for the Project with obligations yet to be completed pursuant to the approved Project Schedule, deliverables, and reporting requirements shall be deemed to extend the term of this Agreement only to conform to the specific Project termination or completion date, including completion of deliverables and reporting requirements, contemplated by the

applicable Program Supplement to allow that uncompleted Project to be administered under the extended terms and conditions of this Agreement.

B. Project Overrun

- 1. If Recipient or the State determine, at any time during the performance of the Project, that the Project budget may be exceeded, Recipient shall take the following steps:
- a. Notify the designated State representative of the nature and projected extent of the overrun and, within a reasonable period thereafter, identify and quantify potential cost savings or other measures which Recipient will institute to bring the Project Budget into balance; and
- b. Identify the source of additional Recipient or other third party funds that can be made available to complete Project. Recipient agrees that the allocation of the GGRF and SB 1 funds is subject to the allocation made proposed by the CalSTA, submitted by the State, and approved by the CTC.

C. Cost Savings and Project Completion

- 1. Recipient is encouraged to evaluate design and construction alternatives that would mitigate the costs of delivering the commitments for the Project. Recipient shall take all steps necessary on a commercially reasonable basis that would generally be taken in accordance with best management practices. In determining cost savings, the Parties shall take into account all avoided costs, including avoided design, material, equipment, labor, construction, testing, acceptance and overhead costs and avoided costs due to time savings, and all the savings in financing costs associated with such avoided costs.
- 2. If there is an identification and implementation of any CalSTA approved alternative resulting in reduction of the Project costs, the parties agree that the recipient shall provide a prorated share of Project or TIRCP funded Project component cost savings based on the overall project match to the Department no later than 30 days after the submission of the final invoice. Subject to CalSTA's approval, savings may be used towards another project component or towards increasing project benefits that are consistent with the original project award while maintaining the overall project match referenced in the project award and program supplements.
- 3. Program supplements will indicate the Project or Component proration of funding match.
- 4. The Recipient agrees to complete the Project and accepts sole responsibility for the payment of any cost increases. If either the Project or the funded components are not completed, the Recipient shall bear the burden of full TIRCP funds reimbursement to the Department.

D. Scope of Work

1. Recipient shall be responsible for complete performance of the work described in the approved Program Supplement for the Project related to the commitment of encumbered funds.

All work shall be accomplished in accordance with the applicable provisions of the Act, Public Utilities Code, the Streets and Highways Code, the Government Code, and other applicable statutes and regulations.

- 2. Recipient acknowledges and agrees that Recipient is the sole control and manager of the Project and its subsequent employment, operation, repair and maintenance for the benefit of the public. Recipient shall be solely responsible for complying with the funding and use restrictions established by (a) the statutes from which the GGRF and SB1 Funds are derived, (b) the CTC, (c) the State Treasurer, (d) the Internal Revenue Service, (e) the applicable Program Supplement, and (f) this Agreement.
- 3. Recipient acknowledges and agrees that the Recipient is responsible for complying with all reporting requirements established by the TIRCP Guidelines and California Air Resource Board (CARB) Funding Guidelines.

E. Program Supplement Amendments

Program Supplement amendments will be required whenever there are CalSTA or CTC approved actions, including but not limited to, Financial Allocations, Financial Allocation Amendments, Time Extensions and Technical Corrections. These changes shall be mutually binding upon the Parties only following the execution of a Program Supplement amendment.

Section 3. Allowable Costs and Payments

- A. Allowable Costs and Progress Payment Invoice
- 1. Not more frequently than once a month, Recipient will prepare and submit to State signed Progress Payment Invoice for actual Project costs incurred and paid for by Recipient consistent with the allocation and Scope of Work document in the Program Supplement and State shall pay those uncontested allowable costs once the invoice is reviewed and approved by the Department, subject to CalSTA's approval. If no costs were incurred during any given quarter, Recipient is exempt from submitting a signed Progress Payment Invoice.
- 2. State shall not be required to reimburse more funds, cumulatively, per quarter of any fiscal year greater than the sums identified and included in the Project Financial Plan. The State shall hold the right to determine reimbursement availability based on an approved expenditure plan and TIRCP anticipated or actual funding capacity. Each such invoice will report the total of Project expenditures from GGRF and SB 1 Funds (including those of Recipient and third parties) and will specify the percent of State reimbursement requested and the GGRF and SB 1 Funds source. Final Invoice

B. Final Invoice

The Program Supplement Last Expenditure Dates(s) refer to the last date for Recipient to incurvalid Project costs or credits. Recipient has one hundred and eighty (180) days after that Last Expenditure Date to make already incurred final allowable payments to Project contractors or

vendors, prepare the Project Closeout Report, and submit the final invoice to State for reimbursement of allowable Project costs before those remaining State funds are unencumbered and those funds are reverted as no longer available to pay any Project costs. Recipient expressly waives any right to allowable reimbursements from State pursuant to this Agreement for costs incurred after that termination date and for costs invoiced to Recipient for payment after that one hundred and eightieth (180th) day following the Project Last Expenditure Date.

ARTICLE III – GENERAL PROVISIONS

Section 1. Funding

1. Recipient agrees to contribute at least the statutorily or other required local contribution of matching funds (other than State or federal funds), if any is specified within the Program Supplement or any appendices thereto, toward the actual cost of the Project or the amount, if any, specified in any executed SB 2800 (Streets and Highways Code Section 164.53) Agreement for local match fund credit, whichever is greater. Recipient shall contribute not less than its required match amount toward the Project cost in accordance with a schedule of payments as shown in the Project Financial Plan prepared by Recipient and approved by State as part of a Program Supplement.

Section 2. Audits and Reports

A. Cost Principles

- 1. Recipient agrees to comply with Title 2 Code of Federal Regulations 200 (2 CFR 200) Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles for State and Local Government, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards.
- 2. Recipient agrees, and will assure that its contractors and subcontractors will be obligated to agree to follow 2 CFR 200 and it shall be used to determine the allowability of individual Project cost items. Every sub-recipient receiving Project funds as a contractor or sub-contractor under this Agreement shall comply with 2 CFR 200.
- 3. Any Project costs for which Recipient has received payment or credit that are determined by subsequent audit to be unallowable under 2 CFR 200, are subject to repayment by Recipient to State. Should Recipient fail to reimburse moneys due State within thirty (30) days of demand, or within such other period as may be agreed in writing between the Parties hereto, State is authorized to intercept and withhold future payments due Recipient from State or any third-party source whose funding passes through the State, including but not limited to, the State Treasurer, the State Controller and the CTC.
- 4. The State may terminate the grant for any reason at any time if it is determined by the State, based on an audit under this section, that there has been a violation of any State or federal law or policy by the Recipient during performance under this or any other grant agreement or

contract entered into with the State. If the grant is terminated under this section, the Recipient may be required to fully or partially repay funds.

B. Record Retention

- Recipient agrees, and will assure that its contractors and subcontractors shall establish and maintain an accounting system and records that properly accumulate and segregate incurred Project costs and matching funds by line item for the Project. The accounting system of Recipient, its contractors and all subcontractors shall conform to Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP), enable the determination of incurred costs at interim points of completion, and provide support for reimbursement payment vouchers or invoices. All accounting records and other supporting papers of Recipient, its contractors and subcontractors connected with Project performance under this Agreement and each Program Supplement shall be maintained for a minimum of three (3) years from the date of final payment to Recipient under a Program Supplement and shall be held open to inspection, copying, and audit by representatives of State, the California State Auditor, and auditors representing the federal government. Copies thereof will be furnished by Recipient, its contractors, and subcontractors upon receipt of any request made by State or its agents. In conducting an audit of the costs and match credits claimed under this Agreement, State will rely to the maximum extent possible on any prior audit of Recipient pursuant to the provisions of federal and State law. In the absence of such an audit, any acceptable audit work performed by Recipient's external and internal auditors may be relied upon and used by State when planning and conducting additional audits.
- 2. For the purpose of determining compliance with Title 21, California Code of Regulations, Section 2500 et seq., when applicable, and other matters connected with the performance of Recipient's contracts with third parties pursuant to Government Code section 8546.7, Recipient, Recipient's contractors and subcontractors and State shall each maintain and make available for inspection all books, documents, papers, accounting records, and other evidence pertaining to the performance of such contracts, including, but not limited to, the costs of administering those various contracts. All of the above referenced parties shall make such Agreement and Program Supplement materials available at their respective offices at all reasonable times during the entire Project period and for three (3) years from the date of final payment to Recipient under any Program Supplement. State, the California State Auditor, or any duly authorized representative of State or the United States Department of Transportation, shall each have access to any books, records, and documents that are pertinent to the Project for audits, examinations, excerpts, and transactions, and Recipient shall furnish copies thereof if requested.
- 3. Recipient, its contractors and subcontractors will permit access to all records of employment, employment advertisements, employment application forms, and other pertinent data and records by the State Fair Employment Practices and Housing Commission, or any other agency of the State of California designated by State, for the purpose of any investigation to ascertain compliance with this Agreement and the Act.

C. Reporting Requirements

- 1. Reporting requirements of Recipient will include whether reported implementation activities are within the scope of the Project Program Supplement and in compliance with State laws, regulations, and administrative requirements.
- 2. TIRCP Progress Reporting shall be no more frequently than monthly and no less frequently than semi-annually at the discretion of the State and shall generally include the following information;
- a. Activities and progress made towards implementation of the project during the reporting period and activities anticipated to take place in the next reporting period;
 - b. Identification of whether the Project is proceeding on schedule and within budget;
 - c. Identification of whether the Project Deliverables are proceeding on schedule.
- d. Identification of changes to the Project funding plan, milestone schedule, or deliverables completion date;
- e. Any actual or anticipated problems which could lead to delays in schedule, increased costs or other difficulties for either the Project or other State funded projects impacted by the Projects scope of work and the efforts or activities being undertaken to minimize impacts to schedule, cost, or deliverables;
- 3. CARB Reporting shall be no more frequently than monthly and no less frequently than annually at the discretion of CARB and shall include the following information (subject to modification by CARB);
- a. Identify metrics and benefits achieved for disadvantaged communities, low income communities, and/or low-income households;
- b. continued reporting following project implementation to identify benefits achieved.
 - c. Any and all other requirements instituted by CARB.
- 4. Within one year of the Project or reportable Project components becoming operable, the implementing agency must provide a final delivery report including at a minimum:
 - Scope of completed Project as compared to Programmed Project;
- b. Performance outcomes derived from the project as compared to outcomes described in the Project application and shall include but not be limited to before and after measurements and estimates for ridership, service levels, greenhouse gas reductions, updated estimated greenhouse gas reductions over the life of the project, benefits to disadvantaged

communities, low income communities, and/or low income households, and project co-benefits as well as an explanation of the methodology used to quantify the benefits.

- c. Before and after photos documenting the project
- d. The final costs as compared to the approved project budget by component and fund type, and an estimate of the TIRCP funds spent to benefit disadvantaged communities, low-income communities, and/or low-income households, and
- e. The project duration as compared to the project schedule in the project application.

Section 3. Special Requirements

- A. California Transportation Commission Resolutions
- 1. Recipient shall adhere to applicable CTC policies on "Timely Use of Funds" as stated in Resolution G-06-04, adopted April 26, 2006, addressing the expenditure and reimbursement of GGRF and SB 1 Funds. These resolutions, and/or successor resolutions in place at the time a Program Supplement is executed, shall be applicable to GGRF and SB 1 funds, respectively.
- 2. Recipient shall be bound to the terms and conditions of this Agreement, the Project application contained in the Program Supplement (as applicable); and CTC Resolutions G-06-04, G-09-11 and/or their respective successors in place at the time the Program Supplement is signed (as applicable) and all restrictions, rights, duties and obligations established therein on behalf of State and CTC shall accrue to the benefit of the CTC and shall thereafter be subject to any necessary enforcement action by CTC or State. All terms and conditions stated in the aforesaid CTC Resolutions and CTC-approved Guidelines in place at the time the Program Supplement is signed (if applicable) shall also be considered to be binding provisions of this Agreement.
- 3. Recipient shall conform to any and all permit and mitigation duties associated with Project as well as all environmental obligations established in CTC Resolution G-91-2 and/or its successors in place at the time a Program Supplement is signed, as applicable, at the expense of Recipient and/or the responsible party and without any further financial contributions or obligations on the part of State unless a separate Program Supplement expressly provides funding for the specific purpose of hazardous materials remediation.
- B. Recipient Resolution
- 1. Recipient has executed this Agreement pursuant to the authorizing Recipient resolution, attached as <u>Appendix B</u> to this Agreement, which empowers Recipient to enter into this Agreement and which may also empower Recipient to enter into all subsequent Program Supplements adopting the provisions of this Agreement.
- 2. If Recipient or State determines that a separate Resolution is needed for each Program Supplement, Recipient will provide information as to who the authorized designee is to act on

behalf of the Recipient to bind Recipient with regard to the terms and conditions of any said Program Supplement or amendment and will provide a copy of that additional Resolution to State with the Program Supplement or any amendment to that document.

C. Termination

1. Termination Convenience by State

- a. State reserves the right to terminate funding for any Program Supplement, subject to CalSTA approval, upon written notice to Recipient in the event that Recipient fails to proceed with Project work in accordance with the Program Supplement, or otherwise violates the conditions of this Agreement and/or the Program Supplement or the funding allocation such that substantial performance is significantly endangered.
- b. No such termination shall become effective if, within thirty (30) days after receipt of a notice of termination, Recipient either cures the default involved or, if not reasonably susceptible of cure within said thirty (30)-day period, Recipient proceeds thereafter to complete the cure in a manner and time line acceptable to State. Any such termination shall be accomplished by delivery to Recipient of a notice of termination, which notice shall become effective not less than thirty (30) days after receipt, specifying the reason for the termination, the extent to which funding of work under this Agreement is terminated and the date upon which such termination becomes effective, if beyond thirty (30) days after receipt. During the period before the effective termination date, Recipient and State shall meet to attempt to resolve any dispute.
- c. Following a fund encumbrance made pursuant to a Program Supplement, if Recipient fails to expend GGRF or SB 1 monies within the time allowed specified in the Program Supplement, those funds may revert, and be deemed withdrawn and will no longer be available to reimburse Project work unless those funds are specifically made available beyond the end of that Fiscal Year through re-appropriation or other equivalent action of the Legislature and written notice of that action is provided to Recipient by State.
- d. In the event State terminates a Program Supplement for convenience and not for a default on the part of Recipient as is contemplated in this section, Recipient shall be reimbursed its authorized costs up to State's proportionate and maximum share of allowable Project costs incurred to the date of Recipient's receipt of that notice of termination, including any unavoidable costs reasonably and necessarily incurred up to and following that termination date by Recipient to effect such termination following receipt of that termination notice.

2. Termination After Recipient's Obligations Fully Performed

Following project completion, and all obligations as defined in the TIRCP Guidelines, CARB Guidelines, and Program Supplement are fully performed, including Project completion of all deliverables and reporting, the Program Supplement shall be terminated. If the Project

obligations are not fully performed, as defined under this section, the Recipient may be required to fully or partially repay funds.

D. Third Party Contracting

- 1. Recipient shall not award a construction contract over \$10,000 or other contracts over \$25,000 [excluding professional service contracts of the type which are required to be procured in accordance with Government Code Sections 4525 (d), (e) and (f)] on the basis of a noncompetitive negotiation for work to be performed under this Agreement without the prior written approval of State. Contracts awarded by Recipient, if intended as local match credit, must meet the requirements set forth in this Agreement regarding local match funds.
- 2. Any subcontract entered into by Recipient as a result of this Agreement shall contain the provisions of ARTICLE III GENERAL PROVISIONS, Section 2. Audits and Reports and shall mandate that travel and per diem reimbursements and third-party contract reimbursements to subcontractors will be allowable as Project costs only after those costs are incurred and paid for by the subcontractors.
- 3. In addition to the above, the preaward requirements of third party contractor/consultants with local transit agencies should be consistent with Local Program Procedures (LPP-00-05).

E. Change in Funds and Terms/Amendments

This Agreement and the resultant Program Supplements may be modified, altered, or revised only with the joint written consent of Recipient and State.

F. Project Ownership

- 1. Unless expressly provided to the contrary in a Program Supplement, subject to the terms and provisions of this Agreement, Recipient, or a designated subrecipient acceptable to State, as applicable, shall be the sole owner of all improvements and property included in the Project constructed, installed or acquired by Recipient or subrecipient with funding provided to Recipient under this Agreement. Recipient, or subrecipient, as applicable, is obligated to continue operation and maintenance of the physical aspects of the Project dedicated to the public transportation purposes for which Project was initially approved unless Recipient, or subrecipient, as applicable, ceases ownership of such Project property; ceases to utilize the Project property for the intended public transportation purposes; or sells or transfers title to or control over Project and State is refunded the Credits due State as provided in paragraph (2) herein below.
- 2. Project right-of-way, Project facilities constructed or reconstructed on the Project site and/or Project property (including vehicles and vessels) purchased by Recipient (excluding temporary construction easements and excess property whose proportionate resale proceeds are distributed pursuant to this Agreement) shall remain permanently dedicated to the described

public transit use in the same proportion and scope, and to the same extent as mandated in the Program Supplement, unless State agrees otherwise in writing. Vehicles acquired as part of Project, including, but not limited to, buses, vans, rail passenger equipment, shall be dedicated to that public transportation use for their full economic life cycle, which, for the purpose of this Agreement, will be determined in accordance with standard national transit practices and applicable rules and guidelines, including any extensions of that life cycle achievable by reconstruction, rehabilitation or enhancements. The exceptions to this section are outlined below:

- a. Except as otherwise set forth in this Section 3, State, or any other State-assignee public body acting on behalf of the CTC, shall be entitled to a refund or credit (collectively the Credit), at State's sole option, equivalent to the proportionate Project funding participation received by Recipient from State if Recipient, or a sub-recipient, as applicable, (i) ceases to utilize Project for the original intended public transportation purposes or (ii) sells or transfers title to or control over Project. If federal funds (meaning only those federal funds received directly by Recipient and not federal funds derived through or from the State) have contributed to the Project, Recipient shall notify both State and the original federal source of those funds of the disposition of the Project assets or the intended use of those sale or transfer receipts.
- b. State shall also be entitled to an acquisition credit for any future purchase or condemnation of all or portions of Project by State or a designated representative or agent of State.
- c. The Credit due State will be determined by the ratio of State's funding when measured against the Recipient's funding participation (the Ratio). For purposes of this Section 4, the State's funding participation includes federal funds derived through or from State. That Ratio is to be applied to the then present fair market value of Project property acquired or constructed as provided in (d) and (e) below.
- d. For Mass Transit vehicles, this Credit [to be deducted from the then remaining equipment value] shall be equivalent to the percentage of the full extendable vehicle economic life cycle remaining, multiplied by the Ratio of funds provided for that equipment acquisition. For real property, this same funding Ratio shall be applied to the then present fair market value, as determined by State, of the Project property acquired or improved under this Agreement.
- e. Such Credit due State as a refund shall not be required if Recipient dedicates the proceeds of such sale or transfer exclusively to a new or replacement State approved public transit purpose, which replacement facility or vehicles will then also be subject to the identical use restrictions for that new public purpose and the Credit ratio due State should that replacement project or those replacement vehicles cease to be used for that intended described pre-approved public transit purpose.
- i. In determining the present fair market value of property for purposes of calculating State's Credit under this Agreement, any real property portions of the Project site contributed by Recipient shall not be included. In determining State's proportionate funding

participation, State's contributions to third parties (other than Recipient) shall be included if those contributions are incorporated into the Project.

- ii. Once State has received the Credit as provided for above because Recipient, or a sub-recipient, as applicable, has (a) ceased to utilize the Project for the described intended public transportation purpose(s) for which State funding was provided and State has not consented to that cessation of services or (b) sold or transferred title to or control over Project to another party (absent State approval for the continued transit operation of the Project by that successor party under an assignment of Recipient's duties and obligations), neither Recipient, subrecipient, nor any party to whom Recipient or subrecipient, as applicable, has transferred said title or control shall have any further obligation under this Agreement to continue operation of Project and/or Project facilities for those described public transportation purposes, but may then use Project and/or any of its facilities for any lawful purpose.
- iii. To the extent that Recipient operates and maintains Intermodal Transfer Stations as any integral part of Project, Recipient shall maintain each station and all its appurtenances, including, but not limited to, restroom facilities, in good condition and repair in accordance with high standards of cleanliness (Public Utilities Code section 99317.8). Upon request of State, Recipient shall also authorize State-funded bus services to use those stations and appurtenances without any charge to State or the bus operator. This permitted use will include the placement of signs and informational material designed to alert the public to the availability of the State-funded bus service (for the purpose of this paragraph, "State-funded bus service" means any bus service funded pursuant to Public Utilities Code section 99316).

G. Disputes

Parties shall develop a mutually agreed upon issue resolution process, as described below, and issues between the Parties are to be resolved in a timely manner. The Parties agree to the following:

- 1. If the Parties are unable to reach agreement on any particular issue relating to either Parties' obligations pursuant to this Agreement, the Parties agree to promptly follow the issue resolution process as outlined below:
- a. The Department's project manager and the Recipient's equivalent may initiate the process of informal dispute resolution by providing the other Party with written notice of a dispute. The written notice shall provide a clear statement of the dispute, and shall refer to the specific provisions of this Agreement or Program Supplement that pertain to the dispute. The Department's project manager and the Recipient's equivalent shall meet and attempt to resolve the dispute within five days from the written notice. If the dispute is resolved, the Parties shall create and sign a short description of the facts and the resolution that was agreed upon by the Parties.
- b. If the dispute is not resolved by the fifth day from the written notice, the Department's senior project manager and the Recipient's equivalent shall meet and review the

dispute within five days. The Department's senior project manager and the Recipient's equivalent manager shall attempt to resolve the dispute within ten days of their initial meeting. If the dispute is resolved, the Parties shall create and sign a short description of the facts and the resolution that was agreed upon by the Parties.

c. If the dispute is not resolved by the tenth day, the Department's Director or his designee and the Recipient's equivalent manager shall meet and review the dispute within five days. The Department's Director or his designee and the Recipient's equivalent manager shall attempt to resolve the dispute within ten days of the initial meeting. If the dispute is resolved, the Parties shall create and sign a short description of the facts and the resolution that was agreed upon by the Parties. If the dispute is not resolved by the tenth day by the Department's Director or his designee and the Recipient's equivalent manager, the Parties shall submit the matter to the Secretary of CalSTA for a final administrative determination.

H. Hold Harmless and Indemnification

- 1. Neither State nor any officer or employee thereof shall be responsible for any damage or liability occurring by reason of anything done or omitted to be done by Recipient, its agents and contractors under or in connection with any work, authority, or jurisdiction delegated to Recipient under this Agreement or any Program Supplement or as respects environmental cleanup obligations or duties of Recipient relative to Project. It is also understood and agreed that, Recipient shall fully defend, indemnify and hold the CTC and State and their officers and employees harmless from any liability imposed for injury and damages or environmental obligations or duties arising or created by reason of anything done or imposed by operation of law or assumed by, or omitted to be done by Recipient under or in connection with any work, authority, or jurisdiction delegated to Recipient under this Agreement and all Program Supplements.
- 2. Recipient shall indemnify, defend and hold harmless State, the CTC and the State Treasurer relative to any misuse by Recipient of State funds, Project property, Project generated income or other fiscal acts or omissions of Recipient.

I. Labor Code Compliance

Recipient shall include in all subcontracts awarded using Project funds, when applicable, a clause that requires each subcontractor to comply with California Labor Code requirements that all workers employed on public works aspects of any project (as defined in California Labor Code §§ 1720-1815) be paid not less than the general prevailing wage rates predetermined by the Department of Industrial Relations as effective the date of Contract award by the Recipient.

J. Non-Discrimination Clause

1. In the performance of work under this Agreement, Recipient, its contractor(s) and all subcontractors, shall not unlawfully discriminate, harass or allow harassment against any employee or applicant for employment because of sex, race, color, ancestry, religious creed,

national origin, physical disability, mental disability, medical condition, age, marital status, family and medical care leave, pregnancy leave, and disability leave. Recipient, its contractor(s) and all subcontractors shall ensure that the evaluation and treatment of their employees and applicants for employment are free from such discrimination and harassment. Recipient, its contractor(s) and all subcontractors shall comply with the provisions of the Fair Employment and Housing Act (Government Code section 12900 et seq.), and the applicable regulations promulgated thereunder (California Code of Regulations, Title 2, section 7285 et seq.). The applicable regulations of the Fair Employment and Housing Commission implementing Government Code section 12990 (a-f), set forth in Chapter 5 of Division 4 of Title 2 of the California Code of Regulations, are incorporated into this Agreement by reference and made a part hereof as if set forth in full. Each of Recipient's contractors and all subcontractors shall give written notice of their obligations under this clause to labor organizations with which they have a collective bargaining or other agreements, as appropriate.

- 2. Each of the Recipient's contractors, subcontractors, and/or subrecipients shall give written notice of their obligations under this clause to labor organizations with which they have collective bargaining or other labor agreements. The Recipient shall include the non-discrimination and compliance provisions hereof in all contracts and subcontracts to perform work under this Agreement.
- 3. Should federal funds be constituted as part of Project funding or compensation received by Recipient under a separate Contract during the performance of this Agreement, Recipient shall comply with this Agreement and with all federal mandated contract provisions as set forth in that applicable federal funding agreement.
- 4. Recipient shall include the non-discrimination and compliance provisions of this clause in all contracts and subcontracts to perform work under this Agreement.
- 5. The Recipient shall comply with the nondiscrimination program requirements of Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964. Accordingly, 49 CFR 21 (Nondiscrimination in Federally-Assisted Programs of The Department Of Transportation—Effectuation of Title VI of The Civil Rights Act of 1964) and 23 CFR Part 200 (Title VI Program and Related Statutes—Implementation and Review Procedures) are made applicable to this Agreement by this reference. Wherever the term "Contractor" appears therein, it shall mean the Recipient.
- 6. The Recipient shall permit, and shall require that its contractors, subcontractors, and subrecipients will permit, access to all records of employment, employment advertisements, application forms, and other pertinent data and records by the State Fair Employment Practices and Housing Commission or any other agency of the State of California designated by Department to investigate compliance with this <u>Section J</u>.
- K. State Fire Marshal Building Standards Code

The State Fire Marshal adopts building standards for fire safety and panic prevention. Such regulations pertain to fire protection design and construction, means of egress and adequacy of

exits, installation of fire alarms, and fire extinguishment systems for any State-owned or State-occupied buildings per section 13108 of the Health and Safety Code. When applicable, Recipient shall request that the State Fire Marshal review Project PS&E to ensure Project consistency with State fire protection standards.

L. Americans with Disabilities Act

By signing this Master Agreement, Recipient assures State that Recipient shall comply with the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) of 1990, which prohibits discrimination on the basis of disability, as well as all applicable regulations and guidelines issued pursuant to the ADA (42 U.S.C. 12101 et seq.).

M. Access for Persons with Disabilities

Disabled access review by the Department of General Services (Division of the State Architect) is required for all publicly funded construction of buildings, structures, sidewalks, curbs and related facilities. Recipient will award no construction contract unless Recipient's plans and specifications for such facilities conform to the provisions of sections 4450 and 4454 of the California Government Code, if applicable. Further requirements and guidance are provided in Title 24 of the California Code of Regulations.

N. Disabled Veterans Program Requirements

- 1. Should Military and Veterans Code sections 999 et seq. be applicable to Recipient, Recipient will meet, or make good faith efforts to meet, the 3% Disabled Veterans Business Enterprises goals (or Recipient's applicable higher goals) in the award of every contract for Project work to be performed under these this Agreement.
- 2. Recipient shall have the sole duty and authority under this Agreement and each Program Supplement to determine whether these referenced code sections are applicable to Recipient and, if so, whether good faith efforts asserted by those contractors of Recipient were sufficient as outlined in Military and Veterans Code sections 999 et seq.

O. Environmental Process

Completion of the Project environmental process ("clearance") by Recipient (and/or State if it affects a State facility within the meaning of the applicable statutes) is required prior to requesting Project funds for right-of-way purchase or construction. No State agency may request funds nor shall any State agency, board or commission authorize expenditures of funds for any Project effort, except for feasibility or planning studies, which may have a significant effect on the environment unless such a request is accompanied with all appropriate documentation of compliance with or exemption from the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) (including, if as appropriate, an environmental impact report, negative declaration, or notice of exemption) under California Public Resources Code section 21080(b) (10), (11), and (12) provides an

exemption for a passenger rail project that institutes or increases passenger or commuter services on rail or highway rights-of-way already in use.

P. Force Majeure

Each party will be excused from performance of its obligations where such non-performance is caused by any event beyond its reasonable control, such as any non-appealable order, rule or regulation of any federal or state governmental body, Acts of God (of Acts of God (including fire, flood, earthquake, storm, hurricane or other natural disaster), war, invasion, act of foreign enemies, hostilities (regardless of whether war is declared), civil war, rebellion, revolution, insurrection, military or usurped power or confiscation, terrorist activities, nationalization, government sanction, blockage, embargo, labor dispute, strike, lockout or interruption, provided that the party excused hereunder shall use all reasonable efforts to minimize its non-performance and to overcome, remedy or remove such event in the shortest practical time.

Should a *force majeure* event occur which renders it impossible for a period of forty-five (45) or more consecutive days for either party to perform its obligations hereunder, the Parties agree to negotiate in good faith to amend the existing Master Agreement or Supplemental Agreement to deal with such event and to seek additional sources of funding to continue the operation of the Service.

ARTICLE IV – MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

Section 1. Miscellaneous Provisions

A. Successor Acts

All statutes cited herein shall be deemed to include amendments to and successor statutes to the cited statues as they presently exist.

B. Successor and Assigns to the Parties

Neither this Agreement nor any right, duty or obligation hereunder may be assigned, transferred, hypothecated or pledged by any party without the express written consent of the other party; provided, that unless otherwise expressly required herein, a party shall not be obligated to obtain the written consent of the other party with respect to any contract related to the Service for the provision of goods and/or services to the contracting party in the ordinary course of business.

C. Notice

Any notice which may be required under this Agreement shall be in writing, shall be effective when received, and shall be given by personal service, or by certified or registered mail, return receipt requested, to the addresses set forth below, or to such other addresses as may be specified in writing and given to the other party in accordance herewith.

If given to the Department:

State of California

Department of Transportation

Division of Rail and Mass Transportation

P.O. Box 942874

Sacramento, CA 994274-0001

Attention: Division of Rail and Mass Transit TIRCP Contract Manager, Mail Stop 39

with a copy to:

California State Transportation Agency 915 Capitol Mall Suite 350 B Sacramento, CA 95814

If given to the Recipient:

Riverside County Transportation Commission

4080 Lemon Street, 3rd Floor

Riverside, CA 92501

Attention: Sheldon Peterson

D. Amendment

This Agreement may not be changed, modified, or amended except in writing, signed by the parties hereto, and approved in advance in writing by the Secretary, and any attempt at oral modification of this Agreement shall be void and of no effect.

- E. Representation and Warranties of the Parties
- 1. Recipient hereby represents and warrants to the Department that:
- a. Recipient is in good standing under applicable law, with all requisite power and authority to carry on the activities for which it has been organized and proposed to be conducted pursuant to this Agreement.
- b. Recipient has the requisite power and authority to execute and deliver this Agreement and to carry out its obligations hereunder. The execution and delivery of this Agreement by such entity, the performance by it of its obligations thereunder and the consummation of the transactions contemplated thereby have been duly authorized by the governing board of such entity and no other proceedings are necessary to authorize this Agreement or to consummate the transactions contemplated thereby. The Agreements have

been duly and validly executed and delivered by such entity and constitute valid and binding obligations of such entity, enforceable against it in accordance with their terms, except to the extent that such enforceability may be subject to bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, moratorium or other laws now or hereinafter in effect relating to the creditor's rights and the remedy of specific enforcement and injunctive and other forms of equitable relief, and may be subject to equitable defenses and to the discretion of the court before which any proceeding therefore may be brought.

- c. Neither the execution and delivery of this Agreement and the performance of its obligations thereunder nor the consummation of the transactions contemplated thereby will (i) conflict with or result in a breach of any provision of any agreement to which Recipient is a party; (ii) violate any write, order, judgment, injunction, decrees, statute, rule or regulation of any court or governmental authority applicable to such entity or its property or assets.
- 2. The Department does hereby represent and warrant with respect to each of this Agreement to the Recipient that:
- a. It validly exists with all requisite power and authority to carry on the activities proposed to be conducted pursuant to this Agreement.
- b. It has the requisite power and authority to execute and deliver this Agreement and to carry out its obligations thereunder. The execution and delivery of this Agreement, the performance by it of its obligations thereunder and the consummation of the transactions contemplated thereby have been duly authorized and no other proceedings are necessary to authorize this Agreement or to consummate the transactions contemplated thereby. The agreements have been duly and validly executed and delivered by it and constitute valid and binding obligations, enforceable against it in accordance with their terms, except to the extent that such enforceability may be subject to bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, moratorium or other laws now or hereinafter in effect relating to creditor's rights and other forms of equitable relief, and may be subject to equitable defenses and to the discretion of the court before which any proceeding therefore may be brought.
- c. Neither the execution and delivery of this Agreement and the performance of its obligations thereunder nor the consummation of the transactions contemplated thereby will (i) conflict with or result in a breach of any provision of any agreement to which the Recipient is a party; (ii) violate any writ, order, judgment, injunction, decree, statute, rule or regulation of any court or governmental authority applicable to such entity or its property or assets.

F. Construction, Number, Gender and Captions

The Agreements have been executed in the State of California and shall be construed according to the law of said State. Numbers and gender as used therein shall be construed to include that number and/or gender which is appropriate in the context of the text in which either is included. Captions are included therein for the purposes of ease of reading and identification. Neither

gender, number nor captions used therein shall be construed to alter the plain meaning of the text in which any or all of them appear.

G. Complete Agreement

This Agreement, including Appendices, constitutes the full and complete agreement of the parties, superseding and incorporating all prior oral and written agreements relating to the subject matter of this Agreement. All attached Appendices A and B are hereby incorporated and made an integral part of this Agreement by this reference.

H. Partial Invalidity

If any part of this Agreement is determined to be invalid, illegal or unenforceable, such determination shall not affect the validity, legality or enforceability of any other part of this Agreement and the remaining parts of this Agreement shall be enforced as if such invalid, illegal or unenforceable part were not contained herein.

Conflicts

To the extent that any provision of or requirement of this Agreement may conflict with a provision or requirement of any other agreement between the parties hereto, or between a party hereto and any other party, which is attached to this Agreement as an appendix, the priority of agreements shall be employed to resolve such conflict. In the event of a conflict, the Master Agreement controls the Program Supplement and any further Amendments.

J. Counterparts

This Agreement may be executed in one or more counterparts and may include multiple signature pages, all of which shall be deemed to be one instrument. Copies of this Agreement may be used in lieu of the original.

K. Governing Law

The Agreement shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the State of California.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have executed this Agreement by their duly authorized officers.

[SIGNATURES TO FOLLOW]

STATE OF CALIFORNIA

RIVERSIDE COUNTY TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

BY:	RONALD E. SHEPPARD Acting Chief, Division of Rail and Mass Transportation	_ BY:	ANNE MAYER Executive Director
DATE:		DATE:	
APPROVED AS TO FORM AND PROCEDURE STATE OF CALIFORNIA		APPROVED AS TO FORM AND PROCEDURE	
DEPART	MENT OF TRANSPORTATION		
BY:		BY:	
	Deputy Attorney		General Legal Counsel
DATE:		DATE:	

APPENDIX A TIRCP PROGRAM GUIDELINES AND DEPARTMENT DELEGATION

APPENDIX B RECIPIENT'S RESOLUTION (INSERT AGENCY BOARD RESOLUTION)

2020 TRANSIT AND INTERCITY RAIL CAPITAL PROGRAM GUIDELINES

OCTOBER 18, 2019







TRANSIT AND INTERCITY RAIL CAPITAL PROGRAM

Contents

1	Authority and Purpose			
2	Background	2		
3	Objectives	3		
4	Funding	3		
5	Schedule	4		
6	Eligible Applicants	4		
7	Eligible Projects			
8	Project Applications			
9	Project Evaluation	11		
g	9.1 Primary EvaluationCriteria			
9	9.2 Secondary Evaluation Criteria			
ç	9.3 Benefit to Priority Populations			
10				
11	Programming	18		
12	Allocations and Project Delivery	20		
	12.1 Letter of No Prejudice			
	12.2 Multiyear Funding Agreement			
-	12.3 Project Delivery Deadline Extensions			
13	,			
14				
	Attachment 1: CCI Funding Guidelines for Administering Agencies			
Att	Attachment 2: Quantification Methodology			
Att	ttachment 3: Co-benefit Assessment Methodology			

1 Authority and Purpose

The Transit and Intercity Rail Capital Program (TIRCP) was created by Senate Bill (SB) 862 (Chapter 36, Statutes of 2014) and modified by SB 9 (Chapter 710, Statutes of 2015), to provide grants from the Greenhouse Gas Reduction Fund (GGRF) to fund transformative capital improvements that will modernize California's intercity, commuter, and urban rail systems, and bus and ferry transit systems, to significantly reduce emissions of greenhouse gases, vehicle miles traveled, and congestion. The legislation of these bills is codified in Sections 75220 through 75225 of the Public Resources Code (PRC). Assembly Bill (AB) 398 (Chapter 135, Statutes of 2017) extended the Cap-and-Trade Program that supports the TIRCP from 2020 through 2030. SB 1 (Chapter 5, Statutes of 2017) continues to provide a historic funding increase for transportation with funds directed to the TIRCP from the Public Transportation Account for new programming in this cycle.

Section 75224 of the PRC requires the California State Transportation Agency (CalSTA) to approve a new five-year Program of Projects not later than April 1, 2020. The 2020 TIRCP grant cycle will program projects starting with the 2020-21 fiscal year and ending with the 2024-25 fiscal year. The new program cycle will include previously awarded and active Cycle 3 projects that have not been fully allocated by the end of the 2019-20 fiscal year, and new projects from Cycle 4. The GGRF and SB 1 continue to provide substantial funding available to be programed toward new projects in the TIRCP. While funding estimates for the program are considered reasonable as of the date of the guidelines, GGRF funds are subject to impacts from market forces and auction proceeds.

These guidelines describe the policy, standards, criteria, and procedures for the development, adoption, evaluation and administration of the TIRCP. The guidelines were developed in consultation with the California Air Resources Board (CARB), the California Transportation Commission (Commission), the Department of Transportation (Caltrans), and the Strategic Growth Council (SGC), and will be further informed by input received through workshops, public comments and written responses.

2 Background

AB 32 (Chapter 488, Statutes of 2006), the Global Warming Solutions Act of 2006, AB 32 created a comprehensive program to reduce greenhouse gas emissions in California. AB 32 requires California to reduce greenhouse gas emissions to 1990 levels by 2020, and to maintain and continue reductions beyond 2020. SB 32 (Chapter 249, Statutes of 2016) established a climate goal for California to reduce greenhouse gases to 40 percent below 1990 levels by 2030.

The Cap-and-Trade Program, a key element in California's Climate Change Scoping Plan, implements measure to achieve greenhouse gas reduction goals. It creates a limit on the emissions from sources responsible for 85 percent of California's greenhouse gas emissions, establishes the price signal needed to drive long-term investment in cleaner fuels and more efficient use of energy, and gives covered entities flexibility to implement the lowest-cost options to reduce greenhouse gas emissions.

In 2012, the Legislature passed and Governor Brown signed into law three bills, AB 1532 (Chapter 807, Statutes of 2012), SB 535 (Chapter 830, Statutes of 2012), and SB 1018 (Chapter 39, Statutes of 2012), that established the GGRF to receive the State's portions of proceeds from the distribution of allowances via auction and provided the framework for how those auction proceeds will be appropriated and expended. Subsequent legislation, AB 1550 (Chapter 369, Statutes of 2016), modified requirements for expenditures from the GGRF relative to disadvantaged communities and low-income communities and households. State law requires that expenditures from the GGRF be used to facilitate the achievement of greenhouse gas emission reductions. In addition, Transit and Intercity Rail Capital Program expenditures must comply with the requirements contained in SB 862 and SB 9, which provide statutory direction for the program.

3 Objectives

The TIRCP was created to fund transformative capital improvements that modernize California's intercity rail, bus (including feeder buses to intercity rail services, as well as vanpool services that are eligible to report as public transit to the Federal Transit Administration), ferry, and rail transit systems (collectively referred to as transit services or systems inclusive of all aforementioned modes unless otherwise specified) to achieve all of the following policy objectives, as codified in Section 75220(a) of the PRC:

- 1. Reduce emissions of greenhouse gases
- 2. Expand and improve transit service to increase ridership
- 3. Integrate the rail service of the state's various rail operations, including integration with the high-speed rail system
- 4. Improve transit safety

Additionally, Section 75221(c) of the PRC codifies a programmatic goal to provide at least 25 percent of available funding to projects that provide a direct, meaningful, and assured benefit to disadvantaged communities, consistent with the objectives of SB 535. AB 1550 provides further requirements related to ensuring investments meet the needs of priority populations, a term used to cover disadvantaged communities, low-income communities and low-income households. Investments made by TIRCP are expected to collectively meet or exceed the requirements in AB 1550.

Taken as a whole, the increases in transit system ridership, as well as the reduction in vehicle miles traveled, congestion and greenhouse gas emissions, will help deliver a healthier and safer transportation system. Investments are expected to position the state to lead in the deployment of cutting edge and zero emission technologies, test innovative strategies and new approaches to reducing transportation-related fatalities, provide important new capacity in corridors that support growth in jobs and housing, and to expand multimodal transportation access and options for all Californians across all regions of the state.

4 Funding

The TIRCP receives a portion of the Transportation Improvement Fee revenues established by SB 1 and a continuous appropriation of 10 percent from the quarterly Cap-and-Trade auction proceeds deposited in the GGRF, plus any annual budget allocations provided by enacted budget bills.

The TIRCP fund estimate, award amount and the adopted program for TIRCP will be based on anticipated revenue through 2024-25 (as included in the call for projects). Section 75224(d) of the PRC authorizes CalSTA to enter into a multiyear funding agreement with eligible applicants for any duration. CalSTA may use this authority to program funds for a project that would depend on funds received subsequent to the five-year program, primarily intended for projects that have long construction timelines that extend beyond the 2024-25 fiscal year. The goal of such a plan is to allow a project with construction over multiple years to have a commitment of funds programmed over multiple years in order to enter into necessary contracts for construction

As provided in statute, CalSTA may revise its approved Program of Projects and/or Program Allocation Plan as necessary, including deletion or delay of projects based on a shortfall of funding or lack of project progress. The Program Allocation Plan will reflect planned multi-year funding amounts for any projects or project elements expected to receive their funding over more than one year, and may be adjusted at any time to address project or program needs and to align allocations with revenues.

5 Schedule

2020 Cycle 4 Draft Guidelines	
Draft Guidelines Workshops	
Southern CA (Los Angeles)	October 14, 2019
Northern CA (Oakland)	October 15, 2019
Closing Date for Comments on Draft Guidelines *	October 15, 2019
CalSTA Publishes 2020 Cycle 4 Guidelines	October 18, 2019
Call for Projects 2020 Cycle 4	October 18, 2019
Optional, time-limited, focused meetings for applicants to discuss	Nov 4 through
project concepts and quantifications (by request and to be scheduled	Nov 12, 2019
in various locations; Northern CA, Southern CA and Central Valley)	
Project Applications Due	January 16, 2020
CalSTA Award Announcement	April 1, 2020

*Comments can be submitted to: tircpcomments@dot.ca.gov

6 Eligible Applicants

Eligible applicants must be public agencies, including joint powers agencies, that operate or have planning responsibility for existing or planned regularly scheduled intercity or commuter passenger rail service (and associated feeder bus service to intercity rail services), urban rail transit service, or bus or ferry transit service (including commuter bus services and vanpool services). Public agencies include construction authorities, transportation authorities, and other similar public entities created by statute.

An applicant assumes responsibility and accountability for the use and expenditure of allocated funds. Applicants must comply with all relevant federal and state laws, regulations, policies, and procedures.

Private companies may partner with eligible applicants to propose and deliver projects.

7 Eligible Projects

Eligible applicants may submit project applications individually or as part of a joint application. In order to be eligible for funding under this program, a project must demonstrate that it will achieve a reduction in greenhouse gas emissions using the CARB quantification methodology.

As codified in Section 75221(a) of the PRC, projects eligible for funding under the program include, but are not limited to, the following:

- 1. Rail capital projects, including intercity rail, commuter rail, light rail, and other fixed guideway projects. Additionally, the acquisition of rail cars and locomotives, and the facilities to support them, that expand, enhance, and/or improve existing rail systems and connectivity to existing and future transit systems, including the high-speed rail system.
- 2. Intercity, commuter, and urban rail projects that increase service levels, improve reliability, or decrease travel times, infrastructure access payments to host railroads in lieu of capital investments, efforts to improve existing rail service effectiveness with a focus on improved operating agreements, schedules, and minor capital investments that are expected to generate increased ridership, as well as larger scale projects designed to achieve significantly larger benefits.
- 3. Rail, bus, and ferry integration implementation, including:
 - a. integrated ticketing and scheduling systems and related capital investments (including integration with bus or ferry operators)
 - b. projects enabling or enhancing shared-use corridors (both multi-operator passenger only corridors as well as passenger-freight corridors)
 - c. related planning efforts focused on, but not limited to, delivery of integrated service not requiring major capital investment
 - d. other service integration initiatives

4. Bus rapid transit and other bus and ferry transit investments (including vanpool services operated as public transit and first-/last-mile solutions), and to increase ridership and reduce greenhouse gas emissions. This includes large scale deployment of zero emission vehicles and the technologies to support them, and capital investments as a component implementing transit effectiveness studies that will contribute to restructured and enhanced service.

CalSTA intends to fund a small number of transformative projects that will significantly reduce vehicle miles traveled, congestion, and greenhouse gas emissions by: (1) creating a new transit system (2) increasing the capacity of an existing transit system, or (3) otherwise significantly increasing the ridership of a transit system. Significant change will be measured both in percentage terms (percent increase compared to the existing system or corridor) and in total quantity terms (increase in number of riders and passenger miles per day). Benefits from the proposed project may accrue from ridership generated on more than one transit system or corridor due to integration, and such benefits may be counted as long as the connected system or corridor has sufficient capacity to carry the increased passenger demand.

The awarded projects may include, for example, both lower-cost projects focused on integration, reliability and enhancement of service, and higher-cost capital expansion projects. In addition, CalSTA seeks projects that link housing with key destinations and that improve accessibility to economic opportunities. CalSTA may also make some funding available for demonstration projects that are smaller-scale efforts with great potential to be expanded. Projects may include new approaches to attracting increased ridership such as smart phone mobile ticketing, contactless payment, or other software and hardware solutions to reduce ticketing transaction costs, or a test of a concept related to integrated ticketing, as well as intercity rail/transit effectiveness or operational planning as a component of the capital investments in improved, expanded and/or restructured service designed to cost-effectively increase ridership.

Addressing the integration of rail and transit referenced in the TIRCP objectives and described in the eligible projects will require attention to network integration amongst rail and transit services. Improving integration will improve connectivity and the seamlessness of the travel experience for users by eliminating points of friction during a public transportation journey, and as a result increase ridership across multiple corridors and/or systems. These points of friction come in many forms, including but not limited to a lack of universal trip-planning information, poor service design and uncoordinated schedules, incompatible fare and ticketing policies between agencies, and unsafe and inconvenient physical connections between modes. Examples of types of network integration projects include:

- Coordinated schedule and timetable planning between agencies to reduce transfer wait times and improve the seamlessness of the travel experience, and the capital projects necessary to improve such coordination and operations;
- Integrated station design to accommodate existing and planned services and their service expansions, and capital projects necessary to invest in hubs at such stations;
- Planning to determine opportunities to co-locate maintenance and yard facilities, as needed, and capital projects to invest in such facilities;
- Service and infrastructure needs analysis to determine the feasibility of new or expanded systems that better integrate service, and the capital investment necessary to implement such services;
- Station area improvements to facilitate better land uses and access by active or shared mobility modes.

Network integration can be its own component in the application with its own scope, schedule and budget, but it must relate to the overall capital project being proposed. Where relevant, it should demonstrate support of the integration demonstrated in the vision laid out in the 2018 California State Rail Plan. CalSTA may elect to include additional network integration funding as part of a TIRCP award if it is determined that there is a need not adequately addressed by the applicant, especially if integration can be improved with regards to adjacent state-funded capital projects or state-funded rail operations. If funding for network integration is awarded to an applicant, CalSTA and Caltrans may provide technical assistance and ensure that TIRCP program and statewide goals and priorities are being addressed through the work.

An applicant submitting multiple project applications must clearly prioritize its project applications. Applicants are also encouraged to identify phases or priorities within each project application, if applicable, so that available resources may be awarded to a phase or priority if the full project cannot be funded. Applicants submitting a high-dollar, single application with no scalability or separable project elements may increase the risk of having an uncompetitive project application. At the same time, applicants are advised to submit projects that are scalable where practical. In the event that available program resources expand or contract prior to the completion of the programming cycle, the CalSTA may revise the funding available for the programming cycle.

While there is no minimum match requirement for this funding source, funding leverage is desirable and will be considered in the evaluation of expected project benefits. In particular, emphasis will be placed on projects that leverage funding from other greenhouse gas reduction programs such as Caltrans' Low Carbon Transit Operations Program, the SGC's Affordable Housing and Sustainable Communities and Transformative Climate Communities Programs, CARB's Low Carbon Transportation funding program, or the Hybrid and Zero-Emission Truck and Bus Voucher Program (HVIP), leveraging of funding from SB1 sources (including formula program sources), or the leveraging of funding from other federal, state, local, regional, or private sources (including potential local transportation funding measures, as further detailed in Section 11), with consideration of those sources that are discretionary (including competitive and noncompetitive funding sources) compared to those that are non-discretionary. A recipient of money under the program may combine funding from the program with other state funding (if allowed), including, but not limited to, the State Transportation Improvement Program, the Low Carbon Transit Operations Program, clean vehicle programs, and state transportation bond funds.

If a project is awarded funds, all funds identified as committed to the project may be required as a funding match at the time of project selection and, based on the matching percentage identified at the time of selection, a pro-rata reimbursement agreement (or other suitable agreement) may be established to ensure project savings are returned proportionally. Project completion savings are returned proportionally except when an agency has committed additional funds to the project to fund a cost increase. In such instances, savings at project completion may be returned to other fund types first, until proportions match those at programming. If capital assets are removed from service before the end of their useful life, pro-rata repayment of grant funds may be required.

Redeployment of capital assets to achieve similar, or greater, benefits more effectively may be permitted, but must be documented (with documentation including a detailed justification of the requested redeployment) by the grantee and approved in advance by CalSTA. For example, once a project is operational, and after monitoring service performance and determining that it was not performing as expected, redeploying bus service to achieve greater greenhouse gas reductions or better serve priority populations based on current needs may be permitted.

If an implementing agency receives funding for a project that is to be completed with other funds (for example, a project which receives funds for plans, specifications, and estimates from the TIRCP but which will receive local measure funding for construction), that agency is required to complete the project as proposed. If the project is not completed and put into service as awarded, the agency may be required to fully or partially repay funds from the TIRCP commensurate with the failure to complete the project and deliver anticipated reductions in greenhouse gas emissions.

Prior to the project application due date, CalSTA intends to invite interested eligible applicants to optional meetings (as outlined in the calendar section of the document) to discuss proposed project concepts and greenhouse gas reduction quantification in order to clarify program requirements.

8 Project Applications

Applications must be submitted in accordance with the Call for Projects and by January 16, 2020.

Applications will be treated in accordance with Public Records Act requirements and certain information, subject to those requirements, may be publicly disclosed.

Each project application must include a signed cover letter, with signature authorizing and approving the application.

The project application shall include:

- Project title, which should be a brief non-technical description of the project type, scope, and location.
- 2. Project priority (if agency is submitting multiple applications). Explain the prioritization, including any state, regional or local planning efforts that support the ranking.
- 3. Project purpose and need.
- 4. Project scope.
- 5. Project Location provide a map for each of the following:
 - A. Project location denoting the project site. Provide a KML file for the project with the transit route/project location represented by lines and stops represented by points as applicable.
 Project location denoting disadvantaged communities, low-income communities, and/or low-income households that will benefit from the project (Attachment 1, CCI Funding Guidelines).
 - B. Greenhouse gas reducing features such as the transportation corridors experiencing improved air quality, surrounding land use density, housing and employment centers, transit-oriented development/sustainable communities strategy projects, active transportation infrastructure and other features, to the extent available. If available, consider including the following information on maps related to the project, as these will help in evaluating many of the secondary evaluation criteria:
 - Land use diversity/mix of land uses specified on the map
 - In addition to showing where housing exists, provide information on housing density and planned/zoned/permitted/etc. housing density;
 - In addition to illustrating existing employment centers, provide information on employment density, mix of employment types, and planned future employment land uses.
 - Current neighborhood walkability (e.g., see Affordable Housing and Sustainable Communities Program (AHSC) guidelines for sources of walkability data);
 - Planned and existing active transportation infrastructure (what currently exists vs. what is planned vs. what would be funded by the project)
- 6. Project costs.

Documentation of the basis for the costs, benefits and schedules must be cited in the project application and additional detail made available upon request. The application should identify:

- A. Cost estimates escalated to the year of proposed delivery. Only cost estimates approved by the Chief Executive Officer or other authorized officer of the implementing agency should be used.
- B. The amount and source of funds committed to the project (including funding for initial operating costs). A funding commitment is defined in Section 11 of this document.

- C. The amount of TIRCP funds requested. TIRCP funds cannot be used to supplant other committed funds.
- D. If applying for Network Integration as a separate component, please specifically indicate the costs.
- 7. Project schedule including benefits reporting, the project's current status and the completion dates of all major delivery milestones.

8. Project benefits:

- A. A clear demonstration of the expected benefits and the proposed metrics for tracking and reporting on those benefits consistent with the CARB's Funding Guidelines.
- B. The description of project benefits that address all of the Primary and Secondary Evaluation Criteria listed below under Project Selection Process (Section 9), indicating that a category is not applicable, or no benefits are expected when that is the case.
- C. An estimate of the useful life of the project for the dominant project asset type (can be separated by project category or phase if elements of the project have independent utility and could be separately funded or placed in service).
- D. When investment of TIRCP is proposed to improve private infrastructure, an assessment of public and private benefits to show that the share of public benefit is commensurate with the share of public funding.
- E. If a project will be applying for funding from other greenhouse gas reduction programs (such as Caltrans' Low Carbon Transit Operations Program, the SGC's Affordable Housing and Sustainable Communities Program or the CARB's Low Carbon Transportation funding program) or from the Commission's Active Transportation or other program, an indication if there are separable elements that will be funded from those other sources and the applicant must clearly explain any change to the benefits of the project if the funding from that source is not awarded to the project.
- F. Identify and include as an attachment all studies or planning documents relevant to the proposed project.
- G. If applying for Network Integration, specifically indicate the benefits and how the network integration work will enhance the overall project benefits.
- H. A discussion of the proposed project's impact, both favorable and unfavorable, on other transit services and projects planned or underway within the corridor, including intercity rail, transit or high-speed rail services in a parallel or connecting corridor. Impacted plans should be clearly identified, and corresponding planning documents should be included as an attachment. If ridership of the other services is expected to be positively or negatively impacted by the proposed project, evidence of how the other services are to be impacted should be included in the application, including evidence of coordination with the other service providers and an estimate of multi-operator impacts where available. Project impacts that increase ridership on other services through increased transfers of passengers may be reflected in the quantification of GHG benefits only if the project also documents the ability of the connected corridor to provide capacity sufficient to accommodate the riders. If additional service must be operated by the adjoining operator, the operation of such service must be included in the calculation of emissions related to the project. If an agency recognizes value in additional efforts to integrate services with other transportation providers or enhance station access (including by active transportation) during the post-award period (and prior to the beginning of service resulting from the project), a specific task and budget for the proposed activities should be included in the project application. During application review, if additional efforts are evaluated as necessary in order to successfully address integration with other projects, systems or corridors, CalSTA may propose an additional task and assign additional funding to pursue such integration above and beyond what is requested in the project application, with the scope agreed to during development of the agreements necessary to implement the selected project.

- 9. If applicable, an explanation of how some or all of the project provides direct, meaningful, and assured benefits to a disadvantaged community, low income communities or low-income households. Identify a need of that community, including how the need was established identify the portion of the project, if any, that is located within a disadvantaged community or low-income community and that addresses the need (see Section 9.3 and Attachment 1).
 - A. If an agency plans to engage in additional efforts to consult with disadvantaged or low-income stakeholders during the post-award period (and prior to the beginning of service resulting from the project), a specific task and budget for the proposed activities should be included in the project application. Such efforts may include plans for service implementation of the specific project, addressing station access issues specific to the stakeholders, as well as developing proposals for service changes and capital investments that may be funded through future capital or operating funds or through project cost savings. Activities that address community engagement may include, but are not limited to, public workshops/meetings, door-to-door canvassing, house meetings, established website and/or social media efforts, surveys, focus groups, subcontracts with community-based organizations to conduct outreach, allocation of staff or contractor positions focused on community engagement, and advisory bodies or other shared decision-making bodies.
 - B. The general scope of the proposed effort should be submitted in draft form, but revision and development of additional detail prior to allocation of TIRCP funding for these activities may be requested by CalSTA in order to increase the benefits of the effort. During application review, if additional efforts are seen as necessary in order to successfully address the needs of disadvantaged or low income stakeholders, CalSTA may propose an additional task and potentially assign additional funding to pursue such consultations above and beyond what is requested in the project application, with the scope agreed to during development of the agreements necessary to implement the selected project.
- 10. If applicable, an explanation of how the project will provide employment and workforce development and training benefits to the community, particularly to priority populations. This explanation should be accompanied by a Community Workforce Agreement, Project Labor Agreement, or some other agreement made between the applying agency and unions, community-based organizations, or other partners. If such activities are being conducted as part of the project, budget and scope elements should reflect the level of effort anticipated.
- 11. Address the ability to gather and analyze new datasets for public use and benefit as an outcome of the project.
- 12. Description of funding sources and approach to ensuring ongoing operating and maintenance costs of the project are funded through the useful life of the project (as applicable).
- 13. Each application must include a Project Programming Request (PPR) Form. A template of this form in Excel may be found at: https://dot.ca.gov/programs/transportation-programming/office-of-capital-improvement-programming-ocip.
 - A. Each Project Programming Request must list Federal, State, and local funding categories by fiscal year. All applicants must demonstrate the ability to absorb any cost overruns and deliver the proposed project with no additional funding from this program beyond that provided in initial grant or cooperative agreement, and to fund initial operating costs. If the project is a scope addition to a project programmed in an earlier TIRCP cycle the revised PPR must not show supplanting of previously committed non-TIRCP funds.
 - B. An eligible applicant may submit an application to fund a project over multiple fiscal years. The cost of each project component must be listed in the state fiscal year in which the particular project component needs to receive a Commission TIRCP allocation. For environmental studies and permits, costs should be listed in the fiscal year during which

environmental studies will begin. Costs for the preparation of plans, specifications and estimates should be listed in the fiscal year during which this work will begin. Right of way costs should be listed in the fiscal year(s) during which each right of way acquisition (including utility relocation) contract will first be executed. Construction costs should be programmed in the fiscal year during which each construction contract needs to receive a Commission TIRCP allocation to be advertised, and if an agency can receive TIRCP construction reimbursements over multiple fiscal years to fund a contract of extended duration, the application should list the amounts by fiscal year over which construction funding is required to meet expected contract requirements.

- C. If a project is expected to require multiple contracts for any stage of project development, each contract should be listed separately with its respective funding requirements, so that Commission TIRCP allocations may be sought in the programming year close to the specific contract need and funding allocations are put to timely use.
- D. Applicants are encouraged to submit a narrative explanation or supplement to the PPR to reflect the proposed contracting approach and describing the ability of the project to receive funds on alternative allocation schedules. If a project has a special cash flow consideration that would benefit from TIRCP funds being available at a particular time, please describe this in the application.
- E. Finally, if a project is only requesting funds for a particular phase of the proposed project, such as a construction contract expected to be awarded in a specific year of the program, identify the prior phases and the funding associated with them.
- 14. Letters of support for project implementation, including letters from:
 - A. Project partners essential to project implementation, such as host railroads or facility owners. If TIRCP funds are to be used at a later stage of project implementation (such as construction), and an agency is able to commit to delivering the project goals with no additional TIRCP funding (supplementing, if necessary, from non-TIRCP sources), letters of support may indicate overall support for the project as described in the application and willingness to engage in best efforts to achieve a formal agreement for the construction elements of the project that will still require a future stakeholder agreement. Commission allocation of awarded TIRCP funding for such future construction will be conditioned on such agreements being finalized and the project being implemented in a manner consistent with the original application.
 - B. A Metropolitan Planning Organization (MPO), indicating that the project is consistent with an adopted Sustainable Communities Strategy, or in non-MPO regions, a regional plan to reduce greenhouse gas emissions. (It is not necessary to establish project eligibility for an MPO to indicate its specific support for the project.)
 - C. Regional agency or agencies.
 - D. Members of the community, including representatives of impacted disadvantaged or low-income communities. Letters from community organizations stating their recognition of benefits from the project are encouraged.
 - E. Additional stakeholders relevant to the proposed project.
- 15. Description of project elements that are separable or scalable based on available funding, if applicable, while still maintaining independent utility. For example, if an application is for improving services on three routes, each route may be separately described and prioritized so that the highest-priority portion of the application could be funded if resources are not sufficient for full project funding. If some or all of the project is already programmed using state or federal funds, the application must clearly explain if and how the scope of the project has changed since the most recent state or federal programming action, including an explanation of any differences

in assumed federal funding level compared to the most recent Capital Investment Grant report or summary (if applicable). If the project is not scalable or separable, the applicant should provide background detailing why it is not practical for it to be phased or scaled.

Documentation of the basis for the costs, benefits, and schedules must be included in the project application and additional detail made available upon request. CalSTA will post basic project application information from all applications on its website prior to awarding funding. After projects are selected, CalSTA will post the status of all project applications to its website.

CalSTA encourages project applicants to carefully consider how to track the status and benefits of the proposed project, including having project budgets that allow for an appropriate level of before and after data collection and analysis (e.g., greenhouse gas reductions, diesel particulate matter reductions, increased transit service for disadvantaged community residents, etc.). This tracking could take the form of customer surveys made before and after the proposed project, specific data analysis before and after the project, or other efforts. Since this is an ongoing funding program of the state, developing lessons learned and good supporting data are critical to future program effectiveness.

9 Project Evaluation

Applications will receive an initial screening for completeness and eligibility. Incomplete or ineligible applications may not be evaluated.

9.1 Primary Evaluation Criteria

Projects will be selected through a competitive process. The primary evaluation will be based on how well a project meets the objectives of the program, as further expanded upon by the grant evaluation considerations in statute:

- 1. Reduce greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions. CARB has developed a quantification methodology for estimating greenhouse gas reductions that may occur as a result of project implementation (see Attachment 2). The inputs and assumptions behind these calculations must be thoroughly documented as part of the application. Applicants should present project elements that are scalable or separable in a manner that allows the greenhouse gas emission reductions of each element to be understood. Total cost per ton of carbon dioxide equivalents (CO₂e) reduction and Transit and Intercity Capital Program funding per ton of CO₂e reduction will be primary elements of the evaluation for project selection. Applicants must quantify greenhouse gas reductions (see Attachment 2) and submit reporting information in accordance with the CARB's Funding Guidelines (see Attachment 1), including reporting on benefits to disadvantaged communities, low-income communities, and/or low- income households. Highly rated projects will exhibit a low cost per ton of CO₂e reduction and will have strong documentation of the ridership and passenger mile impacts of the project.
- 2. Increase ridership through expanded and improved rail and transit service (including connectivity to rail services through expanded and improved transit and/or feeder bus services). Expanding service and improved connectivity includes construction of new rail and transit infrastructure and facilities. Documentation of the assumptions and approach to estimating ridership changes is a critical component of evaluating greenhouse gas emission reductions. Highly rated projects will have significant ridership impacts relative to the project cost and well documented methodologies for establishing ridership forecasts. Projects must document the degree to which ridership growth expected over the life of the project is supported by housing policies that will support such growth, including evidence of compliance with state-required housing plans. If multiple operators benefit from or are impacted by a project, highly rated projects will document specific

- ridership results specific to each operator, including any reductions impacting other operators. Recognizing that transit-supportive land use decisions are a key influencing factor of ridership, projects may capture additional ridership from entitled housing projects within a half mile of transit stations that are expected to be delivered within required project outcome reporting period, even if such delivery is following project completion.
- 3. Integrate the services of the state's various rail and transit operations, including integration with the high-speed rail system, and the associated integration of services between agencies to support network-wide connectivity. Improving integration will improve connectivity and the seamlessness of the travel experience for users by eliminating points of friction during a public transportation journey. Highly rated projects will identify and address through service design and/or capital project design the opportunities to integrate services across multiple systems or corridors, where possible.
- 4. Improve safety. Projects that include specific measures to address safety for users or non- users of the transit or rail service should specifically note such project elements and the funding related to them. Such improvements may include grade separations, improved crossing protection at railroad crossings, or elements in transit stations that reduce the likelihood of pedestrian fatalities and injuries, among other safety elements. Such safety elements may also include elements that increase the safety of disadvantaged and/or vulnerable populations, including safer circulation for the elderly, mobility impaired, very young, and the vision impaired. Highly rated projects will have significant project element related to safety and will not leave major safety considerations unaddressed.

9.2 Secondary Evaluation Criteria

Projects will also be evaluated based on the following criteria:

- 1. If/how much projects contribute to the implementation of sustainable communities strategies and the reduction of vehicle miles traveled and GHGs that may not be quantitatively captured in CARB's quantification methodology (discussed in Section 9.1.1).
 - A. Reducing vehicles miles traveled from automobiles and the number of automobile trips through growth in transit ridership.
 - B. Increasing the attractiveness of a transit-served area and/or coordinating with local governments to facilitate the location of additional employment and housing in the transit stop or station area (e.g., within ½-mile of the transit station or stop that will be affected by the project and the resulting low-carbon impact of such location efficiency on statewide GHG emissions relative to the status quo. This can be accomplished by using project funding to make station areas and neighborhoods walkable, bikeable, and well-integrated with existing or planned shared mobility and transit services. Evidence that will support this co-benefit will include:
 - Documentation showing the siting of projects with rail stations and major transit centers located within ½ mile of existing or planned future housing with densities that correlate with higher transit use and lower VMT per household.
 - Documentation showing alignment with state housing policies and goals that seek to increase access, reduce transportation costs, improve equity, and overcome the statewide housing crisis. Applicants can demonstrate alignment in one of two ways:
 - a. The project will serve a community within ½ mile of a transit station or stop that is characterized by/has one or more of the following:

- An adopted Nondiscretionary Local Approval Process for multifamily residential and mixed-use development.
- An adopted density bonus ordinance whose allowable density increase exceeds the requirements of State Density Bonus Law.
- Sites with capacity and zoning appropriate to accommodate and exceed the community's Regional Housing Needs Allocation for lower-income households by 150%.
- Dedicated resources to provide application guidance on streamlined permitting processes or by-right approval processes, which may include processes described in Government Code section 65913.4 (SB 35-Streamlined Ministerial Approval Process); Government Code section 65650 (AB 2162-Permanent Supportive Housing); or Government Code section 65662 (AB 101-Low Barrier Navigation Centers).
- A certified General Plan EIR, Specific Plan EIR, Master EIR, or other program-level EIR, with CEQA analysis that allows streamlined environmental approvals of multifamily residential or mixed-use development at the project level.
- An adopted ordinance or other policy that reduces parking requirements more than State Density Bonus Law (Government Code section 65915).
- An adopted policy or procedure for deferring, reducing, or waiving traffic impact fees or other impact fees, for multifamily residential or mixed-use development.
- Housing densities and residential land use percentages that meet the definition of a Transit Priority Project (PRC Section 21155).¹
- An adopted Housing Overlay Zone which, when utilized, exceeds the jurisdictions share of the regional housing needs allocation.
- An inclusionary housing requirement that at least 20% of newly constructed residential units are affordable to residents with household incomes of 60% or less of AMI.
- An adopted financing tool that directly finances affordable housing in transit-oriented and high-opportunity areas, such as an Enhanced Infrastructure Financing District (EIFD) that directly finances affordable housing, or an adopted Revitalization Area of a Community Revitalization and Investment Authority.
- Strategies in place to avoiding the displacement of local residents (e.g., city policies or development-specific protections).

2020 TIRCP Guidelines October 18, 2019

¹ Transit Priority Project housing density and residential land use percentages are 20 dwelling units per acre and at least 50 percent residential use, based on total building square footage and, if the project contains between 26 percent and 50 percent nonresidential uses, a floor area ratio of not less than 0.75.

- b. The applicant engages in affordable, residential transit-oriented development on land owned or leased by the transit agency, or in conjunction with a private investor making such investments within ½ mile of one or more stations or stops served by the project. To be considered "affordable," the development must have at least 20% of units reserved for residents with 60% or less AMI. To be "transit-oriented" the housing must be within ½ mile of a transit station or stop and have a density of at least 20 dwelling units per acre.
- C. Expanding existing rail and public transit systems, to the extent not already captured in the project being applied for. Specific items that could be covered here include the expected strengthening of the existing system in a manner that will allow future investments in expansion to be considered, or the extent to which additional service may be operated due to the ridership growth achieved throughout the system due to the project, even if the specific location of the needed service increase is not yet identified. The contribution of the project to the acceleration of later phases of rail and transit projects in the region or service area may also be included in this category
- D. Enhancing the connectivity, integration, and coordination of the state's various transit systems, including, but not limited to, regional and local transit systems and the high-speed rail system. This category should be utilized in particular, if there are not specific capital investments or planning efforts called out in the project budget that invest in integration, but these benefits are still a co-benefit of the project. This category can also address integration across other modes of transportation, such as connections at/to: airports, bus terminals, ferry terminals, rail stations, active transportation infrastructure and networks, and other shared mobility options (e.g. bikeshare, scootershare, carshare) that help transit users overcome potential first- and last-mile barriers to transit use.
- E. Investing in clean vehicle technology, including efforts that will accelerate the adoption of such technology or provide valuable research or demonstration of such technology. When buses will be funded as a part of this project, special consideration will be given to zero emission bus technology.
- F. Promoting active transportation, by investing in infrastructure, amenities, education and outreach, etc. that will increase the proportion of trips accomplished by biking and walking. This includes efforts and investments to increase the safety and mobility of bicyclists and pedestrians. Examples of how this can be accomplished includes (but is not limited to) the following:
 - Bike parking/storage at transit stations and stops
 - Bike lanes and sidewalks to make station areas accessible via active transportation
 - Traffic calming elements are transit stations to make walking and biking a safer and more pleasant experience
- G. Improving public health, with particular emphasis on elements benefiting the most impacted and disadvantaged communities, low-income communities, and/or low-income households. This category should include any air quality impacts of the project not included in the reduction of greenhouse gas emissions, including health benefits from improved regional air quality resulting from the project.
- 2. Benefit to priority populations. The applicant must evaluate the criteria detailed by CARB (see Attachment 1) to determine whether the project meets criteria for providing direct, meaningful, and assured benefits to a disadvantaged community, low-income community, and/or low-income households and address a community need pursuant the CARB's Funding Guidelines, and specifically document the manner in which all or part of the project does so. Projects that will be used by residents of disadvantaged communities, low-income communities, and/or low-

income households should document the nature of such use and its degree of relevance to disadvantaged community, low-income community, and/or low-income household residents in the service areas of the operators benefiting from the project.

- A. Project applicants should be explicit on the deliberate steps they take to achieve a meaningful level of participation from disadvantaged communities, low-income communities, and/or low- income households in the planning and design of projects that are intended to address community identified priorities and needs.
- B. As detailed in the CARB Funding Guidelines, Attachment 1, benefits to priority populations can also be demonstrated through community workforce agreements or labor agreements with unions, community-based organizations (CBOs), or other partners. The following are examples from around California that provide more background and context for applicants:
 - For transit infrastructure, Community Workforce Agreements (CWAs) are commonly
 used in California cities where local elected officials see them as a mechanism to
 maximize the economic benefits of development projects and create jobs for local
 residents.
 - For transit system expansion, the state's larger transit agencies (e.g., Los Angeles County Metro, BART, SFMTA, and AC Transit) regularly establish Project Labor Agreements (PLAs) for large construction projects.
 - CWAs and PLAs set standards for wages and expand training opportunities for
 workers, because they include use of the state-certified apprenticeship system and
 contributions to apprenticeship training trust funds for every hour worked. Some
 agencies that require PLAs for major subsidized housing developments and transit
 system expansion projects include targets for local hiring (turning the PLA into a
 Community Workforce Agreement, or CWA), set goals for apprenticeship utilization,
 and codify goals for participation of disadvantaged workers to expand access to
 women and other workers underrepresented in the construction trades.
- 3. The project priorities developed through the collaboration of two or more rail operators and any memoranda of understanding between state agencies (including intercity rail joint powers authorities) and local or regional rail operators.
- 4. Geographic equity, with particular attention by applicants in identifying efforts to address underserved communities within an applicant's region or service area. The Transportation Agency will separately apply geographic equity considerations at a statewide level.
- 5. Consistency with a plan or strategy contained in an adopted Sustainable Communities Strategy, as confirmed by the Metropolitan Planning Organization (MPO), or, in non-MPO regions, a regional plan that includes policies and programs to reduce greenhouse gas emissions. Especially in the case of large capital projects, inclusion in an applicable financially constrained SCS will be noted as evidence of regional funding commitment and enhanced likelihood of successful project delivery. Consistency with the 2018 State Rail Plan service and connectivity goals, if applicable. Projects that are part of a regional network and are considered regionally-significant should be noted as such. All referenced documents should be included as an attachment.
- 6. Benefits to freight movement, consistent with the Sustainable Freight Action Plan and the goals of the California Freight Mobility Plan, if applicable. In shared passenger/freight rail corridors, use this category to document and discuss GHG reductions from a greater volume of goods movement by rail if applicable.
- 7. The extent to which a project has supplemental funding committed to it from non-state sources, with an emphasis on projects that leverage funding from private, federal, local or regional sources that are discretionary.

8. For expansions of service, the presence and quality of a financial plan that analyzes the financial viability of the proposed service, including the availability of any required operating financial support.

Highly rated projects will address and score highly on multiple secondary evaluation criteria, with clear documentation of claimed benefits. Clear documentation will include data related to evaluating the claimed benefits to the extent available. Agencies are encouraged to document in the secondary evaluation criteria categories of verifiable greenhouse gas reducing activities associated with a project that are not specifically captured in the primary evaluation categories and in the quantification tool provided by CARB.

9.3 Benefit to Priority Populations

It is a goal of this program to maximize benefits to disadvantaged communities and low-income communities and households. Pursuant to the requirements of SB 535, as amended by AB 1550, the overall California Climate Investments Program funded with Cap-and-Trade auction proceeds must result in: (1) a minimum of 25% of the available moneys in the GGRF to projects located within, and benefiting individuals living in, disadvantaged communities, (2) an additional minimum of 5% to projects that benefit low-income households or to projects located within, and benefiting individuals living in, low-income communities located anywhere in the state, and (3) an additional minimum of 5% either to projects that benefit low-income households that are outside of, but within a 1/2 mile of, disadvantaged communities, or to projects located within the boundaries of, and benefiting individuals living in, low-income communities that are outside of, but within a 1/2 mile of, disadvantaged communities.

Information on California Climate Investments to Benefit Disadvantaged Communities with background on SB 535, AB 1550 and the CalEPA California Communities Environmental Health Screening Tool 3.0 (CalEnviroScreen), can be found at; https://calepa.ca.gov/EnvJustice/GHGInvest/.

In addition to contributing benefits towards meeting or exceeding the AB 1550 investment minimums, the TIRCP has a statutory investment target for benefits to disadvantaged communities required by SB 862 (a 25% minimum). This applies across the entire program regardless of funding source. Agencies are responsible for documenting compliance with these requirements.

Investments that are eligible to be counted toward AB 1550 as projects within and benefiting disadvantaged communities will also count toward meeting the SB 862 requirements. Refer to criteria in Funding Guidelines (further referenced below) for how to demonstrate benefit.

SB 862 requires CARB, in consultation with CalEPA, to develop funding guidelines for all agencies that are appropriated monies from the GGRF. These guidelines must include a component for how administering agencies should maximize benefits for disadvantaged communities. The CARB funding guidelines are referenced in Attachment 1.

In reviewing efforts to maximize benefits to disadvantaged communities, low-income communities, and/or low-income households, CalSTA may request review of applications by an advisory panel representing such stakeholders during the evaluation of applications. The primary goal of this panel will be to review proposed efforts (both pre-application and those proposed for the post-award period) and to either confirm that the applicant efforts will help align the proposed project with stakeholder and community needs, or to recommend efforts that would allow such needs to be addressed (see items 9 and 10 in section 8 describing how such efforts may be requested and funded as part of project selection).

10 Project Selection Process

CalSTA will evaluate applications for compliance with the objectives of the program and rate them based on the aforementioned primary and secondary criteria, assigning ratings such as "High," "Medium-High," "Medium," "Medium-Low", and "Low" to the specific alignment of the project to each of the selection criteria, and also considering the cost per ton of CO₂e reduction and the risks of successful project delivery. Because of the wide variety in the type and size of projects that can be funded from this program, CalSTA may group projects for the purpose of comparing the ratings of like applications or for purposes of comparing projects within a region. In addition, projects with clear phases or scalability may be evaluated for the portion of the project that would receive the highest rating if partial funding for the project is under consideration. The highest rated applications that meet the program objectives will be selected for programming, except that CalSTA may make adjustments to meet the AB 1550 goals of this program and to provide for geographic equity.

In addition to being evaluated on the aforementioned criteria and benefit to priority populations, including addressing community needs, each application will also be assessed to determine the risk associated with the project's capacity to generate, as planned, transportation and greenhouse gas emission reduction

benefits (including potential sensitivity to different project benefit outcomes), and to be delivered within budget, on time, and as designed.

Additional factors to be considered include:

- 1. The overall need and benefit of the project in the context of its contribution to advancing later phases of the project, other aspects of a region's long-range plans or towards improving the state's interregional transportation network.
- 2. Project readiness and reasonableness of the schedule for project implementation, including the following:
 - A. Progress towards achieving environmental protection requirements.
 - B. The comprehensiveness and sufficiency of agreements with key partners (particularly infrastructure owning railroads) that will be involved in implementing the project.
 - C. For projects that are not fully funded through construction due to funding contingencies (such as federal or local measure funds), the timing and amount of the project's future non-committed investments.
- 3. The leveraging and coordination of funding from other greenhouse gas reduction programs such as Caltrans' Low Carbon Transit Operations Program, the SGC's Affordable Housing and Sustainable Communities Program or the CARB's Low Carbon Transportation funding program.
- 4. The leveraging and coordination of funding from other private, federal, state (including SB1 funding programs like State Rail Assistance), local or regional sources, with consideration of those sources that are discretionary compared to those that are non- discretionary.
- 5. The alignment to the State Rail Plan, where relevant, which articulates a vision and specific service and delivery goals for coordinating schedules and physical infrastructure to deliver an integrated network by leveraging available resources.
- 6. The coordination of project development and delivery efforts in a regional and megaregional context to support an integrated, statewide rail and transit network. This should be articulated in the context of network integration and those agencies applying specifically for network integration funds or projects will be evaluated on their ability to describe the process for delivering an integrated project and its associated benefits.

Highly rated projects will clearly communicate a compelling need for the project in terms of specific benefits for the public and will demonstrate a high degree of project readiness with few risks related to proceeding into construction and operating services that achieve the proposed benefits once the project is completed. Most highly rated projects will have an approved environmental document. Those projects

that are requesting TIRCP funds to complete the project's funding package (when combined with already committed other funds) will clearly communicate the acceleration in project delivery possible due to receipt of TIRCP funding even if the project may ultimately have been advanced with future local and state resources at a later date. Highly rated projects will quantify the benefits of such acceleration as part of the project application.

CalSTA will collaborate with other state entities when evaluating project proposals, including but not limited to: CARB, CalEPA, the California High-Speed Rail Authority, Caltrans, the Commission, the Department of Housing and Community Development, and the Strategic Growth Council.

CalSTA, or Caltrans acting on CalSTA's behalf, may request additional documentation to support statements or data provided in the applications. However, applicants should endeavor to be as clear as possible in their applications and not assume that opportunity will be provided to clarify or better support a submitted application. Supporting documentation should include spreadsheets, reports and methodology descriptions (with sources noted) when available.

Applications will proceed through a multi-step review process:

- 1. Basic screening for completeness and eligibility.
- 2. Review of application for potential subdivision into project phases or components, review and analysis of ridership and GHG quantification, and summarization of project to assist technical panel review.
- 3. Initial rating of projects on each primary and secondary evaluation criterion (see section 9) and other additional factors (above in this section) described in the guidelines by multi-agency technical panels.
- 4. Consideration of technical panel ratings, geographic equity and degree of disadvantaged and/or low-income community benefits by a senior executive panel, with potential to request additional information from subject matter experts that may result in a revised rating on one or more evaluation criteria or factors.
- 5. Project selection by CalSTA, taking into consideration cross-cutting and comparative selection criteria that consider overall program objectives, geographic equity and exceeding program goals for benefits to disadvantaged communities, low-income communities, and/or low-income households.

11 Programming

CalSTA will publish a 5-year Program of Projects shortly after the Cycle 4 award announcement as established in the Call for Projects and will present the program to the Commission shortly thereafter (Spring 2020). When CalSTA releases the program, it will include a narrative for each approved project that describes that project's rating for primary and secondary criteria as well as special considerations to achieve disadvantaged and/or low-income community benefit and geographic equity. Subsequent 5-year programs are expected to be approved by CalSTA biennially. CalSTA may call for additional applications, or adjust the existing Program of Projects between cycles, as warranted based on the level of auction proceeds.

CalSTA will develop and regularly update the Program Allocation Plan to guide the allocation of funds for the current program. The Program of Projects for each fiscal year will include the amount to be funded from the TIRCP, and the estimated total cost of each project. The yearly allocation amounts will be based on the needs of separable project components and phases or based on the cash flow needs for projects that need multiple years to complete.

CalSTA will program and the Commission will allocate funding to projects in whole thousands of dollars and will include a project or project component only if it is fully funded from a combination of TIRCP and other committed funding. Funds will be considered as committed when they are programmed by the CalSTA or

when the agency or other funding partner with discretionary authority over the funds has made its commitment to the project by ordinance, resolution or appropriate contract vehicle, or in the case of the Federal Transit Administration, recommendation of the project for funding in the Annual Report on Funding Recommendations for the Capital Investment Program. For federal formula funds, including Surface Transportation Program, Congestion Mitigation and Air Quality Improvement Program, and federal formula transit funds, the funding commitment may be by Federal approval of the Federal Statewide Transportation Improvement Program. For projects seeking federal discretionary funds such as New Starts, Core Capacity, or Small Starts, the commitment may take the form of federal acceptance into Accelerated Project Delivery and Development (in the case of Small Starts) with the expectation of federal approval of an Expedited Grant Agreement, or federal approval of a project to enter Engineering (in the case of New Starts or Core Capacity) with the expectation of federal approval of a Full Funding Grant Agreement, as long as all funding, excluding TIRCP funding, is committed to the project. A project that is programmed prior to receiving federal approval for construction may be subject to deletion from the program, if federal funds are not received, federal funding is reduced or the scope of the federal commitment changes, unless other committed funding sources are identified that replace federal funding not obtained. Applicants considering a request for an award based on a commitment contingent on federal or local funds not yet awarded to the project, as described above, should anticipate the call for 2022 TIRCP projects by October 2021.

For local funding, the funding commitment may be demonstrated by inclusion of the project in a funding package, such as a sales tax measure, to be submitted to voters during this program cycle and with sufficient funding specified for the project to achieve full funding. The applicant shall provide evidence with the application that the project is included in a future funding package with funds sufficient to meet the local funding commitment when combined with other already available funds. A project that is programmed prior to receiving voter approval for project funding must succeed in receiving the voter approval, or the project may be subject to deletion from the program.

For projects with other funding partners that have entered into a contract vehicle committing their funding, access to the funding must occur before TIRCP funding will be approved for allocation to the project.

CalSTA may make an exception to its policy to only program a project if it is fully funded, if the project may be funded from a combination of TIRCP and other committed funding to allow a project to compete for funding from other greenhouse gas reduction programs (such as Caltrans' Low Carbon Transit Operations Program, the SGC's Affordable Housing and Sustainable Communities Program or the CARB's Low Carbon Transportation funding program) or from the Commission's Active Transportation or State Transportation Improvement Programs. A project intending to compete for funding in one of the aforementioned programs should indicate, if applicable, the separable elements to be funded from that source. A project that is programmed prior to receiving a commitment of funding from one of the aforementioned programs must receive the funding commitment no later than in the fiscal year in which the project is requesting a TIRCP allocation. If the project does not receive funding from that program and the project does not have separable elements, the project may be subject to deletion from the program.

If a project does not receive their anticipated federal, local or other funding commitments, CalSTA may delete the project from the program and consider selection of projects or components of projects that were highly rated but not selected due to lack of sufficient funds from previous rounds of TIRCP applications as long as the project is still viable and deliverable consistent with Cycle 4 programming and demonstrates acceptable levels of benefits with the most current quantification methodologies.

If, prior to seeking a Commission allocation, an award recipient does not make adequate progress to implement an awarded project in a timely manner or incurs delays through the action or inaction of the recipient, subrecipient or 3rd party associates, the project may be deleted from the TIRCP program. An applicant may resubmit a deleted project for consideration in future funding cycle.

12 Allocations and Project Delivery

When an agency is ready to implement a project or project component, the agency will submit an allocation request through Caltrans' Division of Rail and Mass Transportation (DRMT). Allocation requests are expected to adhere to the preparation schedule established by Caltrans Office of California Transportation Commission Liaison (OCTCL) along with any additional time required for CalSTA's review and approval of a recommendation to the Commission for an allocation of funds. For planning by an award recipient, the time required from the submittal and approval of an allocation request can range from 60 to 90 days prior to date of a scheduled Commission meeting.

Caltrans will review the request and determine whether to recommend the request to the Commission for action. The Commission will consider the allocation of funds for a project only when it receives an allocation request with a recommendation from Caltrans and consistent with the TIRCP Program Allocation Plan. The recommendation will include a determination of project readiness, completion of funded phases that require completion prior to proceeding into the next phase, the availability of appropriated funding, and the availability of all identified and committed funding needed to support the specific allocation request. When Caltrans develops the project's construction allocation recommendation(s), the Commission expects Caltrans to certify the adequacy of design, the project's plans specifications and estimate are complete, right-of-way clearances are achieved, and all necessary permits and agreements (including railroad construction and maintenance) are executed.

In compliance with Section 21150 of the PRC, the Commission will not allocate funds for design, right-of-way, or construction prior to documentation of environmental clearance under the California Environmental Quality Act and all needed environmental documents are provided for a Commission E-Resolution. As a matter of policy, the Commission will not allocate funds for design, right-of-way, or construction of a federally funded project prior to documentation of environmental clearance under the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA). Exceptions to this policy may be made in instances where federal law allows for the acquisition of right-of-way prior to completion of NEPA review. If requested by the Commission, Caltrans will assist Commission staff in the preparation of agenda items presenting environmental documents to the Commission.

Projects that are awarded funding for network integration are to be allocated under the construction phase, unless such efforts are part of a task within an earlier phase of work. If allocated as a separable work effort, at the time of allocation, an agency must either environmentally clear the network integration work, usually with a Notice of Exemption, or provide a written statement certifying that the network integration project is exempt.

CalSTA will request the Commission approve the allocation, if the funds are available as determined by CalSTA and Caltrans, and the allocation is necessary to implement the project as included in the adopted TIRCP Program Allocation Plan and Program of Projects. If there are insufficient program funds to approve an allocation, CalSTA may delay the recommendation to allocate funds to a project until a future fiscal year without requiring a Commission action. Agencies should not request Commission allocations unless prepared to award contracts related to the allocation within six months. Funds available following the deletion of a project may be allocated to a programmed project advanced from a future fiscal year or to a project amended into the program.

Once an applicant has been allocated TIRCP funding, funds are subject to timely use of awarded funds and awardees are expected to execute a contract within six months of the allocation. CalSTA may grant an extension if it finds that an unforeseen or extraordinary circumstance has occurred that justifies the extension.

Details and instructions for the allocation, transfer and liquidation of funds allocated to implementing agencies are included in the Procedures for Administering Local Grant Projects in the State Transportation Improvement Program:

https://dot.ca.gov/programs/local-assistance/forms/local-assistance-procedures-manual-forms

The TIRCP is a reimbursement program for costs incurred. Costs incurred prior to Commission allocation and, for federally funded projects, federal project approval (i.e. Authorization to Proceed) are not eligible for reimbursement. Moreover, contracts against which reimbursements from TIRCP will be sought may not be awarded prior to funding allocation without specific pre-approval by CalSTA and approval of a Letter of No Prejudice by the Commission. For the procurement of rolling stock and buses, the exercising of an option or the certification of funds for TIRCP funded contract elements after Commission action may be considered to meet the milestone for contract award, provided that the agency is under no contractual obligation to pay any funds or penalty if the option is not exercised or the funds not certified. Confirmation of this approach should be sought prior to seeking an allocation of funds.

Caltrans will execute all appropriate contractual agreements with the implementing agency. These agreements may include project specific conditions required by CalSTA's award announcement and will be based on the awarded scope of work, schedule for completion and expected outcome of the project.

After the Commission allocation, any costs incurred for eligible work will not be reimbursed until the appropriate agreements (Master Agreement/Project Supplement Agreement) with the local agency have been executed and must remain in effect over the time required to complete capital improvements, implement services and fulfill the reporting requirements of benefits and outcomes associated with the award.

Prior to the completion of project design, an agency may propose to CalSTA modifications to the proposed project in order to achieve the same or greater level of benefits or reduced costs. Funds allocated for project development or right-of-way costs must be expended by the end of the fiscal year of allocation plus two additional fiscal years, unless a longer time-frame is specifically authorized by CalSTA tied to contracting requirements. Funds allocated for construction phase contracts, including rolling stock procurement, will have an expenditure timeline determined by the project schedule. Following contract acceptance, the implementing agency has six months to make the final payment to the contractor, prepare a final report of expenditures and submit the final invoice to Caltrans for reimbursement.

12.1 Letter of No Prejudice

An agency may apply for a Letter of No Prejudice (LONP) for a project or for any component of a project included in the approved Program of Projects. Statutory authority is provided in Section 75225 of the PRC as added by SB 9. The Commission as authorized by statute adopted guidelines for approval of LONPs for specific programs, including the Transit and Intercity Rail Capital Program. All LONP requests must follow the Commission's currently adopted LONP guidelines. Any request for an LONP, will submitted through Caltrans for presentation to the Commission for approval.

If an LONP is approved by the Commission, it allows the implementing agency to advance a project by expending its own funds (incur reimbursable expenses) for any component of the project that is the subject of the LONP prior to allocation. The amount will be reimbursed if all the following conditions are met:

- 1. The project or project component for which the letter of no prejudice was requested has commenced and the expenditures have been incurred.
- 2. The expenditures are eligible for reimbursement in accordance with applicable laws and procedures. If expenditures made by the lead applicant agency are determined to be ineligible, the state has no obligation to reimburse those expenditures.
- 3. The agency complies with all legal requirements for the project, including the requirements of the California Environmental Quality Act (Division 13 (commencing with Section 21000)).
- 4. There are moneys in the GGRF or from SB 1 revenues designated for the program that are sufficient to make the reimbursement payment.

12.2 Multiyear Funding Agreement

An agency may apply to CalSTA for a multiyear funding agreement. Statutory authority is provided in Section 75224 (d) of the PRC. Any such agreements shall be implemented in cooperation with the Commission. If approved by CalSTA, the multiyear funding agreement would operate similar to a federal Full Funding Grant Agreement, wherein an agency may receive an allocation and implement a project at risk, with receipt of future state revenue dependent on legislative appropriation and/or receipt of program SB 1 revenue or Cap-and-Trade auction proceeds. The state would not be responsible for any borrowing costs an agency may incur, or other costs, allocated with the timeline of state revenue availability. Pursuant to Section 75224, the multiyear funding agreement would be for an amount of program money and for any duration, as determined jointly by the CalSTA and the applicant. CalSTA may agree to a duration that exceeds the five-year programming cycle, if deemed helpful in completing large transformative capital projects. Other requirements for the program will be included in the multiyear funding agreement as determined by CalSTA in cooperation with the applicant and the Commission.

12.3 Project Delivery Deadline Extensions

CalSTA may grant a deadline extension if it finds that an unforeseen or extraordinary circumstance has occurred that justifies the extension. The extension will not exceed the period of delay directly attributable to the extraordinary circumstance.

There are separate deadlines, for award of a contract, for expenditures for project development or right-of-way, and for project completion, and each project component has its own deadlines. CalSTA may grant the extension of a deadline for award of a contract, for expenditures for project development or right-of-way, for project completion, and for project reimbursement.

All requests for project delivery deadline extensions should be submitted by the agency responsible for project delivery to Caltrans at least 60 days prior to the specific deadline for which the particular extension is requested (e.g., 60 days prior to June 30 to request the extension of allocation deadlines). The extension request should describe the specific circumstance that justifies the extension and identify the delay directly attributable to that circumstance. Caltrans will review extension requests and forward them to CalSTA for approval.

13 Project Reporting

As a condition of the project selection and allocation, the implementing agency must submit to Caltrans quarterly reports on the activities and progress made toward implementation of the project and a final delivery report. The purpose of the reports is to ensure that the project achieves the goals of the program, is executed in a timely fashion, and is within the scope and budget identified when the decision was made to fund the project.

Recordkeeping and reporting requirements will apply through the life of the project. All recordkeeping and reports must be consistent with the reporting requirement, quantification methodologies and records retention periods developed by CARB (see Attachments 1, 2 and 3). At a minimum, agencies must report on all projects selected for funding, progress on each funded project, and the benefits (GHG and co-benefits) achieved. Implementing agencies should note that additional reporting may be required for some projects, referred to as Project Outcome Reporting, or be modified based on the evolving needs of the program. For projects benefiting disadvantaged communities, low-income communities, and/or low-income households, reports must identify and include metrics to demonstrate the benefits being achieved and how community needs are being met, consistent with CARB's Funding Guidelines. Some reported project information will be publicly available on the CARB website, including the amount of funding that is being spent on projects that benefit disadvantaged communities, low- income communities, and/or low-income households.

Consistent with CARB's Funding Guidelines, beginning with this round of funding, local agencies will now be required to report on job co-benefits, in addition to all other reporting requirements. Job co-benefits refer to California jobs supported, not created, by California Climate Investments. Jobs supported by California Climate Investments include direct, indirect, and induced employment.

At the time of application, applicants are required to submit a job co-benefit modeling tool, which is based upon a co-benefit assessment methodology developed by CARB. Once an awarded project has been implemented, funding recipients will also be required to report actual (not modeled) jobs data via the semi-annual reporting process.

Within one year of the project becoming operable, the implementing agency must provide a final delivery report to Caltrans which includes:

- 1. The scope of the completed project as compared to the programmed project.
- 2. Performance outcomes derived from the project as compared to those described in the project application. This should include before and after measurements and estimates (ridership/service levels, greenhouse gas reductions included updated estimates the greenhouse gas reductions over the life of the project, benefit to disadvantaged communities, low-income communities, and/or low-income households, project co-benefits, etc.), and an explanation of the methodology used to quantify the benefits.
- 3. Before and after photos documenting the project.
- 4. The final costs as compared to the approved project budget by component and fund type, and an estimate of the TIRCP funds spent to benefit disadvantaged communities, low-income communities, and/or low-income households.
- 5. Its duration as compared to the project schedule in the project application.

For all projects other than components that fund limited-term operations of new and expanded transit service, annual reporting on outcomes will continue for 36 months after becoming operational (i.e., vehicle or equipment is operational, or construction is complete and transit service is operational). The metrics to be reported vary by project type as shown in the table below.

Capital Improvements that Result in New or Expanded Transit Service or Increase Mode Share on Existing							
Transit Service							
Metric	Unit	Method					
Tracking dates of data submission	mm/dd/yyyy	n/a					
Days of operation per year	Days/year	Evaluation of service schedule					
Average daily ridership	Unlinked trips/day	Ridership survey (conducted by city, county, district/authority, metropolitan planning organization, non-profit, or academia), ticket and transit pass sales, automatic passenger counter, driver counts, etc.					
New Vehicle(s) for Existing Transit Service							
Metric	Unit	Method					
Tracking dates of data submission	mm/dd/yyyy	n/a					
Fuel/energy consumption or vehicle	Gallons/year by fuel	Evaluation of fueling, utility, mileage, or					
miles traveled	type, kWh/year,	other operating records					
Range in fuel/energy consumption or annual vehicle miles traveled	scf/year, or vehicle miles traveled/year						

Upon request from the implementing agency, Caltrans may consider requests to delay reporting on before and after or other performance outcome data until two years after project operation if similar data is requested by the Federal Transit Administration or if the agency deems such delay would improve the reliability of the report.

For the purpose of this section, a project becomes operable when the construction contract is accepted or acquired equipment is received.

The State of California has the right to review project documents and conduct audits during project implementation and over the life of the project. Caltrans or another State agency may audit a sample of TIRCP projects to evaluate the performance of the project, determine whether project costs incurred and reimbursed are in compliance with the executed project agreement or approved amendments thereof; state and federal laws and regulations; contract provisions; and program guidelines, and whether project deliverables (outputs) and outcomes are consistent with the project scope, schedule, and benefits described in the executed project agreement or approved amendments thereof. A report on the projects audited must be submitted by the auditing agency to CalSTA.

14 Project Administration

Caltrans will administer the TIRCP consistent with these guidelines and all applicable Commission and Caltrans policies and procedures for the administration of similar grant programs.

Projects awarded funding from TIRCP are expected to document and publicize the Transit and Intercity Rail Capital Program in proper context when developing press releases and board documents, or in hosting public events such as project groundbreakings. References should be made to TIRCP, the California State Transportation Agency as the program sponsor, and the Greenhouse Gas Reduction Fund and SB 1 program as fund sources, as applicable, in order to ensure transparency regarding the funding of the project. Additional details will be provided to program award recipients.

Agencies must encumber and expend monies consistent with State law and ensure that GGRF monies are utilized consistent with the expenditure record submitted by Caltrans and required by SB 1018. A determination that use of GGRF monies is not consistent with the expenditure record and does not further the purposes of AB 32 may occur during legal proceedings or during an audit or program review conducted by the Bureau of State Audits, Department of Finance, a third-party auditor, or the CARB. Depending on the outcome of those proceedings or review, agencies may be required to return monies to the state if expenditures are not consistent with the statutory requirements (such as not furthering the purposes of AB 32).

Audits and on-site monitoring can take place at any time at the discretion of CalSTA without prior warning given to the agency. CalSTA has the right to audit the project records, including technical and financial data of the Project Applicant, the Implementing Agency, and any consultant or sub-consultants at any time after award, during the course of the project and for three years from the date of the final closeout of the project, therefore all project records shall be maintained and made available at the time of request.

The state may terminate the grant for any reason at any time if it learns of or otherwise discovers that there are allegations supported by reasonable evidence that a violation of any state or federal law or policy by the grantee which affects performance of this or any other grant agreement or contract entered into with the State. If a grant is terminated, the agency may be required to fully or partially repay funds from the TIRCP.

Attachment 1: CCI Funding Guidelines for Administering Agencies

Investments to Benefit Disadvantaged Communities and Low-Income Communities and Households

The California Air Resources Board (CARB) released the "Funding Guidelines for Agencies Administering California Climate Investments" (Funding Guidelines) on August 30, 2018.

The 2018 Funding Guidelines provide flexibility in implementing a diverse set of investments while maintaining transparency of outcomes and ensuring meaningful community benefits from these investments. These guidelines align with the Legislature's priorities found in AB 398 and Fiscal Year (FY) 2017-18 appropriations. These guidelines reflect the increasingly important role of California Climate Investments in facilitating the reduction of greenhouse gases while also reducing air pollution, helping communities adapt to the impacts of climate change, and providing meaningful benefits to disadvantaged communities, low-income communities, and low-income households (also referred to as "priority populations"), among other statutory requirements.

Additional information can be found at the following CARB websites:

https://ww2.arb.ca.gov/resources/documents/cci-funding-guidelines-administering-agencies

Attachment 2: Quantification Methodology

CCI Quantification, Benefits, and Reporting Materials

Administering agencies must use the Funding Guidelines with the resources provided by CARB to develop effective programs and demonstrate compliance with program requirements.

Resources include Quantification Methodologies and Calculator Tools for estimating greenhouse gas (GHG) emission reductions and co-benefits; Benefit Criteria Tables for determining benefits to priority populations; and Reporting Templates for reporting outcomes.

Note: Quantification methods have been developed specifically for each GGRF programs and are not intended for use in other programs.

Additional information can be found at the following CARB website:

https://ww2.arb.ca.gov/resources/documents/cci-quantification-benefits-and-reporting-materials

Attachment 3: Co-benefit Assessment Methodology

The California Air Resources Board is updating the Co-benefit assessment methodology. See the following website for the final methodology.

https://ww2.arb.ca.gov/resources/documents/cci-methodologies

RESOLUTION NO. 19-018

RESOLUTION OF THE RIVERSIDE COUNTY TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION REGARDING AUTHORIZATION FOR THE EXECUTION OF A MASTER AGREEMENT AND PROGRAM SUPPLEMENTS FOR THE STATE-FUNDED PROJECTS

WHEREAS, the Riverside County Transportation Commission (RCTC) may receive state funding from the California Department of Transportation (Department) now or sometime in the future for transit projects; and

WHEREAS, substantial revisions were made to the programming and funding process for the transportation projects programmed in the Transit and Intercity Rail Capital Program, by Chapter 36 (SB 862) of the Statutes of 2014; and

WHEREAS, the statutes related to state-funded transit projects require a local or regional implementing agency to execute an agreement with the Department before it can be reimbursed for project expenditures; and

WHEREAS, the Department utilizes Master Agreements for State-Funded Transit Projects (the Master Agreement), along with associated Program Supplements, for the purpose of administering and reimbursing state transit funds to local agencies; and

WHEREAS, RCTC wishes to delegate authorization to execute these agreements and any amendments thereto to the Executive Director or his or her designee; and

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED by the Board of Commissioners of the Riverside County Transportation Commission that:

Section 1. RCTC finds and determines that the foregoing recitals are true and correct and makes them an effective part of this Resolution by incorporating them herein by reference.

Section 2. RCTC, the fund recipient, agrees to comply with all conditions and requirements set forth in the Master Agreement and applicable statutes, regulations and guidelines for all state-funded transit projects.

Section 3. RCTC's Executive Director or his or her designee is authorized to execute the Master Agreement, all Award Agreements, and all Program Supplements for State-Funded Transit Projects and any Amendments thereto with the California Department of Transportation.

Section 4. This Resolution is effective immediately upon its adoption and approval.

AGENCY BOARD DESIGNEE:

APPROVED AND ADOPTED this _	day of December 2019.
	Chuck Washington, Chair Riverside County Transportation Commission
ATTEST:	
Lisa Mobley, Clerk of the Board Riverside County Transportation Co	ommission

AGENDA ITEM 12

RIVERSIDE COUNTY TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION		
DATE:	November 25, 2019	
то:	Budget and Implementation Committee	
FROM:	Eric DeHate, Transit Manager Ariel Alcon Tapia, Management Analyst	
THROUGH:	Lorelle Moe-Luna, Multimodal Services Director	
SUBJECT:	Bylaws of the Citizens and Specialized Transit Advisory Council	

STAFF RECOMMENDATION:

- 1) Approve the revised bylaws of the Citizens Advisory Committee/Social Service Transportation Council (CAC/SSTAC);
- 2) Rename the CAC/SSTAC to the Citizens and Specialized Transit Advisory Council (CSTAC); and
- 3) Forward to Commission for final action.

BACKGROUND INFORMATION:

The Commission is required to establish a Citizens Advisory Committee (CAC) and Social Services Transportation Advisory Council (SSTAC) under California Public Utilities Codes (PUC) 99238 and 130105 (d). The current CAC/SSTAC bylaws were approved by the Commission in September 2000 and includes the appointment of no more than 15 individuals. At least 9 of these members must fit one membership criterion as stated in the Transportation Development Act (TDA) PUC 99238 requirements for a Social Services Transportation Advisory Council, as listed below:

- 1. One representative of potential transit users who is 60 years of age or older.
- 2. One representative of potential transit users who is disabled.
- 3. Two representatives of the local social service providers for seniors, including one representative of a social service transportation provider, if one exists.
- 4. Two representatives of local social service providers for the disabled, including one representative of a social service transportation provider, if one exists.
- 5. One representative of a local social service provider for persons of limited means.
- 6. Two representatives from the local consolidated transportation service agency, designated pursuant to subdivision (a) of Section 15975 of the Government Code, if one exists, including one representative from an operator, if one exists.

Furthermore, PUC 130105 (d) requires that membership reflect a broad spectrum of interests and represent all geographic areas of the county. The CAC has been effective in reviewing transit operators' Short-Range Transit Plans, been an integral part of the annual transit needs public hearing, and has provided valuable feedback during the Public Transit and Human Services

Coordinated Plan process that is updated every 4 years. In recent years, the active membership has declined, causing a lack of quorum for some meetings. In an effort to garner more active participation, staff is recommending the following changes to the current bylaws:

- Rename the CAC/SSTAC to the Citizens and Specialized Transit Advisory Council (CSTAC)
- Clarify the Council's purpose, roles and responsibilities
- Update membership terms and recruitment process
- Add a second vice chair
- Provide enhanced engagement between RCTC staff and CSTAC members

These revisions also ensure that membership terms are staggered to reduce likeliness of membership relapse, causing lack of quorum.

It is important the Commission have access to community feedback both to comply with Title VI Civil Rights regulation and with state TDA statues. As such, citizen appointments made to the CSTAC by Commissioners are critical to the success of the Commission and its charge to oversee transit services in Riverside County.

Upon approval of the revised bylaws by the Commission, staff will begin recruiting candidates from a broad spectrum of social service providers and the general public to represent older adults, persons with disabilities, and persons of limited means. Commissioners may also nominate potential members. All candidates and nominees will be required to complete an application, which will be reviewed by staff to ensure that the membership criteria as outlined in the TDA is fulfilled. Staff will return to the Commission in spring 2020 for formal appointment of the new CSTAC membership.

There is no financial impact for this item.

Attachment: Citizens and Specialized Transit Advisory Council Bylaws

BYLAWS OF THE SOCIAL SERVICES TRANSPORTATION ADVISORYRiverside County Transportation Commission COUNCIL/CITIZENS ADVISORY COMMITTEE Citizens and Specialized Transit Advisory Council

OF THE RIVERSIDE COUNTY TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION Bylaws

Adopted [Month, Day, Year]

SECTION 1.0: TITLE ARTICLE 1

A Social Services Transportation Advisory Council shall be appointed by the Riverside County Transportation Commission ("Commission") to advise the Commission on the subjects of special transportation needs of older adults, persons with disabilities and / or limited means. This council shall be known as the Citizens and Specialized Transit Advisory Council ("CSTAC") and will be referred hereinafter as the "Council."

SECTION 2.0: AUTHORITYPURPOSE

The establishment of the Council derives from California PUC Sections 99238 and 130105 (d) and the Administrative Code of the Riverside County Transportation Commission. -PUC Sections 99238 requires designated regional transportation planning agencies to—have citizens, social services transportation providers, and transit agencies provide input into the jurisdictions' transit needs in compliance with the Mills-Alquist-Deddeh Act of 1971 ("Transportation Development Act"). PUC Section 130105(d) requires that the Commission appoint a Citizen's Advisory Committee, which shall reflect a broad spectrum of interest among geographic areas of the county and minority representation.

SECTION 3:0: PURPOSE AND RESPONSIBILITIES

PUC Section 99238 identifies the Council's responsibilities as follows:

1. Annually participate in the identification of transit needs in the jurisdiction, including unmet transit needs that may exist within the jurisdiction of the council and that may be reasonable to meet by establishing or contracting for new public transportation or specialized transportation services or by expanding existing service.

1 17336.00005\32490857.2 11/14/19

- 2. Annually review and recommend action by the transportation planning agency for the area within the jurisdiction of the Ceouncil which finds, by resolution, that
 - a. There are no unmet transit needs (if applicable) or
 - b. There are no unmet transit needs that are reasonable to meet (if applicable)
 - c. There are unmet transit needs, including needs that are reasonable to meet (if applicable).
- 3. Advise the transportation planning agency on any other major transit issues, including the coordination and consolidation of specialized transportation services.

According to the Commission's Administrative Code, the Council shall also consult on, obtain, and collect public input on matters of interest and concern to the Commission, as may be assigned to the Council by the Committee for its review, comments, and recommendation.

Subject to the supervision of the Riverside County Transportation Commission, hereafter COMMISSION, the Social Services Transportation Advisory Council/Citizens Advisory Committee (collectively referred to herein as the "Committee") shall consult on and obtain and collect public input on, those matters of interest and concern to the COMMISSION that may from time to time be assigned to the Committee by the COMMISSION, which the Committee perceives as important to matters under the jurisdiction of the COMMISSION, for its review, comment and recommendation, or those matters described in Public Utilities Code Section 99238. In the dispatch of its responsibilities, the Committee may conduct meetings, appoint subcommittees, and engage in such related activities as it deems necessary. The Committee shall operate in a manner consistent with the Commission's Administrative Code.

ARTICLE IISECTION 4.0:

MEMBERSHIP

Section 4.1: Membership Guidelines

The membership in the Committee shall be determined by the Commission and in accordance to PUC Section 99238. Committee members shall serve at the will and pleasure of the Commission and without compensation. The Commission shall appoint no less than nine (9) and no more than fifteen (15) individuals to the Council. Members are to represent the broad spectrum of social service providers representing the elderly, disabled, and persons of limited means. The Council must comply with the- membership requirements outlined in PUC Section 99238(a) below and include the following members:

Membership Criteria under PUC Section 99238(a):

- 1. One representative of potential transit users who is 60 years of age or older.
- 2. One representative of potential transit users who is disabled.
- 3. Two representatives of the local social service providers for seniors, including one representative of a social service transportation provider, if one exists.
- 4. Two representatives of local social service providers for the disabled, including one representative of a social service transportation provider, if one exists.
- 5. One representative of a local social service provider for persons of limited means.
- 6. Two representatives from the local consolidated transportation service agency, designated pursuant to subdivision (a) of Section 15975 of the Government Code, if one exists, including one representative from an operator, if one exists.

Section 4.2: Quorum and Majorities

A quorum shall consist of a majority of the Council members. A majority shall also be considered as at least half plus one (1) of the number of total Council members.

All official and business acts of the Council shall require a quorum. Presentation of illnformation and discussion may take place if a quorum is not present at the meeting.

Section 4.3: Term of Membership

The Commission shall appoint individuals to the Council for three (3) year terms. Terms shall be staggered to reduce the likeliness of membership relapse. One-third (1/3) of appointments shall expire each year.

- (a) In order to begin a staggered membership, one third -of appointees shall serve a one (1)--year term, another third shall serve a two (2)--year terms, and the last third shall serve a three (3)--year terms.
- (b) The initial terms will be chosen randomly by means of an internal lottery conducted by Commission staff.
- (c) If the number of appointees does not perfectly divide into thirds, the remaining members shall be placed into any category at Commission staff discretion.
- (d) Members shall serve up to three two (2) three (3)-year terms.

Section 4.4: Membership Recruitment

Members of the Council shall be appointed by the Commission. The Commission will recruit candidates for appointment from a broad representation of social service and transit providers representing the elderly, the disabled, and persons of limited means. In appointing Council members, the Commission shall reflect a broad geographic and minority representation as well as a broad spectrum of interests among council members per PUC Section 130105(d). This will include active solicitation of applications from the three subregions of the county: western Riverside, the Coachella Valley, and the Palo Verde Valley.

Individuals with an interest in serving on the Council in one of its capacities shall request a recommendation from Commission staff to be forwarded to the Commission, for formal appointment action. Commissioners may assist in the outreach process by circulating recruitment information within their respective jurisdictions. Commissioners may also nominate potential Council members if they desire.

Section 4.5: Membership Rules & Requirements

In the interest of maintaining an active council, membership requirements shall be used to keep appointees accountable for Council participation.

- (a) Members may not use their Council affiliation to represent personal or constituency opinions. Members may not represent themselves as representatives of the Council unless given direction to do so by a majority vote of the Council.
- (b) Regular membership shall be defined as the attendance or participation of at least three (-3) meetings, either in person or by conference call for long-distance members, within one (1) calendar year.

Section 4.6: Membership Termination

Council members may terminate their membership by notifying Commission staff in writing.

The Commission has the discretion to dismiss any Council members for any reason, including if the individual fails to participate in two (2) consecutive Council meetings.

Section 4.7: Conflicts of Interest

When any member of the Council has a financial interest or is a member of a governing body (i.e., Board of Directors) of any organization which is involved in an issue on the agenda, such member shall immediately disclose his/her interest and shall abstain from votevoting on the issue.

Section 4.8: Ethics Training

In compliance with California Government Code Sections 53234(c)(1) and Section 54952, Council appointed members must undergo ethics training directed by Commission staff. An appointed member's failure to comply with the ethics training requirement within the prescribed deadlines shall result in dismissal from the Council.

California Government Code Sections 53234(c)(1) defines "local agency official" as "[a]ny member of a local agency, legislative body or any elected local agency official who receives any type of compensation, salary, or stipend or reimbursement for actual and necessary expenses incurred in the performance of official duties" or "[a]ny employee designated by a local agency governing body to receive [ethics] training specified under this article." California Government Code Section 54952 defines a "legislative body" as "[t]he governing body of a local agency or any other local body created by state or federal statute."

Section 4.98: Compensation and Reimbursement

Individuals appointed to the Council shall not receive any compensation for their services regarding the conduct of Council business. Appointed Council members may be reimbursed mileage for use of private automobiles or public transportation costs required for their attendance at Council meetings.

The membership in the Committee shall be determined by the Commission and in accordance to Public Utilities Code Section 99238. Committee members shall serve at the will and pleasure of the Commission and without compensation.

ARTICLE III

SECTION 5.0: ADMINISTRATION

Section 5.1: Officers A.

Nominees for the positions of Chair, Vice Chair, and Second Vice Chair shall be submitted and voted on during the first meeting of the calendar year. Section 5.1: Officer Duties

OFFICERS - The Committee shall elect a Chair and a Vice Chair from the members thereof, each of whom shall serve for one (1) year and thereafter until his successor is elected.

Secretarial services shall be provided by the Commission staff.

5 17336.00005\32490857.2 11/14/19

- (1. <u>Duties of Chair</u> -a) The Chair shall, if present, preside at all meetings of the Committee Council and shall exercise and perform such other powers and duties as may be from time to time assigned to him or her by the COMMISSION Commission. or prescribed herein.
- 2. <u>Duties of the Vice Chair</u> (b) The Vice Chair shall perform the duties of the Chair in <u>his or her</u> absence. and when so acting, shall have all the powers of and be subject to all the restrictions upon, the Chair.
 - (3. <u>Chair Pro Tempore</u> -c-) The Second (2nd-) Vice Chair shall perform the duties of the Chair and First (1^{st)} Vice Chair in their absence.
 - (d) In the event ofthat the Chair and both Vice Chair's are absent or unable to act, members present at any meeting of the Council, by an order entered in the minutes, shall select one of their members to act as Chair Pro Tempore, who, during such time while in acting, shall act as Chair.

Section 5.2: Election of Officers

The Commission shall elect, by a majority vote, the Chair, Vice Chair and Second (2nd) Vice Chair from members of the Council, provided that he or she is first nominated by either the Commission or the Council. Nominees for the positions of Chair, Vice Chair, and Second (2nd) Vice Chair shall be submitted and voted on by the Council during the first (1st) meeting of the calendar year. All nominees shall be members of the Council.

Section 5.32: Officer Terms

The term of all officers shall be for one (1) year, or, up to two (2) years, upon approval of the Council.

Section 5.4: Removal of Officers

The Chair, the Vice Chair, and the Second (2nd) Vice Chair may be removed by the affirmative vote of a majority of the Council. Voting on removal shall take place no sooner than at the next regular meeting following the meeting at which the motion to remove officers was introduced.

Section 5.53: In the event of the absence or inability to act of the Chair and Vice Chair, the members present at any meeting of the Committee, by order entered in the minutes,

shall select one of their members to act as Chair Pro Tempore, who, while so acting, shall have all of the authority of the Chair.

B.—Subcommittees -

-The Committee Council may appoint such subcommittees as it deems necessary. Unless subcommittee membership, functions, duties, responsibilities, or terms of service are specified by law or the COMMISSIONCommission, the Committee Council may determine the membership of such subcommittees, and specify the functions, duties, responsibilities, and terms of service. The Committee Council shall give due consideration to any recommendations, advice, or proposals received from subcommittees, but unless required by law to do so, shall not be bound thereby.

C. <u>BYLAWS, RULES AND REGULATIONS</u> - The Committee may, from time to time, adopt and amend bylaws, rules and regulations for the administration of its affairs and to carry out the purpose and directives of the COMMISSION and the County Transportation Commissions Act.

Adoption of amendment of bylaws shall require a majority vote of the members of the Committee.

SECTION 6.0: ARTICLE IV MEETINGS

Section 6.1: Call for Meetings

A. MEETINGS - The COMMISSION Commission staff shall call the first (1st) meeting of the Council, and may call subsequent meetings. The Commission must may, indicating of the Committee, settingset the time and place of said meeting(s) and designating designate the agenda for any meetings so called. The Chair reserves the right to call for meetings at their or her discretion.

(a) All meetings of the Council, including without limitation, regular and special meetings, shall be called, noticed, held and conducted in accordance with the Ralph M. Brown Act, commending with Section 54950 of the Government Code. of the Committee, elected pursuant to Article III, Section A herein, may also call meetings of the Committee, setting the time, place, and agenda for such meetings. The Committee may also hold subcommittee meetings of any subcommittees it establishes.

B. AGENDA - Matters to be placed on the agenda for any regular meeting may be filed with the COMMISSION Executive Director or his designee by any member of the

7

Committee. The Executive Director shall cause the agenda to be prepared and copies thereof to be mailed or delivered to each member of the Committee, the Executive Director and the General Counsel three working days prior to the regular meeting date. Formal action, other than the appointment of a subcommittee, will not ordinarily be taken with respect to any matter not included on the agenda unless a majority of the members of the Committee present at the meeting consent to such consideration.

Section 6.2. Regular Meetings

- C. REGULAR MEETINGS Regular meetings of the Committee Council shall be held at the time and place established of record in the minutes of the Committee Council at_-its first (1st) meeting, and throughout the course of the calendar year.from time to time thereafter, unless such day is a holiday, in which case the meeting shall be held on the next business day.
 - (a) Meetings shall be held biannually, or as needed, every calendar year.
 - (b) The Council shall post agendas of all regular meetings. The agenda shall contain a general description of each item of business to be transacted or discussed at the meeting, at least seventy-two (72) hours before such regular meeting. No action shall be taken on any item not appearing on such posted agendas, except as permitted by state law.
 - (c) If needed, telephone or electronic polling of the voting membership is allowable allowed, subject to the discretion of the Chair.

Section 6.32 Special Meetings

The Chair, the Commission, or a quorum of Council membership may call for D. SPECIAL MEETINGS - aA special meeting may be called at any time by the Chair, the Commission, or a quorum of membership by by issuing a written statement, (both-mail or electronic mail) or in his absence by the Vice Chair, or by a quorum of the members by delivering personally or by mail written notice to the Executive Director of the Commission and each member, or by the COMMISSION or by the Executive Director. Such notice shall be so delivered at least twenty-four (24) hours before the time of such meeting. The, and the notification must as specified in the notice. The call and notice shall specifyindicate the time and place of the special meeting. The notice shall and thespecify what business is being to be transacted. , an Nno other business shall be transacted outside of what was delineated in the notice. and the business to be transacted. No other business shall be transacted at such meeting. Such written notice may be dispensed with as to any member who at or prior to the time the meeting convenes files with the Executive Director a written waiver of notice. Such waiver may be given by telegram. Such written notice may also be dispensed with as to any member who is actually present at the meeting at the time it convenes.

E. <u>QUORUM</u> - A majority of the appointed members of the Committee shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business. All official acts of the Committee shall require the

affirmative votes of at least six (6) members of the Committee, or of a majority of the members present, whichever is greater in number.

F. ADDRESSING COMMITTEEON AGENDA ITEMS - No person shall address the Committee at any meeting until first recognized by the Chair. The decision of the Chair to recognize a person may be changed by a vote of a majority of the members of the Committee present at the meeting. The Chair, may in the interest of facilitating the business of the Committee, limit the amount of time which a person may use it addressing the Committee SECTION 7.0: ADDITIONS, AMENDMENTS, AND CHANGES.

Section 7.1: Amendments and Regulations

MEETING ATIENDANCE - Committee members are expected to attend all regularly scheduled meetings. Committee members unable to attend a meeting should advise the Commission staff by telephone and provide a reason for their absence. Any Committee member missing three (3) consecutive meetings without a reasonable excuse will be sent a letter by staff requesting their resignation from the Committee. If the Committee member fails either to respond in writing or to attend the next scheduled meeting, the Committee will consider at the meeting whether or not to recommend to the Commission that Committee member should be removed from the Committee.

Additions, amendments, and changes to the bylaws of the Council shall reflect and be consistent with the rules and regulations governing County Transportation Commissions, Consolidated Transportation Service Agencies, Social Service Transportation Advisory Councils, and the acts, ordinances, and initiatives governing funds managed through these Agencies. Any additions, amendments, and changes to the bylaws must be adopted by majority vote of members of the Council present when the addition, amendment, or change is presented.

ARTICLE V

POWERS

The Committee is created and given perpetual succession by terms of the County Transportation Act. The Committee shall, however, have no powers or existence separate or apart from that of the COMMISSION.

The acts and determinations of the Committee shall be expressed by motion.

Judy Nieburger

"CHAIR Social Services Transportation Advisory Council/Citizens Advisory Committee

DATE: May 16,2001 [Month, Day, Year]

